# **74AUP1G04**

# Low-power inverter

Rev. 11 — 13 January 2022

**Product data sheet** 

### 1. General description

The 74AUP1G04 is a single inverter.

Schmitt-trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant of slower input rise and fall times across the entire VCC range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device is fully specified for partial Power-down applications using  $I_{OFF}$ . The  $I_{OFF}$  circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

### 2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- · CMOS low power dissipation
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
  - JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
  - JESD8-7 (1.65 V to 1.95 V)
  - JESD8-5 (2.3 V to 2.7 V)
  - JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- ESD protection:
  - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 Class 3A exceeds 5000 V
  - CDM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 Class C3 exceeds 1000 V
  - MM: JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
- Low static power consumption; I<sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 μA (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78B Class II
- · Overvoltage tolerant inputs to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V<sub>CC</sub>
- I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C



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## 3. Ordering information

**Table 1. Ordering information** 

| Type number  | Package           |        |  |           |  |  |  |
|--------------|-------------------|--------|--|-----------|--|--|--|
|              | Temperature range | Name   | Description  | Version   |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GV  | -40 °C to +125 °C | SC-74A | plastic surface-mounted package; 5 leads   | SOT753    |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GW  | -40 °C to +125 °C | TSSOP5 | plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm   | SOT353-1  |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GM  | -40 °C to +125 °C | XSON6  | plastic extremely thin small outline package;<br>no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1.45 × 0.5 mm                 | SOT886    |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GN  | -40 °C to +125 °C | XSON6  | extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 0.9 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm                          | SOT1115   |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GS  | -40 °C to +125 °C | XSON6  | extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1.0 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm                          | SOT1202   |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GX  | -40 °C to +125 °C | X2SON5 | plastic thermal enhanced extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 5 terminals; body 0.8 × 0.8 × 0.32 mm | SOT1226-3 |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GX4 | -40 °C to +125 °C | X2SON4 | plastic thermal enhanced extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 4 terminals; body 0.6 × 0.6 × 0.32 mm | SOT1269-2 |  |  |  |

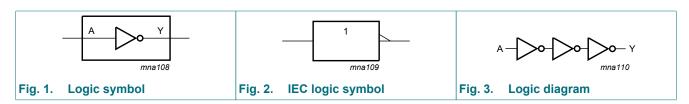
## 4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

| Table 2. Marking |                 |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Type number      | Marking code[1] |  |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GV      | p04             |  |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GW      | pC              |  |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GM      | pC              |  |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GN      | pC              |  |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GS      | pC              |  |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GX      | pC              |  |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G04GX4     | pC              |  |  |  |  |

<sup>[1]</sup> The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

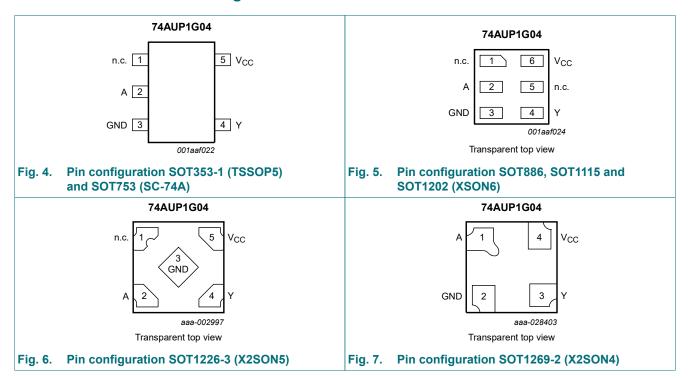
## 5. Functional diagram



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## 6. Pinning information

### 6.1. Pinning



### 6.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

| Symbol          | Pin                       | Description |        |                |
|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------|----------------|
|                 | SC-74A, TSSOP5 and X2SON5 | XSON6       | X2SON4 |                |
| n.c.            | 1                         | 1, 5        | -      | not connected  |
| A               | 2                         | 2           | 1      | data input     |
| GND             | 3                         | 3           | 2      | ground (0 V)   |
| Υ               | 4                         | 4           | 3      | data output    |
| V <sub>CC</sub> | 5                         | 6           | 4      | supply voltage |

## 7. Functional description

#### **Table 4. Function table**

 $H = HIGH \ voltage \ level; \ L = LOW \ voltage \ level.$ 

| Input | Output |
|-------|--------|
| Α     | Υ      |
| L     | Н      |
| Н     | L      |

