

Description

The F2251 is a low insertion loss Voltage Variable RF Attenuator (VVA) designed for a multitude of wireless and RF applications. The device covers a broad frequency range from 50MHz to 6000MHz. In addition to providing low insertion loss, the F2251 provides excellent linearity performance over its entire voltage control and attenuation range.

The F2251 uses a single positive supply voltage of 3.15V to 5.25V. Other features include an enhancement to the Phase Noise performance of the device compared to its predecessor (F2250). The device also features a positive attenuation slope only.

Competitive Advantage

The F2251 provides extremely low insertion loss and superb IP3, IP2, Return Loss, and Slope Linearity across the control range. Comparing to the previous state-of-the-art for silicon VVAs, this device provides superior performance:

- Insertion loss at 2000MHz: 1.4dB
- Insertion loss at 6000MHz: 2.6dB
- Maximum attenuation slope: 29dB/Volt
- Minimum return loss up to 6000MHz: 14dB
- Minimum output IP3 at maximum attenuation: 34dBm
- Minimum input IP2: 95dBm
- Maximum operating temperature: +105°C

Typical Applications

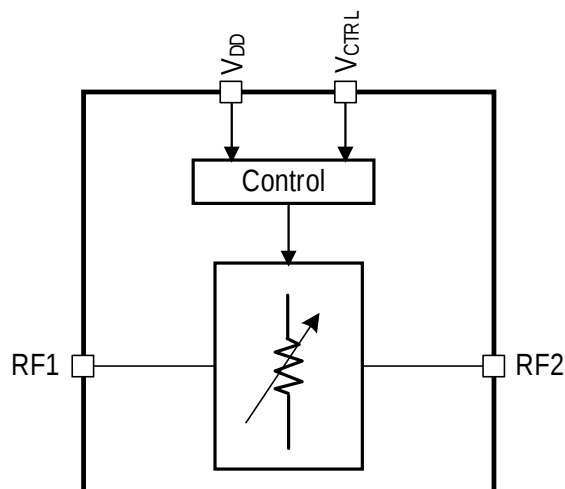
- Base station 2G, 3G, 4G
- Portable wireless
- Repeaters and E911 systems
- Digital pre-distortion
- Point-to-Point infrastructure
- Public safety infrastructure
- WIMAX receivers and transmitters
- Military systems, JTRS radios
- RFID handheld and portable readers
- Cable infrastructure
- Wireless LAN
- Test / ATE equipment

Features

- Frequency range: 50MHz to 6000MHz
- Low insertion loss: 1.4dB at 2000MHz
- Typical/Minimum IIP3: 67dBm / 47dBm
- Typical/Minimum IIP2: 105dBm / 95dBm
- 33.6dB attenuation range
- Bi-directional RF ports
- +34.4dBm Input P1dB compression
- Enhanced phase noise performance
- Linear-in-dB attenuation characteristic
- Supply voltage: 3.15V to 5.25V
- V_{CTRL} range: 0V to 3.6V using 5V supply
- +105°C maximum operating temperature
- 3 × 3 mm 16-VFQFPN package

Block Diagram

Figure 1. Block Diagram



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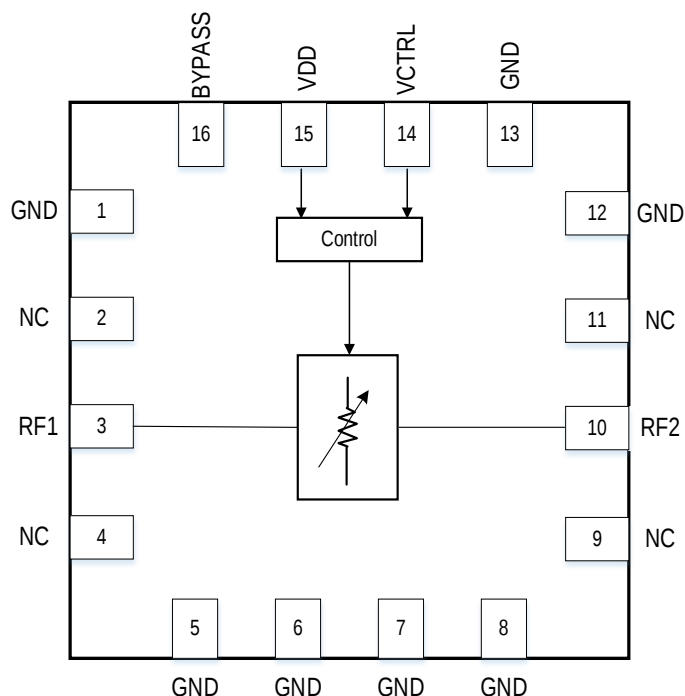
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Pin Assignments

Figure 2. Pin Assignments for 3 × 3 mm 16-VFQFPN-Package – Top View



Pin Descriptions

Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Name	Description
1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13	GND	Ground these pins as close to the device as possible.
2, 4, 9, 11	NC	No internal connection. These pins can be left unconnected or connected to ground (recommended).
3	RF1	RF port 1. Matched to 50 ohms. Must use an external AC coupling capacitor as close to the device as possible. For low frequency operation, increase the capacitor value to result in a low reactance at the frequency of interest.
10	RF2	RF port 2. Matched to 50 ohms. Must use an external AC coupling capacitor as close to the device as possible. For low frequency operation, increase the capacitor value to result in a low reactance at the frequency of interest.
14	VCTRL	Attenuator control voltage. Apply a voltage in the range as specified in the Operating Conditions. See application section for details about V _{CTRL} .
15	VDD	Power supply input. Bypass to GND with capacitors close as possible to pin.
16	BYPASS	Bypass to GND with capacitors close as possible to the pin. This pin works with an internal resistor and thereby adds low pass filtering.
	EP	Exposed Pad. Internally connected to GND. Solder this exposed pad to a PCB pad that uses multiple ground vias to achieve the specified RF performance.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only. Stresses greater than those listed below can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the F2251 at absolute maximum ratings is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	V_{DD} to GND		-0.3	5.5	V
V_{CTRL}	V_{CTRL} to GND	$V_{DD} = 0V$ to 5.25V	-0.3	Minimum (V_{DD} , 4.0)	V
V_{RF}	RF1, RF2 to GND		-0.3	0.3	V
P_{MAX24}	RF1 or RF2 Input Power applied for 24 hours maximum	V_{DD} applied at 2GHz and +85°C		30	dBm
P_{MAX_OP}	RF1 or RF2 Continuous Operating Power			See Figure 3	dBm
T_{JMAX}	Maximum Junction Temperature			+150	°C
T_{ST}	Storage Temperature Range		-65	+150	°C
T_{LEAD}	Lead Temperature	Soldering, 10s		+260	°C
V_{ESDHBM}	ESD Voltage–HBM (Per ESD STM5.1-2007)			1000	V
V_{ESDCDM}	ESD Voltage–CDM (Per ESD STM5.3.1-2009)			250	V

Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 3. Recommended Operating Conditions

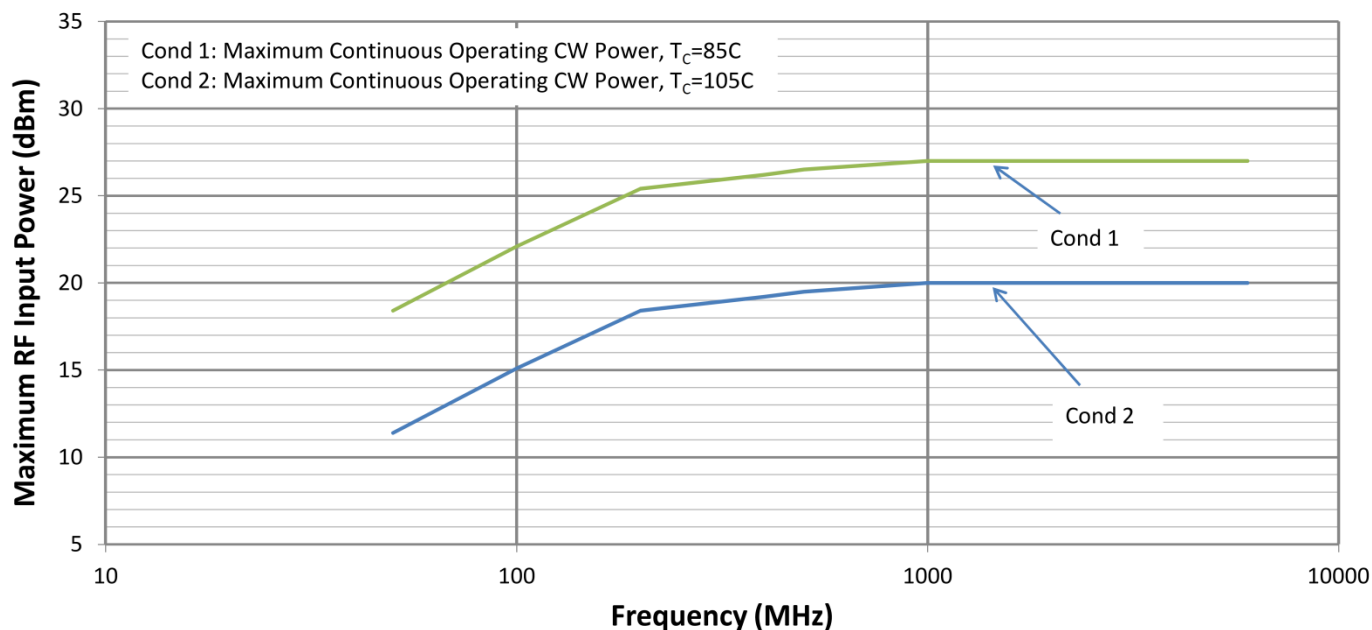
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{RF}	Operating Frequency Range		50		6000	MHz
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage		3.15		5.25	V
V_{CTRL}	V_{CTRL} Range	$V_{DD} = 3.9V$ to $5.25V$	0		3.6	V
		$V_{DD} = 3.15V$ to $3.9V$	0		$V_{DD}-0.3$	
I_{DD}	Supply Current		0.1 [a]	0.8	2	mA
I_{CTRL}	I_{CTRL} Current		-1		14	μA
$P_{MAX, CW}$	RF Operating Power [c]				See Figure 3	dBm
Z_{RF1}	RF1 Port Impedance			50		Ω
Z_{RF2}	RF2 Port Impedance			50		
T_{CASE}	Operating Temperature Range	Exposed paddle temperature	-40		+105	$^{\circ}C$

