

Low Jitter and Skew 10 to 140 MHz Zero Delay Buffer (ZDB)

Key Features

- 10 to 140 MHz operating frequency range
- Low output clock jitter:
 - 140 ps-max cycle-to-cycle jitter
- Low output-to-output skew: 150 ps-max
- Low product-to-product skew: 400 ps-max
- 3.3 V power supply range
- Low power dissipation:
 - 26 mA-max at 66 MHz
 - 44 mA-max at 133 MHz
- One input drives 9 outputs organized as 4+4+1
- Select mode to bypass PLL or tri-state outputs
- SpreadThru™ PLL that allows use of SSCG
- Standard and High-Drive options
- Available in 16-pin SOIC and TSSOP packages
- Available in Commercial and Industrial grades

Applications

- Printers and MFPs
- Digital Copiers
- PCs and Work Stations
- DTV
- Routers, Switchers and Servers
- Digital Embedded Systems

Description

The SL2309 is a low skew, low jitter and low power Zero Delay Buffer (ZDB) designed to produce up to nine (9) clock outputs from one (1) reference input clock, for high speed clock distribution applications.

The product has an on-chip PLL which locks to the input clock at CLKIN and receives its feedback internally from the CLKOUT pin.

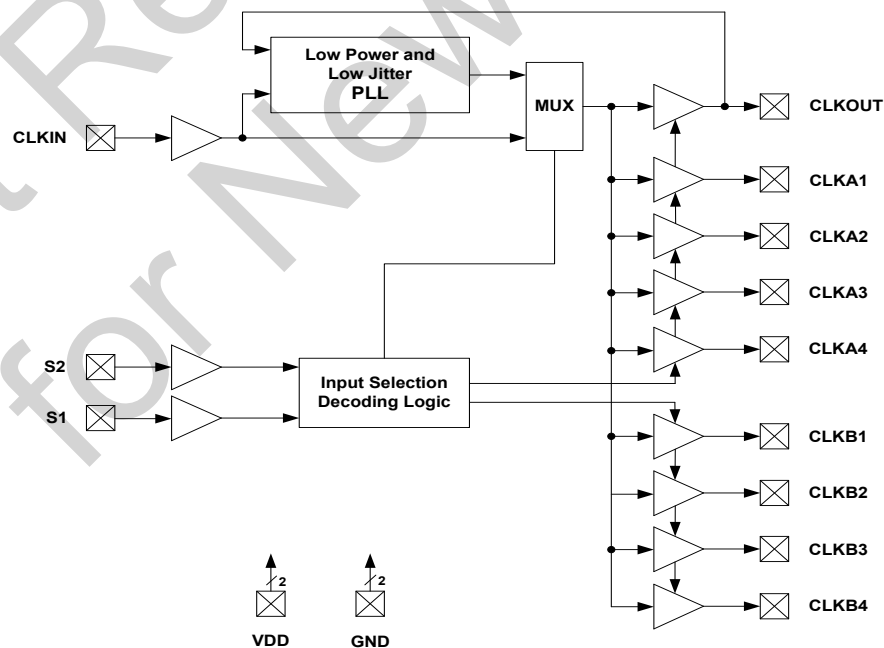
The SL2309 has two (2) clock driver banks each with four (4) clock outputs. These outputs are controlled by two (2) select input pins S1 and S2. When only four (4) outputs are needed, four (4) bank-B output clock buffers can be tri-stated to reduce power dissipation and jitter. The select inputs can also be used to tri-state both banks A and B or drive them directly from the input bypassing the PLL and making the product behave like a Non-Zero Delay Fanout Buffer (NZDB).

The high-drive (-1H) version operates up to 140MHz and low drive (-1) version operates up to 100MHz at 3.3V.

