

TOSHIBA BiCD Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

## **TB67S128FTG**

#### **CLOCK-in and Serial controlled Bipolar Stepping Motor Driver**

#### 1. Outline

The TB67S128FTG is a two-phase bipolar stepping motor driver using a PWM chopper. The clock in decoder is built in.

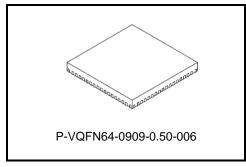
Fabricated with the BiCD process, output rating is 50 V/5.0 A (Motor supply voltage = 44 V).

#### 2. Features

- BiCD process integrated monolithic IC.
- Capable of controlling 1 bipolar stepping motor.
- PWM controlled constant-current drive
- Low on-resistance (High + Low side =  $0.25 \Omega$  (typ.)) MOSFET output stage.
- Allows full, half, quarter, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32, 1/64, 1/128 step operation.
- High efficiency motor current control mechanism (ADMD: Advanced Dynamic Mixed Decay)
- Built-in Anti-stall architecture (AGC: Active Gain Control)
- Built-in Sense resistor less current control architecture (ACDS: Advanced Current Detection System)
- High voltage and current (For specification, please refer to absolute maximum ratings and operation ranges)
- Multi error detect functions (Thermal shutdown (TSD), Over current (ISD), Power-on-reset (POR), motor load open (OPD)).
- Error detection (TSD/ISD/OPD) flag output function
- Built-in VCC regulator for internal circuit
- Chopping frequency of a motor can be adjusted by external resistance and capacitor.
- Small package with thermal pad

TB67S128FTG: P-VQFN64-0909-0.50-006

Note: Please be careful about thermal conditions during using.



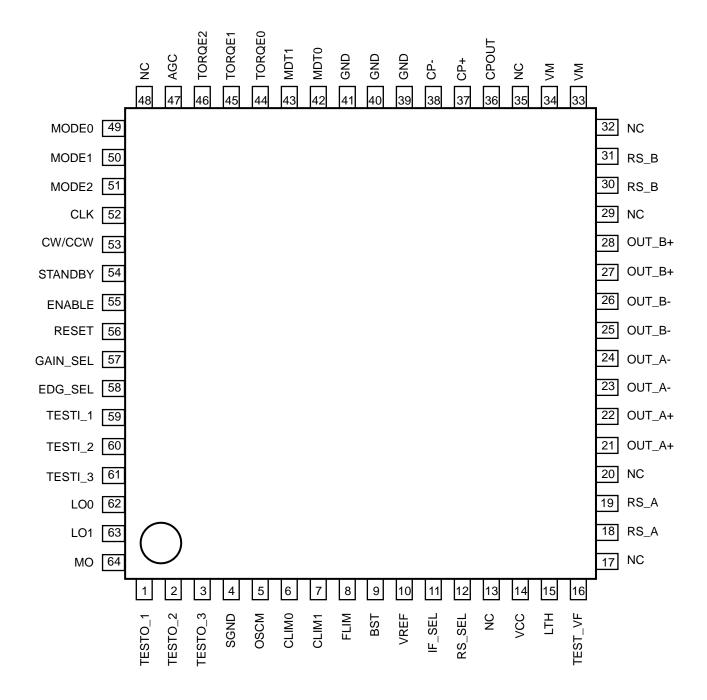
Weight: 0.229 g (typ.)



## 3. Pin Assignment

Pin assignment in CLK mode (IF\_SEL pin = L) is shown in below figure.

<TOP View>



Note: Please solder the corner pads and the rear thermal pad of the QFN package, to the GND pattern of the PCB.



## 4. Pin Description

|         | Symbo           | ol              |  |  |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Pin No. | CLK mode        | Serial mode     | Description  |  |
| 1       | TESTO_1 (Note1) | TESTO_1 (Note1) | TEST OUT pin No.1  |  |
| 2       | TESTO_2 (Note1) | TESTO_2 (Note1) | TEST OUT pin No.2  |  |
| 3       | TESTO_3 (Note1) | TESTO_3 (Note1) | TEST OUT pin No.3  |  |
| 4       | SGND            | SGND            | Logic ground pin   |  |
| 5       | OSCM            | OSCM            | Internal oscillator frequency monitor and setting pin                  |  |
| 6       | CLIM0 (Note1)   | NC (Note1)      | AGC current limiter setup pin No.0                                     |  |
| 7       | CLIM1 (Note1)   | NC (Note1)      | AGC current limiter setup pin No.1                                     |  |
| 8       | FLIM (Note1)    | NC (Note1)      | AGC frequency limiter setup pin  |  |
| 9       | BST (Note1)     | NC (Note1)      | AGC current boost setup pin  |  |
| 10      | VREF            | VREF            | Current threshold reference pin  |  |
| 11      | IF_SEL          | IF_SEL          | Interface select pin   |  |
| 12      | RS_SEL          | NC (Note1)      | RS mode select pin   |  |
| 13      | NC              | NC              | NC pin   |  |
| 14      | VCC             | VCC             | Internal regulator voltage monitor pin                                 |  |
| 15      | LTH (Note1)     | LTH (Note1)     | AGC threshold setup pin  |  |
| 16      | TEST_VF (Note1) | TEST_VF (Note1) | TEST monitor (3VF)   |  |
| 17      | NC              | NC NC           | NC Pin   |  |
|         |                 |                 | Ach current sense resistor connected pin /                             |  |
| 18      | RS_A (Note2)    | RS_A (Note2)    | Ach motor power ground pin   |  |
| 19      | RS_A (Note2)    | RS_A (Note2)    | Ach current sense resistor connected pin /                             |  |
| 19      | NO_A (Note2)    | NO_A (Note2)    | Ach motor power ground pin   |  |
| 20      | NC              | NC              | NC pin   |  |
| 21      | OUT_A+ (Note2)  | OUT_A+ (Note2)  | Ach motor output(+) pin  |  |
| 22      | OUT_A+ (Note2)  | OUT_A+ (Note2)  | Ach motor output(+) pin  |  |
| 23      | OUT_A- (Note2)  | OUT_A- (Note2)  | Ach motor output(-) pin  |  |
| 24      | OUT_A- (Note2)  | OUT_A- (Note2)  | Ach motor output(-) pin  |  |
| 25      | OUT_B- (Note2)  | OUT_B- (Note2)  | Bch motor output(-) pin  |  |
| 26      | OUT_B- (Note2)  | OUT_B- (Note2)  | Bch motor output(-) pin  |  |
| 27      | OUT_B+ (Note2)  | OUT_B+ (Note2)  | Bch motor output(+) pin  |  |
| 28      | OUT_B+ (Note2)  | OUT_B+ (Note2)  | Bch motor output(+) pin  |  |
| 29      | NC              | NC              | NC pin   |  |
| 30      | RS_B (Note2)    | RS_B (Note2)    | Bch current sense resistor connected pin /                             |  |
|         |                 |                 | Bch motor power ground pin  Bch current sense resistor connected pin / |  |
| 31      | RS_B (Note2)    | RS_B (Note2)    | Bch motor power ground pin   |  |
| 32      | NC              | NC              | NC pin   |  |
| 33      | VM (Note2)      | VM (Note2)      | Motor power supply input pin   |  |
| 34      | VM (Note2)      | VM (Note2)      | Motor power supply input pin   |  |
| 35      | NC              | NC              | NC pin   |  |
| 36      | CPOUT           | CPOUT           | Pin for Charge pump  |  |
| 37      | CP+             | CP+             | Pin for Charge pump  |  |
| 38      | CP-             | CP-             | Pin for Charge pump  |  |
| 39      | GND             | GND             | GND  |  |
| 40      | GND             | GND             | GND  |  |
| 41      | GND             | GND             | GND  |  |
| 42      | MDT0            | NC (Note1)      | Mixed Decay/ADMD setting pin   |  |
|         | MDT1            | NC (Note1)      | Mixed Decay/ADMD setting pin   |  |



