

#### **DATA SHEET**

# Si53258/Si53254 8/4-Output PCIe Gen 1/2/3/4/5/6 Clock Buffers

The Si53258/54 are the industry's highest performance and lowest power automotive grade PCI Express fanout buffers for PCIe Gen1/2/3/4/5/6 common clock and/or SRIS applications. The Si53258 and Si53254 source eight and four 100 MHz PCIe differential clock outputs, respectively. All clock outputs are compliant to PCIe Gen1/2/3/4/5/6 common clock and separate reference clock architecture specifications.

Hardware control pins are available for enabling and disabling the outputs, as well as input selection for devices that include dual-input functionality.

For more information about PCI Express, Skyworks' complete PCIe portfolio, application notes, and design tools including Skyworks' PCIe Clock Jitter Tool for PCI Express compliance, visit the Skyworks Timing PCI Express Learning Center page.

#### **Applications**

- Infotainment
- ADAS ECU
- Radar sensors
- LiDar sensors

#### **Features**

- 8/4-outputs with internal termination
- PCIe Gen 1/2/3/4/5/6 compliant
- AEC-Q100 qualified
- AEC-Q006 qualified
- Automotive Grade 2: –40 to +105 °C
- Internal 100  $\Omega$  or 85  $\Omega$  line matching
- Excellent additive jitter performance
  - 0.05 ps RMS (Gen 3/4)
  - 0.025 ps RMS (Gen 5)
  - 0.013 ps RMS (Gen 6)
- Spread spectrum tolerant to pass through a spread input clock for EMI reduction
- Individual hardware control pins for Output Enable
- Optional dual input capability with MUX
- 1.8 to 3.3 V power supply
- Pb-free, RoHS-6 compliant



Skyworks Green<sup>™</sup> products are compliant with all applicable legislation and are halogen-free. For additional information, refer to *Skyworks Definition of Green*<sup>™</sup>, document number SQ04–0074.

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#### 1. Features

- 8/4-HCSL outputs with internal termination
- PCIe Gen1/2/3/4/5/6 compliant
- Automotive Grade 2: –40 to +105 °C
- Internal 100  $\Omega$  or 85  $\Omega$  line matching
- Excellent additive jitter performance
  - 0.05 ps RMS (Gen 3/4)
  - 0.025 ps RMS (Gen 5)
  - 0.013 ps RMS (Gen 6)
- Spread spectrum tolerant to pass through a spread input clock for EMI reduction
- Loss of Signal (LOS) output pin
- Individual hardware control pins for Output Enable
- Optional dual input capability with MUX
- 1.8 to 3.3 V power supply
- Pb-free, RoHS-6 compliant

# 2. Ordering Guide

Table 1. Si53258/Si53254 Ordering Guide

Number of Outputs	Number of Inputs	Part Number	Package Type	Temperature
	1	Si53258A-D01AM	40-QFN	
8	1	Si53258A-D01AMR	40-QFN, tape and reel	
8	2	Si53258A-D03AM	40-QFN	
		Si53258A-D03AMR	40-QFN, tape and reel	Automotive temperature range:
	1	Si53254A-D01AM	32-QFN	−40 to 105 °C
4	1	Si53254A-D01AMR	32-QFN, tape and reel	
4	2	Si53254A-D03AM	40-QFN	
		Si53254A-D03AMR	40-QFN, tape and reel	

# 3. Functional Description

#### 3.1. Functional Block Diagrams

#### 3.1.1. Si53258A-D01AM Functional Block Diagram

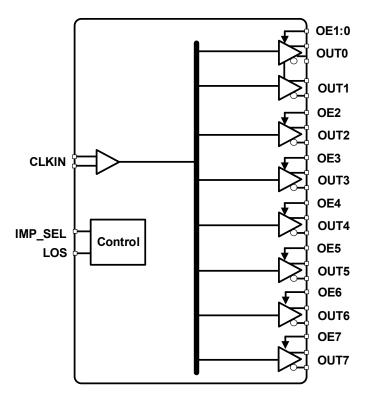


Figure 1. Si53258A-D01AM Functional Block Diagram

#### 3.1.2. Si53254A-D01AM Functional Block Diagram

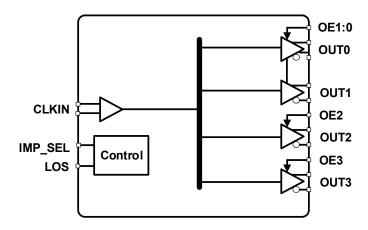


Figure 2. Si53254A-D01AM Functional Block Diagram

#### 3.1.3. Si53258A-D03AM Functional Block Diagram

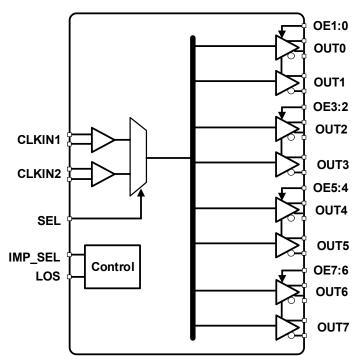


Figure 3. Si53258A-D03AM Functional Block Diagram

#### 3.1.4. Si53254A-D03AM Functional Block Diagram

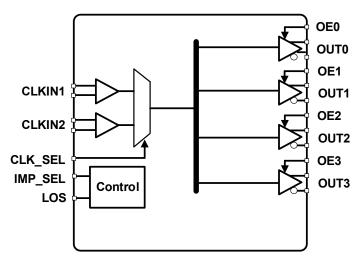


Figure 4. Si53254A-D03AM Functional Block Diagram

#### 3.2. Input Clock Termination

When supplying a differential input clock, ac or dc coupling can be used. The figures below show the ac- and dc-coupled differential input clock connection to the clock input pins. The input clock Format Termination shown in the figures below is dependent on the driver's termination requirements. The Si5325x clock inputs are high-impedance inputs, and the clock driven in must meet the specified electrical requirements.

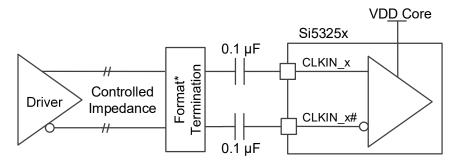
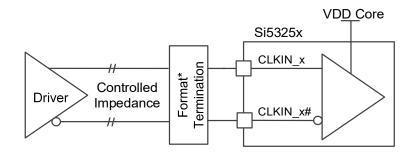


Figure 5. AC-Coupled Differential Input Clock (LVDS, LVPECL, HCSL, CML, etc.)



