# RENESAS

# DATASHEET

# ISL80111, ISL80112, ISL80113

Ultra Low Dropout 1A, 2A, 3A Low Input Voltage NMOS LDOs

FN7841 Rev 3.00 September 30, 2016

The ISL80111, ISL80112, and ISL80113 are ultra low dropout LDOs providing the optimum balance between performance, size and power consumption in size constrained designs for data communication, computing, storage and medical applications. These LDOs are specified for 1A, 2A and 3A of output current and are optimized for low voltage conversions. Operating with a V<sub>IN</sub> of 1V to 3.6V and with a legacy 2.9V to 5.5V on the BIAS, the V<sub>OUT</sub> is adjustable from 0.8V to 3.3V. With a V<sub>IN</sub> PSRR greater than 40dB at 100kHz makes these LDOs an ideal choice in noise sensitive applications. The guaranteed ±1.6% V<sub>OUT</sub> accuracy overall conditions lend these parts to supplying an accurate voltage to the latest low voltage digital ICs.

An enable input allows the part to be placed into a low quiescent current shutdown mode. A submicron CMOS process is utilized for this product family to deliver best-in-class analog performance and overall value for applications in need of input voltage conversions typically below 2.5V. It also has the superior load transient regulation unique to a NMOS power stage. These LDOs consume significantly lower quiescent current as a function of load compared to bipolar LDOs.

### **Features**

- Ultra low dropout: 75mV at 3A, (typical)
- Excellent V<sub>IN</sub> PSRR: 70dB at 1kHz (typical)
- $\pm$ 1.6% guaranteed V<sub>OUT</sub> accuracy for -40°C < T<sub>J</sub> < +125°C
- · Very fast load transient response
- · Extensive protection and reporting features
- VIN range: 1V to 3.6V, VOUT range: 0.8V to 3.3V
- Small 10 Ld 3x3 DFN package

### Applications

- Noise-sensitive instrumentation and medical systems
- · Data acquisition and data communication systems
- Storage, telecommunications and server equipment
- Low voltage DSP, FPGA and ASIC core power supplies
- · Post-regulation of switched mode power supplies

# **Related Literature**

• UG009, "ISL8011xEVAL1Z Evaluation Board User Guide"

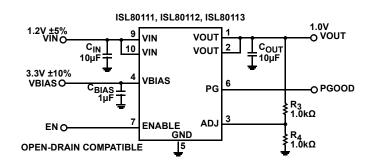


FIGURE 1. TYPICAL APPLICATION SCHEMATIC

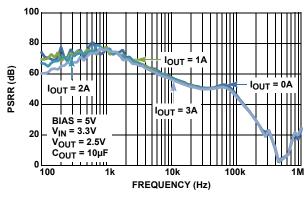


FIGURE 3. VIN PSRR vs LOAD CURRENT (ISL80113)

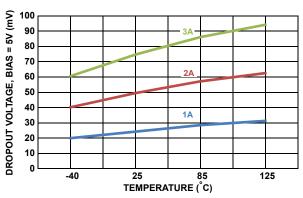


FIGURE 2. DROPOUT VOLTAGE OVER-TEMP AND IOUT

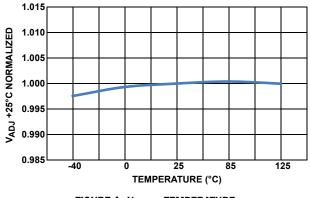


FIGURE 4. V<sub>ADJ</sub> vs TEMPERATURE



# **Block Diagram**

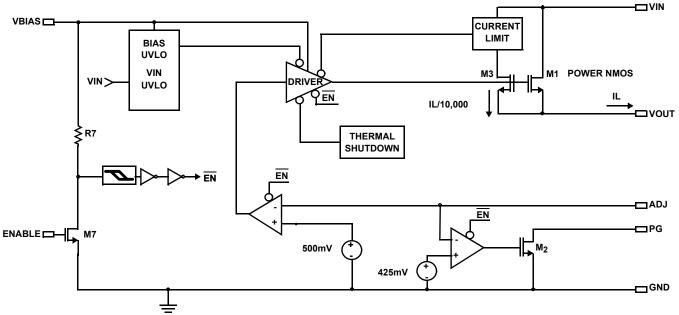
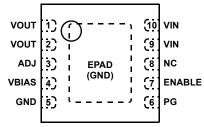


FIGURE 5. BLOCK DIAGRAM

## **Pin Configuration**

ISL80111, ISL80112, ISL80113 (10 LD 3X3 DFN) TOP VIEW



# **Pin Descriptions**

PIN NUMBER	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION	
1, 2	VOUT	Output voltage pin. Range 0.8V to 3.3V	
3	ADJ	ADJ pin for externally setting V <sub>OUT</sub> .	
4	VBIAS	Bias voltage pin for internal control circuits. Range 2.9V to 5.5V	
5	GND Ground pin		
6	PG	V <sub>OUT</sub> in regulation signal. Logic low defines when V <sub>OUT</sub> is not in regulation. Range OV to BIAS	
7	ENABLE V <sub>IN</sub> independent chip enable. TTL and CMOS compatible. Range OV to V <sub>BIAS</sub> , V <sub>EN</sub> must always be less than or equal to the voltage applied to VBIAS. When this pin is not used, must be tied to VBIAS.		
8	NC	No Connect	
9, 10	VIN Input supply pins. Range 1.0V to 3.6V		
	EPAD	EPAD at ground potential. It is recommended to solder the EPAD to the ground plane.	

