

Solid Tantalum Surface Mount Chip Capacitors TANTAMOUNT™, Molded Case, Hi-Rel COTS



PERFORMANCE / ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

www.vishav.com/doc?40209

Operating Temperature: -55 °C to +125 °C (above 85 °C, voltage derating is required) Capacitance Range: 0.1 μ F to 470 μ F Capacitance Tolerance: \pm 10 %, \pm 20 %

Voltage Rating: 4 V_{DC} to 63 V_{DC}

Note

 For recommended voltage derating guidelines see "Typical Performance Characteristics"

FEATURES

- Standard and low ESR options
- · Weibull grading and surge current test options
- Terminations: 100 % matte tin and tin / lead
- Standard EIA 535BAAC case sizes (A through E)
- Moisture sensitivity level 1
- The molding compound has been selected to meet the requirements of UL 94 V-0 and outgassing requirements of ASTM E-595



- Compliant terminations
- · High reliability
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

Note

* This datasheet provides information about parts that are RoHS-compliant and / or parts that are non RoHS-compliant. For example, parts with lead (Pb) terminations are not RoHS-compliant. Please see the information / tables in this datasheet for details

APPLICATIONS

- Industrial
- Medical
- Military / aerospace
- Telecom

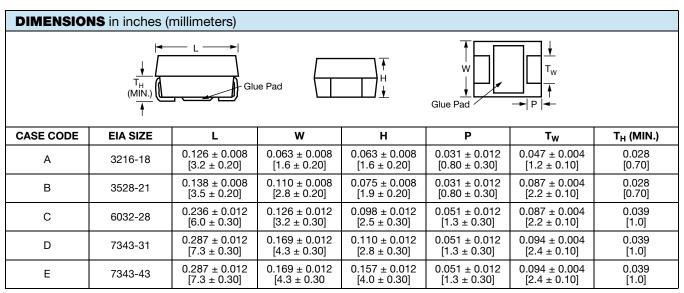
ORD	ORDERING INFORMATION									
T83	D	107	K	010	E	Α	Α	S		
TYPE	CASE CODE	CAPACITANCE	CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE	DC VOLTAGE RATING AT +85 °C	TERMINATION AND PACKAGING	RELIABILITY LEVEL	SURGE CURRENT I	ESR 		
	See Ratings and Case Codes table.	This is expressed in picofarads. The first two digits are the significant figures. The third is the number of zeros to follow.	$K = \pm 10 \%$ $M = \pm 20 \%$ $J = \pm 5 \%$ (special order)	This is expressed in volts. To complete the three-digit block, zeros precede the voltage rating. A decimal point is indicated by an "R" (6R3 = 6.3 V).	See table Termination and Packaging Codes	A = 1.0 % B = 0.1 % C = 0.01 % S = hi-rel standard Z = non-ER	A = 10 cycles at +25 °C B = 10 cycles at -55 °C / +85 °C C = 10 cycles at -55 °C / +85 °C (before Weibull grading) Z = none S = 3 cycles at +25 °C	S = std L = low		

ERMINATION AND PACKAGING CODES					
CODE	TERMINATION	PACKAGING			
С	Matte tin	7" (178 mm) reels			
Н	Matte tin	7" (178 mm) reels, 1/2 reel			
Z	Matte tin	7" (178 mm) reels, partial reel			
V	Matte tin	7" (178 mm) reels, dry pack			
E	Solder plated, tin / lead	7" (178 mm) reels			
L	Solder plated, tin / lead	7" (178 mm) reels, ½ reel			
R	Solder plated, tin / lead	7" (178 mm) reels, partial reel			
Т	Solder plated, tin / lead	7" (178 mm) reels, dry pack			
K	Solder fused, tin / lead	7" (178 mm) reels			
M	Solder fused, tin / lead	7" (178 mm) reels, ½ reel			
N	Solder fused, tin / lead	7" (178 mm) reels, partial reel			
S	Solder fused, tin / lead	7" (178 mm) reels, dry pack			

Note

· Dry pack as specified in J-STD-033

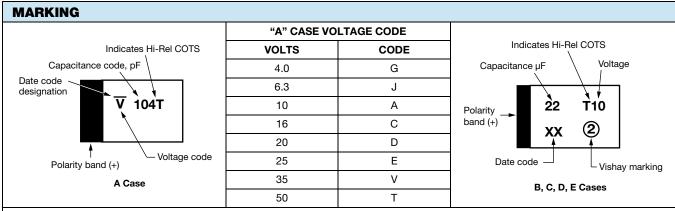
Vishay Sprague



Note

• Glue pad (non-conductive, part of molded case) is dedicated for glue attachment (as user option)

RATING	S AND CA	SE CODES							
μF	4 V	6.3 V	10 V	16 V	20 V	25 V	35 V	50 V	63 V
0.10							Α	Α	
0.15							Α	A/B	
0.22							Α	В	
0.33						А	Α	В	
0.47					Α	А	A/B	B/C	
0.68				А	Α	В	В	С	
1.0			Α	А	Α	A/B	A/B	B/C	
1.5		А	Α	Α	В	В	B/C	C/D	
2.2	Α	А		В	A/B	A/B/C	B/C	C/D	
3.3	А	А	В	В	В	B/C	B/C	D	
4.7	Α	A/B	A/B	A/B	A/B/C	B/C	C/D	D	D
6.8	В	В	В	A/C	С	C/D	C/D	E	
10	В	В	A/C	A/B/C	B/C	B/C/D	C/D	E	Е
15	В	С	A/C	В	D	C/D	D	E	
22		A/C	Α	B/C/D	C/D	D	D/E		
33	A/C	B/C	B/C/D	B/C/D	D	D/E			
47	B/C	B/C/D	B/C/D	C/D	D/E	D/E			
68	D	D	D	D	D/E				
100	B/D	B/D	C/D	D/E	Е				
150	D	D/E	D	Е					
220		C/D/E	D/E						
330	Е	Е	Е						
470			Е						



Marking

Capacitor marking includes an anode (+) polarity band, capacitance in microfarads and the voltage rating. "A" case capacitors use a letter code for the voltage and EIA capacitance code.

The Vishay identification is included if space permits. Capacitors rated at 6.3 V are marked 6 V.

Uppercase letter "T" indicates lead (Pb)-free capacitors; lowercase letter "t" indicates SnPb containing capacitors.

A manufacturing date code is marked on all capacitors, for details see FAQ: www.vishay.com/doc?40110.

Call the factory for further explanation.

