

Key Features & Benefits

- RoHS lead free and lead-solder-exempt products are available
- Wide operating temperature range: 0 to 70 °C;
- optional to a range of -40 to 85 °C
- High efficiency synchronous buck topology
- Low noise fixed frequency operation
- Wide input voltage range: 4.5V–13.8V
- High continuous output current: 3A
- Programmable output voltage range: 0.59V–5.1V
- Overcurrent, and short circuit protections with automatic restart
- Enable input
- Start up into prebiased load
- No minimum load requirements
- High MTBF of 67 million hours
- Industry standard size through-hole single-in-line package and pinout: 0.41 x 0.65 x 0.40 inches (10.4 x 16.51 x 10.16 mm)
- UL94 V-0 flammability rating
- Safety approved to UL/CSA 62368-1 and EN/IEC 62368-1

YEV09T03 3 A DC-DC POL Converter 4.5 - 13.8 V Input; 0.59 - 5.1 V Output

Bel Power Solutions point-of-load converters are recommended for use with regulated bus converters in an Intermediate Bus Architecture (IBA). The YEV09T03, non-isolated DC-DC point of load (POL) converter, delivers up to 3 A of output current in an industry-standard single-in-line (SIP) through-hole package. The YEV09T03 POL converter is an ideal choice for Intermediate Bus Architectures where point of load conversion is a requirement.

Operating from a 4.5 V to 13.8 V input the POL converter provides an extremely tightly regulated programmable output voltage of 0.59 V to 5.1 V. The POL converter offers exceptional thermal performance, even in high temperature environments with minimal airflow. This performance is accomplished through the use of advanced circuit solutions, packaging and processing techniques. The resulting design possesses ultra-high efficiency, excellent thermal management, and a slim body profile that minimizes impedance to system airflow, thus enhancing cooling for both upstream and downstream devices.

The use of automation for assembly, coupled with advanced power electronics and thermal design, results in a product with extremely high reliability.

Applications

- Low voltage, high density systems with Intermediate Bus Architectures (IBA)
- Point-of-load regulators for high performance DSP, FPGA, ASIC, and microprocessors
- Desktops, servers, and portable computing
- Broadband, networking, optical, and communications systems

Benefits

- One part that covers many applications
- Reduces board space, system cost and complexity, and time to market



1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings may cause performance degradation, adversely affect long-term reliability, and cause permanent damage to the converter.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | MAX | UNITS |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|------|-----|-------|
| Input Voltage | Continuous | -0.3 | 15 | VDC |
| Ambient Temperature Range | Operating (-R option) | -40 | 85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature (Ts) | | -55 | 125 | °C |

2. ENVIRONMENTAL AND MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
|--------------|--|-----|--------|-----------|-------|
| Weight | | | | 2.5 | grams |
| MTBF | Calculated Per Telcordia Technologies SR-332, Method I Case 1, 50% electrical stress, 40°C ambient temperature | 67 | | | MHrs |
| Lead Plating | YEV09T03-x and YEV09T03-xG | | 100% N | latte Tin | |

3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications apply at the input voltage from 4.5V to 13.8V, output load from 0 to 3A, output voltage from 0.59V to 5.1V, 22µF external output capacitor, and ambient temperature from -40°C to 85°C unless otherwise noted.

3.1 INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
|--|---|------------|----------|--------------|-------|
| Input voltage (V _{IN}) | $0.59 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{OUT}} \le 3.63 \text{ V}$ $3.64 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{OUT}} \le 5.1 \text{ V}$ | 4.5 6.5 | 12 12 | 13.8 13.8 | VDC |
| Undervoltage Lockout Turn On Threshold | Input Voltage Ramping Up | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.5 | VDC |
| Undervoltage Lockout Turn Off Threshold | Input Voltage Ramping Down | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.3 | VDC |
| Standby Input Current | V_{IN} = 12 V, POL is disabled via ON/OFF | | 20 | | mADC |
| Input Reflected Ripple Current Peak-to-Peak | BW = 5 MHz to 20 MHz, L _{SOURCE} = 1 μH, See Figure 13 for setup | | 60 | | mA |