# **Ordering Information**

PART NUMBER ( <u>Notes 1, 2, 3</u> )	PART MARKING	V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)	TEMP RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE (RoHS COMPLIANT)	PKG DWG. #
ISL80111IRAJZ	1ADJ	ADJ	-40 to +125	10 Ld 3x3 DFN	L10.3x3
ISL80112IRAJZ	2ADJ	ADJ	-40 to +125	10 Ld 3x3 DFN	L10.3x3
ISL80113IRAJZ	3ADJ	ADJ	-40 to +125	10 Ld 3x3 DFN	L10.3x3
ISL80111EVAL1Z	ISL80111 Evaluation Bo	ard			
ISL80112EVAL1Z	ISL80112 Evaluation Board				
ISL80113EVAL1Z	ISL80113 Evaluation Board				

NOTES:

- 1. Add "-T" suffix for 6k unit or "-T7A" suffix for 250 unit tape and reel options. Please refer to TB347 for details on reel specifications.
- 2. These Intersil Pb-free plastic packaged products employ special Pb-free material sets, molding compounds/die attach materials, and 100% matte tin plate plus anneal (e3 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations). Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.
- 3. For Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL), please see device information pages for <u>ISL80111</u>, <u>ISL80112</u>, and <u>ISL80113</u>. For more information on MSL please see Tech Brief <u>TB363</u>.

PART NUMBER	I <sub>OUT</sub> MAXIMUM
ISL80111	1A
ISL80112	2A
ISL80113	3A

TABLE 1. KEY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN FAMILY OF PARTS



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 4)

ESD Rating Human Body Model (Tested per JESD22-A114E)4000V Machine Model (Tested per JESD22-115-A)	VIN Relative to GND         -0.3 to +6V           VOUT Relative to GND         -0.3 to +4V           PG, ENABLE, ADJ, Relative to GND ( <u>Note 5</u> )         -0.3 to +6V           VBIAS Relative to GND         -0.3V to +6V           PG Rated Current         10mA
Latch-up	Human Body Model (Tested per JESD22-A114E)4000V         Machine Model (Tested per JESD22-115-A)

#### **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Typical)	θ <b>JA</b> (°C/W)	θ <b>JC</b> (°C∕W)
10 Ld 3x3 DFN Package ( <u>Notes 6</u> , <u>7</u> )	48	4
Storage Temperature Range	6	5°C to +150°C
Pb-free Reflow Profile		see <u>TB493</u>

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions (Notes 4)**

Junction Temperature Range	40°C to +125°C
VIN Relative to GND (ISL80113) (Note 8)	V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.30V to 3.6V
VIN Relative to GND (ISL80112) (Note 8)	V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.25V to 3.6V
VIN Relative to GND (ISL80111) (Note 8)	V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.20V to 3.6V
Nominal V <sub>OUT</sub> Range	800mV to 3.3V
PG, ENABLE, ADJ, SS Relative to GND	0V to 5.5V
VBIAS Relative to GND	0V to 5.5V

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

#### NOTES:

- 4. Absolute maximum ratings define limits of safe operation. Extended operation at these conditions may compromise reliability. Exceeding these limits will result in damage. Recommended operating conditions define limits where specifications are guaranteed.
- 5. Absolute maximum voltage rating is defined as the voltage applied for a lifetime average duty cycle above 6V of 1%.
- 6. θ<sub>JA</sub> is measured in free air with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board with "direct attach" features. See Tech Brief <u>TB379</u>.
- 7. For  $\theta_{\text{JC}},$  the "case temp" location is the center of the exposed metal pad on the package underside.
- 8. Minimum operating voltage applied to V<sub>IN</sub> is 1V if V<sub>OUT</sub> + V<sub>DO</sub> < 1V

**Electrical Specifications** Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{IN} = 3V$ ,  $V_{BIAS} = 5.5V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 0.5V$ ,  $T_J = +25$ °C,  $I_L = 0$ mA. Applications must follow thermal guidelines of the package to determine worst-case junction temperature. Please refer to <u>"Power Dissipation" on page 13</u> and Tech Brief <u>TB379</u>. **Boldface limits apply across junction temperature (T\_J) range, -40°C to +125°C.** Pulse load techniques used by ATE to ensure  $T_J = T_A$  where datasheet limits are defined.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	SYMBOL TEST CONDITIONS		ТҮР	MAX ( <u>Note 9</u> )	UNIT
DC CHARACTERISTICS					1	
V <sub>BIAS</sub> UVLO	UVLO_BIAS_r	V <sub>BIAS</sub> Rising		2.3	2.9	v
	UVLO_BIAS_f	V <sub>BIAS</sub> Falling	1.55	2.1	2.8	v
VBIAS UVLO Hysteresis	UVLO <sub>B_HYS</sub>			0.2		v
DC ADJ Pin Voltage Accuracy	V <sub>ADJ</sub>	1.0V $\leq$ V $_{IN}$ $\leq$ 3.6V, I $_{LOAD}$ = 0A, 2.9V $\leq$ V $_{BIAS}$ $\leq$ 5.5V, V $_{OUT}$ = V $_{ADJ}$	494	502	510	mV
DC Input Line Regulation	(V <sub>OUT</sub> low line-V <sub>OUT</sub> high line)/V <sub>OUT</sub> low line	$2.9V < V_{IN} < 3.6V, V_{OUT} = 2.5V$	-0.18	0.02	0.18	%
DC Bias Line Regulation	(V <sub>OUT</sub> low line-V <sub>OUT</sub> high line)/V <sub>OUT</sub> low line	4.5V <v<sub>BIAS&lt;5.5V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.5V</v<sub>	-0.28	0.06	0.28	%
DC Output Load Regulation (V <sub>OUT</sub> no load-V <sub>OUT</sub> high load)/V <sub>OUT</sub> no load		$0A < I_{LOAD} < Full Load, V_{OUT} = 2.5V$	-0.40	-0.04	0.40	%
Feedback Input Current		V <sub>ADJ</sub> = 0.5V		10	80	nA
VIN Quiescent Current	I <sub>Q</sub> (V <sub>IN)</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.5V		8	10	mA
V <sub>IN</sub> Quiescent Current I <sub>Q</sub> (V <sub>IN)</sub> V <sub>C</sub>		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.3V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V, V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5V		10.6		mA

