



The easy Radio Intelligent Controller (eRIC) radio transceiver module is based on the Texas Instruments CC430F5137 System-on-Chip device to provide an intelligent radio sub-system that combines a high performance RF transceiver, RF band pass filters (BPF), an MSP430 microcontroller, 32Kb flash memory, non-volatile flash storage, temperature sensor, and a low drop voltage regulator. The device operates on the International licence exempt Industrial, Scientific and Medical (ISM) radio bands.

eRIC thus extends the proven easyRadio product line by offering a low cost RF transceiver intended for high volume applications. The compact form factor, surface mount packaging and external antenna connector simplify product design and manufacture and provide for

flexible placement of the module within an end product.

Features

- Benefits
- Default 'easyRadio' Protocol Embedded
- ISM Frequency Bands
- Radio Compliance
- Small I5x20x2.2mm Surface Mount Device (SMD)
- Low power operation modes
- eROS Operating System & Application partitions
- Configurable & programmable User I/O
- AES 128 bit data encryption
- Built in Temperature Sensor

easyRadio Operating System (eROS)

Simple serial data in/data out user interface and configuration 433 & 868MHz (UK & Europe) & 915MHz (USA) Meets ETSI (Europe) & FCC Certified (USA) requirements Simplifies product design and manufacture Battery powered applications Can eliminate need for external application processor Minimises external hardware requirements for custom applications Secure communications Environment monitor

eRIC's processor memory is partitioned and embedded with a protected version of the easyRadio Operating System (eROS) that handles all the complex radio functions and thus eliminates the need for the user to program multiple control registers and understand their interaction. The other partition provides an optional user accessible application code area.

Radio parameters such as frequency, channel, output power and data rate are passed by the application code and radio data is sent and received in the background by simply calling predefined functions.

Also provided is a simple to use API that replaces low level chip specific code with intuitive pin commands that allow the multiple general purpose I/O pins and internal function blocks to be configured and interfaced to external hardware. These built in functions make customisation easy for the novice and powerful for advanced programmers. This architecture can eliminate the need for a separate application microcontroller and thus minimises cost and power consumption for simple 'sense and control' RF nodes such as might be employed within the 'Internet of Things'.

By default (factory settings) the application code area is pre-programmed with a subset of the familiar easyRadio command and communication software that allows key operating parameters such as operating frequency, RF power output and host communication settings to be (optionally) pre-configured using the 'easyRadio Companion' software or to be dynamically changed using simple serial commands sent from the host processor. This allows multiple eRIC devices to communicate free from interference with each other and other local RF devices.

In the default application mode, data is sent to and received from host processors or devices using 3.3V logic level serial data (inverted) with packet sizes up to 250 bytes.

