

A Reverse-current Blocking, 15 m $\Omega$ , 4 A Integrated Power Switch with Analog Current Monitor Output

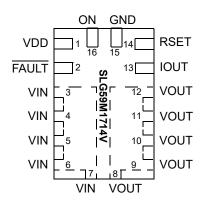
### **General Description**

Operating from a 2.5 V to 5.5 V power supply, the SLG59M1714V is a 15 m $\Omega$ , 4 A single-channel integrated power switch with back-to-back reverse-current blocking when the power switch is disabled. With a fixed V<sub>OUT</sub> slew rate of 2.8 V/ms, inrush current is internally limited. Incorporating two-stage current protection as well as thermal protection and fault signaling, the SLG59M1714V is designed for all 0.8 V to 5.5 V power rail applications. Fully specified over the -40 °C to 85 °C temperature range, the SLG59M1714V is packaged in a space-efficient, low thermal resistance 1.6 mm x 2.5 mm STQFN package.

#### **Features**

- Low RDS $_{ON}$  nFET Block: 15 m $\Omega$
- · Back-to-back Reverse-current Blocking (when OFF)
- Maximum Continuous Switch Current: Up to 4 A
- Supply Voltage:  $2.5 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$
- Wide Input Voltage Range:  $0.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{IN} \leq \text{V}_{DD}$
- Fixed V<sub>OUT</sub> Slew Rate: 2.8 V/ms
- · Two-stage Overcurrent Protection:
  - · Resistor-adjustable Active Current Limit
  - Fixed 0.5 A Short-circuit Current Limit
- · Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Analog MOSFET Current Monitor Output: 100 μA/A
- Open-drain FAULT Signaling
- Operating Temperature: -40 °C to 85 °C
- Low  $\theta_{JA}$ , 16-pin 1.6 mm x 2.5 mm STQFN
  - · Pb-Free / Halogen-Free / RoHS compliant

#### **Pin Configuration**

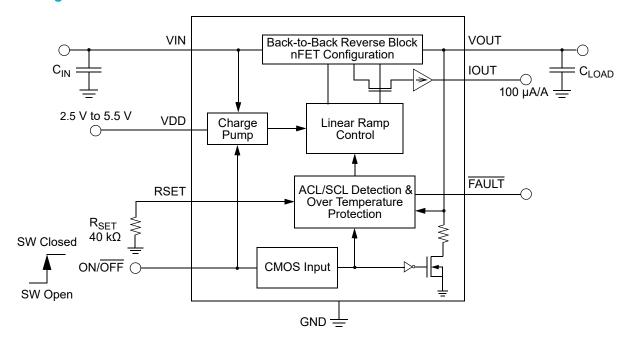


**16-pin FC-STQFN** (Top View)

#### **Applications**

- · Notebook Power Rail Switching
- · Tablet Power Rail Switching
- · Smartphone Power Rail Switching

#### **Block Diagram**





## **Pin Description**

Pin#	Pin Name	Туре	Pin Description				
1	VDD	Power	With an internal 1.9 V $V_{DD(UVLO)}$ threshold, VDD supplies the power for the operation of the power switch and internal control circuitry where its range is 2.5 V $\leq$ V <sub>DD</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V. Bypass the VDD pin to GND with a 0.1 $\mu$ F (or larger) capacitor				
2	FAULT	Output	An open drain output, $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ is asserted within 8ms when a current-limit or an over-temperature condition is detected. $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ is deasserted within 8 ms when the fault condition is removed. Connect an external 10 k $\Omega$ resistor from the $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ pin to local system logic supply.				
3-7	VIN	MOSFET	Drain terminal of Power MOSFET (Pins 3-7 fused together). Connect a 10 $\mu$ F (or larger) low ESR capacitor from this pin to GND. Capacitors used at VIN should be rated at 10 V or higher.				
8-12	VOUT	MOSFET	Source terminal of Power MOSFET (Pins 8-12 fused together). Connect a low ESR capacitor (up to 200 $\mu$ F) from this pin to GND. Capacitors used at VOUT should be rated at 10 V or higher.				
13	IOUT	Output	MOSFET Load Current Monitor Output. As an analog current output, this signal when applied to a ground-reference resistor generates a voltage proportional to the current through the n-channel MOSFET. The IOUT transfer characteristic is typically 100 $\mu$ A/A with a voltage compliance range of 0.5 V $\leq$ V $_{IOUT}$ $\leq$ V $_{DD}$ - 1 V. Optimal IOUT linearity is exhibited for 0.5 A $\leq$ I $_{DS}$ $\leq$ 4 A. Bypass the IOUT pin to GND with a 0.01 $\mu$ F capacitor.				
14	RSET	Input	A 1%-tolerance, metal-film resistor between 13.3 k $\Omega$ and 80 k $\Omega$ sets the IPS's active current limit. A 13.3 k $\Omega$ resistor sets the SLG59M1714V's active current limit to 6 A and a 80 k $\Omega$ resistor sets the active current limit to 1 A.				
15	GND	GND	Ground				
16	ON Input		ON Input A low-to-high transition on this pin closes the power switch. ON is an assert level-sensitive CMOS input with $ON_{V L} < 0.3 \text{ V}$ and $ON_{V H} > 0.85 \text{ V}$ . Whi an internal pull down circuit to ground (~4 M $\Omega$ ), connect this pin to the output general-purpose output (GPO) from a microcontroller or other application put $O(R)$ .				

