

SFP HSMC

Terasic SFP HSMC Board

User Manual



Preliminary Version

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Introduction

CHAPTER

1 Introduction



The Small Form-Factor Pluggable (SFP) HSMC board is a hardware platform for evaluating the interoperation of Altera FPGA, specifically Stratix IV GX, Arria GX, and Arria II GX, with generic SFP modules. The optical modules that are of particular importance are SGMII Ethernet, Fiber channel, CPRI/OBSAI and SONET. Furthermore, the SFP HSMC board is intended for customers to implement both telecommunication and data communications applications.

1.1 Features

Figure 1.1 shows the photo of the SFP HSMC board. The important features are listed below:

- 8 SFP Connectors
 - ✓ 4 Transceiver Based SFPs
 - ✓ 4 LVDS Bases SFPs
- 8 SMAs
 - ✓ 2 Transceiver Receive SMAs
 - ✓ 2 Transceiver Transmit SMAs
 - ✓ 1 LVDS Clock Input SMA pair (2 SMAs)
 - ✓ 2 Single-ended Clock Outputs SMAs
 - ✓ 1 LVDS Clock Output SMA pair (2 SMAs)
 - ✓ 1 LVPECL Clock Output SMA pair (2 SMAs)
- Power
 - ✓ 12V to 4V
 - ✓ 4V to 3.3V
- Clocks
 - ✓ 61.44 MHz
 - ✓ 125 MHz
 - ✓ 155.52 MHz
 - ✓ 156.25 MHz
 - ✓ Differential SMA
- High Speed Mezzanine Card (HSMC)



Figure 1.1. The SFP HSMC Board

1.2 About the KIT

This section describes the package content

- SFP HSMC Board x 1
- System CD-ROM x 1

The CD contains technical documents of the SFP HSMC, and reference designs along with the source code.



Figure 1.2 SFP HSMC Package

1.3 Assemble the SFP HSMC Board

This section describes how to connect the SFP HSMC board to a main board.

The SFP HSMC board connects with Altera DE3 Board



Introduction

The SFP HSMC connects to the Stratix IV GX FPGA Development Board



The SFP HSMC board connects with Altera Stratix III FPGA Deveopment Kit



Note. Do not attempt to connect/remove the SFP HSMC daughter board to/from the main board when the power is on, or else the hardware could be damaged.

Introduction

1.4 Getting Help

Here are some places to get help if you encounter any problem:

- ✓ Email to support@terasic.com
- ✓ Taiwan & China: +886-3-550-8800
- ✓ Korea : +82-2-512-7661
- ✓ Japan: +81-428-77-7000





This Chapter covers the architecture of the SFP HSMC board including its PCB and block diagram.

2.1 Layout and Componets

The picture of the SFP HSMC board is shown in Figure 2.1 and Figure 2.2. It depicts the layout of the board and indicates the location of the connectors and key components.



Figure 2.1. The SFP HSMC PCB and component diagram



Figure 2.2. The SFP HSMC Back side – HSMC connector view

The following components are provided on the SFP HSMC board :

- LVDS SFP[4-7] (J10), XCVR SFP Dip Switch (S5), XCVR LVDS Dip Switch (S4), CLK2_SMA_p (J14), CLK2_SMA_n (J15), SMA_CLK1 (J9), PLL 4:1 Input Multiplexer Dip Switch (S3), PLL 4:1 Input Multiplexer Dip Switch (S2), SMA_REFCLK (J11), SMA_REFCLK_n (J8), SMA_REFCLK_p (J4), CLOCK Dip Switch (S1), XCVR_TX4n (J5), XCVR_TX4p (J1), XCVR_TX4n (J6), XCVR_RX4p (J2), SMA_CLK_n (J7), SMA_CLK_p (J3)
- HSMC Connector (J17), XCVR SFP[0-3] (J16)

Architecture

2.2 Block Diagram



Figure 2.3. The block diagram of the SFP HSMC board



Board Components ter asic

This section illustrates the detailed information of the components, connector interfaces, and the pin mapping tables of the SFP HSMC board.

3.1 The SFP HSMC Connector

This section describes pin definition of the SFP HSMC interface onboard

All the control and data signals of the SFPs are connected to the HSMC connector, so users can fully control the SFP HSMC daughter board through the HSMC interface. Power is derived from 3.3V and 12V of the HSMC connector.



