

HR5P-N1FA-00000 5-mm Round Infrared LED Lamp

Description

The Broadcom[®] HR5P-N1FA-00000 is a 5-mm round infrared LED lamp. This product is available in an industrial standard 5-mm through lamp, making it easy to use and assemble. It has a peak wavelength of 850 nm and a viewing angle of 50 degrees. These features make this product a suitable candidate for a wide variety of applications, such as surveillance cameras. This product is a cost-effective solution offering superior performance with a uniform illumination pattern.

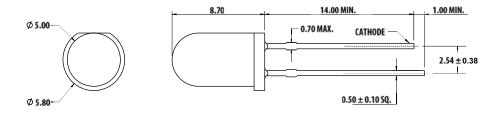
Features

- Untinted, non-diffused
- Low power consumption
- Easy assembly

Applications

■ Illumination for surveillance cameras

Figure 1: Package Drawing



NOTE:

- 1. All dimensions in millimeters (mm).
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.25 mm unless otherwise specified.
- 3. Lead spacing is measured at where the leads emerge from the body.
- 4. Epoxy meniscus may extend up to maximum 1.00 mm down the leads.

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Device Selection Guide ($T_J = 25$ °C, $I_F = 100$ mA)

		Radia	nt Intensity, I _e (m\	Viewing Angle, 2θ _½ (°) ^d	
Part Number	Die Type	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Тур.
HR5P-N1FA-00000	AlGaAs	45.0	60.0	112.5	50

- a. The radiant intensity is measured at the mechanical axis of the package with a single current pulse condition ($t_p = 20$ ms).
- b. The optical axis is closely aligned with the mechanical axis of the package.
- c. Tolerance is ±15%.
- d. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off axis angle where the radiant intensity is half of the peak intensity.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	Rating	Unit		
DC Forward Current ^a	100	mA		
Peak Forward Current ^{b, c}	700	mA		
Power Dissipation	200	mW		
LED Junction Temperature	100	°C		
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85	°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +100	°C		

- a. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 4.
- b. Duty factor = 1%, t_D = 100 μ s.
- c. Pin temperature, $T_p = 25$ °C.

Optical and Electrical Characteristics ($T_J = 25$ °C, $I_F = 100$ mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
Radiant Flux ^a	Фе	_	64	_	mW	I _F =100 mA, t _p = 20 ms
Peak Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	_	850	_	nm	I _F =100 mA, t _p = 20 ms
Temperature Coefficient of Brightness	TC _{le}	_	-0.23	_	%/°C	I _F = 100 mA
Temperature Coefficient of λ_p	$TC_{\lambda p}$	_	0.28	_	nm/°C	I _F = 100 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$	_	40	_	nm	I _F = 100 mA, t _p = 20 ms
Junction Capacitance	CJ	_	20	_	pF	V _R = 0, f = 1 MHz
Forward Voltage ^b	V _F	1.30	1.65	2.00	V	I _F = 100 mA
Temperature Coefficient of V _F	TC _{VF}	_	-0.85	_	mV/°C	I _F = 100 mA
Reverse Voltage ^c	V_{R}	5	_	_	V	I _R = 10 μA
Rise Time	t _r	_	15	_	ns	I _F = 100 mA
Fall Time	t _f	_	15	_	ns	I _F = 100 mA
Cut-Off Frequency	f _c	_	23	_	MHz	I _{DC} = 70 mA, I _{AC} = 30 mA pp
Thermal Resistance	Rθ _{J-P}	_	180	_	°C/W	LED junction to pin

- a. The radiant flux, Φ_e is the total flux output as measured with an integrating sphere at a single current pulse condition ($t_p = 20$ ms).
- b. Forward voltage tolerance is ±0.1V.
- c. Indicates product final test condition. Long term reverse bias is not recommended.

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Figure 2: Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Mono Pulse Current

