

Surface Mount PTC 0ZTK Series

HF 🗭 0ZTK Series – 0805 Chip

RoHS Compliant

Product Features

- 0805 Chip Size, Fast Trip Time, Low DCR Resistance
- Full compliance with EU Directive 2011/65/EU and amending directive 2015/863
- AEC-Q Compliant
- Meets Bel automotive qualification*
- * Largely based on internal AEC-Q test plan

Operating (Hold Current) Range

100mA

Maximum Voltage

16V

Temperature Range

-40°C to 125°C

Agency Approval

TUV (Std. EN/IEC 60738-1-1 and EN/IEC 60730-1, Cert. R50102117) UL Recognized Component (Std. UL1434, File E305051)



Electrical Characteristics (23°C)

		Hold	Trip	Rated	Maximum	Typical	Max Tim	e to Trip	Resistance	Tolerance	Agency A	pprovals
	Part Number	Current	Current	Voltage	Current	Power	Current	Time	Rmin	R1max	c 91 us	\mathbf{A}
		Ін, А	Ιт, А	Vmax, Vdc	Imax, A	Pd, W	А	Sec	Ohms	Ohms	C 7762 US	Τΰν
A	0ZTK0010FF2G	0.10	0.60	16	40	1.0	2.50	1.50	1.00	12.00	Y	Y

In=Hold current-maximum current at which the device will not trip at 23 $^\circ\!{\rm C}$ still air.

IT=Trip current-minimum current at which the device will always trip at 23 $^\circ\!\! C$ still air.

AEC-Q Compliant

VMAX=Maximum voltage device can withstand without damage at it rated current.(I MAX)

IMAX= Maximum fault current device can withstand without damage at rated voltage (V MAX).

Pd=Typical power dissipated-type amount of power dissipated by the device when in the tripped state in 23 °C still air environment.

RMIN=Minimum device resistance at 23 °C prior to tripping.

R1MAX=Maximum device resistance at 23 °C measured 1 hour after tripping or reflow soldering of 260 °C for 20 seconds.



Specifications subject to change without notice



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PTC's – Basic Theory of Operation / "Tripped" Resistance Explanation

A Bel PTC consists of a block of polymeric material containing conductive carbon granules which is sandwiched between two conductive metal plates. When this polymer block reaches approximately 165C, either due to current passing through it via conductive chains of carbon particles or due to an external heat source; it swells volumetrically. This expansion breaks apart a majority of the chains of carbon granules that run randomly between the two conductive plates. This behavior results in a sharp increase in resistance across the two plates which all but eliminates current flow through the device, allowing just enough residual current flow to maintain the block's internal temperature at 165C. Once this "tripped" state current is cut off, the polymer brick cools and shrinks to its original size, thereby allowing its broken carbon chains to reestablish themselves and permit the part to return to its low resistance state. Once cooled to room ambient, the PTC will once again exhibit a resistance less than its "R1max" rating.

At currents below the device IHOLD rating, AND at temperatures below 125C, the PTC maintains a resistance value below its R1 MAX rating.

The catalog data for each device specifies a "Typical Power" value. This is the power required to exactly match the heat lost by the tripped device to its ambient surroundings at 23C. By Ohm's Law, power can be stated as: $W = E^2/R$. Thus the approximate resistance of a "Tripped" PTC can be determined by: $R = E^2/W$, where "E" is the voltage appearing across the PTC (usually the supply's open circuit voltage), and "W" is the Typical Power value for the particular PTC.

Since the PPTC acts to maintain a constant internal temperature, its apparent resistance will change based upon applied voltage and, to a lesser degree, ambient conditions. Consider the following example.... A PTC with a Typical Power of 1 watt protecting a circuit using a 60V supply will demonstrate an apparent,

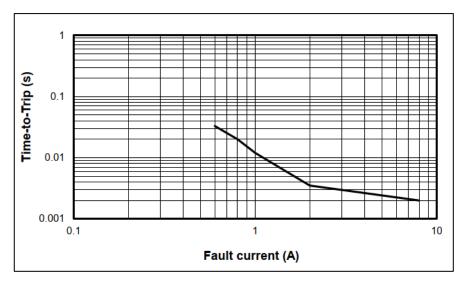
tripped resistance "R" of:

 $R = 60^2/1 = 3,600 \text{ ohms}$

This same tripped device when used to protect a 12V circuit would now present an apparent resistance of: $R = 12^2/1 = 144$ ohms

The value for Typical Power is "typical" because any physical factors that affect heat loss (such as ambient temperature or air convection) will somewhat alter the level of power that the PTC needs to maintain its internal temperature. In short, PTCs do not exhibit a constant, quantifiable tripped resistance value.

Average Time Current Characteristic Curve at 23°C



The Average Time Current Characteristic Curve and Temperature Rerating Curve are affected by a number of variables and these curves are provided for guidance only.