STANDARD	RATINGS						
CAPACITANCE (μF)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. DCL AT +25 °C (μA)	MAX. DF AT +25 °C 120 Hz (%)	STD. (S) MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (Ω)	LOW (L) MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (Ω)	AVAILABLE RELIABILITY LEVELS
		4 V _{DC} AT +85	°C; 2.7 V _{DC} A	Γ +125 °C			
2.2	Α	T83A225(1)004(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	7.600	6.000	A, B, C, S, Z
3.3	Α	T83A335(1)004(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	6	7.600	4.000	A, B, S, Z
4.7	Α	T83A475(1)004(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	6.300	3.500	A, B, C, S, Z
6.8	В	T83B685(1)004(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	4.500	2.000	A, B, C, S, Z
10	В	T83B106(1)004(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	3.500	1.200	A, B, C, S, Z
15	В	T83B156(1)004(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.60	6	2.900	1.200	A, B, C, S, Z
33	Α	T83A336(1)004(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.3	6	2.900	1.500	A, B, S, Z
33	С	T83C336(1)004(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.3	6	1.800	0.500	A, B, C, S, Z
47	В	T83B476(1)004(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.9	6	2.500	0.600	A, B, S, Z
47	С	T83C476(1)004(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.9	6	1.800	0.400	A, B, S, Z
68	D	T83D686(1)004(2)(6)(4)(5)	2.7	6	0.800	0.175	A, B, C, S, Z
100	В	T83B107(1)004(2)(3)(4)(5)	4.0	6	1.800	0.450	A, B, S, Z
100	D	T83D107(1)004(2)(6)(4)(5)	4.0	6	0.700	0.175	A, B, C, S, Z
150	D	T83D157(1)004(2)(3)(4)(5)	6.0	8	0.600	0.150	A, B, S, Z
330	E	T83E337(1)004(2)(3)(4)(5)	13.2	8	0.500	0.100	A, B, S, Z
		6 V _{DC} AT +8	5 °C; 4 V _{DC} AT	+125 °C			
1.5	Α	T83A155(1)6R3(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	8.000	6.000	A, B, C, S, Z
2.2	Α	T83A225(1)6R3(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	7.600	6.000	A, B, C, S, Z
3.3	Α	T83A335(1)6R3(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	6.300	5.000	A, B, C, S, Z
4.7	Α	T83A475(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	6	5.500	3.500	A, B, S, Z
4.7	В	T83B475(1)6R3(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	3.400	1.800	A, B, C, S, Z
6.8	В	T83B685(1)6R3(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	3.400	1.200	A, B, C, S, Z

- Part number definitions:
 - (1) Capacitance tolerance: K, M
 - (2) Termination and packaging: C, E, K, H, L, M, R, N, Z, V, T, S
 - (3) Reliability level: A, B, S, Z
 - (4) Surge current: A, B, C, Z, S
 - (5) ESR: L, S
 - (6) Reliability level: A, B, C, S, Z
 - (7) Reliability level: A, S, Z

STANDARD	RATINGS						
CAPACITANCE (μF)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. DCL AT +25 °C (μA)	MAX. DF AT +25 °C 120 Hz (%)	STD. (S) MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (Ω)	LOW (L) MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (Ω)	AVAILABLE RELIABILITY LEVELS
		6 V _{DC} AT +8	5 °C; 4 V _{DC} AT	+125 °C			
10	В	T83B106(1)6R3(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.60	6	2.900	1.000	A, B, C, S, Z
15	С	T83C156(1)6R3(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.90	6	1.800	0.600	A, B, C, S, Z
22	Α	T83A226(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.3	6	2.900	2.000	A, B, S, Z
22	С	T83C226(1)6R3(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.3	6	1.800	0.500	A, B, C, S, Z
33	В	T83B336(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	2.0	6	1.900	0.600	A, B, S, Z
33	С	T83C336(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	2.0	6	1.500	0.400	A, B, S, Z
47	В	T83B476(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	2.8	6	1.900	0.550	A, B, S, Z
47	С	T83C476(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	2.8	6	1.400	0.300	A, B, S, Z
47	D	T83D476(1)6R3(2)(6)(4)(5)	2.8	6	0.800	0.200	A, B, C, S, Z
68	D	T83D686(1)6R3(2)(6)(4)(5)	4.1	6	0.700	0.200	A, B, C, S, Z
100	В	T83B107(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	6.0	15	1.700	0.500	A, B, S, Z
100	D	T83D107(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	6.0	6	0.700	0.140	A, B, S, Z
150	D	T83D157(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	9.0	8	0.600	0.125	A, B, S, Z
150	E	T83E157(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	9.0	8	0.500	0.100	A, B, S, Z
220	С	T83C227(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	13.2	14	0.700	0.300	A, B, S, Z
220	D	T83D227(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	13.2	8	0.600	0.100	A, B, S, Z
220	E	T83E227(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	13.2	8	0.500	0.100	A, B, S, Z
330	Е	T83E337(1)6R3(2)(3)(4)(5)	19.8	8	0.500	0.100	A, B, S, Z
		10 V _{DC} AT +8	35 °C; 7 V _{DC} A1	Γ+125 °C			
1.0	Α	T83A105(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	9.300	6.000	A, B, C, S, Z
1.5	Α	T83A155(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	8.000	6.000	A, B, C, S, Z
3.3	В	T83B335(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	3.500	2.500	A, B, C, S, Z
4.7	Α	T83A475(1)010(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	6	5.000	3.000	A, B, S, Z
4.7	В	T83B475(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	3.400	1.500	A, B, C, S, Z
6.8	В	T83B685(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.70	6	2.900	1.200	A, B, C, S, Z
10	Α	T83A106(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.0	6	3.400	1.800	A, B, C, S, Z
10	С	T83C106(1)010(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.0	6	1.800	0.550	A, B, S, Z
15	Α	T83A156(1)010(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.5	6	2.900	2.000	A, B, S, Z
15	С	T83C156(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.5	6	1.800	0.500	A, B, C, S, Z
22	Α	T83A226(1)010(2)(3)(4)(5)	2.2	8	2.500	1.500	A, B, S, Z
33	В	T83B336(1)010(2)(3)(4)(5)	3.3	6	1.900	0.600	A, B, S, Z
33	С	T83C336(1)010(2)(3)(4)(5)	3.3	6	1.400	0.350	A, B, S, Z
33	D	T83D336(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	3.3	6	0.800	0.250	A, B, S, Z
47	В	T83B476(1)010(2)(3)(4)(5)	4.7	6	1.800	0.600	A, B, S, Z
47	С	T83C476(1)010(2)(3)(4)(5)	4.7	6	1.100	0.300	A, B, S, Z
47	D	T83D476(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	4.7	6	0.700	0.200	A, B, C, S, Z
68	D	T83D686(1)010(2)(3)(4)(5)	6.8	6	0.700	0.150	A, B, S, Z
100	С	T83C107(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	10.0	8	0.900	0.200	A, B, C, S, Z
100	D	T83D107(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	10.0	8	0.600	0.100	A, B, C, S, Z
150	D	T83D157(1)010(2)(3)(4)(5)	15.0	8	0.600	0.100	A, B, S, Z
220	D	T83D227(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	22.0	8	0.600	0.360	A, B, C, S, Z
220	E	T83E227(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	22.0	8	0.500	0.100	A, B, C, S, Z
330	E	T83E337(1)010(2)(6)(4)(5)	33.0	10	0.500	0.100	A, B, C, S, Z
470	E	T83E477(1)010(2)(3)(4)(5)	47.0	15	0.500	0.100	A, B, S, Z

- Part number definitions:
 - (1) Capacitance tolerance: K, M
 - (2) Termination and packaging: C, E, K, H, L, M, R, N, Z, V, T, S
 (3) Reliability level: A, B, S, Z
 (4) Surge current: A, B, C, Z, S

 - (5) ESR: L, S
 - (6) Reliability level: A, B, C, S, Z (7) Reliability level: A, S, Z

