EB3C Relay Barriers

Input contacts can be used in any explosive gas and Zone O/Class I Div. 1 areas.

Relay Barrier: [Exia] II C Explosion Switch (EB9Z-A): Exia II CT6 protection Switch (EB9Z-A1): Exia II BT6

- IEC60079 compliant.
- Wide variety of models ranging from 1-circuit to 16 circuit models.
- 8- and 16-channel are available in common wiring, ideal for connection to PLCs. 16-circuit also available with a connector.
- No grounding required.
- IDEC's original spring-up terminal minimizes wiring time.
- 35-mm-wide DIN rail mounting or direct screw mounting.
- Global usage

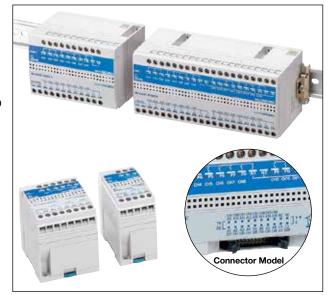
IECEx

USA: FM, UL Europe: CE marking, ATEX

China: EX-CCC Korea:

Taiwan TS Japan: TIIS

• Ship class: NK (Japan), KR (Korea)





















Power Voltage	Connection to Non-intrinsically Safe Circuit	Input Wiring Method	Ou	itput	Number of Channels	Part No.	Weight (g)
					1	EB3C-R01AN	150
					2	EB3C-R02AN	180
						EB3C-R03AN	190
		Separate/Common Wiring Compatible			5	EB3C-R05AN	260
		wiring Compatible	Re	elay	6	EB3C-R06AN	270
					8	EB3C-R08AN	300
					10	EB3C-R10AN	380
		Common Wiring Only			8	EB3C-R08CAN	280
					1	EB3C-T01AN	140
100 to 240V AC					2	EB3C-T02AN	170
					3	EB3C-T03AN	180
		Separate/Common	Transistor (Sink/Source)	5	EB3C-T05AN	250
		Wiring Compatible		,	6	EB3C-T06AN	260
					8	EB3C-T08AN	320
					10	EB3C-T10AN	340
		Common Wiring Only	Transistor (Sink)		8	EB3C-T08CKAN	260
					16	EB3C-T16CKAN	260
			T (0)	8	EB3C-T08CSAN	260	
			Transistor (Source)		16	EB3C-T16CSAN	260
	Screw Terminal		Relay		1	EB3C-R01DN	130
					2	EB3C-R02DN	170
					3	EB3C-R03DN	180
		Separate/Common			5	EB3C-R05DN	250
		Wiring Compatible			6	EB3C-R06DN	260
					8	EB3C-R08DN	260
					10	EB3C-R10DN	360
		On the second Mind of Oak			8	EB3C-R08CDN	270
		Common Wiring Only			16	EB3C-R16CDN	390
					1	EB3C-T01DN	120
24V DC					2	EB3C-T02DN	160
24V DC		0				EB3C-T03DN	170
		Separate/Common Wiring Compatible	Transistor (Sink/Source)	5	EB3C-T05DN	240
		willing Companible			6	EB3C-T06DN	250
					8	EB3C-T08DN	250
					10	EB3C-T10DN	320
				Sink	8	EB3C-T08CKDN	250
				SIIIK	16	EB3C-T16CKDN	350
		Common Wiring Only	Transistor	Course	8	EB3C-T08CSDN	250
		Common wiring only	Hansistui	Source	16	EB3C-T16CSDN	350
	Connector			Sink	16	EB3C-T16CKD-CN	330
	Connector			Source] 16	EB3C-T16CSD-CN	330

Accessories

Name	Part No.	Ordering No.	Package Quantity	Description
DIN Rail	BAA1000	BAA1000PN10	10	Aluminum (1m long)
DIN Kali	BAP1000	BAP1000PN10	10	Steel (1m long)
End Clip	BNL6	BNL6PN10	10	For fastening EB3C units on the DIN rail.
Static Electricity Caution Plate	EB9Z-N1	EB9Z-N1PN10	10	Polyester 20 (W) x 6 (H) mm

