

SenseCAP All-in-One Weather Station User Guide(V2)

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1 Product Introduction

SenseCAP ONE is a series of all-in-one compact weather sensors, including S1000 10-in-1, S800 8-in-1, S700 7-in-1, S500 5-in-1, S200 weather sensors. These weather sensors integrate multiple sensors into this compact device, monitoring up to10 weather parameters: air temperature, air humidity, atmospheric pressure, light intensity, total solar radiation, sunshine duration, wind speed, wind direction, precipitation, PM 2.5, PM 10, noise and CO2. The sensors use ultrasonic to measure wind speed and wind direction, to achieve high-precision data collection, which is easy maintenance. The equipment is designed with industry standards and can work stably in harsh outdoor environments from -40°C to 85°C. The product supports the Modbus-RTU (RS485) and SDI-12 protocols.

Basic parameters	
Product Model	SenseCAP ONE Series (S200/S500/S700/S800/S1000)
Power Supply	12V~ 24V(0.42W)
Heating Power Supply	24V(21W)
Support Protocols	RS485 (MODBUS-RTU) / SDI-12
IP Rating	IP66
Working Temperature	-40 °C ~ + 85°C
Working Humidity	0 to 100%RH (non-condensing)

Product Model: S200 (2-i	n-1)		
Measurement Parameter	Measurement Range	Measurement Accuracy	Resolution
Wind speed	0~60 m/s standard range 0~75m/s extended range Up to 80m/s withstand range	$\pm 0.3 \text{m/s}(\leq 10 \text{m/s});$ $\pm 3\% (10 \text{m/s} \sim 50 \text{m/s})$ $\pm 5\% (>50 \text{m/s})$	0.1m/s
Direction of the wind	0~360°(@-40°C~60°C)	±3.0°	0.1°
Product Model: S500 (5-i	n-1)		
Measurement Parameter	Measurement Range	Measurement Accuracy	Resolution
Air temperature	-40~85°C	±0.1°C	0.01°C
Air humidity	0~100%RH	±1.5%RH	0.01%RH
Barometric pressure	300~1250hPa	±50Pa	10 Pa
Wind speed	0~60 m/s standard range 0~75m/s extended range Up to 80m/s withstand range	$\begin{array}{l} \pm 0.3 \text{m/s}(\leq 10 \text{m/s});\\ \pm 3\% (10 \text{m/s} \sim 50 \text{m/s})\\ \pm 5\% (>50 \text{m/s})\end{array}$	0.1m/s
Direction of the wind	0~360°(@-40~60°C)	±3.0°	0.1°





Product Model: S700 (7-ir	ı-1)		
Measurement Parameter	Measurement Range	Measurement Accuracy	Resolution
Air temperature	-40~85°C	±0.1°C	0.01°C
Air humidity	0~100%RH	±1.5%RH	0.01%RH
Barometric pressure	300~1250hPa	±50Pa	10 Pa
Wind speed	0~60 m/s standard range 0~75m/s extended range Up to 80m/s withstand range	$\pm 0.3 \text{m/s}(\leq 10 \text{m/s});$ $\pm 3\% (10 \text{m/s} \sim 50 \text{m/s})$ $\pm 5\% (>50 \text{m/s})$	0.1m/s
Direction of the wind	0~360°(@-40°C~60°C)	±3.0°	0.1°
Light intensity	0~188000 Lux	5% * reading	5Lux
Rain intensity	0~200mm/h	±10%	0.2mm/0.02mm
Product Model: S700-A (7	-in-1 Radar Rainfall)		
Air temperature	-40~85°C	±0.1°C	0.01°C
Air humidity	0~100%RH	±1.5%RH	0.01%RH
Barometric pressure	300~1250hPa	±50Pa	10 Pa
Wind speed	0~60 m/s standard range 0~75m/s extended range Up to 80m/s withstand range	±0.3m/s(≤10m/s); ±3% (10m/s ~ 50m/s) ±5% (>50m/s)	0.1m/s
Direction of the wind	0~360°(@-40°C~60°C)	±3.0°	0.1°
Light intensity	0~188000 Lux	5% * reading	5Lux
Rain intensity(radar rainfall)	0~300mm/h	±10%	0.01mm
Product Model: S700-B (7	-in-1 Solar Radiation)		
Air temperature	-40~85°C	±0.1°C	0.01°C
Air humidity	0~100%RH	±1.5%RH	0.01%RH
Barometric pressure	300~1250hPa	±50Pa	10 Pa





Wind speed	0~60 m/s standard range 0~75m/s extended range Up to 80m/s withstand range	±0.3m/s(≤10m/s); ±3% (10m/s ~ 50m/s) ±5% (>50m/s)	0.1m/s
Direction of the wind	0~360°(@-40°C~60°C)	±3.0°	0.1°
Global solar radiation	$0 \sim 2000 \mathrm{W/m^2}$	±5%	1W/m²
Sunshine duration	0~6553.5 h	±3%	0.1h
Rain intensity(optical)	0~200mm/h	±10%	0.2mm/0.02mm

Product Model: S700-C (7-in-1 Radar Rainfall and Solar Radiation)

Air temperature	-40~85°C	±0.1°C	0.01°C
Air humidity	0~100%RH	±1.5%RH	0.01%RH
Barometric pressure	300~1250hPa	±50Pa	10 Pa
Wind speed	0~60 m/s standard range 0~75m/s extended range Up to 80m/s withstand range	$\pm 0.3 \text{m/s}(\leq 10 \text{m/s});$ $\pm 3\% (10 \text{m/s} \sim 50 \text{m/s})$ $\pm 5\% (>50 \text{m/s})$	0.1m/s
Direction of the wind	0~360°(@-40°C~60°C)	±3.0°	0.1°
Global solar radiation	0~2000W/m²	±5%	1W/m²
Sunshine duration	0~6553.5 h	±3%	0.1h
Rain intensity(radar rainfall)	0~300mm/h	±10%	0.01mm

Product Model: S800 (8-in-1)

Measurement Parameter	Measurement Range	Measurement Accuracy	Resolution
Air temperature	-40~85°C	±0.1°C	0.01°C
Air humidity	0~100%RH	±1.5%RH	0.01%RH
Barometric pressure	300~1250hPa	±50Pa	10 Pa
Wind speed	0~60 m/s standard range 0~75m/s extended range Up to 80m/s withstand range	±0.3m/s(≤10m/s); ±3% (10m/s ~ 50m/s) ±5% (>50m/s)	0.1m/s
Direction of the wind	0~360°(@-40°C~60°C)	±3.0°	0.1°





Noise intensity	35~100dB	±1.5dB	0.1dB
PM2.5	0~1000µg/m3	$\pm 10\%@100 \sim 1000 \mu g/m3$ $\pm 10 \mu g/m3@0 \sim 100 \mu g/m3$	1µg/m3
PM10	0~1000µg/m3	$\pm 15\%@100\sim1000\mu g/m3$ $\pm 15\mu g/m3@0\sim100\mu g/m3$	1µg/m3
Product Model: S1000 (10	-in-1,CO2 series)		
Measurement Parameter	Measurement Range	Measurement Accuracy	Resolution
Air temperature	-40~85°C	±0.1°C	0.01°C
Air humidity	0~100%RH	±1.5%RH	0.01%RH
Barometric pressure	300~1250hPa	±50Pa	10 Pa
Wind speed	0~60 m/s(@-40°C~60°C)	±0.3m/s,(≤10m/s) ±3% of the measured value(>10m/s)	0.1m/s
Direction of the wind	0~360°(@-40°C~60°C)	±3.0°	0.1°
Light intensity	0~188000 Lux	5% * reading	5Lux
Rain intensity	0~200mm/h	±10%	0.2mm/0.02mm
PM2.5	0~1000µg/m3	±10%@100~1000µg/m3 ±10µg/m3@0~100µg/m3	1µg/m3
PM10	0~1000µg/m3	±15%@100~1000µg/m3 ±15µg/m3@0~100µg/m3	1µg/m3
CO2	400-5000ppm;extended range up to 10000 ppm	\pm (30 ppm +3% of reading) (extended range \pm 10% of reading)	1ppm

Note: Multi-in-one meteorological environment sensors with other monitoring elements can be customized. For specific requirements, please contact relevant personnel of the company.



2 Installation

Before the installation, check the packing list and make sure there are no missing parts.