**Figure 6. DC-Coupled Differential Input Clock** 

To determine if a specific dc-coupled differential input clock arrangement is supported, refer to Table 2.

Format	VDD_Core					
ronnat	3.3 V	2.5 V	1.8 V			
LVDS 3.3 V/2.5 V	AC or DC	AC only	AC only			
LVDS 1.8 V	AC or DC	AC only	AC only			
LVPECL 3.3 V/2.5 V	AC or DC	AC only	AC only			
HCSL	AC or DC	AC or DC	AC only			
CML	AC only	AC only	AC only			
LVCMOS	DC only	DC only	DC only			

Table 2. Si5325x Input Clock Coupling Restrictions (AC or DC)<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1.</sup> For dc-coupled, input clock peak voltage must not exceed VDD\_Core and minimum voltage must not be below GND.

<sup>2.</sup> For ac-coupled LVCMOS, peak swing must not exceed VDD\_Core.

Figure 7 below shows how to connect single-ended input clocks, such as LVCMOS. The single-ended clock must be connected to the positive CLKIN input as shown below.

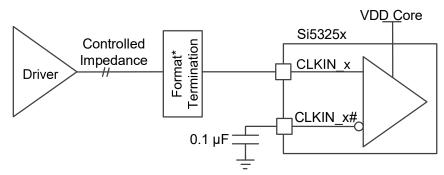


Figure 7. DC-Coupled Single-Ended Input Clock (LVCMOS)

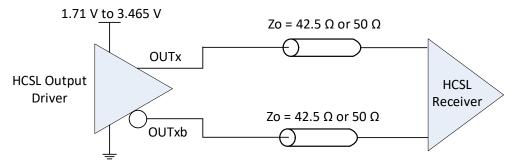
For dc-coupled single-ended input clocks (such as LVCMOS) the Vswing of the clock must be limited to the maximum VDD\_Core voltage. (VDD\_Core is defined as the following group of VDD supply pins: VDD\_DIG, VDDA, and VDD\_XTAL.) The Input clock format termination is dependent on the driver format used and is usually specified by the driving device and/or industry standard clock format specification.

For example, in the case of using a LVCMOS input clock, the driving device may recommend a series termination resistor. When using LVCMOS input clocks the Si5325x input must be configured in LVCMOS mode in CBPro. The single-ended CLKIN input of Si5325x is a high impedance input.

#### 3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations

#### 3.3.1. Termination for HCSL Outputs

The Si53254/8 HCSL driver features integrated termination resistors to simplify interfacing to an HCSL receiver. The HCSL driver supports both 100  $\Omega$  and 85  $\Omega$  transmission line options, and can be selected using the IMP\_SEL hardware input pin.



**Figure 8. HCSL Internal Termination Mode** 

#### 3.4. Output Enable/Disable

An output enable pin provides a convenient method of disabling or enabling the output drivers. When the output enable pin is held high, all designated outputs will be disabled. When held low, the designated outputs will be enabled.

#### 3.4.1. For Differential Outputs

Output disabled means the differential output **pair** goes to a logical "0" state. The positive side goes low, and the negative side goes high. The high and low voltage levels are in accordance with the configured output format type for each differential pair. The output pair will statically remain at these levels as long as the output is disabled. Upon being enabled, the outputs will start up synchronous to the output clock to avoid output runt pulses or glitches.

#### 3.5. Loss of Signal (LOS)

The LOS indicator is used to check for the presence of an input reference source (crystal or clock). LOS will assert when the reference source frequency drops below approximately 10 MHz.

The LOS pin must be checked prior to selecting the clock input or should be polled to check for the presence of the currently selected input clock. In the event that a reference source is not present, the associated LOS pin will assume a logic low (LOS = 0) state. When a reference source is present at the associated input clock pin, the LOS pin will assume a logic high (LOS = 1) state.

### 4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations

The Si53258/4 features internal LDOs on each power supply pin, providing excellent power supply noise rejection. As a guideline, each power supply pin should use a parallel combination of a 1  $\mu$ f and a 0.1  $\mu$ F bypass capacitor placed as close to the supply pin as possible.

#### 5. Electrical Specifications

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Value	Units
Storage temperature range	T <sub>STG</sub>		-55 to +150	°C
	V <sub>DD</sub>		-0.5 to 3.8	V
DC supply voltage	V <sub>DDA</sub>		-0.5 to 3.8	V
De supply voltage	VDD <sub>xtal</sub>		-0.5 to 3.8	V
	V <sub>DDO</sub>		-0.5 to 3.8	V
Input voltage range	V <sub>I</sub>		-0.3 to 1.3	V
Latch-up tolerance	LU		JESD78 compl	ant
ESD tolerance	НВМ	100 pF, 1.5 kΩ	2.0	kV
Junction temperature	T <sub>JCT</sub>		-55 to 125	°C
Soldering temperature	T <sub>PEAK</sub>		260	°C
Soldering temperature time at T <sub>PEAK</sub>	T <sub>P</sub>		20 to 40	sec

<sup>1.</sup> Permanent device damage may occur if the absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as specified in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 4. Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>1</sup>  $V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = V_{DD\_DIG} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 3.3 \text{ V } \pm 5\%, V_{DDO} = 1.8 \text{ V } \pm 5\%, 2.5 \text{ V } \pm 5\%, \text{ or } 3.3 \text{ V } \pm 5\%, T_A = -40 \text{ to } 105 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Ambient temperature	T <sub>A</sub>		-40	25	105	°C
Junction temperature	TJ <sub>MAX</sub>		_	_	125	°C
Core supply voltage	$V_{DDA}, V_{DD\_DIG}, V_{DD}$		1.71	_	3.46	V
Output driver supply voltage	V <sub>DDO</sub>		1.42 <sup>2</sup>	_	3.46	V

<sup>1.</sup> All minimum and maximum specifications are guaranteed and apply across the recommended operating conditions. Typical values apply at nominal supply voltages and an operating temperature of 25 °C unless otherwise noted.

2. LVCMOS outputs only.

**Table 5. DC Characteristics**  $V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = V_{DD} \ _{DIG} = 1.8 \ V \ to \ 3.3 \ V \ \pm 5\%, V_{DDO} = 1.8 \ V \ \pm 5\%, 2.5 \ V \ \pm 5\%, or \ 3.3 \ V \ \pm 5\%, T_A = -40 \ to \ 105 \ ^{\circ}C$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition		Min	Тур	Max	Units
Core supply current	I <sub>DD</sub>			_	11	18	mA
Output buffer supply current	I <sub>DDOx</sub>	HCSL Output <sup>1</sup>	@ 100 MHz	_	20	22	mA
Total power dissipation	P <sub>d</sub>	40-pin			530	670	mW
iotal power dissipation	' d	32-pin		_	145	215	mW

<sup>1.</sup> Differential outputs terminated into a 100  $\Omega$  load at 3.3 V.

