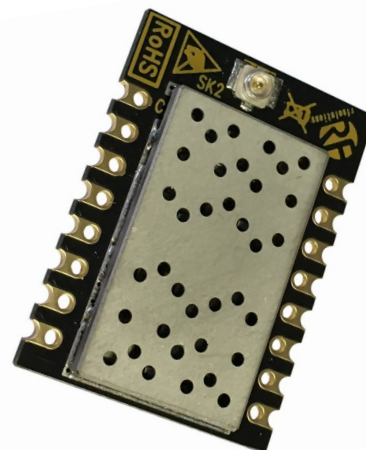


## Fcc Certified LoRa Transceiver

### Features

- Upto 16KM Range
- Integrated LoRa™ Modem Semtech SX1272
- Highly Efficient Integral Impedance Matching Network
- Provides Full Functionality of the RFIC:
- 157 dB maximum link budget
- +20 dBm at 100 mW constant RF output vs. V supply
- +14 dBm high efficiency PA
- Built in RF switch
- High sensitivity: down to -130 dBm
- Bullet-proof front end: IIP3 = -12.5 dBm
- 89 dB blocking immunity
- Small Form Factor: 23mm x 20mm
- Programmable bit rate up to 300 kbps
- Low RX current of 10 mA, 100nA register retention
- FSK, GFSK, MSK, GMSK, LoRa™ and OOK modulation
- Built-in bit synchronizer for clock recovery
- Preamble detection
- 127 dB Dynamic Range RSSI
- Automatic RF Sense and CAD with ultra-fast AFC
- Packet engine up to 256 bytes with CRC
- Built-in temperature sensor and low battery indicator
- FCC “modular” Certified enabling application without further FCC testing.



### Applications

- Home Automation
- RF Alarms
- Sensor networks
- Long Range Telemetry
- Meter Reading
- Irrigation Systems
- Wireless Applications
- Alarms

### Description

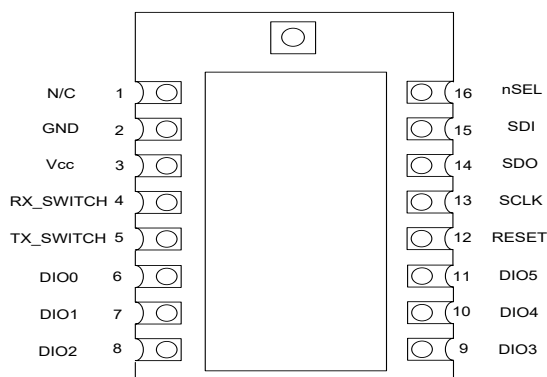
The RF-LAMBDA 915MHz module is an extremely high performance, cost effective radio module featuring the Semtech SX1272 LoRa™ long range providing ultra-long range, spread spectrum communication and high interference immunity within minimal current consumption.

This module including crystal, RF Changeover switch, impedance matching network and track layout provide a simple digital interface and direct antenna connection. This enables a plug in RF solution with maximum efficiency. Programming of the module is via SPI interface.

Using the RF-LAMBDA enables a fast and easy to market solution with cost effective license exempt hardware.

The RF-LAMBDA Module is CE compliant (868MHz) and FCC Certified. Providing that certain procedures are followed. (please refer to application schematic later in this datasheet the end application requires no further FCC certification).