Explosion-Protection and Electrical Specifications

<u> </u>		Protection		Intrinsic safety type	, comouniono		
<u> </u>	Degree of Protection			IP20 (IEC60529)			
			Relay Barrier	Safe indoor place (safe area: non-hazardous area)			
i insta I	Installation Location Switch		For zone 0, 1, 2 hazard				
Non-	intrin	sically Safe Ci			ious aicas		
		Voltage (Um)		250V AC	1		
	Wirir	ng Method		1-channel Separate Wiring	16-channel Common Wiring		
	Rate	d Operating Vo	oltage	12V DC ±10%			
	Rate	d Operating C	urrent	10 mA DC ±20%			
all si	Max	imum Output \	/oltage (Uo)	13.2V DC			
ji	Max	imum Output (Current (Io)	14.2 mA	227.2 mA		
le C	Max	imum Output F	Power (Po)	46.9 mW	750 mW		
ntrinsically Safe Circuits		imum External acitance (Co)	(Note 1)	470 nF (470 nF)	490 nF (365 nF)		
ıtrinsic		imum External ctance (Lo)	(Note 2)	87.5 mH (87.5 mH)	0.6 mH (0.425 mH)		
=	Allov	wable Wiring Resistance (Rw)		300Ω	$600/(N+1)\Omega$ (N = number of common channels)		
	Maximum Channels per Common Line		_	16			
		Contact Configuration		1NO			
		Rated Insulation Voltage (Ui)		250V AC, 125V DC			
		Thermal Current (Ith)		3A (common terminal: 8A)			
		Contact Allowable Power	Resistive Load	AC: 750 VA, DC: 72W			
			Inductive Load	AC: 750 VA (cos Ø = 0.3 to 0.4) DC: 48W (L/R = 7 ms)			
İ			Resistive Load	250V AC 3A, 24V DC 3	A		
	Relay Output	Rated Load	Inductive Load	250V AC 3A (cos Ø = 0 24V DC 2A (L/R = 7 m			
İ	ay C	Minimum App	olicable Load	0.1V DC, 0.1 mA (reference value)			
इ	Rel	Contact Resis		50 mΩ maximum (initi			
ircu		Turn ON Time	 }	12 ms maximum (rated voltage)			
fe C		Turn OFF Tim	e	10 ms maximum (rated voltage)			
ally Sa		Mechanical L	ife	20,000,000 operations (at 18,000 operations/			
Non-intrinsically Safe Circuits		Electrical Life		100,000 operations m (at 1,800 operations/h	inimum		
n-i		Short-circuit	Protection	None	,		
ž		Rated Voltage		24V DC			
		Maximum Vo		30V DC			
		Maximum Cu		100 mA (connector mo	odel: 15 mA)		
	tbut	Leakage Curi		0.1 mA maximum			
	10 n	Voltage Drop		1.5 V maximum			
	istor	Clamping Vol	tage	33V (1W)			
	ransistor Outpu	Inrush Currer		0.5A maximum (1 sec)			
	Ė	Turn ON Time		0.1 ms maximum (res			
		Turn OFF Tim		0.4 ms (typical) (resist			
		Short-circuit	-	None			
	Onort-on-cure Flotection Involte						

Note: Values in () are those approved by TIIS (Technology Institution of Industrial Safety, Japan).

Certification No.

Certification Organization	Explosion Protection	Certification No.
FM	Class I, II, III Div. 1 Group A, B, C, D, E, F, G Class I, Zone 0 AEx [ia] II C	FM16US0364X
c-UL	Class I, II, III, Div. 1 Group A, B, C, D, E, F, G	E234997
PTB (ATEX)	Class I, Zone 0 AEx [ia] II C [Exia] II C: Gas, Vapour [Exia] III C: Dust	PTB09 ATEX2046
PTB (IECEx)	[Exia] II C: Gas, Vapour [Exia] III C: Dust	IECEx PTB10.0015
CQC	[Exia Ga] II C	CNEx14.0047
CQC (Ex-CCC)	[Exia Ga] II C	2020012316310050
KCs	[Exia] II C	14-AV4B0-0373
	Relay barrier: [Exia] II C	TC20539
TIIS	Switch (EB9Z-A): Exia II CT6	TC15758
	Switch (EB9Z-A1): Exia II BT6	TC15961
NK	[Exia] II C	TA18437M
KR	[Exia] II C	TYK17821-EL003

Note: For details about switches, see "Switch Explosion-Protection Specifications" on page 3 and "3. Switches in the Hazardous Area" on page 7.

General Specifications

donoral opositioations							
Power Voltage	AC Power	DC Power					
Rated Power Voltage	100 to 240V AC	24V DC					
Allowable Voltage Range	-15 to +10%	±10%					
Rated Frequency	50/60 Hz (allowable range: 47 to 63 Hz)	_					
Inrush Current	10A (100V AC) 20A (200V AC)	10A					
District in Olympia	Between intrinsically safe circu circuit: 1526.4V AC	it and non-intrinsically safe					
Dielectric Strength (1 minute, 1 mA)	Between AC power and output	terminal: 1500V AC					
(1 minute, 1 ma)	Between DC power and transistor output terminal: 1000V AC (screw terminal model only)						
Operating Temperature	-20 to +60°C (no freezing)						
Storage Temperature	-20 to +60°C (no freezing)						
Operating Humidity	45 to 85% RH (no condensation	1)					
Atmosphere	800 to 1100 hPa						
Pollution Degree	2 (IEC60664)						
Insulation Resistance	10 MΩ minimum (500V DC meg as the dielectric strength)	gger, between the same poles					
Vibration Resistance	Panel mounting: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.75 mm						
(damage limits)	DIN rail mounting: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm						
Shock Resistance	Panel mounting: 500 m/s² (3 times each on X, Y, Z)						
(damage limits)	DIN rail mounting: 300 m/s ² (3 times each on X, Y, Z)						
Terminal Style	M3 screw terminal						
Mounting	35-mm-wide DIN rail or panel r	mounting (M4 screw)					
Power Consumption	9.6 VA (EB3C-R10AN at 200V A						
(approx.)	4.8W (EB3C-R16CDN at 24V DC	G)					

Switch Explosion-Protection Specifications (Japan only)

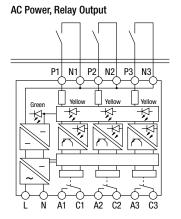
Simple apparatuses in accordance with relevant standards of each country can be installed in the hazardous area and connected to the EB3C located in the safe area. In Japan, any switches, though regarded as simple apparatuses, must be certified for explosion-proof devices. EB9Z-A and EB9Z-A1 are IDEC's generic Part No. of any single apparatuses certified by TIIS for use with the EB3C, therefore simple apparatuses with specifications shown below can be used as those approved by the Japanese explosion-proof certification.

