



Applications

- Distributed power architectures
- Telecommunications equipment
- LAN/WAN applications
- Data processing
- Industrial applications

Features

- RoHS lead-free-solder and lead-solderexempted products are available
- Single board design
- Basic insulation
- 1500 VDC i/o electric strength test voltage
- Low profile SMT design
- High current density
- Low conducted and radiated EMI
- Excellent co-planarity (within 0.1 mm)
- Output overcurrent protection
- Full output power at 70 °C and 1 m/s airflow
- Operating temperature up to 100 °C
- Remote shutdown (primary referenced)
- Output voltage trim adjust, positive or negative
- 8.5 mm height profile
- Safety-approved to IEC/EN 60950-1 and UL/CSA 60950-1 2nd Ed.

Description

The NDS Series of converters are low profile, single output, DC-DC converters intended for SMT placement and reflow soldering. The product provides onboard conversion of standard telecom, datacom, and industrial input voltages to isolated low output voltages. Proprietary patented manufacturing process ensures optimal quality with full process automation. These are high performance, cost effective converters with an extremely small PCB footprint.

Model Selection

| Model | Input Voltage VDC | Max. input Current A | Output Voltage V | Output Current A | Output Ripple/Noise mV _{pp} | Typical Efficiency % |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| NDS03ZA-M6 ¹ | 36 – 75 | 0.18 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 40 | 75 |
| NDS03ZB-M6 ¹ | 36 – 75 | 0.22 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 45 | 77 |
| NDS03ZD-M6 ¹ | 36 – 75 | 0.28 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 60 | 83 |
| NDS03ZE-M6 ¹ | 36 – 75 | 0.35 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 75 | 85 |
| NDS02ZG-M6 ¹ | 36 – 75 | 0.35 | 5.0 | 2.0 | 90 | 87 |

¹ For products RoHS-compliant for all 6 substances, change the suffix **-M6** to **-M6G**.

Model numbers highlighted in yellow are not recommended for new designs.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings may cause performance degradation, adversely affect longterm reliability and cause permanent damage to the converter. Specifications apply over specified input voltage, output load and temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter | Conditions/Description | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|-------------------------------|------|-----|------|
| Input voltage (V _i) | Continuous | 36 | 75 | VDC |
| Transient Input Voltage (Vit) | Transient, 100 ms | | 100 | VDC |
| Operating CaseTemp. (T _c) | At 100% load | -40 | 100 | О° |
| Storage Temperature (T _s) | | -55 | 120 | О° |
| ON/OFF Control Voltage (V _{rc}) | Referenced to –Vi | -1.0 | 5.5 | V |

Environmental and Mechanical

Specifications apply over specified input voltage, output load, and temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter | Conditions/Description Min Nom | | Max | Unit | |
|----------------------|--|-----------|-----|------|------------|
| Shock | IEC68-2-27 | , | | 100 | g n |
| Sinusoidal Vibration | IEC68-2-6 | | | 10 | g n |
| Weight | | | | 10 | g |
| Water Washing | Standard process | | Yes | | N/A |
| MTBF | Per Bellcore TR-NWT-000332 (100% load @25 °C, GB) | 6 052 000 | | h | |

Isolation

Specifications apply over specified input voltage, output load, and temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter | Conditions/Description | Min | Nom | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|------|
| Insulation Safety Rating | $V_i = 36 - 75 \text{ VDC}$ | | Basic | | N/A |
| Electric Strength Test Voltage | | | 1500 | | VDC |
| Insulation Resistance (Rps) | | 10 | | | MΩ |
| Insulation Capacitance (Cps) | | | 4100 | | pF |

