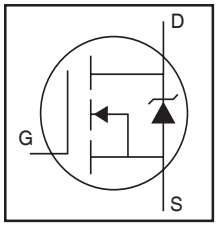
International
IOR Rectifier

PD - 96187

IRFS3006-7PPbF

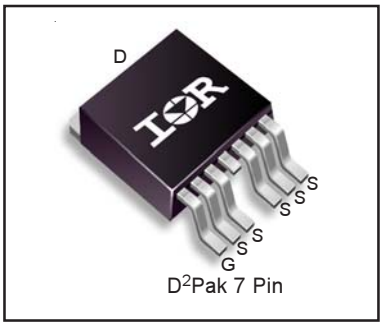
HEXFET® Power MOSFET

Applications
- High Efficiency Synchronous Rectification in SMPS
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- High Speed Power Switching
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits



V_{DSS}	60V
$R_{DS(on)}$ typ.	1.5mΩ
max.	2.1mΩ
$I_{D\ (Silicon\ Limited)}$	293A①
$I_{D\ (Package\ Limited)}$	240A

Benefits
- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dV/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and dI/dt Capability
- Lead-Free



D²Pak 7 Pin

G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
I_D @ T_C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited)	293①	A
I_D @ T_C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited)	207 ①	
I_D @ T_C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (Package Limited)	240	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ②	1172	
P_D @T_C = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	375	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.5	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery ④	11	V/ns
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300	
	(1.6mm from case)		
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	

Avalanche Characteristics

$E_{AS\ (Thermally\ limited)}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ③	303	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ②	See Fig. 14, 15, 22a, 22b,	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤		mJ

Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑨⑩	—	0.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount) ⑧⑨	—	40	

Static @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	60	—	—	V	V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250µA
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.07	—	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I_D = 5mA②
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	1.5	2.1	mΩ	V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 168A ⑤
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250µA
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	µA	V_{DS} = 60V, V_{GS} = 0V
		—	—	250		V_{DS} = 60V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125°C
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	V_{GS} = 20V
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		V_{GS} = -20V
$R_{G(int)}$	Internal Gate Resistance	—	2.1	—	Ω	

Dynamic @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
gfs	Forward Transconductance	290	—	—	S	V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 168A
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	200	300	nC	I_D = 168A
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	37	—		V_{DS} = 30V
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	60	—		V_{GS} = 10V ⑤
Q_{sync}	Total Gate Charge Sync. (Q_g - Q_{gd})	—	140	—		I_D = 168A, V_{DS} =0V, V_{GS} = 10V
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	14	—	ns	V_{DD} = 39V
t_r	Rise Time	—	61	—		I_D = 168A
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	118	—		R_G = 2.7Ω
t_f	Fall Time	—	69	—		V_{GS} = 10V ⑤
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	8850	—	pF	V_{GS} = 0V
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	1007	—		V_{DS} = 50V
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	525	—		f = 1.0MHz (See Fig 5)
C_{oss} eff. (ER)	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)⑦	—	1460	—		V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V to 48V ⑦(See Fig 11)
C_{oss} eff. (TR)	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related) ⑥	—	1915	—		V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V to 48V ⑥

Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	293①	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ②	—	—	1172		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	T_J = 25°C, I_S = 168A, V_{GS} = 0V ⑤
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	44	—	ns	T_J = 25°C V_R = 51V,
		—	48	—		T_J = 125°C I_F = 168A
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	51	—	nC	T_J = 25°C di/dt = 100A/µs ⑤
		—	62	—		T_J = 125°C
I_{RRM}	Reverse Recovery Current	—	2.03	—	A	T_J = 25°C
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

Notes:

① Calcuted continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature Bond wire current limit is 240A. Note that current limitation arising from heating of the device leds may occur with some lead mounting arrangements.

② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

③ Limited by T_{Jmax}, starting T_J = 25°C, L = 0.021mH R_G = 25Ω, I_{AS} = 168A, V_{GS} =10V. Part not recommended for use above this value .

④ I_{SD} ≤ 168A, di/dt ≤ 1410 A/µs, V_{DD} ≤ $V_{(BR)DSS}$, T_J ≤ 175°C.

⑤ Pulse width ≤ 400µs; duty cycle ≤ 2%.

⑥ C_{oss} eff. (TR) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS}.

⑦ C_{oss} eff. (ER) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS}.

⑧ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniquea refer to applocation note # AN-994 echniques refer to application note #AN-994.

