



Product image for illustration purposes only

Features

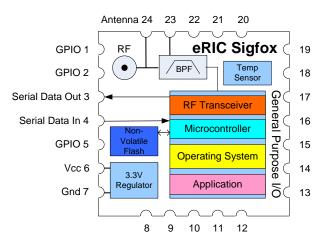
Ultra Narrow band modulation Serial Data Input and Output Pin compatible with all eRIC series RF modules uFL RF connector for remote antennas Built in on-chip temperature sensor Supply voltage measurements Operating temperature range -40°C to 85°C

Receiver

Carrier frequency 869.525 MHz Data-rate up to 600 bps Sensitivity -126 dBm @ 600bps, GFSK Line of Sight (LoS) range - 1 km - 3 km plus

Power Consumption

Power Supply range 2.5V - 5.0VUltra-low power consumption: Standby mode current: 0.5 mA Sleep mode current: 1.3 μ A Deep sleep mode current: 100 nA Continuous radio Rx mode: 10 mA Continuous radio Tx mode: 49 mA @ 14 dBm Charge required to send a Sigfox packet at 14 dBm output power: 0.28C



Block Diagram

Applications

Up-link and down-link for Sigfox networks

Where required range is above 1km or transceiver is in poor RF location

Suburban security alarms - void buildings, caravan or car storage sites, warehouses

Rural security, farm buildings/equipment, livestock monitoring, remote irrigation pumps

Data collection and monitoring over a wide physical area

Transmitter

High efficiency Power Amplifier Carrier frequency 868.13 MHz Data-rate 100 bps PSK RF Power output: up to +14dBm Power level programmable in 1dBm steps from 0dBm to +14dBm

General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

4 x GPIO pins with selectable voltage measure functionality 2 x GPIO pins with selectable Sigma Delta DAC output functionality 2 x GPIO pins with selectable output clock

 $3 \times GPIO$ pins selectable as SPI master interface

The eRIC Sigfox® AT RF transceiver module provides an ultra-low power module solution for nodes connected to the Sigfox network. The module is a complete sub-system that combines a high performance low power RF transceiver, a microcontroller and a voltage regulator. The form factor and pin out is compatible with other LPRS eRIC family modules allowing a drop-in replacement to upgrade or change the radio technology of host devices.

The module is delivered ready for use and contains the necessary firmware to transmit and receive data from the Sigfox network in Europe and the UK. It connects to the customer host product via a logic level RS232 UART operating at 9600 bps. AT commands are used to configure the radio parameters and send up-link and down-link frames to the network.

The module uses Ultra-Narrow Band (UNB) RF modulation to achieve excellent range and provide rugged and reliable connections to SigFox® base stations and networks.

Key operating parameters can be changed and configured by sending simple 'text' (ASCII character) AT modem commands to the module via the on-board UART.

Pin Description

eRIC_Sigfox_Datasheet_1.2



Pad	Description	SIGFOX	Туре	Notes
No		Function		
I	GPIO4	PCO/SEL	I/0/PU	GPIO, selectable DAC functionality, selectable clock
				functionality
2	CPU Activity Indicator	PB0/TX1	0	LED drive via external current limit resistor
3	UART Tx	PB4/TXO	0	Serial Data Out to host
4	UART Rx	PB5/RXO	I/PU	Serial Data In from host
5	Radio Activity Indicator	PBI/RXI	0	LED drive via external current limit resistor
6	Power Input		Р	Positive power supply pin. +2.5 to +5.5 Volts. This should be
				a 'clean' noise free supply with less than 25mV of ripple
7	Gnd		Р	Power Gnd 0 V
8	JTAG	DBG_En	N	Reserved use - Do Not Connect
9	Reset	RST_N	I/PU	Internal Pull-up
10	Transmit Activity	DBG_CLK	0	LED drive via external current limit resistor
	Indicator			
	No Connection			NC
12	Receive Activity Indicator	DBG/DATA	0	LED drive via external current limit resistor
13	GPIO0	PA0/ADC0	I/0/A/PU	GPIO, selectable ADC functionality, selectable DAC
				functionality, selectable clock functionality
14	GPIOI	PAI/ADCI	I/0/A/PU	GPIO, selectable ADC functionality
15	GPIO2	PA2	I/0/A/PU	GPIO, selectable ADC functionality
16	GPIO3	PA5	I/0/A/PU	GPIO, selectable ADC functionality
17	GPIO8	PC4	I/0/PU	GPIO
18	GPIO7	PC3/MISO	I/0/PU	GPIO, SPI MISO
19	GPIO6	PC2/MOSI	I/0/PU	GPIO, SPI MOSI
20	No Connection			NC
21	GPIO5	PC1/SCK		GPIO, SPI SCK
22	GPIO9	PB3	I/0/PU	GPIO, Wakeup from Deep sleep
23	RF Ground		Р	RF Gnd. Connect to antenna ground (coaxial cable screen
				braid) and local ground plane. Internally connected to other
				Ground pins.
24	Antenna	Antenna	A	50Ω RF input/output. Connect to suitable antenna.

