

HDSP-F15x/F16x Series HDSP-F20x/F30x/F40x/F50x Series 10-mm (0.40-inch) Seven-Segment Displays



Description

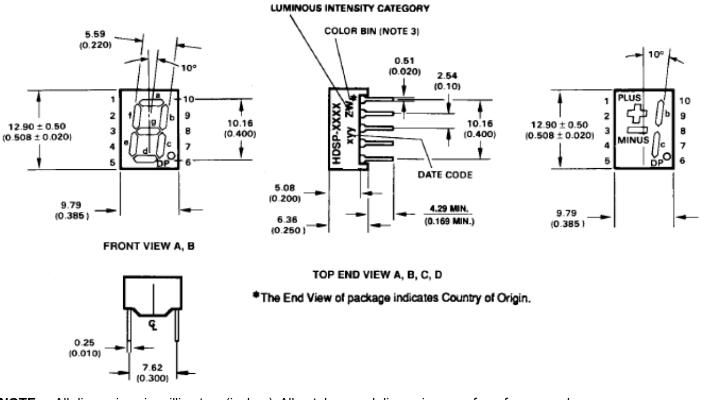
These Broadcom[®] 10-mm (0.40-inch) LED seven-segment displays are the company's most space-efficient character size. They are designed for viewing distances up to 4.5 meters (15 feet). These devices use an industry-standard size package and pinout. The dual-numeric, single-numeric, and ± 1 overflow devices feature a righthand decimal point. All devices are available as either common anode or common cathode.

Typical applications include instruments, point of sale terminals, and appliances.

Features

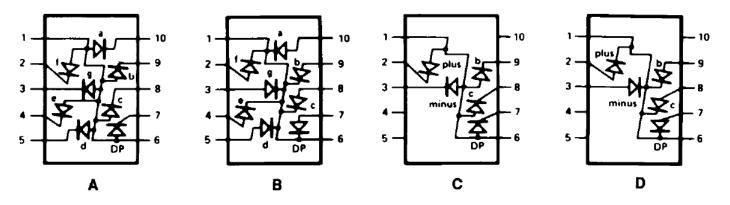
- Industry-standard size
- Industry-standard pinout: 7.6-mm (0.3-inch) DIP single or 15.24-mm (0.6-inch) DIP dual leads on 2.54-mm (0.1-inch) centers
- Choice of colors: AllnGaP deep red, high efficiency red, orange, yellow, green
- Excellent appearance
 - Evenly lighted segments
 - Mitered corners on segments
 - Gray package gives optimum contrast
 - Black surface and color tinted epoxy (HDSP-F161 only)
 - ±50° viewing angle
- Design flexibility
 - Common anode or common cathode
 - Single and dual digits
 - Righthand decimal point
 - ±1 overflow character
- Categorized for luminous intensity
 - Yellow and green categorized for color
 - Use of like categories yields a uniform display

Package Drawing



NOTE: All dimensions in millimeters (inches). All untoleranced dimensions are for reference only.

Internal Circuit Diagram



	Function					
Pin	Α	В	С	D		
1	ANODE ^a	CATHODE ^b	ANODE ^a	CATHODE ^b		
2	CATHODE f	ANODE f	CATHODE PLUS	ANODE PLUS		
3	CATHODEg	ANODE g	CATHODE MINUS	ANODE MINUS		
4	CATHODE e	ANODE e	NC	NC		
5	CATHODE d	ANODE d	NC	NC		
6	ANODE ^a	CATHODE ^b	ANODE ^a	CATHODE ^b		
7	CATHODE DP	ANODE DP	CATHODE DP	ANODE DP		
8	CATHODE c	ANODE c	CATHODE c	ANODE c		
9	CATHODE b	ANODE b	CATHODE b	ANODE b		
10	CATHODE a	ANODE a	NC	NC		

a. Redundant anodes.

b. Redundant cathodes.