⑨ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately 90°C

⑩ $R_{\theta JC}$ value shown is at time zero

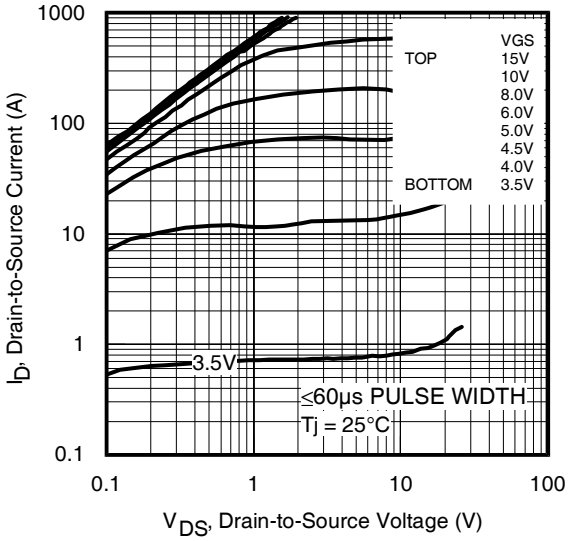


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

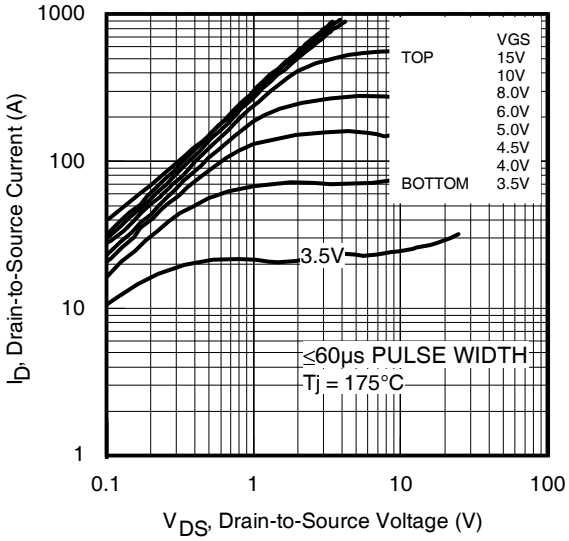


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

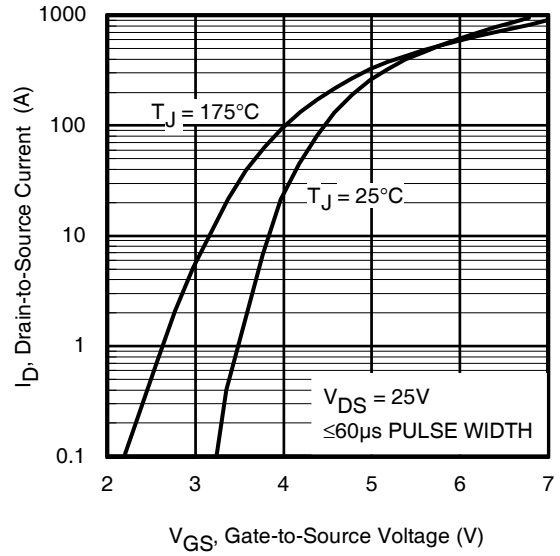


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

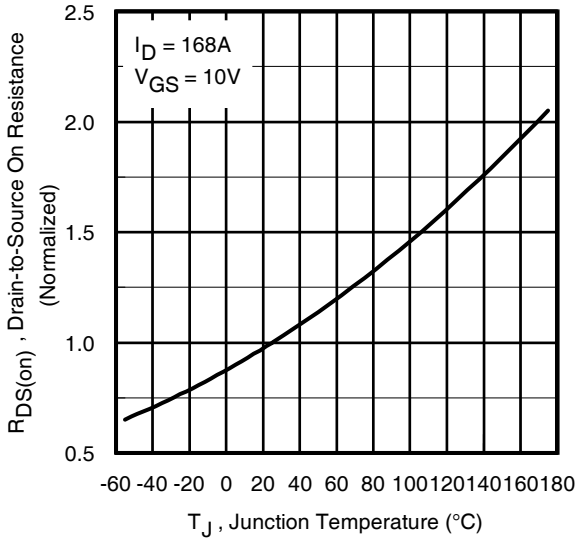


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

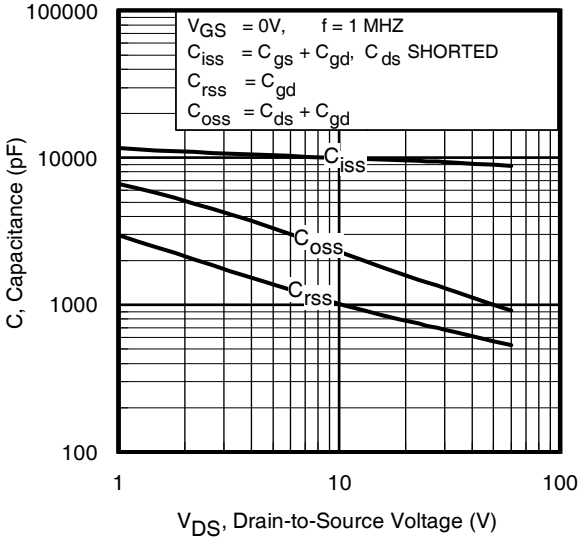