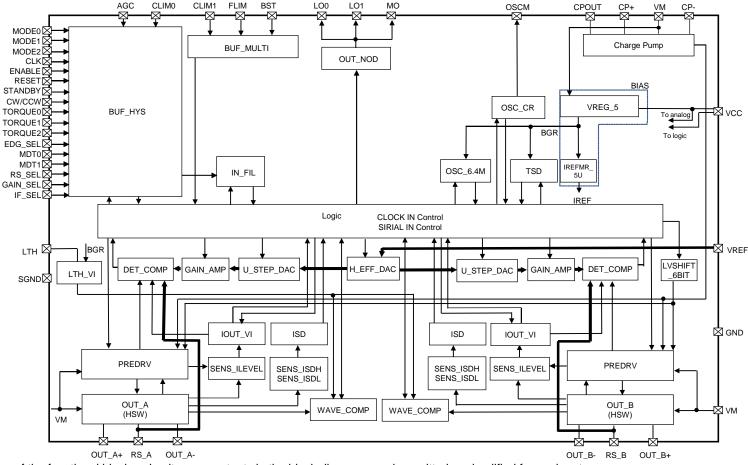
| D'a Ma  | Symbo           | ol              | Description  |  |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Pin No. | CLK mode        | Serial mode     | Description  |  |
| 44      | TORQE0          | NC (Note1)      | Torque setting pin No.0  |  |
| 45      | TORQE1          | NC (Note1)      | Torque setting pin No.1  |  |
| 46      | TORQE2          | NC (Note1)      | Torque setting pin No.2  |  |
| 47      | AGC             | NC (Note1)      | Active Gain Control setup pin                                    |  |
| 48      | NC              | NC              | NC pin   |  |
| 49      | MODE0           | NC (Note1)      | Excitation setting pin No.0                                      |  |
| 50      | MODE1           | NC (Note1)      | Excitation setting pin No.1                                      |  |
| 51      | MODE2           | NC (Note1)      | Excitation setting pin No.2                                      |  |
| 52      | CLK             | CLK             | Step clock input pin / Serial clock input pin                    |  |
| 53      | CW/CCW          | DATA            | Current direction setup pin / Data input pin in serial interface |  |
| 54      | STANDBY         | STANDBY         | Standby pin  |  |
| 55      | ENABLE          | LATCH           | Motor output ON/OFF pin / Latch Enable input pin                 |  |
| 56      | RESET           | BANK_EN         | Electrical angle initialize pin / BANK select pin                |  |
| 57      | GAIN_SEL        | NC (Note1)      | Vref Gain setting pin  |  |
| 58      | EDG_SEL         | NC (Note1)      | CLK edge setting pin   |  |
| 59      | TESTI_1 (Note1) | TESTI_1 (Note1) | TEST input pin No.1  |  |
| 60      | TESTI_2 (Note1) | TESTI_2 (Note1) | TEST input pin No.2  |  |
| 61      | TESTI_3 (Note1) | TESTI_3 (Note1) | TEST input pin No.3  |  |
| 62      | LO0             | LO0             | Error detection flag output pin No.0                             |  |
| 63      | LO1             | LO1             | Error detection flag output pin No.1                             |  |
| 64      | MO              | NC (Note1)      | Electrical angle monitor pin                                     |  |

Note1: When this pin is not used, the pin should be opened or connected to Ground.

Note2: The same name pins should be connected with PCB pattern each other.

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### 5. Block Diagram



Note: Some of the functional blocks, circuits, or constants in the block diagram may be omitted or simplified for explanatory purpose.

Note: All the grounding wires of the TB67S128FTG should run on the solder mask on the PCB and be externally terminated at only one point. Also, a grounding method should be considered for efficient heat dissipation. Careful attention should be paid to the layout of the output, VM and GND traces, to avoid short circuits across output pins or to the power supply or ground. If such a short circuit occurs, the device may be permanently damaged. Also, the utmost care should be taken for pattern designing and implementation of the device since it has power supply pins (VM, RS line, OUT line, and GND) through which a particularly large current may run. If these pins are wired incorrectly, an operation error may occur or the device may be destroyed. The logic input pins must also be wired correctly. Otherwise, the device may be damaged owing to a current running through the IC that is larger than the specified current. Careful attention should be paid to design patterns and mountings.



## 6. INPUT/OUTPUT Equivalent Circuit

| Pin name  | IN/OUT signal   | Equivalent circuit   |
|---|---|--|
| MODE0, 1, 2 CLK ENABLE RESET CW/CCW TORQE0, 1, 2 EDG_SEL MDT0, 1 RS_SEL GAIN_SEL IF_SEL STANDBY CLIM0 AGC | Digital Input (VIH/VIL)  VIH: 2.0 V (min) to 5.5 V (max)  VIL: 0 V (min) to 0.8 V (max)   | Logic input pin $\begin{array}{c c} & 1 & k\Omega \\ \hline & & & & \\ \hline & & & & \\ \hline & & & & \\ \hline & & & &$   |
| LO0, LO1<br>MO  | Digital Output (VOH/VOL) (Pullup resistance:10 k to 100 kΩ)                               | Logic<br>Output Pin  |
| VCC<br>VREF   | VCC voltage range 4.75 V (min) 5.0 V (typ.) 5.25 V (max)  VREF voltage range 0 V to 3.6 V | VCC Δ<br>VREF Δ<br>W   |
| OSCM  | OSCM frequency setting range<br>0.64 MHz (min)<br>1.12 MHz (typ.)<br>2.4 MHz (max)        | OSCM A LANGE OSCM CONTRACTOR O |
| OUT_A+ OUT_A- OUT_B+ OUT_B- RS_A RS_B   | VM power supply voltage range<br>6.5 V (min) to 44 V (max)                                | OUT_X+ OUT_X- GND RS_X X = A or B  |