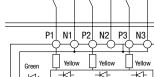
Switch Part No.	EB9Z-A	EB9Z-A1
Explosion Proof (Note 1)	Exia II CT6	Exia II BT6
Operating Temperature	-20 to +60°C (no freezing)	
Operating Humidity	45 to 85% RH (no condensation)	
Degree of Protection	IP20	
Dielectric Strength	500V AC, 1 mA	
Intrinsic Safety Ratings and Parameters	1-channel Separate Wiring Maximum input voltage (Ui): Maximum input current (ii): 14.2 mA Maximum input power (Pi): 46.9 mW Internal capacitance (Ci): ≤ 2 nF Internal inductance (Li): ≤ 5 µH	16-channel Common Wiring Maximum input voltage (Ui): 13.2V Maximum input current (ii): 227.2 mA Maximum input power (Pi): 750 mW Internal capacitance (Ci): ≤ 32 nF Internal inductance (Li): ≤ 80 µH
Enclosure Material	Metallic: Magnesium content must be 7.5% or less (steel and aluminus) Plastic: Switch operator exposed area IIC: 20 cm2 maximum IIB: 100 cm2 maximum When the switch has a wider exposed area, attach a caution label as shown at right.	Caution To prevent electrostatic charges, do not rub the switch surface during operation. Use a soft cloth dipped with water for cleaning. Caution Label Example
Switch Ratings (Note 2)		1-channel separate wiring circuits.

Note 1: See "Precautions for Operation" on page 7.

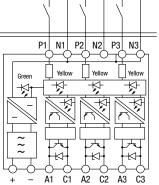
Note 2: For details, see "3. Switches in the Hazardous Area" on page 7.

Internal Circuit Block Diagram

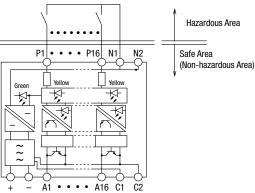




DC Power, Transistor Output



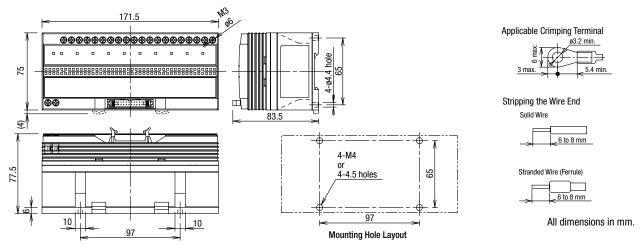
Connector Wiring, Sink Output

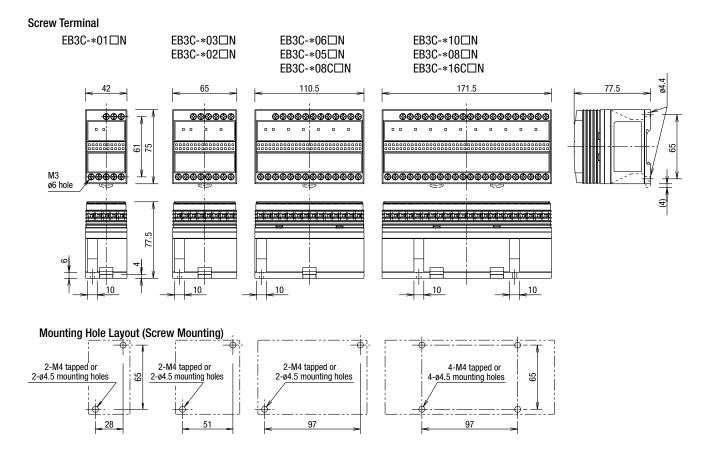


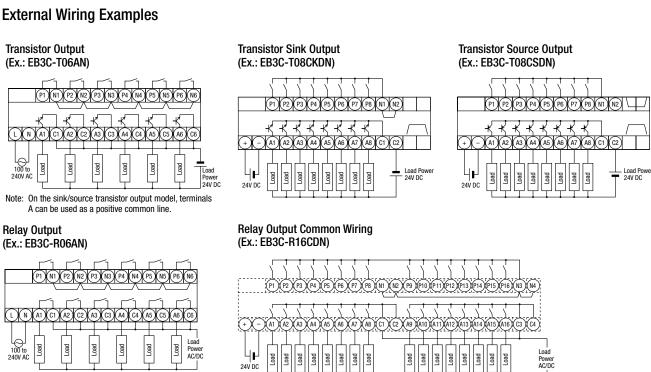
Dimensions

Connector Model

EB3C-T16C□-CN



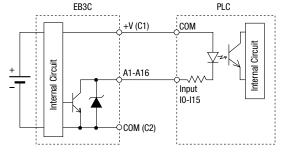




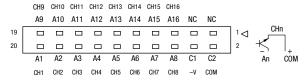
Connector Model Output Wiring Diagram

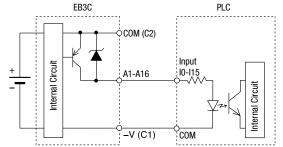
EB3C-T16CKD-CN (Sink)