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

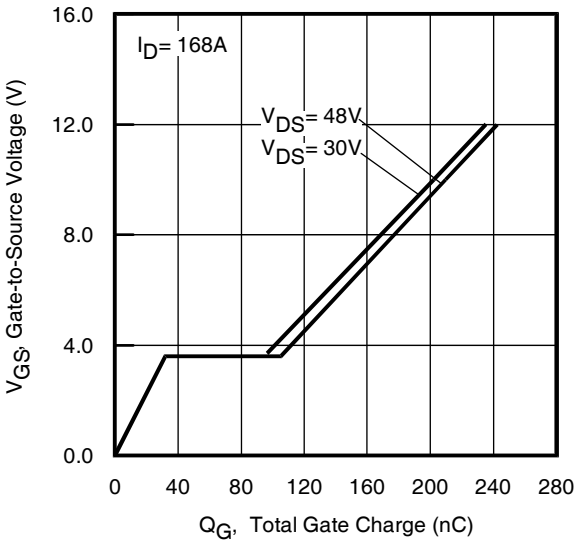


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

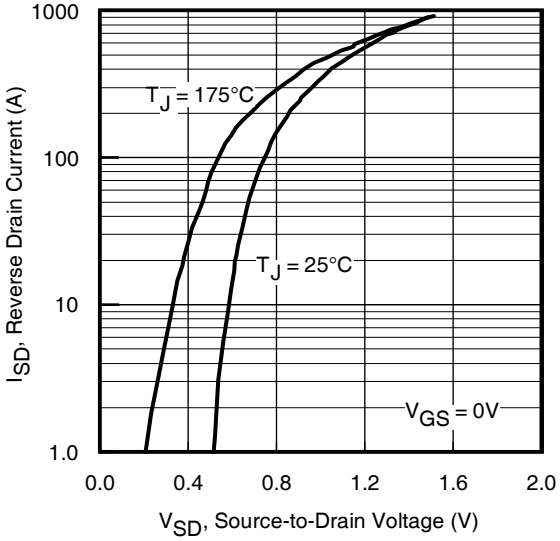


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

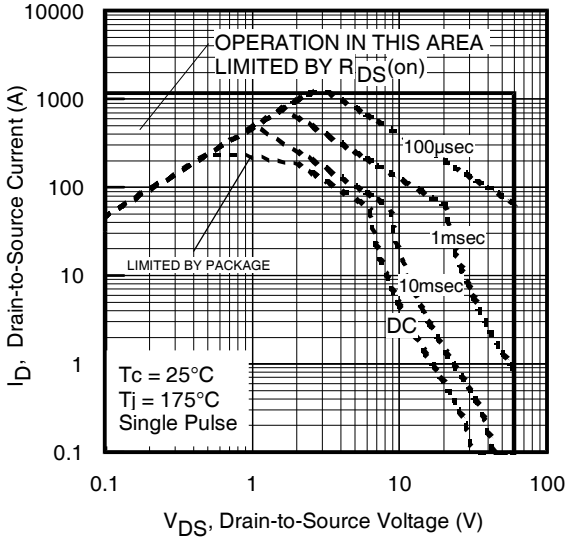


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

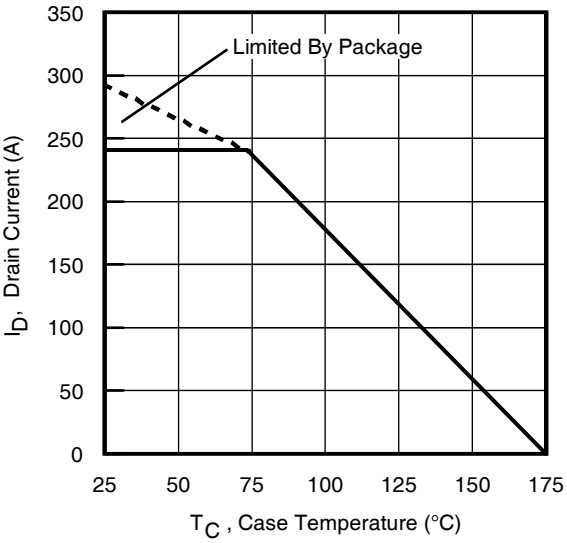


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

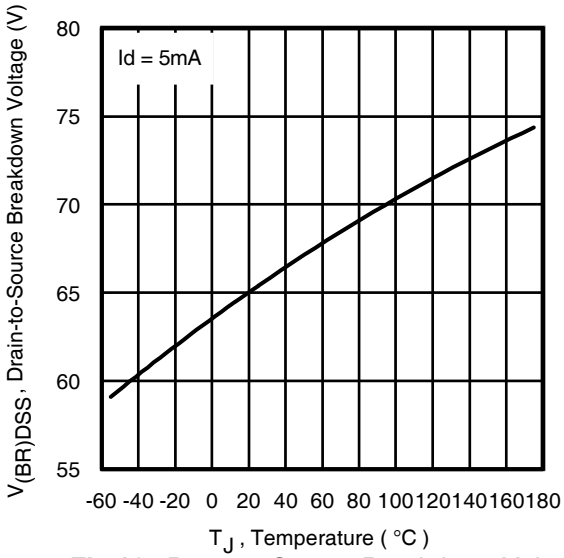


Fig 10. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

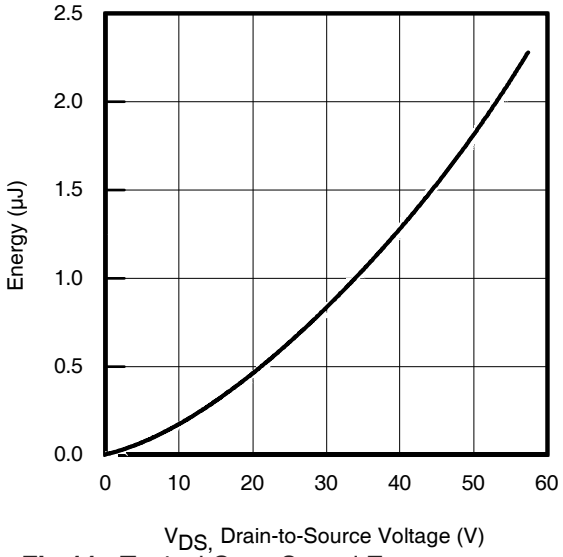