Input Data

Specifications apply over specified input voltage, output load, and temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter | Conditions/Description | Min | Nom | Max | Unit |
|---|---|-----|-----|-----|------------------|
| Input Voltage (V _i) | Continuous | 36 | 48 | 75 | V |
| Input Current when Shutdown | V _i , Remote Control activated | | 3 | 6 | mA |
| Turn-On Input Voltage 36 – 75 V _i | Ramping Up, I _{o max} | | 34 | 36 | V |
| Turn-Off Input Voltage 36 – 75 V _i | Ramping Down, I _{o max} | | 32 | 34 | V |
| Turn-On Time | To Output Regulation Band | | 350 | 500 | ms |
| | After Remote Control | | 1 | 5 | ms |
| | Rise Time | | 1 | 5 | ms |
| Input Reflected Ripple Current | V _i , I _{o max} | | | 50 | mA _{pp} |
| Input Capacitance | | | | 1.4 | μF |



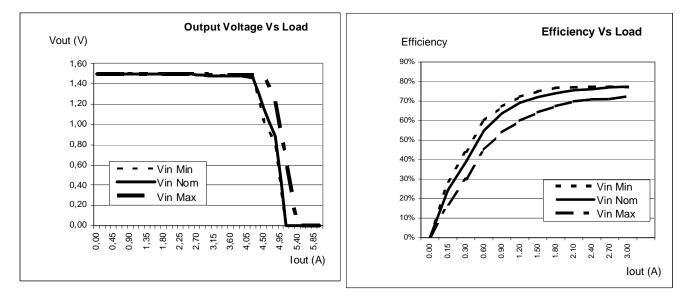
Output Data

All specifications apply over input voltage, output load, and temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

NDS03ZA: 1.5 V/3.0 A

| Parameter | | Conditions/Description | Min | Nom | Max | Unit |
|--|--------------------|---|------|------|---------------|---------------------|
| Output Voltage Setpoint Accuracy | Vo | $V_{i \text{ nom}}, I_{o} = 1.5 \text{ A}, 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 1.48 | 1.50 | 1.52 | V |
| Output Current | I _o | V _{i min} to V _{i max} | 0 | | 3.0 | А |
| Line Regulation | | V _{i min} to V _{i max} , 50% I _{o max} | | | 25 | mV |
| Load Regulation | | V _{i nom} , I _{o min} to I _{o max} | | | 25 | mV |
| Dynamic Regulation: Peak Deviation Settling Time | | 50 – 100% I _{o max} load step change to 1% error band | | | ± 250 1150 | mV μs |
| Output Voltage Ripple* | Vr | V _{i min} to V _{i max} , I _{o min} to I _{o max} , 20 MHz Bandwidth | | 40 | 75 | mV_{pp} |
| Admissible Load Capacitance | C _{o max} | I _{o max} , V _{i nom} | | | 2200 | μF |
| Output Current Limit Threshold | I _{o L} | V _o ≤0.90 V _{o nom} | 120 | | 200 | %I _{o max} |
| Switching Frequency | fs | V _{i nom} , I _{o max} | | 400 | | kHz |
| Temperature Coefficient | Тсо | | | | 0.02 | %V ₀ /°C |
| Trim Range | Vt | I_{omin} to I_{omin},V_{imin} to V_{imax} | 1.35 | | 1.65 | V |

* Measured with a 1 μ F ceramic across the output pins



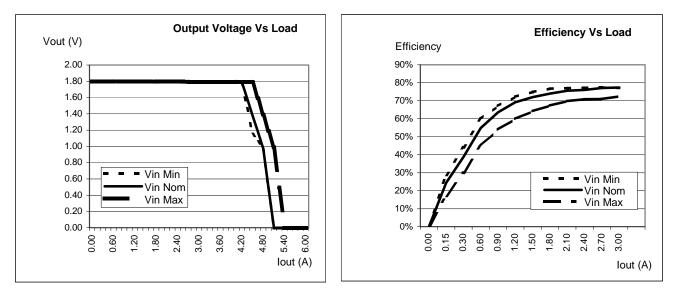


All specifications apply over input voltage, output load, and temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

