

Low Voltage Detector with Individual SENSE Pin and Delay Function

No. EA-242-190418

OUTLINE

The R3118x is a voltage detector IC with individual sense pin, high detector threshold accuracy and delay time, and ultra-low supply current, which can be operated at an extremely low voltage and is used for system reset as an example. Each of the IC consists of a voltage reference unit, a hysteresis comparator, resistors net for detector threshold setting, an output driver transistor, and a delay circuit.

V_{DD} supply pin for the IC and voltage supervisory sense pin are individual, therefore the output pin can keep "L" level even if the sense pin voltage is going down to 0 V, or there is no indefinite range for the sense pin.

Since a delay circuit is built-in, by connecting an external capacitor, any output delay time can be set. In the R3118x, detector released delay time can be set, and detector delay time is not influenced by the external capacitor for the delay time.

The detector threshold is fixed with high accuracy internally and does not require any adjustment. The tolerance of the detector threshold is ± 22.5 mV ($-V_{DET_S} < 1.6$ V) or $\pm 1.5\%$ ($-V_{DET_S} \geq 1.6$ V).

Minimum detector threshold voltage is 0.6 V, ultra-low voltage detector threshold can be set. Output delay time for the detector release can be set with high accuracy. The tolerance of the IC side is $\pm 30\%$. Two output types, Nch. open drain type and CMOS type are available. If the sense pin voltage becomes to equal or lower than the detector threshold voltage, the output voltage becomes "L", and if the sense pin voltage becomes to released voltage, the output voltage becomes "H" after the set delay time.

Three types of packages, SOT-23-5, SC-88A, and DFN(PLP)1212-6 are available.

FEATURES (1)

- Operating Voltage Range (Maximum Rating) 1.0 V to 6.0 V (7.0 V)
- Supply Current⁽²⁾ Typ. 0.4 μ A ($V_{SENSE} \geq +V_{DET}$, $V_{DD} = 6$ V)
- Operating Temperature Range -40°C to 85°C
- Detector Threshold Range 0.6 V to 5.0 V (0.1 V step)
- Accuracy Detector Threshold $\pm 1.5\%$ ($-V_{DET_S} \geq 1.6$ V), ± 22.5 mV ($-V_{DET_S} < 1.6$ V)
- Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Detector Threshold ··· Typ. ± 30 ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Accuracy Detector Released $\pm 30\%$
- Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Detector Released ··· Typ. ± 0.16 ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Output Types Nch Open Drain and CMOS
- Packages DFN(PLP)1212-6, SC-88A, SOT-23-5

APPLICATIONS

- CPU and Logic Circuit Reset
- Battery Checker
- Window Comparator/Level Discrimination
- Battery Back-up Circuit
- Power Failure Detector

(1) $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

(2) Consumption current through SENSE pin is not included.

SELECTION GUIDE

The detector threshold, the output type and the package type for the IC can be selected at the users' request.

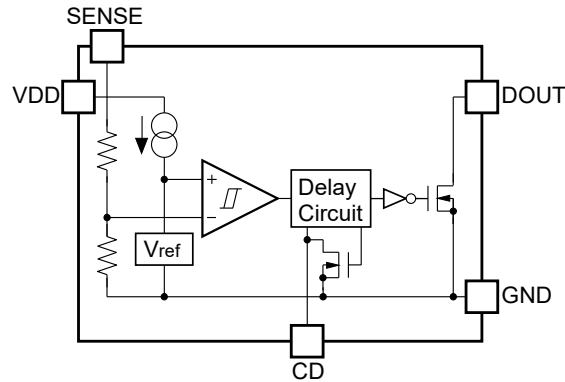
Selection Guide

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R3118Kxx1*-TR	DFN(PLP)1212-6	5,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R3118Qxx2*-TR-FE	SC-88A	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R3118Nxx1*-TR-FE	SOT-23-5	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes

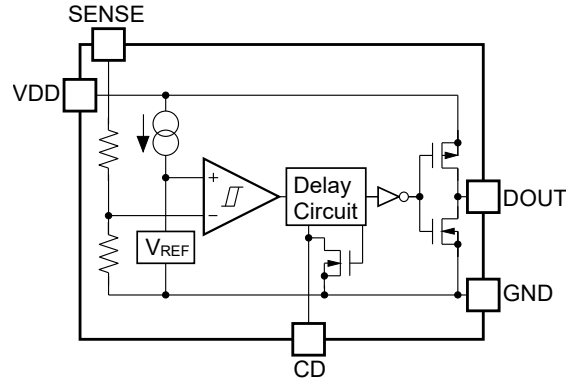
xx: The detector threshold can be designated in the range from 0.6 V (06) to 5.0 V (50) in 0.1 V step.

* : Designation of Output Type
(A) Nch Open Drain
(C) CMOS

BLOCK DIAGRAMS

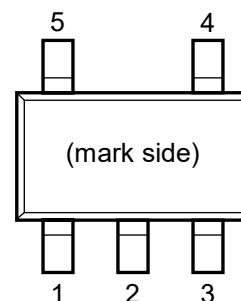
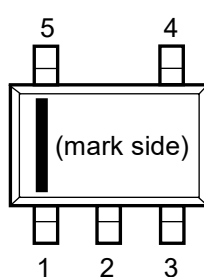
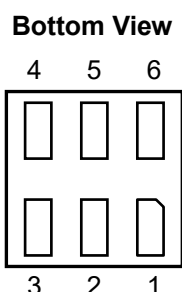
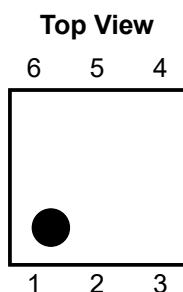


R3118xxxxA (Nch. Open Drain Output)
Block Diagram



R3118xxxxC (CMOS Output)
Block Diagram

PIN DESCRIPTIONS



DFN(PLP)1212-6 Pin Configuration

SC-88A Pin Configuration

SOT-23-5 Pin Configuration

DFN(PLP)1212-6 Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	SENSE	Voltage Detector Voltage Sense Pin
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	CD	Pin for External Capacitor (for setting output delay)
4	VDD	Input Pin
5	NC	No Connection
6	DOUT	Output Pin ("L" at detection)

SC-88A Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	DOUT	Output Pin ("L" at detection)
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	VDD	Input Pin
4	CD	Pin for External Capacitor (for setting output delay)
5	SENSE	Voltage Detector Voltage Sense Pin

SOT-23-5 Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	DOUT	Output Pin ("L" at detection)
2	VDD	Input Pin
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	CD	Pin for External Capacitor (for setting output delay)
5	SENSE	Voltage Detector Voltage Sense Pin

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Item			Rating	Unit
V _{DD}	Supply Voltage			−0.3 to 7.0	V
V _{SENSE}	SENSE Pin Voltage			−0.3 to 7.0	V
V _{DOUT}	Output Voltage (R3118xxxxA)			−0.3 to 7.0	V
	Output Voltage (R3118xxxxC)			−0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	
I _{DOUT}	Output Current Nch Driver (Sink Current)			20	mA
	Output Current Pch Driver (Source Current)			−5	
P _D	Power Dissipation ⁽¹⁾	DFN(PLP)1212-6	JEDEC STD.51-7 Test Land Pattern	450	mW
		SC-88A	Standard Test Land Pattern	380	
		SOT-23-5	JEDEC STD.51-7 Test Land Pattern	660	
T _j	Junction Temperature Range			−40 to 125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range			−55 to 125	°C

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage and may degrade the lifetime and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage	1.0 to 6.0	V
T_a	Operating Temperature Range	−40 to 85	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

⁽¹⁾ Refer to *POWER DISSIPATION* for detailed information.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{DD} = 1\text{ V to }6\text{ V}$, unless otherwise specified.

The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$.

R3118xxxxA/C Electrical Characteristics

($T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Symbol	Item	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$-V_{DET}$	Detector Threshold	$-V_{DET_S}^{(1)} < 1.6\text{ V}$	$T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$-V_{DET_S}$ -0.0225	$-V_{DET_S}$	$-V_{DET_S}$ +0.0225	V
			$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	$-V_{DET_S}$ -0.0375	$-V_{DET_S}$	$-V_{DET_S}$ +0.0375	
		$-V_{DET_S} \geq 1.6\text{ V}$	$T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$-V_{DET_S}$ $\times 0.985$	$-V_{DET_S}$	$-V_{DET_S}$ $\times 1.015$	
			$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	$-V_{DET_S}$ $\times 0.975$	$-V_{DET_S}$	$-V_{DET_S}$ $\times 1.025$	
V_{HYS}	Detector threshold Hysteresis	$T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		$-V_{DET_S}$ $\times 0.040$	$-V_{DET_S}$ $\times 0.055$	$-V_{DET_S}$ $\times 0.070$	V
		$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$		$-V_{DET_S}$ $\times 0.035$	$-V_{DET_S}$ $\times 0.055$	$-V_{DET_S}$ $\times 0.075$	
I_{SS}	Supply Current ⁽²⁾	$V_{SENSE} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 6\text{ V}$			0.480	1.450	μA
		$V_{SENSE} = 6\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 6\text{ V}$			0.400	1.200	
R_{SENSE}	Sense Resistor	$V_{SENSE} = 6\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 6\text{ V}$		9	34	58	$\text{M}\Omega$
I_{DOUT}	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch. $V_{SENSE} = 0\text{ V}$	$V_{DD} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{DOUT} = 0.1\text{ V}$	0.150			mA
			$V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{DOUT} = 0.1\text{ V}$	0.550			
			$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{DOUT} = 0.1\text{ V}$	0.850			
			$V_{DD} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{DOUT} = 0.4\text{ V}$	0.400			
			$V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{DOUT} = 0.4\text{ V}$	2.100			
			$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{DOUT} = 0.4\text{ V}$	3.300			
		Pch $V_{SENSE} = 6\text{ V}$ (R3118xxxxC)	$V_{DD} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{DOUT} = 0.9\text{ V}$	6			μA
			$V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{DOUT} = 2.9\text{ V}$	30			
			$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{DOUT} = 4.9\text{ V}$	45			
I_{LEAK}	Nch Driver Leakage Current (R3118xxxxA)	$V_{SENSE} = 6\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 6\text{ V}$, $V_{DOUT} = 6\text{ V}$				80	nA
R_{DIS}	CD pin Discharge Tr. On Resistance	$V_{SENSE} = 6\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{CD} = 0.4\text{ V}$		2.200		6.200	k Ω
		$V_{SENSE} = 6\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{CD} = 0.4\text{ V}$		0.400		1.250	
		$V_{SENSE} = 6\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CD} = 0.4\text{ V}$		0.250		0.800	

⁽¹⁾ $-V_{DET_S}$: Set Detector Threshold

⁽²⁾ Consumption current through SENSE pin is not included.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$V_{DD} = 1\text{ V to }6\text{ V}$, unless otherwise specified.

The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$.

R3118xxxxA/C Electrical Characteristics

(Ta = 25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
t_{RESET}	Detect Output Delay Time ⁽¹⁾	Ta = 25°C		80		μs
t_{DELAY}	Release Output Delay Time ⁽²⁾	Ta = 25°C	70	100	130	ms
		$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	65	100	145	

All of unit are tested and specified under load conditions such that $T_j \approx T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ except for Detector Output Delay Time and Release Output Delay Time.