**Electrical Specifications** Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{IN} = 3V$ ,  $V_{BIAS} = 5.5V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 0.5V$ ,  $T_J = +25$ °C,  $I_L = 0$ mA. Applications must follow thermal guidelines of the package to determine worst-case junction temperature. Please refer to <u>"Power Dissipation" on page 13</u> and Tech Brief <u>TB379</u>. **Boldface limits apply across junction temperature (T\_J) range, -40°C to +125°C.** Pulse load techniques used by ATE to ensure  $T_J = T_A$  where datasheet limits are defined. (**Continued**)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN ( <u>Note 9</u> )	ТҮР	MAX ( <u>Note 9</u> )	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub> Quiescent Current	$I_Q (V_{IN})$	$V_{OUT} = 1.0V, V_{IN} = 1.4V, V_{BIAS} = 3.3V$		3.5		mA
VBIAS Quiescent Current	I <sub>Q</sub> (V <sub>BIAS)</sub>	$0 \leq I_L \leq$ 3A, 4.5V $<$ V_BIAS $<$ 5.5V (ISL80113)		2.9	4.6	mA
Ground Pin Current in Shutdown	I <sub>SHDN</sub>	ENABLE Pin = 0.2V, TJ = +125°C		3	20	μA
V <sub>IN</sub> Dropout Voltage	V <sub>DO(VIN)</sub>	$I_{LOAD}$ = 1A, $V_{OUT}$ = 2.5V, $V_{BIAS}$ = 4.5V (ISL80111)		27	90	mV
( <u>Note 10</u> )		I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 2A, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.5V, V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 4.5V (ISL80112)		53	115	mV
		I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 3A, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.5V, V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 4.5V (ISL80113)		75	140	mV
V <sub>BIAS</sub> Dropout Voltage	V <sub>DO(BIAS)</sub>	I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1A, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.5V (ISL80111)		1.1	1.3	v
( <u>Note 10</u> )		I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 2A, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.5V (ISL80112)	1.2	1.4	v	
		I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 3A, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.5V (ISL80113)		1.3	1.5	v
OVERCURRENT PROTECTION					I	
Output Short Circuit Current (3A Version)	ISC	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.2V (ISL80113)		5.2		Α
Output Short Circuit Current (2A Version)		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.2V (ISL80112)		3.2		Α
Output Short Circuit Current (1A Version)		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.2V (ISL80111)		2.2		A
OVER-TEMPERATURE PROTEC	TION					
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	TSD			160		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	TSDn			20		°C
AC CHARACTERISTICS				1	I	
Input Supply Ripple	PSRR(V <sub>IN</sub> )	f = 120Hz, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1A		80		dB
Rejection	PSRR(V <sub>BIAS</sub> )	f = 120Hz, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1A		60		dB
Output Noise Voltage	e <sub>N(RMS)</sub>	$BW = 100Hz \le f \le 100 \text{kHz}, \ V_{BIAS} = 2.9 \text{V}, \ V_{IN} = 1.6 \text{V}, \ V_{OUT} = 1.2 \text{V}, \ I_{LOAD} = 3 \text{A}$		38		μ۷ <sub>RM</sub>
Spectral Noise Density	e <sub>N</sub>	$I_{LOAD} = 3A, f = 10Hz, V_{BIAS} = 2.9V, V_{IN} = 1.6V, V_{OUT} = 1.2V$		3		µV∕√ <del>H</del>
		$I_{LOAD} = 3A, f = 100Hz, V_{BIAS} = 2.9V, V_{IN} = 1.6V, V_{OUT} = 1.2V$		1		μV <sub>∕</sub> √Η
DEVICE START-UP CHARACTER	RISTICS					
EN Start-up Time	t <sub>EN</sub>	$C_{OUT} = 10 \mu F, I_{LOAD} = 1A$		50		μs
BIAS Start-up Time	t <sub>BIAS</sub>	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 10μF, EN = BIAS		100		μs
ENABLE PIN CHARACTERISTIC	s					
Turn-on Threshold (Rising)		V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V, V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5.5V	400	680	850	mV
Hysteresis		V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V, V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5.5V	60	260	330	mV
PG PIN CHARACTERISTICS		· · ·				
PG Flag Falling Threshold	PG <sub>TH</sub>	V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5.5V	71	82	93	%V <sub>OU</sub> -
PG Flag Hysteresis	PGHYS	V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5.5V		9.3		%V <sub>OUT</sub>
PG Flag Low Voltage		I <sub>SINK</sub> = 500μA		90	130	mV