[a] Items in min/max columns in **bold italics** are guaranteed by test.

[b] Items in min/max columns that are not bold italics are guaranteed by design characterization.

[c] Refer to Figure 3.

Figure 3. Maximum RF Input Power vs. RF Frequency



Electrical Characteristics

Refer to the Evaluation Kit/ Applications Circuit. $V_{DD} = +3.3V$, $T_C = +25^{\circ}C$. The specifications in this table apply at RF1 input, $f_{RF} = 2000MHz$, minimum attenuation, $P_{IN} = 0dBm$ for small signal parameters, +20dBm for single tone linearity tests, +20dBm per tone for two tone tests, two tone delta frequency = 50MHz, PCB board traces and connector losses are de-embedded unless otherwise noted. Refer to Typical Operating Curves for performance over entire frequency band.

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Insertion Loss, IL (minimum attenuation)	A_{MIN}	$f_{RF} = 2GHz$		1.4	1.9 ^[a]	dB
		$f_{RF} = 3GHz$		1.6		
		$f_{RF} = 6GHz$		2.6	3.1	
Maximum Attenuation	A_{MAX}		34 ^[b]	35		dB
Insertion Phase Δ	$\Phi_{\Delta MAX}$	At 36dB attenuation relative to insertion loss		28		deg
	$\Phi_{\Delta MID}$	At 18dB attenuation relative to insertion loss		20		
Input 1dB Compression ^[c]	P1dB			34.4		dBm
Minimum RF1 Return Loss over Control Voltage Range	S11	$f_{RF} = 50MHz$ ^[d]		16		dB
		$f_{RF} = 700MHz$		17		
		$f_{RF} = 2000MHz$		17		
		$f_{RF} = 6000MHz$		15		
Minimum RF2 Return Loss over Control Voltage Range	S22	$f_{RF} = 50MHz$		16		dB
		$f_{RF} = 700MHz$		15		
		$f_{RF} = 2000MHz$		16		
		$f_{RF} = 6000MHz$		13		
Input IP3	IIP3			67		dBm
Input IP3 over Attenuation	IIP3 _{ATTEN}	All attenuation settings	44	47		
Minimum Output IP3	OIP3 _{MIN}	Maximum attenuation		34		
Input IP2	IIP2	$P_{IN} + IM2_{dBc}$, IM2 term is F1+F2		105		dBm
Minimum Input IP2	IIP2 _{MIN}	All attenuation settings		95		dBm
Input IH2	HD2	$P_{IN} + H2_{dBc}$		107		dBm
Input IH3	HD3	$P_{IN} + (H3_{dBc}/2)$		70		dBm
Settling Time	$T_{SETTL0.1dB}$	Any 1dB step in the 0dB to 33dB control range 50% V_{CTRL} to RF settled to within $\pm 0.1dB$		15		μsec

[a] Items in minimum/maximum columns in bold italics are guaranteed by test.

[b] Items in minimum/maximum columns that are not bold/italics are guaranteed by design characterization.

[c] The input 1dB compression point is a linearity figure of merit. Refer to Absolute Maximum Ratings section along with Figure 3 for the maximum RF input power vs. RF frequency.

[d] Set blocking capacitors C7 and C8 to 0.01 μF to achieve best return loss performance at 50MHz.

Thermal Characteristics

Table 5. Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
θ_{JA}	Theta JA. Junction to ambient.	80.6	°C/W
θ_{JC}	Theta JC. Junction to case (case is defined as the exposed paddle)	5.1	°C/W
	Moisture Sensitivity Rating (per J-STD-020)	MSL 1	

Typical Operating Conditions (TOCs)

Unless otherwise noted:

- $V_{DD} = +3.3V$ or $+5.0V$
- $T_C = +25^{\circ}C$
- $P_{IN} = 0dBm$ for all small signal tests
- $P_{IN} = +20dBm$ for single tone linearity tests (RF1 port driven)
- $P_{IN} = +20dBm/tone$ for two tone linearity tests (RF1 port driven)
- Two tone frequency spacing = 50MHz
- RF trace and connector losses are de-embedded for S-parameters

Typical Operating Conditions ($V_{DD} = 3.3V$)