2.1 Packing List

Number	Parts	Number
1	SenseCAP ONE All-in-one compact weather sensor	1
	M12 8-pin communication cable (default length 3-meter hook-up wire, and there is a	
2	waterproof aviation connector type to choose when working with SenseCAP SensorHub	1
	datalogger. If the aviation connector is not needed, cut it off by yourself)	
3	USB Type-C cable, for configuring devices	1
4	Flange plate (purchased separately)	1
5	Pole adapter sleeve base (purchased separately)	1
6	Pole adapter cross bar (purchased separately)	1





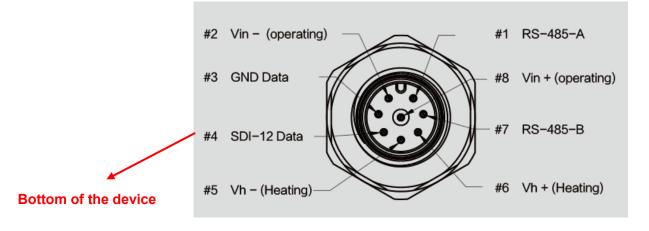
2.2 Installation

2.2.1Device Interface Introduction



There are two connectors at the bottom of the device.

- USB Type-C interface allows you to connect your computer with a normal USB Type-C cable to the device for configuration.
- The main data interface can be connected to the M12 8-pin cable, supporting multiple bus protocols







2.2.2Connect with USB Cable

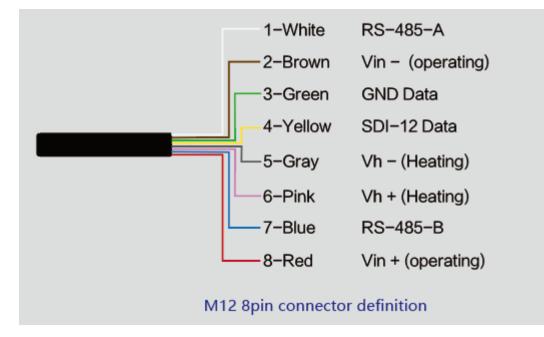


Note: The white cover (on the side near the label) should be tightened after debugging to prevent water from entering the device!



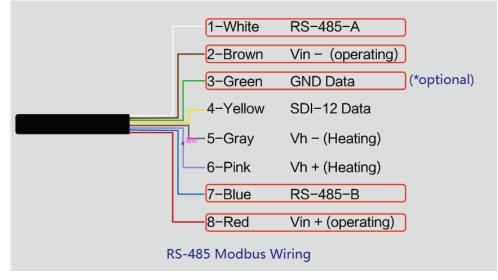


2.2.3M12 Cable



The device adopts an M12 8-pin connector, the different colored pins provide power and data communication (as shown in the above diagram).

When working with the RS-485, you can connect only 4 wires (not using a heating function), and the rest can be individually wrapped with tape to prevent short circuit



The holes of the cable and the pins of the device connector must be aligned when the cable is plugged in.





User manual/ Technical information

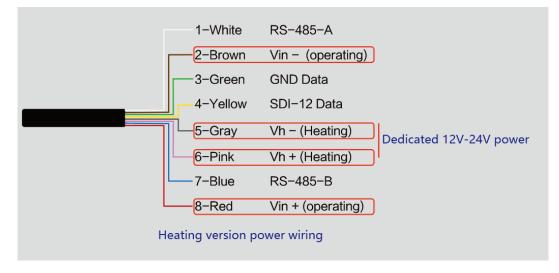


Plugin the cable and tighten it clockwise

Note: the cable is aimed at with the bottom before inserting it into the bottom. Otherwise, the pins are skewed may cause the communication is abnormal.



When using the device with a heating function, a separate 24V (24V@1A is recommended) power supply is required. Gray wire #5 is connected to the negative of the power supply, and pink wire #6 is connected to the positive pole of the power supply.





Reminding:

1. When the device needs to add power extension cable, if its length is more than 100 meters, it needs to use 24V/2A for power supply (without heating function);

2. When the heating function is enabled, the power supply of the heating module should be within 3

meters of the SenseCAP ONE. The distance between the power supply of the heating module and

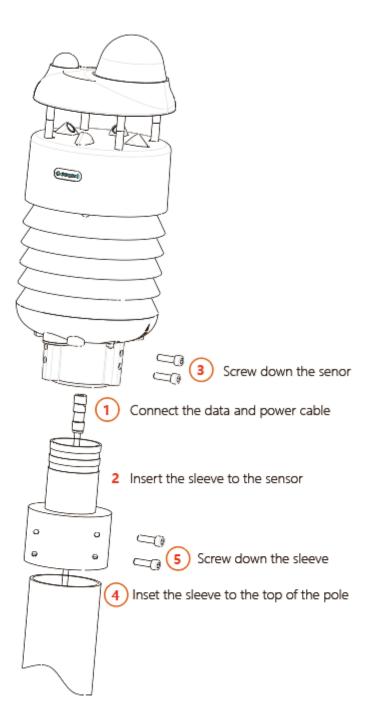
the device is not more than 5m. Please use the 3m / 5m conversion cables sold by our company.

2.2.4Install the device.

There are two major installation methods, either mount on a pole with a sleeve or a platform with a flange plate.



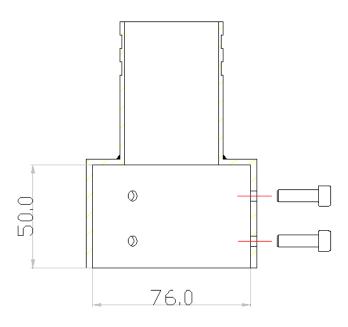




The size of the sleeve is shown below.



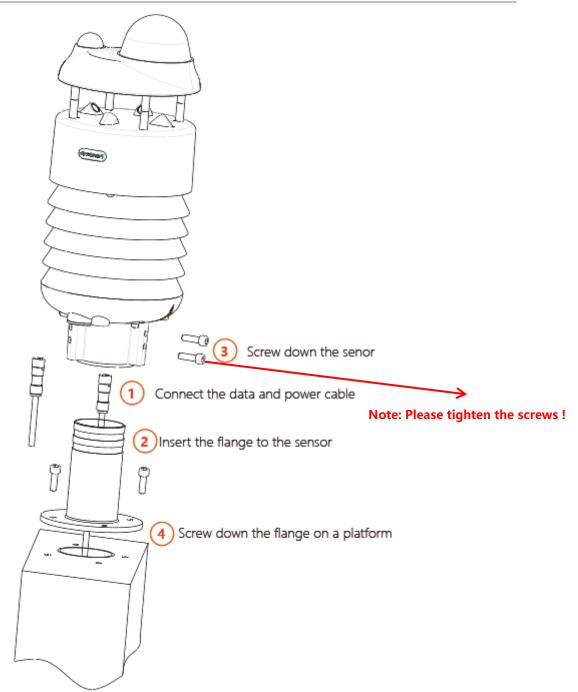




It is recommended that the diameter of the pole should be less than or equal to 75cm.



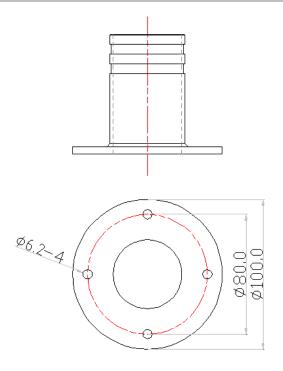




The dimension of the flange plate is shown below.











3 Device's Operating Mode

After installation, you can power on the device, configure it and collect data from the device.

The device has two operating modes, configuration mode, and working mode.

	With a USB cable, you can check or configure the device's parameters, such as
Configuration Mode	device name, version number, and communication protocol configuration. Product
	firmware can be upgraded in this mode.
	Connect the devices and data logger with an M12 data and power cable, and then
Working Mode	the data collected by the device will be sent to the host via different
	communication protocols.





3.1 Configure the device via USB port

There is a waterproof round cover at the bottom of the device. Turn it counterclockwise to remove this cover, and you can see a USB Type-C connector and a configuration button.

Connect the device to your computer with a USB Type-C cable. The computer will automatically install the device driver. After the driver is successfully installed, you can see a serial port in the device's manager.



If the driver is not installed automatically, click this link to <u>manually download</u> and <u>install</u> the <u>driver</u>.(The version is CP210x Windows Drivers)



There are two methods to configure the device:

- SenseCAP ONE Configuration Tool
- Serial debug tool





3.2 SenseCAP ONE Configuration Tool

SenseCAP ONE Configuration Tool offers a graphical interface for you to configure the device. And you can download the tool from the GitHub link below:

https://github.com/Seeed-Solution/SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool/releases

Select the software for the respective operating system, Windows, macOS, or Linux based on your needs.

latest-linux.yml		412 Bytes
latest-mac.yml		581 Bytes
latest.yml		390 Bytes
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-1.0.0-mac.zij		80.6 MB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-1.0.0.Applm	ge	84.4 MB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-1.0.0.dmg	MacOS	83.2 MB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-1.0.0.dmg.bl	ockmap	88.8 KB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-1.0.0.exe	Windows	48.4 MB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-Setup-1.0.0.	xe	48.8 MB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-Setup-1.0.0.	xe.blockmap	53 KB
Sensecap_one_cfg_tool_1.0.0_amd64.deb	Linux	53.7 MB
Source code (zip)		
Source code (tar.gz)		

The next image shows the main interface of the SenseCAP ONE Configuration Tool.