Key:				
Α	Analog signal	I/O	Digital input/output signal	
	Digital input signal	N	Not to be connected	
0	Digital output signal	Р	Power or ground	
PU	Pull-up	PD	Pull-down	
			·	
Pin		Possib	le GPIO modes	
GPIO0		0, I, Z, U, A, T		
GPIO1, 2	, 3	0,1,Z,U,A		
GPIO4		0,1,Z,U,T		
GPIO5,	6, 7, 8, 9	0,1,Z,U		
Pin is c	onfigured as:			
0	Output driver	U	Input with pull-up	
	No Connect	Α	Analogue input	
Z	High impedance input	Т	Driven by Clock or DAC	
	•		•	

Notes

The module operates internally from an on-board 3.3 Volt low dropout voltage regulator. The logic levels of the GPIO input/output pins are therefore between 0 Volt and 3.3 Volts.

Digital outputs will drive external logic operating at 3.3 Volts.

Digital inputs are 5V tolerant with the exception of GPIO3 which must NOT be driven above the VDD_IO voltage.

All digital inputs are Schmitt trigger inputs, digital input and output levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.

All GPIO pins start up as input with pull-up.

For explanations on how to use the GPIO pins, see the AT Commands.



eRIC-Sigfox AT uses the UART (pins UARTTX, UARTRX) to communicate with a host and uses a bit rate of 9600 baud, no parity, 8 data bits and 1 stop bit only.

The UARTRX pin starts up as input with pull-up.

The UART serial inputs and outputs are intended for connection to a microcontroller UART or other similar low voltage logic device. Do not connect any of the inputs or outputs directly to an RS232 port. The transceiver module may be permanently damaged by the voltages (+/-12V) present on RS232 signal lines.

Mechanical

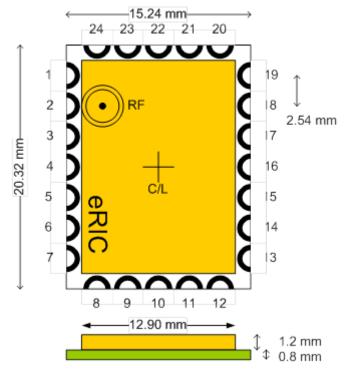


Figure 2 Mechanical Drawing

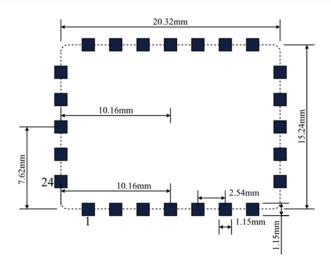
PCB Layout Notes

Pitch of the castellated connection pads is 2.54mm. Pads 4 & 16 and 10 & 22 are on the centre line (C/L) of module.

It is recommended that the module is mounted on a double sided PCB and that the area below the module be flooded with additional copper ground plane. This should be connected to Pad 23 (RF Ground) and Pad 7 (Power Gnd).

The recommended pad layout is shown below. Pads should be solid with no hole.





eRIC modules are designed for reflow soldering. Please contact LPRS Technical Department for further details and the suggested thermal profiles.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating Temperature Range Storage Temperature Range	-40° C to +85° C -40° C to +85° C
Vcc	- 0.3 to + 5.5 Volts
All Other Pins (N.B.)	- 0.3 to +5.5 Volts
Pin Input Current	I0mA
Pin Output current	40mA
Total Supply Current	200mA
Total Power Consumption	800mW
Antenna Pin	+10dBm Should be protected to prevent damage from ESD
Electrostatic handling	+/- 2000V Human Body Model