Figure 4. Attenuation

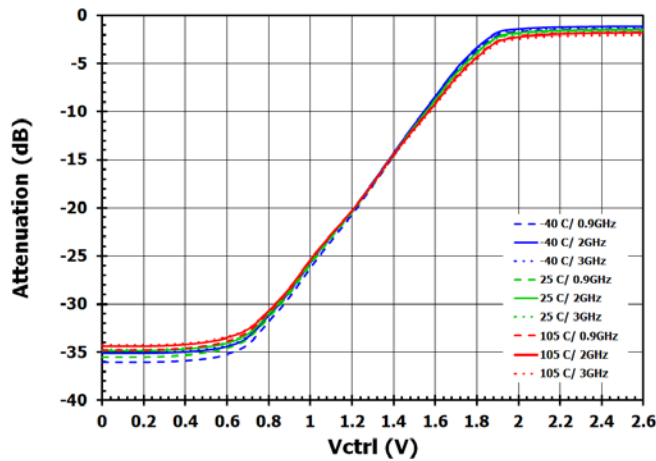


Figure 5. Attenuation Slope

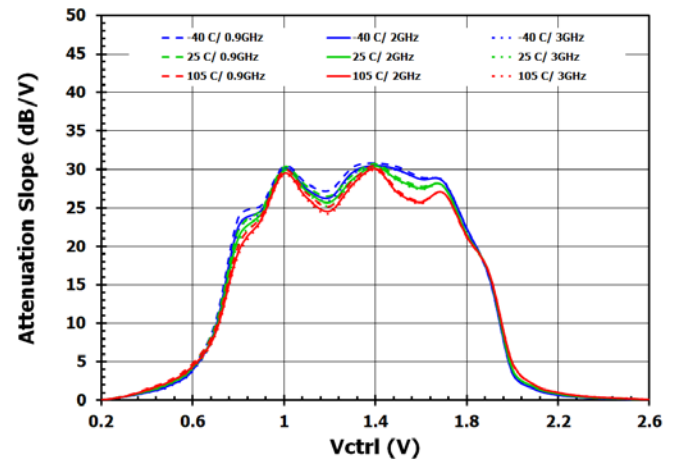


Figure 6. Input Return Loss

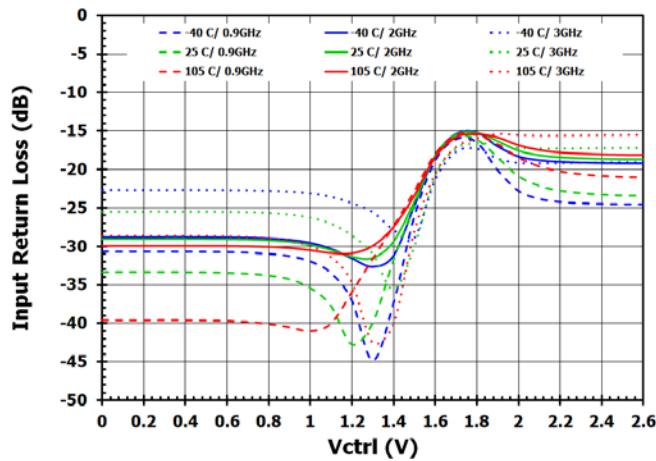


Figure 7. Output Return Loss

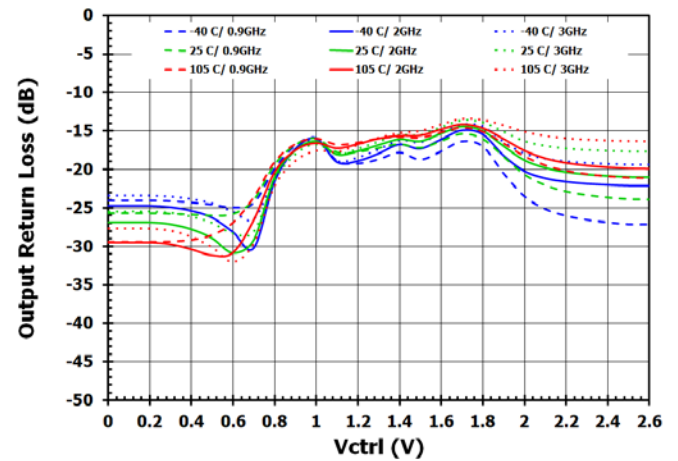


Figure 8. Insertion Phase Δ

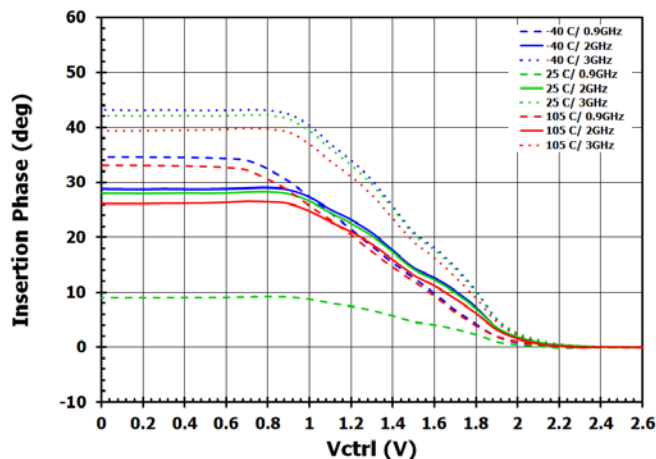
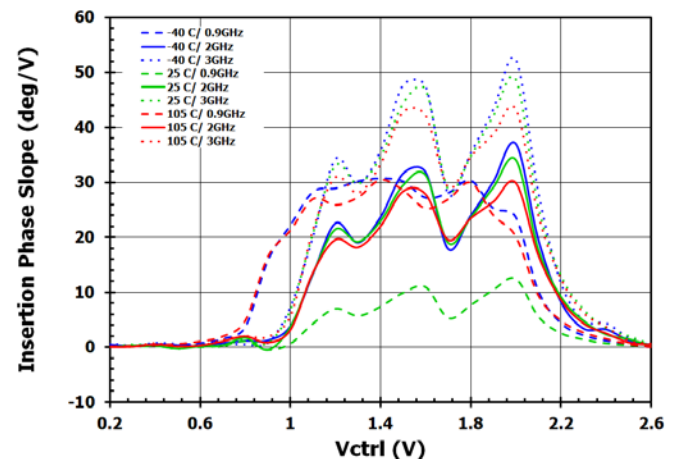


Figure 9. Insertion Phase Slope



Typical Operating Conditions ($V_{DD} = 3.3V$)

Figure 10. Attenuation

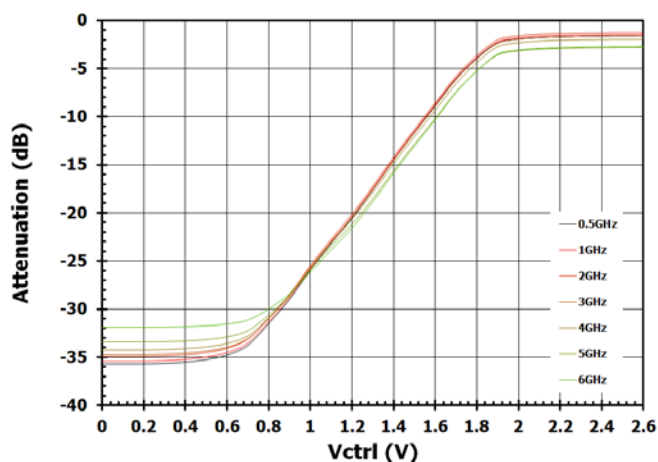


Figure 11. Attenuation Slope

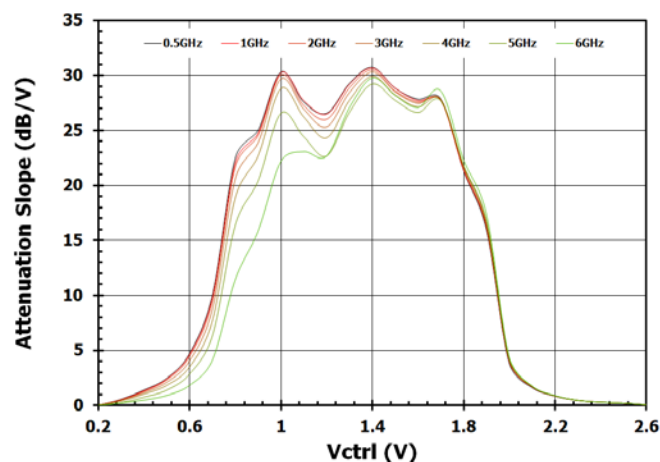


Figure 12. Input Return Loss

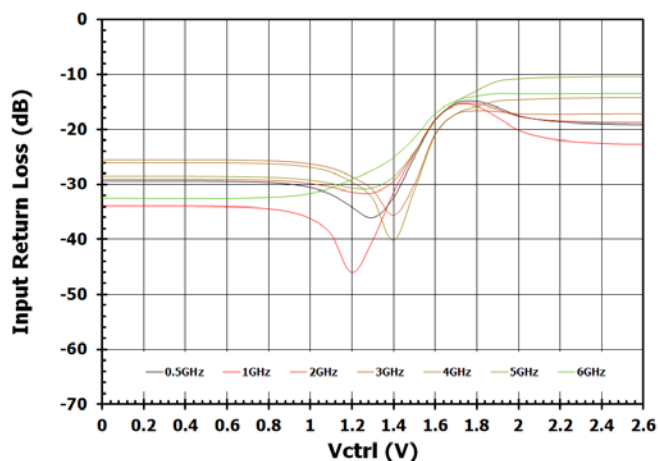


Figure 13. Output Return Loss

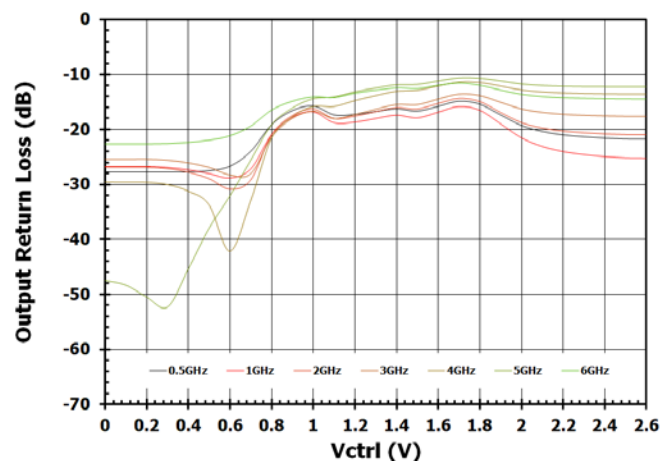


Figure 14. Insertion Phase Δ

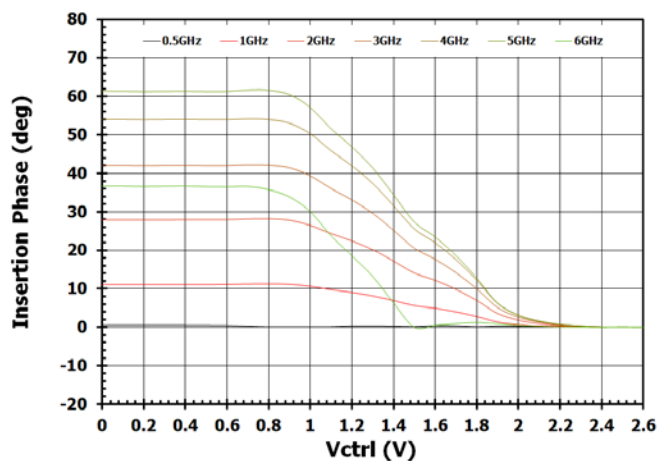
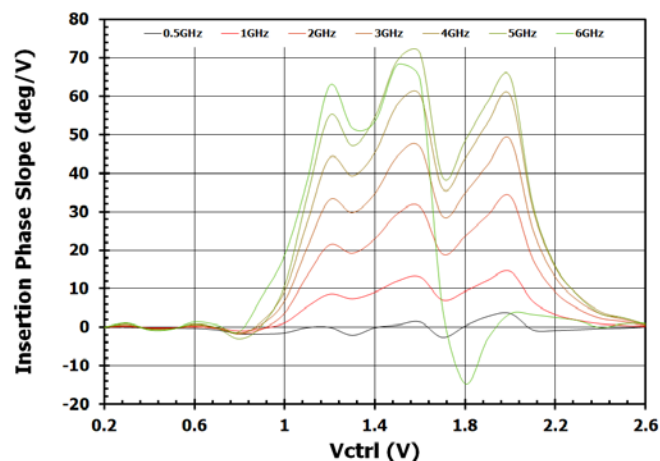