For more packaging information, visit the Skyworks environmental compliance page.
 The device is compliant with JEDEC J-STD-020.

Table 6. Clock Input Specifications 1,2  $V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = V_{DD\_DIG} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 3.3 \text{ V } \pm 5\%, V_{DDO} = 1.8 \text{ V } \pm 5\%, 2.5 \text{ V } \pm 5\%, \text{ or } 3.3 \text{ V } \pm 5\%, T_A = -40 \text{ to } 105 \text{ °C}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input Clock (AC-Coupled Differential Input	Clock on CLKIN_2/CLKIN	_2# or CLKIN_3/CLKIN_3#)				
Frequency	F <sub>IN</sub>	Differential	_	100	_	MHz
Voltage swing	V <sub>PP_DIFF</sub> <sup>3</sup>		0.5	_	1.8	V <sub>PP_diff</sub>
Slew rate	SR/SF	20 to 80%	0.75	_	_	V/ns
Duty cycle	DC		40	_	60	%
Input impedance	R <sub>IN</sub>		10	_	_	kΩ
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>		2	3.5	6	pF

- 1. Imposed for jitter performance.
- Rise and Fall times may be estimated using the following simplified equation: tr/tf<sub>80-20</sub> = ((0.08 0.2) x V<sub>IN\_Vpp\_se</sub>) / SR.
   V<sub>PP\_DIFF</sub> = 2 x V<sub>PP\_SINGLE-ENDED</sub>

**Table 7. Control Pins**  $V_{DD}$  =  $V_{DDA}$  =  $V_{DD\ DIG}$  = 1.8 V to 3.3 V ±5%,  $T_A$  = -40 to 105 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
OEB_OUTx, IMP_SEL Pins (Inputs)			<b>- '</b>			
Input voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		-0.1	_	0.3 x V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V
input voitage	V <sub>IH</sub>		0.7 x V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>1</sup>	_	1.1 x V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>		_	_	4	pF
Pull-up/down resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>		_	50	_	kΩ
LOS Pin (Output)	·		•			
Output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	Pull-up = 1kΩ	_	_	0.4	V
Pull-up resistance	R <sub>PU</sub>		1	_	10	kΩ
LOS assertion time			_	120	_	μs
LOS deassertion time			_	95	_	μs

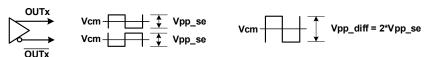
<sup>1.</sup> VDD indicates all core voltages, VDD\_DIG and VDDA, that must use the same nominal voltage.

#### Table 8. Differential Clock Output Specifications

 $V_{DD}$  =  $V_{DDA}$  =  $V_{DD\_DIG}$  = 1.8 V to 3.3 V ±5%,  $V_{DDO}$  = 1.8 V ±5%, 2.5 V ±5%, or 3.3 V ±5%,  $T_A$  = -40 to 105 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Test Co	ondition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output frequency	f <sub>OUT</sub>				100		MHz
Duty cycle	DC	With 50% du	ity cycle input.	48	_	52	%
Output-output skew	T <sub>SK</sub>			_	_	80	ps
Output voltage swing	V <sub>SEPP</sub>	HCSL		0.7	0.8	0.9	V <sub>PP</sub>
Common mode voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	HCSL		0.35	0.4	0.45	٧
HCSL edge rate	Edgr	Note	s 1,2,3	1	_	4.5	V/ns
HCSL delta-tr	D <sub>tr</sub>	Note	s 2,4,5	_	_	155	ps
HCSL delta-tf	D <sub>tf</sub>	Note	s 2,4,5	_	_	155	ps
HCSL Vcross abs	V <sub>xa</sub>	Notes	2,4,6,7	250	_	550	mV
HCSL delta Vcross	D <sub>vcrs</sub>	Notes 2,4,8		_	_	140	mV
HCSL V <sub>ovs</sub>	V <sub>ovs</sub>	Notes 2,4,9		_	_	V <sub>HIGH</sub> + 300	mV
HCSL V <sub>uds</sub>	V <sub>uds</sub>	Notes 2,4,10		_	_	V <sub>LOW</sub> – 300	mV
HCSL V <sub>rng</sub>	V <sub>rng</sub>	Notes 2,4		V <sub>HIGH</sub> – 200	_	V <sub>LOW</sub> + 200	mV
Rise and fall times (20% to 80%)	t <sub>R</sub> /t <sub>F</sub>	н	CSL	_	_	420	ps

- Measure taken from differential waveform on a component test board. The edge (slew) rate is measured from -150 mV to +150 mV on the differential waveform. Scope is set
  to average because the scope sample clock is making most of the dynamic wiggles along the clock edge Only valid for rising clock and falling clock#. Signal must be monotonic
  through the V<sub>OL</sub> to V<sub>OH</sub> region for T<sub>rise</sub> and T<sub>fall</sub>.
- 2. Applies to a 2 pf load with both internal or external 50  $\Omega$  or 42.5  $\Omega$  Rp.
- Measurement taken from differential waveform.
- 4. Measurement taken from single ended waveform.
- Measured with oscilloscope, averaging off, using min max statistics. Variation is the delta between min and max.



- 6. Measured at crossing point where the instantaneous voltage value of the rising edge of CLK equals the falling edge of CLK#.
- 7. This measurement refers to the total variation from the lowest crossing point to the highest, regardless of which edge is crossing.

  8.  $\Delta V_{cross}$  is defined as the total variation of all crossing voltages of Rising CLOCK and Falling CLOCK#. This is the maximum allowed variance in  $V_{cross}$  for any particular system.
- 9. Overshoot is defined as the absolute value of the maximum voltage.
- 10. Undershoot is defined as the absolute value of the minimum voltage.