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**Electrical Specifications** Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{IN} = 3V$ ,  $V_{BIAS} = 5.5V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 0.5V$ ,  $T_J = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $I_L = 0$ mA. Applications must follow thermal guidelines of the package to determine worst-case junction temperature. Please refer to <u>"Power Dissipation" on page 13</u> and Tech Brief <u>TB379</u>. **Boldface limits apply across junction temperature (T<sub>J</sub>) range, -40°C to +125°C**. Pulse load techniques used by ATE to ensure  $T_J = T_A$  where datasheet limits are defined. (Continued)

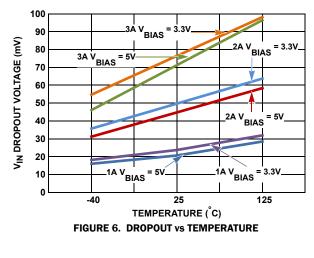
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN ( <u>Note 9</u> )	ТҮР	MAX ( <u>Note 9</u> )	UNIT
PG Flag Leakage Current		$PG = 5V, V_{BIAS} = 5.5V$		11	300	nA
PG Flag Sink Current			7	10		mA

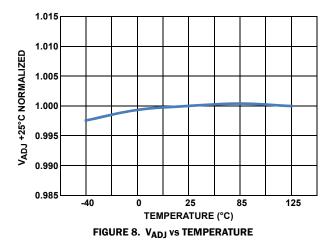
NOTES:

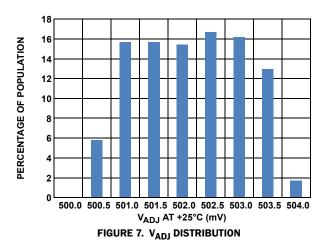
- 9. Parameters with MIN and/or MAX limits are 100% tested at +25 °C, unless otherwise specified. Temperature limits established by characterization and are not production tested.
- 10. Dropout is defined by the difference in supply (V<sub>IN</sub>, V<sub>BIAS</sub>) and V<sub>OUT</sub> when the supply produces a 2% drop in V<sub>OUT</sub> from its nominal value, output voltage set to 2.5V.
- 11. For normal operation, V<sub>IN</sub> must always be less than or equal to the voltage applied to V<sub>BIAS</sub> and not greater than 3.6V. Part is protected against fault conditions where V<sub>IN</sub> can be greater than V<sub>BIAS</sub>.

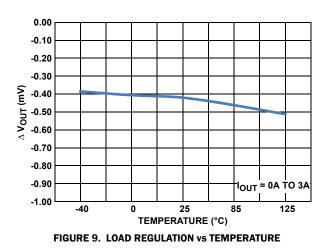
# **Typical Operating Performance** Unless otherwise noted, V<sub>IN</sub> = 1.8V, V<sub>BIAS</sub> = 3.3V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 1.2V, C<sub>IN</sub> = C<sub>OUT</sub> = 10µF,

 $T_J = +25 \degree C$ ,  $I_{LOAD} = 0A$ .





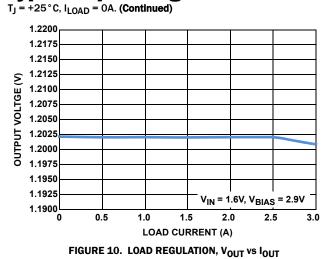


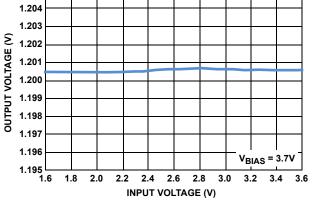




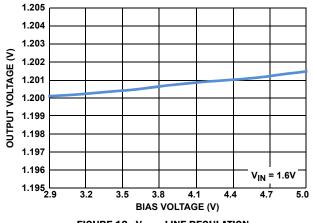
**Typical Operating Performance** Unless otherwise noted, V<sub>IN</sub> = 1.8V, V<sub>BIAS</sub> = 3.3V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 1.2V, C<sub>IN</sub> = C<sub>OUT</sub> = 10µF,

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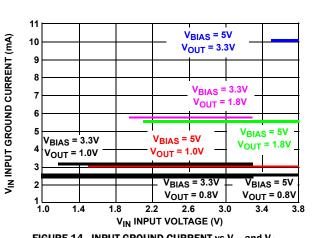
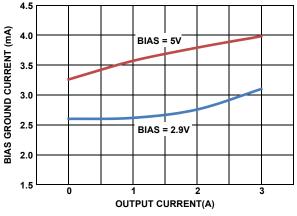
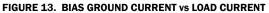
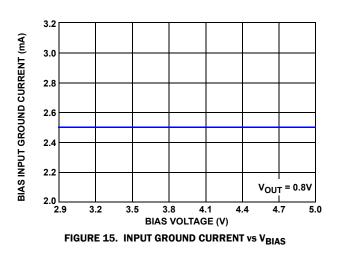


FIGURE 14. INPUT GROUND CURRENT vs VIN and VOUT



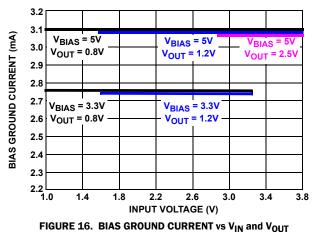






# **Typical Operating Performance** Unless otherwise noted, $V_{IN} = 1.8V$ , $V_{BIAS} = 3.3V$ , $V_{OUT} = 1.2V$ , $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu$ F,