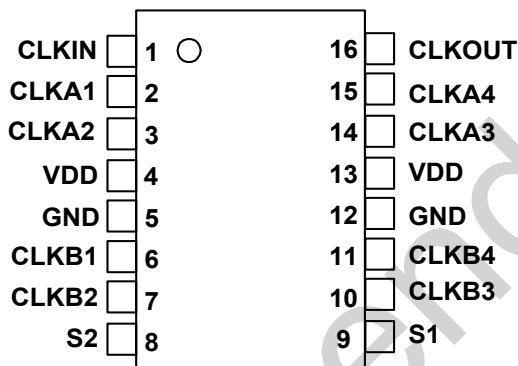
Benefits

- Up to nine (9) distribution of input clock
- Standard and High-Drive levels to control impedance level, frequency range and EMI
- Low power dissipation, jitter and skew
- Low cost

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration



16-Pin SOIC and TSSOP

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Pin Description
1	CLKIN	Input	Reference Frequency Clock Input. Weak pull-down (250k Ω).
2	CLKA1	Output	Buffered Clock Output, Bank A. Weak pull-down (250k Ω).
3	CLKA2	Output	Buffered Clock Output, Bank A. Weak pull-down (250k Ω).
4	VDD	Power	3.3V Power Supply.
5	GND	Power	Power Ground.
6	CLKB1	Output	Buffered Clock Output, Bank B. Weak pull-down (250k Ω).
7	CLKB2	Output	Buffered Clock Output, Bank B. Weak pull-down (250k Ω).
8	S2	Input	Select Input, select pin S2. Weak pull-up (250k Ω).
9	S1	Input	Select Input, select pin S1. Weak pull-up (250k Ω).
10	CLKB3	Output	Buffered Clock Output, Bank B. Weak pull-down (250k Ω).
11	CLKB4	Output	Buffered Clock Output, Bank B. Weak pull-down (250k Ω).
12	GND	Power	Power Ground.
13	VDD	Power	3.3V Power Supply.
14	CLKA3	Output	Buffered Clock Output, Bank A. Weak pull-down (250k Ω).
15	CLKA4	Output	Buffered Clock Output, Bank A. Weak pull-down (250k Ω).
16	CLKOUT	Output	Buffered Clock Output, PLL Internal Feedback Output. Weak pull-down (250k Ω).

General Description

The SL2309 is a low skew, low jitter Zero Delay Buffer with very low operating current.

The product includes an on-chip high performance PLL that locks into the input reference clock and produces nine (9) output clock drivers tracking the input reference clock for systems requiring clock distribution.

In addition to CLKOUT that is used for internal PLL feedback, there are two (2) banks with four (4) outputs in each bank, bringing the number of total available output clocks to nine (9).

Input and Output Frequency Range

The input and output frequency range is the same. But, it depends on the drive and output load (CL) levels as given in the below Table 1.

Drive	CL(pF)	Min(MHz)	Max(MHz)
HIGH	15	10	140
HIGH	30	10	100
LOW	15	10	100
LOW	30	10	66

Table 1. Input/Output Frequency Range

If the input clock is DC (GND to VDD) or floating, this is detected by an input frequency detection circuitry and all nine (9) clock outputs are forced to Hi-Z. The PLL is shutdown to save power. In this shutdown state, the product draws less than 12 μ A-max supply current.

In PLL by-pass mode (S2=1 and S1=0), the detection circuit is disabled and input frequency range is 10 to 100MHz for standard (-1) drive and 10 to 140MHz for high (-1H) drive.

SpreadThru™ Feature

If a Spread Spectrum Clock (SSC) were to be used as an input clock, the SL2309 is designed to pass the modulated Spread Spectrum Clock (SSC) signal from its reference input to the output clocks. The same spread characteristics at the input are passed through the PLL and drivers without any degradation in spread percent (%), spread profile and modulation frequency

Select Input Control (S2, S1)

The SL2309 provides two (2) input select control pins called S1 (Pin-9) and S2 (Pin-8). This feature enables users to select various states of output clock banks-A and bank-B, output source and PLL shutdown features as shown in the Table 2.

The S1 (Pin-9) and S2 (Pin-8) inputs include 250 k Ω weak pull-up resistors to VDD.

PLL Bypass Mode

If the S1 and S2 pins are logic Low(0) and High(1) respectively, the on-chip PLL is shutdown and bypassed, and all the nine output clocks; bank A, bank B and CLKOUT clocks are driven by directly from the reference input clock. In this operation mode SL2309 works like a non-ZDB fanout buffer. In this operation mode the input power-down detection circuit is disabled and outputs follow the input clock from DC to rated frequencies based on drive levels and load specifications.