Figure 15. Insertion Phase Slope



Typical Operating Conditions ($V_{DD} = 3.3V$)

Figure 16. Input Return Loss (vs Temperature)

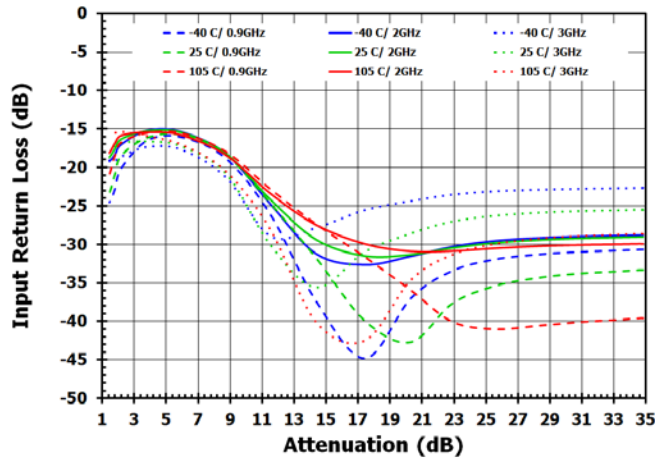


Figure 17. Input Return Loss (vs Frequency)

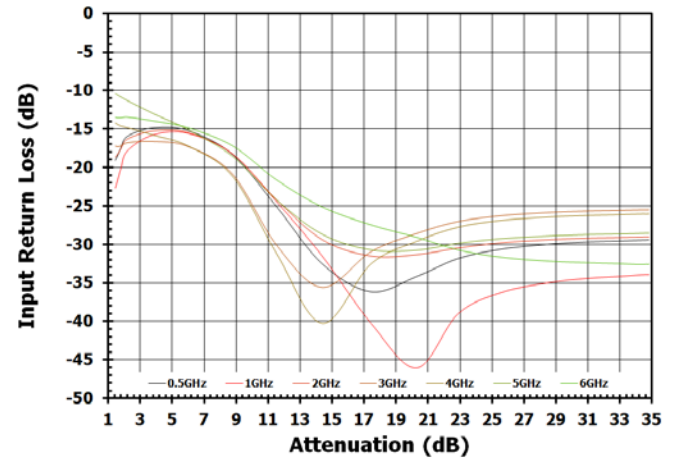


Figure 18. Output Return Loss (vs Temperature)

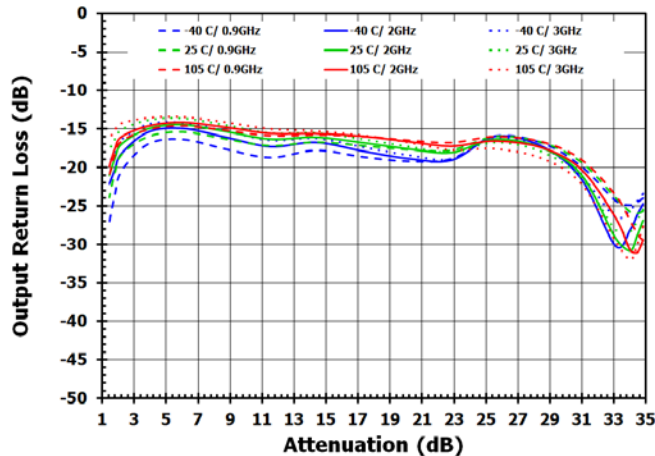


Figure 19. Output Return Loss (vs Frequency)

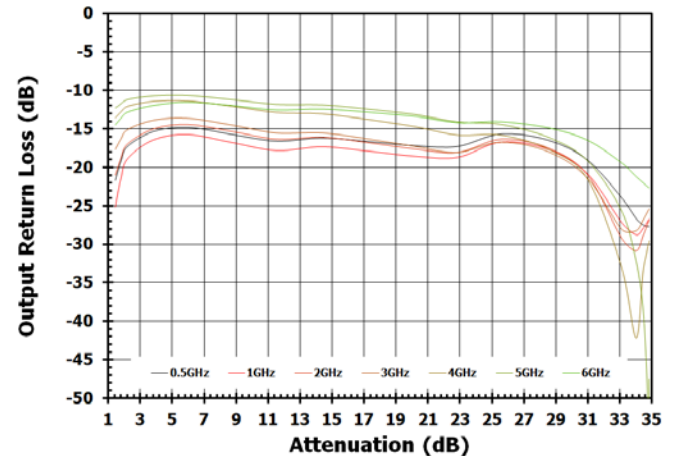


Figure 20. Insertion Phase Δ (vs Temperature)

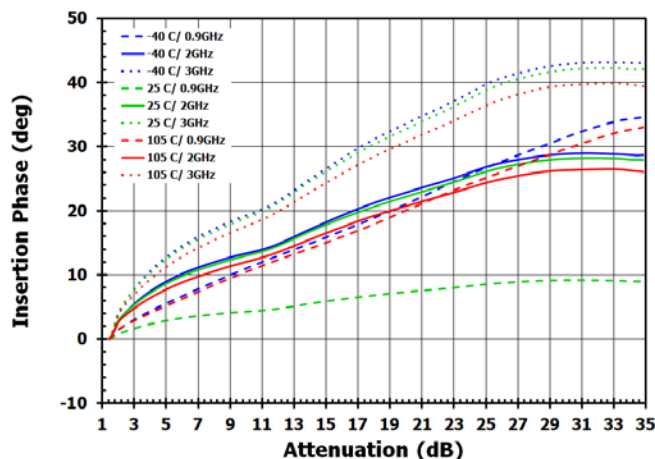
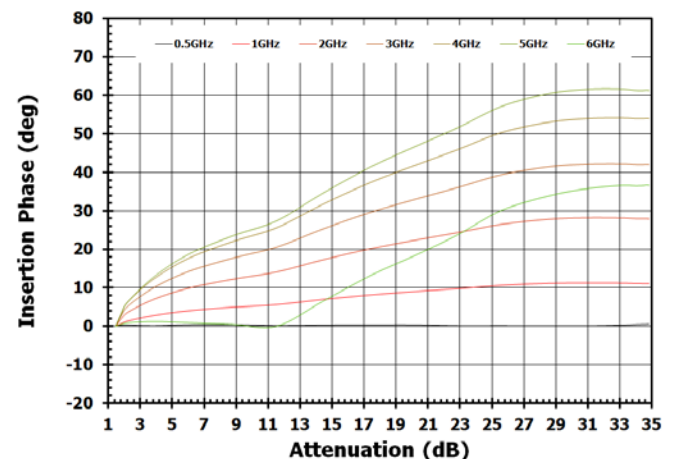


Figure 21. Insertion Phase Slope (vs Frequency)



Typical Operating Conditions (Frequency = 2GHz, $V_{DD} = 3.3V$)