STANDARD	RATINGS						
CAPACITANCE (μF)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. DCL AT +25 °C (μA)	MAX. DF AT +25 °C 120 Hz (%)	STD. (S) MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (Ω)	LOW (L) MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (Ω)	AVAILABLE RELIABILITY LEVELS
		16 V _{DC} AT +8	5 °C; 10 V _{DC} A	T +125 °C			
0.68	Α	T83A684(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	11.000	8.000	A, B, S, Z
1.0	Α	T83A105(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	9.300	6.000	A, B, S, Z
1.5	Α	T83A155(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	6	6.700	6.000	A, B, S, Z
2.2	В	T83B225(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	6	4.600	2.500	A, B, S, Z
3.3	В	T83B335(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	6	3.500	2.000	A, B, S, Z
4.7	Α	T83A475(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.80	6	5.000	2.500	A, B, S, Z
4.7	В	T83B475(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.80	6	2.900	1.500	A, B, S, Z
6.8	Α	T83A685(1)016(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.1	6	4.200	3.000	A, B, C, S, Z
6.8	С	T83C685(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.1	6	1.900	0.600	A, B, S, Z
10	Α	T83A106(1)016(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.6	6	3.000	1.700	A, B, C, S, Z
10	В	T83B106(1)016(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.6	6	2.800	0.500	A, B, C, S, Z
10	С	T83C106(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.6	6	1.800	0.450	A, B, S, Z
15	В	T83B156(1)016(2)(6)(4)(5)	2.4	6	2.000	0.800	A, B, C, S, Z
22	В	T83B226(1)016(2)(6)(4)(5)	3.5	6	1.900	1.000	A, B, C, S, Z
22	С	T83C226(1)016(2)(6)(4)(5)	3.5	6	1.100	0.375	A, B, C, S, Z
22	D	T83D226(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	3.5	6	0.800	0.250	A, B, S, Z
33	В	T83B336(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	5.3	6	1.800	0.500	A, B, S, Z
33	С	T83C336(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	5.3	6	1.100	0.300	A, B, S, Z
33	D	T83D336(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	5.3	6	0.700	0.225	A, B, S, Z
47	С	T83C476(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	7.5	6	1.000	0.300	A, B, S, Z
47	D	T83D476(1)016(2)(6)(4)(5)	7.5	6	0.700	0.150	A, B, C, S, Z
68	D	T83D686(1)016(2)(3)(4)(5)	10.9	6	0.600	0.150	A, B, S, Z
100	D	T83D107(1)016(2)(6)(4)(5)	16.0	8	0.600	0.125	A, B, C, S, Z
100	Е	T83E107(1)016(2)(6)(4)(5)	16.0	8	0.600	0.100	A, B, C, S, Z
150	E	T83E157(1)016(2)(6)(4)(5)	24.0	8	0.500	0.150	A, B, C, S, Z
		20 V _{DC} AT +8	5 °C; 13 V _{DC} A	T +125 °C			
0.47	Α	T83A474(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	12.000	9.000	A, B, S, Z
0.68	Α	T83A684(1)020(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	10.000	8.000	A, B, C, S, Z
1.0	Α	T83A105(1)020(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	8.400	5.500	A, B, C, S, Z
1.5	В	T83B155(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	6	4.600	2.500	A, B, S, Z
2.2	Α	T83A225(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	6	5.900	4.000	A, B, S, Z
2.2	В	T83B225(1)020(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	3.500	1.500	A, B, C, S, Z
3.3	В	T83B335(1)020(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.70	6	3.000	1.300	A, B, C, S, Z
4.7	Α	T83A475(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.90	6	5.000	3.500	A, B, S, Z
4.7	В	T83B475(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.90	6	2.900	1.000	A, B, S, Z
4.7	С	T83C475(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.90	6	2.300	0.600	A, B, S, Z
6.8	С	T83C685(1)020(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.4	6	1.900	0.550	A, B, C, S, Z
10	В	T83B106(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	2.0	6	2.500	1.000	A, B, S, Z
10	С	T83C106(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	2.0	6	1.700	0.450	A, B, S, Z
15	D	T83D156(1)020(2)(6)(4)(5)	3.0	6	0.900	0.300	A, B, C, S, Z
22	С	T83C226(1)020(2)(6)(4)(5)	4.4	6	1.100	0.375	A, B, C, S, Z
22	D	T83D226(1)020(2)(6)(4)(5)	4.4	6	0.700	0.225	A, B, C, S, Z
33	D	T83D336(1)020(2)(6)(4)(5)	6.6	6	0.700	0.200	A, B, C, S, Z
47	D	T83D476(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	9.4	6	0.700	0.200	A, B, S, Z
47	Е	T83E476(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	9.4	6	0.600	0.150	A, B, S, Z
68	D	T83D686(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	13.6	6	0.700	0.175	A, B, S, Z
68	Е	T83E686(1)020(2)(6)(4)(5)	13.6	6	0.600	0.150	A, B, C, S, Z
100	Е	T83E107(1)020(2)(3)(4)(5)	20.0	8	0.500	0.150	A, B, S, Z

- Part number definitions:
 - (1) Capacitance tolerance: K, M
 - (2) Termination and packaging: C, E, K, H, L, M, R, N, Z, V, T, S

 - (3) Reliability level: A, B, S, Z (4) Surge current: A, B, C, Z, S
 - (5) ESR: L, S
 - (6) Reliability level: A, B, C, S, Z (7) Reliability level: A, S, Z

STANDARD	RATINGS						
CAPACITANCE (μF)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. DCL AT +25 °C (μA)	MAX. DF AT +25 °C 120 Hz (%)	STD. (S) MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (Ω)	LOW (L) MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (Ω)	AVAILABLE RELIABILITY LEVELS
		25 V _{DC} AT +8	5 °C; 17 V _{DC} A	T +125 °C			
0.33	Α	T83A334(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	14.000	10.000	A, B, C,S, Z
0.47	Α	T83A474(1)025(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	12.000	9.000	A, B, S, Z
0.68	В	T83B684(1)025(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	7.000	5.000	A, B, S, Z
1.0	Α	T83A105(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	7.600	4.000	A, B, C, S, Z
1.0	В	T83B105(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	5.000	2.000	A, B, C, S, Z
1.5	В	T83B155(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	6	4.600	2.000	A, B, C, S, Z
2.2	Α	T83A225(1)025(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.60	6	6.300	4.000	A, B, S, Z
2.2	В	T83B225(1)025(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.60	6	3.800	2.300	A, B, S, Z
2.2	С	T83C225(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.60	6	2.900	1.000	A, B, C, S, Z
3.3	В	T83B335(1)025(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.80	6	3.100	1.500	A, B, S, Z
3.3	С	T83C335(1)025(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.80	6	2.300	1.000	A, B, S, Z
4.7	В	T83B475(1)025(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.2	6	2.800	1.500	A, B, S, Z
4.7	С	T83C475(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.2	6	2.000	0.525	A, B, C, S, Z
6.8	С	T83C685(1)025(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.7	6	1.700	0.500	A, B, S, Z
6.8	D	T83D685(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.7	6	1.200	0.350	A, B, C, S, Z
10	В	T83B106(1)025(2)(3)(4)(5)	2.5	6	2.300	1.300	A, B, S, Z
10	С	T83C106(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	2.5	6	1.500	0.350	A, B, C, S, Z
10	D	T83D106(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	2.5	6	1.000	0.300	A, B, C, S, Z
15	С	T83C156(1)025(2)(3)(4)(5)	3.8	6	1.200	0.425	A, B, S, Z
15	D	T83D156(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	3.8	6	0.800	0.250	A, B, C, S, Z
22	D	T83D226(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	5.5	6	0.700	0.200	A, B, C, S, Z
33	D	T83D336(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	8.3	6	0.700	0.300	A, B, C, S, Z
33	E	T83E336(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	8.3	6	0.600	0.200	A, B, C, S, Z
47	D D	T83D476(1)025(2)(6)(4)(5)	11.8	8	0.700	0.175	A, B, C, S, Z
47	E	T83E476(1)025(2)(3)(4)(5)	11.8	6	0.600	0.300	A, B, S, Z
			5 °C; 23 V _{DC} A				, -, -, -
0.10	Α	T83A104(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	20.000	10.000	A, B, C, S, Z
0.15	Α	T83A154(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	18.000	6.000	A, B, C, S, Z
0.22	Α	T83A224(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	15.000	6.000	A, B, C, S, Z
0.33	Α	T83A334(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	13.000	6.000	A, B, C, S, Z
0.47	A	T83A474(1)035(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	10.000	4.000	A, B, S, Z
0.47	В	T83B474(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	8.000	2.500	A, B, C, S, Z
0.68	В	T83B684(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	6.500	2.500	A, B, C, S, Z
1.0	A	T83A105(1)035(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	7.500	6.000	A, B, S, Z
1.0	В	T83B105(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	5.000	2.000	A, B, C, S, Z
1.5	В	T83B155(1)035(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	6	4.200	2.000	A, B, S, Z
1.5	C	T83C155(1)035(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	6	3.800	1.500	A, B, S, Z
2.2	В	T83B225(1)035(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.80	6	3.800	2.300	A, B, S, Z
2.2	C	T83C225(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.80	6	2.900	0.900	A, B, C, S, Z