High and Low-Drive Product Options

The SL2309 is offered with High Drive “-1H” and Standard Drive “-1” options. These drive options enable the users to control load levels, frequency range and EMI. Refer to the switching electrical tables for the details.

Skew and Zero Delay

All outputs should drive the similar load to achieve the output-to-output skew and input-to-output specifications given in the switching electrical tables. However, Zero Delay between input and outputs can be adjusted by changing the loading at CLKOUT relative to the banks A and B clocks since CLKOUT is the feedback to the PLL.

Power Supply Range (VDD)

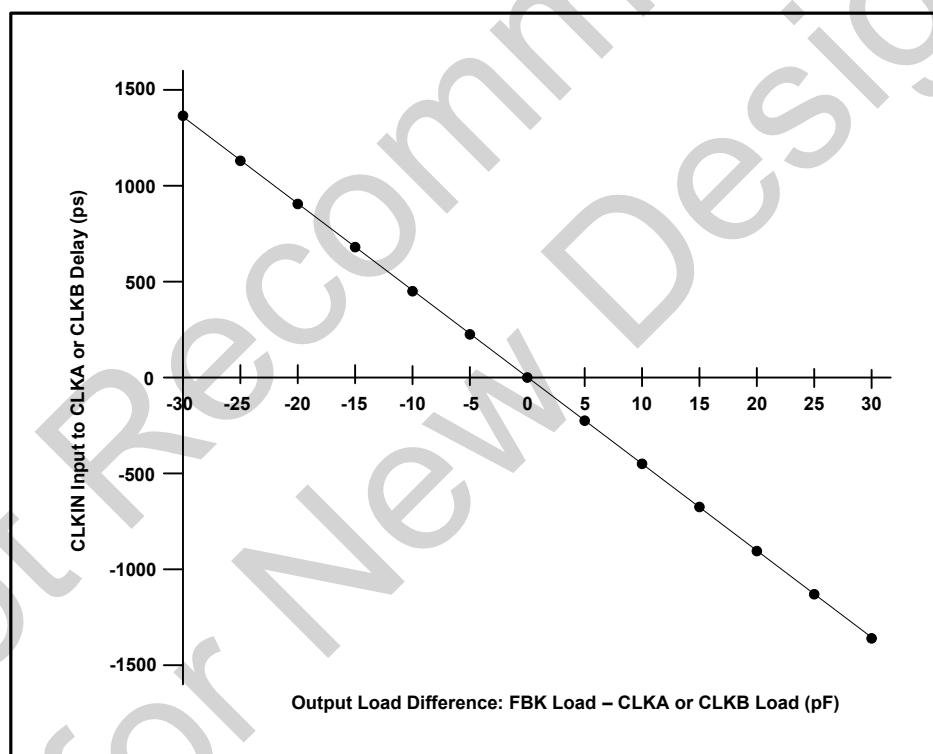
The SL2309 is designed to operate at VDD=3.3V (+/-10%). An internal on-chip voltage regulator is used to provide PLL constant power supply of 1.8V, leading to a consistent and stable PLL electrical performance in terms of skew, jitter and power dissipation.

SL23EP09

Refer to SL23EP09 for extended frequency operation from 10 to 220MHz and 2.5V to 3.3V power supply operation range.

S2	S1	Clock A1-A4	Clock B1-4	CLKOUT	Output Source	PLL Status
0	0	Tri-state	Tri-state	Driven	PLL	On
0	1	Driven	Tri-state	Driven	PLL	On
1	0	Driven	Driven	Driven	Reference	Off
1	1	Driven	Driven	Driven	PLL	On

Table 2. Select Input Decoding



**Figure 1. CLKIN Input to CLK A and B Delay
(In terms of load difference between CLKOUT and CLK A and B)**

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Description	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage, VDD		- 0.5	4.6	V
All Inputs and Outputs		- 0.5	VDD+0.5	V
Ambient Operating Temperature	In operation, C-Grade	0	70	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature	In operation, I-Grade	- 40	85	°C
Storage Temperature	No power is applied	- 65	150	°C
Junction Temperature	In operation, power is applied	-	125	°C
Soldering Temperature		-	260	°C
ESD Rating (Human Body Model)	JEDEC22-A114D	-4,000	4,000	V
ESD Rating (Charge Device Model)	JEDEC22-C101C	-1,500	1,500	V
ESD Rating (Machine Model)	JEDEC22-A115D	-250	250	V
Latch-up	125°C	-200	200	mA