## **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Туре	Production Flow
SLG59M1714V	STQFN 16L	Industrial, -40 °C to 85 °C
SLG59M1714VTR	STQFN 16L (Tape and Reel)	Industrial, -40 °C to 85 °C



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Pin Voltage to GND			-	7	V
V <sub>IN</sub> to GND	Power Switch Input Voltage to GND		-0.3		7	V
V <sub>OUT</sub> to GND	Power Switch Output Voltage to GND		-0.3		7	V
ON, RSET, <u>IOU</u> T, and FAULT to GND	ON, RSET, IOUT, and FAULT Pin Voltages to GND		-0.3		7	V
T <sub>S</sub>	Storage Temperature		-65	-	150	°C
ESD <sub>HBM</sub>	ESD Protection	Human Body Model	2000	-		V
ESD <sub>CDM</sub>	ESD Protection	Charged Device Model	500			V
MSL	Moisture Sensitivity Level			,	1	
$\theta_{\sf JA}$	Package Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	1.6mm x 2.5mm STQFN; Determined using 1 in <sup>2</sup> , 1.2 oz. copper pads under each VIN and VOUT on FR4 pcb material		35		°C/W
W <sub>DIS</sub>	Package Power Dissipation		-	-	1.2	W
MOSFET IDS <sub>CONT</sub>	Continuous Current from VIN to VOUT				4	Α
MOSFET IDS <sub>PK</sub>	Peak Current from VIN to VOUT	Maximum pulsed switch current, pulse width < 1 ms, 1% duty cycle		-	6	Α

Note: Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $T_A$  = -40 °C to 85 °C (unless otherwise stated). Typical values are at  $T_A$  = 25 °C

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Voltage		2.5		5.5	V
V	V <sub>DD</sub> Undervoltage Lockout	V <sub>DD</sub> ↑	1.6	1.9	2.2	V
V <sub>DD(UVLO)</sub>	Threshold	$V_{DD} \downarrow$	1.5	1.8	2.2	V
	Power Supply Current, when OFF	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}; \text{ ON} = 0 \text{ V}$		0.5	1	μΑ
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Current, when ON	$V_{DD}$ = $V_{IN}$ = 5.5 V; ON = 5.5 V, No load, $R_{SET}$ = 80 k $\Omega$		150	200	μΑ
RDS <sub>ON</sub>	ON Resistance	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V};$ $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}; I_{DS} = 100 \text{ mA}$		15	20	mΩ
ND3 <sub>ON</sub>	ON Nesistance	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V};$ $T_A = 85 \text{ °C}; I_{DS} = 100 \text{ mA}$	-	18	24	mΩ
MOSFET IDS	Current from VIN to VOUT	Continuous		1	4	Α
I <sub>FET_OFF</sub>	MOSFET OFF Leakage Current	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}; V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V};$ ON = 0 V		0.5	2	μΑ
I <sub>REVERSE</sub>	MOSFET Reverse-Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{OUT} = 5 \text{ V}; V_{DD} = 0 \text{ V};$ ON = 0 V			2	μΑ
I <sub>OUT</sub>	MOSFET Load Current Monitor Output	$0.5 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{IOUT}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} - 1 \text{ V};$ $\text{V}_{\text{DD}} = \text{V}_{\text{IN}} = 5 \text{ V};$ $\text{I}_{\text{DS}} = 1 \text{ A}$	80	100	120	μΑ



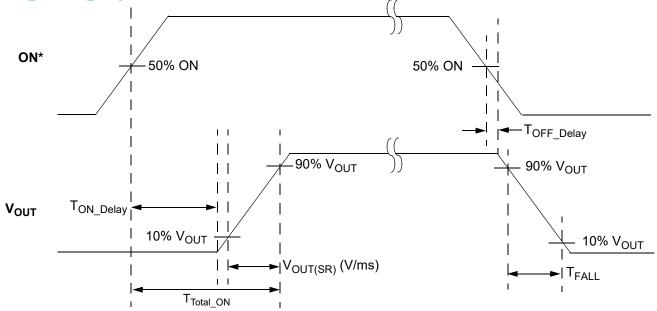
### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