		Mea	asurement Data Area
erial Port /dev	v/tty.usbserial-14220 🗸	THPL	Wind
aud Rate 960	0 ~	Air Temperature 27.38 °C	Min. Wind Direction
	te for the service port.	Air Humidity 61.17 %RH	Max. Wind Direction 331.4 *
Di	isconnect	Air Pressure 100680 Pa	Avg. Wind Direction 330.2 *
5	Settings	Light Intensity 210 Lux	Min. Wind Speed 2.7 m/s
Firm	ware Update		Max. Wind Speed 2.9 m/s
Device	Setup Area		Avg. Wind Speed 2.9 m/s
evice Information		Precipitation	Misc.
'N)19906922012055		Rain Accumulation	Heating Temperature
N 19906922012055 ardware Version		Rain Accumulation 20.8 mm Rain Duration	Heating Temperature -27.50 °C Tilt Status
N 119906922012055 ardware Version 0 oftware Version		Rain Accumulation 20.8 mm Rain Duration 1040 s	Heating Temperature -27.50 °C
/N 019906922012055 lardware Version 0 oftware Version 0 ate of Manufacture		Rain Accumulation 20.8 mm Rain Duration 1040 s Rain Intensity 0.0 mm/h	Heating Temperature -27.50 °C Tilt Status
vice Information /N 019906922012055 lardware Version .0 oftware Version .0 otware Version .0 .0 otware Version .0 otware	06922012055	Rain Accumulation 20.8 mm Rain Duration 1040 s Rain Intensity	Heating Temperature -27.50 °C Tilt Status
/N 19906922012055 lardware Version .0 oftware Version .0 late of Manufacture 021-03-11 evice Name	06922012055	Rain Accumulation 20.8 mm Rain Duration 1040 s Rain Intensity 0.0 mm/h Rain Peak Intensity	Heating Temperature -27.50 °C Tilt Status

1. Open the software, click on the pull-down box at the serial port, select the corresponding serial port of the device.

- 2. Set the Baud rate to 9600.
- 3. Click connect, if the connection is successful, the sensor data area on the right will show the corresponding measurements.





SenseCAP One Configuration Tool					
Serial Port 1 /dev/tty.usbserial-14220 V	THPL	Wind			
Baud Rate 2 9000 Baud rate for the service port. 3 Disconnect Settings Firmware Update	Air Temperature 27.38 °C Air Humidity 61.17 %RH Air Pressure 100680 Pa Light Intensity 210 Lux	Min. Wind Direction 329.4 * Max. Wind Direction 331.4 * Avg. Wind Direction 330.2 * Min. Wind Speed 2.7 m/s Max. Wind Speed 2.9 m/s Avg. Wind Speed 2.3 m/s			
Device Information S/N 1019906822012055 Hardware Version 1.0 Software Version 3.0 Date of Manufacture 2021-03-11 Device Name SenseCAP ONE 1019906822012055	Precipitation Rain Accumulation 20.8 mm Rain Duration 1040 s Rain Intensity 0.0 mm/h Rain Peak Intensity 0.0 mm/h	Misc. Heating Temperature -27.59 °C Titt Status 0			

Click Settings to enter the device settings, and click "Read From Device" to obtain the Information of the device.

Device	General	
-	General	
Application	Main Port Protocol	RS-485 ASCII
		Apply aff the service cable is unpludged changable for Service Port only.
	ASCII Protocol Address	SDI-12
		RS-232 Modbus RTU
	ASCII Protocol Baud Rate	RS-485 Modbus RTU
	ASOIT FIOLOGOI BAUG HALE	RS-422 Modbus RTU
	Modbus Address	RS-232 ASCII
		RS-485 ASCII
	Modbus Baud Rate	RS-422 ASCII
	SDI-12 Address	0
		Valid range 0-9, A-Z, a-z.
	Device Name	SenseCAP ONE 1019906922012055
		Max. length 64.
	Factory Reset	Restore Factory Settings
	Data Combination (G0)	
	Output List	AT Air Topporture

1. Select the communication protocol. In the example here we choose the RS-485 Modbus RTU.



SENSECAP	User manual/ Technical information
主通信协议	RS-485 ASCII
ASCII协议地址	SDI-12 RS-232 Modbus RTU
ASCII协议波特率	RS-485 Modbus RTU RS-422 Modbus RTU
Modbus地址	RS-232 ASCII
Modbus波特率	RS-485 ASCII
SDI-12地址	RS-422 ASCII 0

2. Modify the Modbus address: write the address in the Modbus address, and then click "Write to Device".

•	SenseCAP 0	Dne Configuration Tool - Settings
Device	General	
Application	Main Port Protocol	RS-485 ASCII 🗸
		Apply after the service cable is unplugged, changable for Service Port only.
	ASCII Protocol Address	0
		Valid range 0-9, A-Z, a-z.
	ASCII Protocol Baud Rate	9600 ~
		Apply for both Service Port and Main Port.
	Modbus Address	1
		Valid range [1, 247].
	Modbus Baud Rate	9600 ~
	SDI-12 Address	0
		Valid range 0-9, A-Z, a-z.
	Device Name	SenseCAP ONE 1019906922012055
		Max. length 64.
	Factory Reset	Restore Factory Settings
	Data Combination (G0)	
	Output Liet	AT Air Tamperatura
	Load From	File Save To File Read From Device Write To Device Close

On the configuration page, you can modify the following: device name, data type, and data upload interval. After any modification, you will need to click "Write to Device" for the changes to take effect.

In application settings, you can set the cycle for the tool to read sensor data, with the minimum as 2S, and a dot range for the curve.

•••	AP One Configuration Tool - Settings	
Device	Data Poll Interval	2 seconds The interval of polling data for the main page, range [2, 3600].
Application	Plot Deepth	10 The maximum number of points in each plot, range [10, 100].
	Language	English
	Version	v1.1.1

Click "Firmware Update" to update the device firmware. Please contact sales or technical support at





(sensecap@seeed.cc) to get the firmware.

••		
Serial Port	/dev/tty.usbserial-14220	
Baud Rate		
	Baud rate for the service port.	
	Disconnect	
	Settings	
	Firmware Update	

On the upgrade page, you will need to choose to update the mainboard firmware or the driver board firmware. Select the firmware file at your local repository, click "Update Now". If there is an unexpected power break during the update process, the update won't be executed. You will need to go through the same process to update the firmware.

				Recents			
rget Board	Select	~		👗 Applicati		sensecap-one-s700-common-v3.1.bin	
				Documents			
cal File	Master Boar	d @v3.0	ľ	Ownloads			
	Slave Board	1 @v3.2		😭 yangbo			
	Slave Board	2		OneDrive			
				🚍 Desktop			
	Slave Board	3		2-Seeed	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Slave Board	4		MacBook			
	Slave Board	5		2019-11			
	Slave Board	6		iCloud			
	Olava Da and	-		iCloud Dri			
	Slave Board	·	Update Close	Locations			
			Opdate	Setwork	Options		Cancel Ope
	SenseCAP	One Configurat	ion Tool - Firmwar			CAP One Configuration Tool - Firmware U	Ipdate
Target B		One Configurat Master Board @v3.				CAP One Configuration Tool - Firmware U Master Board @v3.0 V	lpdate
	Board			re Update	• • • Sensed		lpdate
Target F	Board			re Update	Target Board	Master Board @v3.0	
Target I Local F	Board			re Update	Target Board	Master Board @v3.0	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board			re Update	Target Board	Master Board @v3.0	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board // File // the device 5.4%			re Update	Sensed	Master Board @v3.0	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board // File // the device 5.4%			re Update	Sensed	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fireware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board // File // the device 5.4%			re Update	Sensed	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fireware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board // File // the device 5.4%			re Update	Sensed	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fireware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board // File // the device 5.4%			re Update	Sensed	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fireware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board // File // the device 5.4%			re Update	Sensed	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fireware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board // File // the device 5.4%			re Update	Sensed	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fireware/senseca	

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3.3 Serial debug tool

The communication settings are as follows:

Select the serial port	You can find port information in your computer's device manager	
Baud rate	9600bps, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, none parity, none flow control.	
	COMTool V1.7	
K 🕈 🛛		ASCII 🗸
Serial Settings	AXO	
Port /dev/cu.us		
Baudrate 9600		
DataBytes 8		
Parity None		
Stopbits 1		
rts dtr		
CLOSE		
Receive Settings	0	
ASCII HEX Auto Linefeed (ms)	?	ClearReceive
Send Settings		
ASCII HEX Schedulec Send(ms) 300		Send
<crlf></crlf>	?	\checkmark
Ready Send(bytes):3	Receive(bytes):5	· · · · ·

- In the Serial Debug Assistant, select the corresponding COM port.
- Check the "click Enter to start a new line" check box.
- Set the baud rate to 9,600.
- Send ? in the send area.
- If you receive the corresponding 0XA message in the serial receive window, the configuration is successful. If not, please check the COM port and the baud rate.