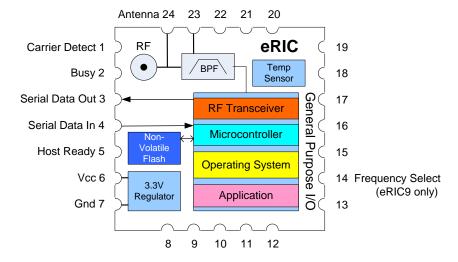


Figure I eRIC Transceiver Block Diagram

Pin/Pad Description

Pad No	Name	Description	Notes
1	CD	Carrier Detect	Indicates presence of any RF carrier within the receiver bandwidth
		Digital output	Idle – Low, Carrier Present – High
			Optional A-D Input
2	Busy	Clear to Send (CTS) function	Indicates that transceiver is ready to receive serial data from the
	-	Digital output	Host.
			Low – Transceiver Ready, High – Transceiver not Ready
			Optional A-D Input
2	RF Rx Data	Demodulated receiver data	Only active when RAW Data mode is enabled
(Option)		Digital output	
3	SDO	Rx Serial Data Out (Default)	Digital output - Connect to Host serial input
4	SDI	Tx Serial Data In (Default)	Digital input - Connect to Host serial output
5	Host Ready	Request to Send (RTS)	Used to indicate that Host is ready to receive serial data from the
		function Digital input	Transceiver
			Low – Host Ready, High – Host Not Ready
			Weak (35k) pull down enabled. Optional A-D Input
6	Vcc	Operating Supply Voltage	+2.4V to +6V. Supply should be 'clean', noise and ripple free
7	Gnd	Power Ground	0V Ground
8	JTAG	JTAG pins	Reserved Use – Do not connect
8	Bootloader	Using a specific sequence on	Only available on modules manufactured in 2015 or on old
	Recovery	Pin8, module can be recovered	modules which were upgraded using easyRadio Companion
		and set into bootloader mode	software 4.0.4 onwards.
		using LPRS BSL (Boot Strap	Connect Pin11 and Pin12 together first. On holding module in
		Loader).	reset or holding Pin9 (Reset) low, toggle Pin8 4 times. After 4
			toggles, hold Pin8 high and release reset or unground Pin9. This
			will set the module in recovery bootloader mode which is
			indicated by Pin I 7 going high. From this state module can be re-
-			flashed or repaired with eROS and eRIC.
9	Reset	Reset & JTAG use	Restricted Use – Internal pull-up. Connect to Gnd for Reset
10	GPIO	General purpose digital I/O	
11, 12	GPIO	Bootloader & General purpose	When connected together invokes the bootloader function on
	T	digital I/O	reset. Do not connect for normal operation.
11	Temporary	Resets module temporarily to	Only available in VI.5 onwards.
	Recovery	UART 19200 and CPU	If the module fails to respond, it can be temporarily recovered by
		450000Hz.	holding Pin11 high on reset. This will temporarily reset module to UART 19200 and CPU 4500000Hz. At this point sending
			ER_CMD#R0 will reset the module to default settings and fix it.
13	GPIO	General purpose digital I/O	EN_CITD#RO will reset the module to delault settings and lix it.
13	GPIO	General purpose digital I/O General purpose digital I/O	eRIC4 only – See variant below:
14		Frequency Select EU/US	eRIC9 only.
	Input	Trequency select E0/03	Pin High - 869.75 MHz, Pin Low - 915.00MHz
			Internal pull-up enabled
15 - 21	GPIO	General purpose digital I/O	Mappable secondary function
22	GPIO	General purpose digital I/O	Optional A-D Input. Mappable secondary function
		General purpose digital 1/O	optional A-D input. I lappable secondary function



22	Interupt		Exit Low power modes
	(Low to		
	High)		
23	RF Gnd	RF Ground – 0V	Connect to antenna ground and local ground plane. Internally
			connected to Power Ground 0V
24	RF	50R RF Input/Output	Connect to suitable antenna via 50R PCB trace or use the
			alternative UFL connector

Notes

GPIO Pins/pads are configured (by default) on power up or Reset as Inputs with internal weak pull downs. Therefore, exercise caution when connecting to any external circuitry.

Pins/pad 1-7 are physically (pin/pad sequence) and electrically compatible with easyRadio eRA400/900 Transceivers. Interrupt function available on Pins/pad 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 22

Mappable functions are UART, SPI, I2C, TimerA, , Compare/Capture I/O, GD0. See the eROS Developers Manual for further details and description of these functions.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating Temperature Range	-40° C to +85° C
Storage Temperature Range	-40° C to +85° C
Supply Voltage - Vcc	-0.3 to +6.0 Volts
All Other Pins/Pads w.r.t 0V Gnd	-0.3 to +3.3 Volts
Antenna	50V _P -р @ < 10MHz

Performance Data:

Supply +3.6 Volt \pm 5%, Temperature 20° C

DC Parameters	Pin	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage (Vcc)	6	2.4	3.6	6.0	Volts	
Internal Regulator (Vreg)		2.95	3.3	3.65	Volts	
Transmit supply current	6		32	33	mA	+10dBm RF power output
Receive supply current	6		15		mA	Continuous mode @ 250kbps
Sleep Mode current	6		1.8		uA	ТВА
Initial Power Up Time			5	50	mS	
Logic Levels						
Data Output Logic I	All		3.1		Volts	10k load to 0V Gnd
Data Output Logic 0			0.1		Volts	10k load to internal +Vreg supply
Data Output Current		6		15	mA	Under software control Hi/Lo drive
Data Input Logic I		2.0		3.6	Volts	
Data Input Logic 0		0		0.2	Volts	
Input Pull-ups/Downs			100		kΩ	Under software control
						To internal +Vreg or 0V Gnd
RF Parameters						
Antenna Impedance	24		50		Ohms	Via UFL connector or pads
Operating Frequency		389	434.00	470	MHz	See Configuration Command set
		779	869.75	902	MHz	
		902	915.00	928	MHz	
Modulation		FSK Wid	eband MSK	at 500kb	os	
Transmitter						
RF Power Output 434MHz	24	-30	Set by	+12	dBm	50Ω load – 434MHz
			user			
RF Power Output 869MHz	24	-30	Set by	+7	dBm	50Ω load – 869MHz
-			user			
RF Power Output 915MHz	24	-30	Set by	-3	dBm	50Ω load – 915MHz
			user			
Frequency Accuracy			±10	±15	ppm	Overall
FSK Deviation (Min)			±5.2		kHz	I.2kbps 58kHz filter bandwidth
FSK Deviation (Max)			±127		kHz	250kbps, 540kHz Filter bandwidth
Harmonics & Spurious	24		-47	< -36	dBm	Meets EN 300 220-3
Emissions						
Over Air Data Rate		1.2	38.4	500	Kbps	Configurable
Receiver						
Receive Sensitivity 433MHz	24		-111		dBm	At 1.2kbps Over Air data rate
868/915MHz	24		-109		dBm	At 1.2kbps Over Air data rate
434MHz	24		-91		dBm	At 500kbps Over Air data rate
868/915MHz	24		-81		dBm	At 500kbps Over Air data rate
Host Serial Data Rate	3, 4	2.4	19.2	115.2	Kbps	Host interface
Mechanical						
Size			20 x 2.2		mm	
Pin/Pad Pitch			2.54		mm	Standard 0.1 Inch
Weight			1.5		grams	
V CIGILC						ecifications are subject to change without notice