⁽¹⁾ **R3118xxxxC:** In the case that a 0.022 μF capacitor is connected to the CD pin, the time interval from forcing pulsvie voltage between $-V_{\text{DET_S}} \times 1.155\text{ V}$ and $-V_{\text{DET_S}} \times 0.9\text{ V}$ to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage of the DOUT pin will reach from "H" to $V_{DD}/2$.

R3118xxxxA: In the case that a 0.022 μF capacitor is connected to the CD pin and the DOUT pin is pulled up to 5 V with 470 kΩ, the time interval from forcing pulsvie voltage between $-V_{\text{DET_S}} \times 1.155\text{ V}$ and $-V_{\text{DET_S}} \times 0.9\text{ V}$ to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage reaches from "H" to 2.5V.

⁽²⁾ **R3118xxxxC:** In the case that a 0.022 μF capacitor is connected to the CD pin, the time interval from forcing pulsvie voltage between $-V_{\text{DET_S}} \times 0.9\text{ V}$ and $-V_{\text{DET_S}} \times 1.155\text{ V}$ to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage of the DOUT pin will reach from "L" to $V_{DD}/2$.

R3118xxxxA: In the case that a 0.022 μF capacitor is connected to the CD pin and the DOUT pin is pulled up to 5 V with 470 kΩ, the time interval from forcing pulsvie voltage between $-V_{\text{DET_S}} \times 0.9\text{ V}$ and $-V_{\text{DET_S}} \times 1.155\text{ V}$ to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage reaches from "L" to 2.5 V.

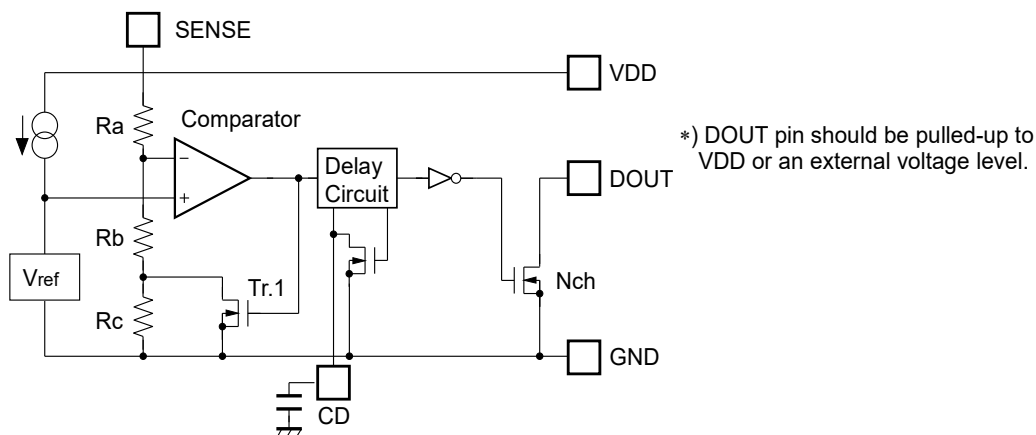
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$.

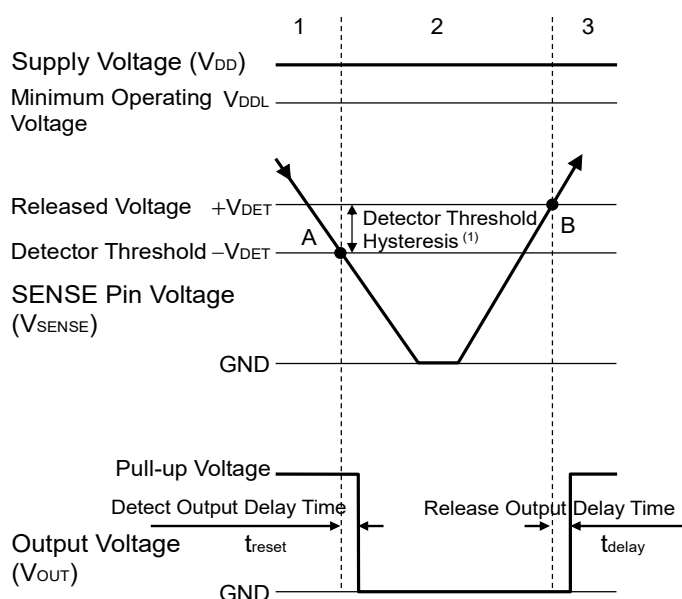
R3118xxxxA/C

Product Name	-V _{DET} [V]						-V _{HYS} [V]					
	T _a = 25°C			-40°C ≤ T _a ≤ 85°C			T _a = 25°C			-40°C ≤ T _a ≤ 85°C		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
R3118x06xx	0.5775	0.6000	0.6225	0.5625	0.6000	0.6375	0.0240	0.0330	0.0420	0.0210	0.0330	0.0450
R3118x07xx	0.6775	0.7000	0.7225	0.6625	0.7000	0.7375	0.0280	0.0385	0.0490	0.0245	0.0385	0.0525
R3118x08xx	0.7775	0.8000	0.8225	0.7625	0.8000	0.8375	0.0320	0.0440	0.0560	0.0280	0.0440	0.0600
R3118x09xx	0.8775	0.9000	0.9225	0.8625	0.9000	0.9375	0.0360	0.0495	0.0630	0.0315	0.0495	0.0675
R3118x10xx	0.9775	1.0000	1.0225	0.9625	1.0000	1.0375	0.0400	0.0550	0.0700	0.0350	0.0550	0.0750
R3118x11xx	1.0775	1.1000	1.1225	1.0625	1.1000	1.1375	0.0440	0.0605	0.0770	0.0385	0.0605	0.0825
R3118x12xx	1.1775	1.2000	1.2225	1.1625	1.2000	1.2375	0.0480	0.0660	0.0840	0.0420	0.0660	0.0900
R3118x13xx	1.2775	1.3000	1.3225	1.2625	1.3000	1.3375	0.0520	0.0715	0.0910	0.0455	0.0715	0.0975
R3118x14xx	1.3775	1.4000	1.4225	1.3625	1.4000	1.4375	0.0560	0.0770	0.0980	0.0490	0.0770	0.1050
R3118x15xx	1.4775	1.5000	1.5225	1.4625	1.5000	1.5375	0.0600	0.0825	0.1050	0.0525	0.0825	0.1125
R3118x16xx	1.5760	1.6000	1.6240	1.5600	1.6000	1.6400	0.0640	0.0880	0.1120	0.0560	0.0880	0.1200
R3118x17xx	1.6745	1.7000	1.7255	1.6575	1.7000	1.7425	0.0680	0.0935	0.1190	0.0595	0.0935	0.1275
R3118x18xx	1.7730	1.8000	1.8270	1.7550	1.8000	1.8450	0.0720	0.0990	0.1260	0.0630	0.0990	0.1350
R3118x19xx	1.8715	1.9000	1.9285	1.8525	1.9000	1.9475	0.0760	0.1045	0.1330	0.0665	0.1045	0.1425
R3118x20xx	1.9700	2.0000	2.0300	1.9500	2.0000	2.0500	0.0800	0.1100	0.1400	0.0700	0.1100	0.1500
R3118x21xx	2.0685	2.1000	2.1315	2.0475	2.1000	2.1525	0.0840	0.1155	0.1470	0.0735	0.1155	0.1575
R3118x22xx	2.1670	2.2000	2.2330	2.1450	2.2000	2.2550	0.0880	0.1210	0.1540	0.0770	0.1210	0.1650
R3118x23xx	2.2655	2.3000	2.3345	2.2425	2.3000	2.3575	0.0920	0.1265	0.1610	0.0805	0.1265	0.1725
R3118x24xx	2.3640	2.4000	2.4360	2.3400	2.4000	2.4600	0.0960	0.1320	0.1680	0.0840	0.1320	0.1800
R3118x25xx	2.4625	2.5000	2.5375	2.4375	2.5000	2.5625	0.1000	0.1375	0.1750	0.0875	0.1375	0.1875
R3118x26xx	2.5610	2.6000	2.6390	2.5350	2.6000	2.6650	0.1040	0.1430	0.1820	0.0910	0.1430	0.1950
R3118x271x	2.6595	2.7000	2.7405	2.6325	2.7000	2.7675	0.1080	0.1485	0.1890	0.0945	0.1485	0.2025
R3118x28xx	2.7580	2.8000	2.8420	2.7300	2.8000	2.8700	0.1120	0.1540	0.1960	0.0980	0.1540	0.2100
R3118x29xx	2.8565	2.9000	2.9435	2.8275	2.9000	2.9725	0.1160	0.1595	0.2030	0.1015	0.1595	0.2175
R3118x30xx	2.9550	3.0000	3.0450	2.9250	3.0000	3.0750	0.1200	0.1650	0.2100	0.1050	0.1650	0.2250
R3118x31xx	3.0535	3.1000	3.1465	3.0225	3.1000	3.1775	0.1240	0.1705	0.2170	0.1085	0.1705	0.2325
R3118x32xx	3.1520	3.2000	3.2480	3.1200	3.2000	3.2800	0.1280	0.1760	0.2240	0.1120	0.1760	0.2400
R3118x33xx	3.2505	3.3000	3.3495	3.2175	3.3000	3.3825	0.1320	0.1815	0.2310	0.1155	0.1815	0.2475
R3118x34xx	3.3490	3.4000	3.4510	3.3150	3.4000	3.4850	0.1360	0.1870	0.2380	0.1190	0.1870	0.2550
R3118x35xx	3.4475	3.5000	3.5525	3.4125	3.5000	3.5875	0.1400	0.1925	0.2450	0.1225	0.1925	0.2625
R3118x36xx	3.5460	3.6000	3.6540	3.5100	3.6000	3.6900	0.1440	0.1980	0.2520	0.1260	0.1980	0.2700
R3118x37xx	3.6445	3.7000	3.7555	3.6075	3.7000	3.7925	0.1480	0.2035	0.2590	0.1295	0.2035	0.2775
R3118x38xx	3.7430	3.8000	3.8570	3.7050	3.8000	3.8950	0.1520	0.2090	0.2660	0.1330	0.2090	0.2850
R3118x39xx	3.8415	3.9000	3.9585	3.8025	3.9000	3.9975	0.1560	0.2145	0.2730	0.1365	0.2145	0.2925
R3118x40xx	3.9400	4.0000	4.0600	3.9000	4.0000	4.1000	0.1600	0.2200	0.2800	0.1400	0.2200	0.3000
R3118x41xx	4.0385	4.1000	4.1615	3.9975	4.1000	4.2025	0.1640	0.2255	0.2870	0.1435	0.2255	0.3075
R3118x42xx	4.1370	4.2000	4.2630	4.0950	4.2000	4.3050	0.1680	0.2310	0.2940	0.1470	0.2310	0.3150
R3118x43xx	4.2355	4.3000	4.3645	4.1925	4.3000	4.4075	0.1720	0.2365	0.3010	0.1505	0.2365	0.3225
R3118x44xx	4.3340	4.4000	4.4660	4.2900	4.4000	4.5100	0.1760	0.2420	0.3080	0.1540	0.2420	0.3300
R3118x45xx	4.4325	4.5000	4.5675	4.3875	4.5000	4.6125	0.1800	0.2475	0.3150	0.1575	0.2475	0.3375
R3118x46xx	4.5310	4.6000	4.6690	4.4850	4.6000	4.7150	0.1840	0.2530	0.3220	0.1610	0.2530	0.3450
R3118x47xx	4.6295	4.7000	4.7705	4.5825	4.7000	4.8175	0.1880	0.2585	0.3290	0.1645	0.2585	0.3525
R3118x48xx	4.7280	4.8000	4.8720	4.6800	4.8000	4.9200	0.1920	0.2640	0.3360	0.1680	0.2640	0.3600
R3118x49xx	4.8265	4.9000	4.9735	4.7775	4.9000	5.0225	0.1960	0.2695	0.3430	0.1715	0.2695	0.3675
R3118x50xx	4.9250	5.0000	5.0750	4.8750	5.0000	5.1250	0.2000	0.2750	0.3500	0.1750	0.2750	0.3750