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC Parameters	Pin	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Operational ambient temperature		-40	27	85	°C	
I/O and voltage regulator supply voltage			3.3		V	ТВА
I/O voltage ramp for reset activation		0.1			V/ms	Ramp starts at VDD_IO≤0.1V
I/O voltage ramp for reset activation		3.3			V/ms	Ramp starts at 0.1V <vdd_io<0.7v< td=""></vdd_io<0.7v<>
						If VDD_IO ramps cannot be guaranteed, an external reset circuit is recommended. See the AX8052 Application Note: Power On Reset
Deep sleep mode current			100		nA	AT\$P=2
Sleep mode current			1.3		μA	AT\$P=I
Standby mode current			0.5		mA	Internal 20 MHz oscillator, voltage conditioning and supervisory circuitry running
Current consumption continuous RX			10		mA	AT\$SR=1,1,-1
Charge to send a Sigfox out of band message, 0dBm			0.12		С	AT\$S0
Charge to send a bit, 0dBm			0.08		С	AT\$SB=0
Charge to send a bit with downlink receive, 0dBm			0.27		С	AT\$SB=0,I
Charge to send the longest possible Sigfox frame (12 byte) , 0dBm			0.14		С	AT\$SF=00112233445566778899aabb
Charge to send the longest possible Sigfox frame (12 byte) with downlink receive, 0dBm			0.27		С	AT\$SF=00112233445566778899aabb,1

Performance Data: Supply +5.0 Volt ± 5%, Temperature 20° C



Change to cond a Sister out of hand manage	1				1	1
Charge to send a Sigfox out of band message, I4dBm			0.28		С	AT\$S0
Charge to send a bit, I4dBm			0.20		С	AT\$SB=0
Charge to send a bit with downlink receive, 14dBm			0.35		С	AT\$SB=0,1
Charge to send the longest possible Sigfox frame (12 byte) , 14dBm			0.39		С	AT\$SF=00112233445566778899aabb
Charge to send the longest possible Sigfox frame (12 byte) with downlink receive, 14dBm			0.46		С	AT\$SF=00112233445566778899aabb,1
Modulated Transmitter Current			19.0		mA	Pout=0 dBm; average
Modulated Transmitter Current			49.0		mA	Pout=14 dBm; average
	Dim			Man	11	Nataa
Digital Inputs Schmitt trigger low to high threshold point	Pin	Min	Ту р 1.55	Max	Unit V	Notes VDD IO = 3.3V
Schmitt trigger high to low threshold point			1.25		v	100_10 = 5.51
Input voltage, low				0.8	V	
Input voltage, high		2.0			V	
Input voltage range, GPIO[3:0]		-0.5		VDD_I O	V	Not 5V tolerant
Input voltage range, GPIO[9:4], UARTRX		-0.5		5.5	V	
Input leakage current		-10		10	μA	
Programmable Pull-Up Resistance			65		k	
	D					Neter
Digital Outputs Output Current, high Ports GPIO[9:0], UARTTX,	Pin	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
TXLED, RXLED, TXLED, CPULED		8			mA	VOH= 2.4V
Output Current, Iow GPIO[9:0], UARTTX, TXLED RXLED, TXLED, CPULED	,	8			mA	VOL= 0.4V
Tri-state output leakage current	D '	-10		10	μA	
Transmitter	Pin	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes Conditions for transmitter specifications
						unless otherwise specified with the antenna network from AX-Sigfox Application Note: Sigfox Compliant Reference Design and at 868.130 MHz
Signal Bit Rate (SBR)			100		bps	
Lowest Transmitter output power			0		dBm	AT\$CW=868130000,1,0
Highest Transmitter output power			+14		dbiii	AT\$CW=868130000,1,14
Programming step size output power			I		dB	The output power of the AX-Sigfox can be programmed in 1 dB steps from 0 dBm – 14 dBm. Current consumption values are given for a matching network that is optimized fo 14 dBm output. 0 dBm transmission with typically 10 mA can be achieved with other networks that are optimized for 0 dBm operation
Transmitter power variation vs. temperature			+/- 0.5		dB	-40 °C to +85 °C
Transmitter power variation vs. VDD_IO			+/- 0.5		dB	1.8 to 3.6 V
Emission @ 2 nd harmonic			-51			
Emission @ 3 rd harmonic			-63		dBc	
Emission @ 4 th harmonic			-84			
Receiver	Pin	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
						Conditions for transmitter specifications unless otherwise specified with the antenna network from AX-Sigfox Application Note: Sigfox Compliant Reference Design and at 869.525 MHz.
Signal bit rate			600		bps	
	1		-126		dBm	AT\$SB=x,I, AT\$SF=x,I, AT\$SR PER < 0.1
Blocking at +/- 10MHz offset			78		dB	Channel/Blocker @ PER = 0.1, wanted signal level is +3 dB above the typical sensitivity, the blocker signal is CW
Blocking at +/- 10MHz offset ADC & Temperature Sensor	Pin	Min	78 Ту р	Max	dB Unit	