EB3C-T16CSD-CN (Source)





Wiring Example with IDEC's MicroSmart PLC Input Modules

EB3C-T	16CKD-CN		FC4A-N16B3		
Terminal	Output		Input	Terminal	
20	A1		10	20	
19	A9		l10	19	
18	A2		l1	18	
17	A10		l11	17	
16	A3		12	16	
15	A11		l12	15	
14	A4		13	14	
13	A12		l13	13	
12	A5		14	12	
11	A13		l14	11	
10	A6		15	10	
9	A14		l15	9	
8	A7		16	8	
7	A15		l16	7	
6	A8		17	6	
5	A16		l17	5	
4	+V		COM	4	
3	NC		COM	3	
2	СОМ		NC	2	
1	NC	}	NC	1	

EB3C-T1	6CSD-CN		FC4A-N16B3		
Terminal	Output		Input	Terminal	
20	A1		10	20	
19	A9		l10	19	
18	A2		11	18	
17	A10		l11	17	
16	A3		12	16	
15	A11		l12	15	
14	A4		13	14	
13	A12		l13	13	
12	A5		14	12	
11	A13		l14	11	
10	A6		15	10	
9	A14		l15	9	
8	A7		16	8	
7	A15		l16	7	
6	A8		17	6	
5	A16		l17	5	
4	-V		СОМ	4	
3	NC		COM	3	
2	COM		NC	2	
1	NC	ļ	NC	1	

Note: The wiring in dashed line does not affect the operation of the EB3C.

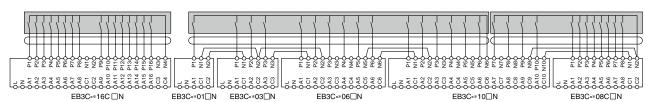
Applicable connector is IDEC's JE1S-201.

Input power for PLC inputs is supplied by the EB3C, therefore the PLC input does not need an external power supply.

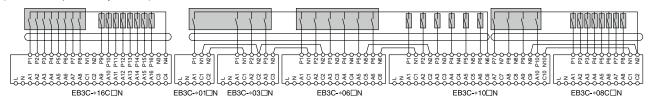
Wiring Example of Intrinsically Safe External Inputs

Common Wiring (Maximum 16 circuits)

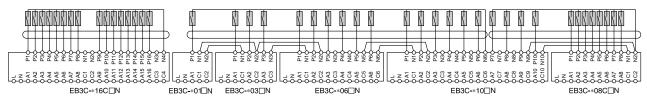
All input lines are wired to a common line inside the intrinsically safe switch (one common line per intrinsically safe circuit).



Some input lines are wired to a common line inside the intrinsically safe switches, while others are outside switches (one common line per intrinsically safe circuit).



All input lines are wired to a common line outside the intrinsically safe switch (one common line per intrinsically safe circuit).



2. Separate Wiring

Each input line of the EB3C makes up one independent intrinsically safe circuit.

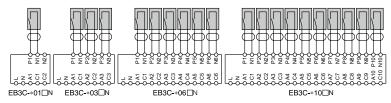


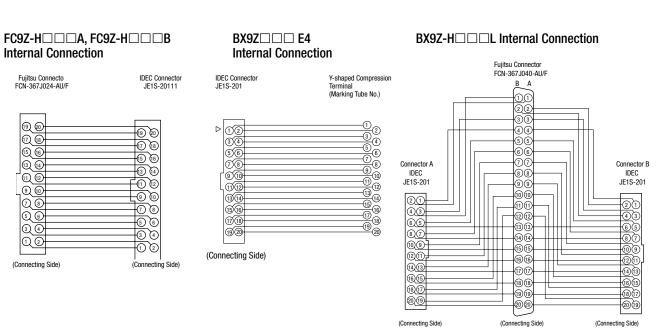
Diagram Symbols Contacts in one switch (EB9Z-A or EB9Z-A1) One intrinsically safe circuit (maximum 16 circuits)

Notes

- As shown in the diagram on the left, a required number of "contacts in one switch" (3 contacts in the example at left) can be added to the "contacts in one switch" connected to one input channel.
- Similarly, a required number of "contacts in one switch" can be added to a common line connected to multiple input channels.
- The capacitance and inductance of the added "contacts in one switch" must be included in the calculation of the wiring capacitance and inductance in "Precautions for Operation, 5. Wiring for Intrinsic Safety, (7)" on page 8.
- In addition, a required number of contacts can be added in the enclosure of "contacts in one switch." In this case, however, do not include the capacitance and inductance in the calculation of the wiring capacitance and inductance on page 8. Instead, make sure that the internal capacitance (Ci) and internal inductance (Li) are within the values shown in the table "Switch Explosion-Protection Specifications (Japan only)" on page 3.

