

GaAs InGaP HBT MMIC ULTRA LOW PHASE NOISE, DISTRIBUTED AMPLIFIER, 2 - 18 GHz

Typical Applications

The HMC606 is ideal for:

- Radar, EW & ECM
- Microwave Radio
- Test Instrumentation
- Military & Space
- Fiber Optic Systems

Features

Ultra Low Phase Noise: -160 dBc/Hz @ 10 kHz

P1dB Output Power: +15 dBm

Gain: 14 dB

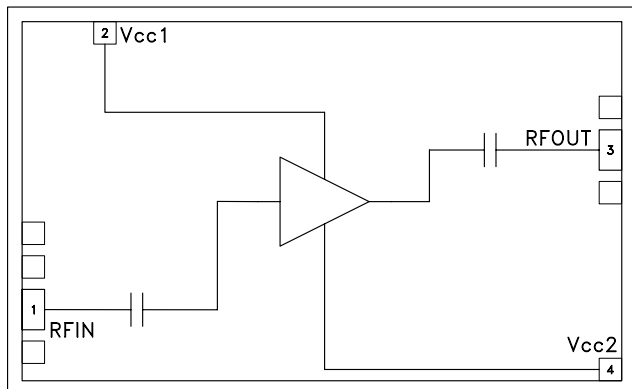
Output IP3: +27 dBm

Supply Voltage: +5V @ 64 mA

50 Ohm Matched Input/Output

Die Size: 2.80 x 1.73 x 0.1 mm

Functional Diagram



General Description

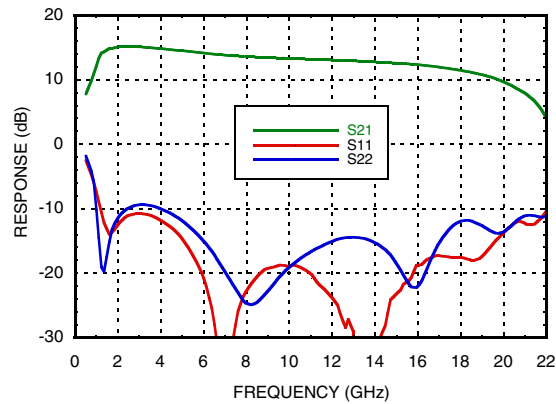
The HMC606 is a GaAs InGaP HBT MMIC Distributed Amplifier die which operates between 2 and 18 GHz. With an input signal of 12 GHz, the amplifier provides ultra low phase noise performance of -160 dBc/Hz at 10 kHz offset, representing a significant improvement over FET-based distributed amplifiers. The HMC606 provides 14 dB of small signal gain, +27 dBm output IP3 and +15 dBm of output power at 1 dB gain compression while requiring 64 mA from a +5V supply. The HMC606 amplifier I/Os are internally matched to 50 Ohms facilitating easy integration into Multi-Chip-Modules (MCMs). All data is taken with the chip in a 50 Ohm test fixture connected via 0.025 mm (1mil) diameter wire bonds of minimal length 0.31 mm (12 mils).

Electrical Specifications, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{cc1} = V_{cc2} = 5\text{V}$