Device Selection Guide

AllnGaP Deep Red HDSP-	HER HDSP-	Orange HDSP-	Yellow HDSP-	Green HDSP-	Description	Pkg Drawing
F151	F201	F401	F301	F501	Common Anode Righthand Decimal	A
F161					Common Anode Righthand Decimal	A
F153	F203	F403	F303	F503	Common Cathode Righthand Decimal	В
F157	F207				Common Cathode ±1 Overflow	С
F158	F208				Common Cathode ±1 Overflow	D

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Deep Red HDSP-F15x/F16x Series	HER/Orange HDSP-F20x/F40x Series	Yellow HDSP-F30x Series	Green HDSP-F50x Series	Unit	
Power Dissipation per Segment or DP	100	75	50	75	mW	
Peak Forward Current per Segment or DP ^a	90	90	60	90	mA	
DC Forward Current per Segment or DP ^b	40	30	20	30	mA	
Operating Temperature Range	-20 to +100 -40 to +100				°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +100				°C	
Reverse Voltage per Segment or DP ^c	3.0					
Wave Soldering Temperature for 3s (1.60 mm [0.063 in.] below body)	250					

a. Duty factor = 10%, frequency = 1 kHz, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

b. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 4 (deep red) and Figure 8 (HER, orange, yellow, green).

c. Reverse voltage is for LED testing purposes and is not recommended to be used as an application condition.

Electrical/Optical Characteristics (T_A = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Deep Red, Device Series HDSP-F15x/F16x				1		
Luminous Intensity/Segment (Digital Average) ^{a, b}	I_V	7.5	34.0	_	mcd	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage/Segment or DP ^c	V _F	—	2.1	2.5	V	I _F = 20 mA
Peak Wavelength	λ _p	—	656	—	nm	
Dominant Wavelength ^d	λ _d	_	639		nm	
Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP ^e	V _R	3.0		_	V	I _R = 100 μA
High Efficiency Red, Device Series HDSP-F20	x					
Luminous Intensity/Segment (Digital Average) ^{a, b}	I_V	0.42	1.20	—	mcd	I _F = 5 mA
Forward Voltage/Segment or DP ^c	V _F	—	2.0	2.5	V	I _F = 20 mA
Peak Wavelength	λ _p	—	635	—	nm	
Dominant Wavelength ^d	λ _d	_	626	_	nm	
Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP ^e	V _R	3.0	30		V	I _R = 100 μA
Orange, Device Series HDSP-F40x						
Luminous Intensity/Segment (Digital Average) ^{a, b}	I_V	4.2	1.20	—	mcd	I _F = 5 mA
Forward Voltage/Segment or DP ^c	V _F	—	2.0	2.5	V	I _F = 20 mA
Peak Wavelength	λ _p	—	600		nm	
Dominant Wavelength ^d	λ _d	_	603	—	nm	
Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP ^e	V _R	3.0	30	—	V	I _R = 100 μA

HDSP-F15x/F16x Series HDSP-F20x/F30x/F40x/F50x Series Data Sheet

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Yellow, Device Series HDSP-F30x	1					1
Luminous Intensity/Segment (Digital Average) ^{a, b}	I_V	0.29	0.80	_	mcd	I _F = 5 mA
Forward Voltage/Segment or DP ^c	V _F	_	2.2	2.5	V	I _F = 20 mA
Peak Wavelength	λ _p	—	583	_	nm	
Dominant Wavelength ^d	λ _d	581.5	586	592.5	nm	
Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP ^e	V _R	3.0	40	—	V	I _R = 100 μA
High Performance Green, Device Series HDSF	P-F50x					
Luminous Intensity/Segment (Digital Average) ^{a, b}	I_V	1.03	3.50	_	mcd	I _F = 10 mA
Forward Voltage/Segment or DP ^c	V _F	—	2.1	2.5	V	I _F = 10 mA
Peak Wavelength	λ _p	—	566	_	nm	
Dominant Wavelength ^d	λ _d	—	571	577	nm	
Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP ^e	V _R	3.0	50	—	V	I _R = 100 μA

a. The luminous intensity, $\mathsf{I}_\mathsf{V},$ is measured at the mechanical axis of the package.