Recommended Connector Cable for Connector Models

	Description	No. of Poles	Length (m)	Part No.	Shape	Applicable Model		
			0.5	FC9Z-H050A20	Fr. All			
	With Shield		1	FC9Z-H100A20		IDEC MicroSmart		
	With Shield		2	FC9Z-H200A20		I/O Module		
I/O Terminal			3	FC9Z-H300A20				
Cable			0.5	FC9Z-H050B20				
	Without Shield		1	FC9Z-H100B20		IDEC MicroSmart I/O Module		
	Without Official	20	2	FC9Z-H200B20				
			3	FC9Z-H300B20				
			1	BX9Z-H100E4	200			
Cable with C	imping Terminal		2	BX9Z-H200E4		Screw Terminal		
			3	BX9Z-H300E4				
40-pin Cable for PLC		n Cable for PLC	1	BX9Z-H100L	350 - Connector B	Mitsubishi A Series Input Module		
			2	BX9Z-H200L		(positive common)		
					3	BX9Z-H300L	Connector A	EB3C-T16CKD-CN



Operating Instructions

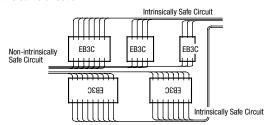
1. Installation of EB3C Relay Barriers

- (1) The EB3C can be installed in any direction.
- (2) Install the EB3C relay barrier in a safe area (non-hazardous area) in accordance with intrinsic safety ratings and parameters. To avoid mechanical shocks, install the EB3C in an enclosure which suppresses shocks
- (3) When installing or wiring the EB3C, prevent electromagnetic and electrostatic inductions in the intrinsically safe circuit. Also prevent the intrinsically safe circuits from contacting with another intrinsically safe circuit and any other circuits.

Maintain at least 50 mm clearance, or provide a metallic separating board between the intrinsically safe circuit and non-intrinsically safety circuit. When providing a metallic separating board, make sure that the board fits closely to the enclosure (top, bottom, and both sides). Allowable clearance between the enclosure and board is 1.5 mm at the maximum.

The clearance of 50 mm between the intrinsically safe circuit and non-intrinsically safe circuit may not be sufficient when a motor circuit or high-voltage circuit is installed nearby. In this case, provide a wider clearance between the circuits referring to 5 (3) "Minimum Parallel Distance between the Intrinsically Safe Circuit and Other Circuits."

(4) In order to prevent contact between intrinsically safe circuits and nonintrinsically safe circuits, mount EB3C units with terminals arranged in the same direction.



- (5) Maintain at least 6 mm (or 3 mm according to IEC60079-11: 1999) clearance between the terminal of intrinsically safe circuit and the grounded metal part of a metal enclosure, and between the relay terminal block of an intrinsically safe circuit and the grounded metal part of a metal enclosure.
- (6) For installing the EB3C, mount on a 35-mm-wide DIN rail or directly on a panel using screws. Make sure to install securely to withstand vibration. When mounting on a DIN rail, push in the clamp completely. Use the BNL6 end clips on both sides of the EB3C to prevent from moving sideways.
- (7) Excessive extraneous noise may cause malfunction and damage to the EB3C. When extraneous noise activates the voltage limiting circuit (thyristor), remove the noise source and restore the power.

2. Terminal Wiring

- (1) Using a ø5.5 mm or smaller screw driver, tighten the terminal screws (including unused terminal screws) to a torque of 0.6 to 1.0 N⋅m (recommended value).
- (2) Make sure that IP20 is achieved when wiring. Use insulation tubes on bare crimping terminals.
- (3) To prevent disengaged wires from contacting with other intrinsically safe circuits, bind together the wires of one intrinsically safe circuit.
- (4) When the adjacent terminal is connected to another intrinsically safe circuit, provide an insulation distance of at least 6 mm.

Applicable Switches

	Push-pull Switches	Pushbutton, Foot, Trigger, Rocker, Grip	
Control Switches	Twisting Switches	Rotary, Selector, Cam, Drum, Thumb wheel	
	Lever and Slide Switches	Toggle, Multidirectional, Wobble stick, Lever, Slide switch	
Sensing	Displacement Switches	Microswitch, Limit, Magnetic proximity, Door, Reed, Mercury	
Switches	Level Switches	Liquid level	
	Others	Pressure, Temperature	

Note: For installation in hazardous areas and connection to the EB3C, use switches which are certified, approved, or considered to be simple apparatus in relevant standards in each country.

- (2) When the switch has internal wiring or lead wire, make sure that the values of internal inductance (Li) and capacitance (Ci) are within the certified values.
- (3) Enclose the switch contact's bare live part in an enclosure of IP20 or higher protection.
- (4) Depending on the explosion-protection specifications according to TIIS, the exposed area of plastic switch operator is limited as follows:

Exia II CT6 (EB9Z-A):
Exia II BT6 (EB9Z-A1):
20 cm² maximum
100 cm² maximum

- (5) Attach the certification mark supplied with the EB3C on the EB9Z-A or EB9Z-A1 switch (for Japan application).
- (6) When the switch operator of plastic enclosure has a wider exposed area than the following limits, attach a caution label as shown below.