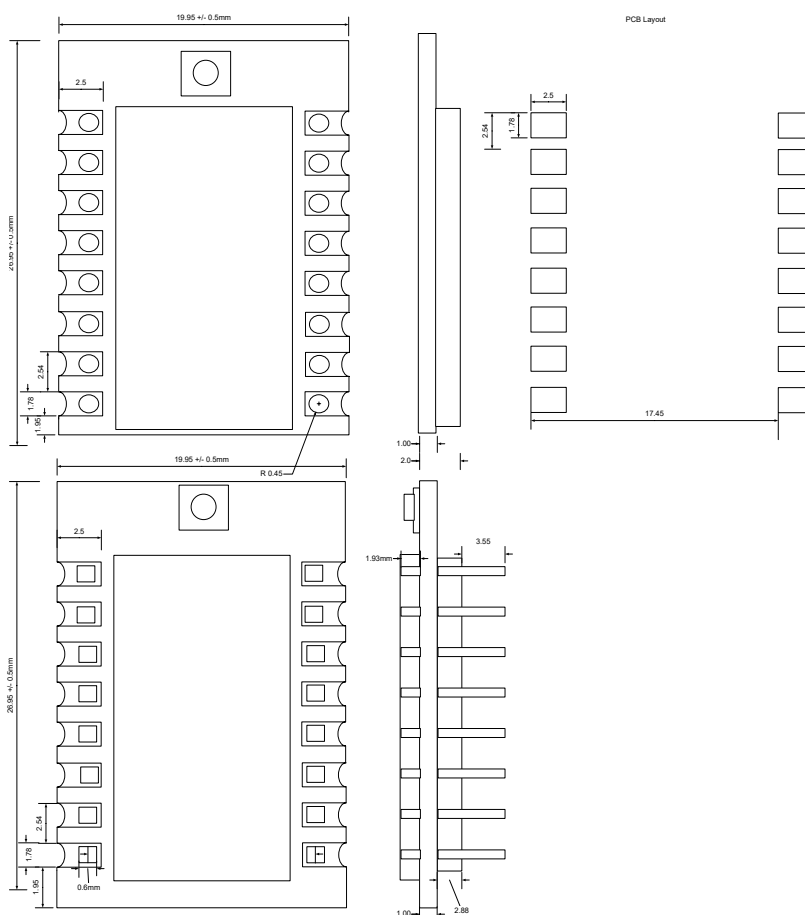
## RF-LAMBDA Pin Description



## Mechanical Dimensions

## Suggested Layout

### SMT Version



### DIP Version

## Part Numbers

| Part Number | Description                   | Package |
|-------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| LAMBDA-9S   | FM Transceiver Module, 915MHz | SMT     |
| LAMBDA-9D   | FM Transceiver Module, 915MHz | DIP     |

## Pin Description

| PIN     | Definition      | Direction | Function                                                                                                                                     |  |         |         |         |   |   |
|---------|-----------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|---------|---------|---------|---|---|
| 1       | Antenna         | In/Out    | Antenna pin connection.<br>Keep short (50phms Impedance)                                                                                     |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 2       | GND             | -         | Ground connection                                                                                                                            |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 3       | Vcc             | In        | Power connection                                                                                                                             |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 4       | RX_SWITCH       | In        | Enable RX RF Path Active High <table><tr><td></td><td>TX PIN5</td><td>RX PIN4</td></tr><tr><td>RX Mode</td><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr></table> |  | TX PIN5 | RX PIN4 | RX Mode | 0 | 1 |
|         | TX PIN5         | RX PIN4   |                                                                                                                                              |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| RX Mode | 0               | 1         |                                                                                                                                              |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 5       | TX_SWITCH       | In        | Enable TX RF Path Active High <table><tr><td></td><td>TX PIN5</td><td>RX PIN4</td></tr><tr><td>TX Mode</td><td>1</td><td>0</td></tr></table> |  | TX PIN5 | RX PIN4 | TX Mode | 1 | 0 |
|         | TX PIN5         | RX PIN4   |                                                                                                                                              |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| TX Mode | 1               | 0         |                                                                                                                                              |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 6       | DIO0            | In/Out    | Digital I/O software configured                                                                                                              |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 7       | DIO1            | In/Out    | Digital I/O software configured                                                                                                              |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 8       | DIO2            | In/Out    | Digital I/O software configured                                                                                                              |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 9       | DIO3            | In/Out    | Digital I/O Software configured                                                                                                              |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 10      | DIO4            | In/Out    | Digital I/O software configured                                                                                                              |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 11      | DIO5            | In/Out    | Digital I/O software configured                                                                                                              |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 12      | RESET           | In        | Reset Trigger Input                                                                                                                          |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 13      | Serial Clock    | In        | SPI Serial Clock Input                                                                                                                       |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 14      | Serial Data Out | Out       | SPI Serial Data Output                                                                                                                       |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 15      | Serial Data In  | In        | SPI Serial Data Input                                                                                                                        |  |         |         |         |   |   |
| 16      | nSEL            | In        | Device Select Active Low                                                                                                                     |  |         |         |         |   |   |