NDS03ZB : 1.8 V/3.0 A

| Parameter | | Conditions/Description | Min | Nom | Мах | Unit |
|---|--------------------|---|------|------|--------------|---------------------|
| Output Voltage Setpoint Accuracy | Vo | $V_{i \text{ nom}}, I_{o} = 1.5 \text{ A}, 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 1.78 | 1.80 | 1.82 | V |
| Output Current | I _o | V _{i min} to V _{i max} | 0 | | 3.0 | А |
| Line Regulation | | $V_{i min}$ to $V_{i max}$, 50% $I_{o max}$ | | | 25 | mV |
| Load Regulation | | V _{i nom} , I _{o min} to I _{o max} | | | 25 | mV |
| Dynamic Regulation Peak Deviation Settling Time | | 50 – 100% I _{o max} load step change to 1% error band | | | ±250 1150 | mV μs |
| Output Voltage Ripple* | Vr | V _{i min} to V _{i max} , I _{o min} to I _{o max} , 20 MHz Bandwidth | | 50 | 75 | mV_{pp} |
| Admissible Load Capacitance | C _{o max} | I _{o max} , V _{i nom} | | | 2200 | μF |
| Output Current Limit Threshold | I _{o L} | V _o ≤0.90 V _{o nom} | 120 | | 200 | %I _{o max} |
| Switching Frequency | fs | V _{i nom} , I _{o max} | | 400 | | kHz |
| Temperature Coefficient | Тсо | | | | 0.02 | %V ₀ /°C |
| Trim Range | Vt | I_{omin} to I_{omin},V_{imin} to V_{imax} | 1.62 | | 1.98 | Vo |

* Measured with a 1 μ F ceramic across the output pins

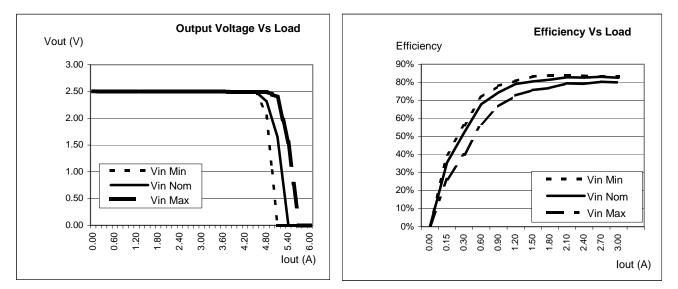


All specifications apply over input voltage, output load and temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

NDS03ZD : 2.5 V/ 3.0A

| Parameter | Parameter | | Min | Nom | Мах | Unit |
|---|--------------------|---|--|-----|--------------|---------------------|
| Output Voltage Setpoint Accuracy | Vo | $V_{i \text{ nom}}, I_{o} = 1.5 \text{ A}, 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $V_{i \text{ nom}}, I_o = 1.5 \text{ A}, 25 \text{ °C}$ 2.47 2.5 | | 2.53 | V |
| Output Current | I _o | V _{i min} to V _{i max} | 0 | | 3.0 | А |
| Line Regulation | | V _{i min} to V _{i max} , 50% I _{o max} | | | 50 | mV |
| Load Regulation | | V _{i nom} , I _{o min} to I _{o max} | | | 50 | mV |
| Dynamic Regulation Peak Deviation Settling Time | | 50 – 100% I₀ _{max} load step change to 1% error band | | | ±250 1150 | mV μs |
| Output Voltage Ripple | Vr | V _{i min} to V _{i max} , I _{o min} to I _{o max} , 20 MHz Bandwidth | | 50 | 75 | mV_{pp} |
| Admissible Load Capacitance | C _{o max} | I _{o max} , V _{i nom} | | | 2200 | μF |
| Output Current Limit Threshold | I _{o L} | V _o ≤0.90 V _{o nom} | 120 | | 200 | %I _{o max} |
| Switching Frequency | fs | V _{i nom} , I _{o max} | | 400 | | kHz |
| Temperature Coefficient | Тсо | | | | 0.02 | %V₀/°C |
| Trim Range | Vt | I_{omin} to I_{omin},V_{imin} to V_{imax} | 2.25 | | 2.75 | Vo |