#### **Table 9. Performance Characteristics**

 $V_{DD}$  =  $V_{DDA}$  =  $V_{DD\_DIG}$  = 1.8 V to 3.3 V ±5%,  $V_{DDO}$  = 1.8 V ±5%, 2.5 V ±5%, or 3.3 V ±5%,  $T_A$  = -40 to 105 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Power ramp	t <sub>VDD</sub>	0 V to V <sub>DDmin</sub>	0.1	_	10	ms
Clock stabilization from power-up	t <sub>STABLE</sub>	Time for clock outputs to appear after POR	_	15	25	ms

# Table 10. PCI-Express Clock Output Additive Phase Jitter (100 MHz) $V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ V to 3.3 V } \pm 5\%, V_{DDO} = 1.8 \text{ V } \pm 5\%, 2.5 \text{ V } \pm 5\%, \text{ or 3.3 V } \pm 5\%, T_A = -40 \text{ to } 85 \text{ °C}$

**Parameter Test Condition** Тур Max Units Includes PLL BW 1.5-22 MHz, PCIe Gen 1.1 Peaking = 3 dB, Td = 10 ns, 19 ps RMS 11 Ftrk = 1.5 MHz with BER =  $1E-12^1$ Includes PLL BW 5MHz and 8-16 MHz, Jitter Peaking = 0.01-1 dB and 3 dB, 0.02 0.026 ps RMS Td=12ns, Low Band, F < 1.5 MHz PCIe Gen 2.1 Includes PLL BW 5 MHz and 8-16 MHz. Jitter Peaking = 0.01-1 dB and 3 dB, 0.2 0.31 ps RMS Td = 12 ns, High Band, 1.5 MHz < F < Nyquist<sup>1</sup> Includes PLL BW 2–4 MHz and 5 MHz, Peaking = 0.01–2 dB and 1 dB, PCIe Gen 3.0 0.06 0.1 ps RMS Td = 12 ns, CDR = 10 MHz <sup>1,2</sup> Includes PLL BW 2-4 MHz and 5 MHz, Peaking = 0.01-2 dB and 1dB, PCIe Gen 4.0 ps RMS 0.05 0.1 Td = 12 ns, CDR = 10 MHz<sup>1,2</sup> Includes PLL BW 500 kHz-1.8 MHz, CDR = 20 MHz<sup>1,2</sup> PCIe Gen5.0 0.025 0.04 ps RMS Includes PLL BW 500 kHz-1 MHz, CDR = 20 MHz<sup>1,2</sup> PCle Gen 6.0 0.013 0.017 ps RMS

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<sup>1.</sup> All output clocks 100 MHz HCSL format. Jitter data taken from clock jitter tool.

<sup>2.</sup> Excludes oscilloscope sampling noise.

**Table 11. Thermal Characteristics** 

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition <sup>1</sup>	Value	Units
40 QFN	<u> </u>			
		Still air	23.1	
Thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient	$\theta_{JA}$	Air flow 1 m/s	17.5	
		Air flow 2 m/s	16.5	°C/W
Thermal resistance, junction-to-case	$\theta_{JC}$		13.4	C/ vv
	$\theta_{JB}$		8.7	
Thermal resistance, junction-to-board	ΨЈВ		8.4	
32 QFN	-			<b>-</b>
		Still air	28.4	
Thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient	$\theta_{JA}$	Air flow 1 m/s	24	
		Air flow 2 m/s	23	%C/\\\
Thermal resistance, junction-to-case	$\theta_{JC}$		15.9	°C/W
Thermal resistance, junction-to-board	$\theta_{JB}$		11.5	
	ΨЈВ		11.2	

<sup>1.</sup> Based on JEDEC standard 4-layer PCB.

#### 6. Pin Descriptions

#### 6.1. Si53258A-D01AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN)

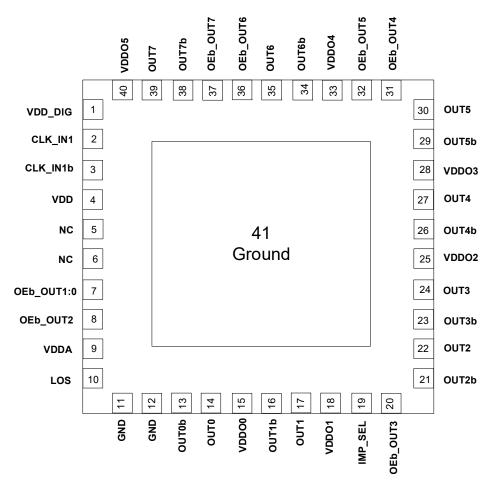


Figure 9. Si53258A-D01AM 40-QFN

Table 12. Si53258A-D01AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function
1	VDD_DIG	Р	Voltage supply for digital functions  Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage. Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA and VDD.
2	CLK_IN1	I	100 MHz HCSL Clock1 input
3	CLK_IN1b	ı	These pins are high-impedance and must be terminated externally.
4	VDD	Р	Voltage supply  Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage. Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA and VDD_DIG.

Table 12. Si53258A-D01AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN) (Continued)