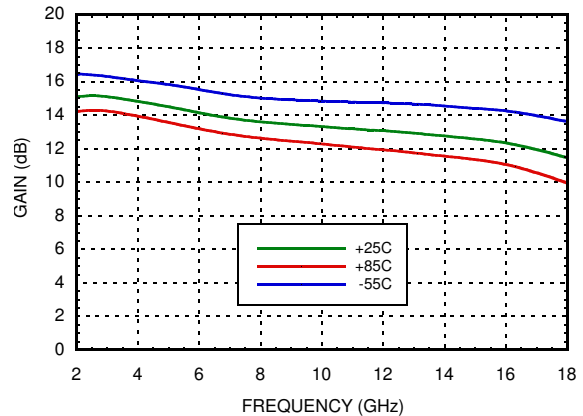
Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Frequency Range	2 - 12			12 - 18			GHz
Gain	11	14.0		10	13		dB
Gain Flatness		± 1.0			± 1.0		dB
Gain Variation Over Temperature		0.021			0.25		dB/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Noise Figure		4.5			6.5		dB
Input Return Loss		20			22		dB
Output Return Loss		15			15		dB
Output Power for 1 dB Compression (P1dB)	12	15		10	13		dBm
Saturated Output Power (Psat)		18			15		dBm
Output Third Order Intercept (IP3)		27			22		dBm
Phase Noise @ 100 Hz		-140			-140		dBc/Hz
Phase Noise @ 1 kHz		-150			-150		dBc/Hz
Phase Noise @ 10 kHz		-160			-160		dBc/Hz
Phase Noise @ 1 MHz		-170			-170		dBc/Hz
Supply Current		64	95		64	95	mA

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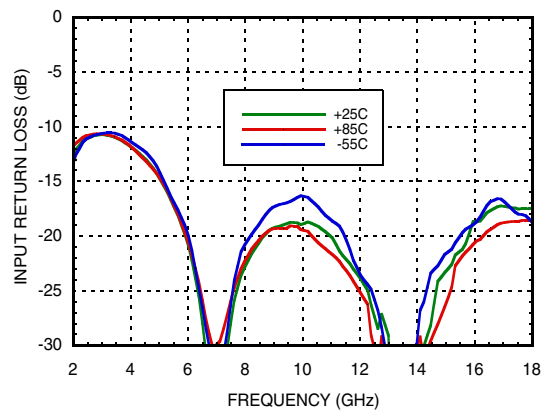
Gain & Return Loss