Notes

When power is first applied to the module the processor retrieves 'calibration' data for the RF section that compensates for temperature and power supply voltage variations. The transceiver will then be ready to transmit or receive (default) and would normally be left in this state, ready to receive data.

The internal Vreg is not brought out to a specific pin/pad. Should there be need to connect external pull up resistors then connection should be made to a spare GPIO pin/pad configured as a 'High' output.

Power Supply

The supply used to power the transceiver should be 'clean' and free from ripple and noise (<20mV p-p total). It is suggested that 100nF ceramic capacitors be used to de-couple the supply close to the power pins of the transceiver. The use of 'switch mode' power supplies should generally be avoided as they can generate both conducted and radiated high frequency noise that can be very difficult to eliminate. This noise may considerably reduce the performance of any radio device that is connected or adjacent to such a supply.

Antennas

The eRIC transceiver can be used with the various common types of antenna that match the 50Ω RF Input/Output such as a monopole (whip), a tuned helical antenna, a PCB loop antenna or a ceramic 'chip' antenna.

Monopole antennas are resonant with a length corresponding to one quarter of the electrical wavelength (Lambda/4). They are very easy to implement and can simply be a 'piece of wire' or PCB track which at 434MHz should be 16.4cms in length. This should be kept straight, in 'free space' and well away from all other circuitry, conducting objects and metalwork and should preferably be connected directly to the Antenna pin (24) of the eRIC transceiver.

If the antenna needs to be remote it should be connected via a 50Ω coaxial feeder cable or transmission line. A 50Ω transmission line can be constructed on FR4 board material by using a 3mm wide PCB track over a ground plane and this should be kept as short as possible.

The eRIC transceiver is also fitted with UFL (U.FL) RF Connector wired in parallel with pin 23 (RF Gnd) and pin 24 (RF In/Out). LPRS can supply suitable antennas fitted with matching connectors and low loss cable assemblies.

Helical antennas are also resonant and generally chosen for their more compact dimensions. They are more difficult to optimise than monopole antennas and are critical with regard to any surrounding conducting objects that can easily 'de-tune' them. They operate most efficiently when there is a substantial ground plane for them to radiate against.

PCB loop antennas are the most compact antennas but are less effective than the other types. They are also more difficult to design and must be carefully 'tuned' for best performance.

Chip antennas are attractive as they are compact and if used in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications can provide very good performance.

The Internet can provide much useful information on the design of Short Range Device (SRD) Antennas.

Please Note: To meet US FCC requirements the modules must be used with the specified antennas (TBA) that were used for testing.



Mechanical

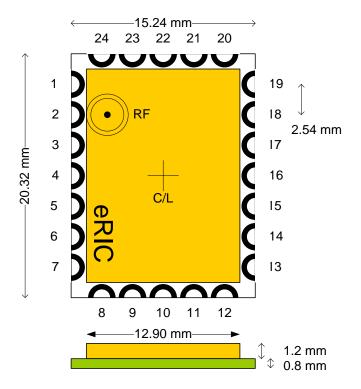


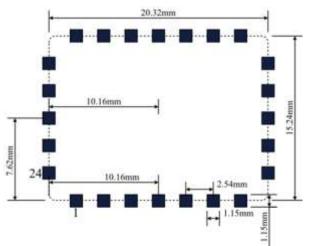
Figure 2 Mechanical Drawing

PCB Layout Notes

Pitch of the castellated connection pads is 2.54mm. Pads 4 & 16 and 10 & 22 are on centre line (C/L) of module

It is recommended that the module is mounted on a double sided PCB and that the area below the module be flooded with additional copper ground plane. This should be connected to pad 23 (RF Ground) and pad 7 (Power Gnd).