 $T_A$  = -40 °C to 85 °C (unless otherwise stated). Typical values are at  $T_A$  = 25 °C

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Drain Voltage		8.0		$V_{DD}$	V
T <sub>ON_Delay</sub>	ON Delay Time	50% ON to $V_{OUT}$ Ramp Start , $V_{DD}$ = $V_{IN}$ = 5 V; $R_{LOAD}$ = 20 $\Omega$ , $C_{LOAD}$ = 10 $\mu$ F		270	500	μs
V <sub>OUT(SR)</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Slew Rate	10% $V_{OUT}$ to 90% $V_{OUT}$ ↑; $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5 V$ ; $R_{LOAD} = 20 \Omega$ , $C_{LOAD} = 10 \mu F$	2.24	2.8	4	V/ms
T <sub>Total_ON</sub>	Total Turn On Time	50% ON to 90% $V_{OUT} \uparrow$ ; $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $R_{LOAD} = 20 \Omega$ , $C_{LOAD} = 10 \mu\text{F}$	1.44	1.8	2.16	ms
T <sub>OFF_Delay</sub>	OFF Delay Time	50% ON to $V_{OUT}$ Fall Start, $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V},$ $R_{LOAD} = 20 \Omega$ , no $C_{LOAD}$		11	15	μs
C <sub>LOAD</sub>	Output Load Capacitance	C <sub>LOAD</sub> connected from VOUT to GND	1	10	200	μF
1	Active Current Limit, I <sub>ACL</sub>	$V_{OUT} > 0.25 \text{ V; } R_{SET} = 40 \text{ k}\Omega$	1.5	2	2.5	Α
I <sub>LIMIT</sub>	Short-circuit Current Limit, I <sub>SCL</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> < 0.25 V		0.5		Α
TFAULT	FAULT Assertion Time	Abnormal Step Load Current event to Fault↓	5	8	12	ms
TFAULT	FAULT De-assertion Time	Delay to FAULT↑ after fault condition is removed	5	8	12	ms
FAULT	FAULT Output Low Voltage	I <sub>FAULT</sub> = 1 mA		0.2		V
ON_V <sub>IH</sub>	High Input Voltage on ON pin		0.85		$V_{DD}$	V
ON_V <sub>IL</sub>	Low Input Voltage on ON pin		-0.3	0	0.3	V
R <sub>DISCHRG</sub>	Output Discharge Resistance	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5 V$	168	210	252	Ω
THERMON	Thermal shutoff turn-on temperature	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5 V$	112.5	125		°C
THERMOFF	Thermal shutoff turn-off temperature	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5 V$	90	100		°C