Fig 11. Typical C_{OSS} Stored Energy

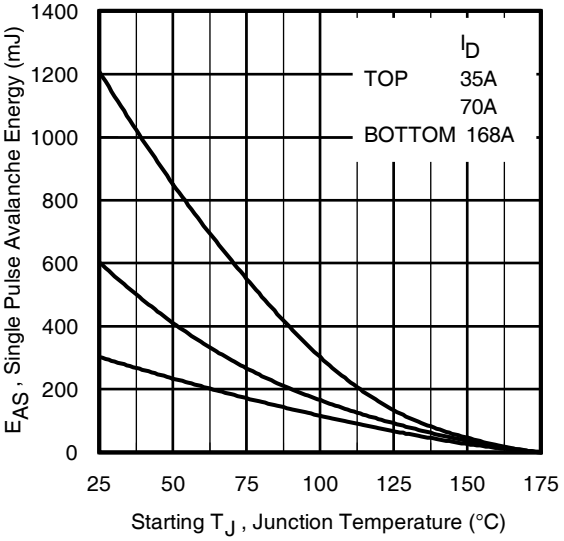


Fig 12. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. DrainCurrent

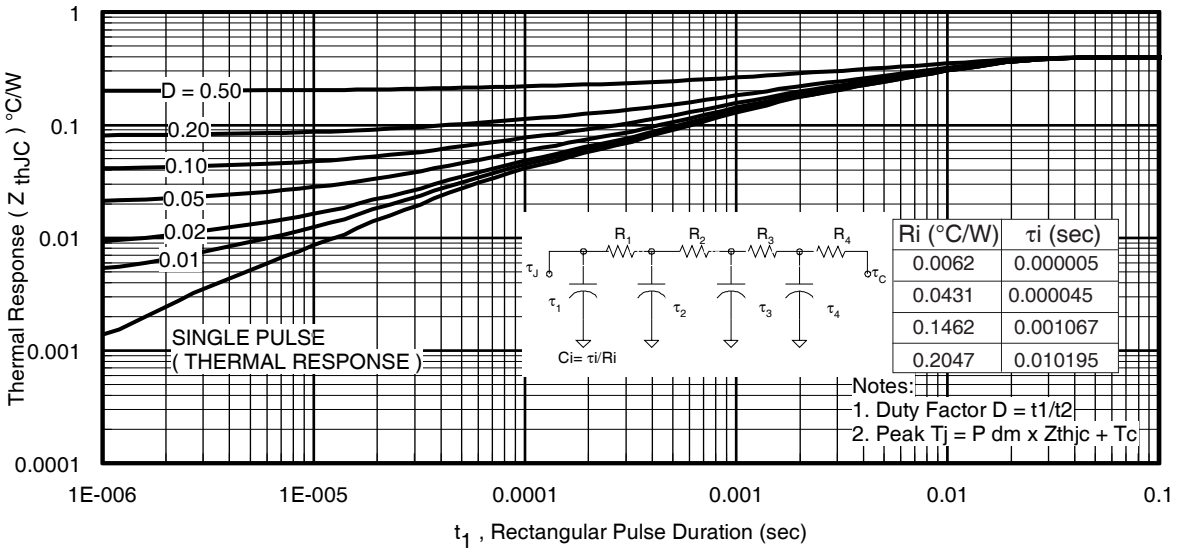


Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

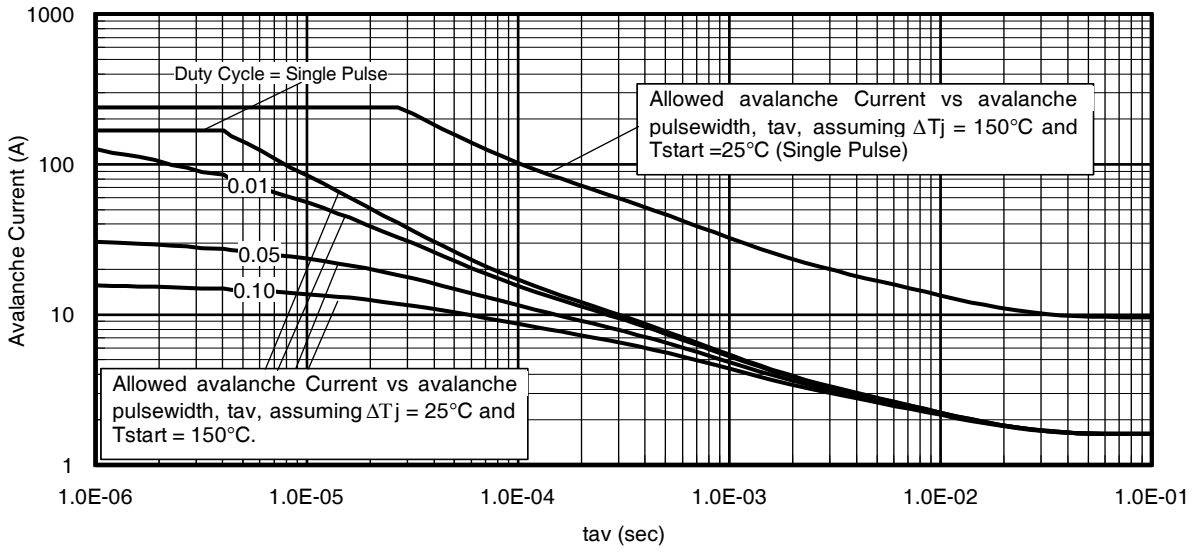


Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current vs.Pulsewidth

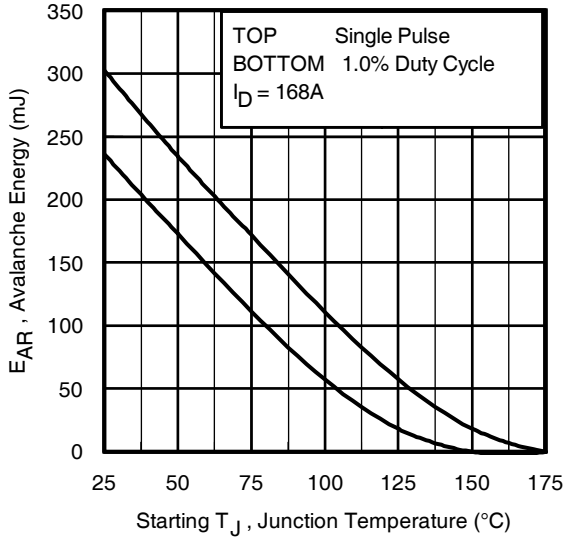


Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
   Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax}. This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long asT_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 16a, 16b.
4. $P_{D\ (ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).
   t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
   D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
   $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$P_{D\ (ave)} = 1/2\ (\ 1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$
$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$
$$E_{AS\ (AR)} = P_{D\ (ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