The recommended pad layout is shown below. Pads should be solid with no hole.



eRIC is designed for reflow soldering. Please contact LPRS Technical Department for further details and the suggested thermal profiles.



Interface to Microcontroller

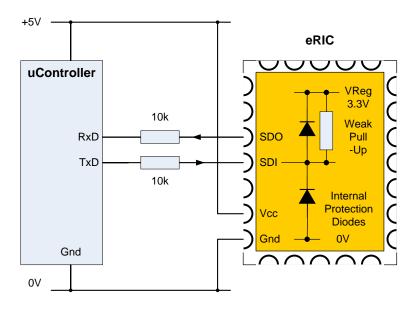


Figure 3 Connection to Host UART and I/O Protection

The transceiver module is powered internally by an on board 3.3V low drop voltage regulator. Any eRIC pin/pad configured as an input should not be connected directly to a voltage greater than 3.3V or less than -0.3V otherwise damage may occur to the module due to excess current flowing through the IC internal protection diodes. To prevent such damage this current should be limited by the use of a suitable (10k typical) series resistor (as shown above).

eRIC output pins can only provide a maximum high voltage of 3.3V (Vreg) and whilst not strictly necessary to use a series resistor in series with outputs it may afford protection under some fault conditions.

The serial data input (or any other pin) must NOT be directly connected to any RS232 level (±15V) devices.

Serial data is inverted i.e. Start Bit is logic low. This allows direct connection to a microcontroller UART (Inverted data) or to RS232 devices via a voltage level translator device such as a Maxim MAX232, which invert the logic of the RS232 signals. Data is sent and received in standard serial 'RS232' format (logic level only) and there is no restriction on the characters (Hex 00 - FF) that may be sent or received.

The host should provide serial data input and output lines. The optional 'handshaking' lines can be used to control the flow of data between the host and eRIC. If handshaking is not being used then Pin5 (Host Ready) should either be left floating (internal pull down) or held low. The 'Host Ready Input' Pin5 should be tied to 0 Volt (Ground) if not used, only when handshaking is enabled.

The 'Busy' output line, when active, indicates that the transceiver is undertaking an internal task and is not ready to receive serial data. The 'Host Ready' input is used to indicate that the host is ready to receive the data held in the buffer of the easyRadio Transceiver. The host should check before sending data that the 'Busy' line is not high, as this would indicate that the transceiver is unable to reliably receive further data. It should also pull the 'Host Ready' line to receive data.

The 'Busy' output is active all the time regardless of handshaking setting. The 'Host Ready' is enabled by the handshaking setting.



Serial Data Timing

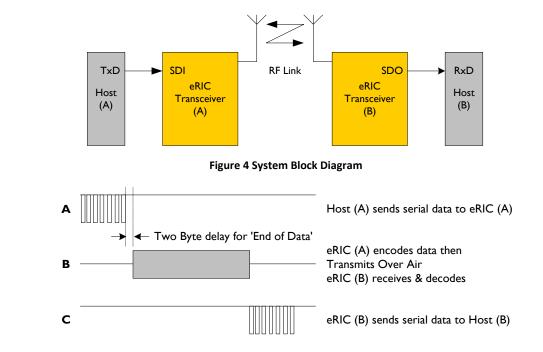


Figure 5 Timing Diagram

Parameter	Values	Notes
Host Serial Data Rate	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 &	Configurable – Default = 19200 baud
	115200 baud	
Host Character Format	I Start bit, 8 Data bits, No Parity, I Stop bit	10 bits @ 104uS/bit = 0.52mS/character at 19200
		baud
'End of Data' Delay	2 x Baud Byte duration	Twice character time
RF Transmit Duration	Depends on over air RF data rate	See drawing. Between 2 & 4 bytes of Preamble and
	Default - 38400 bps	other internal data are automatically added to
		every packet
Buffer Size	I-250 bytes maximum	

Notes

The serial data internal buffer size is limited to a maximum of 250 bytes. Data will be lost if more than 250 bytes are sent in any one transmission. RF transmission begins automatically when the buffer is full or when 'End of Data' (no data for twice the character time) is detected.