## FCC / CE Certification

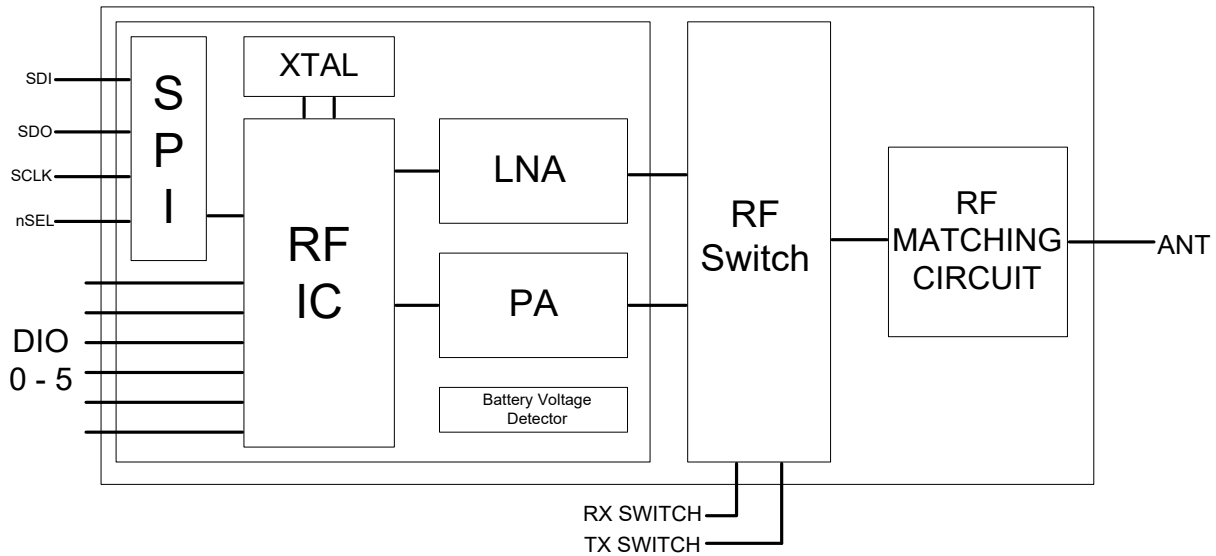
Lambda has the benefit of being an FCC part15 certified RF Module.

This enables the Lambda module to be incorporated within an product and rely on the Lambda module FCC certification for the end product without further testing or FCC certification with the following conditions.

1. The antenna to be used is either FLEXI-SMA-915 or FLEXI-SMA90-915
2. The finished product will display a label which is directly visible as follows: Contains FCC ID: P90LAMDA9"

Please note that although The radio characteristics are covered by the Lambda modular FCC ID of the grant, it is still the responsibility of the manufacturer to perform final checks on the product, such as ensuring the radiated transmitted power is within limits, and to assess the worst case spurious emission is within the FCC requirements of CFR47 Part 15.

## Block Diagram



## Application Resources

The RF-LAMBDA is a ready to use application of the Semtech SX1272. Access to the programming and configuration of Semtech 1272 Transceiver are via the modules interface SPI line.

The RF-LAMBDA has been developed with Semtech to provide a low cost platform application of the 1272 transceiver. This offers optimal design realisation and easy integration within the end application. The most important aspect of any RF Module is to maximise the performance of the transceiver at the external module pads. In particular the impedance matching network which is the most sensitive section of the RF module design. In order to maximise signal propagation to the external pad of the module, a specific layout is required which is not (usually) the smallest physical size (beware of small RF modules!). Many RF Module manufacturers simply reproduce the IC manufacturers data characteristics where in practice the Module RF performance is considerably lower.

To ensure that the latest details in programming this device are offered, we have not included the 1272s programming information in this document.

You can find the datasheet at the link below:

[SX1272 Datasheet](#)

Programming, configuration and further resource data including;

LoRa Calculator: fast evaluation of link budget, time on air and energy consumption.