* Measured with a 1 μ F ceramic across the output pins

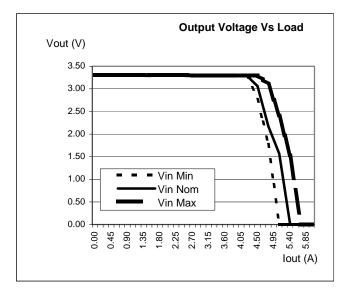


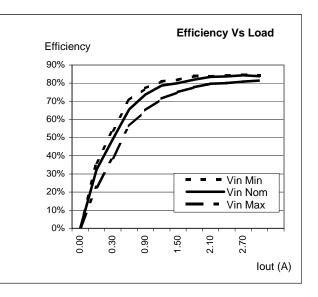
All specifications apply over input voltage, output load and temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

NDS03ZE : 3.3 V/3.0 A

| Parameter | Parameter | | Min | Nom | Max | Unit |
|---|--------------------|---|-----|------|--------------|---------------------|
| Output Voltage Setpoint Accuracy | Vo | $V_{i \text{ nom}}, I_o = 1.5 \text{ A}, 25 \text{ °C}$ 3.26 3.3 | | 3.34 | V | |
| Output Current | I _o | V _{i min} to V _{i max} | 0 | | 3.0 | А |
| Line Regulation | | $V_{i min}$ to $V_{i max}$, 50% $I_{o max}$ | | | 65 | mV |
| Load Regulation | | V _{i nom} , I _{o min} to I _{o max} | | | 65 | mV |
| Dynamic Regulation Peak Deviation Settling Time | | 50 – 100% I _{o max} load step change to 1% error band | | | ± 250 250 | mV μs |
| Output Voltage Ripple* | Vr | V _{i min} to V _{i max} , I _{o min} to I _{o max} , 20 MHz Bandwidth | | 50 | 75 | mV_{pp} |
| Admissible Load Capacitance | C _{o max} | I _{o max} , V _{i nom} | | | 2200 | μF |
| Output Current Limit Threshold | I _{o L} | V _o ≤0.90 V _{o nom} | 120 | | 200 | %I _{o max} |
| Switching Frequency | fs | V _{i nom} , I _{o max} | | 400 | | kHz |
| Temperature Coefficient | Тсо | | | | 0.02 | %V ₀ /°C |
| Trim Range | Vt | I_{omin} to I_{omin},V_{imin} to V_{imax} | 3.0 | | 3.6 | Vo |

Measured with an 1 μ F ceramic capacitor across the output pins *





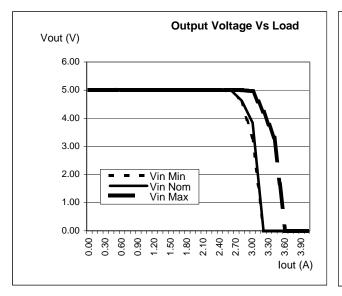


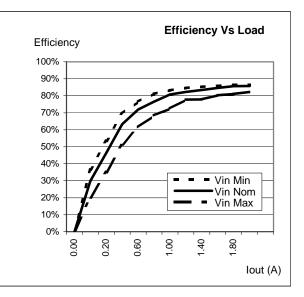
All specifications apply over input voltage, output load and temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