- A. Host (A) sends serial data to eRIC (A). The data must be continuously streamed (no breaks) at the selected host baud rate and is loaded into an internal transmit buffer.
- B. After detecting either the 'End of Data' gap or the 'Buffer Full' condition the controller enables the RF transmitter circuitry of the transceiver and sends the data within the buffer together with preamble and other internal data across the RF link. Any eRIC transceiver operating in receive mode and within range that 'hears' the transmission will receive and decode the data, check for data integrity and place it into their receive buffers.
- C. Data within the receive buffer of eRIC (B) will be sent to Host (B) at the selected baud rate.

Host (A) must allow time for the complete 'Over Air' transmission and for the receiving Host (B) to unload (and process) the data before sending new data. (See Figure 5). There is no automatic 'RF handshaking' provided by the eRIC transceivers. Radio transmission and reception is bi-directional (half duplex) i.e. transmit OR receive (but not simultaneously) and there is no automatic confirmation of the satisfactory reception of the data.

The user application should therefore, either send the data repetitively to provide some redundancy or devise a scheme of acknowledgements (ACKs) and re-tries to increase the security and reliability of the transmitted data should need be.



easyRadio eRIC Configuration Command Set

Key operating parameters of eRIC can be changed and configured by sending the 'text' (ASCII character) commands detailed below. These commands can be executed using 'easyRadio Companion' software, any 'Terminal' software operating on a PC or from the host microcontroller.

The commands should be sent exactly as shown: i.e. case sensitive with no spaces between characters. Commands are not executed until the Acknowledgement (ACK) sequence is sent to and processed by the module.

To send the commands follow this procedure:

- 1. Send Command from host: e.g. ER_CMD#U5 (Set UART BAUD to 38400)
- 2. Wait for the completion of the echo of the Command from the module. e.g. ER_CMD#U5 $\,$
- 3. Send the ACK command as the three upper case ASCII characters 'A' 'C' 'K' in sequence with no spaces