Figure 3.1. The pin-outs on the HSMC connector

Board Components

The table 3.1 below lists the HSMC signal direction and description.

| Pin | Name | Direction | Description |
|---------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| Numbers | | | |
| 1 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 2 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 3 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 4 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 5 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 6 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 7 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 8 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 9 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 10 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 11 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 12 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 13 | XCVR_TX4p | Output | SMA Transceiver Input |
| 14 | XCVR_RX4p | Input | SMA Transceiver Output |
| 15 | XCVR_TX4n | Output | SMA Transceiver Input |
| 16 | XCVR_RX4n | Input | SMA Transceiver Output |
| 17 | SFP3_TDp | Output | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 18 | SFP3_RDp | Input | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 19 | SFP3_TDn | Output | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 20 | SFP3_RDn | Input | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 21 | SFP2_TDp | Output | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 22 | SFP2_RDp | Input | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 23 | SFP2_TDn | Output | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 24 | SFP2_RDn | Input | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 25 | SFP1_TDp | Output | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 26 | SFP1_RDp | Input | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 27 | SFP1_TDn | Output | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 28 | SFP1_RDn | Input | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 29 | SFP0_TDp | Output | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 30 | SFP0_RDp | Input | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 31 | SFP0_TDn | Output | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 32 | SFP0_RDn | Input | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 33 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 34 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 35 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |

| | | Board (| Components |
|----|------------------|---------|---|
| 36 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 37 | JTAG_TDO_TDI | Inout | JTAG data loop through |
| 38 | JTAG_TDO_TDI | Inout | JTAG data loop through |
| 39 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 40 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 41 | SEL[0] | Inout | CLK 1 Select bit 0 |
| 42 | SEL[1] | Inout | CLK 1 Select bit 1 |
| 43 | SEL[2] | Inout | CLK 2 Select bit 2 |
| 44 | SEL[3] | Inout | CLK 2 Select bit 3 |
| 45 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 46 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 47 | SFP3_TXFAULT | Input | Module Transmitter Fault |
| 48 | SFP3_TXDISABLE | Output | Transmitter Disable, Turns off transmitter laser output |
| 49 | SFP3_MOD2_SDA | Input | SDA Serial Data Signal |
| 50 | SFP3_MOD1_SCL | Inout | SCL Serial Clock Signal |
| 51 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 52 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 53 | SFP3_MOD0_PRSNTn | Input | LED indicator that the module is present |
| 54 | SFP3_RATESEL | Output | Rate Select |
| 55 | SFP3_LOS | Input | Receiver Loss of Signal Indication |
| 56 | SFP2_TXFAULT | Input | Module Transmitter Fault |
| 57 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 58 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 59 | SFP2_TXDISABLE | Output | Transmitter Disable, Turns off transmitter laser output |
| 60 | SFP2_MOD2_SDA | Inout | SDA Serial Data Signal |
| 61 | SFP2_MOD1_SCL | Output | SCL Serial Clock Signal |
| 62 | SFP2_MOD0_PRSNTn | Input | LED indicator that the module is present |
| 63 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 64 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 65 | SFP2_RATESEL | Output | Rate Select |
| 66 | SFP2_LOS | Input | Receiver Loss of Signal Indication |
| 67 | SFP1_TXFAULT | Input | Module Transmitter Fault |
| 68 | SFP1_TXDISABLE | Output | Transmitter Disable, Turns off transmitter laser output |
| 69 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 70 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 71 | SFP1_MOD2_SDA | Inout | SDA Serial Data Signal |
| 72 | SFP1_MOD1_SCL | Output | SCL Serial Clock Signal |
| 73 | SFP1_MOD0_PRSNTn | Input | LED indicator that the module is present |