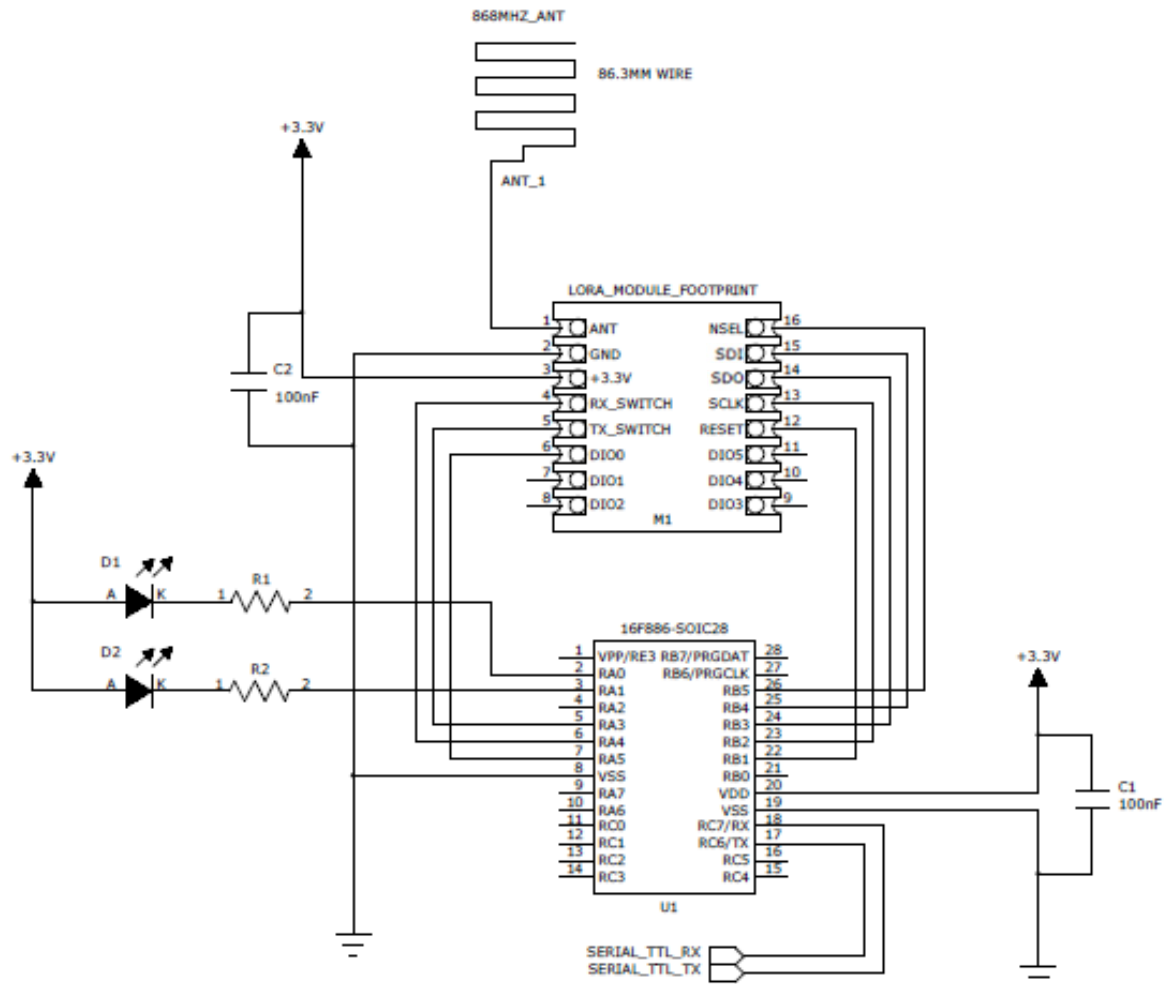
Packet Error Rate Firmware User Guide.

LoRa Modem Designer's Guide.

is available from Semtech at the below links:

[Semtec Website](#)

## Application schematic Interfacing a PIC™ Micro Controller



The above schematic shows an easy interface to a PIC Microcontroller

This is the same application circuit that we used for range testing (please see our range test information later in the document).

We also have application source code available for download on our website. This configures the RF LoRa Module for maximum range.

### Walk Test application

Also available is the source code used to carry out a simple range test.

In order to use this two application boards are required, one acts as a beacon transmitter, the other as the beacon receiver. The TX board will illuminate the GREEN LED when transmitting and the Receiver will illuminate the RED LED when RECEIVING

The Transmitter board transmits an RF beacon every second (Green LED flashes to indicate transmission).

This enables a one man range test, by placing either board in a fixed location and monitoring the beacon signals.