S	Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
Output enable pin for OUT1 and OUT0   Low = output enabled   High = output disabled	5	NC	I	No Connect Do not account the continue of the continue of	
OEB_OUT1:0   I   Low = output enabled   High = output disabled	6	NC	I	No Connect. Do not connect these pins to anything.	
High = output disabled  Output enable pin for OUT2  Low = output enabled   High = output disabled    Output enable pin for OUT2  Low = output disabled    Output disabled    Core supply voltage    Onnect to 1.8 to 3.3 V.    Must be connected to same voltage as VDD_DIG and VDD.  The LOS status pin indicates whether the reference input has dropped below approximately 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 kΩ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be left unconnected.  O = reference input has dropped below approx. 10 MHz  1 = reference input is present (>10 MHz)  11 GND P Connect these pins to ground.  12 GND P Connect these pins to ground.  13 OUT0b O Output clock  14 OUT0 O Toutput down in the connected of the connecte				Output enable pin for OUT1 and OUT0	
Output enable pin for OUT2  Low = output enabled High = output disabled  Core supply voltage  Core supply voltage  Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V. Must be connected to same voltage as VDD_DIG and VDD.  The LOS status pin indicates whether the reference input has dropped below approximately 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 kΩ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be left unconnected.  O = reference input is present (>10 MHz)  11 GND P  Connect these pins to ground.  12 GND P  Connect these pins to ground.  13 OUT0b O Output clock  100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8.  Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT0  15 VDDO0 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDD01 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. Supply in to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	7	OEb_OUT1:0	1	Low = output enabled	
8 OEb_OUT2 I Low = output enabled High = output disabled  Core supply voltage  Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V. Must be connected to same voltage as VDD_DIG and VDD.  The LOS status pin indicates whether the reference input has dropped below approximately 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 kT for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be reference input has dropped below approximately 10 MHz. LOS is setive low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 kT for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be reference input has dropped below approx. 10 MHz  1 GND P Connect these pins to ground.  1 GND P Connect these pins to ground.  1 OUT0 O Output clock  1 OUT0 O Output clock  1 OUT0 UPUT LOS LOUTPUT. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused output should be left unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  1 OUT1 O Output clock  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  1 Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  1 Leave VDDOx pins of unused output ferminations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused output should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  1 Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  2 Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is				High = output disabled	
High = output disabled   Core supply voltage				Output enable pin for OUT2	
Some content to 1.8 to 3.3 V.	8	OEb_OUT2	1	Low = output enabled	
P Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V.  Must be connected to same voltage as VDD_DIG and VDD.  The LOS status pin indicates whether the reference input has dropped below approximately 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 kΩ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be left unconnected.  0 = reference input has dropped below approx. 10 MHz  1 = reference input is present (>10 MHz)  1 = reference input is present (>10 MHz)  Connect these pins to ground.  1 = reference input is present (>10 MHz)  OUTO				High = output disabled	
Must be connected to same voltage as VDD_DIG and VDD.  The LOS status pin indicates whether the reference input has dropped below approximately 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 kΩ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be left unconnected.  0 = reference input has dropped below approx. 10 MHz  1 = reference input has dropped below approx. 10 MHz  1 = reference input is present (>10 MHz)  11 GND P Connect these pins to ground.  12 GND P Connect these pins to ground.  13 OUT0b O Output clock  10 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused output should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT0  15 VDD00 P Leave VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  16 OUT1b O Output clock  17 OUT1 O "3.3. HCSL Output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Output. Should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  Leave VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of output drivers unconnected. Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDD01 P Leave VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.				Core supply voltage	
The LOS status pin indicates whether the reference input has dropped below approximately 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 kΩ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be left unconnected.  0 = reference input has dropped below approx. 10 MHz  1 = reference input is present (>10 MHz)  11 GND P Connect these pins to ground.  12 GND P Connect these pins to ground.  13 OUT0b O Output clock  14 OUT0 O "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  16 OUT1b O Output clock  17 OUT1 O "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused output double left unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. Work to minimize current consumption.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDD01 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected.	9	VDDA	Р	Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V.	
approximately 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 kΩ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be left unconnected.  0 = reference input has dropped below approx. 10 MHz  1 = reference input is present (>10 MHz)  11 GND P  Connect these pins to ground.  12 GND P  Connect these pins to ground.  13 OUT0b O Output clock  10 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT0  15 VDD00 P Leave VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  16 OUT1 O Output clock  17 OUT1 O WHz HCSL output. Terminations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDD01 P Leave VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected.				Must be connected to same voltage as VDD_DIG and VDD.	
1 = reference input is present (>10 MHz)  11 GND P  Connect these pins to ground.  12 GND P  Connect these pins to ground.  13 OUT0b O Output clock  10 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT0  15 VDD00 P Leave VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  16 OUT1b O Output clock  17 OUT1 O "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDD01 P Leave VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected.	10	LOS	0	approximately 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 k $\Omega$ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be	
11 GND P Connect these pins to ground.  12 GND P  13 OUT0b O Output clock  14 OUT0 O "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  15 VDD00 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  16 OUT1b O Output clock  17 OUT1 O "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDD01 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.				0 = reference input has dropped below approx. 10 MHz	
Connect these pins to ground.  Connect the voltow.  Connect the voltow.  Connect the voltow pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect pins of unused output the voltow.  Connect the voltow pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the voltow pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the voltow pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.				1 = reference input is present (>10 MHz)	
12 GND P  13 OUT0b O Output clock  14 OUT0 O "3.3. HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT0  15 VDDO0 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  16 OUT1b O Output clock  100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDDO1 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	11	GND	Р	Connect these nins to ground	
100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUTO  15 VDD00 P Leave VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  16 OUT1b O Output clock  10 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDD01 P Leave VDD0x pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDD0x pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	12	GND	Р	connect these pins to ground.	
14 OUTO O "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUTO  Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  OUT1b O Output clock  100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDDO1 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	13	OUT0b	0	Output clock	
15 VDDO0 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  16 OUT1b O Output clock  100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDDO1 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	14	ОИТО	0	"3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8.	
connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.  16 OUT1b O Output clock  10 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDDO1 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.				Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUTO	
17 OUT1 O 100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	15	VDD00	Р	connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize	
17 OUT1 O "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.  Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  18 VDDO1 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	16	OUT1b	0	Output clock	
18 VDDO1 P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	17	OUT1	0	"3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8.	
connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.				Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1	
Impedance select pin for output drivers	18	VDDO1	Р	connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize	
				Impedance select pin for output drivers	
IMP_SEL pin is sampled at power-up only.	10	IMD SEL	ı	IMP_SEL pin is sampled at power-up only.	
$19 \qquad   \text{IMP\_SEL} \qquad   1 \qquad   \text{Low} = 100 \Omega$	19	IMP_SEL	.9 IMP_SEL	1	Low = $100 \Omega$
High = 85 $\Omega$				High = 85 $\Omega$	

Table 12. Si53258A-D01AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN) (Continued)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
			Output enable pin for OUT3	
20	OEb_OUT3	1	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
21	OUT2b	0	Output clock	
22	OUT2	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
23	OUT3b	0	Output clock	
24	OUT3	0	Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT2 and OUT3	
25	VDDO2	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
26	OUT4b	0	Output clock	
27	OUT4	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT4 and OUT5	
28	VDDO3	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
29	OUT5b	0	Output clock	
30	OUT5	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Output enable pin for OUT4	
31	OEb_OUT4	1	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
			Output enable pin for OUT5	
32	OEb_OUT5	I	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT6	
33	VDDO4	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
34	OUT6b	0	Output clock	
35	OUT6	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Output enable pin for OUT6	
36	OEb_OUT6	1	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	

Table 12. Si53258A-D01AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN) (Continued)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
			Output enable pin for OUT7	
37	OEb_OUT7	I	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
38	OUT7b	0	Output clock	
39	OUT7	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT7	
40	VDDO5	P Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate optio connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to m current consumption.		
			Ground pad	
41	GND PAD	Р	This pad provides electrical and thermal connection to ground and must be connected for proper operation.	