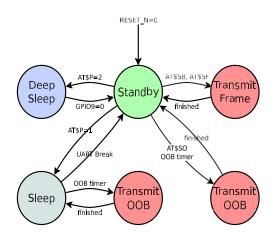
ADC reference voltage		0.95	I	1.05	V	
Input capacitance		0.75	-	2.5	pF	
Differential nonlinearity			+/-	2.5	LSB	
Integral non linearity			+/-		LSB	
Offset			3		LSB	
Gain error			0.8		%	
ADC in Differential Mode						
Absolute voltages & common mode voltage in differential mode at each input		0		VDD_I O	V	
Full suring in surface differencial signals		-500		500	mV	Gain x I
Full swing input for differential signals		-50		50	mV	Gain x10
ADC in Single Ended Mode						
Mid code input voltage in single ended mode			0.5		V	
Input voltage in single ended mode		0		VDD_I O	V	
Full swing input for single ended signals		0		I	V	Gain x I
Temperature Sensor	Pin	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Temperature range		-40		85	°C	AT\$T?
Temperature error		-2		+2	°C	AT\$T?
Mechanical			Тур			Notes
Size		15	5 x 20 x	2.2	mm	
Pin Pitch			2.54		mm	Standard 0.1 Inches
Weight			1.5		grams	



AT Command Interface

The eRIC-Sigfox uses the UART (pins UARTTX, UARTRX) to communicate with a host and uses a bitrate of 9600 baud, no parity, 8 data bits and one stop bit.

Power Modes State Diagram



Standby Mode

After Power-Up and after finishing a SIGFOX transmission, eRIC-Sigfox enters Standby mode. In Standby mode, eRIC-Sigfox listens on the UART for commands from the host. Also, Out of Band (OOB) frames are transmitted whenever the OOB timer fires.

Sleep

To conserve power, the eRIC-Sigfox can be put into Sleep or turned off (Deep Sleep) completely.

The command AT\$P=1 is used to put the eRIC-Sigfox into Sleep mode. In this mode, only the wakeup timer for out-of-band messages is still running. To wake the eRIC-Sigfox up from Sleep mode toggle the serial UARTRX pin, e.g. by sending a break (break is an RS232 framing violation, at least 10 bit durations low). When an Out of Band (OOB) message is due, eRIC-Sigfox automatically wakes up to transmit the message, and then returns to Sleepmode.

Deep Sleep

In Deep Sleep mode, the eRIC-Sigfox is completely turned off and only draws negligible leakage current. Deep Sleep mode can be activated with AT\$P=2.

To wake-up from Deep Sleep mode, GPIO9 is pulled to GND.

When using Deep Sleep mode, keep two things in mind:

Everything is turned off, timers are not running at all and all settings will be lost (use AT\$WR to save settings to flash before entering Deep Sleep mode). Out-of-band messages will therefore not be sent. The pins states are frozen in Deep Sleep mode. The user must ensure that this will not result in condition which would draw a lot of current.

Numerical Syntax

hexdigit	::=	[0-9A-Fa-f]
hexnum	::=	"0x" hexdigit+
decnum	::=	"0" [1-9] [0-9]*
octnum	::=	"0" [0-7]+
binnum	::=	"0Ь" [01]+
bit	::=	[01]
optnum	::=	"- "
frame	::=	(hexdigit hexdigit)+
uint	::=	hexnum decnum octnum binnum
uint_opt	::=	uint optnum

Command Syntax

A command starts with 'AT' (everything is case sensitive!), continues with the actual command followed by parameters (if any) and ends with any kind of whitespace (space, tab, newline etc.)

If incorrect syntax is detected ("parsing error") all input is ignored up until the next whitespace character.



Also note that any number can be entered in any format (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal and binary) by adding the corresponding prefix ('0x', '0', '0b'). The only exception is the 'Send Frame' command (AT\$SF) which expects a list of hexadecimal digits without any prefix.

Return Codes

A successful command execution is indicated by sending 'OK'. If a command returns a value (e.g. by querying a register) only the value is returned.

Examples

Bold text is sent to eRIC-Sigfox.

AT\$I=0

AT Command Interface

Here, we execute command 'l' to query some general information.