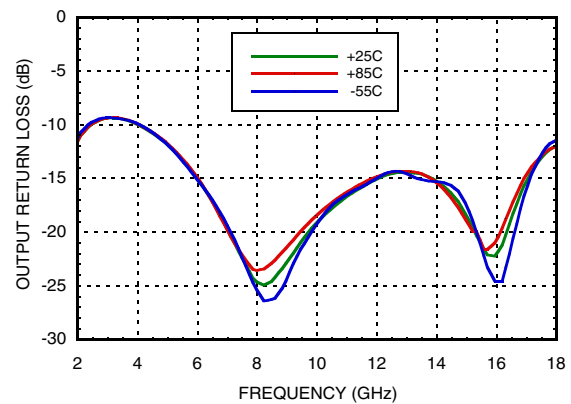
Gain vs. Temperature



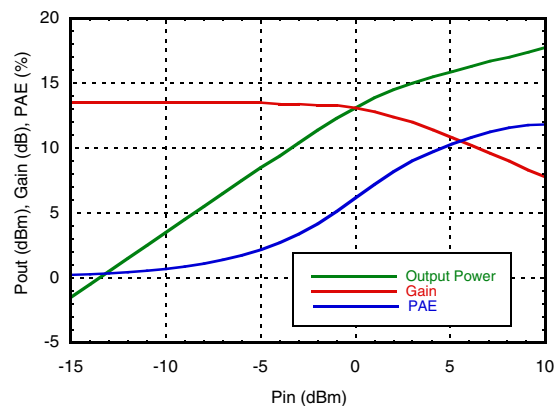
Input Return Loss vs. Temperature



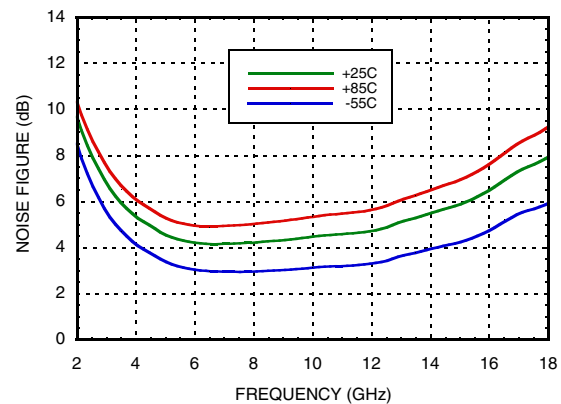
Output Return Loss vs. Temperature



Power Compression

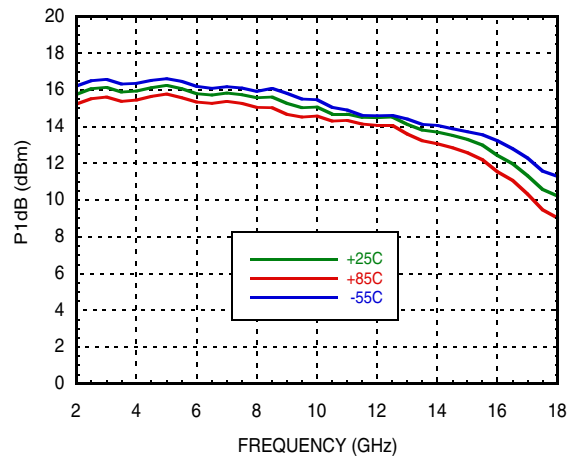


Noise Figure vs. Temperature

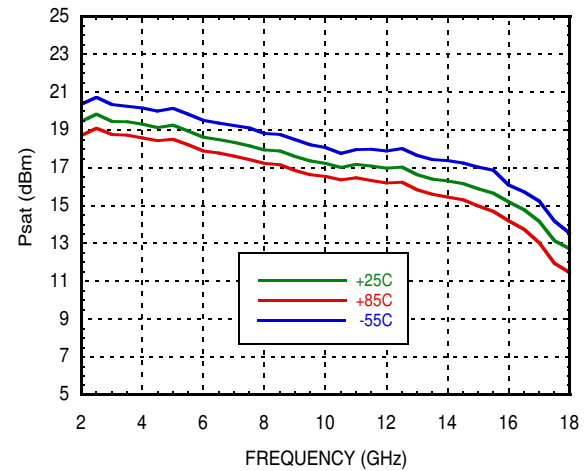


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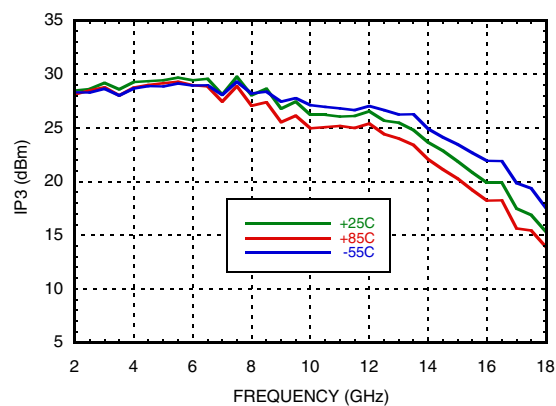
P1dB vs. Temperature



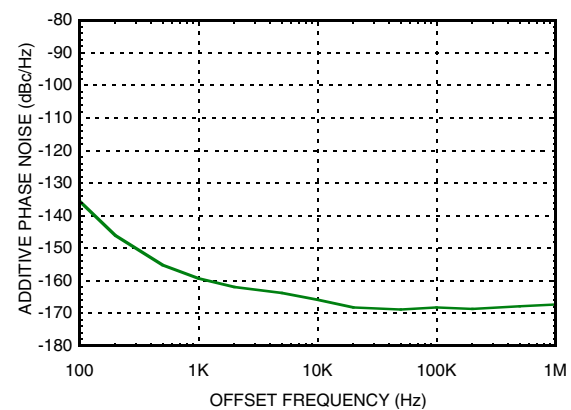
Psat vs. Temperature



Output IP3 vs. Temperature



**Additive Phase Noise Vs Offset Frequency,
RF Frequency = 8 GHz,
RF Input Power = 12 dBm (Psat)**



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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Vdd1= Vdd2= 5V	7V
RF Input Power (RFIN)	+15 dBm
Channel Temperature	175 °C
Continuous P _{diss} (T = 85 °C) (derate 14.6 mW/°C above 85 °C)	1.32 W
Thermal Resistance (channel to die bottom)	68.37 °C/W
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150 °C
Operating Temperature	-55 to +85 °C