R3118xxxxA (Nch. OPEN-DRAIN OUTPUT)



R3118xxxxA Block Diagram with External Capacitor



Operation Diagram

Step		1	2	3
Comparator (–) Pin Input Voltage		I	II	I
Comparator Output		L	H	L
Tr.1		OFF	ON	OFF
Output Tr.	Nch	OFF	ON	OFF

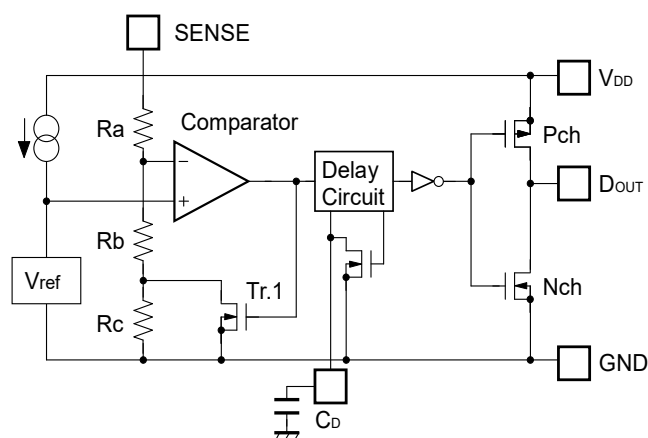
$$I = \frac{R_b + R_c}{R_a + R_b + R_c} \times V_{\text{SENSE}}$$

$$I = \frac{R_b}{R_a + R_b} \times V_{\text{SENSE}}$$

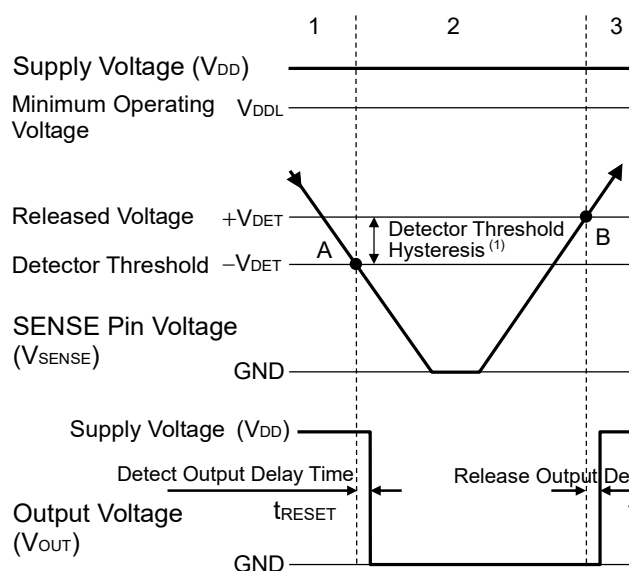
- Step 1. The output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage.
- Step 2. At Point "A", $V_{REF} \leq V_{SENSE} \times (R_b + R_c) / (R_a + R_b + R_c)$ is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "L" to "H", therefore the output voltage becomes the GND level. The voltage level of Point A means a detector threshold voltage ($-V_{DET}$). (When the supply voltage is lower than the minimum operating voltage, the operation of the output transistor becomes indefinite. The output voltage is equal to the GND level.)
- Step 3. At Point "B", $V_{REF} \leq V_{SENSE} \times R_b / (R_a + R_b)$ is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "H" to "L", then the output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage. The voltage level of Point B means a released voltage ($+V_{DET}$).

⁽¹⁾ The difference between a released voltage and a detector threshold voltage is a detector threshold hysteresis.

R3118xxxxC (CMOS OUTPUT)



R3118xxxC Block Diagram with External Capacitor



Step	1	2	3
Comparator (-) Pin Input Voltage	I	II	I
Comparator Output	L	H	L
Tr.1	OFF	ON	OFF
Output Tr.	Pch	ON	OFF
	Nch	OFF	ON

$$I \quad \frac{R_b + R_c}{R_a + R_b + R_c} \times V_{SENSE}$$

$$II \quad \frac{R_b}{R_a + R_b} \times V_{SENSE}$$

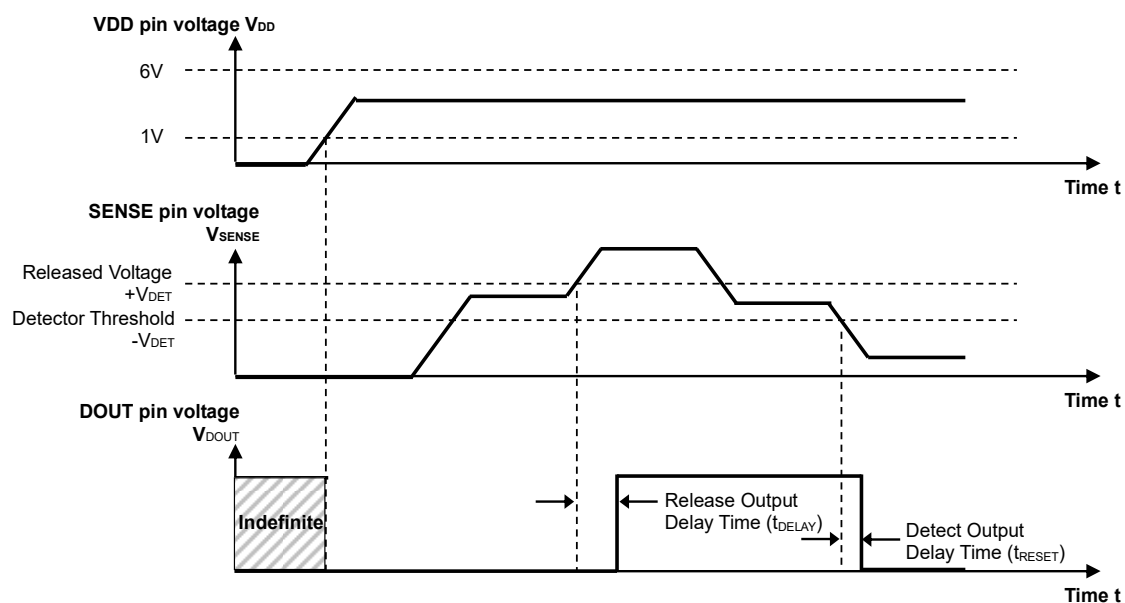
Operation Diagram

Step 1. The output voltage is equal to the supply voltage (V_{DD}).

Step 2. At Point "A", $V_{REF} \geq V_{SENSE} \times (R_b + R_c) / (R_a + R_b + R_c)$ is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "L" to "H", therefore the output voltage becomes the GND level. The voltage level of Point A means a detector threshold voltage ($-V_{DET}$). (When the supply voltage is lower than the minimum operating voltage, the operation of the output transistor becomes indefinite. The output voltage is equal to the GND level.)

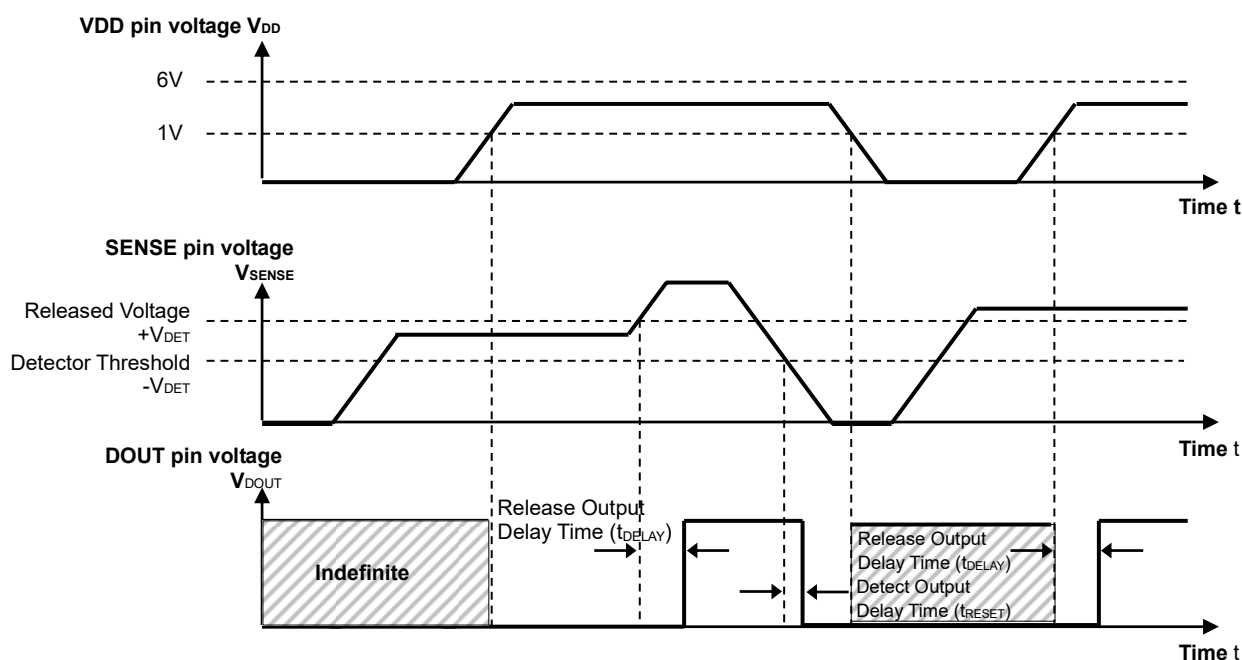
Step 3. At Point "B", $V_{REF} \leq V_{SENSE} \times R_b / (R_a + R_b)$ is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "H" to "L", then the output voltage is equal to the supply voltage (V_{DD}). The voltage level of Point B means a released voltage ($+V_{DET}$).

(1) The difference between a released voltage and a detector threshold voltage is a detector threshold hysteresis.