| | | Board (| Components |
|-----|------------------|---------|---|
| 74 | SFP1_RATESEL | Output | Rate Select |
| 75 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 76 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 77 | SFP1_LOS | Input | Receiver Loss of Signal Indication |
| 78 | SFP0_TXFAULT | Input | Module Transmitter Fault |
| 79 | SFP0_TXDISABLE | Output | Transmitter Disable, Turns off transmitter laser output |
| 80 | SFP0_MOD2_SDA | Inout | SDA Serial Data Signal |
| 81 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 82 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 83 | SFP0_MOD1_SCL | Output | SCL Serial Clock Signal |
| 84 | SFP0_MOD0_PRSNTn | Input | LED indicator that the module is present |
| 85 | SFP0_RATESEL | Output | Rate Select |
| 86 | SFP0_LOS | Input | Receiver Loss of Signal Indication |
| 87 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 88 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 89 | SFP4_TDp | Output | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 90 | SFP4_RDp | Input | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 91 | SFP4_TDn | Output | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 92 | SFP4_RDn | Input | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 93 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 94 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 95 | SFP4_TXFAULT | Input | Module Transmitter Fault |
| 96 | CLK1_p | Input | Differential Clock Input |
| 97 | SFP4_TXDISABLE | Output | Transmitter Disable, Turns off transmitter laser output |
| 98 | CLK1_n | Input | Differential Clock Input |
| 99 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 100 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 101 | SFP4_MOD2_SDA | Inout | SDA Serial Data Signal |
| 102 | SFP4_MOD1_SCL | Output | SCL Serial Clock Signal |
| 103 | SFP4_MOD0_PRSNTn | Input | LED indicator that the module is present |
| 104 | SFP4_RATESEL | Output | Rate Select |
| 105 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 106 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 107 | SFP4_LOS | Input | Receiver Loss of Signal Indication |
| 108 | SFP5_TXFAULT | Input | Module Transmitter Fault |
| 109 | SFP5_TXDISABLE | Output | Transmitter Disable, Turns off transmitter laser output |
| 110 | SFP5_MOD2_SDA | Inout | SDA Serial Data Signal |
| 111 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |

| | | Board C | Components |
|-----|------------------|---------|---|
| 112 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 113 | SFP5_TDp | Output | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 114 | SFP5_RDp | Input | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 115 | SFP5_TDn | Output | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 116 | SFP5_RDn | Input | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 117 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 118 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 119 | SFP5_MOD1_SCL | Output | SCL Serial Clock Signal |
| 120 | SFP5_MOD0_PRSNTn | Input | Not Connect |
| 121 | SFP5_RATESEL | Output | Rate Select |
| 122 | SFP5_LOS. | Input | Receiver Loss of Signal Indication |
| 123 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 124 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 125 | SFP6_TDp | Output | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 126 | SFP6_RDp | Input | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 127 | SFP6_TDn | Output | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 128 | SFP6_RDn | Input | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 129 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 130 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 131 | SFP6_TXFAULT | Input | Module Transmitter Fault |
| 132 | SFP6_TXDISABLE | Output | Transmitter Disable, Turns off transmitter laser output |
| 133 | SFP6_MOD2_SDA | Inout | SDA Serial Data Signal |
| 134 | SFP6_MOD1_SCL | Output | SCL Serial Clock Signal |
| 135 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 136 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 137 | SFP6_MOD0_PRSNTn | Input | LED indicator that the module is present |
| 138 | SFP6_RATESEL | Output | Rate Select |
| 139 | SFP6_LOS | Input | Receiver Loss of Signal Indication |
| 140 | SFP7_TXFAULT | Input | Module Transmitter Fault |
| 141 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 142 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 143 | SFP7_TDp | Output | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 144 | SFP7_RDp | Input | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 145 | SFP7_TDn | Output | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 146 | SFP7_RDn | Input | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 147 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 148 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 149 | SFP7_TXDISABLE | Output | Transmitter Disable, Turns off transmitter laser output |

| | | Board (| Components |
|-----|------------------|---------|--|
| 150 | SFP7_MOD2_SDA | Inout | SDA Serial Data Signal |
| 151 | SFP7_MOD1_SCL | Output | SCL Serial Clock Signal |
| 152 | SFP7_MOD0_PRSNTn | Input | LED indicator that the module is present |
| 153 | 3V3 | Power | Power 3.3V |
| 154 | 12V | Power | Power 12V |
| 155 | SFP7_RATESEL | Output | Rate Select |
| 156 | CLK2_p | Input | Differential Clock Input |
| 157 | SFP7_LOS | Input | Receiver Loss of Signal Indication |
| 158 | CLK2_n | Input | Differential Clock Input |
| 159 | N.C. | N/A | Not Connect |
| 160 | GND | Power | Power Ground |

3.2 Clock Circuitry

This section describes the board's clock inputs and outputs

LVDS clock frequencies of 61.44MHz, 125MHz, 155.52MHz, or 156.25MHz can be selected for HSMC CLK1p/CLK1n. CLK1p/CLk1n will be converted to a single-ended clock signal and output to an SMA.