3.2 OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
|---|--|------|--|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Output Voltage Range (Vout) | Programmable with a resistor between TRIM and GND pins | 0.59 | | 5.1 | VDC |
| Output Voltage Setpoint Accuracy, V _{OUT} ≥ 1 V | V _{IN} = 12 V, lout = lout MAX, 0.1% trim resistor, room temperature | -1.0 | | 1.0 | %V _{OUT} |
| Output Voltage Setpoint Accuracy, V _{OUT} < 1 V | $V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = I_{OUT MAX}$, 0.1% trim resistor, room temperature | -10 | | 10 | mVDC |
| Line Regulation, V _{OUT} ≥ 2.5 V | Vin min to Vin max | | 0.5 | | $%V_{\text{OUT}}$ |
| Load Regulation, V _{OUT} ≥ 2.5 V | 0 to lout max | | 0.4 | | $%V_{\text{OUT}}$ |
| Line Regulation, V _{OUT} < 2.5 V | V _{IN MIN} to V _{IN MAX} | | 5 | | mVDC |
| Load Regulation, V _{OUT} < 2.5 V | 0 to I _{OUT MAX} | | 5 | | mVDC |
| Output Voltage Regulation | Over operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions until the end of life | -2.0 | | 2.0 | %V _{OUT} |
| Output Voltage Peak-to-Peak Ripple and Noise, BW = 20 MHz, Full Load | V_{IN} = 12 V, V_{OUT} = 0.9 V V_{IN} = 12 V, V_{OUT} = 2.5 V V_{IN} = 12 V, V_{OUT} = 3.3 V V_{IN} = 12 V, V_{OUT} = 5.0 V | | | 25 30 40 60 | mV mV mV mV |
| Dynamic Regulation Peak Deviation Settling Time | V_{IN} = 12 V, 40 - 80% load step, Slew rate 1A/ μ s, to 1% of V_{OUT} | | 45 25 | 250 50 | mV μs |
| Efficiency V _{IN} = 12 V Full Load Room temperature | Vout = 0.9 V Vout = 1.2 V Vout = 1.5 V Vout = 1.8 V Vout = 2.5 V Vout = 3.3 V Vout = 5.0 V | | 75 80 84 85 88 90 93 | | % % % % % % |
| Switching Frequency | | | 560 | | kHz |
| Output Current (I _{OUT}) | V _{IN MIN} to V _{IN MAX} | 0 | | 3 | ADC |
| Output Current Derating | T _{AMB} ≤ 70°C | | | 3 | ADC |
| Turn-On Delay Time ¹ POL is Enabled | ON/OFF pin is pulled high From V _{IN} = V _{IN MIN} to V _{OUT} = 0.1*V _{OUT.SET} | | 0.3 | 1 | ms |
| Turn-On Delay Time ² POL is Disabled | V _{IN} =12V From ON/OFF pin changing its state from low to high until V _{OUT} = 0.1*V _{OUT.SET} | | 0.3 | 1 | ms |
| Rise Time ¹ $C_{OUT} = 0 \mu F$, Resistive Load | From $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.1^* V_{\text{OUT.SET}}$ to $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.9^* V_{\text{OUT.SET}}$ | | 1.2 | 3 | ms |
| Admissible Output Capacitance | $I_{OUT} = I_{OUT \text{ MAX}}$, Resistive load, ESR > 1 m Ω | | | 1,140 | μF |

3.3 PROTECTION SPECIFICATIONS

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
|--|---------------------------|-----|--------|---------|-------|
| Output Overcurrent Protection | | | | | |
| Туре | | | Auto-F | Restart | |
| Inception Point | | 105 | 150 | | %Іоит |
| Output Short Circuit Current (RMS value) | R _{OUT} < 0.01 Ω | | | 1 | Α |

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Total start-up time is the sum of the turn-on delay time and the rise time



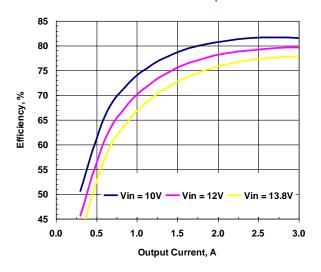
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3.4 FEATURE SPECIFICATIONS

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
|---------------------------|--|------|-----|------|-------|
| Enable (ON/OFF pin) | | | | | |
| ON/OFF Logic | Positive (enables the output when ON/OFF pin is open or pulled high) | | | | |
| ON/OFF High Input Voltage | POL is ON | 2.4 | | 5.5 | VDC |
| ON/OFF High Input Current | POL is ON | | | 1.0 | mADC |
| ON/OFF Low Input Voltage | POL is OFF | -0.3 | | 0.4 | VDC |
| ON/OFF Low Input Current | POL is OFF | | | 0.55 | mADC |

4. TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

4.1 EFFICIENCY CURVES (ROOM TEMPERATURE)



90 85 80 Efficiency, % 75 70 65 Vin = 10V - Vin = 12V Vin = 13.8V 60 0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 **Output Current, A**

Figure 1. Efficiency vs. Load. Vout=1.2V

Figure 2. Efficiency vs. Load. Vout=2.5

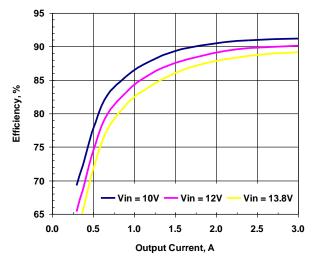


Figure 3. Efficiency vs. Load. Vout=3.3V



4.2 TURN-ON CHARACTERISTICS

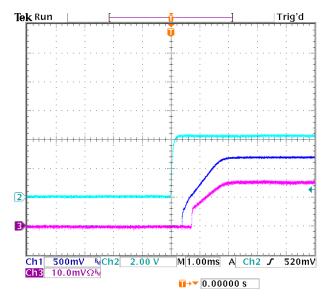


Figure 4. Typical Start-Up Using Remote On/Off (Vo = 1.2 Vdc, Io=3A). Ch1 – Vout, Ch2 – ON/OFF, Ch3 - Iout

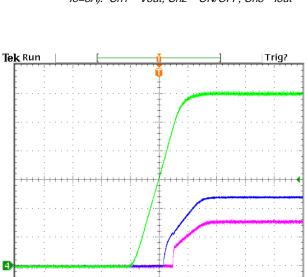


Figure 6. Typical Start-Up with application of Vin (Vo = 1.2Vdc, Io = 3A). Ch1 – Vout, Ch3 – Iout, Ch4 – Vin.

M1.00ms A Ch4 J 6.00 V

11→▼ 0.00000 s

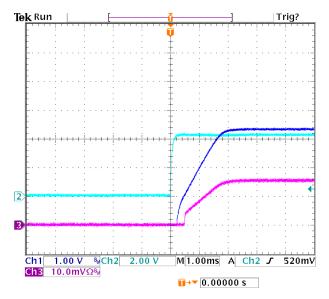


Figure 5. Typical Start-Up Using Remote On/Off (Vo = 3.3 Vdc, lo=3A). Ch1 – Vout, Ch2 – ON/OFF, Ch3 – lout

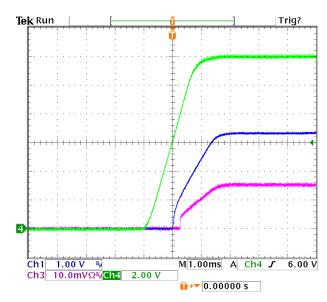


Figure 7. Typical Start-Up with application of Vin (Vo = 3.3Vdc, Io = 3A). Ch1 – Vout, Ch3 – Iout, Ch4 – Vin,



Ch1 500mV % Ch3 10.0mVΩ% Ch4 2.00 V

4.3 TRANSIENT RESPONSE

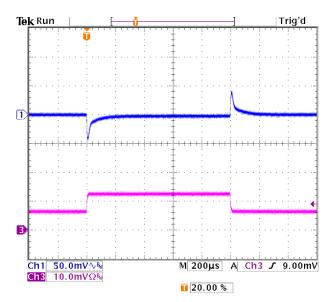


Figure 8. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 40% to 80% of full load (Vin=12V, Vo=1.2Vdc). Ch3 – lout. Scale=0.2A/mVΩ

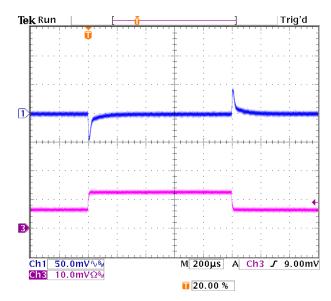


Figure 9. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 40% to 80% of full load (Vin=12V, Vo=2.5Vdc). Ch3 – lout.