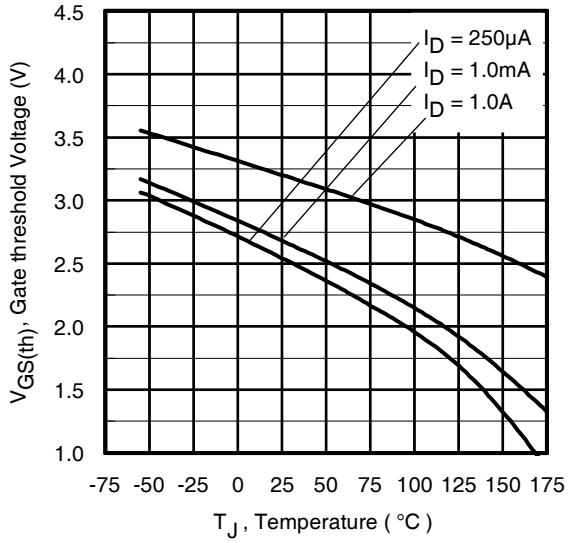


Fig 16. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

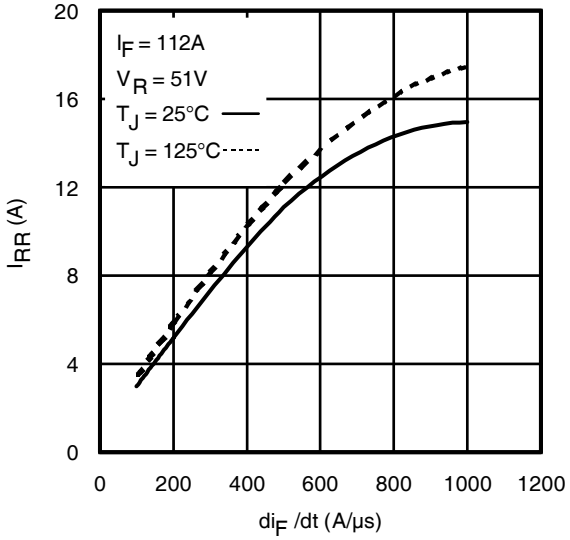


Fig. 17 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

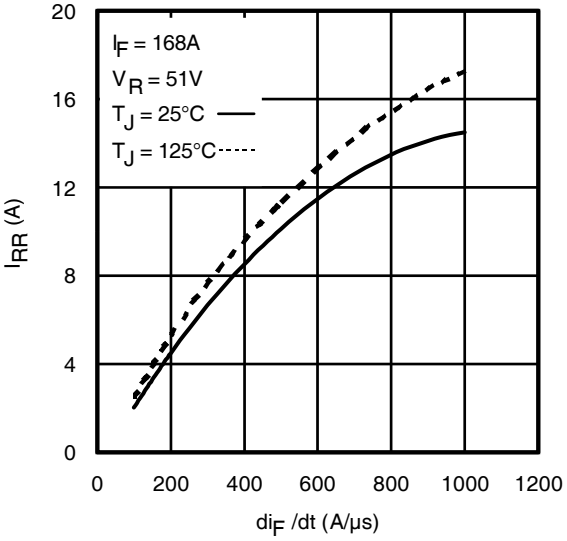


Fig. 18 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

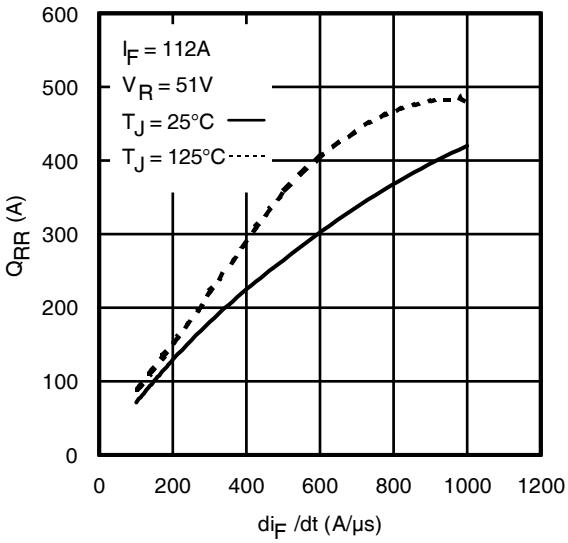


Fig. 19 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

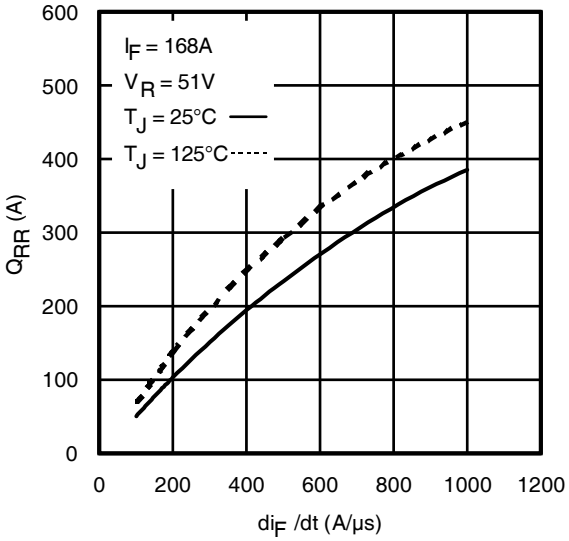


Fig. 20 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

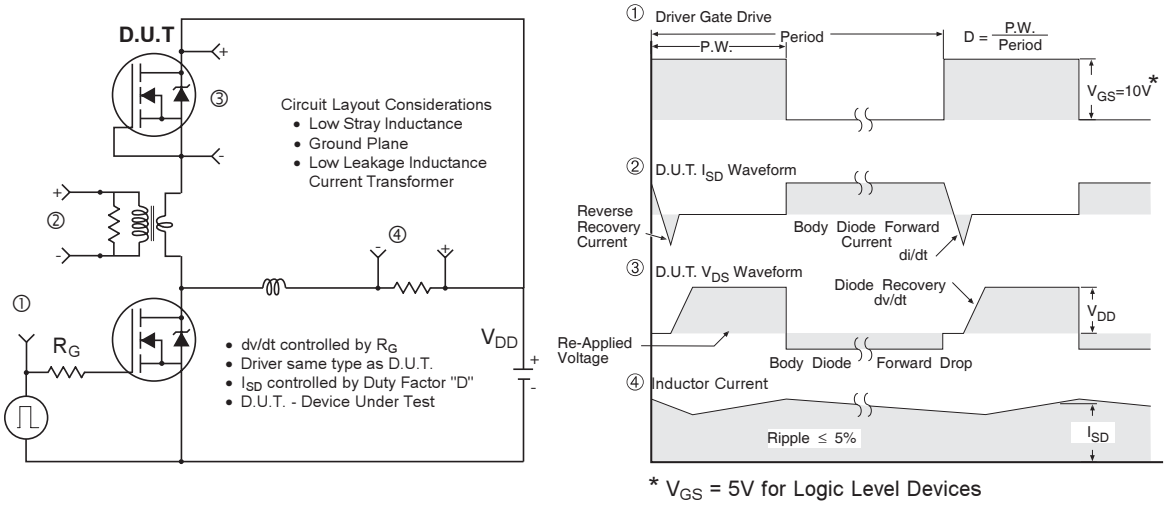