II C: 20 cm² maximum
II B: 100 cm² maximum

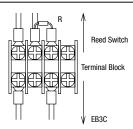
Caution
To prevent electrostatic charges, do not rub the switch surface during operation.
Use a soft cloth dipped with water for cleaning.

Caution Label Example

(7) For the 1-circuit separate wiring, a resistor to prevent reed switch contact welding and an LED miniature pilot lights can be connected in series with the contact. See below. Use the terminal screw of M3 or larger.

Applicable Resistor Ratings

Resistance	100 Ω maximum
Rated Wattage	0.5 to 3W
Model	Metal (oxide) film resistors



Applicable LED IDEC's IPL1 series LED miniature pilot lights.

Operating Instructions

4. Output Specifications

- (1) When wiring the output from the EB3C, connect the non-intrinsically safe circuit to terminals A and C. The EB3C output circuit is not equipped with short-circuit protection. If required, provide a protection in the external circuit.
- (2) Relay Output

Some types of loads generate reverse emf (such as solenoids) or cause a large inrush current (incandescent lamps), resulting in a shorter operation life of output relay contacts. The operation life of contacts can be extended by preventing the reverse emf using a diode, RC, or varistor, or by suppressing the inrush current using a resistor or RL.

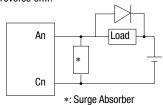
Contacts are made of gold-clad silver. When using at a small current and a low voltage (reference value: 0.1 mA, 0.1V), test the contact on the actual circuit in advance.

(3) Transistor Output

When connecting a small load, the load may not turn off because of a leakage current, even though the transistor output is turned off. If this is the case, connect a resistor in parallel with the load to bypass the leakage current.

When an excessively high voltage (clamps at 33V, 1W) or a reverse voltage is applied to the output terminals, the clamping circuit or output transistor may be damaged.

When driving an inductive load, be sure to connect a diode across the load to absorb reverse emf.



Example of Overvoltage Absorption Circuit

- (4) In the common wiring only models, the output terminals are not isolated from each other.
- (5) When connecting the connector model EB3C's in parallel, use one power supply to power the EB3C's. Do not connect any wiring to the C1 and C2 terminals.

5. Wiring for Intrinsic Safety

- (1) The voltage applied on the general circuit connected to the non-intrinsically safe circuit terminals of the EB3C relay barrier must be 250V AC, 50/60Hz, or 250V DC at the maximum under any conditions, including the voltage of the input power and the internal circuit.
- (2) When wiring, take into consideration the prevention of electromagnetic and electrostatic charges on intrinsically safe circuits. Also, prevent intrinsically safe circuits from contacting with other circuits.
- (3) The intrinsically safe circuits must be separated from non-intrinsically safe circuits. Contain intrinsically safe circuits in a metallic tube or duct, or separate the intrinsically safe circuits referring to the table below.

Note: Cables with a magnetic shield, such as a metallic sheath, prevent electromagnetic induction and electrostatic induction, however, a nonmagnetic shield prevents electrostatic induction only. For non-magnetic shields, take a preventive measure against electromagnetic induction.

Finely twisted pair cables prevent electromagnetic induction. Adding shields to the twisted pair cables provides protection against electrostatic induction.

Minimum Parallel Distance between the Intrinsically Safe Circuit and Other Circuits (mm)

Voltage and Current of Other Circuits	Over 100A	100A or less	50A or less	10A or less
Over 440V	2000	2000	2000	2000
440V or less	2000	600	600	600
220V or less	2000	600	600	500
110V or less	2000	600	500	300
60V or less	2000	500	300	150

- (4) When identifying intrinsically safe circuits by color, use light blue terminal blocks and cables.
- (5) When using two or more EB3C's to set up one intrinsically safe circuit in the common wiring configuration, interconnect two neutral terminals (N1 through N10) on each EB3C between adjacent EB3C's in parallel.
- (6) Make sure that the power of the EB3C and contact are turned off before starting inspection or replacement.
- (7) When wiring the intrinsically safe circuit, determine the distance to satisfy the wiring parameters shown below. Note that parameters are different between separate wiring and common wiring.
 - a) Wiring capacitance $Cw \le Co (Ci + N \times 2 nF)$
 - Co: Maximum external capacitance of the EB3C
 - Ci: Internal capacitance of the switch
 - N: The number of switches connected in series or parallel (the number is infinite)
 - b) Wiring inductance Lw \leq Lo (Li + N \times 5 μ H)
 - Lo: Maximum external inductance of the EB3C
 - Li: Internal inductance of the switch
 - N: The number of switches connected in series or parallel (the number is infinite)
 - c) Wiring resistance $\leq Rw$

Rw: Allowable wiring resistance

 Allowable wiring distance D (km) is the smallest value of those calculated from the capacitance, inductance, and resistance.