Scale=0.2A/mVΩ

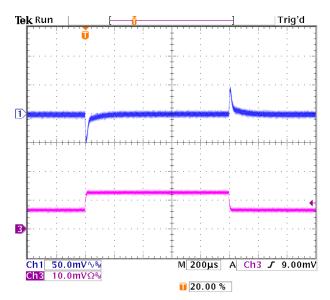


Figure 10. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 40% to 80% of full load (Vin=12V, Vo=3.3Vdc). Ch3 – lout. Scale=0.2A/mV Ω



5. APPLICATION INFORMATION

5.1 INPUT AND OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

The POL converter should be connected to the DC power source via low impedance. In many applications, the inductance associated with the distribution from the power source to the input of the converter can affect the stability of the converter. Internally, the converter includes 4.7 μ F (low ESR ceramics) of input capacitance which eliminates the need for external input capacitance. However, if the distribution of the input voltage to the POL converter contains high inductance, it is recommended to add a 100 μ F decoupling capacitor placed as close as possible to the converter input pins. A low-ESR tantalum or POS capacitor connected across the input pins help ensuring stability of the POL converter and reduce input ripple voltage.

A 22 µF ceramic output capacitor is recommended to improve output ripple and dynamic response.

It is important to keep low resistance and low inductance of PCB traces for connecting load to the output pins of the converter in order to maintain good load regulation.

5.2 OUTPUT VOLTAGE PROGRAMMING

The output voltage can be programmed from 0.59 V to 5.1 V by connecting an external resistor R_{TRIM} between TRIM pin (Pin 5) and GND pin (Pin 3), as shown in Figure 11.

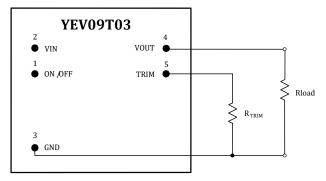


Figure 11. Programming Output Voltage With A Resistor

The trim resistor RTRIM for a desired output voltage can be calculated using the following equation:

$$R_{TRIM} = \frac{1.182}{V_{OUT} - 0.591}, \text{ k}\Omega$$

where:

V_{OUT} = Desired (trimmed) value of output voltage V

 R_{TRIM} = Required value of the trim resistor in $k\Omega$

If the R_{TRIM} is not used, the output voltage of the POL converter will be 0.591 V.

Note that the trim resistor tolerance directly affects the output voltage accuracy. It is recommended to use $\pm 0.1\%$ trim resistors to meet the output voltage setpoint accuracy specified in p. 1.1.

| V 0UT, V | Calculated R _{TRIM} , kΩ | Standard Value of 0.1% Resistor, kΩ |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 0.8 | 5.65 | 5.62 |
| 1.2 | 1.94 | 1.93 |
| 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.30 |
| 1.8 | 0.98 | 0.976 |
| 2.5 | 0.62 | 0.619 |
| 3.3 | 0.44 | 0.437 |
| 5.0 | 0.27 | 0.267 |

Table 1. Trim Resistor Values



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5.3 ON / OFF (PIN 1)

The ON/OFF pin is used to turn the POL converter ON or OFF remotely by a signal from a system controller. For positive logic, the POL converter is ON when the ON/OFF pin is at a logic high (2.4V min) or left open. The POL converter is OFF when the ON/OFF pin is at a logic low (0.4 V max) or connected to GND.

The ON/OFF pin should be controlled with an open collector transistor as shown in Figure 12.

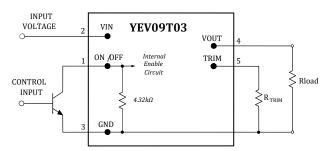


Figure 12. Circuit Configuration For ON/OFF Function

5.4 PROTECTIONS

5.4.1 INPUT UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT

The POL converter will shut down when the input voltage drops below a predetermined voltage. It will start automatically when the input voltage exceeds the specified threshold.

5.4.2 OUTPUT OVERCURRENT PROTECTION

The POL converter is protected against overcurrent and short circuit conditions. Upon sensing an overcurrent condition, the POL converter will enter hiccup mode of operation. Once the overload or short circuit condition is removed, the POL converter will automatically restart and Vout will return to its nominal value.

6. CHARACTERIZATION

6.1 RIPPLE AND NOISE

The output voltage ripple and input reflected ripple current waveforms are measured using the test setup shown in Figure 13.

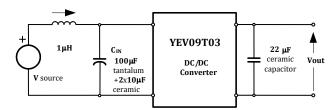


Figure 13. Test Setup For Measuring Input Reflected-Ripple Current and Output Voltage Ripple

7. SAFETY

The YEV09T03 POL converters **do not provide isolation** from input to output. The input devices powering YEV09T03 must provide relevant isolation requirements according to all IEC 62368-1 based standards. Nevertheless, if the system using the converter needs to receive safety agency approval, certain rules must be followed in the design of the system. In particular, all of the creepage and clearance requirements of the end-use safety requirements must be observed.