Host Serial Co	mmunication Setting	S						
Command	UART Data Rate							Note
ER_CMD#UI	2400							
ER_CMD#U2	4800							
ER_CMD#U3	9600							
ER_CMD#U4	19200	✓	Tick indicates	Factory Default	t setting			
ER CMD#U5	38400			,				
ER CMD#U8	115200							1
ER CMD#U?	Get UART Value		Returns the c	urrent UART va	alue			1
_			E.g. ER CMD	#U2 - No 'ACK	' is required			
Transmit RF Po	ower Settings		0 _		•			
			eRIC4	eRIC9	eRIC9	eRIC9	Units	
1			433MHz	869.75 –	902 –	Other		
				870MHz	928 MHz	frequencies		
ER CMD#P0	Minimum Power		0	-2	-12	0	dBm	
ER_CMD#PI				-1	-11		dBm	1
ER CMD#P2		1	2	0	-10	2	dBm	1
ER CMD#P3		1	3	I	-9	3	dBm	1
ER CMD#P4		1	4	2	-8	4	dBm	1
ER CMD#P5		1	5	3	-7	5	dBm	†
ER CMD#P6		1	6	4	-6	6	dBm	+
ER CMD#P7			7	5	-5	7	dBm	
ER CMD#P8			8	6	-4	8	dBm	+
ER CMD#P9	Maximum Power	1	9	7	-3	9	dBm	
ER CMD#P?	Get RF Power	•		urrent RF powe		,	dbiii	+
	output value			#P9 No ACK is	required			
RF Channel Set					required			
ER CMD#Cx	Where x = Channel		E.g.					
	Number in Decimal.			5 – 434.500MHz	,			
	Only channels (0-9)			5 – 434.5001 ll 12 5 – 870.250MHz				
	implemented at			5 – 915.500MHz				
	present.		TOT Charmers	/ / / J.J.J.J.	•			
ER CMD#C0	presenta	1	Sets base free	uency to: 434.0	00MHz 869 75	MHz, 915.000MH	7	+
ER CMD#CI-8				ate frequency va				
ER CMD#C9				y to 434.900MH				-
ER CMD#C?	Get Channel Value			urrent channel s		JJIIIIIIIIIIIII		-
	Get Charmer Value			#C9 - No ACK				
RF Frequency	Settings				.e i equil ed			
ER_CMD#F	Set Absolute		Sets the absol	ute frequency to	o xxxxxxx in l	lex		
XXXXXXXXX	Frequency					equency to 45800	0000H7	
ER_CMD#F?	Get current	+		urrent frequenc				+
	Frequency value			#F? Returns IB4				
CPU Frequency								
ER CMD#f	Set Absolute CPU		Sets the aboa	ute CPU freque	ncy to yyyyyy	ry in Hey		VI.5
XXXXXXXX	Frequency					quency to 45000	00H 7	1.5
~~~~~						40kHz, 50kHz, 6		
				70kHz-20Mhz	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	IONI IZ, JONI IZ, C	ANN IZ ANU	
ER CMD#f?	Get current CPU	+		urrent frequenc	v value as 8 but	es of Hey		VI.5
	Frequency value			#f? Returns 004				1.5
Over-Air Data								
ER CMD#B0	hate		1200 bps					
ER_CMD#B0		+	2400 bps					+
	l	<u> </u>	2400 pps					

eRIC_Datasheet_I.2



		<b>I</b> 1	4000 1	1
ER_CMD#B2			4800 bps	
ER_CMD#B3			9600 bps	
ER_CMD#B4			19200 bps	
ER_CMD#B5		✓	38400 bps (Default)	
ER_CMD#B6			76800 bps	
ER_CMD#B7			100000 bps	
ER_CMD#B8			250000 bps	
ER_CMD#B9			500000 bps	
ER_CMD#B?	Get the Over-Air		Returns the current Over-Air data rate value as command setting value	
	Data Rate value		E.g. ER_CMD#B5 - not the integer bps value	
			No ACK is required	
Radio Receive -				
	On Time		Typical Average Receiver Current	
ER_CMD#D0	100%	$\checkmark$	I6mA (Default)	VI.I
ER_CMD#D1	12.50%		2mA	VI.I
ER_CMD#D2	6.25%		ImA	VI.I
ER CMD#D3	3.33%		500uA	VI.I
ER CMD#D4	1.56%		250uA	VI.I
ER CMD#D5	0.78%		125uA	VI.I
ER CMD#D6	0.39%		63uA	VI.I
ER_CMD#D7	0.20%		32uA	VI.I
ER_CMD#D8	0%		Radio receiver is completely disabled and turned off. Radio stays in Idle	VI.5
			and Sleep mode and only turns on to transmit data when requested	
Radio Transmit	- Power Saving			
ER CMD#d0		$\checkmark$	This setting must be used in conjunction with the receive power saving	VI.I
		Ť	setting:	,
			ER_CMD#dx >= ER_CMD#Dx	
			N.B. If the receiver is set by command ER CMD#D4, the	
			communication would fail if transmitter is set with command less than	
			ER CMD#d4.	
			It will only work if the transmitter is set with command ER_CMD#d4 or	
			above	
ER CMD#d8			Radio goes into Idle and Sleep mode even if ER_CMD#D7 is set	VI.5
Group ID Settin	195			1.10
ER CMD#L7	Enable Group ID		E.g. ER_CMD#L74578 sets the group ID as 0x4578	VI.I
xxxx	(2 bytes)			
ER CMD#L7	Disable Group ID			VI.I
0000				
ER CMD#L7?	Get Group ID value		Returns the 4 byte Group ID number in Hex	VI.I
EEPROM Settin				
ER_CMD#L8?	Get the Serial		Returns the unique 4 byte module Serial Number in Hex	VI.I
	Number of the		E.g. 40000056	
	module		0	
ER_CMD#L4	Writes data to		E.g. ER_CMD#L4FE2A - Write the data 0x2A at EEPROM address 0xFE	VI.I
xxxx	EEPROM at location		Where xxxx is the address followed by the data in hexadecimal	
XXXX	xx			
ER CMD#L4	Returns the data		E.g. ER_CMD#L4FE? Returns data as 0x2A	VI.I