Please check the detailed ASIIC command in the next chapter.





4 Communication Protocols

The device supports the following communication protocols:

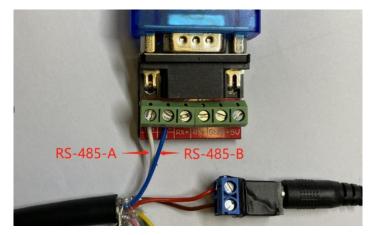
	The Modbus protocol is a common language applied to electronic devices. With this protocol,				
	devices can communicate within their network. It has become a universal industry standard,				
Modbus-RTU	widely used in data loggers, sensor equipment, and so on. Based on this protocol, devices				
WIOUDUS-KI U	produced by different vendors can communicate with each other for system integration.				
	The Modbus protocol is a master-slave protocol. One node is the host, and the other nodes that				
	use the Modbus protocol to join the communication are the slave. Each slave has a unique address.				
	The ASCII protocol is a query-response or a question-and-answer communication protocol in				
ASCII	which a host PC uses ASCII characters to send commands to a device and then receives responses				
	from that device.				
CDI 12	Single-bus-based data communication protocol, is an asynchronous serial communications				
SDI-12	protocol for intelligent sensors that monitor environment data.				





4.1 Modbus-RTU Protocol

To start Modbus-RTU communication, the M12 data cable of the device needs to be connected to the RS-485 port of one Data Logger, which powers up the device at a voltage of 12V-24V. The following image is a diagram of the wiring:



Protocol communication parameters

Data Format	One start bit, 8 Data bits, None parity, one Stop bits.				
Baud Rate	9600bps (default), which can be modified by configuration.				
	S1000(CO2 series)	43			
	S1000-С	61			
	S800	46			
Default Device Address	S700-B/C	60			
(Decimal)	S700-A	20			
	S500	10			
	S200	44	1		

4.1.1Modbus-RTU Protocol Message Format

Sensor data is stored in the Input Register and is read-only

The device address and the communication baud rate of RS-485 are stored in the Holding Register and can be modified.

Each register is 16bits and takes up 2 bytes.

Read the message from the input register.

The message format from by the host						
Slave address Function code Register address Number of registers CRC						
1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes (big-endian).	2 Byte (big-endian).	2 bytes		
AA	0x04	RRRR	NNNN	CCCC		
Address 0-247	0x04	big endian	big endian	little endian		

The message response from the slave						
Slave address	Function code	Number of registers	First Register data	Second register data		CRC check

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1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes	2 bytes	 2 bytes
AA	0x04	MM	VV0	VV1	 CCCC
Address 0-247	0x04	big endian	big endian	big endian	 little-endian

Read and write the holding register.

The message format from by the host						
Slave address	Function code	Register address	Number of registers	CRC check		
1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes (big-endian).	2 Byte big-endian).	2 bytes		
АА	0x03/0x06	RRRR	NNNN	CCCC		
Address 0-247	0x03/06	big endian	big endian	little endian		

The message response from the slave						
Slave address	Function code	Number of registers	First Register data	Second register data		CRC check
1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes	2 bytes		2 bytes
AA	0x03/0x06	MM	VV0	VV1		CCCC
Address 0-247	0x03/0x06	big endian	big endian	big endian		little-endian

4.1.2 Register Address Definition

Register type	Address	Name	values range	Number of registers	Register status	Note
	0x0000	Air temperature	-40000~85000	2	R	
	0x0002	Air humidity	0~100000	2	R	
	0x0004	barometric pressure	3000000~125000000	2	R	
	0x0006	Light intensity	0~188000000	2	R	
	0x0008	Minimum wind direction	0~360000	2	R	
	0x000A	Maximum wind direction	0~360000	2	R	
	0x000C	Average wind direction	0~360000	2	R	big endian Data format int32
Input register	0x000E	Minimum wind speed	0~60000	2	R	Data format int52 Divide the data value by 1000 to get the true measurements
	0x0010	Maximum wind speed	0~60000	2	R	get the frue measurements
	0x0012	Average wind speed	0~60000	2	R	
	0x0014	Accumulated rainfall	0~8000000	2	R	
	0x0016	Accumulated rainfall duration	0~200000000	2	R	
	0x0018	Rain intensity	0-200000	2	R	
	0x001A	Maximum rainfall	0-60000	2	R	

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-	T	1		•		1
		intensity				
	0x001C	Heating Temperature	-40000~85000	2	R	
	0x001E	The dumping of state	0 or 1000((The dumping of state is 1000, the vertical of state is 0)	2	R	
	0x0030	PM2.5	0~1000000	2	R	
	0x0032	PM10	0~1000000	2	R	
	0x0040	CO2	0-10000	2	R	
	0x0048	Noise intensity	35000~100000	2	R	
	0x004A	Global solar radiation	0~2000000	2	R	
	0x004C	Sunshine duration	0~24000	2	R	
	0x1000	Device address		1	R/W	The default address is 1
				1	K/ W	Can be set to 1 - 247
Holding register	0x1001	Baud rate		1	R/W	The default is 96, which means 9600. It can be set to: 12=1200 24=2400 48=4800 96=9600 192=19200 384=38400 576=57600 1152=115200
	0x2000	Set the accumulated rainfall to 0		1	R/W	Write 1 to set accumulated rainfall to 0. Read back 1 to confirm that the setting is finished. Read back 0
	0x2001	Set the accumulated rainfall duration to 0		1	R/W	indicates that the setting failed
	0x2002	Set the sunshine duration to 0		1	R/W]
	0x2001	Set the rainfall duration to 0		1	R/W	

4.1.3Modbus-RTU Read

Here is an example of the **Modbus Poll tool** (download from <u>https://www.modbustools.com/download.html</u>).





×

	-0		_					
	File Edit Connection Setup Functions Display View Window Help							
	🗅 🗃 🖬 🚳 🗙 🛅 🖳 🎒 几 05 06 15 16 17 22 23 TC 🕺 🤋 🎗							
	💭 Mbpoll1							
L	Tx = 0: Err = 0: ID =	1: F = 03: SR =	1000ms					
L	No connection							
l	Alias	00000	^					
L	0	0						
L	1	0						
l	2	0						
L	3	0						
L	5	0						
l	6	0						
l	7	0						
l	8	0						
L	9	0	v					
h								
l								
l								
l								
F	or Help, press F1.		Port 14: 9600-8-N-1					

Configuration connection parameters: Baud rate 9600bps, 8 Data bits, None Parity, 1 Stop bits.

월 Modbus Poll - Mbpoll1			- 🗆 ×
File Edit Connection Setup Functions Displa			
🗅 📽 🖬 🎒 🗙 🛅 🔪 🏥 🕮 05 06 19	5 16 17 22 23 TC 🖳 🤋 🎌		
💬 Mbpoll1			
Tx = 0: Err = 0: ID = 1: F = 03: SR = 1000ms	Connection Setup	×	
No connection	Connection	OK	
Alias 00000	Serial Port ~		<u>^</u>
0 0	Serial Settings	Cancel	
1 0	USB-SERIAL CH340 (COM14)	Mode	
2 0	9600 Baud ~	● RTU ○ ASCII	
3 0		Response Timeout	
4 0	8 Data bits 🗸	1000 [ms]	
5 0	None Parity 🗸	Delay Between Polls	
6 0	1 Stop Bit V Advanced	200 [ms]	
7 0	Remote Modbus Server		
8 0	IP Address or Node Name		•
0 0	127.0.0.1		`
	Server Port Connect Timeout	IPv4	
	502 3000 [ms]	O IPv6	
For Help, press F1.		Port 14: 9600-8	-N-1

Read the air temperature register 0x0000 to 0x0001, click Setup, and select Read/Write Definition

មិន Modbus Poll - Mbp	poll1					
File Edit Connection	Setup Functions Display V	iew Window	lelp			
D 🖻 🖥 🎒 🗙	Read/Write Definition	F8	2 23	TC 🖸	S 🔋 📲	
Depoil 1	Read/Write Once Read/Write Disabled	F6 Shift+F6				
Tx = 0: Err = 0: ID = No connection Name	Excel Log Excel Logging Off	Alt+X Alt+Q				
0	Log Logging Off	Alt+L Alt+O				
2 3	Reset Counters Reset All Counters	F12 Shift+F12				
4 5	Use as Default 0					
6 7	0					
8 9	0					

Set the default slave ID(2-in-1 is 44,5-in-1 is 10, 7-in-1 is 20), function code 04, starting address 0, quantity (2-in-

1 is 12, 5-in-1 is 6, 7-in-1 is 28);