 $T_J = +25 \degree C$ ,  $I_{LOAD} = 0A$ . (Continued)



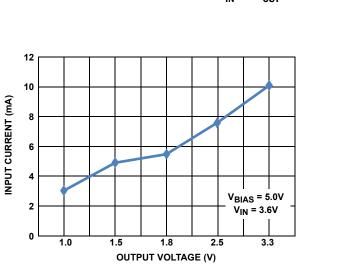


FIGURE 18. VIN IQ VS VOUT VOLTAGE

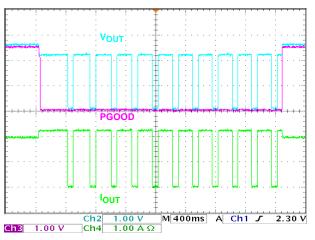
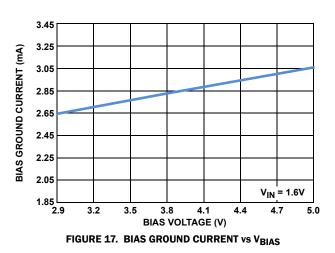
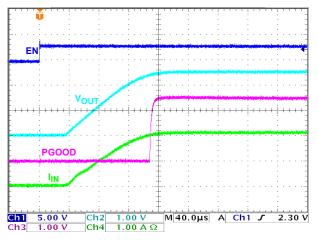
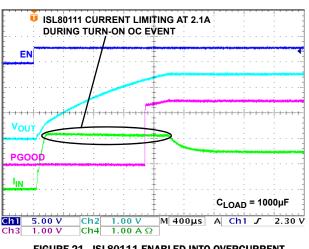


FIGURE 20. ISL8011X INTO AND OUT OF THERMAL SHUTDOWN









# **Typical Operating Performance** Unless otherwise noted, V<sub>IN</sub> = 1.8V, V<sub>BIAS</sub> = 3.3V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 1.2V, C<sub>IN</sub> = C<sub>OUT</sub> = 10µF,

 $T_J = +25 \degree C$ ,  $I_{LOAD} = 0A$ . (Continued)

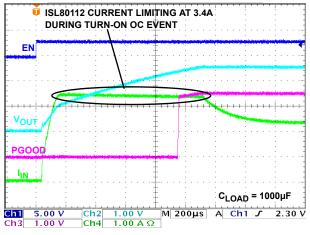


FIGURE 22. ISL80112 ENABLED INTO OVERCURRENT

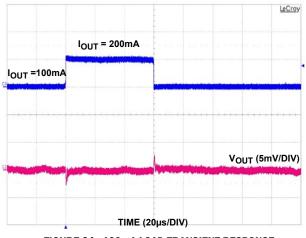
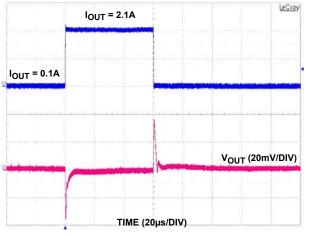


FIGURE 24. 100mA LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE





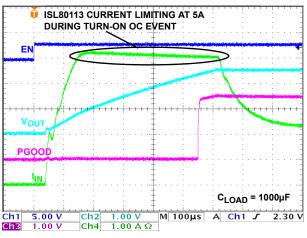


FIGURE 23. ISL80113 ENABLED INTO OVERCURRENT

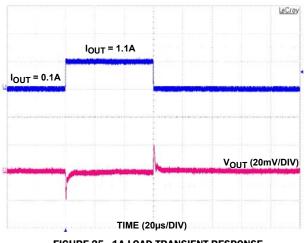


FIGURE 25. 1A LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

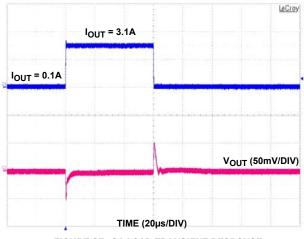


FIGURE 27. 3A LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

# **Typical Operating Performance** Unless otherwise noted, $V_{IN} = 1.8V$ , $V_{BIAS} = 3.3V$ , $V_{OUT} = 1.2V$ , $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu$ F, $T_J = +25$ °C, $I_{LOAD} = 0.4$ . (Continued)

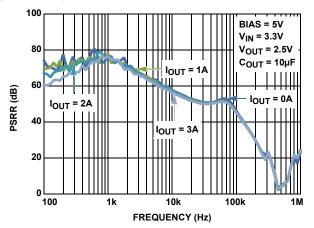


FIGURE 28. VIN PSRR vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS LOAD CURRENTS

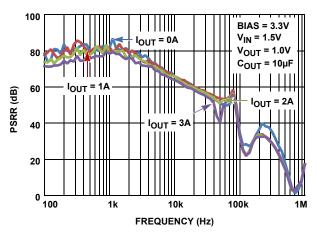


FIGURE 30.  $\rm V_{IN}$  PSRR vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS LOAD CURRENTS

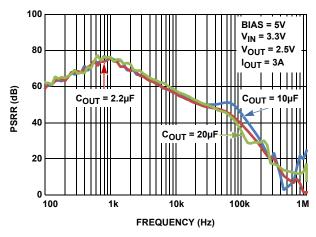
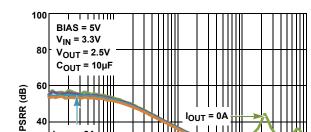