## Electrical Specifications

### Absolute Maximums

| Symbol   | Parameter                  | Minimum | Maximum      | Unit |
|----------|----------------------------|---------|--------------|------|
| $V_{dd}$ | Positive power supply      | -0.3    | +3.9         | V    |
| $V_{in}$ | Voltage on Digital Inputs  | -0.3    | $V_{dd}+0.3$ | V    |
| $V_{in}$ | Voltage on Analogue Inputs | -0.3    | $V_{dd}+0.3$ | V    |
| RX       | Max Rx input power         |         | +10          | dBm  |
| $T_{op}$ | Operating temperature      | -40     | +85          | °C   |
| $T_{st}$ | Storage temperature        | -55     | 115          | °C   |

### Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol   | Parameter             | Minimum | Maximum | Unit |
|----------|-----------------------|---------|---------|------|
| $V_{dd}$ | Positive power supply | 2.2     | 3.7     | V    |
| $T_{op}$ | Working temperature   | 0       | 55      | °C   |

### DC Characteristics

| Parameter            | Symbol         | Test Condition                                                                                                   | Min | Typ                   | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|------|
| Supply Voltage Range | $V_{DD}$       |                                                                                                                  | 1.8 | 3.3                   | 3.6 | V    |
| Power Saving Modes   | $I_{Shutdown}$ | RC oscillator, main digital regulator, and low power digital regulator OFF.                                      | —   | 30                    | —   | nA   |
|                      | $I_{Standby}$  | Register values maintained.                                                                                      | —   | 50                    | —   | nA   |
|                      | $I_{Ready}$    | Crystal Oscillator and Main Digital Regulator ON, all other blocks OFF.                                          | —   | 2                     | —   | mA   |
|                      | ISPI Active    | SPI active state                                                                                                 |     | 1.35                  |     | mA   |
| TUNE Mode Current    | $I_{Tune\_RX}$ | RX Tune                                                                                                          | —   | 6.5                   | —   | mA   |
|                      | $I_{Tune\_TX}$ | TX Tune                                                                                                          | —   | 6.9                   | —   | mA   |
| RX Mode Current      | $I_{RX}$       |                                                                                                                  | —   | 10                    | —   | mA   |
| TX Mode Current      | $I_{TX}$       | RFOP = +20dBm on PA Boost<br>RFOP = +17dBm on PA Boost<br>RFOP = +13dBm on PA Boost<br>RFOP = + 7dBm on PA Boost | —   | 125<br>90<br>28<br>18 |     | mA   |

## Power Consumption FSK Modulation

The table below gives power consumptions figures based on the following parameters:

VBAT1 = VBAT2 = Vcc = 3.3V

Temp= 25degC

Fxosc=32MHz, Frf=915MHz, Pout= +13dBm.

2 level FSK modulation without pre-filtering, FDA=5KHz, Bit Rate=4.8kbps

| Symbol  | Description                     | Conditions                                         | Typ                   | Max | Unit |
|---------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|------|
| IDDSL   | Supply Current Sleep Mode       |                                                    | 0.1                   | 1   | uA   |
| IDDIDLE | Supply Current Idle Mode        | RC Oscillator enabled                              | 1.5                   |     | uA   |
| IDDST   | Supply Current Standby Mode     | XTAL Oscillator enabled                            | 1.4                   | 1.6 | mA   |
| IDDFS   | Supply Current Synthesizer Mode | FSRx                                               | 4.5                   |     | mA   |
| IDDR    | Supply Current Receive Mode     | LnaBoost off<br>LnaBoost on                        | 10.5<br>11.2          |     | mA   |
| IDDT    | Supply Current Transmit Mode    | RFOP=+20dBm on PA_BOOST<br>RFOP=+20dBm on PA_BOOST | 125<br>90<br>28<br>18 |     | mA   |

## Power Consumption LORA Modulation

The table below gives power consumption figures based on the following parameters:

Vcc = 3.3V

Temp= 25degC

Fxosc=32MHz, Frf=915MHz, Bandwidth = 125KHz, Spreading Factor = 12, Error Correction = 4/6

Packet Error Rate = 1% with CRC on Payload enabled

Pout= +13dBm.