က္ခ Modbus Poll - Mbpoll1	
ile Edit Connection Setup Functions Display View	
🗋 🗃 🔚 🎒 🗙 🛅 🖳 🏥 几 05 06 15	16 17 22 23 TC 🖳 🔤 🦹 💦
Mbpoll1	Read/Write Definition X 🗆 🗉 🔀
Name 00000 0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0 8 0 9 0	Slave ID: 1 OK Function: 04 Read Input Registers (3x) Cancel Address mode Oec Hex Address: 0 PLC address = 30001 Quantity: 2 Scan Rate: 1000 (ms) Apply Disable Read/Write Disabled Disable on error View Rows 0 10 20 50 100 Fit to Quantity Hide Name Columns PLC Addresses (Base 1) Addresse in Cell Enron/Daniel Mode Request RTU 01 04 00 00 00 27 1 CB ASCII 3A 30 31 30 34 30 30 30 30 30 30 32 46 39 0D 0A

Now the computer reads the sensor data every 1 second, and the measurement (line 0 and line 1) is shown in below picture, after dividing the measurement by 1000, it is the true temperature value, 28300/1000 = 28.3 °C

)		>
1x = 20: Err = 0: ID = 1: F = 04: SR = 1000ms	Ext Continue Clear Save Copy Log	Stop on Error Time stamp
Name 00000 0 0 1 28300 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 -	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

On the right, you can check the raw sent and received data packages.

When the temperature is positive:

- 1. Host sends 01 04 00 00 00 02 71 CB
- 2. Slave responses 01 04 04 00 00 6E 8C D6 41
- Return temperature data 0x00006E8C (Hex), converted to decimal = 28300, get the corresponding air temperature by dividing through 1000, air temperature = 28300/1000 = 28.3 °C

When the temperature is negative:

The temperature needs to be obtained through a complement calculation.

- 1. Host sends 01 04 00 00 00 02 71 CB
- 2. Slave responses 01 04 04 FF FF FC 18 D6 41
- 3. Returned temperature data FFFFFC18H (Hex complement).
- 4. The original code is (FF FF FC $18-1 = FF FF FC (17) = 80\ 00\ 03\ E8(Hex) = -1000$ (Decimal).
- 5. Then the temperature measurement is $-1000/1000 = -1^{\circ}$

S500 decode:





Read register 0x0000~0x0005.

Send command: 0A 04 00 00 00 06 71 73(Check code);

Return: 0A 04 0C 00 00 70 80(Temperature)00 00 95 10(Humidity) 06 07 94 40(Air pressure)60 0D(Check code);

Read register 0x0008~0x0013.

Send command: 0A 04 00 08 00 0C 70 B6(Check code);

Return: 0A 04 18 00 00 00 00 (Min wind direction) 00 03 6E 84 (Max wind direction) 00 03 C8 C0 (Avg wind direction) 00 00 00 00 (Min wind speed) 00 00 04 BC (Max wind speed) 00 00 02 10 (Avg wind speed) BC 78 (Check code)

S700-A decode:

Read register 0x0000~0x001F and 0x0030~0x0033.

Send command: 14 04 00 00 00 20 F3 17 (Check code)

Return: 14 04 40 00 00 70 80(Temperature) 00 00 95 10(Humidity) 06 07 94 40(Air pressure) 00 00 00 (Light) 00 00 00 00(Min wind direction) 00 00 00 00(Max wind direction) 00 00 00 00(Avg wind direction) 00 00 00 00 (Min wind speed)00 00 00 00(Max wind speed) 00 00 00 00(Avg wind speed) 00 00 00 00(Accumulated rainfall) 00 00 00 00(Accumulated rainfall duration) 00 00 00 00(Rain intensity) 00 00 00 00(Maximum rainfall intensity) 00 00 6A 7C(Heating Temperature) 00 00 00 00(Tipped-over state) 7F B2(Check code)

S700-B/C decode:

Read the register $0x0000 \sim 0x001F$, that is, the measurement values of six parameters of air temperature and humidity, atmospheric pressure, wind direction, wind speed, and rainfall;

Send command: 14 04 00 00 00 20 F5 3F(Check code)

Return: 3C 04 40 00 00 5A 68 (Temperature) 00 00 AE E2(Humidity) 06 0A 2C 50(Air pressure) 00 00 00 00(Light) 00 00 00 00(Min wind direction) 00 00 00 00(Max wind direction) 00 00 00 00(Avg wind direction) 00 00 00 00 (Min wind speed) 00 00 00 00(Max wind speed) 00 00 00 00(Avg wind speed) 00 06 59 B4(Accumulated rainfall) 07 86 31 78(Accumulated rainfall duration) 00 00 00 00(Rain intensity) 00 00 00 00(Max rainfall intensity) 00 00 5B F4(Heating Temperature)00 00 03 E8 (Tipped-over state) 98 94 (Check code)

Read registers $0x004A \sim 0x004D$, which are the measured values of total solar radiation and sunshine duration; Send command: 3C 04 00 4A 00 04 D4 F2 (Check code) Return: 3C 04 08 00 00 00 00 (Total solar radiation) 00 01 4A 78 (sunshine duration) 86 23 (Check code)

S1000 decode:

Read register 0x0000~0x001F and 0x0030~0x0033.

Send command: 2B 04 00 00 00 20 F6 18

Return: 2B 04 40 00 00 70 80 (Temperature) 00 00 95 10(Humidity) 06 07 94 40(Air pressure) 00 00 00 (Light) 00 00 00 00 (Min wind direction) 00 00 00 00(Max wind direction) 00 00 00 00 (Avg wind direction) 00 00 00 00 00 (Min wind speed) 00 00 00 00 (Max wind speed) 00 00 00 00 (Avg wind speed) 00 00 00 00 (Accumulated rainfall) 00 00 00 00 (Rain intensity) 00 00 00 00 (Maximum rainfall intensity)00





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00 6A 7C(Heating Temperature) 00 00 00 00 (Tipped-over state) 99 09 (Check code)

PM2.5,PM10 and CO2 need to be read separately:

Send command: 2B 04 00 30 00 04 F6 0C

Return: 2B 04 08 00 00 90 88(PM2.5) 00 00 A4 10(PM10) 13 FA (Check code)

Read register 0x0040~0x0041.

Send command:2B 04 00 40 00 02 77 D5

Return:2B 04 04 00 0C EC 98 (CO2) FD 2F (Check code);







4.2 ASCII Protocol

4.2.1Command definition

Α	Device address, 0 by default			
XA	Starter, fixed value			
;	The separator used to distinguish multiple commands			
	A command, represented by different strings			
?	A query term used to query values			
=	Assignment, which is used to set the value			
V	The argument, the specific value of the parameter is set			
m	Sensor measurement			
&	Sensor measurements combine character for getting or setting multiple			
a	measurement parameters			
<cr><lf></lf></cr>	Response terminator			
Terms Explanation				
Command	Represented by different strings, such as BD for Baud rate and CP for			
Commanu	communication protocol			
	A Data List contains multiple sensor measurement types, represented by an			
Deta List	abbreviation of G0.			
Data List	For example, G0 contains several test types:			
	AT;AH;AP;LX;DN;DM;DA;SN;SM;SA;RA;RD;RI;RP;HT;TILT			

4.2.2Query Command Format

Commands come in two formats:

1. A command without = refers to the basic query method.



Example: ?<CR><LF> indicates query the device's address

2. A command with = refers to a query with an argument



Example: 0XA;BD=?<CR><LF> indicates query the device's baud rate

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4.2.3Setting Command Format

Set a specified parameter, such as setting a baud rate.