xx?	located at EEPROM		Where xx is the EEPROM address in hexadecimal from 0-FF	
	address xx		EEPROM is only 256Bytes and ranges from 0x00-0xFF	
Miscellaneous S				
ER CMD#R0	Reset Radio		Reset all the radio settings and retrieve all the (Default) radio settings	
			P9, C0, D0, d0, U5, B5, L70000, A10, A20, Z00,	
ER_CMD#R1	Power On		Software Power On Reset (POR) and restart the radio with previously	VI.5
	Reset(POR)		stored settings	
ER CMD#R2	Bootloader Mode	$\left  - \right $	Enables bootloader mode and firmware can be upgraded using UART on	VI.5
			Pin3 and Pin4	
			· ···· ·······························	
Test Modes				
Test Modes	Upper FSK		Transmit continuous upper FSK Carrier	
ER_CMD#T0	Upper FSK		Transmit continuous upper FSK Carrier	
ER_CMD#T0 ER_CMD#T1	Upper FSK		Transmit continuous modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate.	VI 4
ER_CMD#T0	Upper FSK		Transmit continuous modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate. Transmit continuous Un-calibrated modulated Carrier at selected Over	VI.4
ER_CMD#T0 ER_CMD#T1 ER_CMD#T1U			Transmit continuous modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate. Transmit continuous Un-calibrated modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate.	VI.4
ER_CMD#T0 ER_CMD#T1 ER_CMD#T1U ER_CMD#T2	Lower FSK		Transmit continuous modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate. Transmit continuous Un-calibrated modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate. Transmit continuous lower FSK Carrier	VI.4
ER_CMD#T0 ER_CMD#T1 ER_CMD#T1U	Lower FSK Get Firmware		Transmit continuous modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate. Transmit continuous Un-calibrated modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate. Transmit continuous lower FSK Carrier Returns firmware revision string in ASCII	VI.4
ER_CMD#T0 ER_CMD#T1 ER_CMD#T1U ER_CMD#T2 ER_CMD#T3	Lower FSK Get Firmware Revision		Transmit continuous modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate. Transmit continuous Un-calibrated modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate. Transmit continuous lower FSK Carrier Returns firmware revision string in ASCII e.g. eRIC400xxxx	VI.4
ER_CMD#T0 ER_CMD#T1 ER_CMD#T1U ER_CMD#T2	Lower FSK Get Firmware		Transmit continuous modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate. Transmit continuous Un-calibrated modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate. Transmit continuous lower FSK Carrier Returns firmware revision string in ASCII	VI.4 VI.1



ER_CMD#T6	Carrier Off		End any continuous transmit modes	
ER_CMD#T7	Get Temperature		Returns internal chip temperature in decimal Degrees C. e.g. 20.5°C	
ER_CMD#T8	Last Packet RSSI		Returns the Received Signal Strength Indication (RSSI) of the last packet	VI.I
			in dBm with sign (only in Packet Mode) e.g74dBm	
ER_CMD#T9	Get live RSSI		Returns the live RSSI value in dBm with sign e.g102dBm	
AES Encryption ER_CMD#A1xy	Set AES command		Where;	VI.5
	Set ALS command		x = 0 AES disabled	V1.5
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			x = 1 AES enabled with both encryption and decryption	
у У			x = 2 AES encryption only enabled	
/			x = 3 AES decryption only enabled	
			y = 32 character encryption key	
			For example to set AES as encryption with key (0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF) the command should be:	
			ER_CMD#A110123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF	
			(AES is enabled with both encryption and decryption)	
			ER_CMD#A120123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF	
			(AES is enabled with only encryption)	
			ER_CMD#A130123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF	
			(AES is enabled with only decryption) ER_CMD#A10. (AES encryption and decryption Off)	
ER_CMD#A1?	Returns the current		Returns with ER_CMD#A1x where $x = 0, 1, 2, \text{ or } 3$	VI.5
	AES settings		$\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$	
Low Power Mo				
ER_CMD#A21			eRIC_LPM_Level0() is enabled. Clock is set to 1048576Hz and D7	VI.5
-			(RxPower level) is enabled. Pin22 is set as Interrupt to exit this mode.	