LVDS clock frequencies of 125MHz, 155.52MHz, 156.25MHz, or SMA_CLKp/n can be selected for HSMC CLK2p/CLK2n pins. CLK2p/CLK2n will also be output directly to SMAs.

CLK_IN is a single-ended CMOS signal received by the daughter card from the FPGA and is cleaned-up with a frequency synthesizer. The cleaned-up clock is output to an LVPECL SMA pair.





Table 3.2 CLK1 Settings

| SEL [1:0] | CLK1p/CLK1n Frequency |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| 11 | 125.00 MHz (Default) |
| 10 | 155.52 MHz |
| 01 | 156.25 MHz |
| 00 | 61.44 MHz |

Table 3.3 CLK2 Settings

| SEL [3:2] | CLK2p/CLK2n Frequency |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| 11 | 125.00 MHz (Default) |
| 10 | 155.52 MHz |
| 01 | 156.25 MHz |
| 00 | SMA_CLK_p/n |

3.3 Power Supply

This section describes the power supply on the SFI HSMC board

The SFP HSMC is powered through the HSMC connector's 3.3V and 12V pins. The SFP and clocking circuitry requires 3.3V. A switching regulator powered from the 12 HSMC input produces 4V. Three linear regulators powered from 4V will produce the 3.3V. The switching frequency is set to 1MHz. The power distribution network is shown in the figure below. Max power consumption is estimated at 1A on 12V. Typical power consumption is considerably less than this.



Figure 3.3 Power distribution on the SFP HSMC board

Demonstration



Demonstration



This Chapter illustrates the reference designs for the SFP HSMC board

4.1 Introduction

This section describes the functionality of the demonstration briefly.

The demonstration shows how to run the SFP HSMC loopback test for both Transceiver/LVDS based channels using the SFP HSMC daughter board and the Stratix IV GX FPGA Development board. The demonstration is intended for users to provide a basic introduction to the SFP HSMC daughter board with the procedure to control different hardware and software settings.

4.2 System Requirements

The following items are required for the HSMC-DVI Server demonstration.

- SFP HSMC x 1
- Stratix IV GX FPGA Development Board x 1
- SFP Loopback Connectors x 4

4.3 Setup the Demonstration

Figure 4.3 and 4.4 shows how to setup hardware for the SFP HSMC demonstration.

Demonstration



Figure 4.3 Transceiver Loopback Test Setup



Figure 4.4 LVDS Loopback Test Setup

Note: The SFP HSMC board must be connected to HSMC Slot "B" of the Stratix IV GX FPGA Development Board for this demonstration

4.4 Demo Operation

This section describes the procedures of running the demonstration

FPGA Configuration

Demonstration Setup, File Locations, and Instructions

Transceiver Loopback Test Demo:

- Project directory: sfp_hsmb_s4gx_pcie_xcvr_loopback_6p25Gbps_restored
- Bit Stream used: hsmc_loopback.sof
- SFP HSMC Setup
 - ✓ Insert SFP modules with loopback connectors into SFP ports 0-3 on the SFP HSMC board
 - ✓ Set SW5 switches on the SFP HSMC all to the "0" position
- Stratix IV GX FPGA Development Kit Setup
 - ✓ Set SW3 switches 1-3 & 5-8 in the "down" position.
 - ✓ Set SW3 switch 4 in the "up" position
 - ✓ Set SW4 switches 1,2,4 in the "up" position and switches 3,5,6,8 in the "down" position
 - ✓ Set the rotary switch (SW2) to the 0 position
- Power on the Stratix IV GX FPGA Development Board and download the SOF file (hsmc_loopback.sof)
- Press and release CPU reset button located on the host board to initiate the test
- Press and release PB0, enabling comma detect
- Press and release PB1 enabling channel bonding
- Press and release PB2, start transmitting PRBS data
- LED0, LED1, and LED2 should be ON and LED3 should be OFF.
- Remove one of the SFP modules or one side of a connector so that the loopback will fail. A Failure is indicated on the Stratix IV GX FPGA Dev Kit when LED3 turns ON
- To reset the board test system, press and release the CPU reset button on the host board
- Press and release PB1 and PB2 at the same time creates an error in the transmitter data stream, where LED3 should be ON
- Press and release, the CPU reset button on the host board and verify the results