FIGURE 32. VIN PSRR vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS COUT



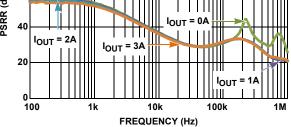


FIGURE 29. BIAS PSRR vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS LOAD CURRENTS

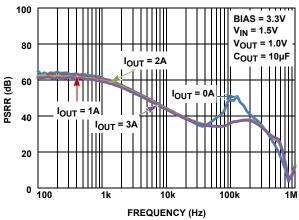
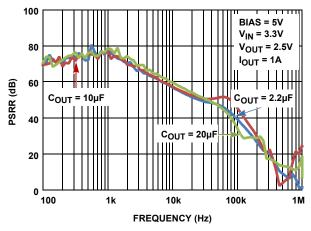


FIGURE 31. V<sub>BIAS</sub> PSRR vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS LOAD CURRENTS







# **Typical Operating Performance** Unless otherwise noted, $V_{IN} = 1.8V$ , $V_{BIAS} = 3.3V$ , $V_{OUT} = 1.2V$ , $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu$ F, $T_J = +25^{\circ}$ C, $I_{LOAD} = 0A$ . (Continued)

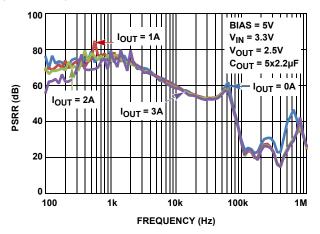


FIGURE 34.  $V_{\mbox{IN}}$  PSRR vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS LOAD CURRENTS

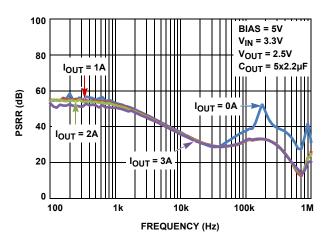


FIGURE 35. V<sub>BIAS</sub> PSRR vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS LOAD CURRENTS

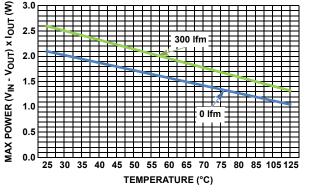
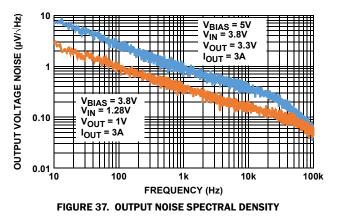


FIGURE 36. CONTINUOUS POWER LIMIT vs AIR TEMP AND FLOW





# **Functional Description**

The ISL80111, ISL80112 and ISL80113 are high-performance, low-dropout regulators featuring an NMOS pass device. Benefits of using an NMOS as a pass device include low input voltage, stability over a wide range of output capacitors and ultra low dropout voltage. The ISL80111, ISL80112 and ISL80113 are ideal for post regulation of switch mode power supplies.

The ISL80111, ISL80112 and ISL80113 also integrate enable, power-good indicator, current limit protection and thermal shutdown functions into a space-saving 3x3 DFN package.

#### **Input Voltage Requirements**

The VIN pin provides the high current to the drain of the NMOS pass transistor. The specified minimum input voltage is 1V and dropout voltage for this family of LDOs has been conservatively specified.

#### **Bias Voltage Requirements**

The V<sub>BIAS</sub> input powers the internal control circuits, reference voltage, and LDO gate driver. The difference between the V<sub>BIAS</sub> voltage and the output voltage must be greater than the V<sub>BIAS</sub> dropout voltage specified in the "Electrical Specifications" table on page 5. The minimum V<sub>BIAS</sub> input is 2.9V.

#### **Enable Operation**

The ENABLE turn-on threshold is typically 680mV with a hysteresis of 260mV. This pin must not be left floating. When this pin is not used, it must be tied to  $V_{BIAS}$ . A  $1k\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  pull-up resistor is required for applications that use open collector or open drain outputs to control the ENABLE pin.

#### **Soft-start Operation**

The ISL8011x has an internal 100 $\mu s$  typical soft-start function to prevent excessive in-rush current during start-up.

#### **Power-good Operation**

The PGOOD flag is an open-drain NMOS that can sink up to 10mA during a fault condition. Applications not using this feature must connect this pin to ground. The PGOOD pin requires an external pull-up resistor, which is typically connected to the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin. The PGOOD pin should not be pulled up to a voltage source greater than VBIAS. A PGOOD fault can be caused by the output voltage going below 84% of the nominal output voltage. PGOOD does not function during thermal shutdown as the V<sub>OUT</sub> is less than the minimum regulation voltage during that time.

#### **Output Voltage Selection**

An external resistor divider is used to scale the output voltage relative to the internal reference voltage. This voltage is then fed back to the error amplifier. The output voltage can be programmed to any level between 0.8V and 3.3V. Referring to Figure 1 the external resistor divider,  $R_3$  and  $R_4$ , is used to set the output voltage as shown in Figure 1. The recommended value for  $R_4$  is 500 $\Omega$  to  $1k\Omega$ .  $R_3$  is then chosen according to Equation 2.

$$V_{OUT} = 0.5 V \times \left(\frac{R_3}{R_4} + 1\right)$$
 (EQ. 1)

 $\mathsf{R}_3 = \mathsf{R}_4 \times \left(\frac{\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{OUT}}}{\mathsf{0.5V}} - 1\right)$ 

(EQ. 2)

#### **Current Limit Protection**

The ISL80111, ISL80112, and ISL80113 incorporate protection against overcurrent due to a short, overload condition applied to the output and the in-rush current that occurs at start-up. The LDO performs as a constant current source when the output current exceeds the current limit threshold noted in <u>"Electrical Specifications" on page 4</u>. If the short or overload condition is removed from V<sub>OUT</sub>, then the output returns to normal voltage mode regulation. In the event of an overload condition, the LDO might begin to cycle on and off due to the die temperature exceeding the thermal fault condition.