| Pin name             | IN/OUT signal  | Equivalent circuit                    |
|----------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| CLIM1<br>FLIM<br>BST | Multi state input pin voltage Connect to VCC Connect to GND Connect to VCC with 100 k $\Omega$ pull-up resistor Connect to GND with 100 k $\Omega$ pull-down resister (Resistor accuracy should be within $\pm 20$ %.) | VCC 100 kΩ 1 kΩ 1 kΩ 100 kΩ 100 kΩ    |
| LTH                  | Connect to GND with 100 k $\Omega$ pull-down resistor (Resistance accuracy should be within $\pm 20$ %.)   | 500 Ω LTH                             |
| CPOUT<br>CP+<br>CP-  | VM power supply voltage range 6.5 V (min) to 44 V (max)  OUTPUT pin voltage 11.2 V (min) to 48.7 V (max)   | CP+ OUTPUT COntrol CP- OUTPUT Control |

Note: The equivalent circuit diagrams may be simplified for explanatory purposes.



#### 7. IF Select Function

IF can be selected from CLK mode or serial mode.

| IF_SEL pin input | Function    |
|------------------|-------------|
| L                | CLK mode    |
| Н                | Serial mode |

## 8. Functional Description 1 (for CLK mode when IF\_SEL pin = L)

#### 8.1. CLK Function

Each up-edge of the CLK signal will shift the motor's electrical angle per step.

When EDG\_SEL pin = L (Single Edge)

| CLK pin input | Function   |
|---------------|--|
| Up-edge       | Shifts the electrical angle per step.            |
| Down-edge     | (State of the electrical angle does not change.) |

When EDG\_SEL pin = H (Double Edge)

| CLK pin input | Function                              |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| Up-edge       | Shifts the electrical angle per step. |
| Down-edge     | Shifts the electrical angle per step. |

#### 8.2. ENABLE Function

The ENABLE pin controls the ON and OFF of the stepping motor outputs. Motor operation starts and stops by setting H and L to the ENABLE pin. (When ENABLE pin is set to L (OFF), all of the MOSFETs turn off and become high impedance (hereafter, Hi-Z).)

Setting the ENABLE pin to L, and avoiding the motor to operate during VM power-on and power-off (i.e., outside of the operating voltage range) is recommended. Then, switch the ENABLE pin to H after the VM reaches the target voltage and becomes stable.

| ENABLE pin input | Function   |
|------------------|--|
| L                | OFF (High impedance mode, later omitted Hi-Z mode later) |
| Н                | ON (Normal operation mode)                               |

## 8.3. CW/CCW Function and the Output Pin Function (Output logic at the time of a charge start)

The CW/CCW pin controls the rotation direction of the motor. When set to H, the current of OUT\_A is output first, with a phase difference of 90°. When set to L, the current of OUT\_B is output first with a phase difference of 90°.

| CW/CCW pin input                     | OUT_x+ | OUT_x- |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| L: Counter clockwise operation (CCW) | L      | Н      |
| H: Clockwise operation (CW)          | Н      | L      |

Note: x = A or B



## 8.4. Step Resolution Select Function

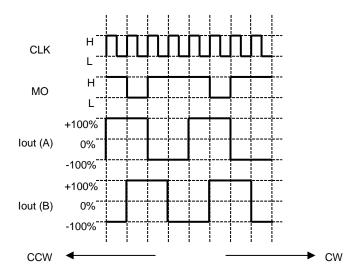
MODE~0,~MODE1,~and~MODE2~pins~control~the~step~resolution. Pin levels of MODE0, MODE1, and MODE2 can be switched during operation. The following step current depends on the electrical angle.

| MODE2 pin input | MODE1 pin input | MODE0 pin input | Function                |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| L               | L               | L               | Full step resolution    |
| L               | L               | Н               | Half step resolution    |
| L               | Н               | L               | Quarter step resolution |
| L               | Н               | Н               | 1/8 step resolution     |
| Н               | L               | L               | 1/16 step resolution    |
| Н               | L               | Н               | 1/32 step resolution    |
| Н               | Н               | L               | 1/64 step resolution    |
| Н               | Н               | Н               | 1/128 step resolution   |

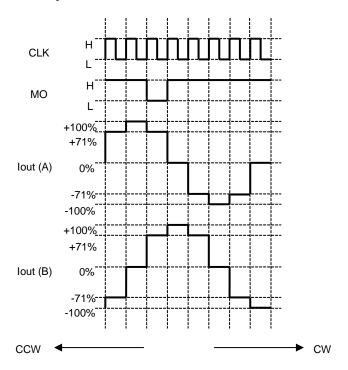


## 8.5. Timing Chart of Step Resolution Setting and Initial Angel

[Full step resolution]



[Half step resolution]

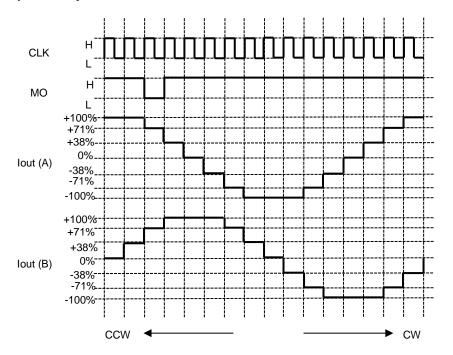


Note: MO signal is shown in the above timing chart when MO pin is connected with a pull-up resistor to VCC.

Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.

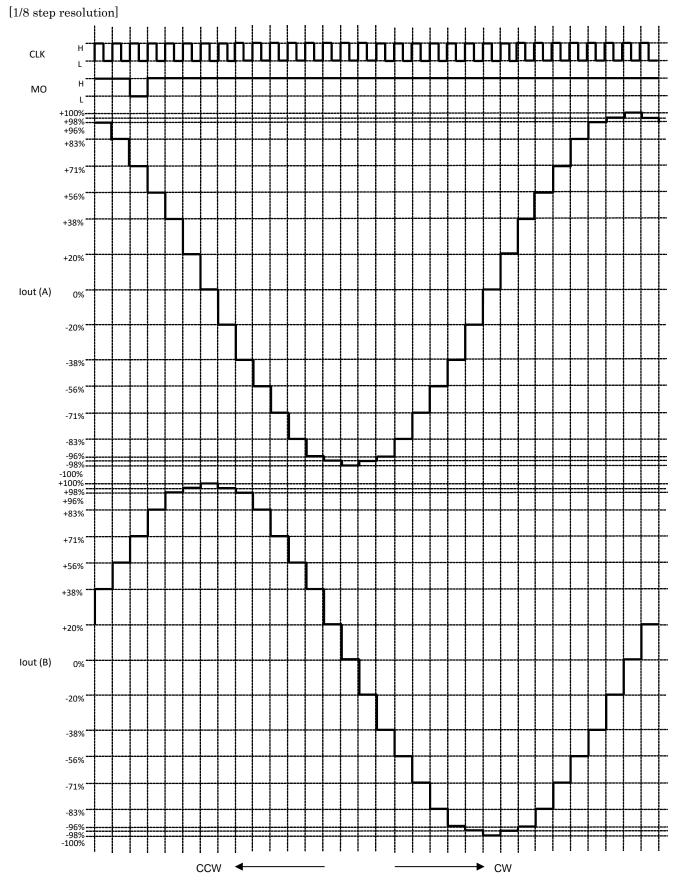


[Quarter step resolution]



Note: MO signal is shown in the above timing chart when MO pin is connected with a pull-up resistor to VCC. Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.