WHEN POWER TO SENSE PIN TURNING-ON AFTER VDD PIN'S POWER-ON

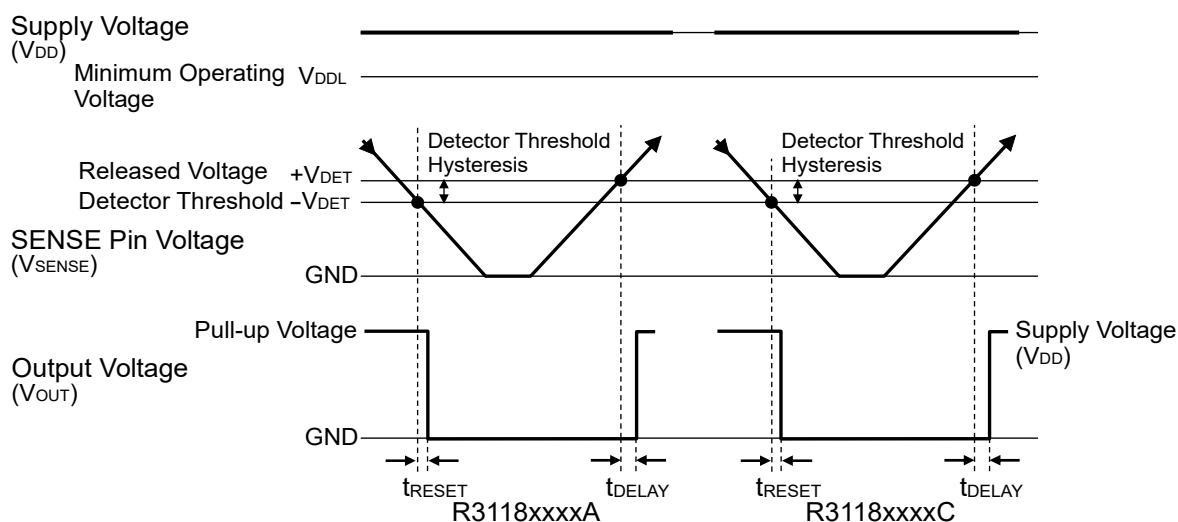
If a voltage is applied to SENSE pin after a power (in the range from 1 V to 6 V) is applied to VDD pin, DOUT pin becomes "L" when the SENSE pin voltage is less than released voltage $+V_{DET}$, and DOUT pin becomes "H" when the SENSE pin voltage is equal or more than the released voltage $+V_{DET}$.

WHEN POWER TO VDD PIN TURNING-ON AFTER SENSE PIN'S POWER-ON

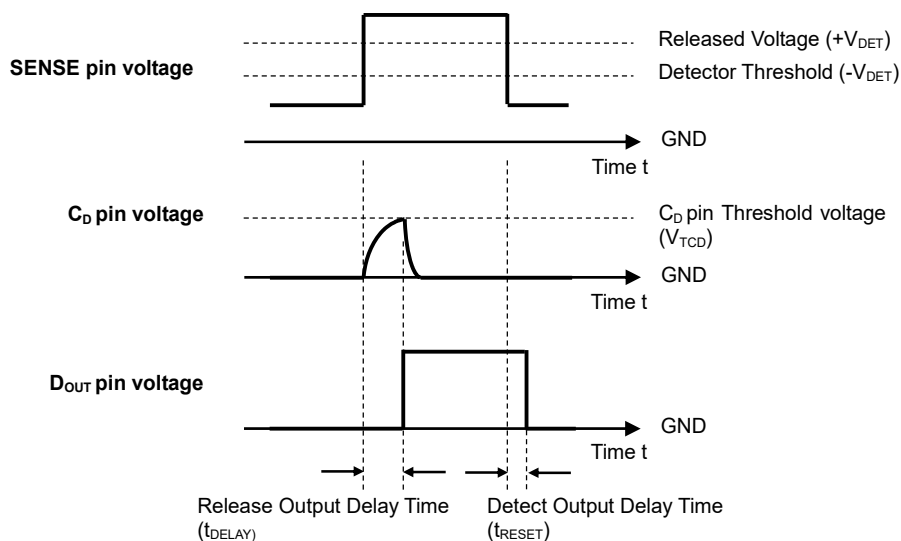


In the case of the SENSE pin voltage is less than released voltage $+V_{DET}$, when the V_{DD} pin voltage becomes to 1 V or more, "L" output of D_{OUT} is determined. In case of the SENSE pin voltage is equal or more than the released voltage $+V_{DET}$, when the V_{DD} pin voltage becomes to 1 V or more, "H" output of D_{OUT} is determined. If the turn on speed of the supply voltage of the V_{DD} pin up to 1 V is slower than the 1 V/s, connect 0.001 μ F or more capacitor to CD pin, otherwise, powering-up of the V_{DD} pin with the SENSE pin output voltage of $-V_{DET} < V_{SENSE} < +V_{DET}$ may result in an unstable D_{OUT} pin output, "H" or "L", at the point where the V_{DD} pin voltage exceeds 1 V.

TIMING CHART



OUTPUT DELAY OPERATION



Output Delay Operation Diagram

A higher voltage than the released voltage is forced to the SENSE pin, charge to the capacitor connected to CD pin is started, then the CD pin voltage increases. Until CD pin voltage reaches to CD pin threshold voltage, the output of DOUT pin voltage keeps "L", then when CD pin voltage is higher than CD pin threshold voltage, the DOUT pin voltage changes from "L" to "H". The released output delay time means the time interval from when the released voltage threshold or more voltage level is forced to SENSE pin to when DOUT voltage changes from "L" to "H".

When the voltage of DOUT pin reverses from "L" to "H", the discharge of the external capacitor connected to CD pin starts. Therefore, the time interval from when the voltage lower than the detector threshold is forced to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage reverses from "H" to "L", or detector output delay time is constant and independent from the external capacitance value. However, after the DOUT pin voltage reverses from "L" to "H", if a voltage lower than the detector threshold is forced to SENSE pin before the capacitor connected to CD pin is discharged, delay time will increase. The time interval (t_{DIS}) from when the capacitor connected to CD pin is discharged completely to when the capacitor is charged to a certain CD pin voltage (described as V_{CD} herein) can be calculated by power supply voltage (V_{DD}), external capacitance (C_D), on resistance of the CD pin discharge transistor (R_{DIS}) as in the next formula:

$$t_{DIS} = -R_{DIS} \times C_D \times \ln(V_{CD} / (V_{DD} \times 0.45))$$

RELEASED OUTPUT DELAY TIME

The release output delay time (t_{DELAY}) can be calculated as in the next formula with an external capacitance value (C_D):

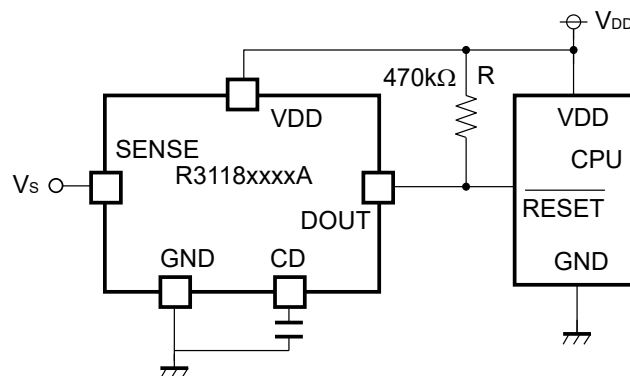
$$t_{DELAY}(s) = 4.545 \times 106 \times C_D(F)$$

During the released delay operation, only a small current will charge the external capacitor connected to CD pin. If the leakage current between CD pin and GND is large, the released delay time may increase or the detector may not be released. And, if the VDD pin voltage varies, the released output delay time will be also shift.

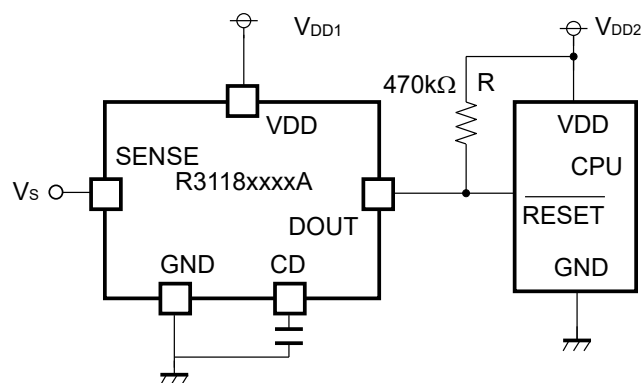
APPLICATION INFORMATION

TYPICAL APPLICATION

R3118xxxxA (Nch. Open-drain Output) CPU Reset Circuit

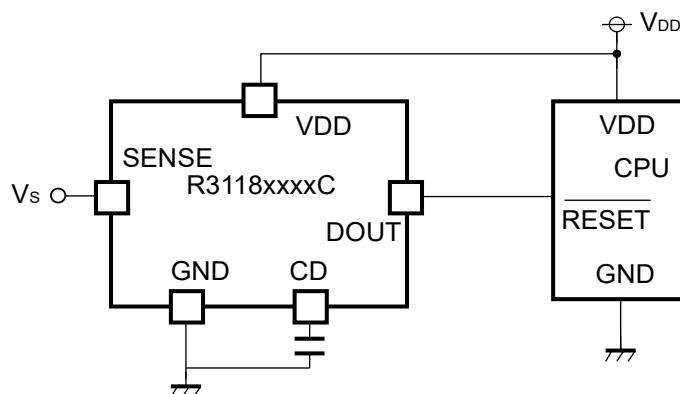


When using a shared input voltage between R3118x and CPU



When using different input voltages between R3118x and CPU

R3118xxxxC (CMOS Output) CPU Reset Circuit



TECHNICAL NOTES

WHEN CONNECTING RESISTORS TO THE DEVICE'S INPUT PIN

When connecting a resistor (R1) to an input of this device, the input voltage decreases by [Device's Consumption Current] x [Resistance Value] only. And, the cross conduction current⁽¹⁾, which occurs when changing from the detecting state to the release state, is decreased the input voltage by [Cross Conduction Current] x [Resistance Value] only. And then, this device will enter the re-detecting state if the input voltage reduction is larger than the difference between the detector voltage and the released voltage.

When the input resistance value is large and the VDD is gone up at mildly in the vicinity of the released voltage, repeating the above operation may result in the occurrence of output.

As shown in Figure A/B, set R1 to become 100 kΩ or less as a guide, and connect C_{IN}⁽²⁾ of 0.1 μF and more to between the input pin and GND. Besides, make evaluations including temperature properties under the actual usage condition, with using the evaluation board like this way. As result, make sure that the cross conduction current has no problem.

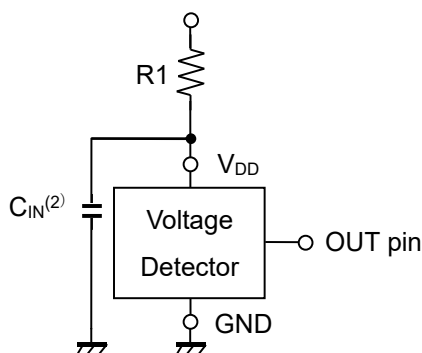


Figure A

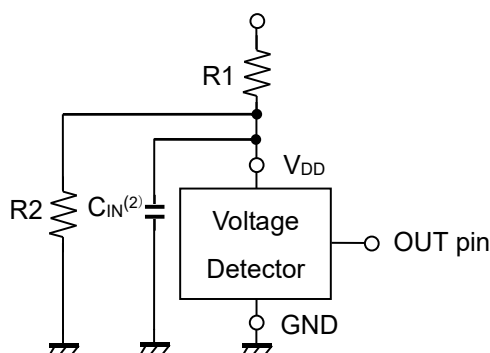


Figure B

⁽¹⁾ In the CMOS output type, a charging current for OUT pin is included.