#### **Thermal Fault Protection**

If the die temperature exceeds (typically) +160 °C, the LDO output shuts down until the die temperature cools to (typically) +140 °C. The level of power, combined with the thermal impedance of the package (+48 °C/W), determines whether the junction temperature exceeds the thermal shutdown temperature.

See <u>Figure 36</u> for maximum continuous power dissipation guidance for ambient temperature and linear air flow rate. This graph ignores the insignificant power dissipation contribution of the BIAS pin.

### **External Capacitor Requirements**

External capacitors are required for proper operation. To ensure optimal performance, careful attention must be paid to the layout guidelines and selection of capacitor type and value.

#### **Input Capacitor**

The minimum input capacitor required for proper operation is 10µF with a ceramic dielectric. This minimum capacitor must be connected to the V<sub>IN</sub> and ground pins of the LDO no further than 0.5cm away.

### **Output Capacitor**

The ISL8011x applies state-of-the-art internal compensation to simplify selection of the output capacitor. Stable operation over the full temperature range, VIN range, VOUT range, and load extremes is guaranteed for all capacitor types and values, assuming a 1µF X5R/X7R is used for local bypass on  $V_{\mbox{OUT}}$  . This minimum capacitor must be connected to the VOUT and ground pins of the LDO no further than 0.5cm away.

Lower-cost Y5V and Z5U type ceramic capacitors are acceptable, if the size of the capacitor is larger, to compensate for the significantly lower tolerance over X5R/X7R types. Additional capacitors of any value, in ceramic, POSCAP, or alum/tantalum electrolytic types, can be placed in parallel to improve PSRR at higher frequencies or load-transient AC output voltage tolerances.

### **Bias Capacitor**

The minimum input capacitor required for proper operation is 1µF with a ceramic dielectric. This minimum capacitor must be connected to the VBIAS and ground pins of the LDO no further than 0.5cm away. When the VBIAS pin is connected to the  $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ pin, a total of 10 $\mu F$  of X5R/X7R connected to the  $V_{IN}$  pin and ground is sufficient.

# **Power Dissipation and Thermals**

#### **Power Dissipation**

Junction temperature must not exceed the range specified in the "Recommended Operating Conditions" section on page 4. Power dissipation can be calculated with Equation 3.

$$\mathsf{P}_\mathsf{D} = (\mathsf{V}_\mathsf{IN} - \mathsf{V}_\mathsf{OUT}) \times \mathsf{I}_\mathsf{OUT} + \mathsf{V}_\mathsf{BIAS} \times \mathsf{IQ}(\mathsf{BIAS}) + \mathsf{V}_\mathsf{IN} \times \mathsf{IQ}(\mathsf{V}_\mathsf{IN})$$

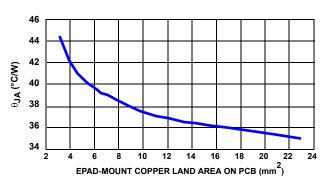
(EQ. 3)

The maximum allowable junction temperature,  $T_{J(MAX)}$ , and the maximum expected ambient temperature, TA(MAX), determine the maximum allowable power dissipation, as shown in

Provide 
$$\theta$$
 as the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance  

$$P_{\text{result}} = (T_{\text{result}} - T_{\text{result}})/\theta_{\text{result}}$$
(EQ. 4)

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}(\mathsf{MAX})} = (\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}(\mathsf{MAX})} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}}) / \theta_{\mathsf{J}\mathsf{A}}$$





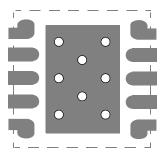
For safe operation, ensure that power dissipation calculated in Equation 3 (PD) is less than the maximum allowable power dissipation, PD(MAX).

The DFN package uses the copper area on the PCB as a heat sink. For heat sinking, the EPAD of this package must be soldered to the copper plane (GND plane). Figure 38 shows a curve for the  $\theta_{\text{JA}}$  of the DFN package for different copper area sizes.

#### General PowerPAD Design Considerations

The following is an example of how to use vias to remove heat from the IC.

Filling the thermal pad area with vias is recommended. A typical via array is to fill the thermal pad footprint with vias spaced such that they are center on center 3x the radius apart from each other. Keep the vias small but not so small that their inside diameter prevents solder from wicking through the holes during reflow.



#### FIGURE 39. PCB VIA PATTERN

Connect all vias to the round plane. For efficient heat transfer, it is important that the vias have low thermal resistance. Do not use "thermal relief" patterns to connect the vias. It is important to have a complete connection of the plated through-hole to each plane.



**Revision History** The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, but not warranted. Please go to web to make sure you have the latest Rev.