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### 8. Limiting values

#### **Table 5. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol           | Parameter               | Conditions                                |     | Min  | Max                   | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------|---|-----|------|-----------------------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>  | supply voltage          |   |     | -0.5 | +4.6                  | V    |
| I <sub>IK</sub>  | input clamping current  | V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V                      |     | -50  | -                     | mA   |
| VI               | input voltage           |   | [1] | -0.5 | +4.6                  | V    |
| I <sub>OK</sub>  | output clamping current | V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V                      |     | -50  | -                     | mA   |
| Vo               | output voltage          | active mode                               | [1] | -0.5 | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 | V    |
|                  |                         | power-down mode; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V    | [1] | -0.5 | +4.6                  | V    |
| Io               | output current          | $V_O = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC}$            |     | -    | ± 20                  | mA   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>  | supply current          |   |     | -    | +50                   | mA   |
| I <sub>GND</sub> | ground current          |   |     | -50  | -                     | mΑ   |
| T <sub>stg</sub> | storage temperature     |   |     | -65  | +150                  | °C   |
| P <sub>tot</sub> | total power dissipation | T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C      |     |      |                       |      |
|                  |                         | TSSOP5, SC-74A, XSON6 and X2SON5 packages | [2] | -    | 250                   | mW   |
|                  |                         | X2SON4 package                            | [3] | -    | 150                   | mW   |

<sup>[1]</sup> The minimum input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

For SOT353-1 (TSSOP5) package:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74 °C.

For SOT886 (XSON6) package: Ptot derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74 °C.

For SOT1115 (XSON6) package: Ptot derates linearly with 3.2 mW/K above 71 °C.

For SOT1202 (XSON6) package: Ptot derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74 °C.

For SOT1226-3 (X2SON5) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 3.0 mW/K above 67 °C.

[3] For SOT1269-2 (X2SON4) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 1.7 mW/K above 57 °C.

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol           | Parameter                           | Conditions                             | Min | Max             | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----|-----------------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>  | supply voltage                      |  | 0.8 | 3.6             | V    |
| VI               | input voltage                       |  | 0   | 3.6             | V    |
| Vo               | output voltage                      | active mode                            | 0   | V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                  |                                     | power-down mode; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V | 0   | 3.6             | V    |
| T <sub>amb</sub> | ambient temperature                 |  | -40 | +125            | °C   |
| Δt/ΔV            | input transition rise and fall rate | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V       | 0   | 200             | ns/V |

<sup>[2]</sup> For SOT753 (SC-74A) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 3.8 mW/K above 85 °C.

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## 10. Static characteristics

#### **Table 7. Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol               | Parameter                            | Conditions  | Min                   | Тур | Max                  | Unit |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----|----------------------|------|
| T <sub>amb</sub> = 2 | 5 °C                                 |   |                       |     |                      |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub>      | HIGH-level input voltage             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V   | 0.70×V <sub>CC</sub>  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V   | 0.65×V <sub>CC</sub>  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V  | 1.6                   | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V  | 2.0                   | -   | -                    | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>      | LOW-level input voltage              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V   | -                     | -   | 0.30×V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V   | -                     | -   | 0.35×V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V  | -                     | -   | 0.7                  | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V  | -                     | -   | 0.9                  | V    |
| V <sub>OH</sub>      | HIGH-level output                    | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$  |                       |     |                      |      |
|                      | voltage                              | $I_{O}$ = -20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V                          | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1 | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V                         | 0.75×V <sub>CC</sub>  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V                         | 1.11                  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                        | 1.32                  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                         | 2.05                  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                         | 1.9                   | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                         | 2.72                  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                         | 2.6                   | -   | -                    | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>      | LOW-level output                     | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$  |                       |     |                      |      |
|                      | voltage                              | $I_{O}$ = 20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V                           | -                     | -   | 0.1                  | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.3×V <sub>CC</sub>  | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.31                 | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                         | -                     | -   | 0.31                 | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.31                 | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.44                 | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.31                 | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.44                 | V    |
| l <sub>l</sub>       | input leakage current                | V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V             | -                     | -   | ± 0.1                | μΑ   |
| l <sub>OFF</sub>     | power-off leakage<br>current         | $V_{I}$ or $V_{O} = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V                         | -                     | -   | ± 0.2                | μΑ   |
| ΔI <sub>OFF</sub>    | additional power-off leakage current | $V_{I}$ or $V_{O} = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V                | -                     | -   | ± 0.2                | μΑ   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>      | supply current                       | $V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V          | -                     | -   | 0.5                  | μA   |
| ΔI <sub>CC</sub>     | additional supply current            | $V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | -                     | -   | 40                   | μA   |
| Cı                   | input capacitance                    | $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V; } V_I = \text{GND or } V_{CC}$    | -                     | 0.8 | -                    | pF   |
| Co                   | output capacitance                   | $V_O = GND; V_{CC} = 0 V$   | -                     | 1.7 | -                    | pF   |