Figure 22. Input IP3

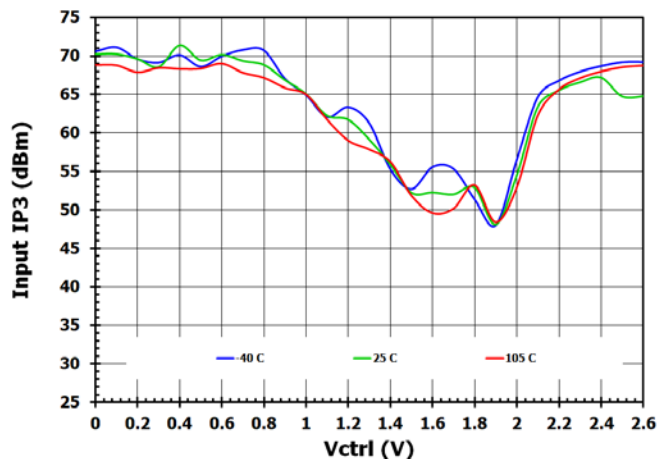


Figure 23. Output IP3

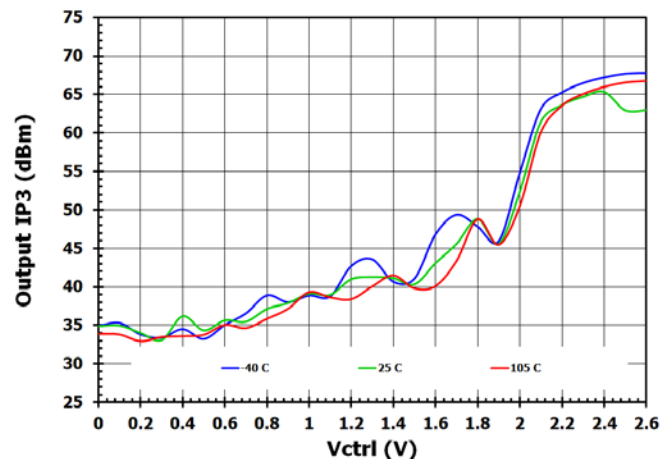


Figure 24. Input IP2

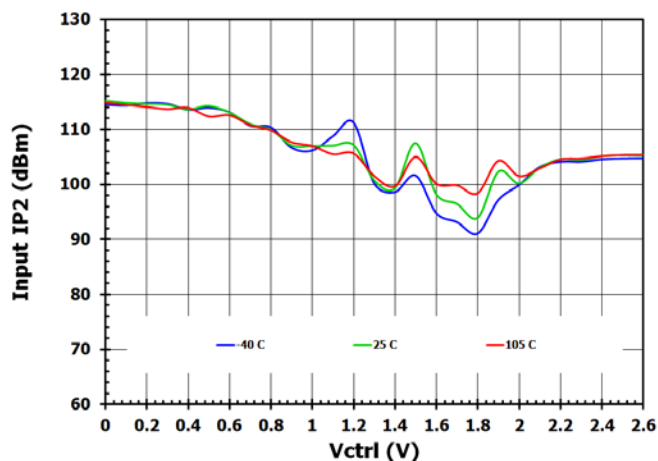


Figure 25. Output IP2

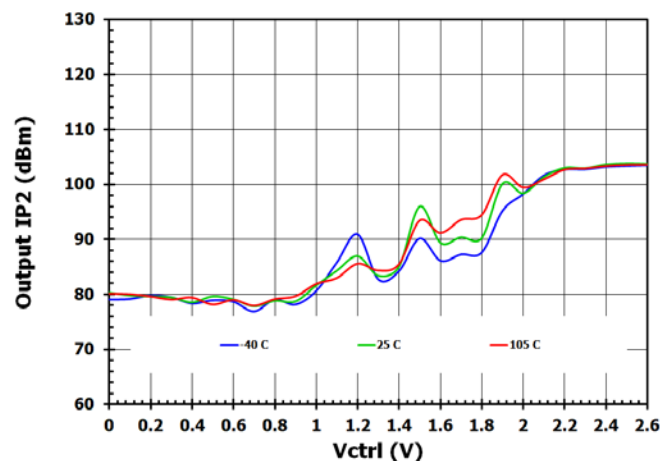


Figure 26. 2nd Harmonic Intercept Point

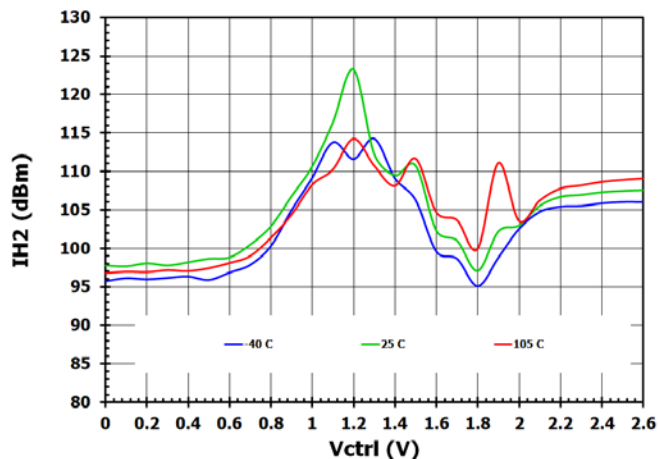
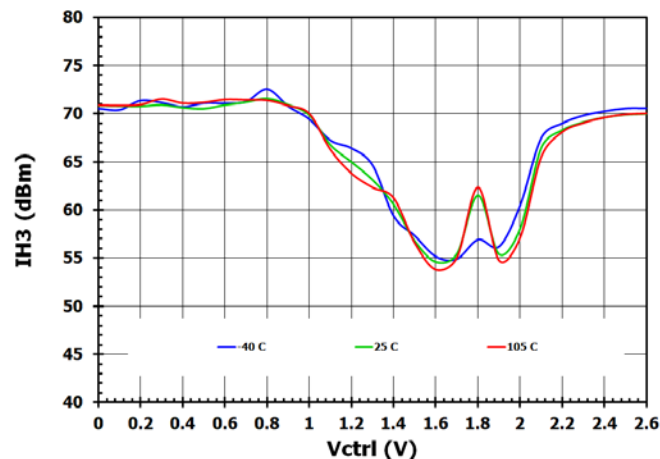


Figure 27. 3rd Harmonic Intercept Point



Typical Operating Conditions (Frequency = 2GHz, $V_{DD} = 3.3V$)