#### 6.2. Si53258A-D03AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN)

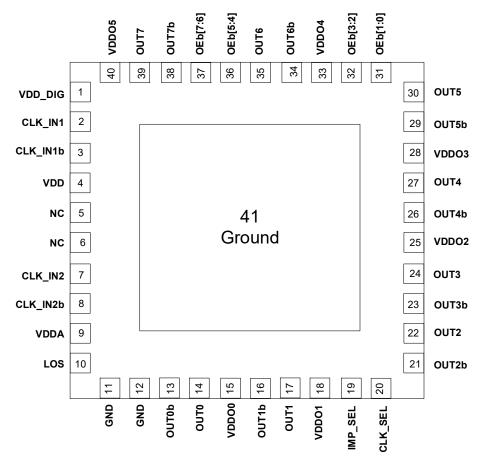


Figure 10. Si53258A-D03AM 40-QFN

Table 13. Si53258A-D03AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
1	VDD_DIG	Р	Voltage supply for digital functions. Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage. Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA.	
2	CLK_IN1	I	100 MHz HCSL Clock1 input	
3	CLK_IN1b	1	These pins are high-impedance and must be terminated externally. If both the CLK_IN1 and CLK_IN1b inputs are unused and deselected, then both inputs can be left floating.	
4	VDD	Р	Voltage supply  Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage. Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA and VDD_DIG.	
5	NC	I	No connect	
6	NC	I	Do not connect these pins to anything.	
7	CLK_IN2	I	100 MHz HCSL Clock2 input	
8	CLK_IN2b	1	These pins are high-impedance and must be terminated externally. If both the CLK_IN2 and CLK_IN2b inputs are unused and deselected, then both inputs can be left floating.	

Table 13. Si53258A-D03AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN) (Continued)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
			Core supply voltage	
9	VDDA	Р	Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V. Must be connected to same voltage as VDD_DIG and VDD.	
10	LOS	0	The LOS status pin indicates whether the reference input has dropped below approximately 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 k $\Omega$ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be left unconnected. 0 = reference input has dropped below approx. 10 MHz 1 = reference input is present (>10 MHz)	
11	GND	Р	Connect this pin to ground.	
12	GND	Р	Connect this pin to ground.	
13	OUT0b	0	Output clock	
14	OUT0	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUTO	
15	VDDO0	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
16	OUT1b	0	Output clock	
17	OUT1	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1	
18	VDDO1	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
			Impedance select pin for output drivers	
19	INAD CEL		IMP_SEL pin is sampled at power-up only.	
19	IMP_SEL	'	Low = 100 $\Omega$	
			High = 85 $\Omega$	
			Input clock select	
20	CLK_SEL	1	Low = CLK_IN1	
			High = CLK_IN2	
21	OUT2b	0	Output clock	
22	OUT2	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
23	OUT3b	0	Output clock	
24	OUT3	0	Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT2 and OUT3	
25	VDDO2	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	

Table 13. Si53258A-D03AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN) (Continued)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
26	OUT4b	0	Output clock	
27	OUT4	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT4 and OUT5	
28	VDDO3	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
29	OUT5b	0	Output clock	
30	OUT5	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Output enable pin for OUT1 and OUT0	
31	OEb[1:0]	1	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
			Output enable pin for OUT2 and OUT3	
32	OEb[3:2]	I	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT6	
33	VDDO4	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
34	OUT6b	0	Output clock	
35	OUT6	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Output enable pin for OUT1 and OUT0	
36	OEb[5:4]	1	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
			Output enable pin for OUT6 and OUT7	
37	OEb[7:6]	I	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
38	OUT7b	0	Output clock	
39	OUT7	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT7	
40	VDDO5	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
			Ground pad	
41	GND PAD	Р	This pad provides electrical and thermal connection to ground and must be connected for proper operation.	

### 6.3. Si53254A-D01AM Pin Descriptions (32-QFN)

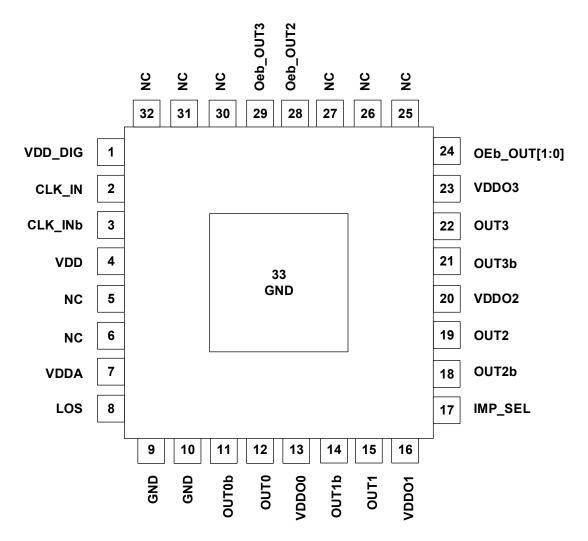


Figure 11. Si53254A-D01AM 32-QFN

Table 14. Si53254A-D01AM Pin Descriptions, (32-QFN)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
1	VDD_DIG	Р	Voltage supply for digital functions  Connect to 1.8–3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage. Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA and VDD.	
2	CLK_IN	ı	100 MHz HCSL clock input	
3	CLK_INb	I	These pins are high-impedance and must be terminated externally.	
4	VDD		Voltage supply  Connect to 1.8–3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage. Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA and VDD_DIG.	

Table 14. Si53254A-D01AM Pin Descriptions, (32-QFN) (Continued)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
5	NC	_	Do not accord the continue of the second time.	
6	NC	_	Do not connect these pins to anything.	
			Core supply voltage	
			Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V.	
7	VDDA	Р	See the Si5332-AM1/2/3 Automotive Grade Device Reference Manual for power supply filtering recommendations.	
			Must be connected to same voltage as VDD_DIG and VDD.	
8	LOS	0	The LOS status pin indicates whether the reference clock input is above 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 k $\Omega$ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be left unconnected.	
8	103	0	0 = reference input has dropped below 10 MHz	
			1 = reference present (>10 MHz)	
9	GND	Р	Connect these pins to ground.	
10	GND	Р	Connect these phis to ground.	
11	OUT0b	0	Output clock	
12	ОПТ0	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUTO	
13	VDD00	P	See the Si5332-AM1/2/3 Automotive Grade Device Reference Manual for power supply filtering recommendations.	
			Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
14	OUT1b	0	Output clock	
15	OUT1	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1	
16	VDDO1	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
			Impedance select pin for output drivers	
			IMP_SEL pin is sampled at power-up only.	
17	IMP_SEL	1	Low = $100 \Omega$	
			High = 85 $\Omega$	
18	OUT2b	0	Output clock	
19	OUT2	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT2	
20	VDDO2	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	

Table 14. Si53254A-D01AM Pin Descriptions, (32-QFN) (Continued)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
21	OUT3b	0	Output clock	
22	OUT3	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
23	VDDO3	Р	Supply voltage (1.8–3.3 V) for OUT3  Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
			Output enable for OUT1 and OUT0	
24	OEb_OUT[1:0]	1	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
25	NC	_	No connect	
26	NC	_		
27	NC	_	— Do not connect these pins to anything.	
28	OEb_OUT2	I	Output enable for OUT2  Low = output enabled  High = output disabled	
			Output enable for OUT3	
29	OEb_OUT3	1	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
30	NC	_	No connect	
31	NC	_	No connect	
32	NC	_	Do not connect these pins to anything.	
33	GND PAD	Р	Ground pad  This pad provides electrical and thermal connection to ground and must be connected for proper operation.	