Payload length = 10bytes, Preamble =12 symbols (programmed register Preamble length = 8)

| Symbol   | Description                          | Conditions                                                                    | Typ                | Max | Unit |
|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----|------|
| IDDR_L   | Supply current in receiver LoRa Mode | LnaBoost off, BW=125KHz<br>LnaBoost off, BW=250KHz<br>LnaBoost off, BW=500KHz | 9.7<br>10.5<br>12  |     | mA   |
|          |                                      | LnaBoost on, BW=125KHz<br>LnaBoost on, BW=250KHz<br>LnaBoost on, BW=500KHz    | 10.8<br>11.6<br>13 |     | mA   |
| IDDT_H_L | Supply Current Transmitter Mode      | Using PA_BOOST pin<br>RFOP=17dBm                                              | 90                 |     | mA   |

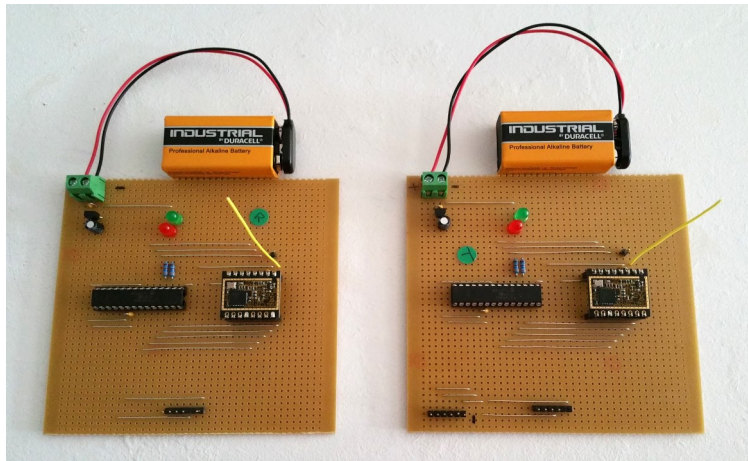
**PLEASE NOTE:** RFO is not connected on the RF-LAMBDA the RF out is connected through PA-BOOST only.

## Range Test Notes

Transmitter and Receiver boards were built using simple Vero board and a PIC microcontroller (16F886). The transmitter sent a beacon signal at 1 second intervals. The receiver acknowledges this signal back to the transmitter.

A simple piece of wire was used as antenna for both transmitter and receiver.

This test was designed to represent a real life application. It is often difficult to design an application with all RF features to an optimum potential i.e. the antenna was not 100% ideal as there was no antenna ground plane, and the motherboard was rudimentary,



Our Range Testing was conducted on Brighton to Shoreham Seafront providing an open Line of Sight Test.

1. The Transmitter was mounted on a plastic wheelie bin 4ft from the ground.
2. The Receiver was carried on the dashboard of a vehicle ( 5ft above ground) along the seafront. Line of sight was not achieved until the receiver was at least 9km distance
3. As the receiver travelled away from the transmitter Line of sight was lost . A Reliable signal was observed to about 3K range, thereafter the signal became intermittent. When the Transmitter and Receiver regained Line of sight a reliable signal was again observed. This continued for the available distance (about 12KM) at which point the terrain prevented further testing. At the longest available range the signal was 100% reliable.

### Test conditions

- $T_A = +25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- $V_{DD} = +3.3\text{ Vdc}$
- Dry, Broken Sunshine, Relative Humidity 45%
- RF input and output levels can typically be achieved at the antenna port after filtering components.