Figure 28. Input IP3

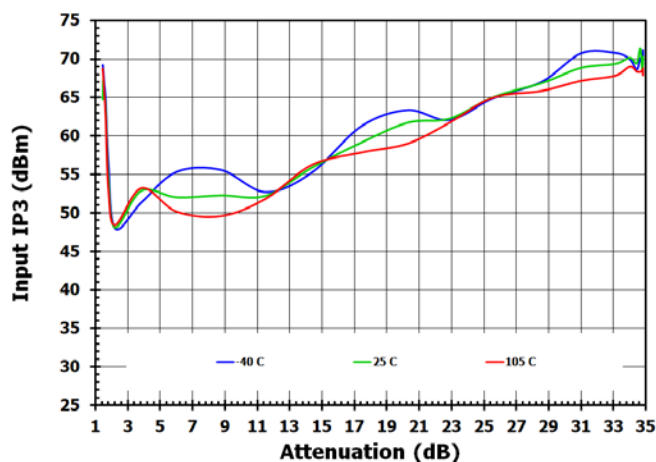


Figure 29. Output IP3

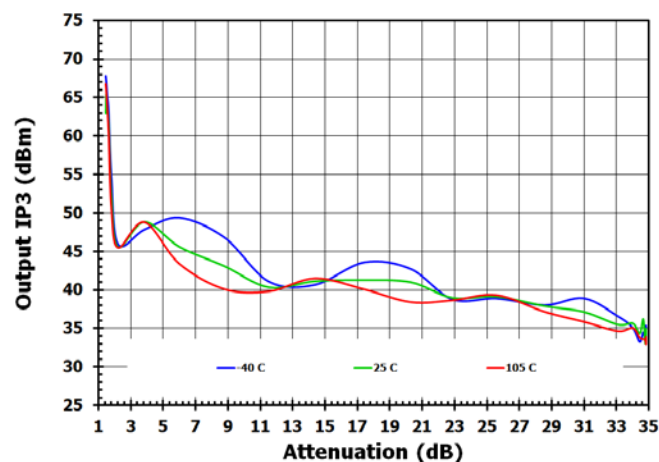


Figure 30. Input IP2

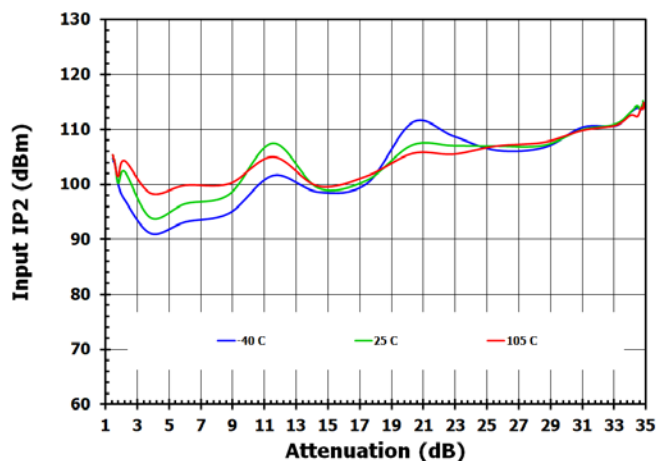


Figure 31. Output IP2

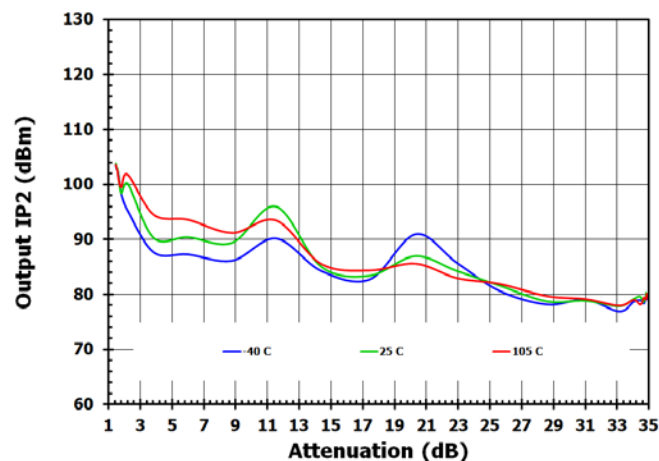


Figure 32. 2nd Harmonic Intercept Point

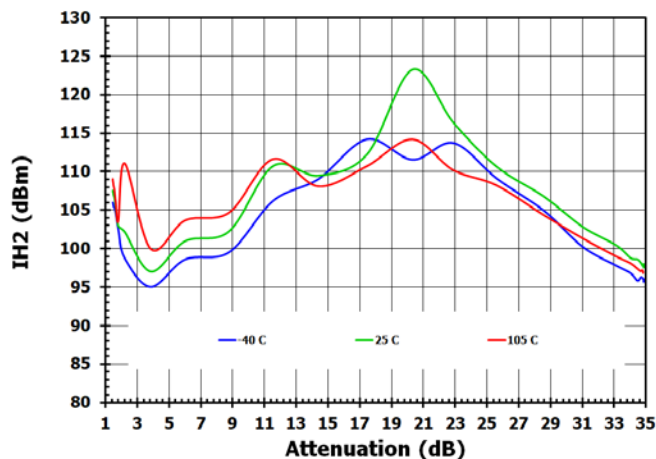
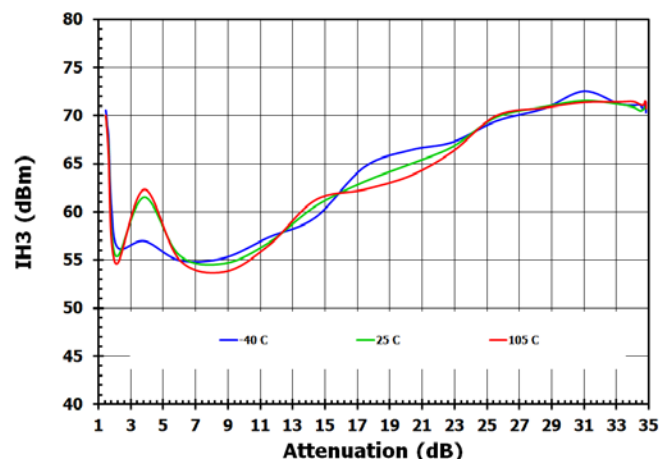


Figure 33. 3rd Harmonic Intercept Point



Typical Operating Conditions ($V_{DD} = 3.3V$)

Figure 34. 1dB Compression

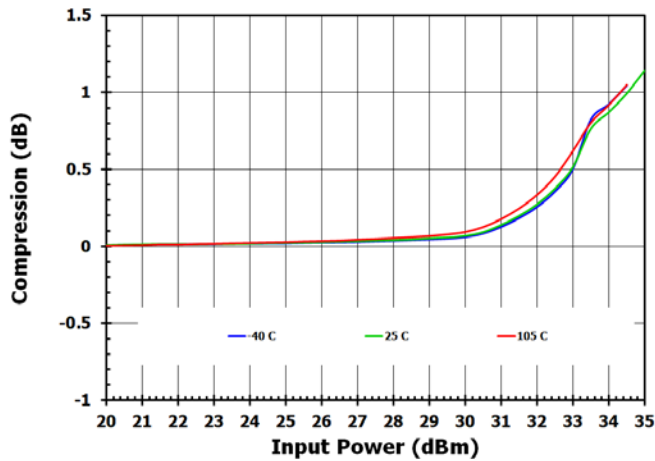


Figure 35. Phase Noise at 350MHz, 0dBm and Frequency Offset = 1kHz

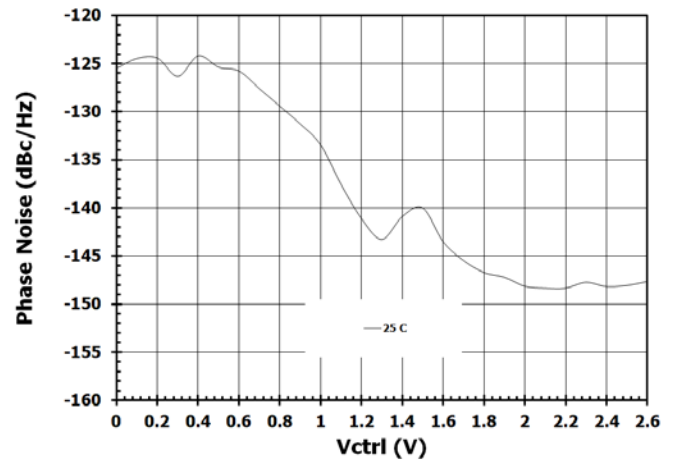


Figure 36. Min and Max Attenuation

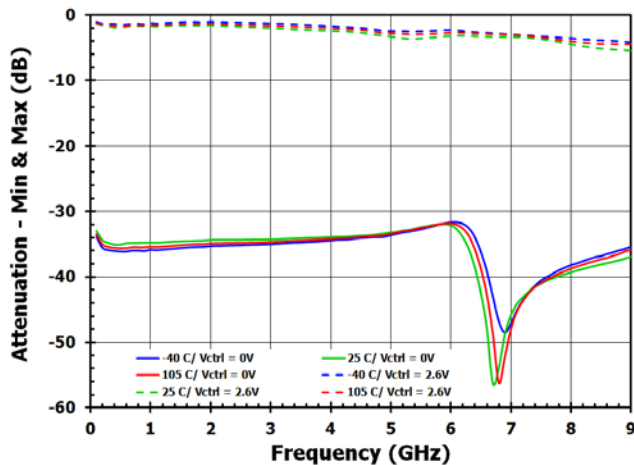


Figure 37. Min and Max Attenuation Slope

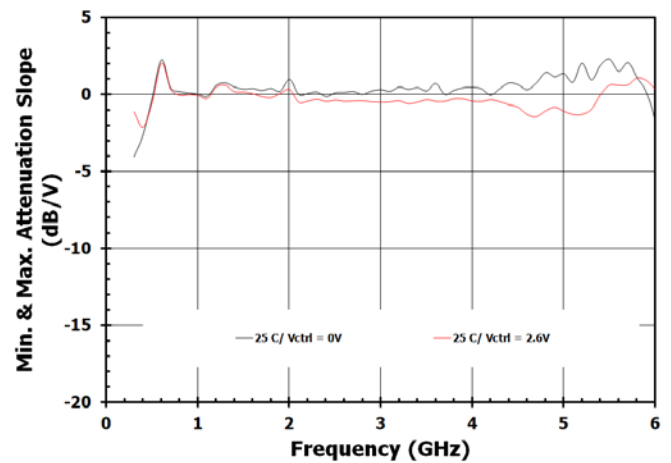
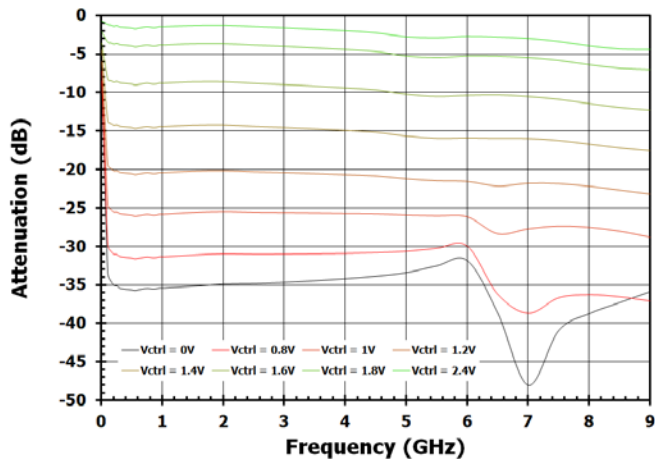


Figure 38. Attenuation vs. Frequency



Applications Information

V_{CTRL} Pin

The V_{CTRL} pin controls the attenuation of the F2251. The V_{CTRL} pin has an on-chip pull-up ESD diode so V_{DD} should be applied before V_{CTRL} is applied. If this sequencing is not possible, then resistor R2 should be set for 1k Ω to limit the current into the V_{CTRL} pin.