Example: 0XA;BD=96<CR><LF> indicates query the device's baud rate

4.2.4Command List

Device info queries and related commands settings

Query Device address		?			
Query	Send	? <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Response	0XA <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Description	The default response address is 0			
Query baud rate		BD			
Query	Send	0XA; BD=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Response	0XA; BD=96 <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Description	The baud rate for device 0 is 9,600			
Setting	Send	0XA; BD=[bd] <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Response	0XA; BD=[bd] <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Description	Return the Baud rate of device 0 is [bd], it could be 96 for 9600; 192 for 19200, 384 for 38400; 576 for 57600; and 1152 for 115200. For example, the return value 0XA;BD=96 represents the successful setting of a Baud rate of 9,600			
Communication protocol		CP			
Communi	Send	0XA; CP=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Response	0XA; CP=[cp] <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
Query	Description	[cp] Represents the code of the communication protocol, the device supports multiple communication protocols.			
		1 SDI-12			
		3 RS-485 Modbus-RTU			
		6 RS-485 ASCII			
		Response 0XA;CP=3 <cr><lf> means that the data communication protocol of device 0 is Modbus-RTU protocol based on the RS-485 bus</lf></cr>			
Setting	Send	0XA; CP=[cp] <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Response	0XA; CP=[cp] <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Description	Set the communication protocol of device 0 to [cp], if [cp] is 6, the communication protocol is set to ASCII text			
		protocol based on the RS-485 bus			
RS-485 address		MBAD			
Query	Send	0XA; MBAD=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>			





Response		0XA; MBAD=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Description	The RS-485 address of device 0 is 1 (decimal)				
Setting	Send	0XA; MBAD=2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Response	0XA; MBAD=2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Description	Set the address of device 0 to 2 (decimal)				
RS-485 baud rate		MBBD				
Query	Send	0XA; MBBD=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Response	0XA; MBBD=96 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Description	The RS-485 communication baud rate for device 0 is 9,600				
	Send	0XA; MBBD=[bd] <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Response	0XA; MBBD=[bd] <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Setting		Return device 0's RS-485 communication baud rate is [bd]: it can be 96 for 9600, 192 for 19200, 384 for 38400,				
	Description	576 for 57600, and 1152 for 115200.				
		For example, the return value is 0XA;MBBD=96 represents the successful setting of the baud rate of 9,600				
Device Na	me	NA				
	Send	0XA; NA=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Query	Response	0XA; NA=SenseCAP ONE S700 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Description	Device name is: SenseCAP ONE S700				
	Send	0XA; NA=[na] <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Setting	Response	0XA; NA=[na] <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Description	Set the new device name to [na], and the character length limitation is 64 bytes				
Device model		ТР				
	Send	0XA; TP=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Query	Response	0XA; TP=SenseCAP ONE S700 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Description	The device model is SenseCAP ONE S700				
Device version		VE				
	Send	0XA; VE=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Query	Response	0XA; VE=HW-1.0&SW-2.0&S1-2.2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Description	Device hardware(HW) is v1.0, the software firmware(SW) is v2.0, and the #1 driver board firmware is v2.2				
Device serial number		S/N				
	Send	0XA; S/N=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Query	Response	0XA; S/N=1019906922012011 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Description	S/N represents the serial number of the device				
	Production date	MD				
	Send	0XA; MD=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Query	Response	0XA; MD=20201027 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Description	The production date of the return device is October 27, 2020, 20201027				
Restore configuration		RESTORE				
	Send	0XA; RESTORE=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Setting	Response	0XA; RESTORE=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Description	Return 0XA; RESTORE=1 means the setting is successful and return 0XA means the setting fails.				
Electronic Compass		сс				
Query	Send	0XA;CC=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
·						





•							
	Response	0XA;CC=[cc] <cr>LF></cr>					
		[cc] Electronic Compass offset state					
	Description		Enable Electronic Compass				
			Disable Electronic Compass				
		С	Enable Geomagnetic compensation				
	Send	0XA;CC=Y <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
Setting	Response	0XA;CC=Y <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Description	Enable Electronic Compass					
	Send	0XA;CC=N <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Response	0XA;CC=N <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Description	Disable Electronic Compass					
	Send	0XA;CC=C <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Response	0XA;CC=C <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Description	Enable Geomagnetic compensation, it will start the 30s compensation process, during this time, the device should					
	Description	be placed horizontally, and rotate evenly along the Z-axis for 1-2 rounds.					
Tilt Detect		TD					
	Send	0XA;TD=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
Query	Response	0XA;TD=Y/N <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
Query	Description	Y: Enable tilt detection function					
	Description	N: Disable tile detection function					
	Send	0XA;TD=Y <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Response	0XA;TD=Y <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Description	Set to enable tilt detection function: TILT=0 means the device is placed vertically, TILT=1 means the device is placed					
Setting	Beschption	not placed upright.					
	Send	0XA;TD=N <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Response	0XA;TD=N <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Description	Disable tile detection function: the TILT always equals 0 when the device is placed at any position.					
Heating		нс					
	Send	0XA; HC =? <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
Quamy	Response	0XA; HC =Y/N <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
Query	Description	Y: enable heating function					
	Description	N: disable heating function					
	Send	0XA;HC=Y <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Response	0XA;HC=Y <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
		Turn on the heating function of the device;					
		When the air temperature is between [5°C and -25°C], the device begins to heat, and the					
	Description	temperature of the heating plate is the highest, up to 40°C					
Setting		When the air temperature is higher than 5 ° C, the device stops to heat;					
		(Note: If the temperature is lower than $-25 ^{\circ}$ C ,the heating module cannot raise the temperature					
		of the device above 0 ° C, it may freeze, which will affect the detection of wind speed and					
		direction)					
	Send	0XA;HC=N <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Response	0XA;HC=N <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	1						





Description Set to enable heating function.

Command to read sensor data.

For quick reading of all measurements, G0 is the command.

Read all measurements		G0
	Send	0XA; G0? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
0	Response	0XA;AT=23.6;AH=56.4;AP=100819.1;LX=93.0;DN=0.0;DM=0.0;DA=0.0;SN=0.0;SM=0.0;SA=0.0;RA=1.4;RD=
Query		60.0;RI=0.0;RP=0.0;HT=-38.4;TILT=0.0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	Returns the value of all measurement parameters

Group Name	Measurement	Name	Unit		
	Contains all combinations of measurement parameters				
	AT	Air temperature	°C (default), °F		
	АН	Air humidity	%RH		
	AP	Barometric pressure	Pa (default), hPa, bar, mmHg, inHg		
	LX	Light intensity	Lux		
	DN	Minimum wind direction	deg		
	Dm	Maximum wind direction	deg		
	DA	Average wind direction	deg		
G0	SN	Minimum wind speed	m/s (default), km/h, mph, knots		
	SM	Maximum wind speed	m/s (default), km/h, mph, knots		
	SA	Average wind speed	m/s (default), km/h, mph, knots		
	RA	Accumulated rainfall	mm (default), in		
	RD	Duration of rainfall	s		
	RI	Rainfall intensity	mm/h (default), in/h		
	Rp	Maximum rainfall intensity	mm/h (default), in/h		
	НТ	Heating temperature	°C		
	TILT	Fall detection			

Modify the Properties of Measurement Parameters

Properties represent some characteristics of the measured data, such as the unit of output temperature and the interval between data updates.

Temperature and Humidity Data Update Interval		IB
	Send	0XA;IB=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query	Response	0XA;IB=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	The default data updates every 1 second
	Send	0XA;IB=2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting	Response	0XA;IB=2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	Set the data update interval to 2 seconds, you can choose a value between 1 to 3600 seconds.
Air Temperature	Unit	UT
	Send	0XA; UT=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query	Return	0XA; UT=C <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	The temperature unit is Celsius





Set up	Send	0XA; UT=F <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Response	0XA; UT=F <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	D	Set the air temperature unit to Fahrenheit.		
	Description	C=°C, F=°F		
Barometric Pres	sure Unit	UP		
	Send	0XA; UP=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Query	Response	0XA; UP=P <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Description	The unit is Pa.		
	Send	0XA; UP=H <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
S = 4 ====	Response	0XA; UP=H <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Set up	D. i.i.	Set the unit to hPa.		
	Description	P = Pa, $H = hPa$, $B = bar$, $M = mmHg$, $I=inHg$		
Wind Speed & D	irection Data			
Update Interval		IW		
	Send	0XA; IW=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Query	Response	0XA; IW=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Description	The default data updates every 1 second.		
	Send	0XA; IW=2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Set up	Response	0XA; IW=2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Description	Set the data update interval to 2 seconds, you can choose a value between 1 to 3600 seconds.		
Wind speed & di	rection average			
time window		AW		
	Send	0XA; AW=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Quami	Response	0XA; AW=5 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Query	Description	The default average update interval for wind speed & direction data is 5 seconds.		
	Description	The device collects wind speed & direction in 5s intervals and then averages the value.		
	Send	0XA; AW=10 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Setting	Response	0XA; AW=10 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Description	Set the data update interval to 10 seconds, you can choose a value between 1 to 3600 seconds		
Wind Speed Unit	t	US		
	Send	0XA; US=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Query	Response	0XA; US=M <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Description	The default wind speed unit is m/s		
	Send	0XA; US=K <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Setting	Response	0XA; US=K <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Setung	Description	Set unit to km/h		
	Description	M = m/s, $K = km/h$, $S = mph$, $N = knots$		
The wind direction offset correction		DO		
value				
	Send	0XA;DO=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Query	Response	0XA; DO=0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Description	The default correction angle for the wind direction is 0.		
Setting	Send	0XA; DO=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		