NDS02ZG : 5.0 V/2.0 A

| Parameter | | Conditions/Description | Min | Nom | Max | Unit |
|---|--------------------|---|------|-----|--------------|---------------------|
| Output Voltage Setpoint Accuracy | Vo | V _{i nom} , I _o = 1.5 A, 25 °C | 4.94 | 5.0 | 5.06 | V |
| Output Current | I _o | V _{i min} to V _{i max} | 0 | | 2.0 | А |
| Line Regulation | | $V_{i min}$ to $V_{i max}$, 50% $I_{o max}$ | | | 65 | mV |
| Load Regulation | | V _{i nom} , I _{o min} to I _{o max} | | | 65 | mV |
| Dynamic Regulation Peak Deviation Settling Time | | 50 – 100% I _{o max} load step change to 1% error band | | | ± 350 250 | mV μs |
| Output Voltage Ripple* | Vr | V _{i min} to V _{i max} , I _{o min} to I _{o max} , 20 MHz Bandwidth | | 75 | 125 | mV_{pp} |
| Admissible Load Capacitance | C _{o max} | I _{o max} , V _{i nom} | | | 2200 | μF |
| Output Current Limit Threshold | I _{o L} | V₀ ≤0.90 V _{o nom} | 120 | | 200 | %I _{o max} |
| Switching Frequency | fs | V _{i nom} , I _{o max} | | 400 | | kHz |
| Temperature Coefficient | Тсо | | | | 0.02 | %V ₀ /°C |
| Trim Range | Vt | I_{omin} to I_{omin},V_{imin} to V_{imax} | 4.5 | | 5.5 | Vo |

* Measured with a 1 μ F ceramic across the output pins





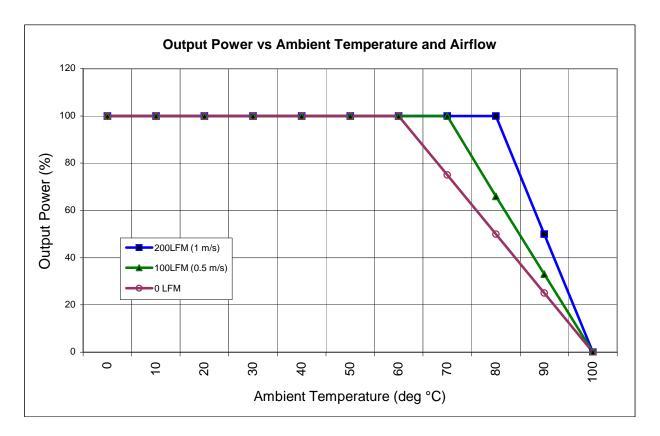


Shutdown

| Parameter | Conditions/Description | Min | Nom | Max | Units |
|--|--|-------------|-----|------------|--------------|
| Shutdown Control: Converter OFF Converter ON Sink Current | Shutdown pin is pulled low Voltage source or open circuit V _i =V _{i nom} | -1.0 3.5 | 0.3 | 1.0 5.5 | V V mA |

Temperature Derating Curves

The derating curves below give an indication of the output power achievable with and without forced-air cooling. However in the final application, in order to ensure the reliability of the unit, care must be taken to ensure the maximum case temperature is not exceeded under any conditions.







Application and Auxiliary Functions

This series of converters does not require any external components for proper operation. However, if the distribution of the input voltage to the converter contains significant inductance, a capacitor across the input terminals may be required to stabilize the input voltage. A minimum of 1 μ F, quality electrolytic / ceramic capacitor is recommended for this purpose. For output decoupling it is recommend connecting a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor directly across the output pins of the converter.

Shutdown Feature

The remote control pin functions as a normal soft shutdown. It is referenced to the –Vi pin. With positive logic, when the remote control pin is pulled low, the output is turned off and the unit goes into a very low input power mode.

An open collector switch is recommended to control the voltage between the remote control pin and the –Vi pin of the converter. The remote control pin is pulled up internally, so no external voltage source is required. The user should avoid connecting a resistor between the remote control pin and the +Vi pin.

The user must take care to ensure that the pin reference for the control is connected close to the –Vi pin. The control signal must not be referenced ahead of EMI filtering, or remotely from the unit. If the remote control pin is not used, it can be left floating.

Thermal Considerations

The converter is designed for natural or forced convection cooling. The output power of the converter is limited by the maximum case temperature (T_c). To ensure reliable long term operation of the converters, and to comply with safety agency requirements, Power-One limits maximum allowable case temperature (T_c) to 100 °C; see *Mechanical Drawings*.