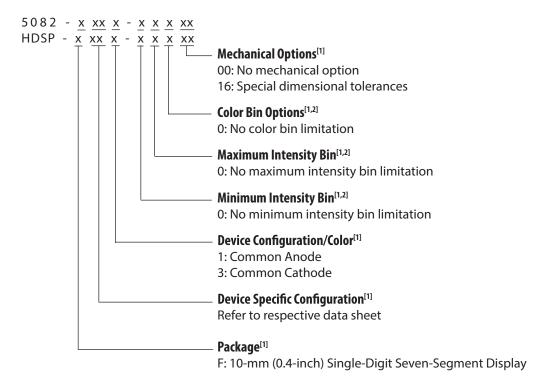
b. The optical axis is closely aligned with the mechanical axis of the package.

c. Forward voltage tolerance is ±0.1V.

d. The dominant wavelength, λ_d , is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the device.

e. Typical specification for reference only. Do not exceed absolute maximum ratings, and long-term reverse bias is not recommended.

Part Numbering System



- 1. For codes not listed in the figure, refer to the respective data sheet or contact your nearest Broadcom representative for details.
- 2. Bin options refer to shippable bins for a part number. Color and Intensity Bins are typically restricted to 1 bin per tube (exceptions may apply). Refer to respective data sheet for specific bin limit information.

Intensity Bin Limits (mcd)

Deep Red, HDSP-F15x/F16x

IV Bin Category	Min.	Max.
L	8.67	15.90
М	13.00	23.80
N	19.50	35.80
0	29.30	53.60
Р	43.90	80.50

HER/Orange, HDSP-F20x/F40x

IV Bin Category	Min.	Max.
С	0.485	0.890
D	0.728	1.333
E	1.091	2.000
F	1.636	3.000
G	2.454	4.500
Н	3.682	6.751

Yellow, HDSP-F30x

IV Bin Category	Min.	Max.
С	0.297	0.543
D	0.445	0.817
E	0.669	1.225
F	1.003	1.838
G	1.504	2.758
Н	2.256	4.137

Green, HDSP-F50x

IV Bin Category	Min.	Max.
Н	1.54	2.82
I	2.31	4.23
J	3.46	6.34
K	5.18	9.50
L	7.78	14.26

Color Categories

		Dominant Wavelength (nm)		
Color	Bin	Min.	Max.	
Yellow	1	581.50	585.00	
	2	584.00	587.50	
	3	586.50	590.00	
	4	589.00	592.50	
Green	2	573.00	577.00	
	3	570.00	574.00	
	4	567.00	571.00	
	5	564.00	568.00	

NOTE: All categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all categories. Contact your Broadcom representatives for further clarification or information.

Deep Red Graphs

Figure 1: Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

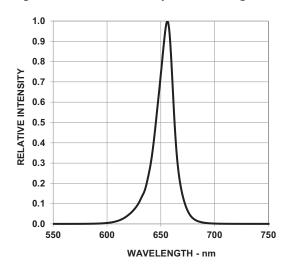
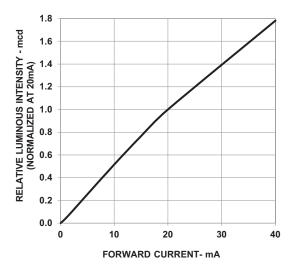


Figure 3: Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current



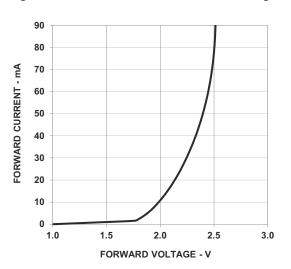
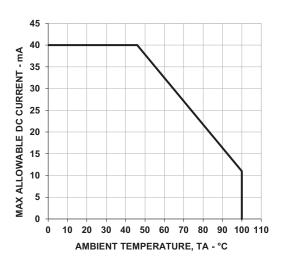


Figure 2: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

Figure 4: Maximum Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



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HER, Orange, Yellow, Green Graphs

Figure 5: Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

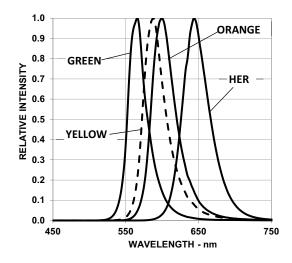
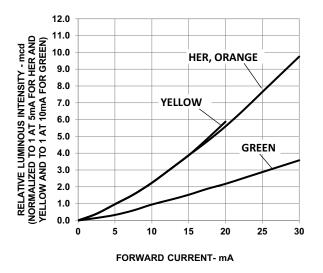