- Part number definitions:
 - (1) Capacitance tolerance: K, M
 - (2) Termination and packaging: C, E, K, H, L, M, R, N, Z, V, T, S
 - (3) Reliability level: A, B, S, Z
 - (4) Surge current: A, B, C, Z, S
 - (5) ESR: L, S
 - (6) Reliability level: A, B, C, S, Z (7) Reliability level: A, S, Z

CAPACITANCE (μF)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. DCL AT +25 °C (μA)	MAX. DF AT +25 °C 120 Hz (%)	STD. (S) MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (Ω)	LOW (L) MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 100 kHz (Ω)	AVAILABLE RELIABILITY LEVELS
		35 V _{DC} AT +8	5 °C; 23 V _{DC} A	T +125 °C	. ,	. ,	
3.3	В	T83B335(1)035(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.2	6	3.500	1.500	A, B, S, Z
3.3	С	T83C335(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.2	6	2.100	0.700	A, B, C, S, Z
4.7	С	T83C475(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.6	6	1.900	0.600	A, B, C, S, Z
4.7	D	T83D475(1)035(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.6	6	1.300	0.600	A, B, S, Z
6.8	С	T83C685(1)035(2)(3)(4)(5)	2.4	6	1.800	0.900	A, B, S, Z
6.8	D	T83D685(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	2.4	6	1.100	0.300	A, B, C, S, Z
10	С	T83C106(1)035(2)(3)(4)(5)	3.5	6	1.600	0.450	A, B, S, Z
10	D	T83D106(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	3.5	6	0.800	0.250	A, B, C, S, 2
15	D	T83D156(1)035(2)(3)(4)(5)	5.3	6	0.700	0.300	A, B, S, Z
22	D	T83D226(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	7.7	6	0.600	0.400	A, B, C, S, 2
22	E	T83E226(1)035(2)(6)(4)(5)	7.7	6	0.600	0.300	A, B, C, S, 2
		50 V _{DC} AT +8	5 °C; 33 V _{DC} A	T +125 °C			
0.10	А	T83A104(1)050(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	19.000	10.000	A, B, C, S, 2
0.15	Α	T83A154(1)050(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	17.000	10.000	A, B, S, Z
0.15	В	T83B154(1)050(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	14.000	9.000	A, B, S, Z
0.22	В	T83B224(1)050(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	12.000	8.500	A, B, C, S, 2
0.33	В	T83B334(1)050(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	10.000	4.500	A, B, C, S, 2
0.47	В	T83B474(1)050(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	8.400	4.000	A, B, S, Z
0.47	С	T83C474(1)050(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	6.700	1.800	A, B, S, Z
0.68	С	T83C684(1)050(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	5.900	1.600	A, B, C, S, 2
1.0	В	T83B105(1)050(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.50	4	6.700	2.000	A, B, S, Z
1.0	С	T83C105(1)050(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.50	4	4.600	1.600	A, B, C, S, 2
1.5	С	T83C155(1)050(2)(3)(4)(5)	0.80	6	3.400	1.500	A, B, S, Z
1.5	D	T83D155(1)050(2)(6)(4)(5)	0.80	6	2.900	1.000	A, B, C, S, 2
2.2	С	T83C225(1)050(2)(3)(4)(5)	1.1	6	2.900	1.500	A, B, S, Z
2.2	D	T83D225(1)050(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.1	6	2.100	0.800	A, B, C, S, 2
3.3	D	T83D335(1)050(2)(6)(4)(5)	1.7	6	1.700	0.800	A, B, C, S, 2
4.7	D	T83D475(1)050(2)(6)(4)(5)	2.4	6	1.200	0.300	A, B, C, S, 2
6.8	E	T83E685(1)050(2)(3)(4)(5)	3.4	6	0.900	0.540	A, B, S, Z
10	E	T83E106(1)050(2)(3)(4)(5)	5.0	6	0.800	0.550	A, B, S, Z
15	E	T83E156(1)050(2)(6)(4)(5)	7.5	6	0.800	0.350	A, B, C, S, 2
		63 V _{DC} AT +85					, , , -,
4.7	D	T83D475(1)063(2)(7)(4)(5)	3.0	6	1.100	0.700	A, S, Z
10	E	T83E106(1)063(2)(7)(4)(5)	6.3	6	1.000	0.600	A, S, Z

- Part number definitions:
- (1) Capacitance tolerance: K, M
- (2) Termination and packaging: C, E, K, H, L, M, R, N, Z, V, T, S
- (3) Reliability level: A, B, S, Z (4) Surge current: A, B, C, Z, S
- (5) ESR: L, S
- (6) Reliability level: A, B, C, S, Z (7) Reliability level: A, S, Z



Vishay Sprague

POWER DISSIPATION						
CASE CODE	MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE POWER DISSIPATION AT +25 °C (W) IN FREE AIR					
Α	0.075					
В	0.085					
С	0.110					
D	0.150					
E	0.165					

STANDARD PACKAGING QUANTITY							
0405 0005		UNITS PER REEL					
CASE CODE	7" FULL REEL	7" HALF REEL	7" PARTIAL REEL				
A	2000	1000	100				
В	2000	1000	100				
С	500	250	100				
D	500	250	100				
E	400	200	100				

PRODUCT INFORMATION					
Guide for Molded Tantalum Capacitors					
Pad Dimensions <u>www.vishay.com/doc?40074</u>					
Packaging Dimensions					
Moisture Sensitivity (MSL)	www.vishay.com/doc?40135				
SELECTOR GUIDES					
Solid Tantalum Selector Guide	www.vishay.com/doc?49053				
FAQ					
Frequently Asked Questions	www.vishay.com/doc?40110				



Guide for Molded Tantalum Capacitors

INTRODUCTION

Tantalum electrolytic capacitors are the preferred choice in applications where volumetric efficiency, stable electrical parameters, high reliability, and long service life are primary considerations. The stability and resistance to elevated temperatures of the tantalum / tantalum oxide / manganese dioxide system make solid tantalum capacitors an appropriate choice for today's surface mount assembly technology.