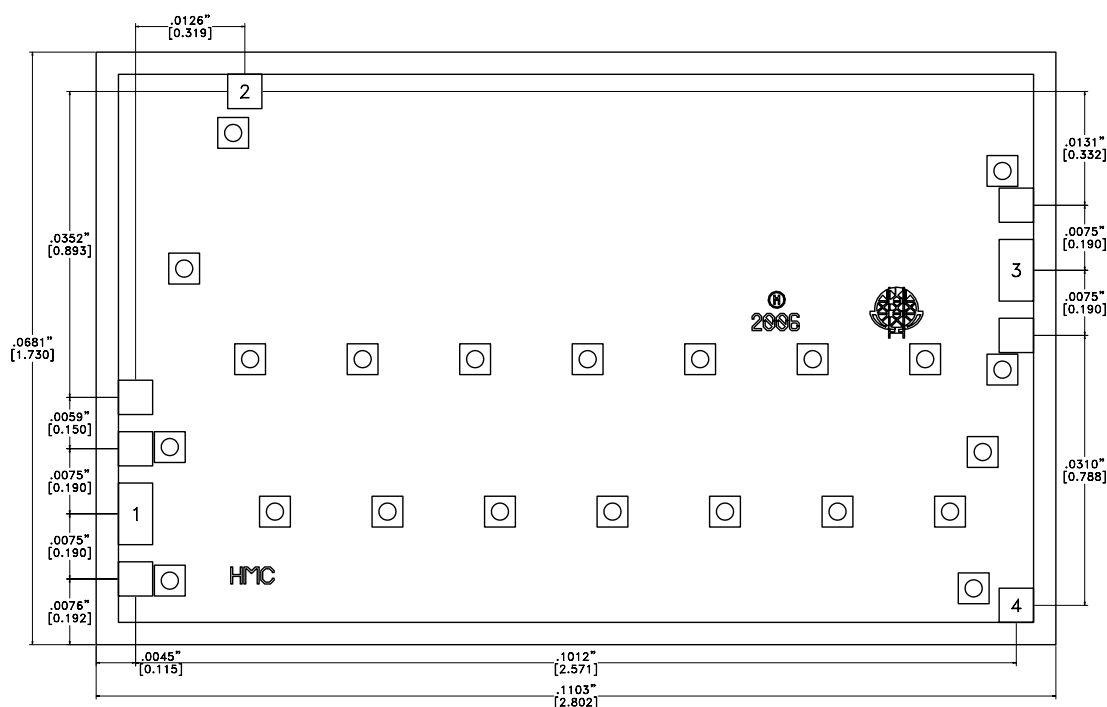
Typical Supply Current vs. Vcc1, Vcc2

Vcc1= Vcc2 (V)	Icc1 + Icc2 (mA)
+4.5	53
+5.0	64
+5.5	74



**ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE DEVICE
OBSERVE HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

Outline Drawing



Die Packaging Information ^[1]

Standard	Alternate
GP-1 (Gel Pack)	[2]

[1] Refer to the "Packaging Information" section for die packaging dimensions.

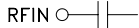
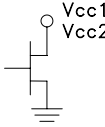
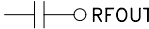
[2] For alternate packaging information contact Analog Devices.