 $\begin{array}{lll} D \leq Cw/C & C \ (nF/km): & Capacitance \ of \ cable \ per \ km \\ D \leq Lw/L & L \ (mH/km): & Inductance \ of \ cable \ per \ km \\ D \leq Rw/2R & R \ (\Omega/km): & Resistance \ of \ cable \ per \ km \end{array}$

Note: For the details of wiring the intrinsically safe circuits, refer to a relevant test guideline for explosion-proof electric equipment in each country.

(8) Applicable Wire Size

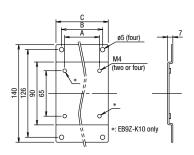
0.5 to 2.0 mm² (AWG20 to AWG14): two wires However, one wire for 2.0 mm² (AWG14)

Mounting Bracket

The following mounting brackets can be used to install the EB3C relay barriers and EB3L lamp barriers on the mounting holes of IBRC contact signal transducer, IBPL pilot relay barrier, and IBZ buzzer.

No. of Channels	Part No.	Dimension (mm)		
		Α	В	С
1	EB9Z-K01	28.0	44.0	61.0
2	EB9Z-K02	51.0	59.5	76.0
3	EB9Z-K03	51.0	75.0	91.5
5	EB9Z-K05	97.0	105.0	122.0
6	EB9Z-K06	97.0	120.0	137.0
10	EB9Z-K10	97.0	181.0	198.0

Dimensions



All dimensions in mm

BGLEN01A EB3C July 2021

Ordering Terms and Conditions

Thank you for using IDEC Products.

By purchasing products listed in our catalogs, datasheets, and the like (hereinafter referred to as "Catalogs") you agree to be bound by these terms and conditions. Please read and agree to the terms and conditions before placing your order.

1. Notes on contents of Catalogs

- (1) Rated values, performance values, and specification values of IDEC products listed in this Catalog are values acquired under respective conditions in independent testing, and do not guarantee values gained in combined conditions.
 - Also, durability varies depending on the usage environment and usage conditions.
- (2) Reference data and reference values listed in Catalogs are for reference purposes only, and do not guarantee that the product will always operate appropriately in that range.
- (3) The specifications / appearance and accessories of IDEC products listed in Catalogs are subject to change or termination of sales without notice, for improvement or other reasons.
- (4) The content of Catalogs is subject to change without notice.

2. Note on applications

- If using IDEC products in combination with other products, confirm the applicable laws / regulations and standards.
 - Also, confirm that IDEC products are compatible with your systems, machines, devices, and the like by using under the actual conditions. IDEC shall bear no liability whatsoever regarding the compatibility with IDEC products.
- (2) The usage examples and application examples listed in Catalogs are for reference purposes only. Therefore, when introducing a product, confirm the performance and safety of the instruments, devices, and the like before use. Furthermore, regarding these examples, IDEC does not grant license to use IDEC products to you, and IDEC offers no warranties regarding the ownership of intellectual property rights or non-infringement upon the intellectual property rights of third parties.
- (3) When using IDEC products, be cautious when implementing the following.
 - i. Use of IDEC products with sufficient allowance for rating and performance
 - Safety design, including redundant design and malfunction prevention design that prevents other danger and damage even in the event that an IDEC product fails
 - Wiring and installation that ensures the IDEC product used in your system, machine, device, or the like can perform and function according to its specifications
- (4) Continuing to use an IDEC product even after the performance has deteriorated can result in abnormal heat, smoke, fires, and the like due to insulation deterioration or the like. Perform periodic maintenance for IDEC products and the systems, machines, devices, and the like in which they are used.
- (5) IDEC products are developed and manufactured as general-purpose products for general industrial products. They are not intended for use in the following applications, and in the event that you use an IDEC product for these applications, unless otherwise agreed upon between you and IDEC, IDEC shall provide no guarantees whatsoever regarding IDEC products.
 - i. Use in applications that require a high degree of safety, including nuclear power control equipment, transportation equipment (railroads / airplanes / ships / vehicles / vehicle instruments, etc.), equipment for use in outer space, elevating equipment, medical instruments, safety devices, or any other equipment, instruments, or the like that could endanger life or human health
 - ii. Use in applications that require a high degree of reliability, such as provision systems for gas / waterworks / electricity, etc., systems that operate continuously for 24 hours, and settlement systems
 - iiii. Use in applications where the product may be handled or used deviating from the specifications or conditions / environment listed in the Catalogs, such as equipment used outdoors or applications in environments subject to chemical pollution or electromagnetic interference If you would like to use IDEC products in the above applications, be sure to consult with an IDEC sales representative.

3. Inspections

We ask that you implement inspections for IDEC products you purchase without delay, as well as thoroughly keep in mind management/maintenance regarding handling of the product before and during the inspection.

4. Warranty

(1) Warranty period

The warranty period for IDEC products shall be one (1) year after purchase or delivery to the specified location. However, this shall not apply in cases where there is a different specification in the Catalogs or there is another agreement in place between you and IDEC.

(2) Warranty scope

Should a failure occur in an IDEC product during the above warranty period for reasons attributable to IDEC, then IDEC shall replace or repair that product, free of charge, at the purchase location / delivery location of the product, or an IDEC service base. However, failures caused by the following reasons shall be deemed outside the scope of this warranty.