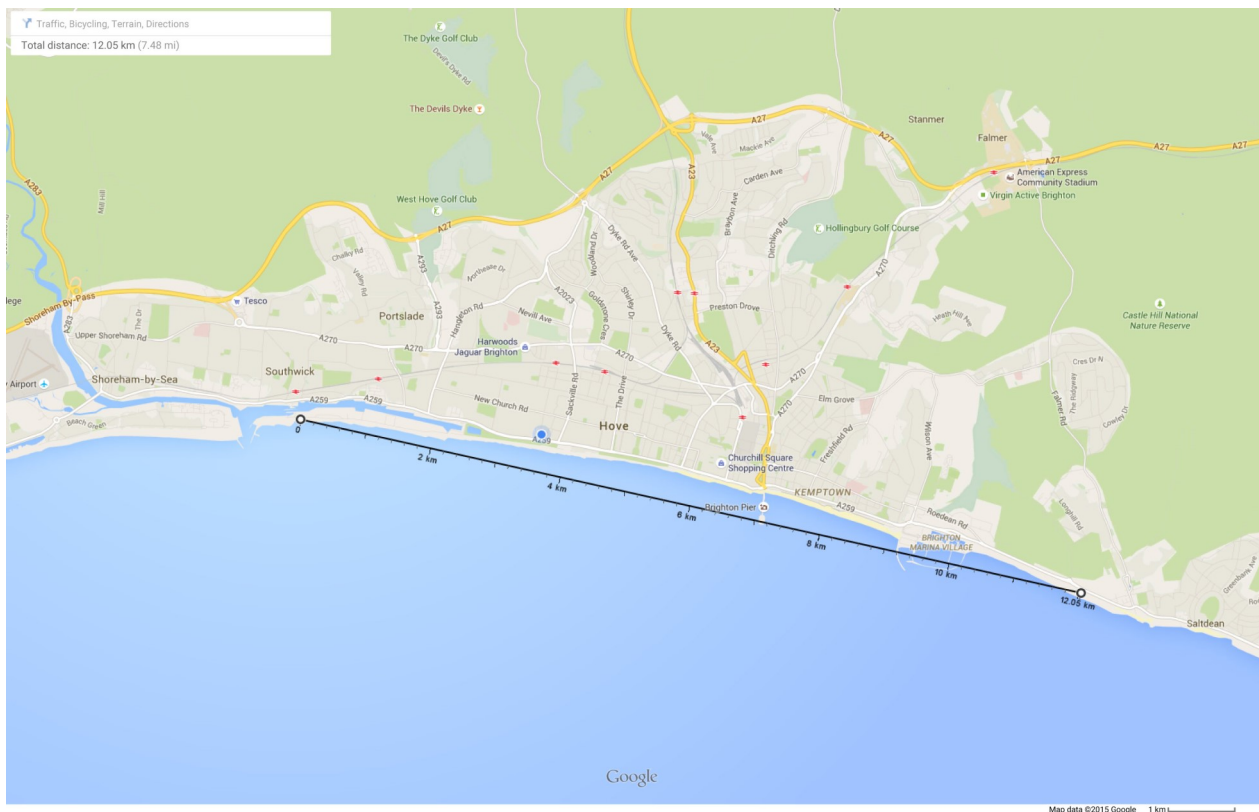
### Conclusion

The product performed as expected. Unfortunately we ran out of land to test a LOS beyond 12Km ,so the maximum range is further than tested here.

It is also clear that the product performs considerably better when in LOS.