Operating Conditions: Unless otherwise stated VDD=3.3V+/-10% and both C and I Grades

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
VDD	3.3V Supply Voltage	3.3V+/-10%	3.0	3.6	V
TA	Operating Temperature(Ambient)	Commercial	0	70	°C
		Industrial	- 40	85	°C
CLOAD	Load Capacitance	10 to 140 MHz, -1H high drive All active PLL modes	-	15	pF
		10 to 100 MHz, -1H high drive All active PLL modes	-	30	pF
		10 to 100MHz, -1 standard drive All active PLL modes	-	15	pF
		10 to 66MHz, -1 standard drive All active PLL modes	-	30	pF
CIN	Input Capacitance	S1, S2 and CLKIN pins	-	7	pF
tpu	Power-up Time	Power-up time for all VDDs to reach minimum VDD voltage (VDD=3.0V).	0.05	100	ms
CLBW	Closed-loop bandwidth	3.3V, (typical)	1.2		MHz
ZOUT	Output Impedance	3.3V, (typical), -1H high drive	22		Ω
		3.3V, (typical), -1 standard drive	32		Ω

DC Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise stated VDD=3.3V+/-10% and both C and I Grades

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
VDD	Supply Voltage		3.0	3.6	V
VIL	Input LOW Voltage	CLKIN, S2 and S1 Pins	–	0.8	V
VIH	Input HIGH Voltage	CLKIN, S2 and S1 pins	2.0	VDD+0.3	V
IIL	Input LOW Current	CLKIN, S2 and S1 Pins, 0 < VIN < 0.8V	–	25	µA
IIH	Input HIGH Current	CLKIN, S2 and S1 Pins, VIN = VDD	–	50	µA
VOL	Output LOW Voltage (All outputs)	IOL = 8 mA (standard drive)	–	0.4	V
		IOL = 12 mA (high drive)	–	0.4	V
VOH	Output HIGH Voltage (All outputs)	IOH = –8 mA (standard drive)	2.4	–	V
		IOH = –12 mA (high drive)	2.4	–	V
IDDPD	Power Down Supply Current CLKIN=0 to VDD or floating (input will be pulled-down by 250kΩ weak pull-down on-chip resistor)	C-Grade	–	12	µA
		I-Grade	–	25	µA
IDD1	Power Supply Current	All Outputs CL=0, 33MHz CLKIN S2=S1=1 (High)	–	14	mA
IDD2	Power Supply Current	All Outputs CL=0, 66MHz CLKIN S2=S1=1 (High)	–	26	mA
IDD3	Power Supply Current	All Outputs CL=0, 100MHz CLKIN S2=S1=1 (High)	–	36	mA
IDD4	Power Supply Current	All Outputs CL=0, 133MHz CLKIN S2=S1=1 (High)	–	44	mA
RPU/D	Pull-up and Pull-down Resistors	Pins-1/2/3/6/7/8/9/10/11/14/15/16 250kΩ-typ	175	325	kΩ

Switching Specifications: Unless otherwise stated VDD=3.3V+/-10% and both C and I Grades

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
FMAX1	Maximum Frequency ^[1] (Input=Output) All Active PLL Modes	High drive (-1H). All outputs CL=15pF	10	–	140	MHz
		High drive (-1H), All outputs CL=30pF	10	–	100	MHz
		Standard drive, (-1), All outputs CL=15pf	10	–	100	MHz
		Standard drive, (-1), All outputs CL=30pf	10	–	66	MHz
FMAX2	Maximum Frequency ^[1] (Input=Output) PLL Bypass Mode (S2=1 and S1=0)	High drive (-1H). All outputs CL=15pF	0	–	140	MHz
		High drive (-1H), All outputs CL=30pF	0	–	100	MHz
		Standard drive, (-1), All outputs CL=15pf	0	–	100	MHz
		Standard drive, (-1), All outputs CL=30pf	0	–	66	MHz
INDC	Input Duty Cycle	Measured at 1.4V, Fout=66MHz, CL=15pF	30	50	70	%
OUTDC1	Output Duty Cycle ^[2]	Measured at 1.4V, Fout=66MHz, CL=15pF	40	50	60	%
OUTDC2	Output Duty Cycle ^[2]	Measured at 1.4V, Fout=66MHz, CL=15pF	40	50	60	%