Parallel Operation

Paralleling of two converters is not possible.

Output Current Limitation

When the output is overloaded above the maximum output current rating, the voltage will start to reduce to maintain the output power to a safe level. In a condition of high overload or short-circuit, where the output voltage is pulled below approximately 30% of Vo.Nom, the unit will enter a 'Hiccup' mode of operation. Under this condition the unit will attempt to restart, approximately every 25 ms, until the overload has cleared.

Output Voltage Adjustment

The trim feature allows the user for adjusting the output voltage by means of an external resistor. To increase V_o a resistor should be connected between pins 12 and 14. To decrease V_o a resistor should be connected between pins 12 and 13.

To increase V_o:

$$Rext = (A - (D \times V_o)) / (V_o - V_{o nom}) [\Omega]$$

To reduce V_o:

Rext =
$$((B \times V_o) - C) / (V_{o \text{ nom}} - V_o), [\Omega]$$

Where V_o is the desired output voltage

| Model | Α | В | С | D |
|---------|-------|------|-------|------|
| NDS03ZA | 1945 | 1470 | 1944 | 470 |
| NDS03ZB | 2590 | 1730 | 2560 | 750 |
| NDS03ZD | 5010 | 2516 | 5010 | 1500 |
| NDS03ZE | 7010 | 3161 | 7010 | 1500 |
| NDS02ZG | 11260 | 4532 | 11240 | 1500 |

Note: When the output voltage is trimmed up, the output power from the converter must not exceed its maximum rating. This is determined by measuring the voltage on the output pins, and multiplying it by the output current.



Safety

These converters are tested with 1500 VDC from input to output. The input-to-output resistance is greater than 10 M Ω . These converters are provided with Basic Insulation between input and output. Nevertheless, if the system using the converter needs to receive safety agency approval, certain rules must be followed in the design of the system. In particular, all of the creepage and clearance requirements of the end-use safety requirements must be observed

In order to consider the output of the converter as SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) or TNV-1, according to IEC/EN 60950-1 and UL/CSA 60950-1, one of the following requirements must be met in the system design:

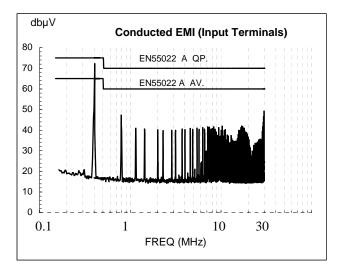
- Fuse: The converter has no internal fuse. An external fuse must be provided to protect the system from catastrophic failure. A fuse with a rating not greater than 2.0 A is recommended. The user can select a lower rating fuse based upon the inrush transient and the maximum input current of the converter, which occurs at the minimum input voltage. Both input traces and the chassis ground trace (if applicable) must be capable of conducting a current of 1.5 times the value of the fuse without opening. The fuse must not be placed in the grounded input line, if any.
- If the voltage source feeding the converter is SELV, TNV-1, or TNV-2, the output of the is considered SELV and may be grounded or ungrounded.
- The circuitry of the converter may generate transients, which exceed the input voltage. Even if the input voltage is SELV (<60 V), the components on the primary side of the converter may have to be considered as hazardous. A safety interlock may be needed to prevent the user from accessing the converter while operational.

EMC Specifications

Conducted Noise:

The converters meet the requirements class A of IEC/EN 55022 (conducted noise on the input terminals) without any external components. The results for this solution are displayed below.

To meet class B, it is necessary to fit a 5 μ F ceramic capacitor across the input terminals.