| Symbol               | Parameter                            | Conditions  | Min                   | Тур | Max                  | Unit |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----|----------------------|------|
| T <sub>amb</sub> = - | -40 °C to +85 °C                     |   |                       | '   |                      |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub>      | HIGH-level input voltage             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V   | 0.70×V <sub>CC</sub>  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V   | 0.65×V <sub>CC</sub>  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V  | 1.6                   | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V  | 2.0                   | -   | -                    | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>      | LOW-level input voltage              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V   | -                     | -   | 0.30×V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V   | -                     | -   | 0.35×V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V  | -                     | -   | 0.7                  | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V  | -                     | -   | 0.9                  | V    |
| V <sub>OH</sub>      | HIGH-level output                    | $V_{I} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$  |                       |     |                      |      |
|                      | voltage                              | $I_{O}$ = -20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V                          | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1 | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V                         | 0.7×V <sub>CC</sub>   | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V                         | 1.03                  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                        | 1.30                  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                         | 1.97                  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                         | 1.85                  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                         | 2.67                  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                         | 2.55                  | -   | -                    | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>      | LOW-level output voltage             | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$  |                       |     |                      |      |
|                      |                                      | $I_{O}$ = 20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V                           | -                     | -   | 0.1                  | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.3×V <sub>CC</sub>  | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.37                 | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                         | -                     | -   | 0.35                 | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.33                 | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.45                 | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.33                 | V    |
|                      |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                          | -                     | -   | 0.45                 | V    |
| l <sub>l</sub>       | input leakage current                | V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V             | -                     | -   | ± 0.5                | μΑ   |
| I <sub>OFF</sub>     | power-off leakage current            | $V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V                             | -                     | -   | ± 0.5                | μΑ   |
| Δl <sub>OFF</sub>    | additional power-off leakage current | $V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V                    | -                     | -   | ± 0.6                | μΑ   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>      | supply current                       | $V_{I}$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_{O}$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V      | -                     | -   | 0.9                  | μA   |
| Δl <sub>CC</sub>     | additional supply current            | $V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | -                     | -   | 50                   | μA   |
| T <sub>amb</sub> = - | -40 °C to +125 °C                    |   |                       |     |                      |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub>      | HIGH-level input voltage             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V   | 0.75×V <sub>CC</sub>  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V   | 0.70×V <sub>CC</sub>  | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V  | 1.6                   | -   | -                    | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V  | 2.0                   | -   | -                    | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>      | LOW-level input voltage              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V   | -                     | -   | 0.25×V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V   | -                     | -   | 0.30×V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V  | -                     | -   | 0.7                  | V    |
|                      |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V  | -                     | _   | 0.9                  | V    |

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| Symbol            | Parameter                            | Conditions  | Min                    | Тур | Max                  | Unit |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------|-----|----------------------|------|
| V <sub>OH</sub>   | HIGH-level output                    | V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>                       |                        |     |                      |      |
|                   | voltage                              | I <sub>O</sub> = -20 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V                 | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.11 | -   | -                    | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V                         | 0.6×V <sub>CC</sub>    | -   | -                    | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V                         | 0.93                   | -   | -                    | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                        | 1.17                   | -   | -                    | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                         | 1.77                   | -   | -                    | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                         | 1.67                   | -   | -                    | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                         | 2.40                   | -   | -                    | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                         | 2.30                   | -   | -                    | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>   | LOW-level output voltage             | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$  |                        |     |                      |      |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 20 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V                  | -                      | -   | 0.11                 | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V                          | -                      | -   | 0.33×V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V                          | -                      | -   | 0.41                 | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                         | -                      | -   | 0.39                 | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                          | -                      | -   | 0.36                 | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                          | -                      | -   | 0.50                 | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                          | -                      | -   | 0.36                 | V    |
|                   |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                          | -                      | -   | 0.50                 | V    |
| I <sub>I</sub>    | input leakage current                | V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V             | -                      | -   | ± 0.75               | μA   |
| I <sub>OFF</sub>  | power-off leakage<br>current         | $V_{I}$ or $V_{O} = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V                         | -                      | -   | ± 0.75               | μΑ   |
| ΔI <sub>OFF</sub> | additional power-off leakage current | $V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V                    | -                      | -   | ± 0.75               | μΑ   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>   | supply current                       | $V_{I}$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_{O}$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V      | -                      | -   | 1.4                  | μA   |
| $\Delta I_{CC}$   | additional supply current            | $V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | -                      | -   | 75                   | μΑ   |