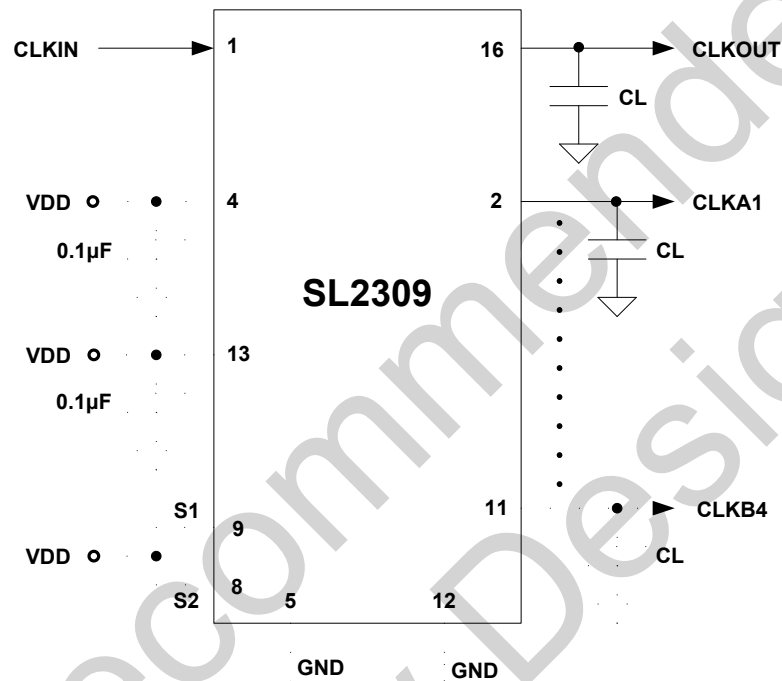
tr/f	Rise, Fall Time (3.3V) ^[2] (Measured at: 0.8 to 2.0V)	High drive (-1H), CL=15pF	–	–	1.5	ns
		High drive (-1H), CL=30pF	–	–	1.8	ns
		Standard drive (-1), CL=15pF	–	–	2.2	ns
		Standard drive (-1), CL=30pF	–	–	2.5	ns
t1	Output-to-Output Skew ^[2] (Measured at VDD/2)	All outputs CL=0 or equally loaded, -1 or -1H drives	–	70	150	ps
t2	Product-to-Product Skew ^[2] (Measured at VDD/2)	All outputs CL=0 or equally loaded, -1 or -1H drives	–	180	400	ps
t3	Delay Time, CLKIN Rising Edge to CLKOUT Rising Edge ^[2] (Measured at VDD/2)	PLL Bypass mode Only when S2=1 and S1=0	1.5	5	8.7	ns
		PLL enabled All active PLL modes	–220	–	220	ps
tPLOCK	PLL Lock Time ^[2]	Time from 90% of VDD to valid clocks on all the output clocks	–	–	1.0	ms
CCJ	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter ^[2]	Fin=Fout=66 MHz, <CL=15pF, -1H drive	–	70	140	ps
		Fin=Fout=66 MHz, <CL=15pF, -1 drive	–	75	150	ps
		Fin=Fout=66 MHz, <CL=30pF, -1H drive	–	80	160	ps
		Fin=Fout=66 MHz, <CL=30pF, -1 drive	–	85	170	ps

Notes:

1. For the given maximum loading conditions. See CL in Operating Conditions Table.
2. Parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production.

External Components & Design Considerations

Typical Application Schematic



Comments and Recommendations

Decoupling Capacitor: A decoupling capacitor of 0.1μF must be used between VDD and VSS pins. Place the capacitor on the component side of the PCB as close to the VDD pins as possible. The PCB trace to the VDD pin and to the GND via should be kept as short as possible. Do not use vias between the decoupling capacitor and the VDD pin.

Series Termination Resistor: A series termination resistor is recommended if the distance between the output clocks and the load is over 1 ½ inch. The nominal impedance of the clock outputs is given on the page 4. Place the series termination resistors as close to the clock outputs as possible.

