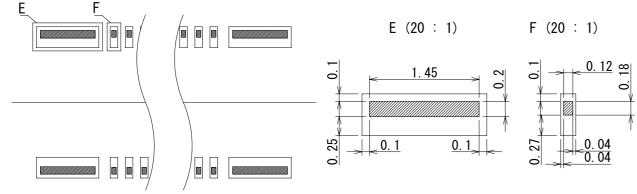


The position between the connector and PAD

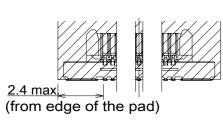


Connector lead on PAD layout ☐ PAD layout

Connector area

FORM HC0011-28

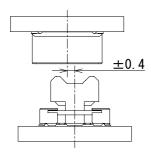
(1) zz is connector area or floating area, if other parts enter this area, it is possible to affect floating performance.

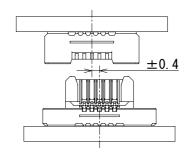


0.66 max. (from edge of the pad)

HRS DRAWING FOR REFI PAD Mating method

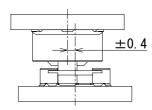
(1) The alignment dimension is ± 0.4 mm in the X and Y directions. After the start of mating, follow the alignment and mate perpendicularly to the board without applying an overloading to the connector

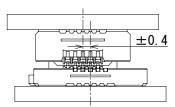




Misalignment Allowance in Mated Condition (Floating Range)

(1) Because of floating design, this connector has a ± 0 . 4mm board misalignment tolerance in the X and Y directions when mated. However, it is not suitable for absorption when the range of misalignment constantly changes due to vibration, etc. The number of repetitions of floating movable operations is stipulated to be no more than 10 times.





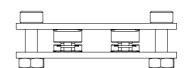
Securing PCBs

(1) This connector can absorb misalignment between PCBs, but not vibration. If you support PCBs only with the connectors without taking any fixing measures, the load on the connectors will be excessive and may cause broken or contact failure. Be sure to secure PCBs except for the connectors as shown below to prevent the board from moving. This connector connects the board to the board. When using mounting to FPCJ fasten the board and FPC to the case separately

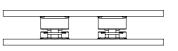




Fixing PCBs with a spacer or case

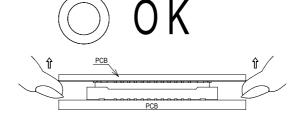


Do not use the product without fixing PCBs together.

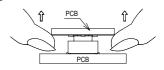


Un-mating method

(1) Un-mate the connectors parallel to each other.







(2) When un-mating the connector, pull it out in parallel. If it is un-mated in an inclined position, connector may deform.