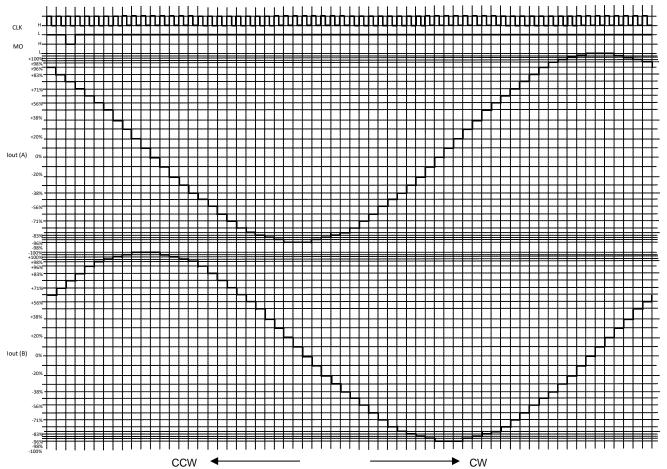




Note: MO signal is shown in the above timing chart when MO pin is connected with a pull-up resistor to VCC. Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.

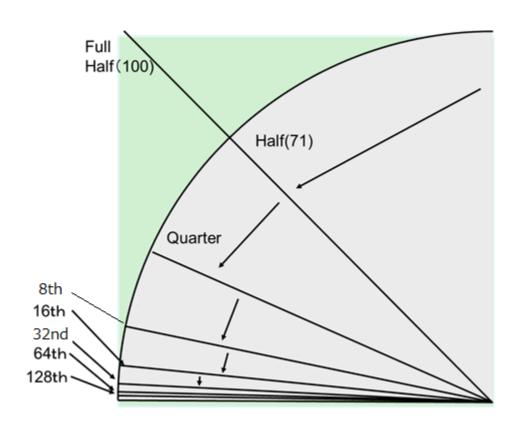


[1/16 step resolution]



Note: MO signal is shown in the above timing chart when MO pin is connected with a pull-up resistor to VCC.

Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.





## 8.6. Step Setting and Current Percentage

| Current (%) | Full      | Half      | Quarter   | 1/8       | 1/16       | 1/32              | 1/64              | 1/128                  |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| 100%        | Available | Available | Available | Available | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 99%         |           |           |           |           | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 98%         |           |           |           | Available | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 97%         |           |           |           |           | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 96%         |           |           |           | Available | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 95%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 94%         |           |           |           |           |            | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 93%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 92%         |           |           |           |           |            | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 91%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 90%         |           |           |           |           | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 89%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 88%         |           |           |           |           |            | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 87%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 86%         |           |           |           |           |            | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 85%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   |                   | Available              |
| 84%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 83%         |           |           |           | Available | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 82%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 81%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   |                   | Available              |
| 80%         |           |           |           |           |            | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 79%         |           |           |           |           |            | 7 11 011 010      | Available         | Available              |
| 78%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | 7174114510        | Available              |
| 77%         |           |           |           |           | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 76%         |           |           |           |           | 7174114510 | 7174114510        | Available         | Available              |
| 75%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | 7174114510        | Available              |
| 74%         |           |           |           |           |            | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 73%         |           |           |           |           |            | 7174114510        | 7174114510        | Available              |
| 72%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 71%         |           | Available | Available | Available | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 70%         |           | Available | Available | Available | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 69%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
|             |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         |                        |
| 68%<br>67%  |           |           |           |           |            | Available         | Available         | Available<br>Available |
|             |           |           |           |           |            | Available         | Available         |                        |
| 66%<br>65%  |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Avoilable         | Available              |
|             |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 64%         |           |           |           |           | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 63%         |           |           |           |           | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 62%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 61%         |           |           |           |           |            | A ! - ! - ! - ! - | A ! - ! - ! - ! - | Available              |
| 60%         |           |           |           |           |            | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 59%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | A '! - ' !        | Available              |
| 58%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 57%         |           |           |           | A         | A          | A                 | A                 | Available              |
| 56%         |           |           |           | Available | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 55%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   |                   | Available              |
| 53%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 52%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   |                   | Available              |
| 51%         |           |           |           |           |            | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 50%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   |                   | Available              |
| 49%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   | Available         | Available              |
| 48%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   |                   | Available              |
| 47%         |           |           |           |           | Available  | Available         | Available         | Available              |
| 46%         |           |           |           |           |            |                   |                   | Available              |



| Current (%) | Full | Half      | Quarter   | 1/8       | 1/16      | 1/32      | 1/64      | 1/128     |
|-------------|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 45%         |      |           |           |           |           |           | Available | Available |
| 44%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 43%         |      |           |           |           |           | Available | Available | Available |
| 42%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 41%         |      |           |           |           |           |           | Available | Available |
| 39%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 38%         |      |           | Available | Available | Available | Available | Available | Available |
| 37%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 36%         |      |           |           |           |           |           | Available | Available |
| 35%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 34%         |      |           |           |           |           | Available | Available | Available |
| 33%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 31%         |      |           |           |           |           |           | Available | Available |
| 30%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 29%         |      |           |           |           | Available | Available | Available | Available |
| 28%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 27%         |      |           |           |           |           |           | Available | Available |
| 25%         |      |           |           |           |           | Available |           | Available |
| 24%         |      |           |           |           |           |           | Available | Available |
| 23%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 22%         |      |           |           |           |           |           | Available | Available |
| 21%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 20%         |      |           |           | Available | Available | Available | Available | Available |
| 18%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 17%         |      |           |           |           |           |           | Available | Available |
| 16%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 15%         |      |           |           |           |           | Available | Available | Available |
| 13%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 12%         |      |           |           |           |           |           | Available | Available |
| 11%         |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 10%         |      |           |           |           | Available | Available | Available | Available |
| 9%          |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 7%          |      |           |           |           |           |           | Available | Available |
| 6%          |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 5%          |      |           |           |           |           | Available | Available | Available |
| 4%          |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 2%          |      |           |           |           |           |           | Available | Available |
| 1%          |      |           |           |           |           |           |           | Available |
| 0%          |      | Available |