Electromagnetic Susceptibility:

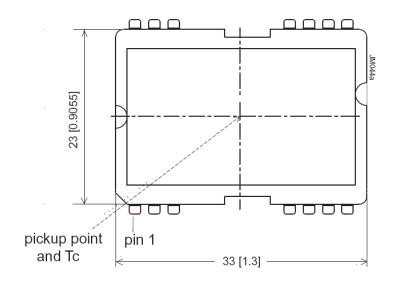
| Standard | Applied Stress | Class Level | Performance Criterion * |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Electrostatic Discharge EN 61000-4-2 | 2 kV to pins | 1 | В |
| Electromagnetic Field EN 61000-4-3 | 3 V/m | 2 | А |
| Electrical Fast Transient EN 61000-4-4 | 2000 V _p to input | 3 | В |
| Conducted Disturbances EN 61000-4-6 | 3 VAC to input | 2 | В |

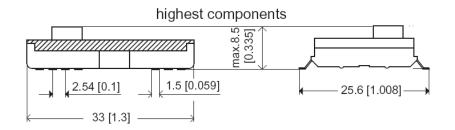
* **A** denotes normal operation, no deviation from specification. **B** denotes temporary deviation from specification is possible.



Mechanical Data

Dimensions in mm [inches]







Surface Mount Assembly

Soldering

The following soldering instructions must be observed to prevent failure or significant degradation of the module performance. Power-One will not honor any warranty claims arising from failure to observe these instructions.

The lead-frame is constructed for a high temperature glass filled, UL94 V-0 flame retardant, dually orthophthalate molding compound commonly used for packaging of electronics components. It has passed NASA outgassing tests, and is certified to MIL-M-14. The coefficient of thermal expansion is equivalent to FR4.

The gull wing leads are formed to ensure optimal solder joint strength and structure. Furthermore they facilitate visual inspection (manual or automatic). The leads are formed from a 97% Cu alloy plated with Ni and matte Sn. This material is commonly used

in the manufacture of integrated circuits. It has good corrosion resistance and exhibits the nobility inherent to all high copper alloys. Unlike brasses, this material is essentially immune to stress corrosion cracking. It also exhibits excellent solderability. It is readily wetted by solders and performs well in standard solderability tests. (Dip of Class II or better).

The product is manufactured with a patented process, which is fully automated, and 'in-line'. This ensures that there is no contamination or mechanical stress on the lead-frame so that the co planarity and solderability are maintained.

The product is shipped in JEDEC trays to ensure preservation of the co-planarity and enable fully automated assembly in the final application. Mind the marking for pin 1!

These products are approved for forced convection reflow soldering only. Products RoHS-compliant for all 6 substances (model designation ending with -M6G) allow for a solder profile with higher temperatures; see tables below.

| Product | Pr | e-heat ra | mp | Pre-heat soaking | | | Ramp to reflow | Reflow | | | Cooling | |
|----------------------------|------|-----------|------|------------------|-----|----------|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------|
| | From | То | Rate | From | То | Time | Rate | Time above liquidus | Peak temp. | Time within ±5 °C of peak temp | Time to peak | Rate |
| | °C | °C | °C/s | °C | °C | S | °C | S | °C | s | S | °C/s |
| -M6 (Sn-Pb eutectic) | 25 | 150 | 2 | 150 | 183 | 90 - 120 | 2 | 45 | 220 ±5 | 10 | 180 | 3 |
| -M6G (lead-free) | 25 | 180 | 2 | 180 | 217 | 90 - 120 | 2 | 45 | 240 ±5 | 10 | 210 | 3 |

Recommended Reflow Profile (measured at the leads of the converter)

Worst Case Reflow Parameters Following J-STD-020D (measured in the center, on top side of the converter)

| Product | Pr | Pre-heat ramp | | | Pre-heat soaking | | | Reflow | | | Cooling | |
|----------------------------|------|---------------|------|------|------------------|--------------|------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|------|
| | From | То | Rate | From | То | Max. time | Rate | Max. time above liquidus | Max. peak temp. | Max. time within ±5 °C of peak temp. | Max. time to peak | Rate |
| | °C | °C | °C/s | °C | °C | s | °C | s | °C | s | s | °C/s |
| -M6 (Sn-Pb eutectic) | 25 | 150 | 3 | 100 | 150 | 120 | 3 | 45 | 230 | 10 | 360 | 6 |
| -M6G (lead-free) | 25 | 180 | 3 | 150 | 200 | 120 | 3 | 45 | 260 | 10 | 480 | 6 |