# 11. Dynamic characteristics

### **Table 8. Dynamic characteristics**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 9

| Symbol               | Parameter                                       | Conditions                         | Min | Typ[1] | Max  | Unit |  |  |  |
|----------------------|---|------------------------------------|-----|--------|------|------|--|--|--|
| T <sub>amb</sub> = 2 | T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pF |                                    |     |        |      |      |  |  |  |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation delay                               | A to Y; see <u>Fig. 8</u> [2]      |     |        |      |      |  |  |  |
|                      |   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V            | -   | 16.0   | -    | ns   |  |  |  |
|                      |   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V   | 2.4 | 5.0    | 10.3 | ns   |  |  |  |
|                      |   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V   | 1.8 | 3.6    | 6.4  | ns   |  |  |  |
|                      |   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 1.5 | 2.9    | 5.0  | ns   |  |  |  |
|                      |   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | 1.2 | 2.4    | 3.9  | ns   |  |  |  |
|                      |   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | 1.1 | 2.1    | 3.2  | ns   |  |  |  |

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| Symbol               | Parameter                     | Conditions   | Min | Typ[1] | Max  | Unit |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|-----|--------|------|------|
| T <sub>amb</sub> = 2 | 25 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF |  |     |        |      |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation delay             | A to Y; see Fig. 8 [2]                               |     |        |      |      |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V                              | -   | 19.8   | -    | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V                     | 2.8 | 5.9    | 12.2 | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V                     | 2.3 | 4.2    | 7.5  | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V                   | 2.0 | 3.5    | 5.9  | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V                     | 1.7 | 2.9    | 4.6  | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V                     | 1.6 | 2.7    | 3.8  | ns   |
| T <sub>amb</sub> = 2 | 25 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF |  |     |        |      |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation delay             | A to Y; see Fig. 8 [2]                               |     |        |      |      |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V                              | -   | 23.3   | -    | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V                     | 3.2 | 6.7    | 13.0 | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V                     | 2.6 | 4.7    | 8.6  | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V                   | 2.3 | 4.0    | 6.7  | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V                     | 2.1 | 3.3    | 5.1  | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V                     | 2.0 | 3.1    | 4.2  | ns   |
| T <sub>amb</sub> = 2 | 25 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF |  |     |        |      |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation delay             | A to Y; see Fig. 8 [2]                               |     |        |      |      |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V                              | -   | 33.6   | -    | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V                     | 4.4 | 8.9    | 16.0 | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V                     | 3.6 | 6.3    | 10.8 | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V                   | 3.2 | 5.3    | 9.0  | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V                     | 2.9 | 4.5    | 6.5  | ns   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V                     | 2.9 | 4.2    | 5.4  | ns   |
| T <sub>amb</sub> = 2 | 5 °C                          |  |     |        |      |      |
| C <sub>PD</sub>      | power dissipation             | $f = 1 \text{ MHz}; V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$ [3] |     |        |      |      |
|                      | capacitance                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V                              | -   | 2.5    | -    | pF   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V                     | -   | 2.7    | -    | pF   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V                     | -   | 2.8    | -    | pF   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V                   | -   | 3.0    | -    | pF   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V                     | -   | 3.5    | -    | pF   |
|                      |                               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V                     | -   | 4.0    | -    | pF   |

<sup>[1]</sup> All typical values are measured at nominal  $V_{CC}$ .

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

 $C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) = \text{sum of the outputs.}$ 

 <sup>[2]</sup> t<sub>pd</sub> is the same as t<sub>PLH</sub> and t<sub>PHL</sub>.
 [3] C<sub>PD</sub> is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in μW).
 P<sub>D</sub> = C<sub>PD</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>i</sub> × N + Σ(C<sub>L</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> x f<sub>o</sub>) where:

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**Table 9. Dynamic characteristics** 

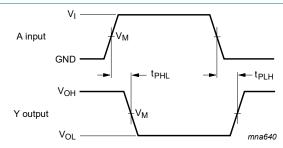
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 9