Bypass Pin

Bypass to GND with capacitors close as possible to the pin. This pin works with an internal resistor and thereby adds low pass filtering. For more information, see Figure 40.

RF1 and RF2 Ports

The F2251 is a bi-directional device thus allowing RF1 or RF2 to be used as the RF input. As displayed in the Typical Operating Conditions curves, RF1 shows some enhanced linearity performance and therefore should be used as the RF input, if possible, for best results. This F2251 has been designed to accept high RF input power levels, therefore V_{DD} must be applied prior to the application of RF power to ensure reliability. DC blocking capacitors are required on the RF pins and should be set to a value that results in a low reactance over the frequency range of interest.

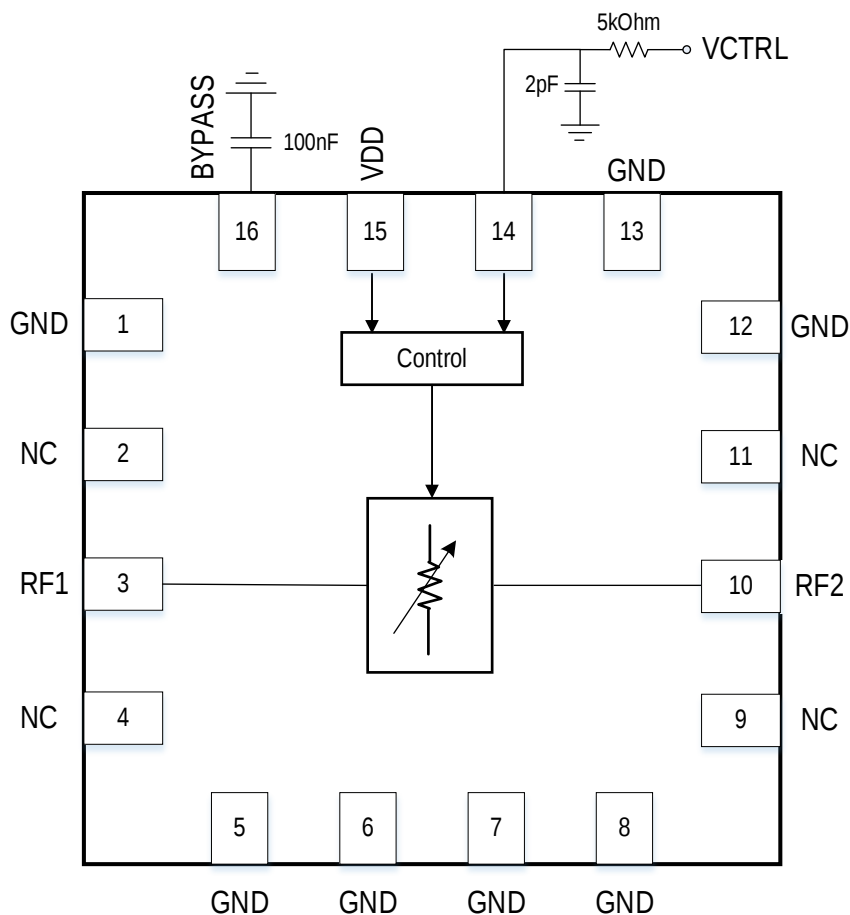
Power Supplies

The supply pin should be bypassed with external capacitors to minimize noise and fast transients. Supply noise can degrade noise figure and fast transients can trigger ESD clamps and cause them to fail. Supply voltage change or transients should have a slew rate smaller than 1V/20 μ s. In addition, all control pins should remain at 0V ($\pm$ 0.3V) while the supply voltage ramps or while it returns to zero.

Control Pin Interface

If control signal integrity is a concern and clean signals cannot be guaranteed due to overshoot, undershoot, ringing, etc., the following circuit at the input of control pin 14 is recommended as shown below.

Figure 39. Control Pin Interface Diagram



Evaluation Kit/ Applications Circuit

Figure 40. Evaluation Kit Applications Circuit Diagram

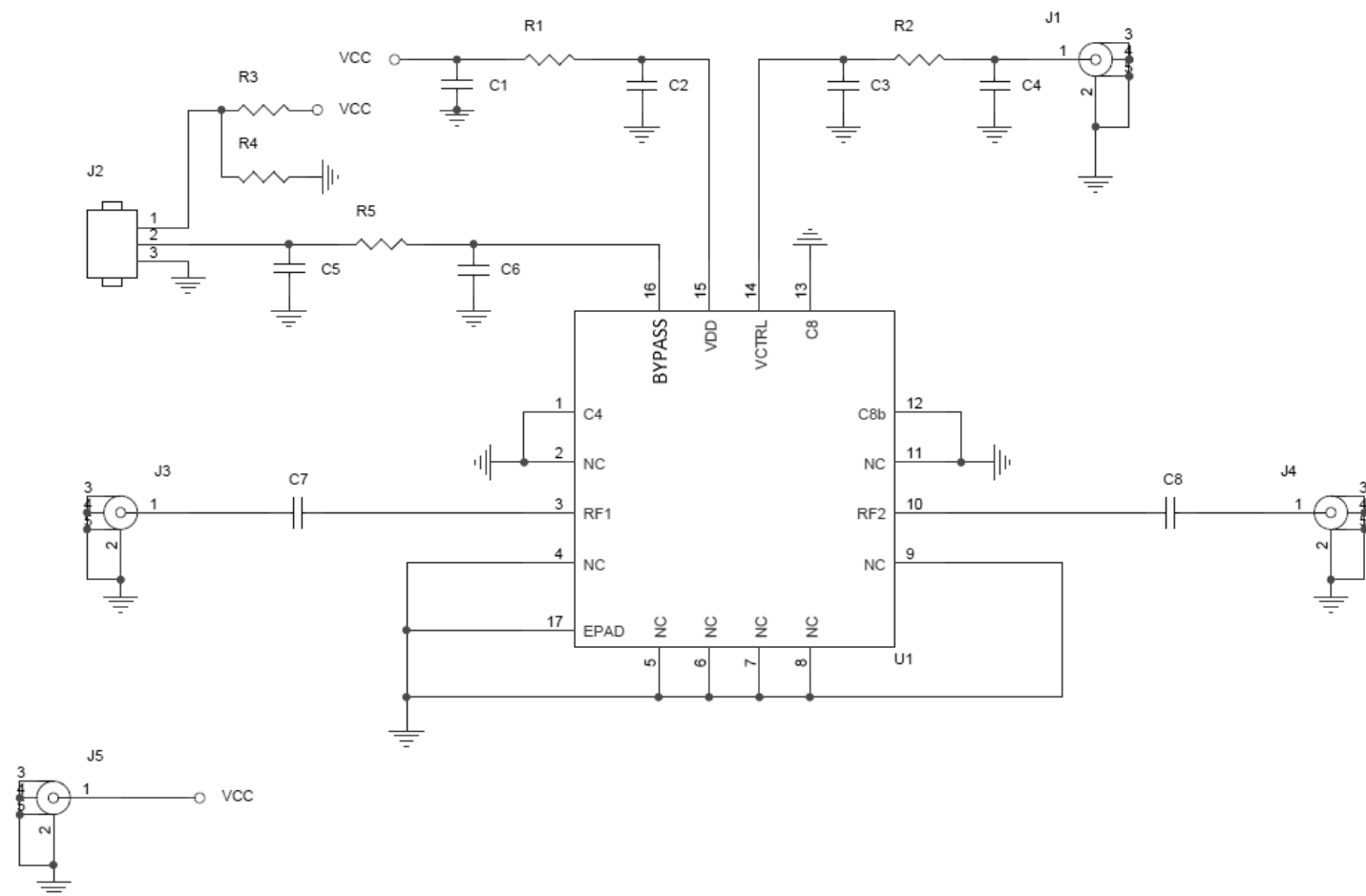


Figure 41. Evaluation Kit Picture / Layout (Top Side)