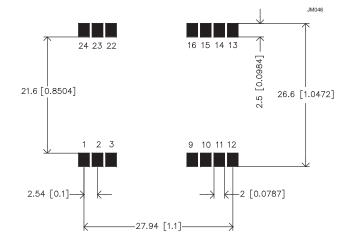


Pick & Place Assembly

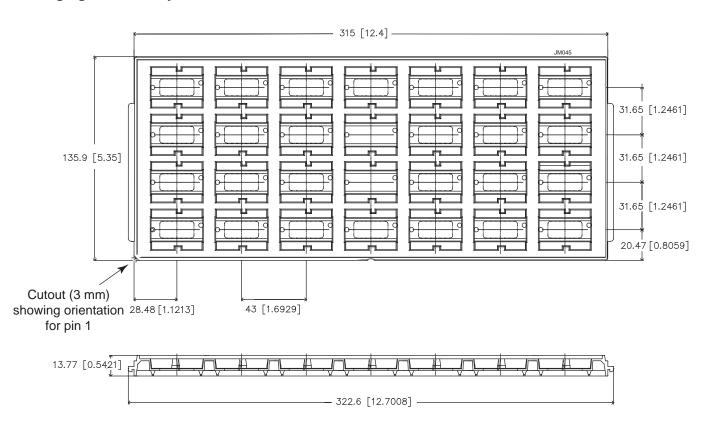
The product is designed with a large flat area in the center of the top surface to serve as a pick up point for automated vacuum pick and place equipment. The 'open board' construction of the unit ensures that weight is kept to a minimum. However due to the relatively large size of the component, a large nozzle (>6.0mm, depending on vacuum pressure) is recommended for picking and placing.

The unit may also be automatically handled using 'odd-form' placement equipment, with mechanical grippers. For this type of equipment the end edges of the device, which have no leads and also feature the greatest dimensional accuracy, should be used as pick-up points.

Recommended Solder Lands



Packaging: JEDEC tray





Pin Allocation

| Pin | Designation | Function | Reference |
|-----|-------------|---|-----------|
| 1 | Shutdown | Shutdown control. Pull low to turn unit off | Primary |
| 2 | -Vi | Input voltage return | Primary |
| 3 | NC | No connection | Primary |
| 4 | No pin | No pin | |
| 5 | No pin | No pin | |
| 6 | No pin | No pin | |
| 7 | No pin | No pin | |
| 8 | No pin | No pin | |
| 9 | NC | No connection | Secondary |
| 10 | NC | No connection | Secondary |
| 11 | NC | No connection | Secondary |
| 12 | Trim | Output voltage adjust | Secondary |
| 13 | +Vo | Positive output voltage | Secondary |
| 14 | -Vo | Output voltage return | Secondary |
| 15 | NC | No connection | Secondary |
| 16 | NC | No connection | Secondary |
| 17 | No pin | No pin | |
| 18 | No pin | No pin | |
| 19 | No pin | No pin | |
| 20 | No pin | No pin | |
| 21 | No pin | No pin | |
| 22 | NC | No connection | Primary |
| 23 | +Vi | Positive input voltage | Primary |
| 24 | NC | No connection | Primary |

NUCLEAR AND MEDICAL APPLICATIONS - Power-One products are not designed, intended for use in, or authorized for use as critical components in life support systems, equipment used in hazardous environments, or nuclear control systems without the express written consent of the respective divisional president of Power-One, Inc.

TECHNICAL REVISIONS - The appearance of products, including safety agency certifications pictured on labels, may change depending on the date manufactured. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Bel Power Solutions: NDS03ZE-M6