LVDS Loopback Test Demo:

- Project directory: sfp_hsmb_s4gx_pcie_lvds_loopback_restored
- Bit Stream used: hsmc_loopback.sof
- SFP HSMC Setup
 - ✓ Insert SFP modules with loopback connectors into SFP ports 4-7 on the SFP HSMC board
 - ✓ Set SW4 switches on the SFP HSMC all to the "1" position
- Stratix IV GX FPGA Development Kit Setup
 - ✓ Set SW3 switches 1-4 & 6-8 in the "down" position.
 - ✓ Set SW3 switch 5 in the "up" position
 - ✓ Set SW4 switches 1,2,4 in the "up" position and switches 3,5,6,8 in the "down" position

Demonstration

- ✓ Set the rotary switch (SW2) to the 0 position
- Power on the Stratix IV GX FPGA Development Board and download the SOF file (hsmc_loopback.sof)
- Press the CPU reset button located on the host board to initiate the test
- Press and release PB0, enabling comma detect
- Press and release PB1 enabling channel bonding
- Press and release PB2, start transmitting PRBS data
- LED0, LED1, and LED2 should be ON and LED3 should be OFF.
- Remove one of the SFP modules or one side of a connector so that the loopback will fail. A Failure is indicated on the Stratix IV GX FPGA Dev Kit when LED3 turns ON
- To reset the board test system, press and release the CPU reset button on the host board
- Press and release PB1 and PB2 at the same time creates an error in the transmitter data stream, where LED3 should be ON
- Press and release, the CPU reset button on the host board and verify the results

4.5 Overview

This section describes the design concepts for the SFP HSMC demonstration.

The demonstration is operating on Stratix GX Development Board HSMC Port B interface testing the four Transceiver/LVDS channels at 6.25Gbps. The transceiver signals HSMB[0:3] on the Stratix IV GX FPGA Development board are looped back through the SFP HSMC daughter board. The SFP HSMC board must have SFP modules inserted in SFP[0:3] locations with a loopback from SFP TX to SFP RX on each module. Four transceiver channels of pseudo-random data are 8B/10B encoded, serialized, pre-emphasized and transmitted out according to the following signals HSMB_TX_P/N[3:0] of the Stratix IV GX device at 6.25Gbps. These high-speed serial data are then looped back through an external SFP HSMC back to the Stratix IV GX device. Through the SFP HSMC board the data is then equalized, retimed, deserialized, word aligned, 8B/10B decoded, channel bonded, and then the four bonded channels are compared against a receive side PRBS generator inside the Stratix IV GX FPGA fabric.

The demonstration function block diagram is shown below in figure 4.5





Transceiver/LVDS Loopback Definitions

- RESET Resets the Board Test System
- PB0 Enable Comma Detect
- PB1 Enable Channel Bond
- PB2 Start Transmitting PRBS data

PB1 & PB2 – Pressing PB1 and PB2 at the same time creates and error in the transmitter data stream

- USER_LED[0] PLLs are locked
- USER_LED[1] Pattern Sync Acquired (Word aligned, Channel Bonded, 1st PRBS Data Received)
- USER_LED[2] Test Complete
- USER_LED[3] Error
- USER_LED[15:4] Heartbeat Pattern (Board is active)

Appendix





5.1 Revision History

| Date | Change Log |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| SEPT 1 , 2009 | Initial Version |
| April 20 , 2013 | Modify some board name |

5.2 Always Visit SFP HSMC Webpage for New Main board

We will be continuing providing interesting examples and labs on our SFP HSMC

webpage. Please visit www.altera.com or hsmcsfp.terasic.com for more information.

Mouser Electronics

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Terasic: <u>P0040</u>