#### 6.4. Si53254A-D03AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN)

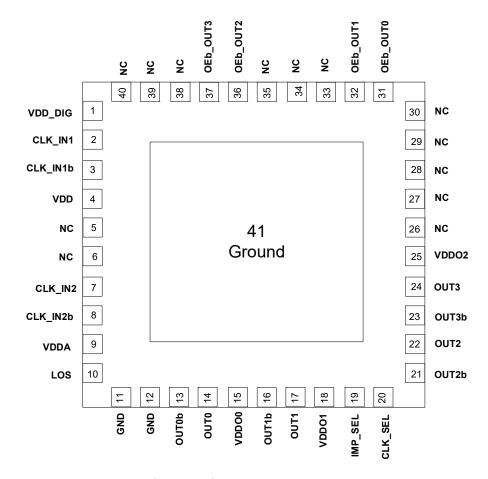


Figure 12. Si53254A-D03AM 40-QFN

Table 15. Si53254A-D03AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
1	VDD_DIG	Р	Voltage supply for digital functions. Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage. Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA and VDD.	
2	CLK_IN	Ι	100 MHz HCSL clock input.	
3	CLK_INb	Ι	These pins are high-impedance and must be terminated externally.	
4	VDD	Р	Voltage supply  Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage.  Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA.	
5	NC	I	Do not connect these pins to anything.	
6	NC	I	Do not connect these pins to anything.	
7	CLK_IN2	I	100 MHz HCSL clock input.	
8	CLK_IN2b	I	These pins are high-impedance and terminated externally.	

Table 15. Si53254A-D03AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN) (Continued)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
			Core supply voltage	
9	VDDA	Р	Connect to 1.8 to 3.3 V.	
			Must be connected to same voltage as VDD_DIG and VDD.	
10	LOS	0	The LOS status pin indicates if the reference clock input is above 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 k $\Omega$ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be left unconnected. 0 = reference input has dropped below 10 MHz 1 = reference present (>10 MHz)	
11	GND	Р		
12	GND	P	Connect these pins to ground.	
13	OUT0b	0	Output clock	
14	ОПТО	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
15	VDD00	P	Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUTO  Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
16	OUT1b	0	Output clock	
17	OUT1	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
18	VDD01	Р	Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT1  Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
			Impedance select pin for output drivers	
10	IMD CEL	1	IMP_SEL pin is sampled at power-up only.	
19	IMP_SEL	l l	Low = 100 Ω	
			High = 85 Ω	
			Input clock select	
20	CLK_SEL	1	Low = CLK_IN1	
			High = CLK_IN2	
21	OUT2b	0	Output clock	
22	OUT2	0	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	
23	OUT3b	0	Output clock	
24	OUT3	0	Termination recommendations are provided in "3.3. HCSL Differential Output Terminations" on page 8. Unused outputs should be left unconnected.	

Table 15. Si53254A-D03AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN) (Continued)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function	
			Supply voltage (1.8 to 3.3 V) for OUT2 and OUT3	
25	VDDO2	Р	Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption.	
26	NC	_		
27	NC	_	No connect	
28	NC	_	No connect	
29	NC	_	Do not connect these pins to anything.	
30	NC	_		
			Output enable pin for OUT0	
31	OEb_OUT0	1	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
			Output enable pin for OUT1	
32	OEb_OUT1	1	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
33	NC	_		
34	NC	_	No Connect	
35	NC	_	Do not connect these pins to anything.	
			Output enable pin for OUT2	
36	OEb_OUT2	1	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
			Output enable pin for OUT3	
37	OEb_OUT3	1	Low = output enabled	
			High = output disabled	
38	NC	_		
39	NC	_	No connect	
40	NC	_	Do not connect these pins to anything.	
			Ground pad	
41	GND PAD	Р	This pad provides electrical and thermal connection to ground and must be connected for proper operation.	

### 7. Package Outline

#### 7.1. 6x6 mm 40-QFN Package Diagram

The figure below illustrates the package details for 40-QFN. The table below lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

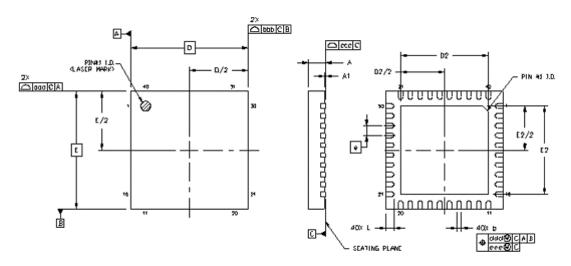


Figure 13. 40-Pin Quad Flat No-Lead (QFN)

Table 16. Package Dimensions 1,2,3,4

Dimension	Min	Nom	Max	
А	0.80	0.85	0.90	
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	
b	0.18	0.25	0.30	
D		6.00 BSC		
D2	4.35	4.50	4.65	
е	0.50 BSC			
E		6.00 BSC		
E2	4.35	4.50	4.65	
L	0.30	0.40	0.50	
aaa	_	_	0.15	
bbb	_	_	0.15	
ссс	_	_	0.08	
ddd	_	_	0.10	
eee			0.05	

<sup>1.</sup> All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.

<sup>2.</sup> Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.

<sup>3.</sup> This drawing conforms to the JEDEC Solid State Outline MO-220.

<sup>4.</sup> Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.