These requirements are included in CSA/UL 62368-1 and EN 62368-1, although specific applications may have other or additional requirements.



The YEV09T03 POL converters have no internal fuse. If required, the external fuse needs to be provided to protect the converter from catastrophic failure. Refer to the "Input Fuse Selection for DC/DC converters" application note on www.belpowersolutions.com for proper selection of the input fuse. Both input traces and the chassis ground trace (if applicable) must be capable of conducting a current of 1.5 times the value of the fuse without opening.

To comply with safety agencies' requirements, a recognized fuse must be used in series with the input line. The fuse must not be placed in the grounded input line. Abnormal and component failure tests were conducted with the POL input protected by a fast-acting 25 A fuse. If a fuse rated greater than 25A is used, additional testing may be required.

The maximum DC voltage between any two pins is Vin under all operating conditions. In order for the output of the YEV09T03 POL converter to be considered as ES1 according to all IEC 62368-1 based standards, the input to the POL needs to be supplied by an isolated secondary source providing a ES1 also.

8. PIN ASSIGNMENTS AND DESCRIPTION

| PIN NAME | PIN NUMBER | PIN TYPE | BUFFER TYPE | PIN DESCRIPTION | NOTES |
|----------|------------|----------|-------------|---------------------|--|
| ON/OFF | 1 | 1 | PU | Enable | Pull high to turn ON the POL |
| VIN | 2 | Р | | Input Voltage | |
| GND | 3 | Р | | Power Ground | |
| VOUT | 4 | Р | | Output Voltage | |
| TRIM | 5 | ı | Α | Output Voltage Trim | Connect a high accuracy resistor between TRIM and GMD pins to set the output voltage |

Legend: I=input, O=output, I/O=input/output, P=power, A=analog, PU=internal pull-up

9. MECHANICAL DRAWINGS

NOTE: All Dimensions are in inches. Tolerances: X.XX: ±0.02" X.XXX: ±0.01"

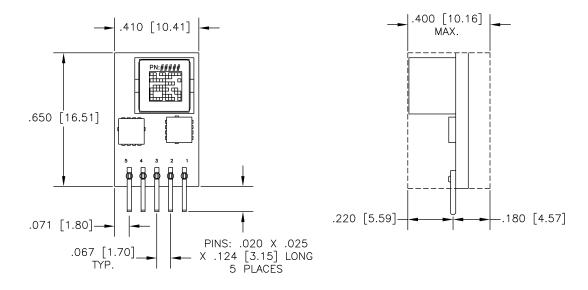


Figure 14. Mechanical Drawing



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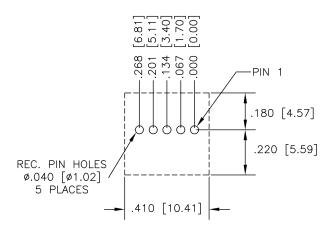


Figure 15. Recommended Footprint - Top View

10. ORDERING INFORMATION

| YE | V | 09 | Т | 03 | - | 0 | z |
|------------------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|---|--|
| PRODUCT FAMILY | PROFILE | INPUT VOLTAGE | PCB MOUNTING | OUTPUT CURRENT | DASH | OPTIONS | ROHS COMPLIANCE |
| POL Converter | Vertical | 4.5 V to 13.8 V | Through-hole | 3 A | | 0 – 0 to 70 °C operating range. R – -40 to 85 °C operating range. | No suffix - RoHS compliant with Pb solder exemption ² G - RoHS compliant for all six substances |

Example: YEV09T03-0G: YEV09T03 POL converter with the commercial temperature range and lead-free solder.

For more information on these products consult: tech.support@psbel.com

NUCLEAR AND MEDICAL APPLICATIONS - Products are not designed or intended for use as critical components in life support systems, equipment used in hazardous environments, or nuclear control systems.

TECHNICAL REVISIONS - The appearance of products, including safety agency certifications pictured on labels, may change depending on the date manufactured. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

² The solder exemption refers to all the restricted materials except lead in solder. These materials are Cadmium (Cd), Hexavalent chromium (Cr6+), Mercury (Hg), Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), Polybrominated diphenylethers (PBDE), and Lead (Pb) used anywhere except in solder.



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