Zero Delay and Skew Control: All outputs and CLKIN pins should be loaded with the same load to achieve “Zero Delay” between the CLKIN and the outputs. The CLKOUT pin is connected to CLKIN internally on-chip for feedback to PLL, and sees an additional 2 pF load with respect to Bank A and B clocks. For applications requiring zero input/output delay, the load at the all output pins including the CLKOUT pin must be the same. If any delay adjustment is required, the capacitance at the CLKOUT pin could be increased or decreased to increase or decrease the delay between Bank A and B clocks and CLKIN.

For minimum pin-to-pin skew, the external load at all the Bank A and B clocks must be the same.

Switching Waveforms

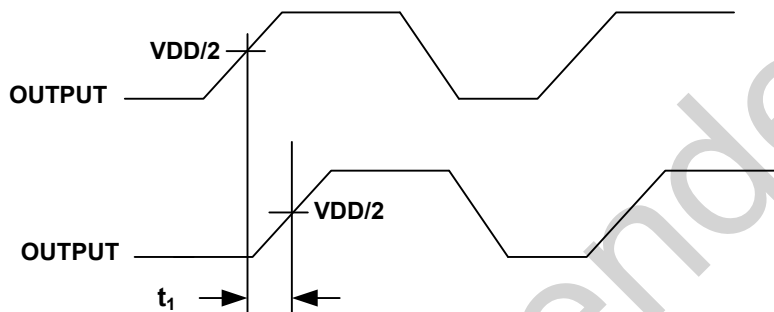


Figure 2. Output to Output Skew

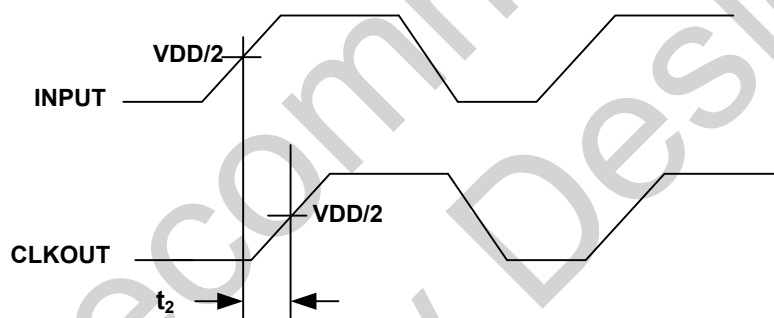


Figure 3. Input-to-Output Skew

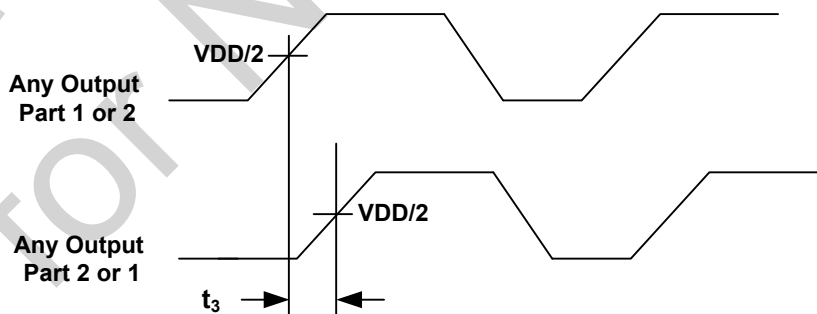
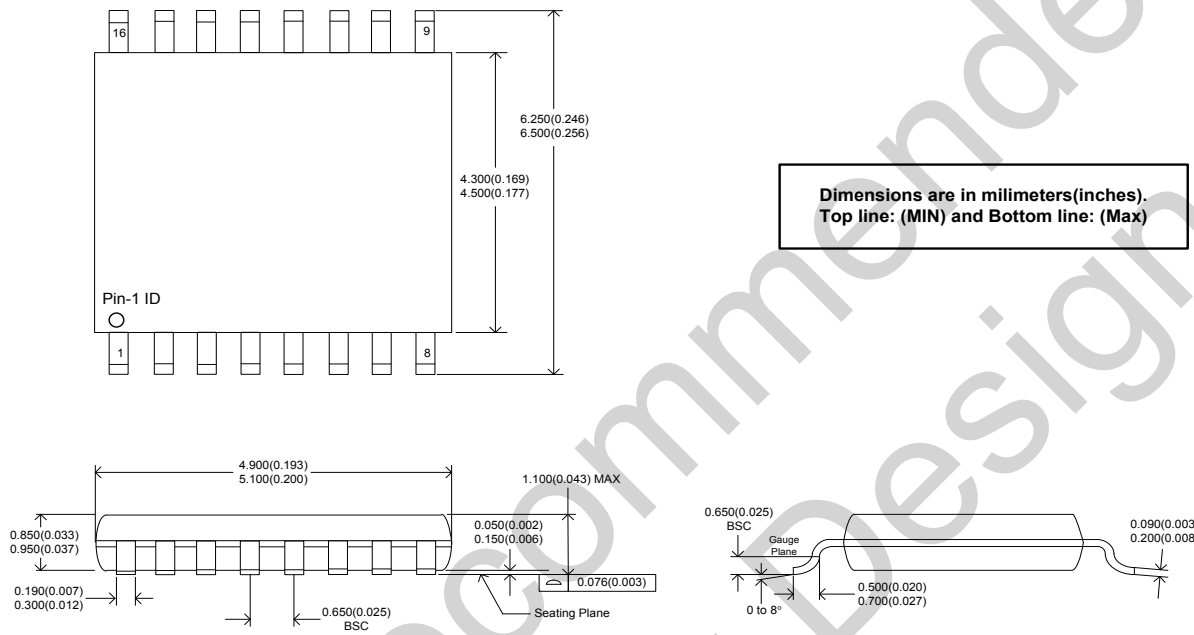


Figure 4. Part-to-Part Skew

Package Drawing and Dimensions

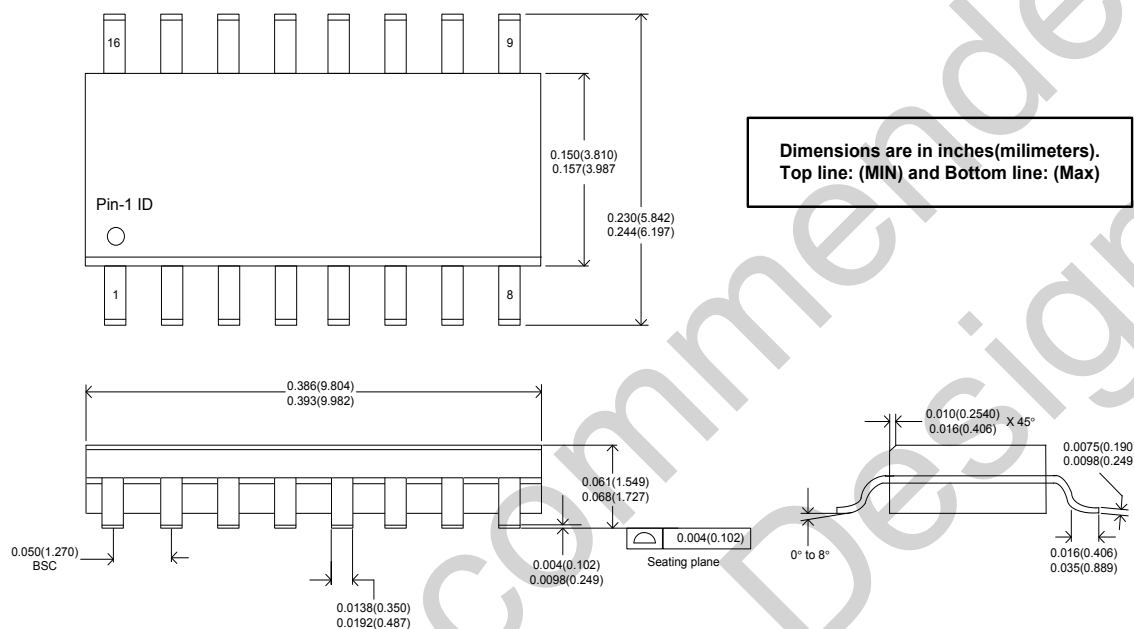
16-Lead TSSOP (4.4-mm)



Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	θ_{JA}	Still air	-	80	-	°C/W
	θ_{JA}	1m/s air flow	-	70	-	°C/W
	θ_{JA}	3m/s air flow	-	68	-	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	θ_{JC}	Independent of air flow	-	36	-	°C/W

16-Lead SOIC (150-Mil)



Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	θ_{JA}	Still air	-	120	-	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
	θ_{JA}	1m/s air flow	-	115	-	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
	θ_{JA}	3m/s air flow	-	105	-	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	θ_{JC}	Independent of air flow	-	60	-	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

Ordering Information ^[3]

Ordering Number	Marking	Shipping Package	Package	Temperature
SL2309BZC-1H	SL2309BZC-1H	Tube	16-pin TSSOP	0 to 70°C
SL2309BZC-1HT	SL2309BZC-1H	Tape and Reel	16-pin TSSOP	0 to 70°C
SL2309BZI-1H	SL2309BZI-1H	Tube	16-pin TSSOP	-40 to 85°C
SL2309BZI-1HT	SL2309BZI-1H	Tape and Reel	16-pin TSSOP	-40 to 85°C
SL2309BSC-1	SL2309BSC-1	Tube	16-pin SOIC	0 to 70°C
SL2309BSC-1T	SL2309BSC-1	Tape and Reel	16-pin SOIC	0 to 70°C
SL2309BSC-1H	SL2309BSC-1H	Tube	16-pin SOIC	0 to 70°C
SL2309BSC-1HT	SL2309BSC-1H	Tape and Reel	16-pin SOIC	0 to 70°C
SL2309BSI-1	SL2309BSI-1	Tube	16-pin SOIC	-40 to 85°C
SL2309BSI-1T	SL2309BSI-1	Tape and Reel	16-pin SOIC	-40 to 85°C
SL2309BSI-1H	SL2309BSI-1H	Tube	16-pin SOIC	-40 to 85°C
SL2309BSI-1HT	SL2309BSI-1H	Tape and Reel	16-pin SOIC	-40 to 85°C
Rev A part numbers below are not recommended for new designs				
SL2309ZC-1 ^[4]	SL2309ZC-1	Tube	16-pin TSSOP	0 to 70°C
SL2309ZC-1T ^[4]	SL2309ZC-1	Tape and Reel	16-pin TSSOP	0 to 70°C
SL2309ZC-1H ^[4]	SL2309ZC-1H	Tube	16-pin TSSOP	0 to 70°C
SL2309ZC-1HT ^[4]	SL2309ZC-1H	Tape and Reel	16-pin TSSOP	0 to 70°C
SL2309ZI-1 ^[4]	SL2309ZI-1	Tube	16-pin TSSOP	-40 to 85°C
SL2309ZI-1T ^[4]	SL2309ZI-1	Tape and Reel	16-pin TSSOP	-40 to 85°C
SL2309ZI-1H ^[4]	SL2309ZI-1H	Tube	16-pin TSSOP	-40 to 85°C
SL2309ZI-1HT ^[4]	SL2309ZI-1H	Tape and Reel	16-pin TSSOP	-40 to 85°C
SL2309SC-1 ^[4]	SL2309SC-1	Tube	16-pin SOIC	0 to 70°C
SL2309SC-1T ^[4]	SL2309SC-1	Tape and Reel	16-pin SOIC	0 to 70°C
SL2309SC-1H ^[4]	SL2309SC-1H	Tube	16-pin SOIC	0 to 70°C
SL2309SC-1HT ^[4]	SL2309SC-1H	Tape and Reel	16-pin SOIC	0 to 70°C
SL2309SI-1 ^[4]	SL2309SI-1	Tube	16-pin SOIC	-40 to 85°C
SL2309SI-1T ^[4]	SL2309SI-1	Tape and Reel	16-pin SOIC	-40 to 85°C
SL2309SI-1H ^[4]	SL2309SI-1H	Tube	16-pin SOIC	-40 to 85°C
SL2309SI-1HT ^[4]	SL2309SI-1H	Tape and Reel	16-pin SOIC	-40 to 85°C

Notes:

3. The SL2309 products are RoHS compliant.
4. Not recommended for new designs



ClockBuilder Pro

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