| Symbol               | Parameter         | Conditions                         | -40 °C t | o +85 °C | -40 °C to +125 °C |      | Unit |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|----------|----------|-------------------|------|------|
|                      |                   |                                    | Min      | Max      | Min               | Max  |      |
| C <sub>L</sub> = 5 p | F                 |                                    |          |          |                   |      |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation delay | A to Y; see Fig. 8 [1]             |          |          |                   |      |      |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V   | 2.1      | 11.4     | 2.1               | 12.6 | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V   | 1.6      | 7.4      | 1.6               | 8.2  | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 1.4      | 5.9      | 1.4               | 6.5  | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | 1.1      | 4.5      | 1.1               | 5.0  | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | 1.0      | 3.9      | 1.0               | 4.3  | ns   |
| C <sub>L</sub> = 10  | pF                |                                    |          |          |                   |      |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation delay | A to Y; see Fig. 8 [1]             |          |          |                   |      |      |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V   | 2.6      | 13.7     | 2.6               | 15.1 | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V   | 2.1      | 8.7      | 2.1               | 9.6  | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 1.8      | 7.0      | 1.8               | 7.7  | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | 1.5      | 5.4      | 1.5               | 6.0  | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | 1.4      | 4.5      | 1.4               | 5.0  | ns   |
| C <sub>L</sub> = 15  | pF                |                                    |          |          |                   |      |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation delay | A to Y; see <u>Fig. 8</u> [1]      |          |          |                   |      |      |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V   | 3.0      | 15.8     | 3.0               | 17.4 | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V   | 2.4      | 10.0     | 2.4               | 11.0 | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 2.1      | 8.0      | 2.1               | 8.8  | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | 1.8      | 6.1      | 1.8               | 6.8  | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | 1.8      | 5.0      | 1.8               | 5.5  | ns   |
| C <sub>L</sub> = 30  | pF                |                                    |          |          |                   |      |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation delay | A to Y; see Fig. 8 [1]             |          |          |                   |      |      |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V   | 4.0      | 19.0     | 4.0               | 20.9 | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V   | 3.2      | 12.9     | 3.2               | 14.2 | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 2.9      | 10.5     | 2.9               | 11.6 | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | 2.6      | 7.6      | 2.6               | 8.4  | ns   |
|                      |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | 2.6      | 6.2      | 2.6               | 6.9  | ns   |

<sup>[1]</sup>  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ .

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### 11.1. Waveform and test circuit



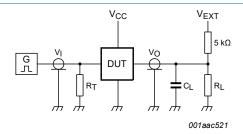
Measurement points are given in Table 10.

Logic levels: V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig. 8. The data input (A) to output (Y) propagation delays

#### **Table 10. Measurement points**

| Supply voltage  | Output                | Input                 |                 |             |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | V <sub>M</sub>        | V <sub>M</sub>        | V <sub>I</sub>  | $t_r = t_f$ |
| 0.8 V to 3.6 V  | 0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub> | 0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> | ≤ 3.0 ns    |



Test data is given in Table 11.

Definitions for test circuit:

R<sub>L</sub> = Load resistance;

C<sub>L</sub> = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance;

 $R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_o$  of the pulse generator;

 $V_{\text{EXT}}$  = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig. 9. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 11. Test data

| Supply voltage  | Load                         |                    | V <sub>EXT</sub>                    |                                     |                                     |
|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | CL                           | R <sub>L</sub> [1] | t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub> | t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub> | t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub> |
| 0.8 V to 3.6 V  | 5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF | 5 kΩ or 1 MΩ       | open                                | GND                                 | 2 × V <sub>CC</sub>                 |

[1] For measuring enable and disable times  $R_L$  = 5  $k\Omega.$ 

For measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width  $R_L$  = 1  $M\Omega$ .

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## 12. Package outline

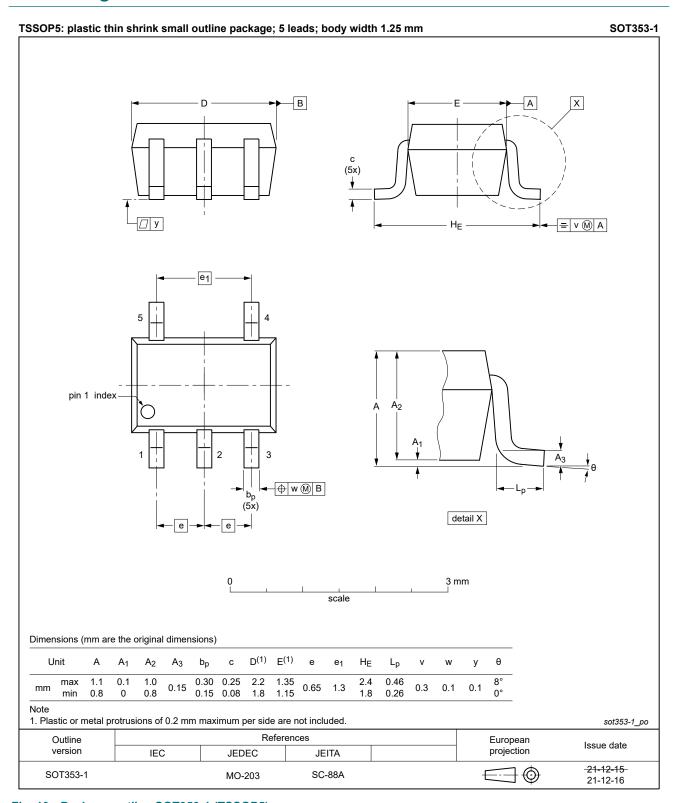


Fig. 10. Package outline SOT353-1 (TSSOP5)