- i. The product was handled or used deviating from the conditions \prime environment listed in the Catalogs
- ii. The failure was caused by reasons other than an IDEC product
- iii. Modification or repair was performed by a party other than IDEC
- iv. The failure was caused by a software program of a party other than IDEC
- v. The product was used outside of its original purpose
- Replacement of maintenance parts, installation of accessories, or the like was not performed properly in accordance with the user's manual and Catalogs
- vii. The failure could not have been predicted with the scientific and technical standards at the time when the product was shipped from IDEC.
- viii. The failure was due to other causes not attributable to IDEC (including cases of force majeure such as natural disasters and other disasters)
 Furthermore, the warranty described here refers to a warranty on the IDEC product as a unit, and damages induced by the failure of an IDEC product are excluded from this warranty.

5. Limitation of liability

The warranty listed in this Agreement is the full and complete warranty for IDEC products, and IDEC shall bear no liability whatsoever regarding special damages, indirect damages, incidental damages, or passive damages that occurred due to an IDEC product.

6. Service scope

China

The prices of IDEC products do not include the cost of services, such as dispatching technicians. Therefore, separate fees are required in the following cases.

- (1) Instructions for installation / adjustment and accompaniment at test operation (including creating application software and testing operation, etc.)
- (2) Maintenance inspections, adjustments, and repairs
- (3) Technical instructions and technical training
- (4) Product tests or inspections specified by you

IDEC (Shanghai) Corporation

The above content assumes transactions and usage within your region. Please consult with an IDEC sales representative regarding transactions and usage outside of your region. Also, IDEC provides no guarantees whatsoever regarding IDEC products sold outside your region.

IDEC CORPORATION

IISΔ

IDFC Corporation

d Office 6-64, Nishi-Miyahara-2-Chome, Yodogawa-ku, Osaka 532-0004, Japan

Singapore

www.idec.com

 EMEA
 APEM SAS
 Thailand
 IDEC Asia (Thailand) Co., Ltd.
 IDEC Izumi (H.K.) Co., Ltd.

 India
 IDEC Controls India Private Ltd.
 Taiwan
 IDEC Taiwan Corporation

IDEC Izumi Asia Pte 1 td



IDEC Corporation

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

IDEC:

EB3C-R08CA EB3C-R01A EB3C-R01D EB3C-R02A EB3C-R02D EB3C-R03A EB3P-LUW1B-PW EB3P-ZUN12CN EB3P-ZUN12FN EB3S-BT06D EB9Z-LDS1-PW EB3P-LSHW211-PW EB3P-LSHW320-PW EB3P-LSL1W2C2-PW EB3P-LSL3W3C2-PW EB3P-LUN3B-PW EB3P-LUN4-PW EB3P-LSAW2111-PW EB3P-LSAW211-PW EB3P-LSAW3120-PW EB3P-LSAW320-PW EB3P-LSAW3220-PW EB3P-LSAW3320-PW EB3P-LHW4-PW EB3P-LLW1-PW EB3P-LLW2-PW EB3P-LLW3-PW EB3P-LSAN211-PW EB3P-LSAN320-PW EB3P-LBL1W1C2-PW EB3P-LBL2W1C2-PW EB3P-LBLA1W1C2-PW EB3P-LBLA2W1C2-PW EB3P-LHW1-PW EB3P-LHW2-PW EB3L-S16CSDN EB3P-LBAON211-PW EB3P-LBAOW211-PW EB3P-LBAW211-PW EB3P-LBH1W110-PW EB3P-LBHA1W110-PW EB3L-S10KDN EB3L-S10SAN EB3L-S10SDN EB3L-S16CKDCN EB3L-S16CKDN EB3L-S16CSDCN EB3L-S08CSDN EB3L-S08KAN EB3L-S08KDN EB3L-S08SAN EB3L-S08SDN EB3L-S10KAN EB3L-S06KAN EB3L-S06KDN EB3L-S06SAN EB3L-S06SDN EB3L-S08CKDN EB3L-S08CSAN EB3L-S03SAN EB3L-S03SDN EB3L-S05KAN EB3L-S05KDN EB3L-S05SAN EB3L-S05SDN EB3L-S02KAN EB3L-S02KDN EB3L-S02SAN EB3L-S02SDN EB3L-S03KAN EB3L-S03KDN EB3C-T16CSDCN EB3C-T16CSDN EB3L-S01KAN EB3L-S01KDN EB3L-S01SAN EB3L-S01SDN EB3C-T10AN EB3C-T10DN EB3C-T16CKAN EB3C-T16CKDCN EB3C-T16CKDN EB3C-T16CSAN EB3C-T08AN EB3C-T08CKAN EB3C-T08CKDN EB3C-T08CSAN EB3C-T08CSDN EB3C-T08DN EB3C-T03AN EB3C-T03DN EB3C-T05AN EB3C-T05DN EB3C-T06AN EB3C-T06DN EB3C-R10DN EB3C-R16CDN EB3C-T01AN EB3C-T01DN EB3C-T02AN