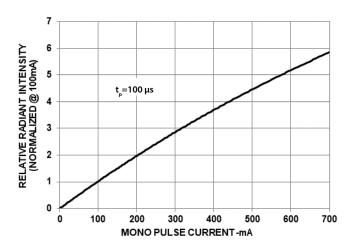


Figure 4: Maximum Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

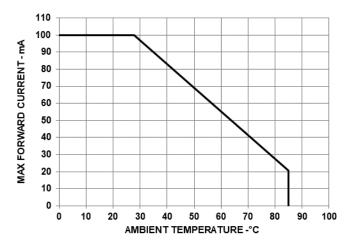


Figure 6: Spectral Distribution

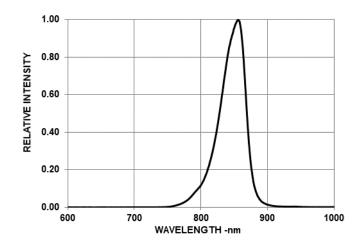


Figure 3: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

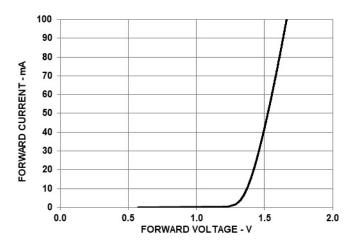


Figure 5: Radiation Pattern

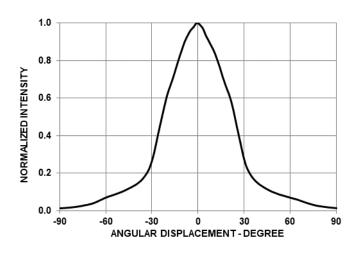
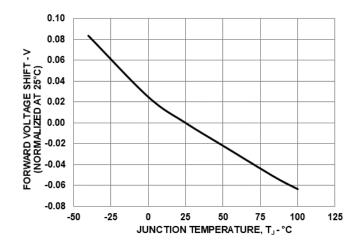


Figure 7: Forward Voltage Shift vs. Junction Temperature



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Precautionary Notes

Soldering and Handling Precautions

- Set and maintain the wave soldering parameters according to the recommended temperature and dwell time. Perform a daily check on the profile to ensure that it is always conforms to the recommended conditions. Exceeding these conditions will over-stress the LEDs and cause premature failures.
- Use only bottom preheaters to reduce the thermal stress experienced by the LEDs.
- Recalibrate the soldering profile before loading a new type of PCB. PCBs with different sizes and designs (component density) will have a different heat capacity and might cause a change in temperature experienced by the PCB if the same wave soldering setting is used.
- Do not perform wave soldering more than once.
- Any alignment fixture used during wave soldering must be loosely fitted and must not apply stress on the LEDs.
 Use non-metal material because it will absorb less heat during the wave soldering process.
- At elevated temperatures, the LEDs are more susceptible to mechanical stress. Allow the PCB to be sufficiently cooled to room temperature before handling. Do not apply stress to the LED when it is hot.
- Use wave soldering to solder the LED. Use hand soldering only for rework or touch up if unavoidable, but it must be strictly controlled to following conditions:
 - Soldering iron tip temperature = 315°C maximum
 - Soldering duration = 2 seconds maximum
 - Number of cycles = 1 only
 - Power of soldering iron = 50W maximum
- For ESD-sensitive devices, apply the proper ESD precautions at the soldering station. Use an ESD-safe soldering iron only.
- Do not touch the LED package body with the soldering iron except for the soldering terminals because it may cause damage to the LED.
- Confirm beforehand whether the functionality and performance of the LED is affected by soldering with hand soldering.
- Keep the heat source at least 1.6 mm away from the LED body during soldering.
- Design the appropriate hole size to avoid problems during insertion or clinching (for auto-insertable devices).

Figure 8: Recommended PCB Through Hole Size

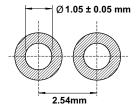
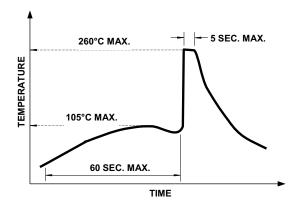


Figure 9: Recommended Wave Soldering Profile



NOTE: Refers to measurements with thermocouple mounted at the bottom of the PCB.

Refer to Application Note AN 5334 for more information on the soldering and handling of TH LED lamp.

Lead Forming

- To pre-form or cut the leads prior to insertion and soldering onto PCB, use the proper tool instead of doing it manually.
- Do not bend the leads at the location less than 3 mm from the LED body.
- Do not use the base of the LED body as a fulcrum for lead bending. Secure the leads properly before bending.
- If manual lead cutting is unavoidable, cut the leads after soldering to reduce stress to the LED body.

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Application Precautions

- The drive current of the LED must not exceed the maximum allowable limit across temperatures as stated in the data sheet. Use constant current driving to ensure consistent performance.
- The circuit design must cater to the whole range of the forward voltage (V_F) of the LEDs to ensure the intended drive current can always be achieved.
- The LED exhibits slightly different characteristics at different drive currents, which may result in a larger variation of performance (meaning: intensity, wavelength, and forward voltage). Set the application current as close as possible to the test current to minimize these variations.
- The LED is not intended for reverse bias. Use other appropriate components for such purposes. When driving the LED in matrix form, ensure that the reverse bias voltage does not exceed the allowable limit of the LED.

- Avoid rapid changes in the ambient temperature, especially in high-humidity environments, because they cause condensation on the LED.
- If the LED is intended to be used in a harsh or an outdoor environment, protect the LED against damages caused by rain water, water, dust, oil, corrosive gases, external mechanical stresses, and so on.

Eye Safety Precautions

LEDs may pose optical hazards when in operation. Do not look directly at operating LEDs because it might be harmful to the eyes. For safety reasons, use appropriate shielding or personal protective equipment.

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