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Type 0ZTK Series

Pad Layout

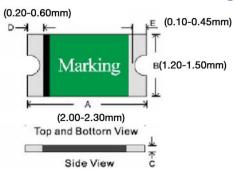
The dimensions in the table below provide the recommended pad layout.

w Ρ s W Nominal Nominal Nominal mm Inch mm Inch mm Inch 1.20 0.047 1.00 0.039 1.50 0.059 ← S→← P +l← S→ł

Termination Pad Materials

Pure Tin

Mechanical Dimensions and Marking

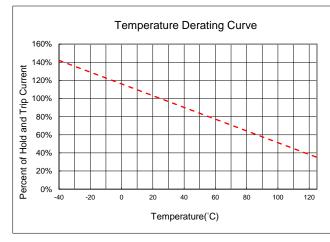


			All dimensions in mm.		
	Dime	ensions	Marking Code		
Part Number		С			
	Min	Max	IH code		
0ZTK0010FF2G	0.40	0.80	DT		

Temperature Derating Table

	Temperature Rerating										
I Hold Value	-40	-20	0	23	30	40	50	60	70	85	125
0ZTK0010	142%	130%	118%	100%	96%	89%	83%	78%	73%	56%	38%

Thermal Derating Curve



Cautionary Notes

- Operation beyond the specified maximum ratings or improper use may result in damage and possible electrical arcing and/or flame.
- These Polymer PTC (PPTC) devices are intended for protection against occasional overcurrent/overtemperature fault conditions and may not be suitable for use in applications where repeated and/or prolonged fault conditions are anticipated.
- 3. Avoid contact of PTC device with chemical solvent. Prolonged contact may adversely impact the PTC performance.
- 4. These PTC devices may not be suitable for use in circuits with a large inductance, as the PTC trip can generate circuit voltage spikes above the PTC rated voltage.
- 5. These devices may be used in both DC and AC circuits provided that peak-to-peak line voltage when carrying AC does not exceed the PTC's Vmax rating. As PTCs are essentially thermal devices, the RMS value of AC current carried by a PTC will produce tripping parameters and times-to-trip similar to those of a DC voltage of the same magnitude.
- 6. If potting is mandated, avoid rigid potting compounds as they will encase the PTC and prevent it from volumetrically expanding to properly respond to a trip event.
- 7. MSL: 2a (According to IPC J-Std-020).



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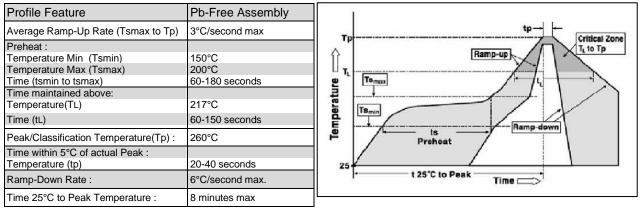
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Environmental Specifications

Temperature cycling	JESD22 Method JA-104
Biased humidity	MIL-STD-202 Method 103
Operational life	MIL-STD-202 Method 108
Resistance to solvents	MIL-STD-202 Method 215
Mechanical shock	MIL-STD-202 Method 213
Vibration	MIL-STD-202 Method 204
Resistance to soldering heat	MIL-STD-202 Method 210
Thermal shock	MIL-STD-202 Method 107
Solderability	ANSI/J-STD-002
Board flex(SMD)	AEC-Q200-005
Terminal strength	AEC-Q200-006

Solder Reflow and Rework Recommendations



Solder Reflow

Due to "lead free / RoHS" construction of these PTC devices , the required Temperature and Dwell Time in the " Soldering " zone of the reflow profile are greater than those used for non-RoHS devices.

1. Recommended reflow methods; IR, vapor phase oven, hot air oven.

2. Not Recommended For Wave Solder / Direct Immersion.

3. Recommended paste thickness range - 0.20 - 0.25mm.

4. Devices are compatible with standard industry cleaning solvents and methods.

5. MSL: 2a (According to IPC J-Std-020).

Caution

If reflow temperature / dwell times exceed the recommended profile, the electrical performance of the PTC may be affected. Rework: MIL-STD-202G Method 210F, Test Condition A.

Standard Packaging

Part Number	Tape/Reel Qty
0ZTK0010FF2G	4,000

4000 fuses in 7 inches dia. Reel, 8mm wide tape, 4mm pitch, per EIA-481(equivalent IEC-286 part 3).

P/N Explanation and Ordering Information

	<u>OZTK</u>	<u>xxxx</u>	<u>x x x</u>
PTC series 0ZTK, 0805 Size			
I HOLD Rating Refer to Part Number and IH Rating in	n Electrical Characteri	stics Table on P	:1.
Electrical Characteristics F = Standard Design A to Z (except F) = Special, customer	spec, DCR sort, etc.		
Mechanical Features F = Standard Design A to Z (except F) = Special, customer	spec, lead forming, et		
Tape & Reel Qty	Su Loved West's a		



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