	Response	0XA; DO=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
		Set the wind direction offset to +10°, if the current wind direction is 280°, the corrected wind direction is 290
	Description	degrees.
		The wind correction range is -180° to 180°
Rainfall Data Up	odate Interval	IR
	Send	0XA;IR=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query	Response	0XA;IR=10 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	The default rain data update interval is 10 seconds.
	Send	0XA;IR=60 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Response	0XA;IR=60 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting		Set the data update interval to 60seconds.
	Description	The interval range is 10 to 3600 seconds.
Rainfall Unit		UR
	Send	0XA; UR=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query	Response	0XA; UR=M <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	The default rainfall unit is mm
	Send	0XA; UR=I <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Response	0XA; UR=I <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting		Set the units of rainfall to inches
	Description	M = mm, $I = inch$.
Rainfall Counter	· Reset Mode	CR
	Send	0XA; CR=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query	Response	0XA; CR=M <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	Rain counter reset mode is by manual M
	Send	0XA; CR=L <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Response	0XA; CR=L <cr><lf></lf></cr>
		Set the counter reset mode to overflow reset, and you can select the modes as:
Setting	Description	M: Manual reset, reset immediately after sending the reset command (the reset command is available under all
		three communication protocols, as detailed in the different protocol sections).
		A: Post-read reset (accumulated rainfall and accumulated rainfall time are performed separately after reading reset)
		L: Overflow reset
Accumulated rai	nfall overflow	AL
value	Sand	(VA, AI = 2 < CD > IE)
	Send	0XA; AL=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query	Response	0XA; AL=80000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	The default accumulated rainfall overflow value is 80000, which is measured in the current rainfall unit.
	0.1	This overflow value takes effect only if the CR rainfall counter reset mode is set to L overflow reset.
	Send	0XA; AL=1000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting	Response	0XA; AL=1000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	When the rainfall is set to 1000 (current unit), the accumulated rainfall will be reset to 0.
	- C-D down d	The overflow value range is 10-80000 (current unit).
Accumulated rai	niall duration	DL
overflow value		





	a 1	
Query	Send	0XA; DL=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Response	0XA; DL=2000000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	The default rainfall duration overflow value is 2,000,000, the unit is second.
	Description	This overflow value will only take effect when the CR rainfall counter reset mode is L overflow reset.
	Send	0XA; DL=3600 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting	Response	0XA; DL=3600 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting	Description	Set the rainfall duration overflow value to 3600 seconds.
	Description	It ranges between 100 – 2000000 seconds.
Clear the accumu	lated rainfall	CRA
	Send	0XA; CRA=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting	Response	0XA; CRA=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	Clear the accumulated rainfall.
Clear accumulate Duration	ed rainfall	CRD
	Send	0XA; CRD=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting	Response	0XA; CRD=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	Clear the accumulated rainfall duration.
	A commutate d	Once the device is powered ,the accumulated value will be calculated and saved. When the accumulated value
	Accumulated rainfal	reaches 80,000 mm, it will be automatically cleared and enter the recalculation stage (it will still be saved after
		power off).
	Assumulated	Once the device is powered ,the accumulated value will be calculated and saved. When the accumulated value
Terterentert	Accumulated rainfall duration	reaches 2000000s, it will be automatically cleared and enter the recalculation stage (it will still be saved after power
Interpretation		off).
	Rainfall intensity	The accumulated rainfall in the past hour, during which the accumulated value is updated every 10s until the
	(hourly rainfall)	accumulated time reaches 1 hour
	Maximum rainfall	
	intensity	Maximum rainfall per minute in the past hour *60 minutes





4.3 SDI-12

SDI-12 communication adopts three wires, two of which are sensor power supply wires and the other is SDI-12 signal wire.

Each sensor on the SDI-12 bus has a unique address, which can be set to '0', '1' ~ '9', 'A' ~ 'Z', 'A' ~ 'Z'. The SDI-12 address of the SenseCAP ONE defaults to '0'. The instructions supported by this sensor are shown in the next chapter, where each instruction conforms to the SDI-12 v1.4.

The sensor is powered by a DC power supply of 3.6~16V. After the sensor is powered on, it will go into sleep mode immediately and wait for the data acquisition equipment to give instructions. SDI-12 uses baud rate 1200bps, 1 start bit (high level), 7 data bits (high 0 and low 1, anti-logic), 1 even parity bit, and 1 stop bit.

The sequence of each byte sent is shown in the following figure:



4.3.1 SDI-12 command and response

Command format

- Start with device address 'a', it is '0'in the following sample.
- End with '!'as a terminator
- The response command end with the <CR><LF>

Query the device address	?!
Send	?!
Response	0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Description	The sensor at address '0' responded to the query
Query the device	0!
status	
Send	0!
Response	0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Description	Address '0' of device online
Query the device	01!
information	
Send	01!
Response	014SenseCAPONE3.01019906922104001 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Description	Response the device information accccccccmmmvvvxxxxxxxxcCR> <lf></lf>





•					
	а	Device address: 0			
	14	SDI-12 protocol version :v1.4			
	сссссссс	Product: SenseCAP			
	mmm	Device series: ONE			
	vvv	Software version: 3.0			
	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	Device serial number: 1019906922104001			
Modify device	0Ab!	•			
address					
Send	0A1!				
Response	1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Description	Device address 0 is cha	nged to 1. The address range is 0-9、A-Z、 a-z.			
Start Measurement	0M!				
Send	0M!				
	Immediately response:	00024 <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
Response		levice's address, means finishing the measurement.: 0 <cf< td=""><td>l≫LF></td></cf<>	l≫LF>		
	This command is to s	tart THPL measurement, in order: air temperature, air h	umidity, atmospheric pressure,		
		nsor will not reply to the measurement data immediately af			
		bly the measurement data and the number of measurement	-		
		measurement is completed, and then use the send data con			
	After using this command, the sensor will enter a sleep mode after the measurement to save power consumption.				
Description	After using "continuous measurement command 0R0!0R9!", it will exit the low power consumption state.				
Description	The response format is defined as follows:				
	attn <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
		Device address:0			
		The time expense to measure data, the unit is seconds.			
		The number of measurements			
Extended Measurement	0M1!0M9!				
~ .					
Send	0Mn!(n ranges 0~9)	00024 <cd> <le></le></cd>			
Response	Immediately response:				
	^ *	levice's address, means finishing the measurement.: 0 <cf< td=""><td></td></cf<>			
	0M1!: Start Wind measurement: minimum wind direction, maximum wind direction, average wind direction,				
	minimum wind speed, maximum wind speed, average wind speed.				
	OM21: Start Pain measurement: accumulated rainfall, accumulated rainfall time, rainfall intensity, maximum				
	0M2!: Start Rain measurement: accumulated rainfall, accumulated rainfall time, rainfall intensity, maximum				
	rainfall intensity.				
	0M3!: Start Dust measurement: PM2.5, PM10.				
Description	Sale Suit Dust incloutement. 1 112.5, 1 1410.				
	0M9!: Start other measurements: heating temperature, tilt status.				
	0M4!0M8!: reserved.				
	0M4!0M8!: reserved.				
	0M4!0M8!: reserved.				
		nd, the sensor will enter a sleep mode after the measuremen	nt to save power consumption.		
			t to save power consumption.		





	For the definition of reply, please refer to "Start measurement command 0M!"		
Read measurement	0D0!0D9!		
value			
Send	0D0!		
Response	0+27.65+65.81+100000+5000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Description	This command is used to obtain a set of measurement data in the sensor. The sensor responds with the measurement data. If all the desired measurement data is not returned in 0D0!, you can continue to send 0D1!, 0D2!, etc., until all the measurement data is received. The response format is defined as follows: a Device address:0 svalues> This the real measurement value. pd.d p is the polarity symbol. the first d is the number before the decimal point. the second d is the data after the decimal point. Note that the decimal point is not necessary. In this example, "+27.65" is the first measurement data, and "+5000" is the fourth measurement data.		
Continuous	0R0!0R9!		
measurement command			
Send	0R0!		
Response	0+27.65+65.81+100000+5000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Description	This is different from "start measurement command 0M!", the measurement value can be returned directly. Each "continuous measurement command" is an independent measurement process, for example, 0R0! and 0R1! are not required before 0R2!. 0R0!: Start continuous THPL measurement: air temperature, air humidity, atmospheric pressure, light intensity. 0R1!: Start Wind continuous measurement: minimum wind direction, maximum wind direction, average wind direction, minimum wind speed, maximum wind speed, average wind speed. 0R2!: Start Rain measurement: accumulated rainfall, accumulated rainfall time, rainfall intensity, maximum rainfall intensity. 0R3!: Start Dust continuous measurement: heating temperature, dumping status. 0R4!0R8!: reserved. If the sensor was in a low-power working state before, after using this command, the sensor will exit the low-power		
Start Measurement with	working state. aMC!,aMC1!aMC9!,aRC0!aRC9!		
CRC			
Send	0RC0!		
Response	0+26.52+67.73+100280+35JKy		