Vishay Sprague has been a pioneer and leader in this field, producing a large variety of tantalum capacitor types for consumer, industrial, automotive, military, and aerospace electronic applications.

Tantalum is not found in its pure state. Rather, it is commonly found in a number of oxide minerals, often in combination with Columbium ore. This combination is known as "tantalite" when its contents are more than one-half tantalum. Important sources of tantalite include Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, and several African countries. Synthetic tantalite concentrates produced from tin slags in Thailand, Malaysia, and Brazil are also a significant raw material for tantalum production.

Electronic applications, and particularly capacitors, consume the largest share of world tantalum production. Other important applications for tantalum include cutting tools (tantalum carbide), high temperature super alloys, chemical processing equipment, medical implants, and military ordnance.

Vishay Sprague is a major user of tantalum materials in the form of powder and wire for capacitor elements and rod and sheet for high temperature vacuum processing.

THE BASICS OF TANTALUM CAPACITORS

Most metals form crystalline oxides which are non-protecting, such as rust on iron or black oxide on copper. A few metals form dense, stable, tightly adhering, electrically insulating oxides. These are the so-called "valve" metals and include titanium, zirconium, niobium, tantalum, hafnium, and aluminum. Only a few of these permit the accurate control of oxide thickness by electrochemical means. Of these, the most valuable for the electronics industry are aluminum and tantalum.

Capacitors are basic to all kinds of electrical equipment, from radios and television sets to missile controls and automobile ignitions. Their function is to store an electrical charge for later use.

Capacitors consist of two conducting surfaces, usually metal plates, whose function is to conduct electricity. They are separated by an insulating material or dielectric. The dielectric used in all tantalum electrolytic capacitors is tantalum pentoxide.

Tantalum pentoxide compound possesses high-dielectric strength and a high-dielectric constant. As capacitors are being manufactured, a film of tantalum pentoxide is applied to their electrodes by means of an electrolytic process. The film is applied in various thicknesses and at various voltages and although transparent to begin with, it takes on different colors as light refracts through it. This coloring occurs on the tantalum electrodes of all types of tantalum capacitors.

Rating for rating, tantalum capacitors tend to have as much as three times better capacitance / volume efficiency than aluminum electrolytic capacitors. An approximation of the capacitance / volume efficiency of other types of capacitors may be inferred from the following table, which shows the dielectric constant ranges of the various materials used in each type. Note that tantalum pentoxide has a dielectric constant of 26, some three times greater than that of aluminum oxide. This, in addition to the fact that extremely thin films can be deposited during the electrolytic process mentioned earlier, makes the tantalum capacitor extremely efficient with respect to the number of microfarads available per unit volume. The capacitance of any capacitor is determined by the surface area of the two conducting plates, the distance between the plates, and the dielectric constant of the insulating material between the plates.

COMPARISON OF CAPACITOR DIELECTRIC CONSTANTS				
DIELECTRIC	e DIELECTRIC CONSTANT			
Air or vacuum	1.0			
Paper	2.0 to 6.0			
Plastic	2.1 to 6.0			
Mineral oil	2.2 to 2.3			
Silicone oil	2.7 to 2.8			
Quartz	3.8 to 4.4			
Glass	4.8 to 8.0			
Porcelain	5.1 to 5.9			
Mica	5.4 to 8.7			
Aluminum oxide 8.4				
Tantalum pentoxide	26			
Ceramic	12 to 400K			

In the tantalum electrolytic capacitor, the distance between the plates is very small since it is only the thickness of the tantalum pentoxide film. As the dielectric constant of the tantalum pentoxide is high, the capacitance of a tantalum capacitor is high if the area of the plates is large:

$$C = \frac{eA}{t}$$

where

C = capacitance

e = dielectric constant

A = surface area of the dielectric

t = thickness of the dielectric

Tantalum capacitors contain either liquid or solid electrolytes. In solid electrolyte capacitors, a dry material (manganese dioxide) forms the cathode plate. A tantalum lead is embedded in or welded to the pellet, which is in turn connected to a termination or lead wire. The drawings show the construction details of the surface mount types of tantalum capacitors shown in this catalog.



SOLID ELECTROLYTE TANTALUM CAPACITORS

Solid electrolyte capacitors contain manganese dioxide, which is formed on the tantalum pentoxide dielectric layer by impregnating the pellet with a solution of manganous nitrate. The pellet is then heated in an oven, and the manganous nitrate is converted to manganese dioxide.

The pellet is next coated with graphite, followed by a layer of metallic silver, which provides a conductive surface between the pellet and the leadframe.

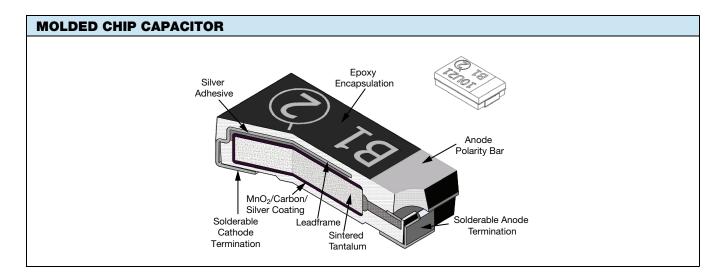
Molded Chip tantalum capacitor encases the element in plastic resins, such as epoxy materials. The molding compound has been selected to meet the requirements of UL 94 V-0 and outgassing requirements of ASTM E-595. After assembly, the capacitors are tested and inspected to assure long life and reliability. It offers excellent reliability and high stability for consumer and commercial electronics with the added feature of low cost

Surface mount designs of "Solid Tantalum" capacitors use lead frames or lead frameless designs as shown in the accompanying drawings.

TANTALUM CAPACITORS FOR ALL DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

Solid electrolyte designs are the least expensive for a given rating and are used in many applications where their very small size for a given unit of capacitance is of importance. They will typically withstand up to about 10 % of the rated DC working voltage in a reverse direction. Also important are their good low temperature performance characteristics and freedom from corrosive electrolytes.

Vishay Sprague patented the original solid electrolyte capacitors and was the first to market them in 1956. Vishay Sprague has the broadest line of tantalum capacitors and has continued its position of leadership in this field. Data sheets covering the various types and styles of Vishay Sprague capacitors for consumer and entertainment electronics, industry, and military applications are available where detailed performance characteristics must be specified.



COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS

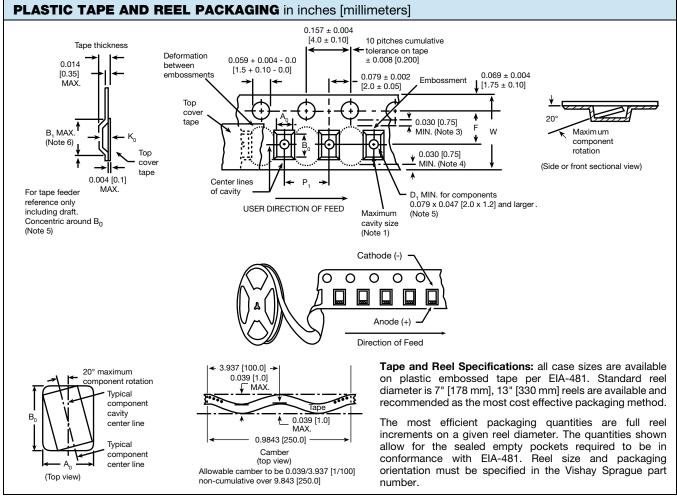
SOLID TANTALUM CAPACITORS - MOLDED CASE						
SERIES	293D	793DX-CTC3- CTC4	593D	TR3	TP3	TL3
PRODUCT IMAGE	In the last last last	E LEVE LEVE VICTOR	***************************************		12.55 12.55 12.55	180 0 00 X 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
TYPE		Surface m	ount Tantamount™, r	molded case		
FEATURES	Standard industrial grade	CECC approved	Low ESR	Low ESR	High performance, automotive grade	Very low DCL
TEMPERATURE RANGE	-55 °C to +125 °C					
CAPACITANCE RANGE	0.1 μF to 1000 μF	0.1 μF to 100 μF	1 μF to 470 μF	0.47 μF to 1000 μF	0.1 μF to 470 μF	0.1 μF to 470 μF
VOLTAGE RANGE	4 V to 75 V	4 V to 50 V	4 V to 50 V	4 V to 75 V	4 V to 50 V	4 V to 50 V
CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE	± 10 %, ± 20 %					
LEAKAGE CURRENT	0.01 CV or 0.5 μA, whichever is greater 0.25 which				0.005 CV or 0.25 μA, whichever is greater	
DISSIPATION FACTOR	4 % to 30 %	4 % to 6 %	4 % to 15 %	4 % to 30 %	4 % to 15 %	4 % to 15 %
CASE CODES	A, B, C, D, E	A, B, C, D	A, B, C, D, E	A, B, C, D, E, W	A, B, C, D, E	A, B, C, D, E
TERMINATION	100 % matte tin standard, tin / lead available					

SOLID TANTALUM CAPACITORS - MOLDED CASE					
SERIES	TH3	TH4	TH5		
PRODUCT IMAGE			San		
TYPE	Surf	ace mount Tantamount™, molded o	case		
FEATURES	High temperature +150 °C, automotive grade	High temperature +175 °C, automotive grade	Very high temperature +200 °C		
TEMPERATURE RANGE	-55 °C to +150 °C	-55 °C to +175 °C	-55 °C to +200 °C		
CAPACITANCE RANGE	0.33 μF to 220 μF	10 μF to 100 μF	4.7 μF to 100 μF		
VOLTAGE RANGE	6.3 V to 50 V	6.3 V to 35 V	5 V to 24 V		
CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE	± 10 %, ± 20 %				
LEAKAGE CURRENT	0.01 CV or 0.5 μA, whichever is greater				
DISSIPATION FACTOR	4 % to 8 %	4.5 % to 8 %	6 % to 10 %		
CASE CODES	A, B, C, D, E	B, C, D, E	D, E		
TERMINATION	100 % matte tin standard, tin / lead and gold plated available	100 % matte tin	Gold plated		



HIGH RELIABILITY PRODUCTS

SOLID TANTALUM CAPACITORS - MOLDED CASE					
SERIES	тмз	T83	CWR11	95158	
PRODUCT IMAGE	The o	47716 20 6			
ТҮРЕ	TANTAMOUNT™, molded case, hi-rel.	TANTAMOUNT™, molded case, hi-rel. COTS	TANTAMOUNT™, molded case, DLA approved		
FEATURES	High reliability, for medical Instruments	High reliability, standard and low ESR	MIL-PRF-55365/8 qualified	Low ESR	
TEMPERATURE RANGE		-55 °C to +125 °C			
CAPACITANCE RANGE	1 μF to 220 μF	0.1 μF to 470 μF	0.1 μF to 100 μF 4.7 μF to 220 μF		
VOLTAGE RANGE	4 V to 20 V	4 V to 63 V 4 V to 50 V		50 V	
CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE	± 10 %, ± 2	± 20 % ± 5 %, ± 10 %, ± 20 % ± 10 %, ± 20 %		± 10 %, ± 20 %	
LEAKAGE CURRENT	$0.005~\text{CV}$ or $0.25~\mu\text{A},$ whichever is greater	0.01 CV or 0.5 μA, whichever is greater			
DISSIPATION FACTOR	4 % to 8 %	4 % to 15 % 4 % to 6 % 4		4 % to 12 %	
CASE CODES	A, B, C, D, E	A, B, C, D, E	A, B, C, D	C, D, E	
TERMINATION	100 % matte tin; tin / lead	100 % matte tin; tin / lead; tin / lead solder fused	Tin / lead; tin / lead solder fused	Tin / lead solder plated; gold plated	



Notes

- Metric dimensions will govern. Dimensions in inches are rounded and for reference only
- (1) A₀, B₀, K₀, are determined by the maximum dimensions to the ends of the terminals extending from the component body and / or the body dimensions of the component. The clearance between the ends of the terminals or body of the component to the sides and depth of the cavity (A₀, B₀, K₀) must be within 0.002" (0.05 mm) minimum and 0.020" (0.50 mm) maximum. The clearance allowed must also prevent rotation of the component within the cavity of not more than 20°
- (2) Tape with components shall pass around radius "R" without damage. The minimum trailer length may require additional length to provide "R" minimum for 12 mm embossed tape for reels with hub diameters approaching N minimum
- (3) This dimension is the flat area from the edge of the sprocket hole to either outward deformation of the carrier tape between the embossed cavities or to the edge of the cavity whichever is less
- (4) This dimension is the flat area from the edge of the carrier tape opposite the sprocket holes to either the outward deformation of the carrier tape between the embossed cavity or to the edge of the cavity whichever is less
- (5) The embossed hole location shall be measured from the sprocket hole controlling the location of the embossment. Dimensions of embossment location shall be applied independent of each other
- (6) B₁ dimension is a reference dimension tape feeder clearance only

CASE CODE	TAPE SIZE	B ₁ (MAX.)	D ₁ (MIN.)	F	K ₀ (MAX.)	P ₁	w
MOLDED	CHIP CAPA	CITORS; ALL TY	PES				
Α	8 mm	0.165	0.039	0.138 ± 0.002	0.094	0.157 ± 0.004	0.315 ± 0.012
В	0 111111	[4.2]	[1.0]	$[3.5 \pm 0.05]$	[2.4]	$[4.0 \pm 1.0]$	$[8.0 \pm 0.30]$
С							
D	12 mm	0.32	0.059	0.217 ± 0.00	0.177	0.315 ± 0.004	0.472 ± 0.012
Е	12 111111	[8.2]	[1.5]	$[5.5 \pm 0.05]$	[4.5]	$[8.0 \pm 1.0]$	$[12.0 \pm 0.30]$
W							

6 °C/s max.