## 8.7. Step Resolution and Set Current

| STEP | 1/1        | 28       | 1/         | 64       | 1/         | 32       | 1/         | 16       | 1.         | /8       | 1,         | /4       | 1.         | /2       | F   | ull |
|------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|-----|-----|
| _    | Ach        | Bch      | Ach | Bch |
| θ0   | (%)<br>100 | (%)<br>0 | (%) | (%) |
| θ1   | 100        | 1        |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ2   | 100        | 2        | 100        | 2        |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ3   | 100        | 4        |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ4   | 100        | 5        | 100        | 5        | 100        | 5        |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ5   | 100        | 6        |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ6   | 100        | 7        | 100        | 7        |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ7   | 100        | 9        |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ8   | 100        | 10       | 100        | 10       | 100        | 10       | 100        | 10       |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| 09   | 99         | 11       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ10  | 99         | 12       | 99         | 12       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ11  | 99         | 13       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ12  | 99         | 15       | 99         | 15       | 99         | 15       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ13  | 99         | 16       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ14  | 99         | 17       | 99         | 17       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ15  | 98         | 18       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ16  | 98         | 20       | 98         | 20       | 98         | 20       | 98         | 20       | 98         | 20       |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ17  | 98         | 21       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ18  | 98         | 22       | 98         | 22       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ19  | 97         | 23       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ20  | 97         | 24       | 97         | 24       | 97         | 24       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ21  | 97         | 25       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ22  | 96         | 27       | 96         | 27       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ23  | 96         | 28       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ24  | 96         | 29       | 96         | 29       | 96         | 29       | 96         | 29       |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ25  | 95         | 30       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ26  | 95         | 31       | 95         | 31       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ27  | 95         | 33       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ28  | 94         | 34       | 94         | 34       | 94         | 34       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ29  | 94         | 35       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ30  | 93         | 36       | 93         | 36       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ31  | 93         | 37       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ32  | 92         | 38       | 92         | 38       | 92         | 38       | 92         | 38       | 92         | 38       | 92         | 38       |            |          |     |     |
| θ33  | 92         | 39       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |
| θ34  | 91         | 41       | 91         | 41       |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |            |          |     |     |



| STEP | P 1/128 1/64 1/32 1/16 |           | 1.  | /8  | 1,  | /4  | 1,  | /2  | F   | ull |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|------|------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|      | Ach                    | Bch       | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch |
| θ35  | (%)<br>91              | (%)<br>42 | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
|      |                        |           | 00  | 40  | 00  | 40  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ36  | 90                     | 43        | 90  | 43  | 90  | 43  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ37  | 90                     | 44        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ38  | 89                     | 45        | 89  | 45  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ39  | 89                     | 46        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ40  | 88                     | 47        | 88  | 47  | 88  | 47  | 88  | 47  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ41  | 88                     | 48        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ42  | 87                     | 49        | 87  | 49  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ43  | 86                     | 50        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ44  | 86                     | 51        | 86  | 51  | 86  | 51  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ45  | 85                     | 52        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ46  | 84                     | 53        | 84  | 53  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ47  | 84                     | 55        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ48  | 83                     | 56        | 83  | 56  | 83  | 56  | 83  | 56  | 83  | 56  |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ49  | 82                     | 57        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ50  | 82                     | 58        | 82  | 58  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ51  | 81                     | 59        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ52  | 80                     | 60        | 80  | 60  | 80  | 60  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ53  | 80                     | 61        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ54  | 79                     | 62        | 79  | 62  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ55  | 78                     | 62        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ56  | 77                     | 63        | 77  | 63  | 77  | 63  | 77  | 63  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ57  | 77                     | 64        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ58  | 76                     | 65        | 76  | 65  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ59  | 75                     | 66        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 960  | 74                     | 67        | 74  | 67  | 74  | 67  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ61  | 73                     | 68        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ62  | 72                     | 69        | 72  | 69  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ63  | 72                     | 70        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ64  | 71                     | 71        | 71  | 71  | 71  | 71  | 71  | 71  | 71  | 71  | 71  | 71  | 71  | 71  | 100 | 100 |
| θ65  | 70                     | 72        | ' ' | ļ   | · · |     | ' ' | ļ   | · · | ' ' |     | - 1 | ' ' | ' ' |     |     |
| 966  | 69                     | 72        | 69  | 72  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ67  | 68                     | 73        | 03  | 12  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 968  | 67                     | 73        | 67  | 74  | 67  | 74  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 969  |                        |           | 01  | 74  | 07  | 74  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| -    | 66                     | 75        | 05  | 70  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ70  | 65                     | 76        | 65  | 76  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |



| STEP | 1/1       | 28        | 1/  | 64  | 1/- | 32  | 1/  | 16  | 1,  | /8  | 1,  | /4  | 1,  | /2  | F   | ull |
|------|-----------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| _    | Ach       | Bch       | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch |
| θ71  | (%)<br>64 | (%)<br>77 | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
| θ72  | 63        | 77        | 63  | 77  | 63  | 77  | 63  | 77  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ73  | 62        | 78        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ74  | 62        | 79        | 62  | 79  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ75  | 61        | 80        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ76  | 60        | 80        | 60  | 80  | 60  | 80  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ77  | 59        | 81        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ78  | 58        | 82        | 58  | 82  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ79  | 57        | 82        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 080  | 56        | 83        | 56  | 83  | 56  | 83  | 56  | 83  | 56  | 83  |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ81  | 55        | 84        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ82  | 53        | 84        | 53  | 84  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ83  | 52        | 85        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ84  | 51        | 86        | 51  | 86  | 51  | 86  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ85  | 50        | 86        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ86  | 49        | 87        | 49  | 87  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ87  | 48        | 88        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ88  | 47        | 88        | 47  | 88  | 47  | 88  | 47  | 88  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ89  | 46        | 89        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ90  | 45        | 89        | 45  | 89  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ91  | 44        | 90        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ92  | 43        | 90        | 43  | 90  | 43  | 90  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ93  | 42        | 91        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ94  | 41        | 91        | 41  | 91  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ95  | 39        | 92        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ96  | 38        | 92        | 38  | 92  | 38  | 92  | 38  | 92  | 38  | 92  | 38  | 92  |     |     |     |     |
| θ97  | 37        | 93        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ98  | 36        | 93        | 36  | 93  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ99  | 35        | 94        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ100 | 34        | 94        | 34  | 94  | 34  | 94  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ101 | 33        | 95        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ102 | 31        | 95        | 31  | 95  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ103 | 30        | 95        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ104 | 29        | 96        | 29  | 96  | 29  | 96  | 29  | 96  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ105 | 28        | 96        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ106 | 27        | 96        | 27  | 96  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