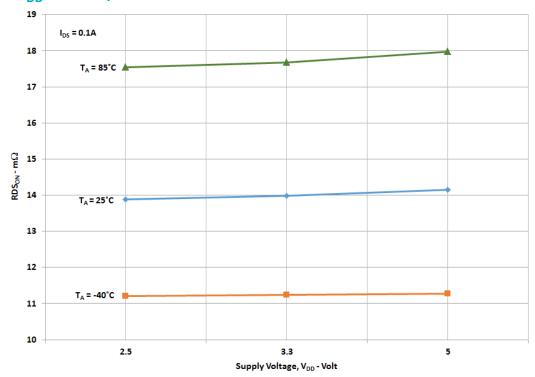


<sup>\*</sup>Rise and Fall Times of the ON Signal are 100 ns

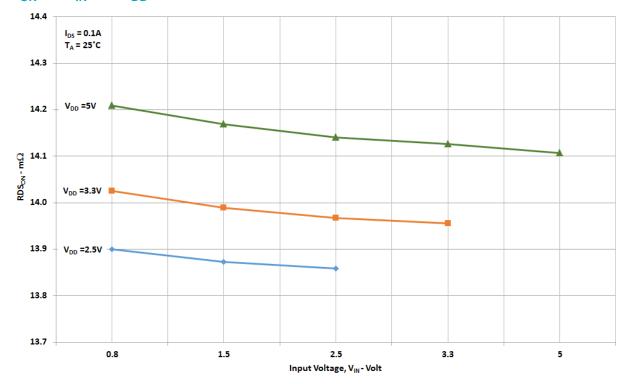


## **Typical Performance Characteristics**

## RDS<sub>ON</sub> vs. V<sub>DD</sub> and Temperature

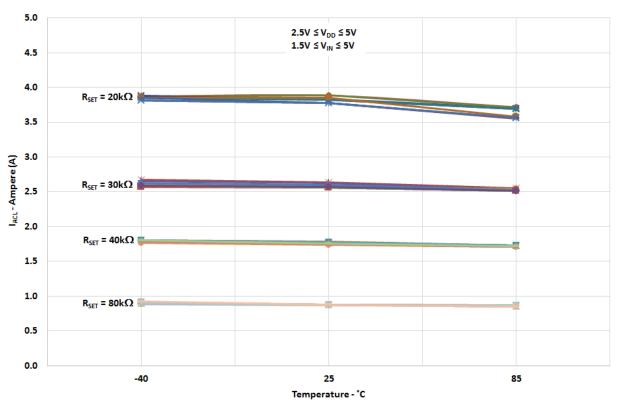


## $RDS_{ON}$ vs. $V_{IN}$ and $V_{DD}$

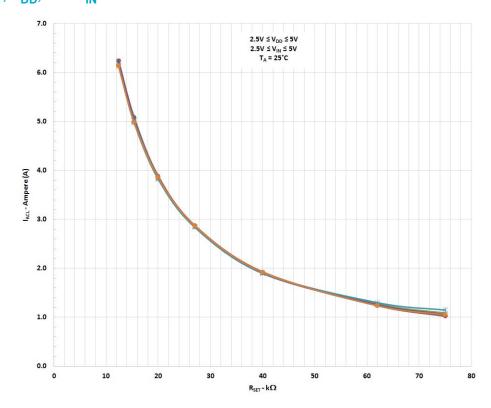




 $I_{ACL}$  vs. Temperature,  $R_{SET}$ ,  $V_{DD}$ , and  $V_{IN}$ 

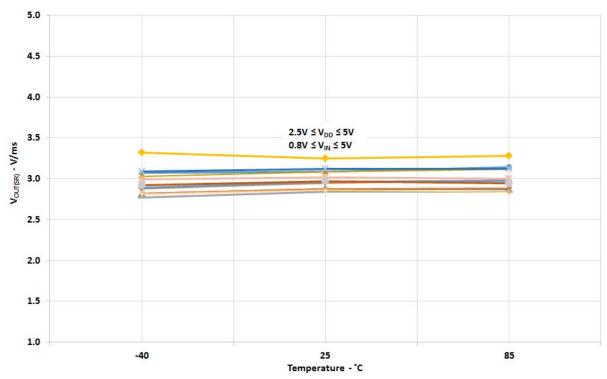


 $\rm I_{ACL}$  vs.  $\rm R_{SET}, \, \rm V_{DD}, \, and \, \rm V_{IN}$ 

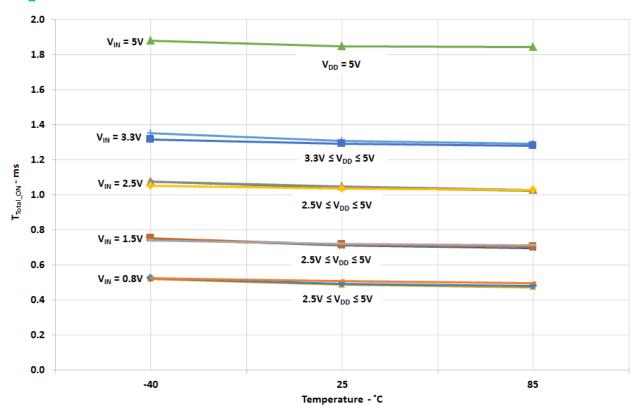




## $V_{OUT}$ Slew Rate vs. Temperature, $V_{DD}$ , and $V_{IN}$

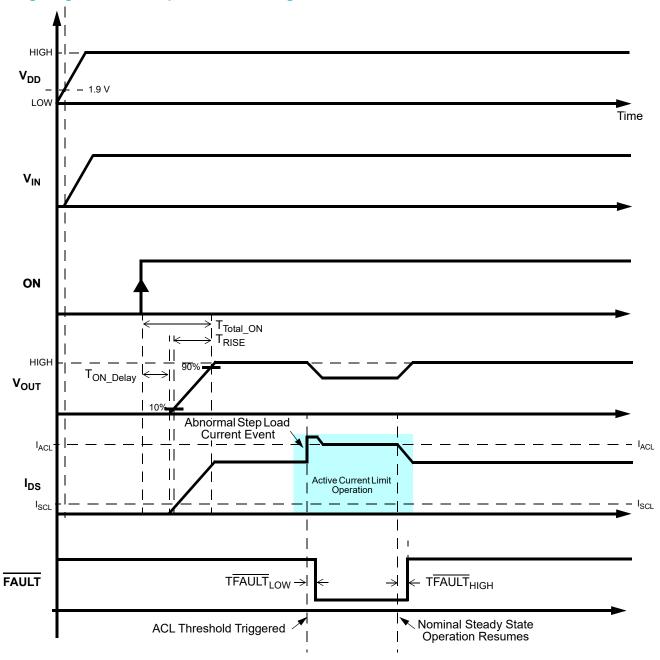


## $T_{Total\ ON}$ vs. Temperature, $V_{DD},$ and $V_{IN}$



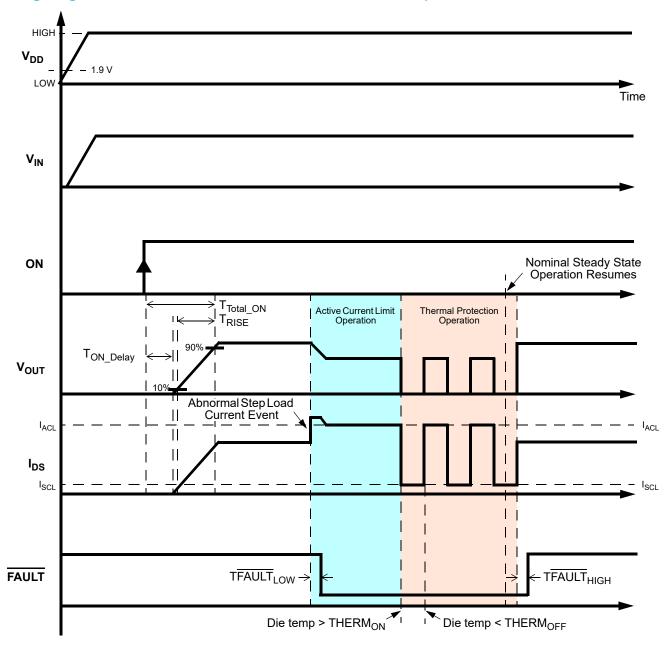


## **Timing Diagram - Basic Operation including Active Current Limit Protection**





## **Timing Diagram - Active Current Limit & Thermal Protection Operation**





#### SLG59M1714V Power-Up/Power-Down Sequence Considerations

To ensure glitch-free power-up under all conditions, apply  $V_{DD}$  first, followed by  $V_{IN}$  after  $V_{DD}$  exceeds 1.9 V. Then allow  $V_{IN}$  to reach 90% of its max value before toggling the ON pin from Low-to-High. Likewise, power-down in reverse order.

If  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{IN}$  need to be powered up simultaneously, glitching can be minimized by having a suitable load capacitor. A 10  $\mu$ F  $C_{LOAD}$  will prevent glitches for rise times of  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{IN}$  less than 2 ms.

If the ON pin is toggled HIGH before  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{IN}$  have reached their steady-state values, the IPS timing parameters may differ from datasheet specifications.

#### **SLG59M1714V Current Limiting Operation**

The SLG59M1714V has two types of current limiting triggered by the output V<sub>OUT</sub> voltage.

#### 1. Standard Current Limiting Mode (with Thermal Shutdown Protection)

When the  $V_{OUT}$  voltage > 250 mV, the output current is initially limited to the Active Current Limit ( $I_{ACL}$ ) specification listed in the Electrical Characteristics table. The ACL monitor's response time is very fast and is triggered within a few microseconds to sudden (transient) changes in load current. When a load current overload is detected, the ACL monitor increases the FET resistance to keep the current from exceeding the power switch's  $I_{ACL}$  threshold. During active current-limit operation,  $V_{OUT}$  is also reduced by  $I_{ACL}$  x RDS $_{ON(ACL)}$ . This observed behavior is illustrated in the timing diagrams on Pages 9 and 10.