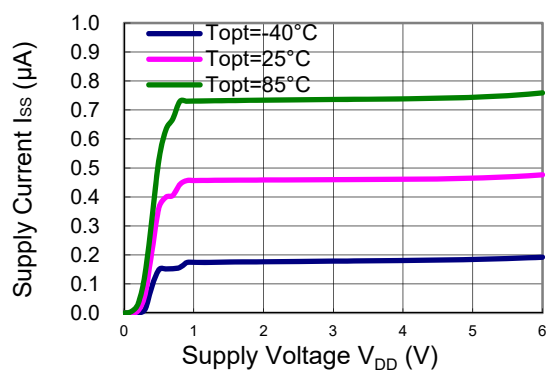
⁽²⁾ Note the bias dependence of capacitors.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

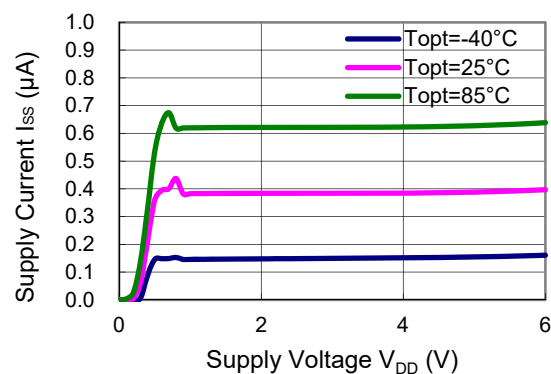
Note: Typical Characteristics are intended to be used as reference data; they are not guaranteed.

1) Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage

R3118xxxxA/C ($V_{\text{SENSE}} = 0 \text{ V}$)

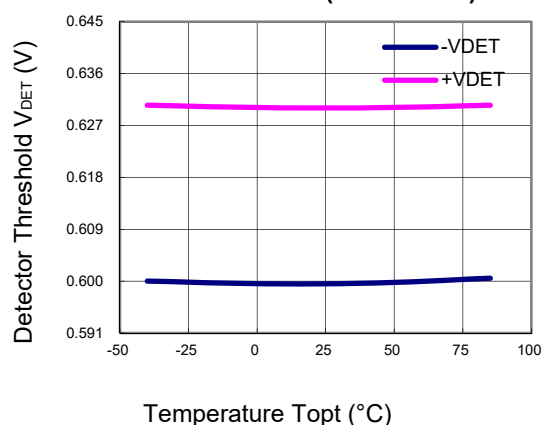


R3118xxxxA/C ($V_{\text{SENSE}} = 6 \text{ V}$)

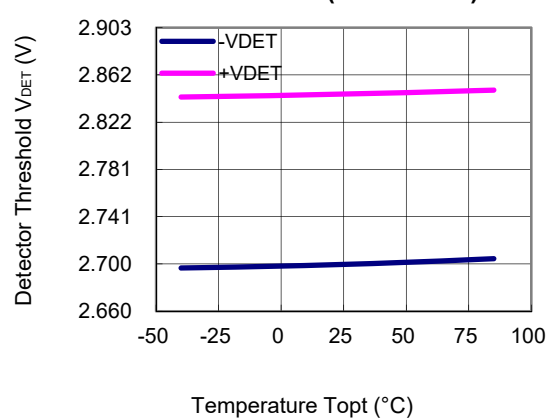


2) Detector Threshold vs. Temperature

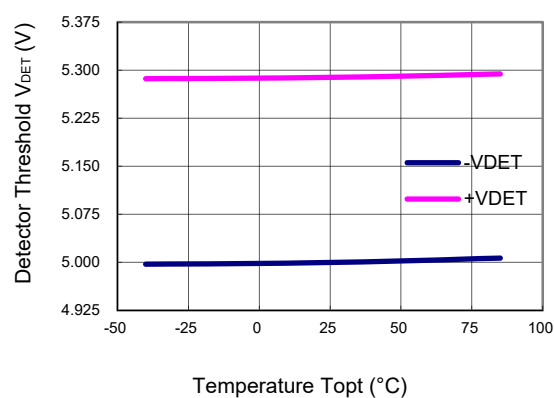
R3118x06xA/C ($V_{\text{DD}} = 5.3 \text{ V}$)



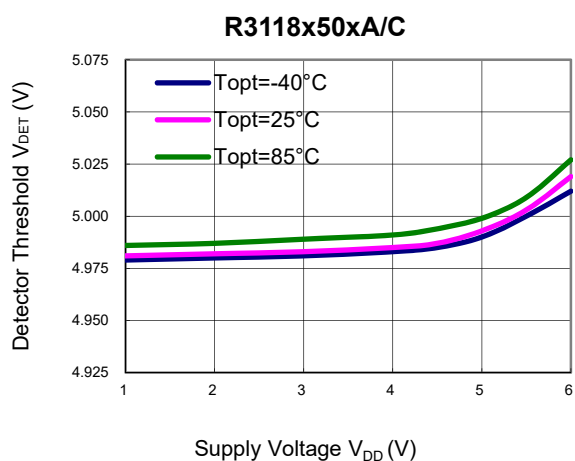
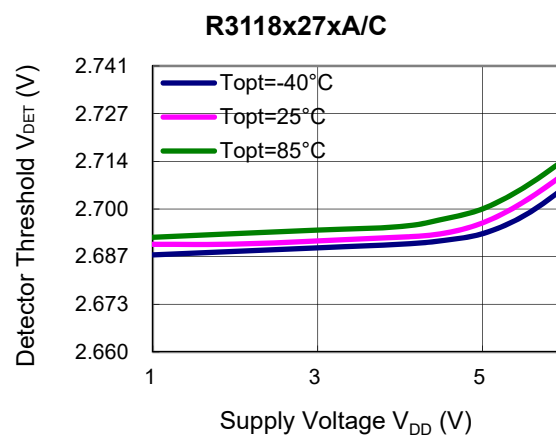
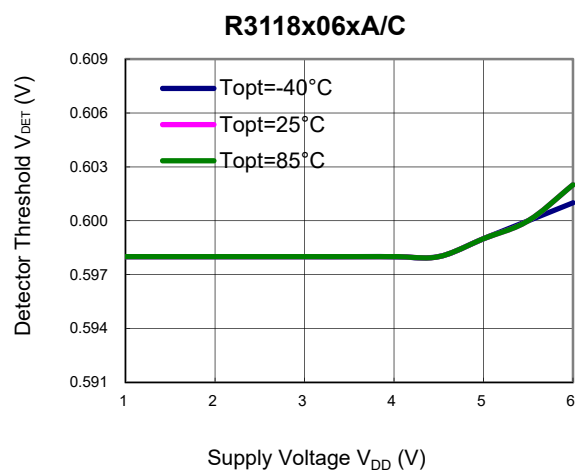
R3118x27xA/C ($V_{\text{DD}} = 5.3 \text{ V}$)



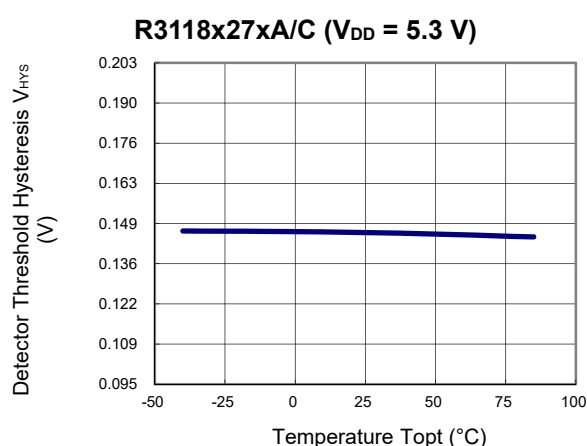
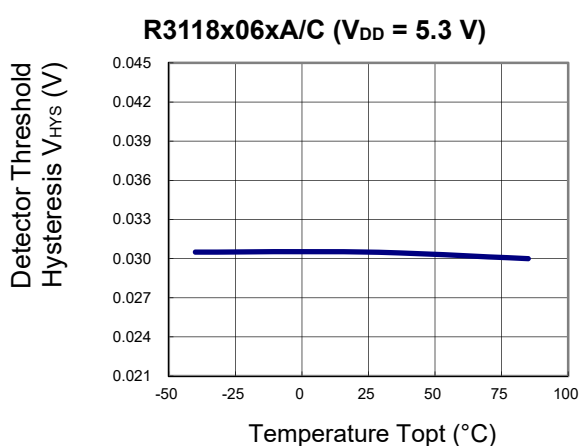
R3118x50xA/C ($V_{\text{DD}} = 5.3 \text{ V}$)

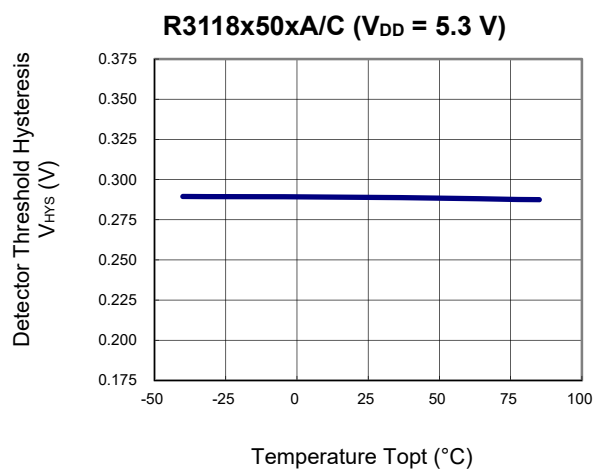


3) Detector Threshold vs. Supply Voltage

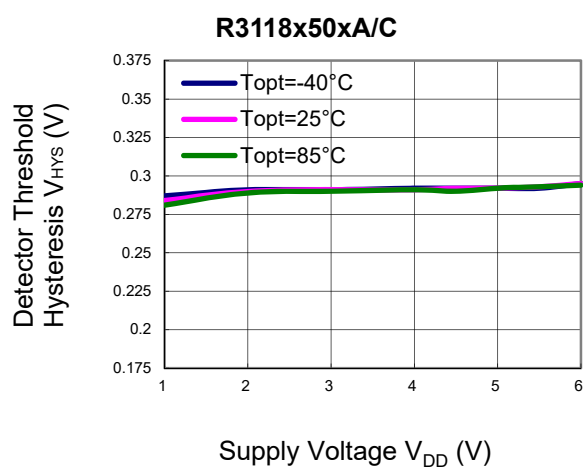
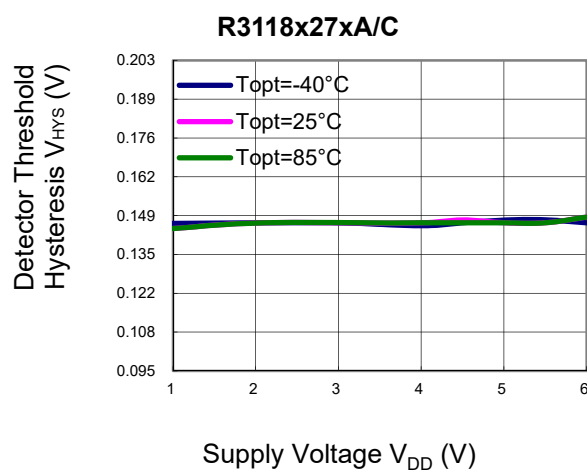
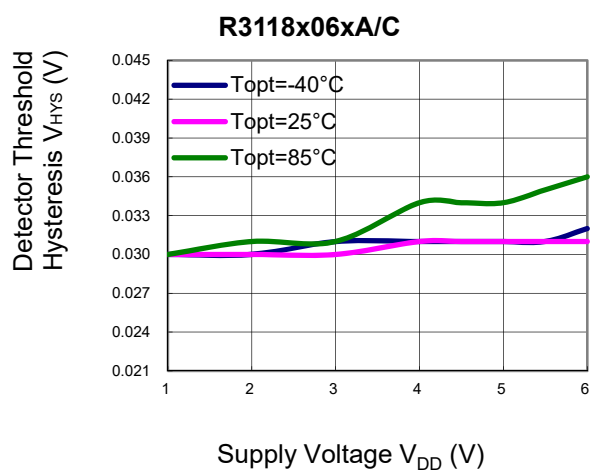