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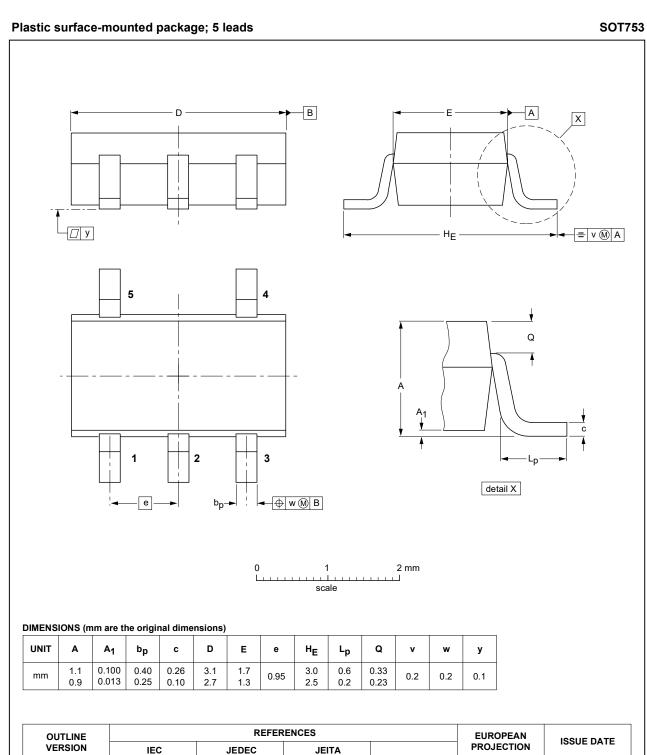


Fig. 11. Package outline SOT753 (SC-74A)