When a current-limit event is detected, the  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  signal becomes asserted in approximately  $\overline{\text{TFAULT}}_{\text{LOW}}$  and the  $\overline{\text{SLG59M1714V}}$  operates in constant current mode with the output current set by  $R_{\text{SET}}$  (see  $R_{\text{SET}}$ -Current Limit Table). The  $\overline{\text{SLG59M1714V}}$  continues to operate in constant current mode indefinitely until a) the current-limit event has elapsed or b) the  $\overline{\text{SLG59M1714V}}$ 's internal shutdown threshold is reached. When a current-limit event has elapsed or been removed, its  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  signal will be deasserted after approximately  $\overline{\text{TFAULT}}_{\text{HIGH}}$ .

Once thermal shutdown has been triggered, the IC's FAULT signal will remain asserted. As the die cools, the MOSFET will be turned back on when the die temperature falls to ~100°C; in this case, the FAULT signal will be deasserted in approximately TFAULT<sub>HIGH</sub>. If the current-limiting condition has not elapsed or been removed, die temperature will increase and the SLG59M1714V's thermal shutdown operation will repeat indefinitely.

#### 2. Short Circuit Current Limiting Mode (with Thermal Shutdown Protection)

The SLG59M1714V's short-circuit current-limit monitor includes two operating modes depending upon the state of the IC's ON pin:

#### a) Before ON low-to-high transition

When the  $V_{OUT}$  voltage < 0.25 V (which is the case with a hard short, such as a solder bridge on the power rail), the power switch's internal Short-circuit Current Limit (SCL) monitor limits the FET current to approximately 500 mA (the  $I_{SCL}$  threshold). The SLG59M1714V's short-circuit current limit (SCL) protection scheme is disabled automatically once  $V_{OUT}$  rises above 0.3 V. While the internal Thermal Shutdown Protection circuit remains enabled and since the  $I_{SCL}$  threshold is much lower than the  $I_{ACL}$  threshold, thermal shutdown protection may become activated only at higher ambient temperatures.