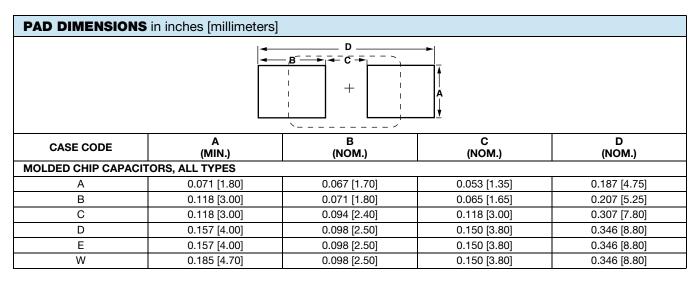


Ramp-down rate (Tp to TL)

RECOMMENDED REFLOW PROFILES Capacitors should withstand reflow profile as per J-STD-020 standard, three cycles. T_C - 5 °C Max. ramp-up rate = 3 °C/s Max. ramp-down rate = 6 °C/s (°C) Preheat area T_{s min.} 25 Time 25 °C to peak TIME (s) **PROFILE FEATURE** SnPb EUTECTIC ASSEMBLY **LEAD (Pb)-FREE ASSEMBLY** Preheat / soak Temperature min. (T_{s min.}) 100 °C 150 °C Temperature max. (T_{s max.}) 150 °C 200 °C Time (t_s) from $(T_{s min.} to T_{s max.})$ 60 s to 120 s 60 s to 120 s Ramp-up Ramp-up rate (T_L to T_D) 3 °C/s max. 3 °C/s max. 217 °C 183 °C Liquidus temperature (T_L) Time (t₁) maintained above T₁ 60 s to 150 s 60 s to 150 s Peak package body temperature (Tp) Depends on case size - see table below Time (t_p) within 5 °C of the specified classification temperature (T_C) 20 s 30 s Time 25 °C to peak temperature 6 min max. 8 min max. Ramp-down

PEAK PACKAGE BODY TEMPERATURE (T _p)				
CASE CODE	PEAK PACKAGE BODY TEMPERATURE (Tp)			
CASE CODE	SnPb EUTECTIC PROCESS	LEAD (Pb)-FREE PROCESS		
A, B, C	235 °C	260 °C		
D, E, W	220 °C	250 °C		

6 °C/s max.



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GUIDE TO APPLICATION

 AC Ripple Current: the maximum allowable ripple current shall be determined from the formula:

$$I_{RMS} = \sqrt{\frac{P}{R_{ESR}}}$$

where,

P = power dissipation in W at +25 °C as given in the tables in the product datasheets (Power Dissipation).

R_{ESR} = the capacitor equivalent series resistance at the specified frequency

 AC Ripple Voltage: the maximum allowable ripple voltage shall be determined from the formula:

$$V_{RMS} = I_{RMS} \times Z$$

or, from the formula:

$$V_{RMS} = Z \sqrt{\frac{P}{R_{ESR}}}$$

where.

P = power dissipation in W at +25 °C as given in the tables in the product datasheets (Power Dissipation).

R_{ESR} = the capacitor equivalent series resistance at the specified frequency

Z = the capacitor impedance at the specified frequency

- 2.1 The sum of the peak AC voltage plus the applied DC voltage shall not exceed the DC voltage rating of the capacitor.
- 2.2 The sum of the negative peak AC voltage plus the applied DC voltage shall not allow a voltage reversal exceeding 10 % of the DC working voltage at +25 °C.
- 3. **Reverse Voltage:** solid tantalum capacitors are not intended for use with reverse voltage applied. However, they have been shown to be capable of withstanding momentary reverse voltage peaks of up to 10 % of the DC rating at 25 °C and 5 % of the DC rating at +85 °C.
- 4. **Temperature Derating:** if these capacitors are to be operated at temperatures above +25 °C, the permissible RMS ripple current shall be calculated using the derating factors as shown:

TEMPERATURE (°C)	DERATING FACTOR
+25	1.0
+85	0.9
+125	0.4
+150 ⁽¹⁾	0.3
+175 ⁽¹⁾	0.2
+200 (1)	0.1

Note

(1) Applicable for dedicated high temperature product series

5. **Power Dissipation:** power dissipation will be affected by the heat sinking capability of the mounting surface. Non-sinusoidal ripple current may produce heating effects which differ from those shown. It is important that the equivalent I_{RMS} value

be established when calculating permissible operating levels. (Power dissipation calculated using +25 °C temperature rise).

6. **Printed Circuit Board Materials:** molded capacitors are compatible with commonly used printed circuit board materials (alumina substrates, FR4, FR5, G10, PTFE-fluorocarbon and porcelanized steel).

7. Attachment:

- 7.1 **Solder Paste:** the recommended thickness of the solder paste after application is 0.007" ± 0.001" [0.178 mm ± 0.025 mm]. Care should be exercised in selecting the solder paste. The metal purity should be as high as practical. The flux (in the paste) must be active enough to remove the oxides formed on the metallization prior to the exposure to soldering heat. In practice this can be aided by extending the solder preheat time at temperatures below the liquidous state of the solder.
- 7.2 **Soldering:** capacitors can be attached by conventional soldering techniques; vapor phase, convection reflow, infrared reflow, wave soldering, and hot plate methods. The soldering profile charts show recommended time / temperature conditions for soldering. Preheating is recommended. The recommended maximum ramp rate is 3 °C per second. Attachment with a soldering iron is not recommended due to the difficulty of controlling temperature and time at temperature. The soldering iron must never come in contact with the capacitor. For details see www.vishav.com/doc?40214.
- 7.2.1 Backward and Forward Compatibility: capacitors with SnPb or 100 % tin termination finishes can be soldered using SnPb or lead (Pb)-free soldering processes.
- 8. Cleaning (Flux Removal) After Soldering: molded capacitors are compatible with all commonly used solvents such as TES, TMS, Prelete, Chlorethane, Terpene and aqueous cleaning media. However, CFC / ODS products are not used in the production of these devices and are not recommended. Solvents containing methylene chloride or other epoxy solvents should be avoided since these will attack the epoxy encapsulation material.
- 8.1 When using ultrasonic cleaning, the board may resonate if the output power is too high. This vibration can cause cracking or a decrease in the adherence of the termination. DO NOT EXCEED 9W/I at 40 kHz for 2 min.
- 9. Recommended Mounting Pad Geometries: proper mounting pad geometries are essential for successful solder connections. These dimensions are highly process sensitive and should be designed to minimize component rework due to unacceptable solder joints. The dimensional configurations shown are the recommended pad geometries for both wave and reflow soldering techniques. These dimensions are intended to be a starting point for circuit board designers and may be fine tuned if necessary based upon the peculiarities of the soldering process and / or circuit board design.