NOTES:

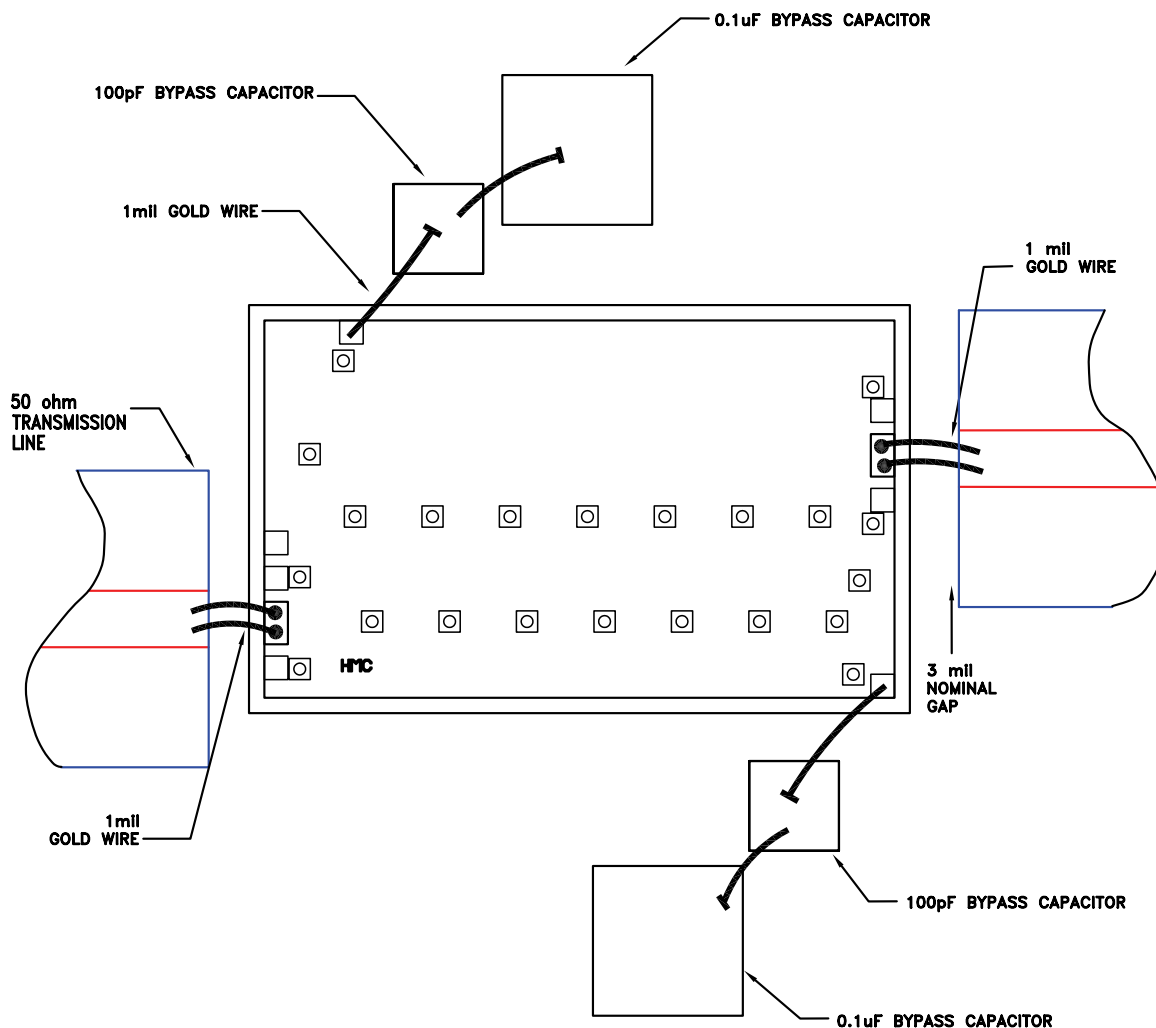
- ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
- NO CONNECTION REQUIRED FOR UNLABELED BOND PADS
- DIE THICKNESS IS 0.004 (0.100)
- TYPICAL BOND PAD IS 0.004 (0.100) SQUARE
- BACKSIDE METALLIZATION: GOLD
- BACKSIDE METAL IS GROUND
- BOND PAD METALIZATION: GOLD