Fig 21. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

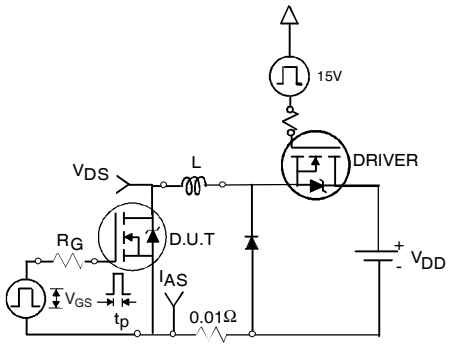


Fig 22a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

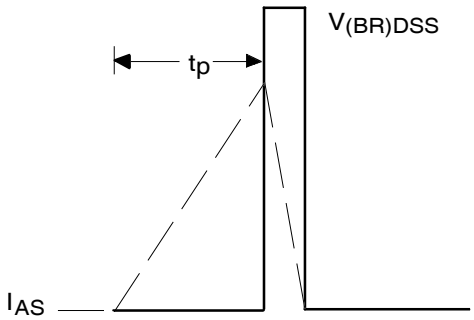


Fig 22b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

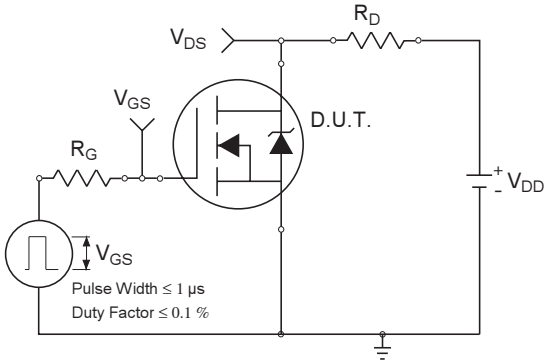


Fig 23a. Switching Time Test Circuit

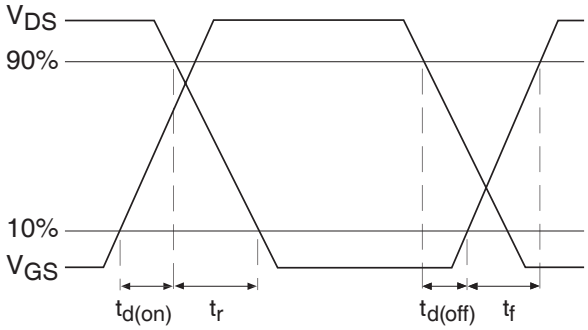


Fig 23b. Switching Time Waveforms

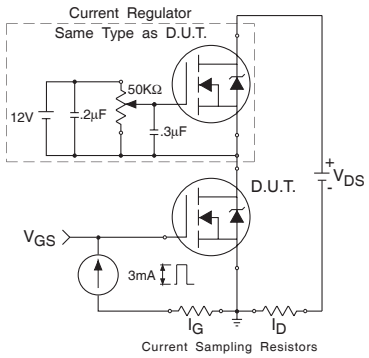


Fig 24a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

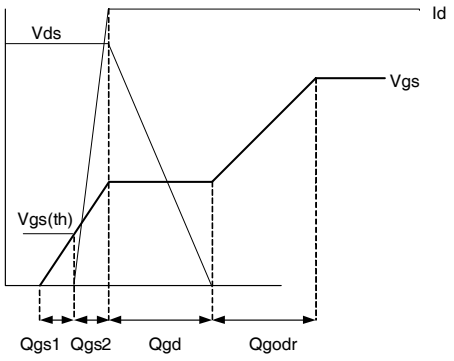
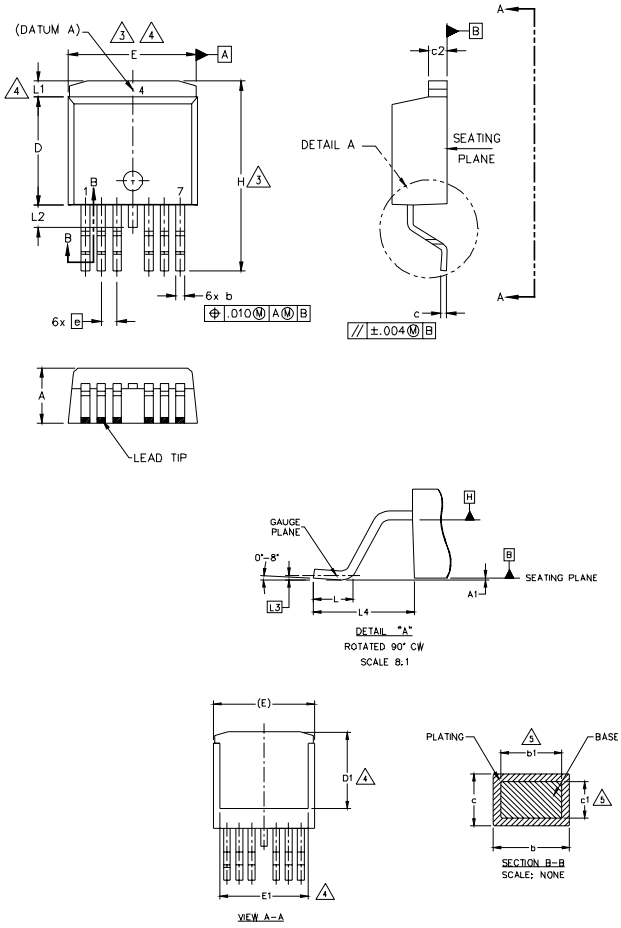