SOT753

SC-74A

02-04-16

06-03-16

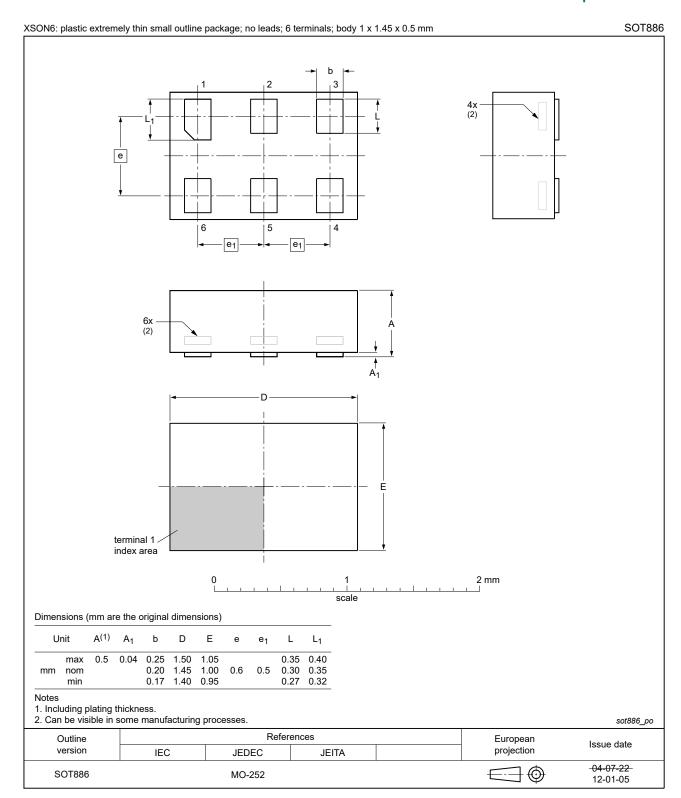


Fig. 12. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

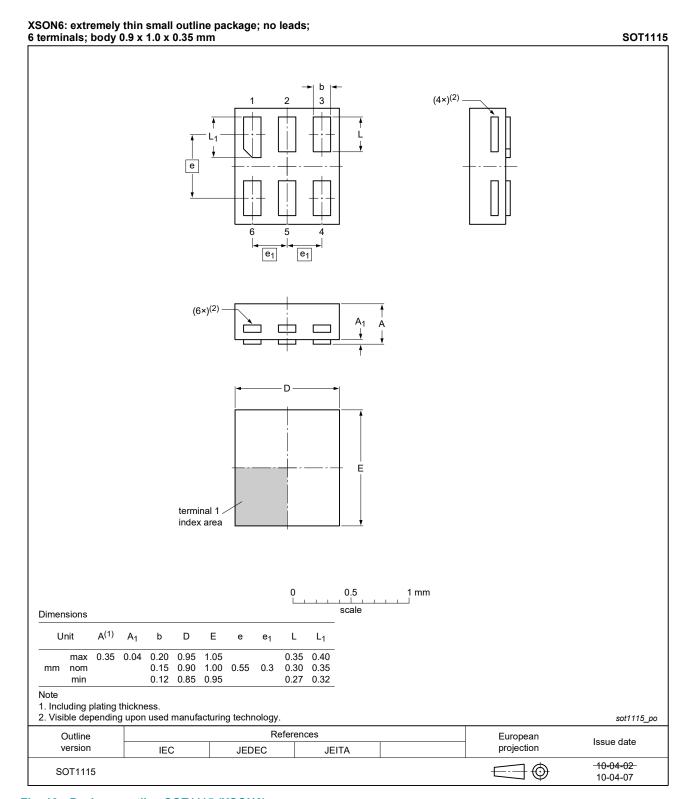


Fig. 13. Package outline SOT1115 (XSON6)

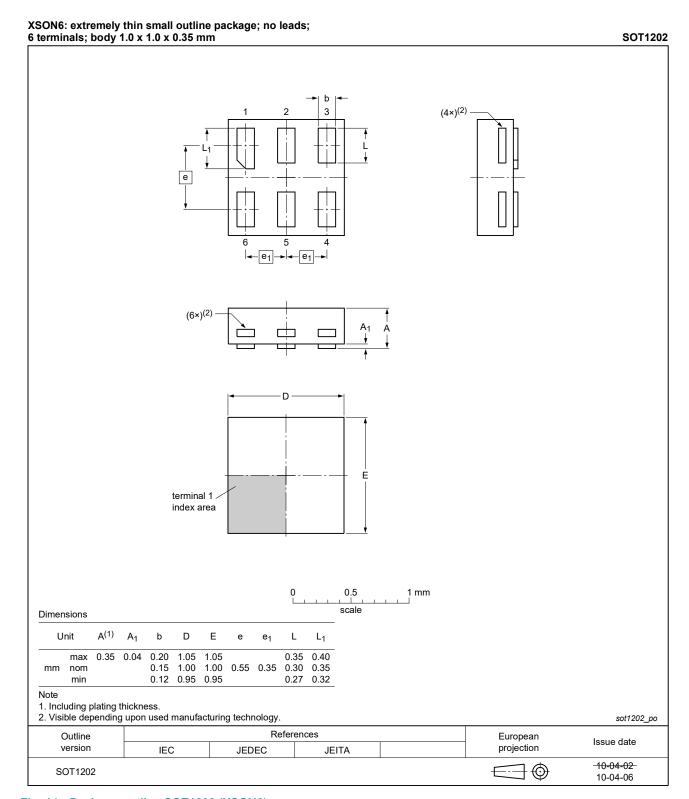


Fig. 14. Package outline SOT1202 (XSON6)

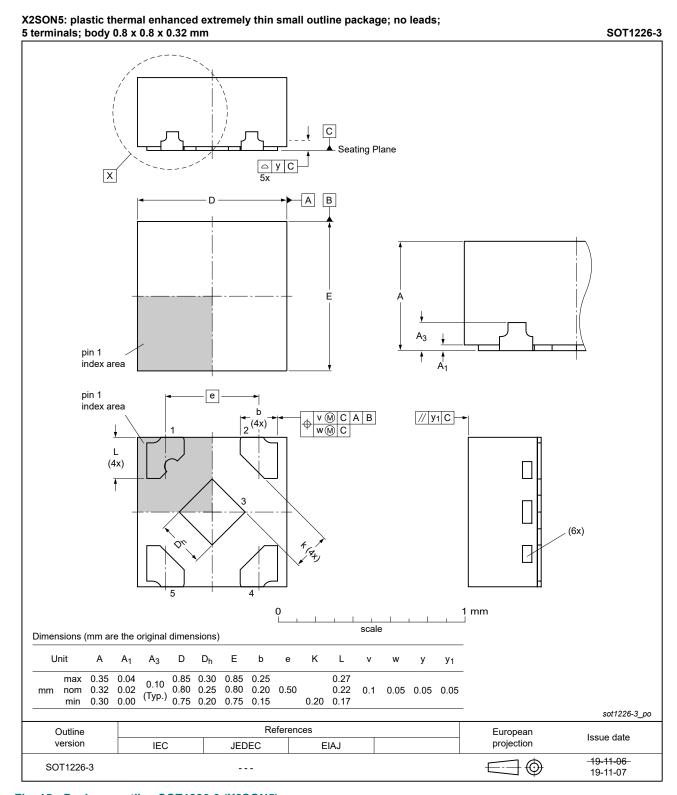


Fig. 15. Package outline SOT1226-3 (X2SON5)