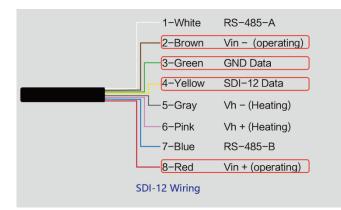
seeed studio



Description	To enhance the error detection capability of the SDI-12 protocol, "start measurement command 0M!", "extended measurement command 0M1!0M9!" and "continuous measurement command 0R0!0R9!" can add 16-bit cyclic redundancy check. Add the character C after the command character M or R of these commands to form a new command: aMC!,aMC1!aMC9!,aRC0!aRC9!. For the calculation of CRC-16, please refer to the SDI-12 protocol v1.4 document.				
Clear accumulated	0XCRA!				
rainfall command					
Send	0XCRA!				
Response	01 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	aN <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	a	Device address:0			
Description	N	Clear success: 1			
		Clear failed: 0			
Clear accumulated	0XCRD!				
rainfall duration					
Send	0XCRD!				
Response	01 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	aN <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	a	Device address:0			
Description	Ν	Clear success: 1			
		Clear failed: 0			

4.3.2SDI-12 Read

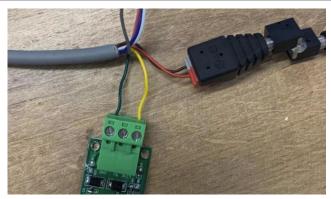
Wiring the SDI-12



Use USB to SDI-12 debugger to communicate with the device







The communication settings:

Format	1 start bits, 7 data bits, Even parity, 1 stop bits
Baud rate	1200bps
Device address	0x00

Connect the green wire (GND Data) and yellow wire (SDI-12 Data) to the USB to SDI-12 debugger.

And connect the red wire (Vin+ power positive) and brown wire (Vin- power ground) to the 12V power supply.

Download the serial port debugging assistant: https://github.com/Neutree/COMTool, and then open the serial port

debugging tool.

- Choose the correct port number
- Set the baud rate to the baud rate of the USB to SDI-12 debugger (note that it is not the baud rate of the SDI-12 protocol)
- Check the "CRLF"
- Click to open the serial port.
- Send the query device address command "?!", if you can see the response "0", it means the connection is OK.

COMTool V1.7		-		×
K 🖀 📀		ASCII	\checkmark	K
Serial Settings	0			
Port COM54 USB 🗸				
Baudrate 9600 🗸				
DataBytes 8				
Parity None 🗸				
Stopbits 1				
rts dtr				
CLOSE				
Receive Settings				
🔵 ASCII 💮 HEX	?!		ClearRec	eive
Auto Linefeed 200 (ms)			cicumee	
Send Settings				
ASCII HEX				
Scheduled 300			Send	
<pre><crlf></crlf></pre>	?!			\checkmark
Ready Send(bytes):2	Receive(bytes):3			

Start Measurement

Read air temperature, air humidity, barometric pressure, light intensity

Send the "start measurement command 0M!", the sensor first responds with "00024", which means that the "0M!" command takes 2 seconds to measure and returns 4 measured values. After 2 seconds, the sensor responds with its





own address "0", indicating that the measurement has been completed.

COMTool	V1.7				-		×
K 🕿	?				ASCII	\checkmark	K
Serial Sett	ings	00024 0					
Port	СОМ54 U 🗸						
Baudrate	9600 🗸						
DataBytes	8 🗸						
Parity	None 🗸						
Stopbits	1						
rts	dtr						
	CLOSE						
Receive Set	tings						
ASCII	HEX .	OM!				ClearRece	ive
Auto Linefe (ms)	ed 200						
Send Settir	igs						
ASCII	HEX .						
Schedu Send(m						Send	
<pre>CRLF></pre>		OM!					\checkmark
Ready 5	Send(bytes):3		Receive(bytes)	10			

Then send "Read measurement value command 0D0!" to get the 4 measured values of this measurement, which are air temperature +27.01°C, air humidity 64.74%, barometric pressure 100720Pa, and light intensity 10Lux.

COMTool V1.7		-	
< 👕 🕝		ASCII	✓ K
Serial Settings	00024 0 0+27.01+64.74+100720+10		
Port COM54 V 🗸	0-21.01-04.14-100120-10		
Baudrate 9600 🗸			
DataBytes 8			
Parity None 🗸			
Stopbits 1			
rts dtr			
CLOSE			
Receive Settings			
🔵 ASCII 🔍 HEX	000!		ClearReceive
Auto Linefeed 200 (ms)			
Send Settings			
🔵 ASCII 🔍 HEX		_	
Scheduled 300			Send
<pre> <crlf></crlf></pre>	000 !		\checkmark
Ready Send(bytes):7	Receive(bytes):35		

Use extended measurement command 0M1! to read minimum wind direction, maximum wind direction, average wind direction, minimum wind speed, maximum wind speed, average wind speed. The device responds with "00056", which means that the "0M1!" command takes 5 seconds to measure and returns 6 measured values. After 5 seconds, the device responds with its own address "0", indicating that the measurement has been completed.





COMTool V1.7		– 🗆 ×
K 🕈 🛛		ascii 🗸 🗸
Serial Settings Port COME4 U Baudrate 9600 DataBytes 8 Parity None	00056	
Stopbits 1 view of the stopping of the stoppin		
Receive Settings ASCII HEX Auto Linefeed (ms)		ClearReceive
Send Settings ASCII HEX Scheduled Send(ms) CCRLF>		Send
Ready Send(bytes):4	OM1 ! Receive(bytes):10	

Then send "Read measurement value command 0D0!" to get the 6 measured values of this measurement, which are minimum wind direction 345.9 degrees, maximum wind direction 347.5 degrees, average wind direction 346.3 degrees, minimum wind speed 2.8m/s, and maximum wind speed 2.8m. /s, average wind speed 2.8m/s.

COMTool V1.7		-	
K 🕈 🛛		ASCII	~ K
Serial Settings	00056		
Port COM54 U 🗸	0+345.9+347.5+346.3+2.8+2.8+2.8		
Baudrate 9600 🗸			
DataBytes 8			
Parity None 🗸			
Stopbits 1			
rts dtr			
CLOSE			
Receive Settings			
🔵 ASCII 💮 HEX	000!		ClearReceive
Auto Linefeed (ms)			
Send Settings			
🔵 ASCII 💮 HEX			
Scheduled Send(ms) 300			Send
<pre> <crlf></crlf></pre>	000!		\checkmark
Ready Send(bytes):8	Receive(bytes):43		

Then send "continuous measurement command 0R2!, the device returns 4 measured values: cumulative rainfall 1.2mm, cumulative rainfall duration 20 seconds, rainfall intensity 1.2mm/h, maximum rainfall intensity 72.0mm/h.





COMTool V1.7		- 🗆 ×
K 🕈 🛛		ascii 🗸 🖌
Serial Settings	0+1.2+20+1.2+72.0	
Port COM54 U 🗸		
Baudrate 9600 🗸		
DataBytes 8		
Parity None 🗸		
Stopbits 1		
rts dtr		
CLOSE		
Receive Settings		
ASCII HEX Auto Linefeed 200 (ms)	082!	ClearReceive
Send Settings		
ASCII HEX Scheduled Send(ms)		Send
<pre>CRLF></pre>	0R2 !	~
Ready Send(bytes):4	Receive(bytes):19	





5 Error code

5.1 Modbus error code

Error code	Description	Response instance
0x01	Device do not response	01 84 01 82 C0
0x04	Sensor probe exception	01 84 04 42 C3

5.2 ASCII error code

Error code	Description	Response instance
0	Command do not exist	0XA;=#0
1	Device do not response	0XA;AT=#1
3	The command length exceeds the limit, it needs to	0XA;=#3
	be reduced	
4	Sensor probe exception	0XA;AT=#4

5.3 SDI-12 error code

Error code	Description	Response instance
2001001	Device do not response	0+2001001+2001001+2001001+2001001 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
2001004	Sensor probe exception	0+2001004+2001004+2001004+2001004 <cr><lf></lf></cr>





6 Trouble Shooting

6.1 How is the average wind speed and direction calculated?

The default average time window is 5s. Within this window, the device will collect wind speed and direction data five times and return an average value.

6.2 Support

Support is provided Monday to Friday, from 09:00 to 18:00 GMT+8. Due to different time zones, we cannot offer live support. However, your questions will be answered as soon as possible in the before-mentioned schedule.

Provide as much information as possible regarding your enquiry (product SKU, accurately describe your problem and steps to replicate it etc.) and send a mail to: support@sensecapmx.com

6.3 Document Version

Version	Date	Description	Editor
V1.0	7/4/2023	First edition	Jenkin Lu
V1.1	25/4/2023	Add new product Introduction	Xinan Rao
V1.2	8/6/2023	Add trouble shooting	Andrea Ouyang
V1.3	8/12/2023	Modify Document error	Yvonne Meng
V1.4	28/11/2024	Add total radiation and radar rainfall series	Evelyn Chen



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