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Pad Descriptions

Pad Number	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	RFIN	This Pad is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms.	RFIN 
2, 4	Vcc1, Vcc2	Vcc1 = Vcc2 = 5V	 Vcc1 Vcc2
3	RFOUT	This Pad is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms.	 RFOUT

Assembly Diagram



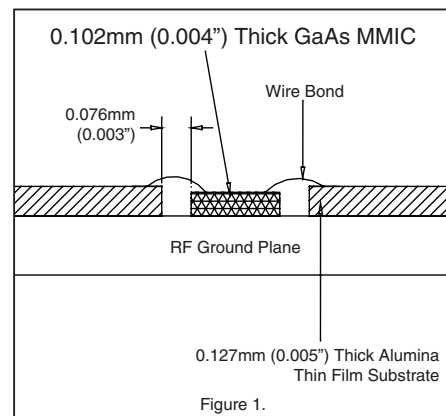
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Mounting & Bonding Techniques for Millimeterwave GaAs MMICs

The die should be attached directly to the ground plane eutectically or with conductive epoxy (see HMC general Handling, Mounting, Bonding Note).

50 Ohm Microstrip transmission lines on 0.127mm (5 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates are recommended for bringing RF to and from the chip (Figure 1). If 0.254mm (10 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates must be used, the die should be raised 0.150mm (6 mils) so that the surface of the die is coplanar with the surface of the substrate. One way to accomplish this is to attach the 0.102mm (4 mil) thick die to a 0.150mm (6 mil) thick molybdenum heat spreader (moly-tab) which is then attached to the ground plane (Figure 2).

Microstrip substrates should be brought as close to the die as possible in order to minimize bond wire length. Typical die-to-substrate spacing is 0.076mm to 0.152 mm (3 to 6 mils).



Handling Precautions

Follow these precautions to avoid permanent damage.

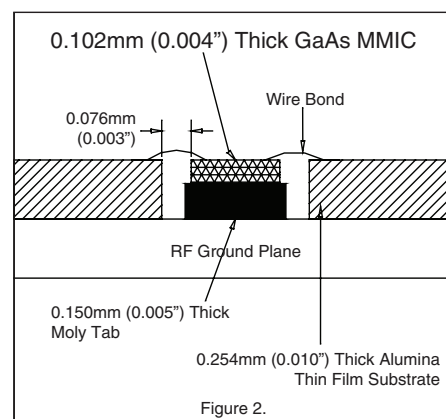
Storage: All bare die are placed in either Waffle or Gel based ESD protective containers, and then sealed in an ESD protective bag for shipment. Once the sealed ESD protective bag has been opened, all die should be stored in a dry nitrogen environment.

Cleanliness: Handle the chips in a clean environment. DO NOT attempt to clean the chip using liquid cleaning systems.

Static Sensitivity: Follow ESD precautions to protect against ESD strikes.

Transients: Suppress instrument and bias supply transients while bias is applied. Use shielded signal and bias cables to minimize inductive pick-up.

General Handling: Handle the chip along the edges with a vacuum collet or with a sharp pair of bent tweezers. The surface of the chip has fragile air bridges and should not be touched with vacuum collet, tweezers, or fingers.



Mounting

The chip is back-metallized and can be die mounted with electrically conductive epoxy. The mounting surface should be clean and flat.

Epoxy Die Attach: Apply a minimum amount of epoxy to the mounting surface so that a thin epoxy fillet is observed around the perimeter of the chip once it is placed into position. Cure epoxy per the manufacturer's schedule.

Wire Bonding

Ball or wedge bond with 0.025mm (1 mil) diameter pure gold wire. Thermosonic wirebonding with a nominal stage temperature of 150 °C and a ball bonding force of 40 to 50 grams or wedge bonding force of 18 to 22 grams is recommended. Use the minimum level of ultrasonic energy to achieve reliable wirebonds. Wirebonds should be started on the chip and terminated on the package or substrate. All bonds should be as short as possible <0.31mm (12 mils).

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