AT\$SF=aabb1234 OK

This sends a Sigfox frame containing { 0x00 : 0x11 : 0x22 : 0x33 : 0x44 }, then waits for a downlink response telegram, which in this example contains { 0xAA : 0xBB : 0xCC : 0xDD }.

AT\$SF=0011223344,1 OK RX=AA BB CC DD

This sends a Sigfox frame containing { 0xAA : 0xBB : 0x12 : 0x34 } without waiting for a response telegram.

AT\$CB=0xAA,I OK

Name	Range	Description Defa	ult
Pattern	0-255, -1	Byte to send. Use '-1' for a	
		(pseudo-) random pattern	
Mode	0, 1	Enable or disable pattern test	
		mode.	

Commands

Command	Name	Description					
AT	Dummy command	lust returns	'OK' and does	nothing else. Can be used	d to check		
		communicatio					
AT\$SB=bit[,bit]	Send bit	Send a bit st	tatus (0 or I). C	ptional bit flag indicates if	AX-Sigfox		
			e a downlink fram				
AT\$SF=frame[,bit]	Send frame			ytes. Optional bit flag indica	ates if AX		
			d receive a downl	ink frame			
AT\$SO	Manually send out of ban message	d Send the out-	-of-band message				
ATSuint?	Get register			tion register's value. Se	e Chapte		
			or a list of register				
ATSuint=uint	Set register	0	nfiguration register				
AT\$IF=uint	Set TX frequency			hannel for Sigfox frames			
AT\$IF?	Get TX frequency		ently chosen TX fi				
AT\$DR=uint	Set RX frequency			o channel for Sigfox frames			
AT\$DR?	Get RX frequency	Get the curre	ently chosen RX fi	requency			
Command	Name	Description					
AT\$CW=	Continuous Wave	To run emiss	To run emission tests for Sigfox certification it is necessary t				
uint,bit [,uint_opt]		continuous w	continuous wave, i.e. just the base frequency without any modulation.				
		Parameters:					
		Name	Range	Description	Default		
		Frequency	80000000 -	Continuous wave			
			999999999, 0	frequency in Hz. Use			
				868130000 for Sigfox or			
				0 to keep previous			
				frequency			
		Mode	0, 1	Enable or disable carrier			
				wave.			
		Power	0-14	dBm of signal	14		
AT\$CB=	Test mode: TX constant byte			I to send a specific bit patter			
uint_opt,bit				o send. Use '-1' for a (pseud	o-) randon		
		pattern. Para	meters:				



		Name Range Description Default
		Pattern 0-255, -I Byte to send. Use '-I'
		for a (pseudo-) random
		Mode 0, I Enable or disable pattern test mode
AT\$T?	Get Temperature	Measure internal temperature and return it in 1/10 th of a degree Celsius.
AT\$V?	Get Voltages	Return current voltage and voltage measured during the last transmission in mV
Command	Name	Description
		Display various product information:
AT\$I=uint	Information	0 Software Name & Version Example Response: AX-Sigfox 1.0.6-ETSI
		I Contact Details Example Response: technical@lprs.co.uk
		2 Silicon revision lower byte Example Response: 8F
		3 Silicon revision upper byte Example Response: 00
		4 Major Firmware Version Example Response: I
		5 Minor Firmware Version Example Response: 0 6 Firmware Revision Example Response: 3
		7 Firmware Variant (Frequency Band etc. (EU/US)) Example Response: ETSI
		8 Firmware VCS Version Example Response: v1.0.2-36
		9 SIGFOX Library Version Example Response: DL0-1.4 10 Device ID
		10 Device ID Example Response: 00012345
		II PAC
		Example Response: 0123456789ABCDEF
AT\$P=uint	Set Power Mode	To conserve power, the AX-Sigfox can be put to sleep manually.
		Depending on power mode, you will be responsible for waking up the
		AX-Sigfox again!
		0: Software reset (settings will be reset to values in flash) 1: sleep (send a break to wake up)
		2: Deep sleep (toggle GPIO9 or RESET_N pin to wake up; the AX-
		Sigfox is not running and all settings will be reset!)
AT\$WR	Save config	Write all settings to flash (RX/TX frequencies, registers) so that they
		survive reset/deep sleep or loss of power. Use AT\$P=0to reset the AX-Sigfox and load settings from flash.
Command	Name	Description
AT:Pn?	Get GPIO pin	Return the setting of the GPIO pin <i>n</i> ; <i>n</i> can range from 0 to 9. A
		character string is returned describing the mode of the pin,
		followed by the actual value. If the pin is configured as analog pin,
		then the voltage (range 0 I V) is returned. The mode characters
		have the following meaning:
		Mode Description
		0 Pin drives low
		I Pin drives high Z Pin is high impedance input
		U Pin is input with pull-up
		A Pin is analog input (GPIO pin 03 only)
		T Pin is driven by clock or DAC (GPIO pin 0 and 4 only)
		The default mode after exiting reset is U on all GPIO pins
AT:Pn=?	Get GPIO pin range	Print a list of possible modes for a pin. The table below lists the response.
		Pin Modes
		P0 0,1,Z,U,A,T
		PI 0,1,Z,U,A
		P2 0,1,Z,U,A
		P3 0,1,Z,U,A
		P4 0,1,Z,U,T P5 0,1,Z,U
		P6 0,1,Z,U
		P7 0,1,Z,U
		P8 0,1,Z,U
		P9 0,1,Z,U
AT:Pn=mode	Set GPIO pin	
BIFU-0000	Jet GFIO pill	Set the GPIO pin mode.