## **TOSHIBA**

| STEP | 1/1       | 28        | 1/  | 64  | 1/: | 32  | 1/  | 16  | 1,  | /8  | 1,  | /4  | 1,  | /2  | F   | ull |
|------|-----------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| _    | Ach       | Bch       | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch |
| θ107 | (%)<br>25 | (%)<br>97 | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
| θ108 | 24        | 97        | 24  | 97  | 24  | 97  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ109 | 23        | 97        | 24  | 31  | 24  | 31  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |           |           | 00  | 00  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ110 | 22        | 98        | 22  | 98  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ111 | 21        | 98        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ112 | 20        | 98        | 20  | 98  | 20  | 98  | 20  | 98  | 20  | 98  |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ113 | 18        | 98        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ114 | 17        | 99        | 17  | 99  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ115 | 16        | 99        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ116 | 15        | 99        | 15  | 99  | 15  | 99  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ117 | 13        | 99        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ118 | 12        | 99        | 12  | 99  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ119 | 11        | 99        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ120 | 10        | 100       | 10  | 100 | 10  | 100 | 10  | 100 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ121 | 9         | 100       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ122 | 7         | 100       | 7   | 100 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ123 | 6         | 100       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ124 | 5         | 100       | 5   | 100 | 5   | 100 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ125 | 4         | 100       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ126 | 2         | 100       | 2   | 100 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ127 | 1         | 100       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| θ128 | 0         | 100       | 0   | 100 | 0   | 100 | 0   | 100 | 0   | 100 | 0   | 100 | 0   | 100 |     |     |
| 0120 | U         | 100       | U   | 100 | U   | 100 | U   | 100 | U   | 100 | U   | 100 | U   | 100 |     |     |



#### 8.8. RESET Function

The RESET pin initializes the internal electrical angle.

| RESET pin input | Function  |
|-----------------|---|
| L               | Normal operation mode                               |
| Н               | Sets the electrical angle to the initial condition. |

Note: Digital filter of 0.625 µs (±20 %) is implemented to the RESET pin.

The current for each channel (while RESET pin is applied) is shown in the table below. MO pin will show L at this time.

| Step resolution setting | Ach current setting | Bch current setting | Default electrical angle |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Full step               | 100%                | 100%                | 45°                      |
| Half step               | 71%                 | 71%                 | 45°                      |
| Quarter step            | 71%                 | 71%                 | 45°                      |
| 1/8 step                | 71%                 | 71%                 | 45°                      |
| 1/16 step               | 71%                 | 71%                 | 45°                      |
| 1/32 step               | 71%                 | 71%                 | 45°                      |
| 1/64 step               | 71%                 | 71%                 | 45°                      |
| 1/128 step              | 71%                 | 71%                 | 45°                      |

#### 8.9. Torque Function

By using this pin it is possible to switch the motor torque setting.

| TORQE2 pin input | TORQE1 pin input | TORQE0 pin input | Function         |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| L                | L                | L                | Set torque: 100% |
| L                | L                | Н                | Set torque: 85%  |
| L                | Н                | L                | Set torque: 70%  |
| L                | Н                | Н                | Set torque: 60%  |
| Н                | L                | L                | Set torque: 50%  |
| Н                | L                | Н                | Set torque: 40%  |
| Н                | Н                | L                | Set torque: 25%  |
| Н                | Н                | Н                | Set torque: 10%  |



#### 8.10. CLK Edge Function

CLK edge function can select the CLK signal's rising edge or the CLK edge's dual (up and down).

| EDG_SEL pin input | Function                                 |
|-------------------|--|
| L                 | Single edge (Only Up Edge of CLK Signal) |
| Н                 | Dual edge (Up and Down edge)             |

#### 8.11. RS Function

RS function can select either ACDS mode or external sense RS resistor mode.

| RS_SEL pin input | Function                        |
|------------------|---------------------------------|
| L                | ACDS (RS resistor less) mode    |
| Н                | External sense RS resistor mode |

Note: PCB board should be designed according to RS Function. When using ACDS mode, RS $_x$  pins should be connected to GND. When using External sense RS resistor mode, the sense resistor should be connected between RS $_x$  pin and GND. (x = A or B)

#### 8.12. Gain Function

Gain function can change Vref(gain). Vref(gain) can be selected either 1/5 or 1/10.

| GAIN_SEL pin input | Function               |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| L                  | Set Vref(gain) to 1/5  |
| Н                  | Set Vref(gain) to 1/10 |

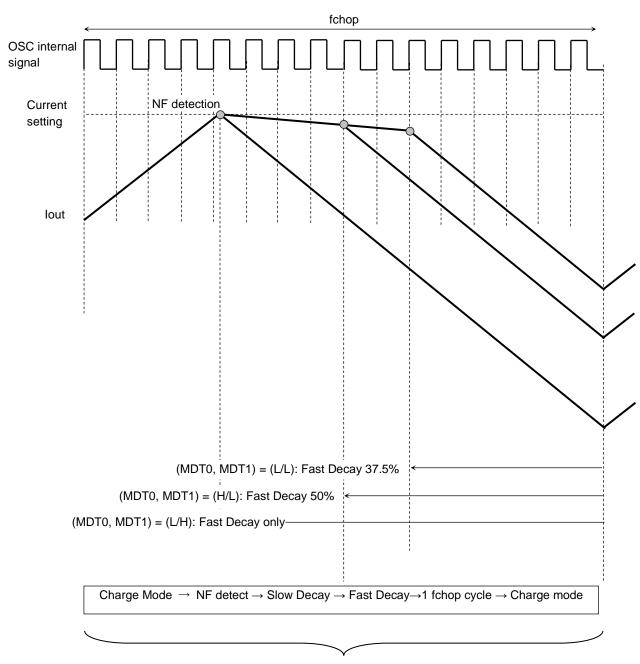


#### 8.13. Selectable Mixed Decay Function

The Selectable Mixed Decay can adjust the current regeneration amount during the period of current regeneration (Decay) using pins.

Though the Mixed Decay is determined by controlling 2 different types of decay (Fast Decay and Slow Decay), this function enables the user to select the ratio of the Mixed Decay using MDT0 and MDT1 pin. (2bit, 4 function)

| MDT1 pin input | MDT0 pin input | Function                                  |
|----------------|----------------|---|
| L              | L              | Fast Decay: 37.5% (Fast Decay = OSCM x 6) |
| L              | Н              | Fast Decay: 50% (Fast Decay = OSCM x 8)   |
| Н              | L              | Fast Decay only                           |
| Н              | Н              | ADMD                                      |

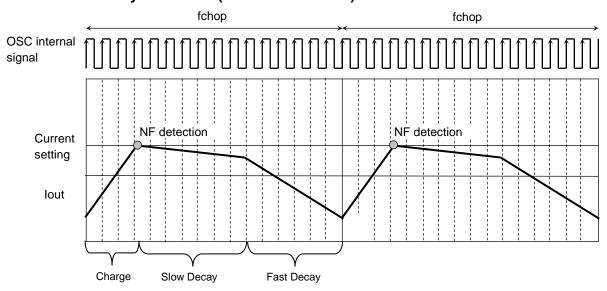


1 fchop cycle: OSCM x 16clock

Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.