COTS Tantalum Capacitors

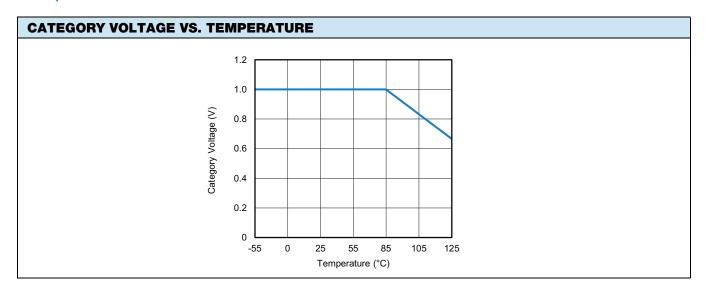
ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS					
ITEM	PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS				
Category temperature range	-55 °C to +85 °C (to +12	5 °C with voltage derating)			
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %, ± 10 %, tested v	via bridge method, at 25 °C	C, 120 Hz		
Dissipation factor	Limit per Standard Ratin	gs table. Tested via bridge	method, at 25 °C, 120 Hz		
ESR	Limit per Standard Ratin	gs table. Tested via bridge	method, at 25 °C, 100 kHz		
Leakage current	resistor in series with th 0.5 µA, whichever is great	e capacitor under test, lea	ors for 5 min using a steady so akage current at 25 °C is no current varies with temperat stor.	ot more than 0.01 CV or	
Capacitance change by temperature	+15 % max. (at +125 °C) +10 % max. (at +85 °C) -10 % max. (at -55 °C)				
Reverse voltage	10 % of the DC rating at 5 % of the DC rating at + 1 % of the DC rating at +	+25 °C -85 °C -125 °C	ges in the reverse direction e		
Ripple current	For maximum ripple current values (at 25 °C) refer to relevant datasheet. If capacitors are to be used at temperatures above +25 °C, the permissible RMS ripple current (or voltage) shall be calculated using the derating factors: 1.0 at +25 °C 0.9 at +85 °C 0.4 at +125 °C				
Maximum operating and surge	+85	5 °C	+125	5 °C	
voltages vs. temperature	RATED VOLTAGE (V)	SURGE VOLTAGE (V)	CATEGORY VOLTAGE (V)	SURGE VOLTAGE (V)	
	4.0	5.2	2.7	3.4	
	6.3	8.0	4.0	5.0	
	10	13	7.0	8.0	
	16	20	10	12	
	20	26	13	16	
	25	32	17	20	
	35	46	23	28	
	40	52	26	31	
	50	65	33	40	
	50 ⁽¹⁾	60	33	40	
	63	75	42	50	
	75	75	50	50	
Recommended voltage	VOLTAGE RAIL		CAPACITOR VOLTAGE RATING		
derating guidelines	≤ 3.3		6.3		
(below 85 °C) ⁽²⁾	5		10		
	10		20		
	12		25		
	15		35		
	≥24		50 or series configuration		
	28		63 or series configuration		
	≥ 32 75 or series configuration				

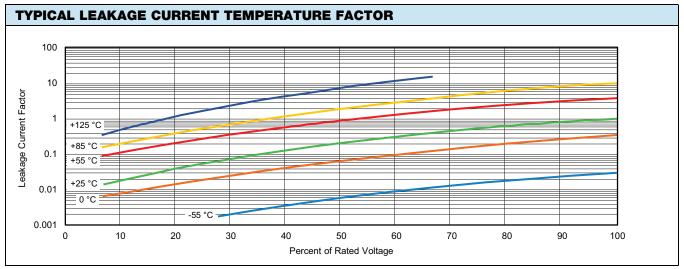
Notes

- All information presented in this document reflects typical performance characteristics
- For more information about recommended voltage derating see: www.vishay.com/doc?40246
- (1) Capacitance value 15 µF and higher

⁽²⁾ For temperatures above +85 °C the same voltage derating ratio is recommended, but with respect to category voltage: up to +85 °C: category voltage = rated voltage; at +125 °C: category voltage = 2/3 of rated voltage, between these temperatures it decreases linearly see graph below

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Notes

- At +25 °C, the leakage current shall not exceed the value listed in the Standard Ratings table.
- At +85 °C, the leakage current shall not exceed 10 times the value listed in the Standard Ratings table.
- At +125 °C, the leakage current shall not exceed 12 times the value listed in the Standard Ratings table

Typical Performance Characteristics

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ENVIRONMENT	ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS					
ITEM	CONDITION	POST TEST PERFOR	MANCE			
Surge voltage	MIL-PRF-55365 1000 successive test cycles at 85 °C of surge voltage (as specified in the table above), in series with a 33 Ω resistor at the rate of 30 s ON, 30 s OFF	Capacitance change Dissipation factor Leakage current	Within ± 10 % of initial value Initial specified limit Initial specified limit			
Life test at +85 °C	MIL-STD-202, method 108 1000 h application of rated voltage at 85 °C	Capacitance change Dissipation factor Leakage current	Within ± 10 % of initial value Initial specified limit Shall not exceed 125 % of initial limit			
Life test at +125 °C	MIL-STD-202, method 108 1000 h application 2/3 of rated voltage at 125 °C	Capacitance change Dissipation factor Leakage current	Within ± 10 % of initial value Initial specified limit Shall not exceed 125 % of initial limit			
Moisture resistance	MIL-STD-202, method 106, 20 cycles	Capacitance change Dissipation factor Leakage current	Within ± 15 % of initial value Shall not exceed 150 % of initial limit Shall not exceed 200 % of initial limit			
Stability at low and high temperatures	MIL-PRF-55365	Delta cap limit at 125 °	itial specified value			
Thermal shock	MIL-STD-202, method 107 At -55 °C / +125 °C, for 5 cycles, 30 min at each temperature	Capacitance change Dissipation factor Leakage current	Within ± 10 % of initial value Initial specified limit Initial specified limit			

MECHANICAL I	PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS	
ITEM	CONDITION	POST TEST PERFORMANCE
Terminal strength / Shear force test	Apply a pressure load of 5 N for 10 s ± 1 s horizontally to the center of capacitor side body	Capacitance change Within ± 10 % of initial value Dissipation factor Initial specified limit Leakage current Initial specified limit
		There shall be no mechanical or visual damage to capacitors post-conditioning.
Vibration	MIL-STD-202, method 204, condition D, 10 Hz to 2000 Hz, 20 g peak, 8 h, at rated voltage parts are used for shock (specified pulse) test.	
		There shall be no mechanical or visual damage to capacitors post-conditioning.
Shock (specified pulse)	MIL-STD-202, method 213, condition I, 100 g peak	Capacitance change Within ± 10 % of initial value Dissipation factor Initial specified limit Leakage current Initial specified limit
		There shall be no mechanical or visual damage to capacitors post-conditioning.
Resistance to soldering heat	MIL-STD-202, method 210, condition J (leadbearing capacitors) and K (lead (Pb)-free capacitors), one heat cycle	Capacitance change Within ± 10 % of initial value Dissipation factor Initial specified limit Leakage current Initial specified limit
Solderability	MIL-STD-202, method 208, ANSI/J-STD-002, test B (leadbearing) and B1 (lead (Pb)-free).	Solder coating of all capacitors shall meet specified requirements.
	Preconditioning per category C (category E - optional). Does not apply to gold terminations. Lead (Pb)-free and leadbearing capacitors are backward and forward compatible	There shall be no mechanical or visual damage to capacitors post-conditioning.
Resistance to solvents	MIL-STD-202, method 215	There shall be no mechanical or visual damage to capacitors post-conditioning. Body marking shall remain legible.
Flammability	Encapsulation materials meet UL 94 V-0 with an oxygen index of 32 %	



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