			For a list of the modes	see the command AT:Pr	1?		
AT:ADC Pn[-Pn[(IV I0V)]]? Get GPIO pin analogue voltage		Measure the voltage applied to a GPIO pin. The command also allows measurement of the voltage difference across two GPIO pins. In differential mode, the full scale range may also be specified as I V or I0 V. Note however that the pin input voltages must not exceed the range 0VDD_IO. The command returns the result as fraction of the full scale range (IV if none is specified). The GPIO pins referenced should be initialized to analog mode before issuing this command.					
Command		Name	Description				
AT:SPI[(A B C I =bytes	D)]	SPI transaction	is 312.5kHz. The com	out bytes on the SPI po mand returns the bytes clocking mode may be sp	read on MISO during		
			Mode	Clock Inversion	Clock Phase		
			A	Normal	Normal		
			В	Normal	Alternate		
			C	Inverted	Normal		
			D	Inverted	Alternate		
AT:CLK=freq, reffreq		Set clock generator	instead be driven using Output a square wave the square wave is (fre	D6 (D5) D4 (D3) D2 D6 (D5) D4 (D3) D2 D6 (D5) D4 (D3) D2 D6 (D5) D4 (D3) D2 D4 (D3) D3 (D2 D4 (D3) D3 (D3) D4 (D3) D3 (D3) D3 (D3) D3 (D3) D4 (D3) D3	2) (D1) (D0) 4 <tr< th=""></tr<>		
			are 2000000, 1000000, 500000, 2500000, 1250000,625000, 312500, 156250. Possible values if freq are 065535				
AT:CLK=OFF		Turn off clock generator	Switch off the clock generator				
AT:CLK?		Get clock generator	Return the settings of the clock generator. Two numbers are returned, freq and reffreq				
AT:DAC=value Set ΣΔ D		Set ΣΔ DAC	Output a $\Sigma\Delta$ DAC value on the pin(s) set to T mode. Parameter value may be in the range -3276832767. The average output voltage is: (1/2 +Value/2 ¹⁶) An external low pass filter is needed to get smooth output voltage: The modulation frequency is 20 MHz. A possible low pass filter choic is a simple RC low pass filter with R=10k Ω and C=1µF				
AT:DAC=OFF		Turn off $\Sigma\Delta$ DAC	Switch off the DAC				
AT:DAC?		$Get \Sigma \Delta DAC$	Return the DAC value				
Registers		1					
Number	Name	Description	Default	Range	Unit		
300	Out of band period	AX-Sigfox sends periodic static messages to indicate that they are alive. Set to 0 to disable	24	0-24	hours		
302	Power level	The RF output power of the transmitter	14	0-14	dBm		



Product Order Codes

Name	Description	Order Code
	Sigfox AT RF Transceiver	eRIC-SIGFOX

Please contact the sales office for availability of other variants of the standard product.

Document History

Issue	Date	Revision
1.0	October 2016	Provisional datasheet
1.1	October 2016	AT Command Set details added.

Changes	to	this	Document
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Acknowledgements

Contact Information

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This data sheet has been updated to reflect changes throughout the range of LPRS modules. Specific changes are recorded in the documentation history above. See: <u>www.lprs.co.uk</u> See: www.lprs.co.uk **Terms and Conditions of Use** See: www.lprs.co.uk Sigfox and Sigfox Ready are registered trademarks of Sigfox SARL Please contact LPRS or your local distributor



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