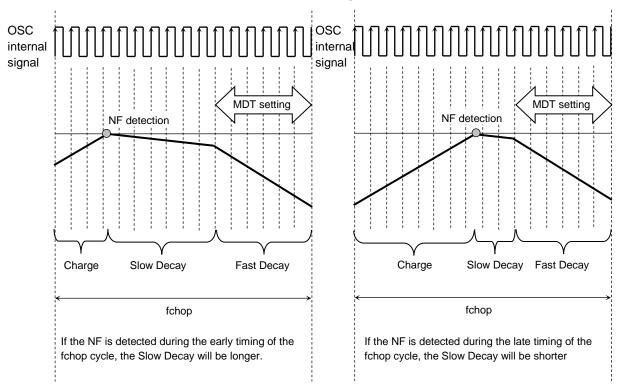


#### 8.13.1. Mixed Decay Waveform (Current Waveform)



Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.

#### 8.13.2. Constant Current PWM Function and Timings



The Charge period is determined by the operating status.

Therefore, the NF detect timing with in the chopping cycle will change. If NF is detected in the early period of the fchop cycle, the Slow Decay will be longer. If NF is detected in the late period of the fchop cycle, the Slow Decay will be shorter, as shown above.

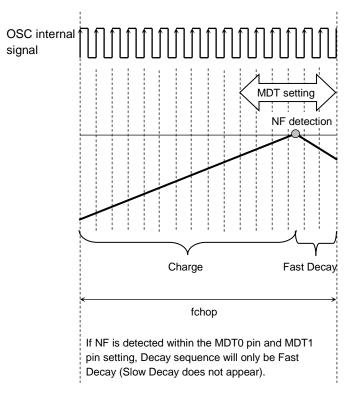
Note: The chopping cycle is determined as: fchop - (Charge + Fast decay) = Slow Decay

(Fast Decay ratio can be changed by MDT0 pin and MDT1 pin setting.)

Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.



#### 8.13.3. Constant Current PWM Function and Timing

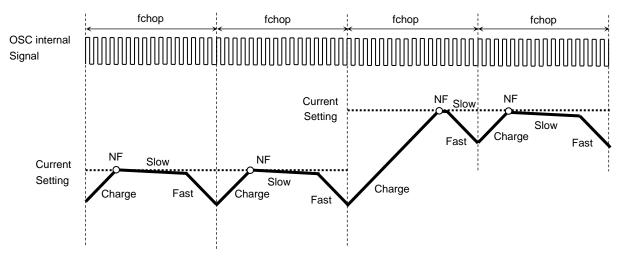


Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.



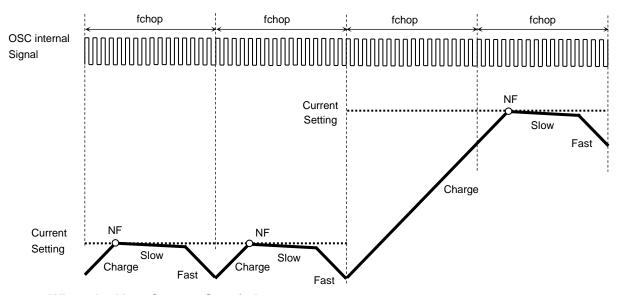
#### 8.13.4. Mixed Decay current waveform

#### • When the next current step is higher:

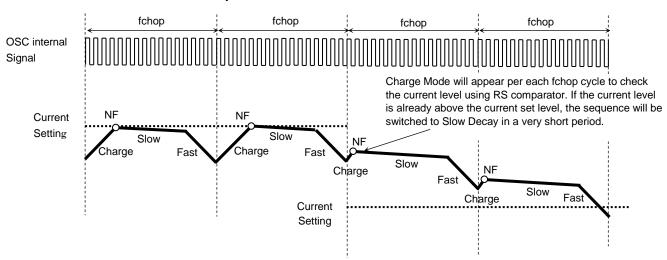


#### When Charge Period is More Than 1 fchop Cycle:

When the Charge period is longer than fchop cycle, the Charge period extends until the motor current reaches the NF threshold. Once the current reaches the next current step, then the sequence goes on to decay mode.



#### When the Next Current Step is Lower:



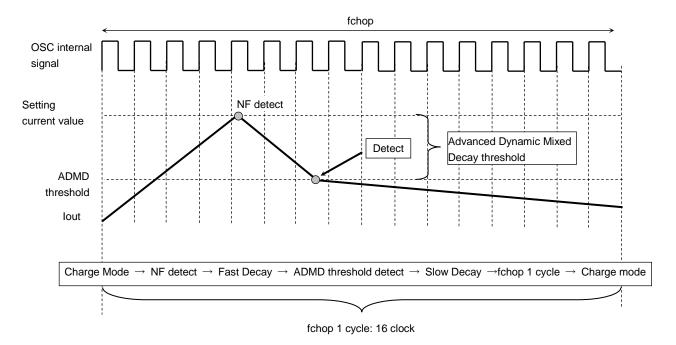
Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.



## 8.13.5. ADMD (Advanced Dynamic Mixed Decay) Constant Current Control (MDT0 pin = H, MDT1 pin = H)

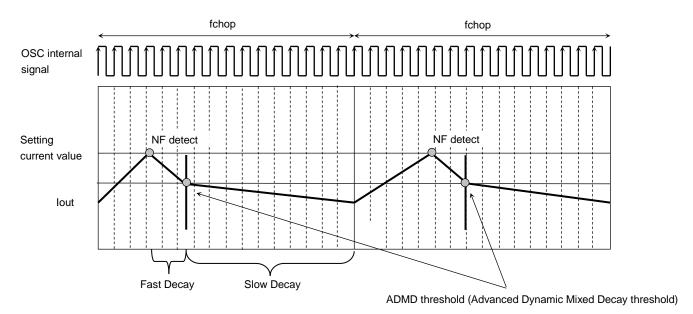
The TB67S128FTG supports the Advanced Dynamic Mixed Decay (ADMD) which monitors both charge and discharge current during constant current PWM.

The basic sequence of the ADMD is as shown below.



Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.