#### b) After ON low-to-high transition

If a short-circuit or a very large load current transient occurs after an ON low-to-high transition, the SLG59M1714V's internal SCL circuit will be triggered if  $V_{OUT}$  falls by 0.4 V. The response time of this fast turn-off detection is ~1  $\mu$ s.

## SLG59M1714V FAULT Operation

As previously stated in the Pin Description section, the open-drain FAULT output is as<u>serted</u> when an active-current limit (ACL) or thermal shutdown fault condition is detected. This output becomes asserted in TFAULT<sub>LOW</sub> upon the detection of a fault condition and becomes deas<u>serted</u> TFAULT<sub>HIGH</sub> once the fault condition is removed. If the ON pin is toggled HIGH-to-LOW while the FAULT output is low, the FAULT output is deasserted without delay.



#### SLG59M1714V Reverse-blocking Operation

The SLG59M1714V's back-to-back FET configuration effectively blocks any reverse-current flow from VOUT to VIN when  $V_{DD}$  = 0 V and switch OFF (ON = LOW). In this condition, leakage current from VOUT to VIN is less than  $I_{REVERSE}$ . In the event  $V_{DD}$  is active with ON = LOW, the SLG59M1714V's VOUT discharge circuit would be active; hence, there would also be a current path from VOUT to GND.

#### Setting the SLG59M1714V Output Current Limit with R<sub>SET</sub>

The current-limit operation of the SLG59M1714V begins by choosing the appropriate  $\pm 1\%$ -tolerance R<sub>SET</sub> value for the application. The recommended range for R<sub>SET</sub> is:

13.3 kΩ ≤ 
$$R_{SET}$$
 ≤ 80 kΩ

which corresponds to an output constant current limit in the following range:

$$1 A \le I_{ACI} \le 6 A$$

Table 1: Setting Current Limit Threshold vs. R<sub>SET</sub>

Constant Current Limit (A)	R <sub>SET</sub> (kΩ)
1	80
2	40
4	20
6	13.3

#### **Power Dissipation**

The junction temperature of the SLG59M1714V depends on different factors such as board layout, ambient temperature, and other environmental factors. The primary contributor to the increase in the junction temperature of the SLG59M1714V is the power dissipation of its power MOSFET. Its power dissipation and the junction temperature in nominal operating mode can be calculated using the following equations:

$$PD = RDS_{ON} \times I_{DS}^{2}$$

where.

PD = Power dissipation, in Watts (W) RDS<sub>ON</sub> = Power MOSFET ON resistance, in Ohms ( $\Omega$ ) I<sub>DS</sub> = Output current, in Amps (A)

and

$$T_J = PD \times \theta_{JA} + T_A$$



#### **Power Dissipation (continued)**

#### where:

 $T_J$  = Junction temperature, in Celsius degrees (°C)  $\theta_{JA}$  = Package thermal resistance, in Celsius degrees per Watt (°C/W)  $T_A$  = Ambient temperature, in Celsius degrees (°C)

During active current-limit operation, the SLG59M1714V's power dissipation can be calculated by taking into account the voltage drop across the power switch  $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$  and the magnitude of the output current in active current-limit operation  $(I_{ACL})$ :

$$PD = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{ACL} \text{ or}$$

$$PD = (V_{IN} - (R_{LOAD} \times I_{ACL})) \times I_{ACL}$$

#### where:

PD = Power dissipation, in Watts (W)  $V_{IN}$  = Input Voltage, in Volts (V)  $R_{LOAD}$  = Load Resistance, in Ohms ( $\Omega$ )  $I_{ACL}$  = Output limited current, in Amps (A)  $V_{OUT}$  =  $R_{LOAD}$  x  $I_{ACL}$ 

For more information on Dialog GreenFET3 integrated power switch features, please visit our <u>Documents</u> search page at our website and see <u>App Note "AN-1068 GreenFET3 Integrated Power Switch Basics"</u>.