			All other interrupts are disabled except UART, Pin22 and Radio. eRIC	
			can send data, receive data and update settings.	
			Current consumption ~180uA	
ER_CMD#A22			eRIC_LPM_Level1() is enabled. Clock is set to 32768Hz and D7	VI.5
			(RxPower level) is enabled. Pin22 is set as Interrupt to exit this mode.	
			All other interrupts are disabled except UART, Pin22 and Radio. eRIC	
			can send data and receive data. Can also update settings but may	
			struggle to update EEprom and other settings as clock is on low speed.	
			Current consumption ~37uA.	
			If ER_CMD#D8 (Radio receiver Off) and ER_CMD#d8 is used (Can send data but not receive data)	
			Current consumption ~6uA	
ER CMD#A23			eRIC_LPM_Level2() is enabled. All clocks are turned off. Radio is off.	VI.5
			Pin22 interrupt is enabled to exit this mode.	1.5
			Current consumption ~2uA	
ER_CMD#A2?	Returns the current		I	VI.5
_	low power mode			
Handshake Set				
ER_CMD#A50	Handshaking Off	✓	(Default)	VI.5
ER_CMD#A51	Handshaking On		(Pin2 CTS, Pin5 RTS) See notes	VI.5
ER_CMD#A5?	Returns current			VI.5
C	Handshake setting			
Carrier Mode S				
ER_CMD#Z01	High side Carrier		On start up or reset	VI.5
	Mode On Modulated Corrier		Used mainly for FCC testing purposes	
ER_CMD#Z02	Modulated Carrier Mode On		On start up or reset Used mainly for FCC testing purposes	VI.5
ER CMD#Z03	Low side Carrier	$\left  - \right $	On start up or reset	VI.5
	Mode On		Used mainly for FCC testing purposes	
ER CMD#Z00	No Carrier Mode	✓	On start up or reset. (Default)	VI.5
ER_CMD#Z0?	Returns Carrier		Returns with ER_CMD#Z00 or 1, 2, 3	VI.5
	Mode			
eRIC EEPROM	Locations and Data S	itore	d	
Address 0	Reset parameters		If this data is less than 2 or 0xFF then the eRIC module is reset to	VI.5
			default settings	
			0-9 0 = 1200 and 9 = 500000bps	VI.5
Address I	CurrentDataRate			
Address 2	CurrentChannel		0-9	VI.5



Address 5	CurrentRxPowerLevel	0-8 0 = Radio completely On 8 = Radio completely Off	VI.5
Address 6	CurrentTxPowerLevel	0-8	VI.5
Address 7, 8, 9,	CurrentFrequency	In hex. 434000000hz(0x19DE5080) will be stored as 19,DE,50,80 at	VI.5
10		these locations	
Address 11, 12	CurrentGroupID	In hex	VI.5
Address 13	CurrentAESHasEnabled	0 - if AES is disabled	VI.5
		I - if both AES encryption and decryption are enabled	
		2 - if only AES encryption is enabled	
		3 - if only AES decryption is enabled	
Address 14, 15,	CurrentCpuFrequency	In hex	VI.5
16, 17		4500000hz(0x0044AA20) will be stored as 00,44,AA,20	
Address 18	CurrentLPMLevel	0 - Low power mode off	VI.5
		I - Cpu set at 1048676Hz, eRIC RxPowerLevel = 7	
		Total current consumption $\approx$ 180 $\mu$ A	
		2 - Cpu set at 32768Hz, eRIC_RxPowerLevel = 7	
		Total current consumption $\approx$ 37uA	
		If eRIC_RxPowerLevel = 8 is set	
		Total current consumption $\approx$ 6uA	
		3 - Clocks all Off, Radio Off, UART Off	
		Total current consumption $\approx 2uA$	
Address 19	CurrentCarrierMode	0 - No carrier On, on reset.	VI.5
		I - High side carrier On, on reset	
		2 - Modulated carrier On, on reset	
		3 - Low side carrier On, on reset	
Address 20-29	CurrentPowerLevel	Power levels 0-9 in exact dBm which are selected by EEprom Address 3	VI.5
		For example: If EEprom Address 3 is set as 9 and if we modify Address	
		29(0x1D) to -30dBm which is 0xE2 then Powerlevel 9 will be at -30dBm	
		I.e. ER_CMD#P9 will set radio to -30dBm	
Address 30	CurrentHandshaking	0 - Handshaking disabled	VI.5
		I - Handshaking enabled	

Notes



## **Product Order Codes**

Name	Description	Frequency	Order Code
eRIC400	UK/European Transceiver Module (Can Marked '4')	433MHz	eRIC4
eRIC900	Europe/US Transceiver Module (Can Marked '9')	868/915MHz	eRIC9
eRIC Dev Kit	eRIC Development Kit including two eRIC400 modules	433MHz	eRIC4-DK
eRIC Dev Kit	eRIC Development Kit including two eRIC900 modules	868/915MHz	eRIC9-DK

#### **Document History**

Issue	Date	Notes/Comments
Preliminary 0.1 to 0.2	July 2013	Preliminary internal drafts
Preliminary 0.30 to 0.36	July/August 2013	Additions, amendments and minor corrections
VI.0	January 2014	First release
VI.I	June 2014	Additions and minor corrections
VI.2	May 2015	Additions, low power modes, EEprom data added

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