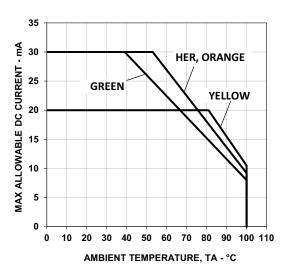
Figure 7: Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current



100 90 80 - mA 70 FORWARD CURRENT YELLOW 60 50 HER, ORANGE 40 30 20 GREEN 10 0 0.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 FORWARD VOLTAGE - V

Figure 6: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

Figure 8: Maximum Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



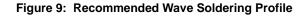
Precautionary Notes

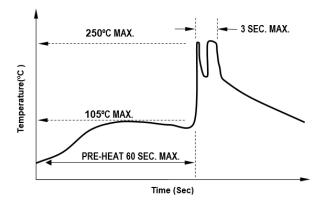
Soldering and Handling Precautions

- Set and maintain the wave soldering parameters according to the recommended temperature and dwell time. Perform daily checks on the profile to ensure that it is always conforming to the recommended conditions. Exceeding these conditions will over-stress the LEDs and cause premature failures.
- Use only bottom preheaters to reduce thermal stress experienced by the LEDs.
- Recalibrate the soldering profile before loading a new type of a PCB. PCBs with different sizes and designs (component density) will have different heat capacities and might cause a change in temperature experienced by the PCB if the same wave soldering setting is used.
- Do not perform wave soldering more than once.
- Any alignment fixture used during wave soldering must be loosely fitted and must not apply stress on the LEDs. Use non-metal material because it will absorb less heat during the wave soldering process.
- At elevated temperatures, the LEDs are more susceptible to mechanical stress. Allow the PCB to be sufficiently cooled to room temperature before handling. Do not apply stress to the LED when it is hot.
- Use wave soldering to solder the LED. Use hand soldering only for rework or touch up if unavoidable, but it must be strictly controlled to following conditions:
 - Soldering iron tip temperature = 315°C maximum.
 - Soldering duration = 2 seconds maximum.
 - Number of cycles = 1 only.
 - Power of soldering iron = 50W maximum.
- For ESD-sensitive devices, apply proper ESD precautions at the soldering station. Use only an ESD-safe soldering iron.
- Do not touch the LED package body with the soldering iron except for the soldering terminals because it may cause damage to the LED.
- Confirm beforehand whether the functionality and performance of the LED is affected by soldering with hand soldering.
- Keep the heat source at least 1.6 mm away from the LED body during soldering.
- Design an appropriate hole size to avoid problems during insertion.
- Cleaning agents from the ketone family (acetone, methyl ethylketone, and so on) and from the chlorinated hydrocarbon family (methylene chloride,

trichloroethylene, carbon tetrachloride, and so on) are not recommended for cleaning the LED displays. All of these various solvents attack or dissolve the encapsulating epoxies used to form the package of plastic LED parts.

- For the purpose of cleaning, wash with DI water only. The cleaning process should take place at room temperature only. Clear any water or moisture from the LED display immediately after washing.
- Use of No clean solder paste is recommended for soldering.





NOTE: Figure 9 refers to measurements with thermocouple mounted at the bottom of the PCB.

Application Precautions

- The drive current of the LED must not exceed the maximum allowable limit across temperatures as stated in the data sheet. Constant current driving is recommended to ensure consistent performance.
- Circuit design must cater to the whole range of forward voltage (V_F) of the LEDs to ensure the intended drive current can always be achieved.
- The LED exhibits slightly different characteristics at different drive currents, which may result in a larger variation of performance (such as intensity, wavelength, and forward voltage). Set the application current as close as possible to the test current to minimize these variations.
- The LED is not intended for reverse bias. Use other appropriate components for such purposes. When driving the LED in matrix form, ensure that the reverse bias voltage does not exceed the allowable limit of the LED.

- Avoid rapid change in ambient temperatures, especially in high-humidity environments, because they cause condensation on the LED.
- If the LED is intended to be used in a harsh or outdoor environment, protect the LED against damages caused by rain, water, dust, oil, corrosive gases, external mechanical stresses, and so on.

Eye Safety Precautions

LEDs may pose optical hazards when in operation. Do not look directly at operating LEDs because it might be harmful to the eyes. For safety reasons, use appropriate shielding or personal protective equipment.

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