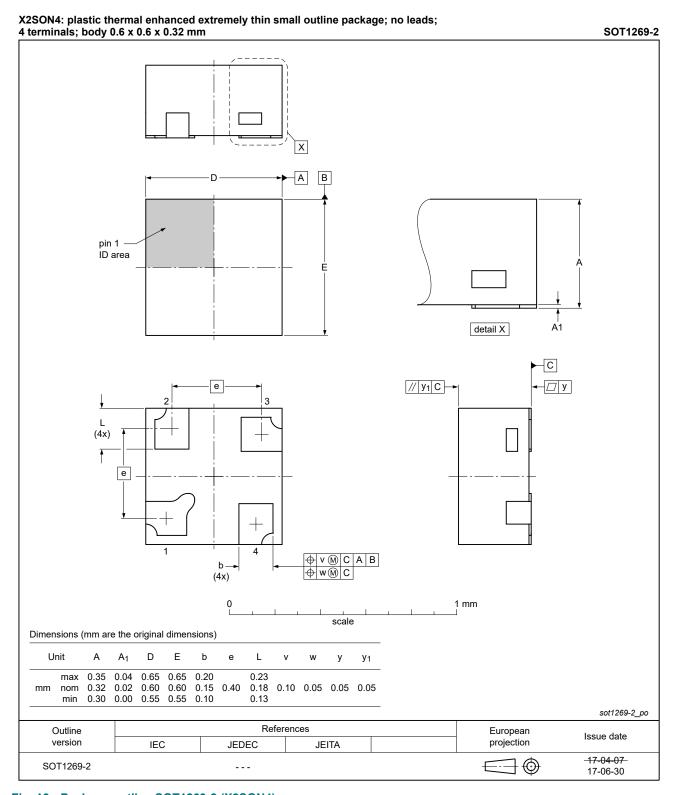


Fig. 16. Package outline SOT1269-2 (X2SON4)

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### 13. Abbreviations

#### **Table 12. Abbreviations**

| Acronym | Description             |
|---------|-------------------------|
| CDM     | Charged Device Model    |
| DUT     | Device Under Test       |
| ESD     | ElectroStatic Discharge |
| НВМ     | Human Body Model        |
| MM      | Machine Model           |

## 14. Revision history

### Table 13. Revision history

| Document ID    | Release date | Data sheet status   | Change notice | Supersedes     |  |
|----------------|--------------|---|---------------|----------------|--|
| 74AUP1G04 v.11 | 20220113     | Product data sheet  | -             | 74AUP1G04 v.10 |  |
| Modifications: |              | <ul> <li>Section 1 and Section 2 updated.</li> <li>Fig. 10: Package outline drawing for SOT353-1(TSSOP5) has changed.</li> </ul>  |               |                |  |
| 74AUP1G04 v.10 | 20210430     | Product data sheet  | -             | 74AUP1G04 v.9  |  |
| Modifications: | Type numb    | Type number 74AUP1G04GF (SOT891/XSON6) removed.   |               |                |  |
| 74AUP1G04 v.9  | 20180608     | Product data sheet  | -             | 74AUP1G04 v.8  |  |
| Modifications: | Added type   | Added type number 74AUP1G04GX4 (SOT1269-2/X2SON4)   |               |                |  |
| 74AUP1G04 v.8  | 20171107     | Product data sheet  | -             | 74AUP1G04 v.7  |  |
| Modifications: | guidelines   | <ul> <li>The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia.</li> <li>Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate.</li> </ul> |               |                |  |
| 74AUP1G04 v.7  | 20120627     | Product data sheet  | -             | 74AUP1G04 v.6  |  |
| Modifications: | Added type   | Added type number 74AUP1G04GX (SOT1226)   |               |                |  |
| 74AUP1G04 v.6  | 20120214     | Product data sheet  | -             | 74AUP1G04 v.5  |  |
| Modifications: | Package ou   | Package outline drawing of SOT886 (Fig. 12) modified.   |               |                |  |
| 74AUP1G04 v.5  | 20111205     | Product data sheet  | -             | 74AUP1G04 v.4  |  |
| Modifications: | Legal page   | Legal pages updated.  |               |                |  |
| 74AUP1G04 v.4  | 20100630     | Product data sheet  | -             | 74AUP1G04 v.3  |  |
| 74AUP1G04 v.3  | 20091105     | Product data sheet  | -             | 74AUP1G04 v.2  |  |
| 74AUP1G04 v.2  | 20060628     | Product data sheet  | -             | 74AUP1G04 v.1  |  |
| 74AUP1G04 v.1  | 20050718     | Product data sheet  | -             | -              |  |

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### 15. Legal information

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| Document status [1][2]         | Product<br>status [3] | Definition  |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
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| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification         | This document contains data from the preliminary specification.                       |
| Product [short]<br>data sheet  | Production            | This document contains the product specification.                                     |

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