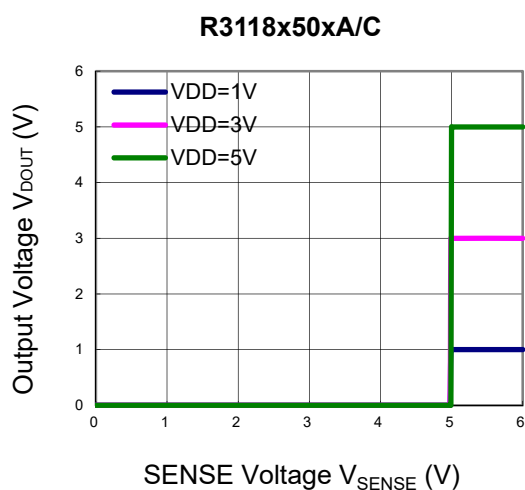
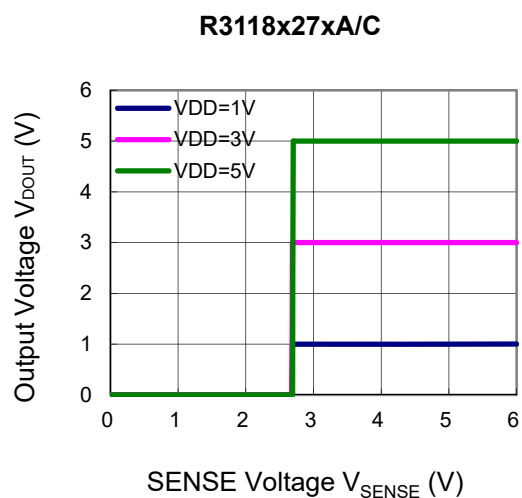
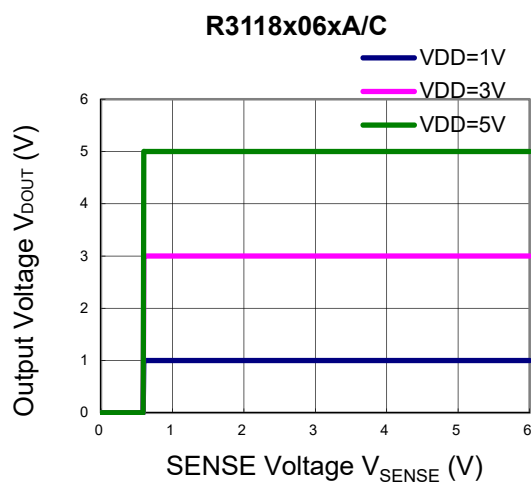
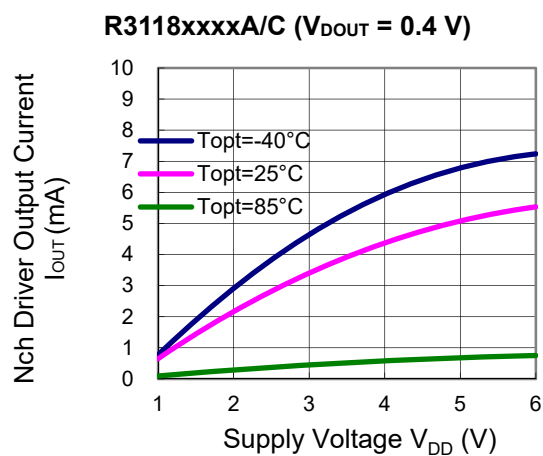
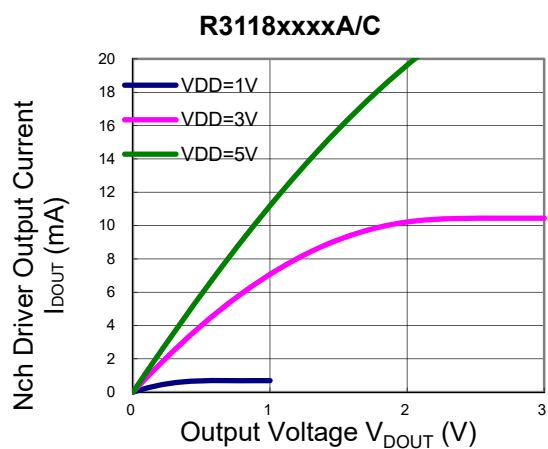
4) Hysteresis vs. Temperature



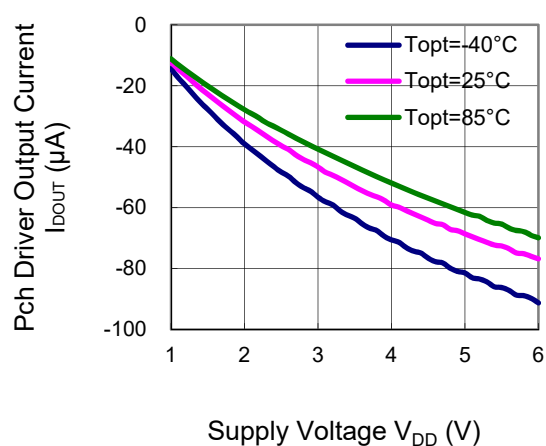


5) Hysteresis vs. Supply Voltage



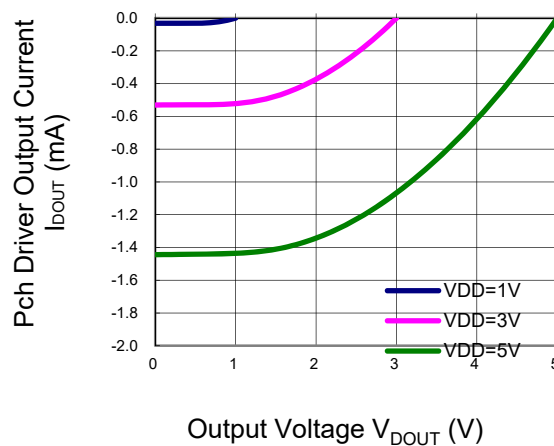
6) Output Voltage vs. SENSE Voltage (DOUT pin is pulled up to VDD pin via 470 k Ω)**7) Nch. Driver Output Current vs. Supply Voltage****8) Nch. Driver Output Current vs. Output Voltage**

9) Pch. Driver Output Current vs. Supply Voltage

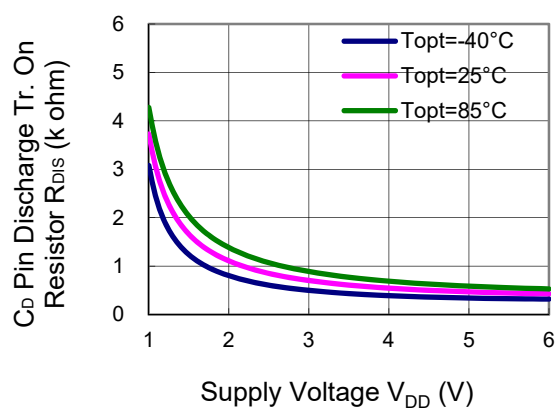
R3118xxxxA/C ($V_{DOUT} = V_{DD} - 0.1 \text{ V}$)

10) Pch Driver Output current vs. Output voltage

R3118xxxxA/C

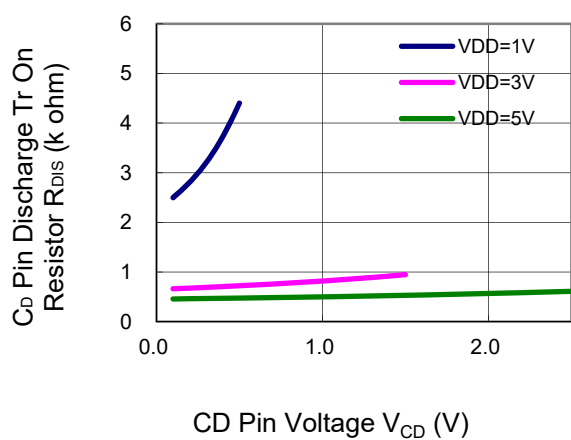


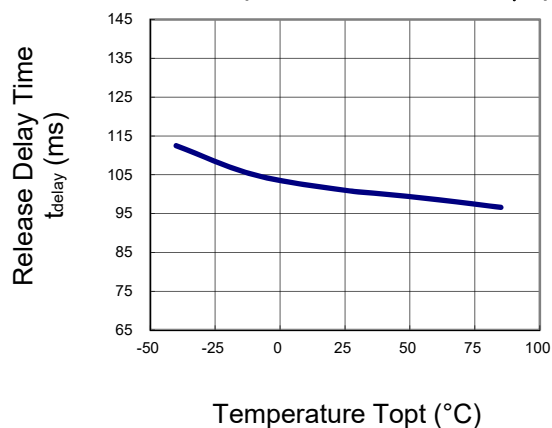
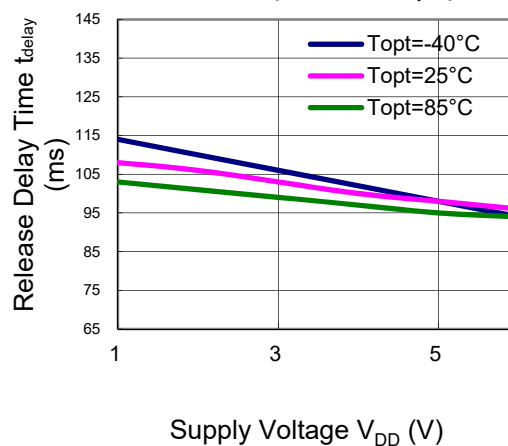
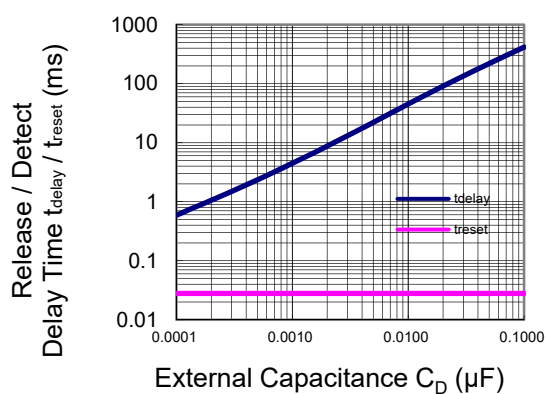
11) CD pin Discharge Tr. On Resistance vs. Supply Voltage

R3118xxxxA/C ($V_{CD} = 0.4 \text{ V}$)