DATE	REVISION	CHANGE
August 30, 2016	FN7841.3	-Updated text in Description Section page 1 from "3.3V to 5V" to "2.9V to 5.5V".
		-Added Related Literature section on page 1.
		-Updated Figures 4 and 8.
		-Updated the Bock Diagram on page 2.
		-Updated the ADJ and Enable "Pin Descriptions" on page 2.
		-Updated Ordering Information table on page 3.
		-Added Table 1 on page 3.
		On page 4:
		-Updated VIN Relative to GND in the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" section.
		-Updated VIN Relative to GND in the "Recommended Operating Conditions" section.
		-Updated Note 9.
		-Removed Note 6 "Electromigration note".
		Electrical Specifications:
		-Updated Heading
		Updated the test conditions, min/max, and typical specifications for "DC Input Line Regulation", "DC Bia Line Regulation" and "DC Output Load Regulation"
		-Added "VIN = 3.6V, VBIAS = 5V" to the VIN quiescent current test conditions.
		On Page 5
		-Added "VIN = 1.4V, VBIAS = 3.3V" to the VIN quiescent current test conditions.
		-Updated test conditions for "VBIAS Quiescent Current", "VIN Dropout Voltage", "VBIAS Dropout Voltage",
		"Turn-on Threshold (Rising)", "PG Flag Falling Threshold", "PG Flag Hysteresis", and "PG Flag Leakage
		Current"
		-Updated test conditions and typical specs for "Output Noise Voltage", "Spectral Noise Density.
		Other Edits
		-Updated Note 12 on page 6.
		-Updated Titles for Figures 5 and 27 through 34.
		-Updated Figure 18.
		-Corrected labels on Figure 17.
		-Replaced Figures 16 and 36.
		-Updated "Enable Operation" on page 12.
		-Updated "Output Voltage Selection" on page 12.
		-Removed the Evaluation Board User Guide section from datasheet.
		-Updated the About Intersil Verbiage.
		-Updated "Package Outline Drawing" on page 16 to the latest revision:
		-Added missing dimension 0.415 in Typical Recommended land pattern.
		-Shortened the e-pad rectangle on both the recommended land pattern and the package bottom view to
		line up with the centers of the corner pins.
		-Tiebar Note 4 updated From: Tiebar shown (if present) is a non-functional feature. To: Tiebar shown (if
		present) is a non-functional feature and may be located on any of the 4 sides (or ends).
		Note: Detailed changes available upon request.
November 1, 2013	FN7841.2	Electrical Spec table: Bold the Min and Max values.
		page 4- Electrical Spec table title area: Removed "Unless otherwise noted, all parameters are guaranteed over the conditions specified as follows" and replaced by "Unless otherwise specified".
		Updated POD to latest revision from rev 7 to rev 8. The changes as follow: Corrected L-shaped leads in
		Bottom view and land pattern so that they align with the rest of the leads (L shaped leads were shorter)

**Revision History** The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, but not warranted. Please go to web to make sure you have the latest Rev. (Continued)

DATE	REVISION	CHANGE
June 5, 2012	FN7841.1	Ordering Information table on page 3: Changed evaluation board names from: ISL80111IRAJEVALZ, ISL80112IRAJEVALZ and ISL80113IRAJEVALZ to ISL80111EVAL1Z, ISL80112EVAL1Z and ISL80113VAL1Z. Changed POD L10.3x3 on page 17 to latest revision from Rev 6 to Rev 7. Change to POD is as follows: Removed package outline and included center to center distance between lands on recommended land pattern. Removed Note 4 "Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.18mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip." since it is not applicable to this package. Renumbered notes accordingly. Figure 7 VADJ Distribution, corrected "Y" scale units from (0.18, 0.16, 0.14, 0.12, 0.10, 0.08, 0.06, 0.04, 0.02, and 0.00) to (18, 16,14,12,10, 8, 6, 4, 2, and 0). Electrical Specifications table on page 4 "Added UVLO rising spec to show max of 2.9V so implementation at 3.3V is not a math problem".
March 30 2012	FN7841.0	Initial Release and Added "UVLO _BIAS _r" spec on pg 4. Modified Figures 14 - 18.

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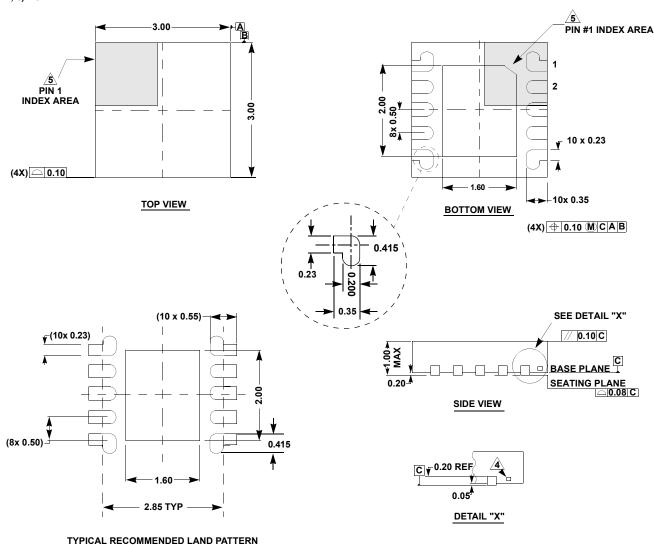
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# **Package Outline Drawing**

L10.3x3

10 LEAD DUAL FLAT PACKAGE (DFN) Rev 11, 3/15



NOTES:

- 1. Dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in ( ) for Reference Only.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5m-1994.
- 3. Unless otherwise specified, tolerance : Decimal  $\pm 0.05$
- Tiebar shown (if present) is a non-functional feature and may be located on any of the 4 sides (or ends).
- **5** The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.



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