#### 7.2. 5x5 mm 32-QFN Package Diagram

Figure 14 illustrates the package details for 32-QFN option. Table 17 lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

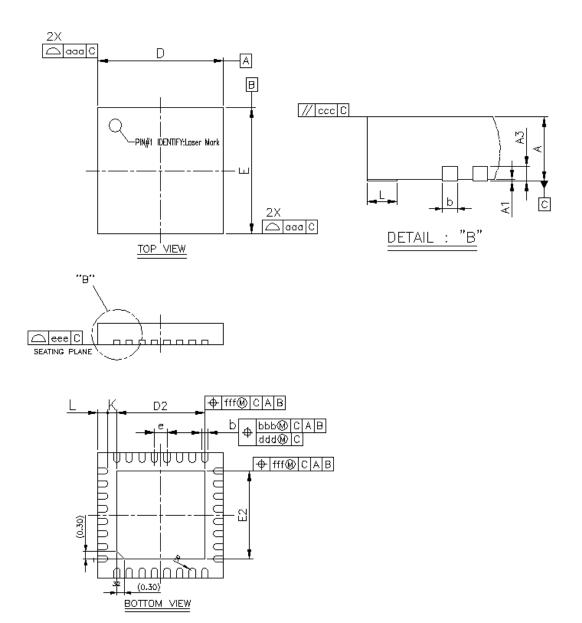


Figure 14. 32-Pin Quad Flat No-Lead (QFN)

Table 17. Package Dimensions 1,2,3,4

Dimension	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	0.80	0.85	0.90
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
A3		0.20 REF	
b	0.18	0.25	0.30
D/E	4.90	5.00	5.10
D2/E2	3.40	3.50	3.60
e	0.50 BSC		
L	0.30	0.40	0.50
К	0.20		
R	0.09		0.14
aaa	0.15		
bbb	0.10		
ссс	0.10		
ddd	0.05		
eee	0.08		
fff	0.10		

All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.
 Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.
 This drawing conforms to the JEDEC Solid State Outline MO-220, Variation VKKD-4.
 Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.

#### 8. PCB Land Pattern

#### 8.1. 40-QFN Land Pattern

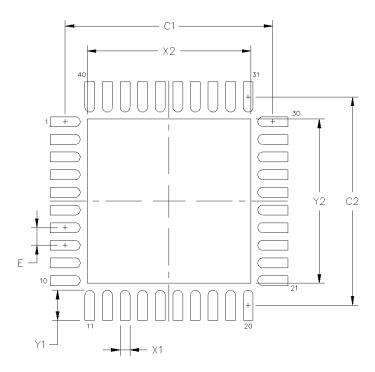


Figure 15. 40-QFN Land Pattern

**Table 18. PCB Land Pattern Dimensions** 

Dimension	mm
C1	5.90
C2	5.90
е	0.50 BSC
X1	0.30
Y1	0.85
X2	4.65
Y2	4.65

#### Notes:

#### General

- 1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.
  2. This Land Pattern Design is based on the IPC-7351 guidelines.
  Solder Mask Design

- Solder Mask Design

  1. All metal pads are to be non-solder mask defined (NSMD). Clearance between the solder mask and the metal pad is to be 60 μm minimum, all the way around the pad. Stencil Design

  1. A stainless steel, laser-cut and electro-polished stencil with trapezoidal walls should be used to assure good solder paste release.

- The stencil thickness should be 0.125 mm (5 mils).
   The ratio of stencil aperture to land pad size can be 1:1 for all perimeter pads.
   A 3×3 array of 0.85 mm square openings on a 1.00 mm pitch can be used for the center ground pad.

- Card Assembly

  1. A No-Clean, Type-3 solder paste is recommended.

  2. The recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.

#### 8.2. 32-QFN Land Pattern

Figure 16 illustrates the PCB land pattern details for 32-QFN package. Table 19 lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

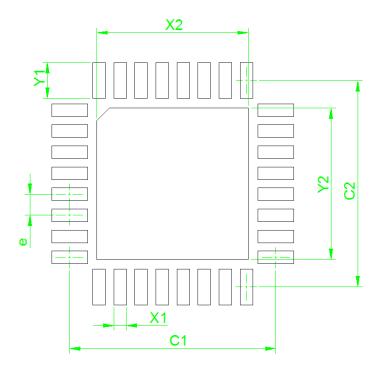


Figure 16. 32-QFN Land Pattern

**Table 19. PCB Land Pattern Dimensions** 

Dimension	mm
C1	4.90
C2	4.90
e	0.50 BSC
X1	0.30
Y1	0.85
X2	3.60
Y2	3.60

#### Notes:

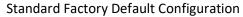
- **General**1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.
- 2. This Land Pattern Design is based on the IPC-7351 guidelines.

- Solder Mask Design
  1. All metal pads are to be non-solder mask defined (NSMD). Clearance between the solder mask and the metal pad is to be 60 μm minimum, all the way around the pad. Stencil Design
- 1. A stainless steel, laser-cut and electro-polished stencil with trapezoidal walls should be used to assure good solder paste release.

  2. The stencil thickness should be 0.125 mm (5 mils).
- 3. The ratio of stencil aperture to land pad size can be 1:1 for all perimeter pads.
- 4. A 3x3 array of 0.85 mm square openings on a 1.00 mm pitch can be used for the center ground pad. Card Assembly

- 1. A No-Clean, Type-3 solder paste is recommended.
  2. The recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.

### 9. Top Marking



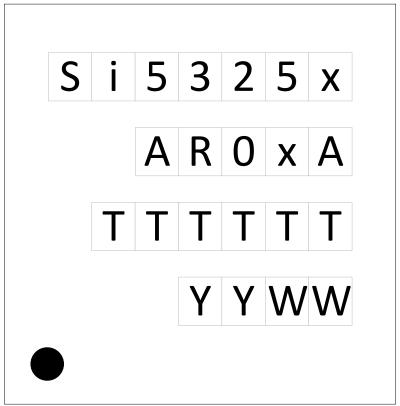


Figure 17. Top Marking

**Table 20. Top Marking Explanation** 

Line	Characters	Description
1	Si53258 Si53254	Base part number
2	A-D0xA	A = Grade R = Product revision (reference ordering section for latest revision) 0x = Product identification, single input: 01 = Single input 03 = Dual input A = Automotive grade temperature range
3	ттттт	Manufacturing trace code
4	YYWW	Year (YY) and work week (WW) of package assembly

### 10. Revision History

Revision	Date	Description	Notes
В	December, 2023	<ul> <li>Added PCIe Gen 6.0 references to front page and "1. Features" on page 2.</li> <li>Updated Ordering Guide Si53258 and Si53254 "D02" part numbers to "D03".</li> <li>Updated Table 10, "PCI-Express Clock Output Additive Phase Jitter (100 MHz)," on page 13.</li> <li>Added PCIe Gen 6.0 specs.</li> </ul>	CN0117826
А	July, 2022	Added Agile data sheet revision in footer.	
1.0	January, 2021	<ul> <li>Updated notes in Table 8, "Differential Clock Output Specifications," on page 12.</li> <li>Removed "default low" from OEb pin descriptions.</li> </ul>	CN0098301
0.7	September, 2022	Initial release.	CN0096966

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