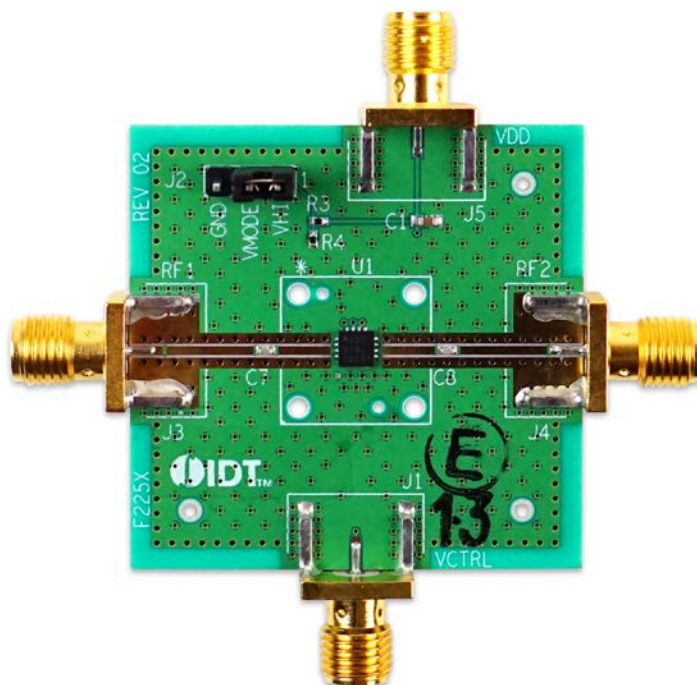
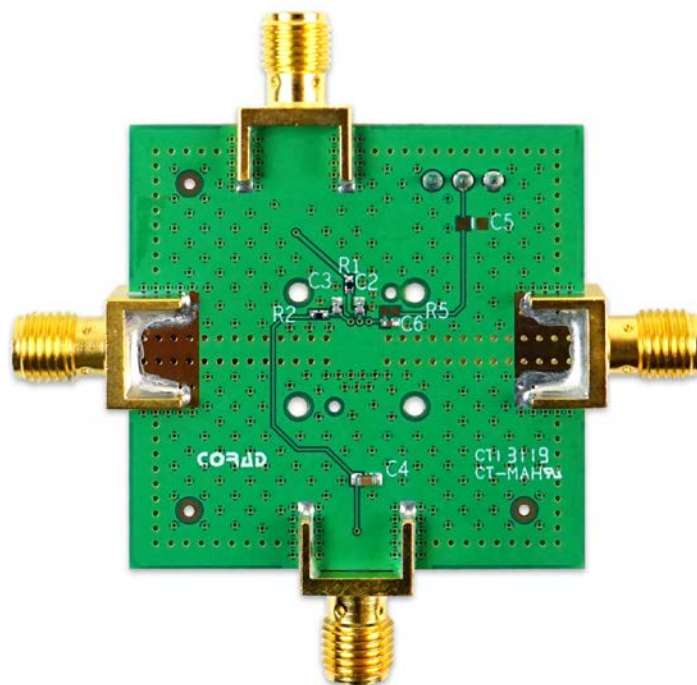


Figure 42. Evaluation Kit Picture / Layout (Bottom Side)



Evaluation Kit BOM

Table 6. Evaluation Kit Bill-of Materials (BOM)

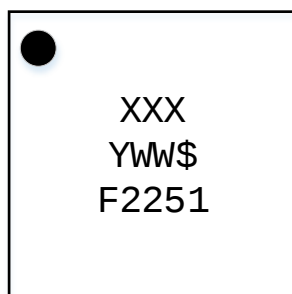
Part Reference	Quantity	Description	Manufacturer Part Number	Manufacturer
C1, C4	2	10nF $\pm 5\%$, 50V, X7R Ceramic Capacitors (0603)	GRM188R71H103J	Murata
C2, C3, C7, C8	4	1000pF $\pm 5\%$, 50V, C0G Ceramic Capacitors (0402)	GRM1555C1H102J	Murata
C6	1	0.1uF $\pm 10\%$, 16V, X7R Ceramic Capacitors (0402)	GRM155R71C104K	Murata
R1, R2	2	0 Ω Resistors (0402)	ERJ-2GE0R00X	Panasonic
R3, R4	2	100k Ω $\pm 1\%$, 1/10W, Resistor (0402)	ERJ-2RKF1003X	Panasonic
R5, C5	2	DNP		
J1, J2, J3, J4	4	Edge Launch SMA (0.375 inch pitch ground tabs)	142-0701-851	Emerson Johnson
	1	Printed Circuit Board	F225x Rev (02)	IDT (Renesas)

Package Outline Drawings

The package outline drawings are appended at the end of this document and are accessible from the link below. The package information is the most current data available.

<https://www.idt.com/document/psc/16-vfqfnp-package-outline-drawing-30-x-30-x-09-mm-05-mm-170-x-170-mm-epad-nlnlg16p2>

Marking Diagram



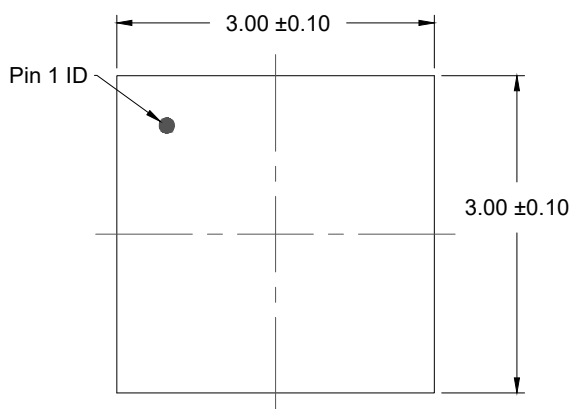
- Line 1 is the last 3 characters of the ASM lot number
- Line 2:
 - “YWW” is the last digit of the year and week that the part was assembled.
 - “\$” denotes the mark code.
- Line 3 is the truncated part number.

Ordering Information

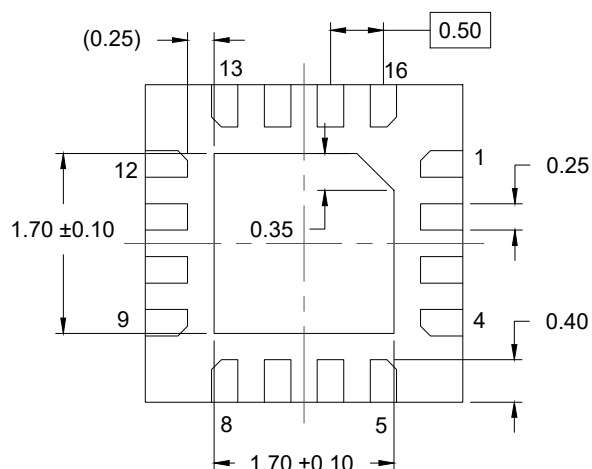
Orderable Part Number	Description and Package	MSL Rating	Carrier Type	Temperature
F2251NLGI	3.0 × 3.0 × 0.9 mm 16-VFQFPN	1	Tray	-40°C to +105°C
F2251NLGI8	3.0 × 3.0 × 0.9 mm 16-VFQFPN	1	Reel	-40°C to +105°C
F2251EVB	Evaluation Board			

Revision History

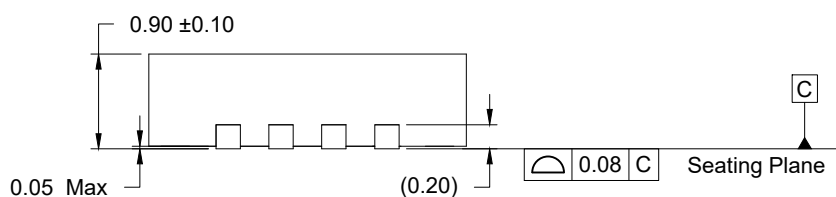
Revision Date	Description of Change
February 18, 2020	Replotting Insertion phase figures.
February 14, 2020	Initial release.



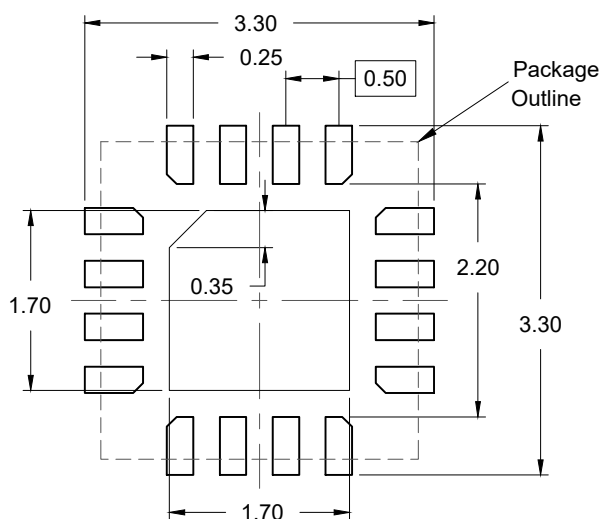
TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN
(PCB Top View, NSMD Design)

NOTES:

1. JEDEC compatible.
2. All dimensions are in mm and angles are in degrees.
3. Use ± 0.05 mm for the non-toleranced dimensions.
4. Numbers in () are for references only.

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