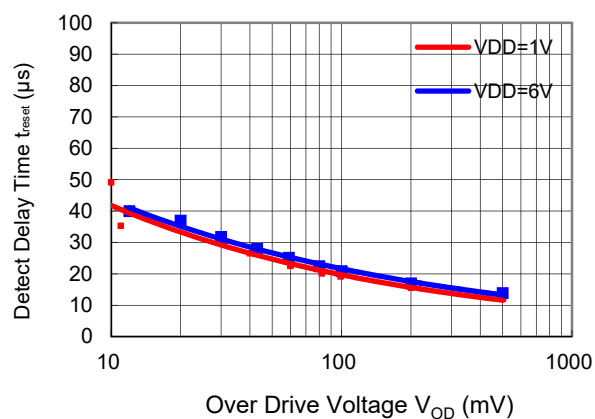
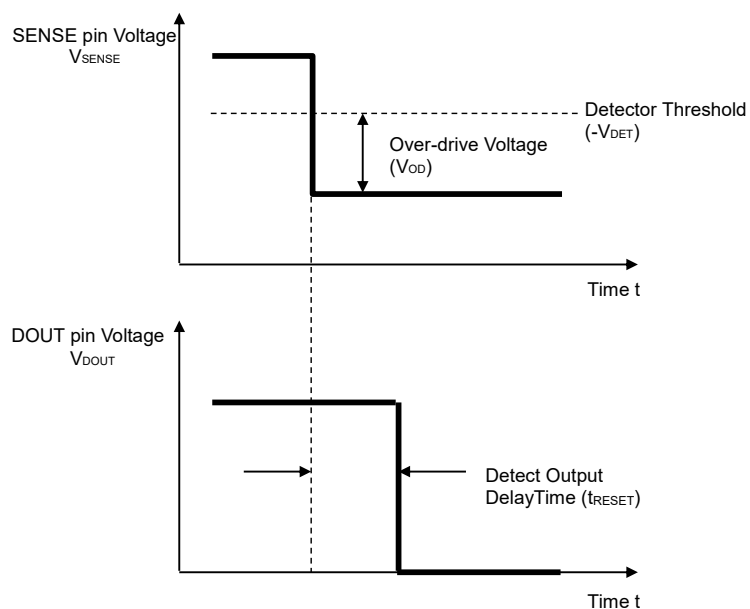
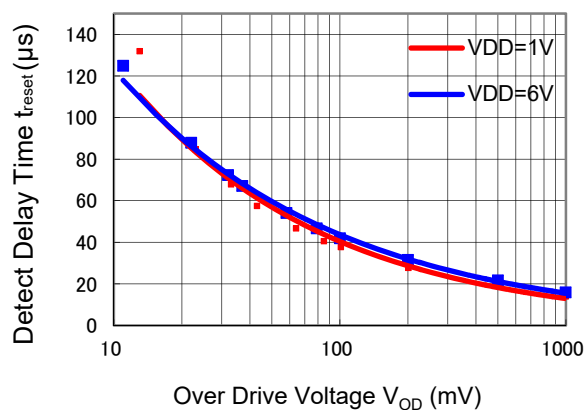
12) CD pin Discharge Transistor On Resistance vs. CD pin Voltage

R3118xxxxA/C

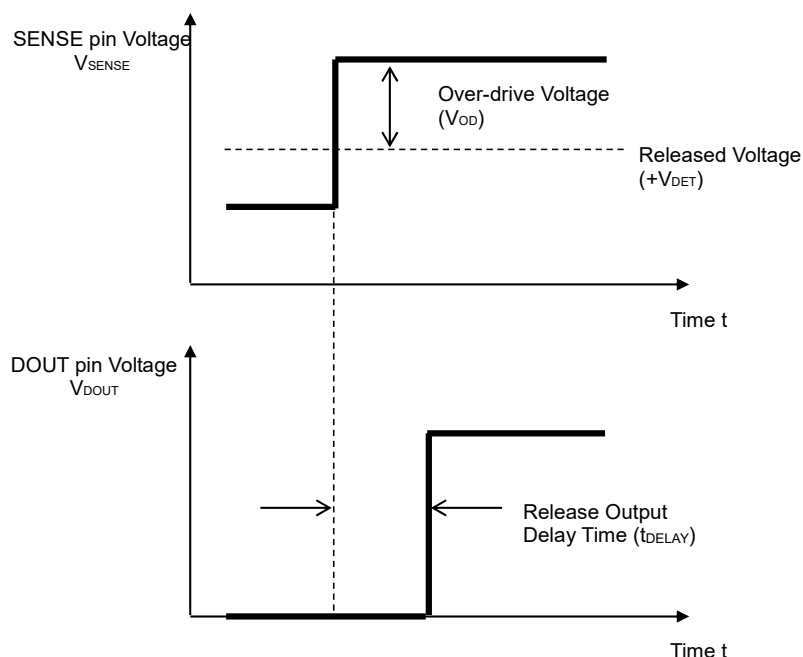
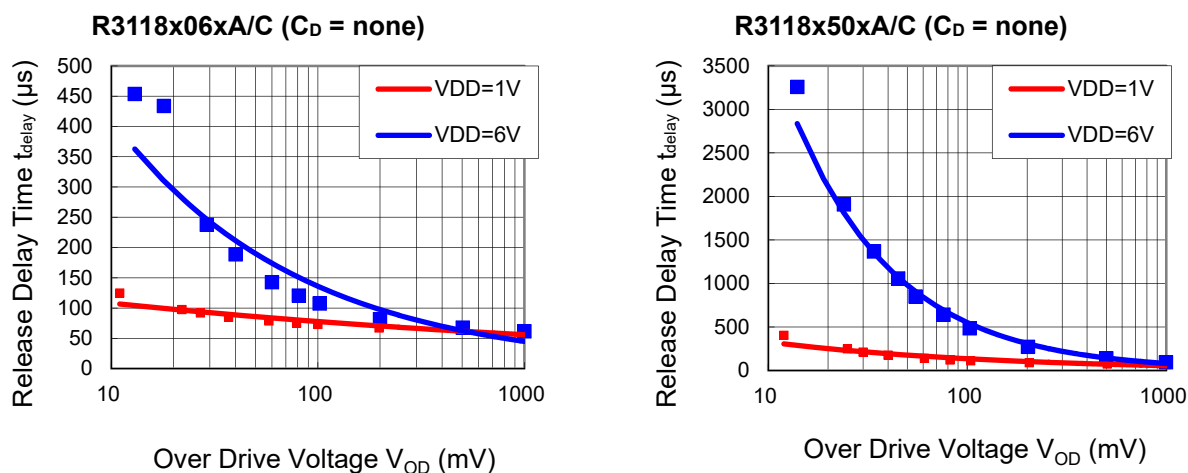


13) Release Output Delay Time vs. Temperature**R3118xxxxA/C ($V_{DD} = 4\text{ V}$, $C_D = 0.022\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)****14) Release Output Delay Time vs. Supply Voltage****R3118xxxxA/C ($C_D = 0.022\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)****15) Detect Output Delay Time/Release Output Delay Time vs. CD pin External Capacitance****R3118xxxxA/C ($V_{DD} = 4\text{ V}$)**

16) Detect Output Delay time vs. Over-drive Voltage

R3118x06xA/C ($C_D = \text{none}$)R3118x50xA/C ($C_D = \text{none}$)

Note: The pulse shorter than the detect output delay time cannot be detected, and "L" does not output from DOUT pin.

17) Release Output Delay time vs. Over-drive Voltage

Notes:

- If the pulse is shorter than the output release delay time, the R3118x cannot be released and "H" does not output from DOUT pin.
- If the attachment capacitor for CD pin for setting a delay time is too small and the difference between the released voltage threshold and the actual released voltage is too small or the slope for rising voltage of the SENSE pin is too slow, the output delay time tolerance will be worse.

Ex. Attachment capacitor = 0.0001 μF , Released voltage threshold = 4.725 V, Actual released voltage = 4.75 V. In this case, the calculated delay time = 0.4545 ms, however, over-drive voltage is only 25 mV. Therefore, the actual delay time will be approximately 2.4545 ms. If the attachment capacitor = 0.001 μF and other conditions are same as above, the calculated delay time = 4.545 ms, and the actual delay time will be approximately 6.545 ms. If the attachment capacitor = 0.01 μF and other conditions are same as above, the calculated delay time = 45.45 ms, and the actual delay time will be approximately 47.45 ms.

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

Measurement Conditions

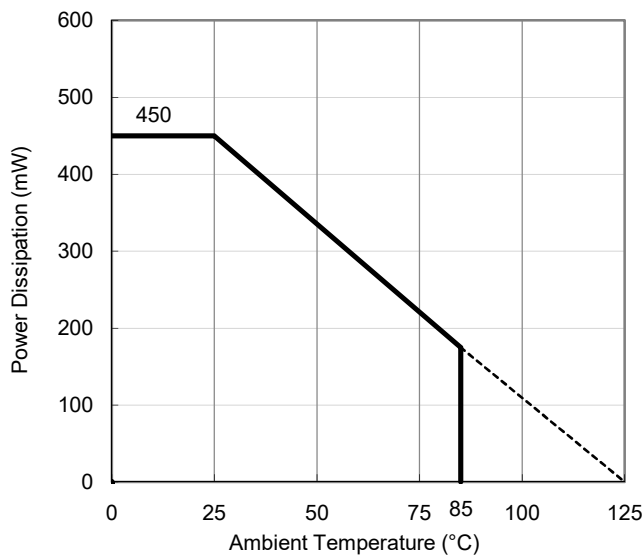
Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	φ 0.2 mm × 14 pcs

Measurement Result

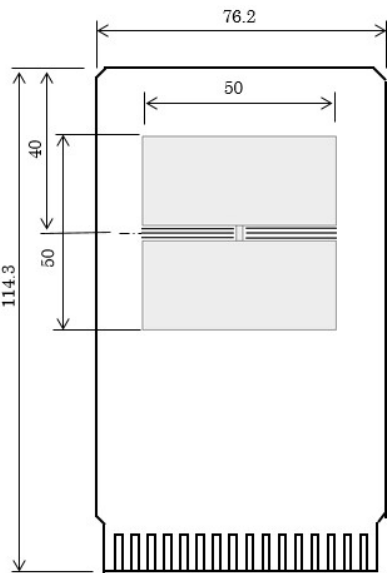
(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 125°C)

Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	450 mW
Thermal Resistance (θja)	θja = 218°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	ψjt = 105°C/W

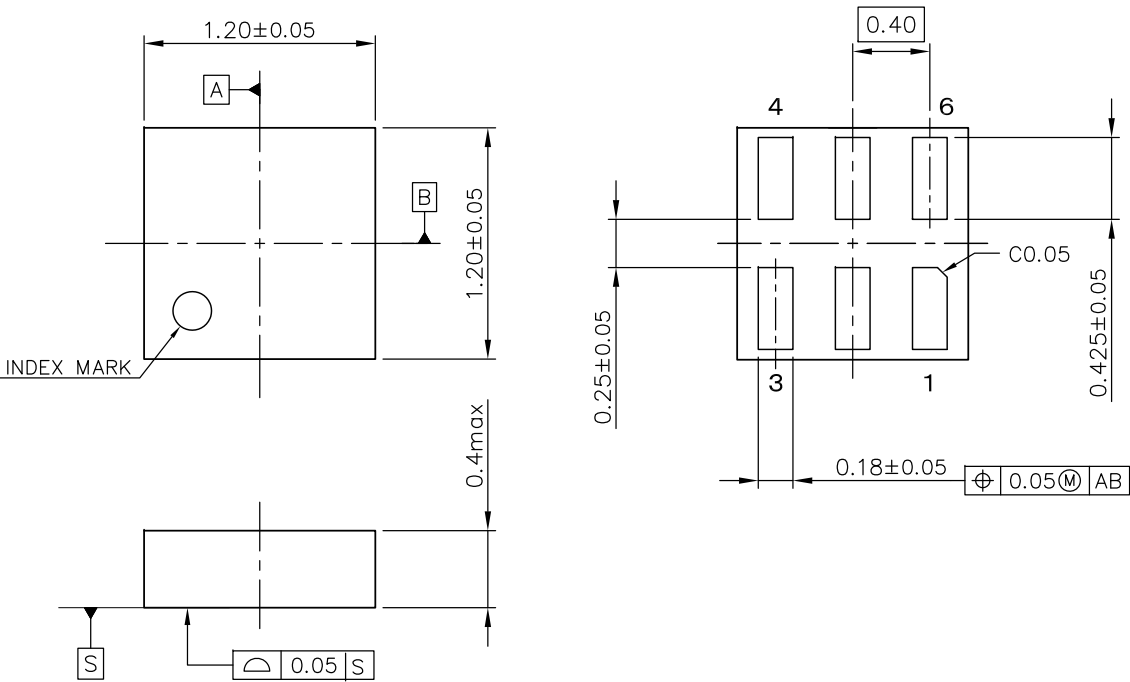
θja: Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance
ψjt: Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Measurement Board Pattern



UNIT: mm

DFN(PLP)1212-6 Package Dimensions

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following conditions are used in this measurement.