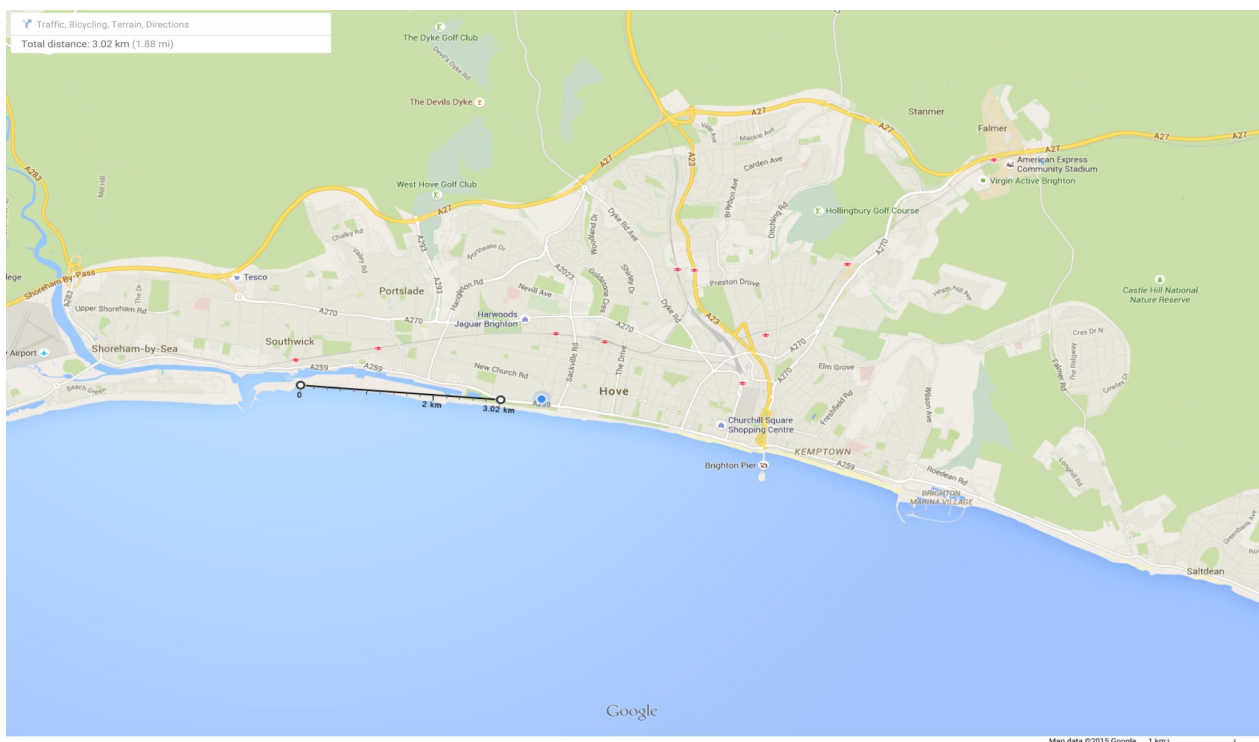


## Range Test Results (Line of Sight)

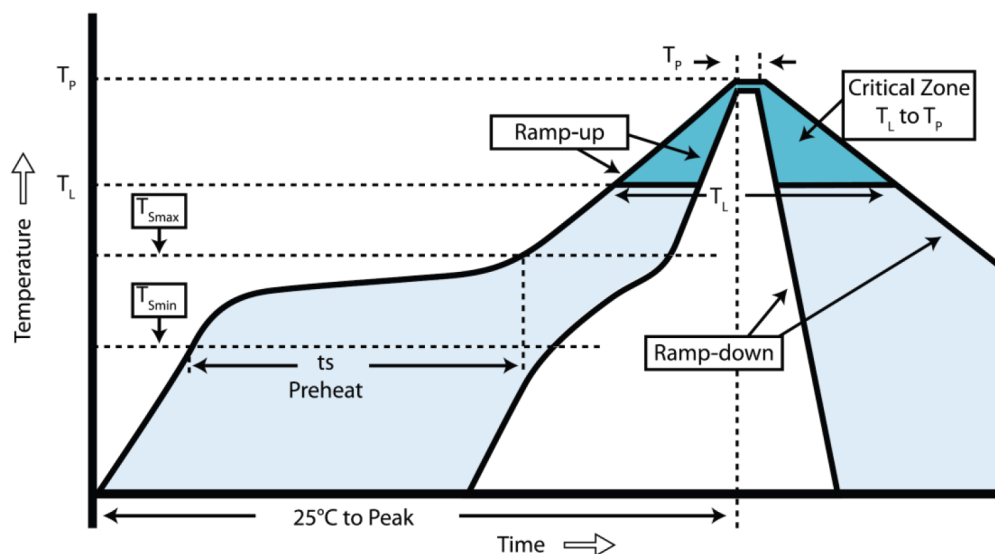


## Range Test Results (Non Line of Sight)

This is subjective as the buildings were random!



## RF LoRa module re-flow guide



| Profile feature                                                                                                                                                                              | Value (lead free)         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Ramp up rate                                                                                                                                                                                 | 3°C /s                    |
| Pre-heat Temperature <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Temperature Min (<math>T_{smin}</math>)</li> <li>- Temperature Max (<math>T_{smax}</math>)</li> <li>- Pre-heat time</li> </ul> | 150°C<br>200°C<br>60-100s |
| Peak Temperature ( $T_p$ )                                                                                                                                                                   | 240°C                     |
| Time at $T_p$                                                                                                                                                                                | 10-20sec                  |
| Ramp down rate                                                                                                                                                                               | 6°C/s                     |
| Time from 25°C to peak                                                                                                                                                                       | 8 mins max.               |

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#### DO NOT

Discard with normal waste, please recycle.

#### ROHS Directive 2002/95/EC

Specifies certain limits for hazardous substances.

#### WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC



Waste electrical & electronic equipment must be disposed of through a licensed point. RF Solutions Ltd., fulfills its WEEE membership of an approved compliance



This product WEEE collection obligations by scheme.

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