#### **Layout Guidelines:**

- 1. The VDD pin needs a 0.1 μF (or larger) external capacitor to smooth pulses from the power supply. Locate this capacitor as close as possible to the SLG59M1714V's pin 1.
- 2. Since the VIN and VOUT pins dissipate most of the heat generated during high-load current operation, it is highly recommended to make power traces as short, direct, and wide as possible. A good practice is to make power traces with an absolute minimum widths of 15 mils (0.381 mm) per Ampere. A representative layout, shown in Figure 1, illustrates proper techniques for heat to transfer as efficiently as possible out of the device;
- To minimize the effects of parasitic trace inductance on normal operation, it is recommended to connect input C<sub>IN</sub> and output C<sub>LOAD</sub> low-ESR capacitors as close as possible to the SLG59M1714V's VIN and VOUT pins;
- 4. The GND pin should be connected to system analog or power ground plane.
- 5. 2 oz. copper is recommended for high current operation.

#### SLG59M1714V Evaluation Board:

A GFET3 Evaluation Board for SLG59M1714V is designed according to the statements above and is illustrated on Figure 1. Please note that evaluation board has D\_Sense and S\_Sense pads. They cannot carry high currents and dedicated only for RDS<sub>ON</sub> evaluation.

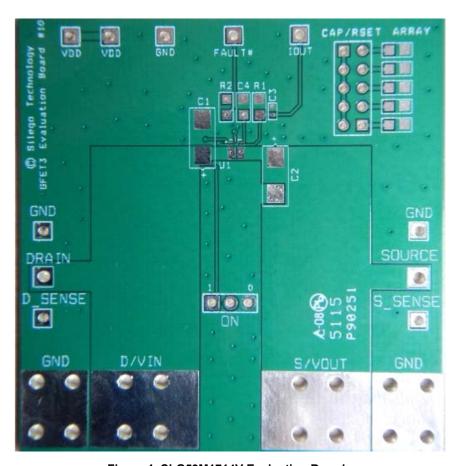


Figure 1. SLG59M1714V Evaluation Board



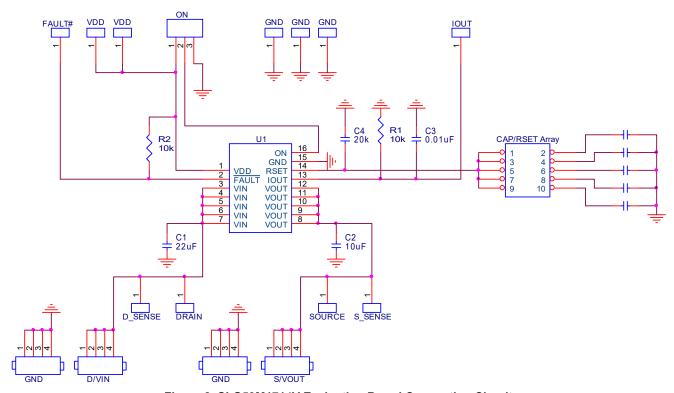


Figure 2. SLG59M1714V Evaluation Board Connection Circuit

### **Basic Test Setup and Connections**

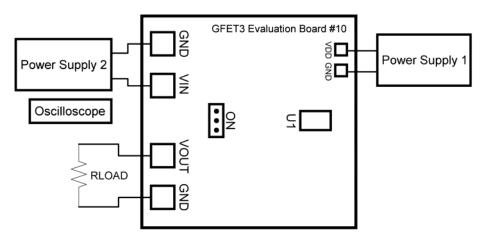


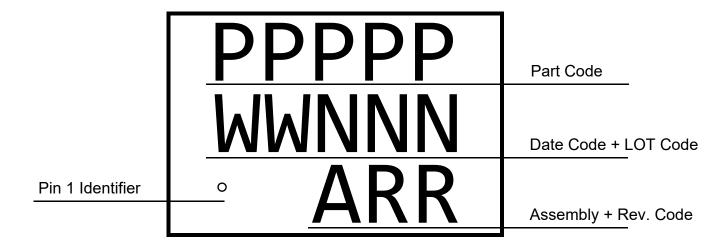
Figure 3. SLG59M1714V Evaluation Board Connection Circuit

#### **EVB** Configuration

- 1. Connect oscilloscope probes to D/VIN, S/VOUT, ON, etc.;
- 2. Turn on Power Supply 1 and set desired V<sub>DD</sub> from 2.5 V...5.5 V range;
- 3. Turn on Power Supply 2 and set desired  $V_{IN}$  from 0.8  $V...V_{DD}$  range;
- 4 .Toggle the ON signal High or Low to observe SLG59M1714V operation.