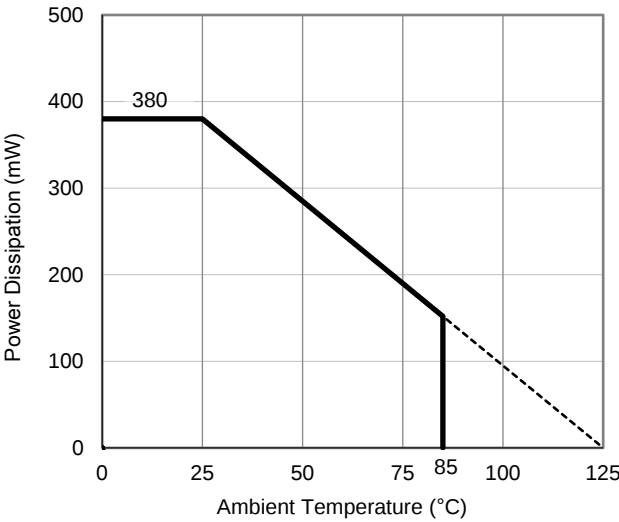
Measurement Conditions

Item	Standard Test Land Pattern
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Double-Sided Board)
Board Dimensions	40 mm × 40 mm × 1.6 mm
Copper Ratio	Top Side: Approx. 50% Bottom Side: Approx. 50%
Through-holes	φ 0.5 mm × 44 pcs

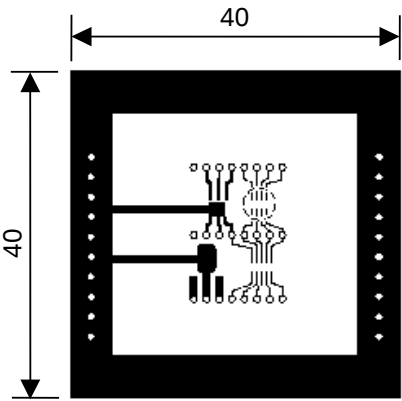
Measurement Result (Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 125°C)

Item	Standard Test Land Pattern
Power Dissipation	380 mW
Thermal Resistance (θja)	θja = 263°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	ψjt = 75°C/W

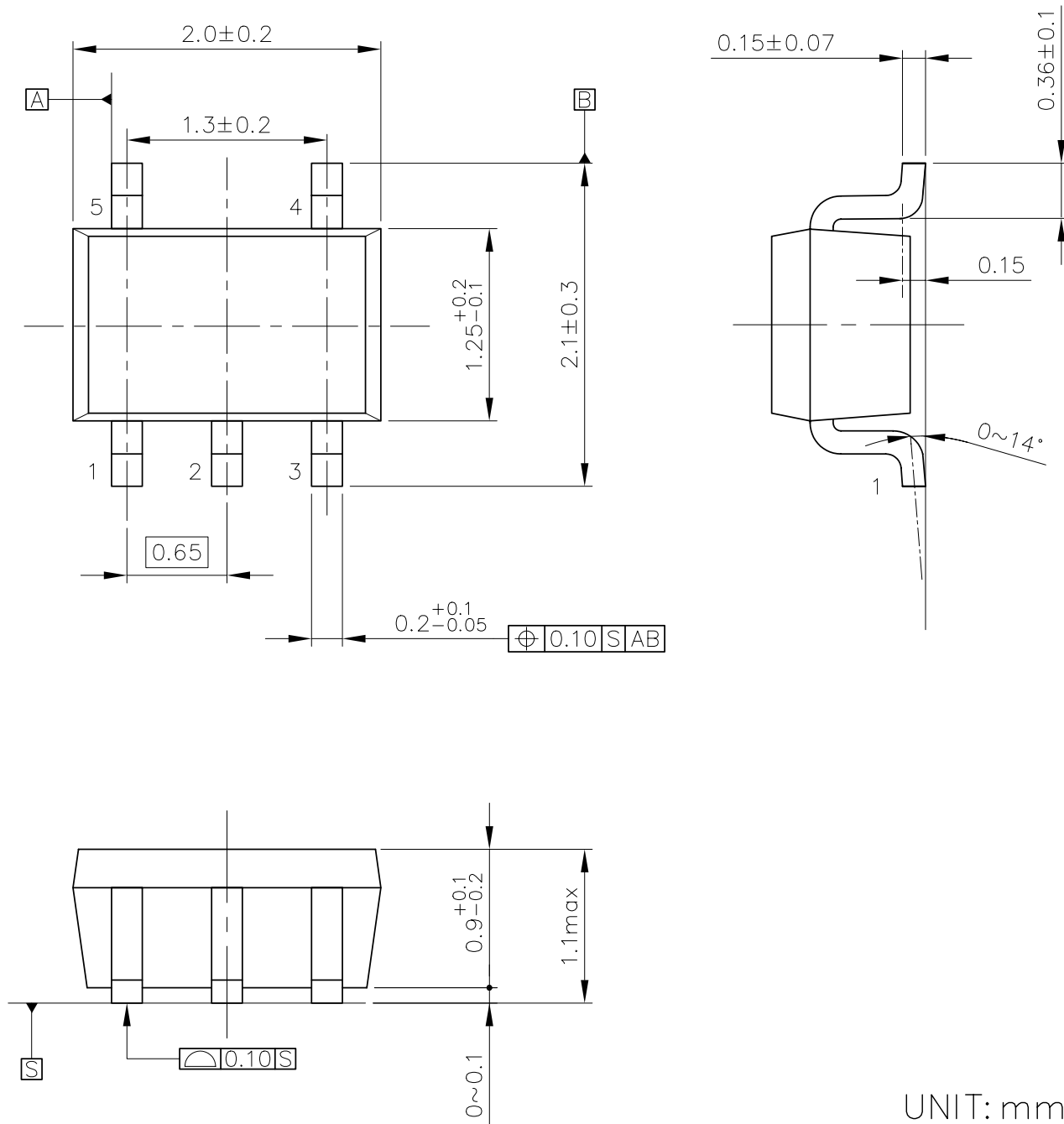
θja: Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance
ψjt: Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Measurement Board Pattern



UNIT: mm

SC-88A Package Dimensions

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

Measurement Conditions

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	φ 0.3 mm × 7 pcs

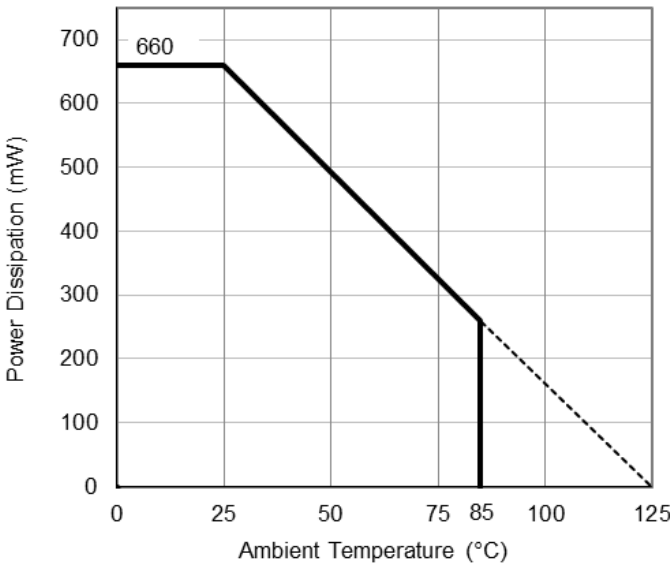
Measurement Result

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 125°C)

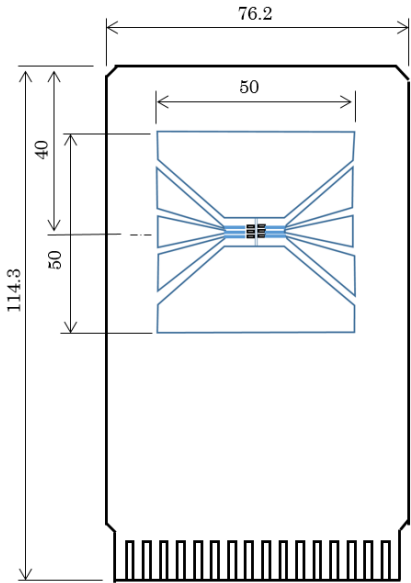
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	660 mW
Thermal Resistance (θja)	θja = 150°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	ψjt = 51°C/W

θja: Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

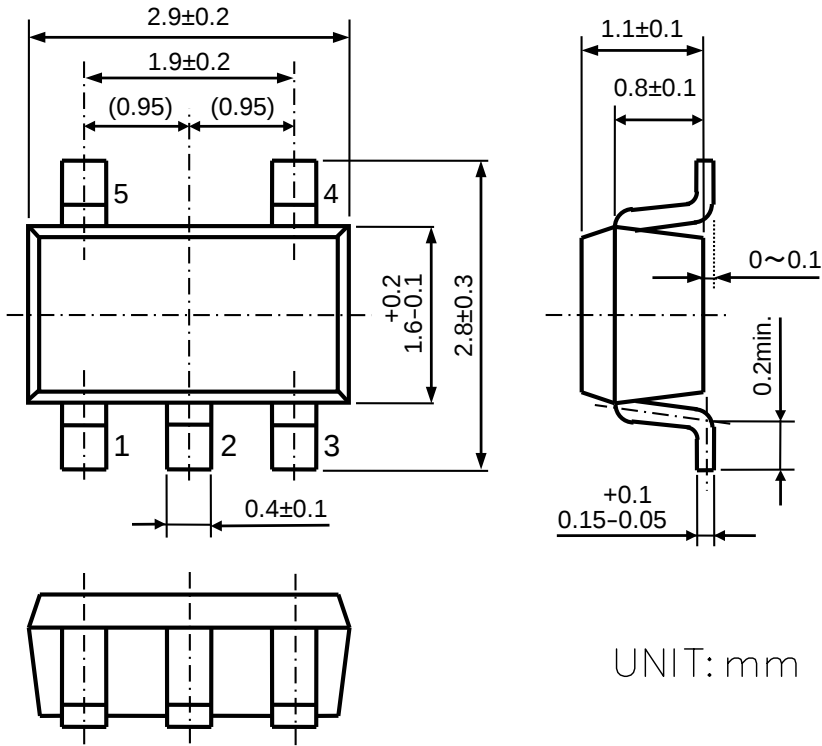
ψjt: Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Measurement Board Pattern



SOT-23-5 Package Dimensions



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