Fig 24b. Gate Charge Waveform

D²Pak (TO-263CB) 7 Long Leads Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in milimeters (inches)



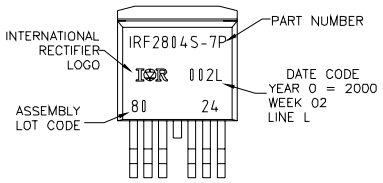
SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	
A1	–	0.254	–	.010	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.036	
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.032	5
c	0.38	0.74	.015	.029	
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	5
c2	1.14	1.65	.045	.065	
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380	3
D1	6.86	–	.270		4
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3,4
E1	6.22	–	.245		4
e	1.27 BSC		.050 BSC		
H	14.61	15.88	.575	.625	
L	1.78	2.79	.070	.110	
L1	–	1.68	–	.066	4
L2	–	1.78	–	.070	
L3	0.25 BSC		.010 BSC		
L4	4.78	5.28	.188	.208	

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M–1994
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.
4. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSION E, L1, D1 & E1.
5. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
6. DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
7. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-263CB.

D²Pak - 7 Pin Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF2804S–7P WITH
LOT CODE 8024
ASSEMBLED ON WW02,2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"

Note: "P" in assembly line
position indicates "Lead Free"



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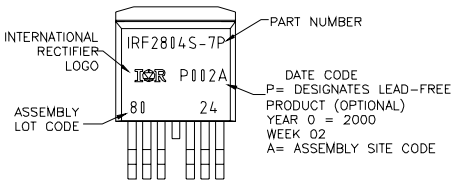


Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: http://www.irf.com/package/

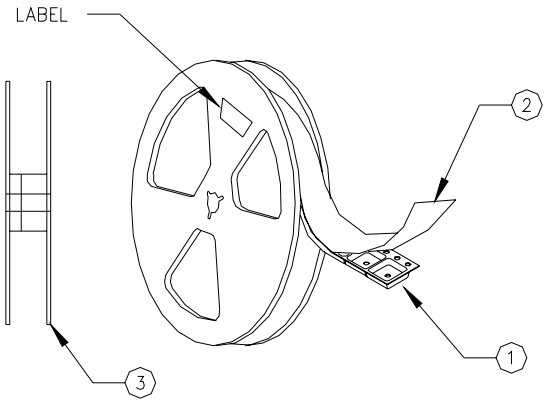
D²Pak - 7 Pin Tape and Reel

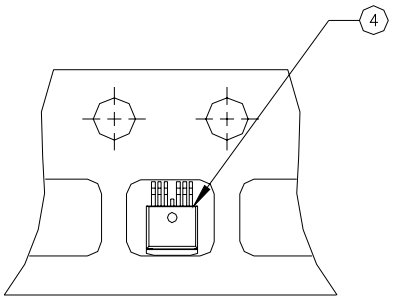
Dimensions are shown in milimeters (inches)

NOTES, TAPE & REEL, LABELLING:

1. TAPE AND REEL.
   - 1.1 REEL SIZE 13 INCH DIAMETER.
   - 1.2 EACH REEL CONTAINING 800 DEVICES.
   - 1.3 THERE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 42 SEALED POCKETS CONTAINED IN THE LEADER AND A MINIMUM OF 15 SEALED POCKETS IN THE TRAILER.
   - 1.4 PEEL STRENGTH MUST CONFORM TO THE SPEC. NO. 71-9667.
   - 1.5 PART ORIENTATION SHALL BE AS SHOWN BELOW.
   - 1.6 REEL MAY CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF TWO UNIQUE LOT CODE/DATE CODE COMBINATIONS. REWORKED REELS MAY CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF THREE UNIQUE LOT CODE/DATE CODE COMBINATIONS. HOWEVER, THE LOT CODES AND DATE CODES WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE QUANTITIES SHALL APPEAR ON THE BAR CODE LABEL FOR THE AFFECTED REEL.

2. LABELLING (REEL AND SHIPPING BAG).
   - 2.1 CUST. PART NUMBER (BAR CODE): IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
   - 2.2 CUST. PART NUMBER (TEXT CODE): IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
   - 2.3 I.R. PART NUMBER: IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
   - 2.4 QUANTITY:
   - 2.5 VENDOR CODE: IR
   - 2.6 LOT CODE:
   - 2.7 DATE CODE:





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Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

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