## **Package Top Marking System Definition**



PPPPP - Part ID Field WW - Date Code Field<sup>1</sup> NNN - Lot Traceability Code Field<sup>1</sup> A - Assembly Site Code Field<sup>2</sup> RR - Part Revision Code Field<sup>2</sup>

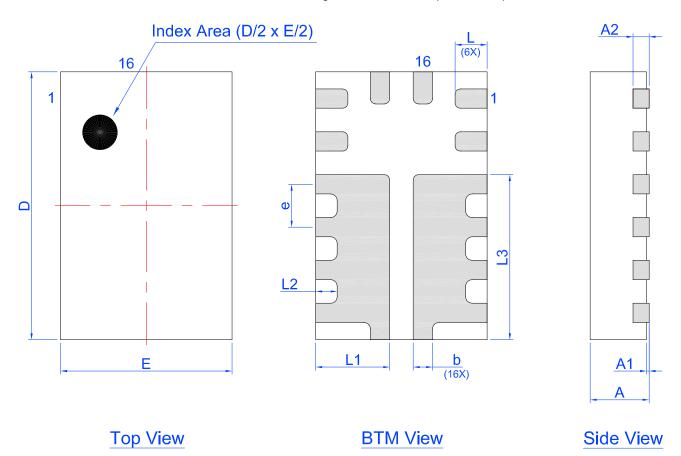
Note 1: Each character in code field can be alphanumeric A-Z and 0-9

Note 2: Character in code field can be alphabetic A-Z



## **Package Drawing and Dimensions**

16 Lead STQFN Package 1.6 mm x 2.5 mm (Fused Lead)

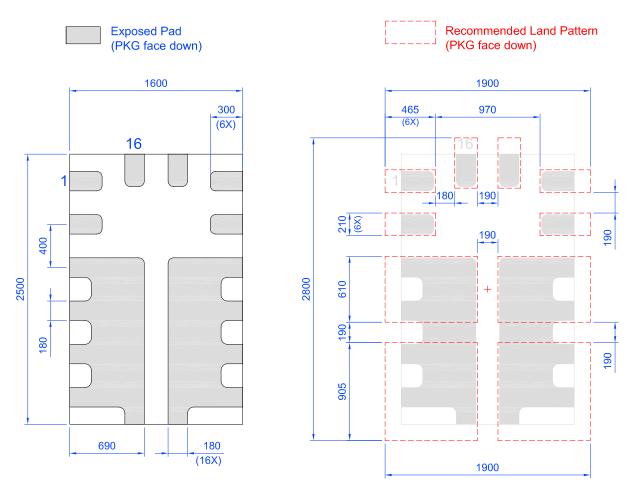


## Unit: mm

Symbol	Min	Nom.	Max	Symbol	Min	Nom.	Max
Α	0.50	0.55	0.60	D	2.45	2.50	2.55
A1	0.005	_	0.05	Е	1.55	1.60	1.65
A2	0.10	0.15	0.20	L	0.25	0.30	0.35
b	0.13	0.18	0.23	L1	0.64	0.69	0.74
е	0.40 BSC			L2	0.15	0.20	0.25
				L3	1.49	1.54	1.59



## SLG59M1714V 16-pin STQFN PCB Landing Pattern



Unit: um

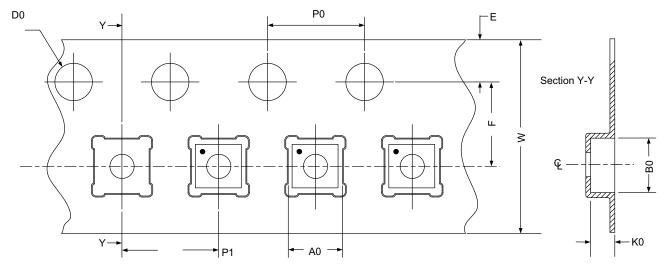


## **Tape and Reel Specifications**

Dookogo	# o.f	Nominal	Nominal Max Units		Reel &	Leader (min)		Trailer (min)		Таре	Part
Package Type	# of Pins	Package Size [mm]	per Reel	per Box	Hub Size [mm]	Pockets	Length [mm]	Pockets	Length [mm]	Width [mm]	Pitch [mm]
STQFN 16L 1.6x2.5mm 0.4P FCA Green	16	1.6x2.5x 0.55mm	3000	3000	178/60	100	400	100	400	8	4

## **Carrier Tape Drawing and Dimensions**

Package Type	PocketBTM Length	PocketBTM Width	Pocket Depth	Index Hole Pitch	Pocket Pitch	Index Hole Diameter	Index Hole to Tape Edge		Tape Width
	A0	В0	K0	P0	P1	D0	E	F	W
STQFN 16L 1.6x2.5mm 0.4P FCA Green		2.8	0.7	4	4	1.55	1.75	3.5	8



Refer to EIA-481 specification

## **Recommended Reflow Soldering Profile**

Please see IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020: latest revision for reflow profile based on package volume of 2.2 mm<sup>3</sup> (nominal). More information can be found at www.jedec.org.

## **SLG59M1714V**



An Ultra-small, 15 m $\Omega$ , 4 A Integrated Power Switch with Multiple Protection Features

## **Revision History**

Date	Version	Change
4/19/2019	1.01	Updated Style and Formatting Added Layout Guidelines Fixed typos
2/1/2017	1.00	Production Release

## **Mouser Electronics**

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