#### 8.13.5.1. Auto Decay Mode Current Waveform 1

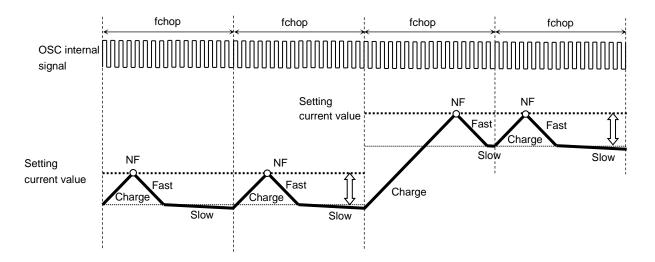


Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.



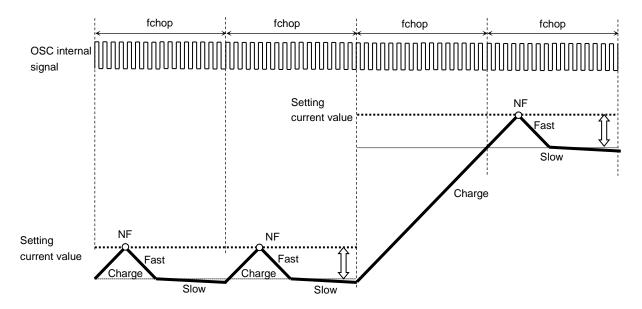
#### 8.13.5.2. Auto Decay Mode Current Waveform 2

#### • When the Next Current Step is Higher:



#### When Charge Period is More Than 1 fchop Cycle:

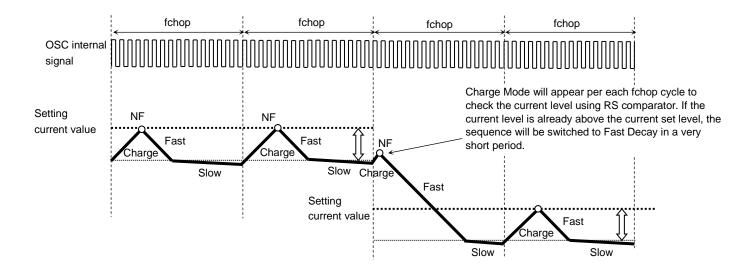
When the Charge period is longer than fchop cycle, the Charge period will be extended until the motor current reaches the NF threshold. Once the current reaches the next current step, then the sequence will go on to decay mode.



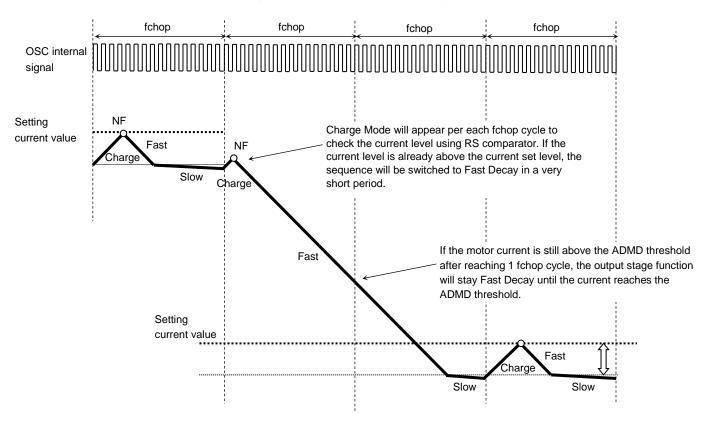
Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.



#### • When the Next Current Step is Lower:



 When the Fast Continues Past 1 fchop Cycle (the motor current not reaching the ADMD threshold during 1 fchop cycle)



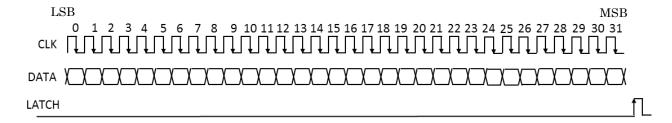
Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.



## 9. Functional Description 2 (for Serial mode when IF\_SEL pin = H)

When IF\_SEL pin = H, the interface is serial mode. It performs setting and motor control in the following 32-bit format.

When BANK\_EN pin is L, initial setting is performed. When the BANK\_EN pin is H, the motor is controlled. For the motor control, each current value is set in the serial setting, and the output is updated to the set current value at the timing of the LATCH signal.



#### BANK\_EN = L: Initial setting

| D0 | D1 | D2  | D3        | D4        | D5        | D6        | D7        | D8   | D9   | D10 | D11 | D12        | D13          | D14 | D15 |
|----|----|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------|------|-----|-----|------------|--------------|-----|-----|
| DU | Di | DZ  | DS        | DŦ        | D0        | D0        | וט        | DO   | D3   | סום | ווט | DIZ        | D10          | דוט | סוס |
| 0  | 0  | AGC | CLIM<br>0 | CLIM<br>1 | CLIM<br>2 | FLIM<br>0 | FLIM<br>1 | BST0 | BST1 | 0   | 0   | RS_<br>SEL | GAIN<br>_SEL | 0   | 0   |

|   | D16 | D17 | D18 | D19 | D20 | D21 | D22 | D23 | D24 | D25 | D26 | D27 | D28 | D29 | D30 | D31 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Ī | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |

Note: The data which has a same name as a pin name in CLK mode performs as same as the pin in CLK mode.

#### BANK\_EN = H: Motor controlling

| D0 | D1 | D2         | D3         | D4         | D5 | D6         | D7         | D8  | D9  | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 |
|----|----|------------|------------|------------|----|------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0  | 0  | TOR<br>QE0 | TOR<br>QE1 | TOR<br>QE2 | 0  | MDT<br>_A0 | MDT<br>_A1 | PHA | CA0 | CA1 | CA2 | CA3 | CA4 | CA5 | CA6 |

| I | D16 | D17 | D18 | D19        | D20        | D21 | D22 | D23 | D24 | D25 | D26 | D27 | D28 | D29 | D30 | D31 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| I | CA7 | CA8 | CA9 | MDT<br>_B0 | MDT<br>_B1 | PHB | CB0 | CB1 | CB2 | CB3 | CB4 | CB5 | CB6 | CB7 | CB8 | CB9 |

Note: Every issuing a command, the current setting transfers by one step.



#### 9.1. Registers When BANK\_EN pin = H

The registers when  $BANK\_EN$  pin = H are shown below.

#### 9.1.1. PHx (x = A and B)

The polality of the output current can be selected by PHx register for each channels.

| PHx register setting | Function   |
|----------------------|--|
| L                    | Setting the direction of the output current to minus |
| Н                    | Setting the direction of the output current to plus  |

#### 9.1.2. Cx0 to Cx9 (x = A or B)

The output of each channel's DAC for current limitation can be set by Cx0 to Cx9. The relation between Setting DAC and the output current (Iout) are shown below.

#### A) External Sense Resistor mode

lout (max) = Vref(gain) 
$$\times \frac{\text{Vref (V)}}{\text{RS (}\Omega\text{)}} \times \frac{\text{Cx}[9:0]}{1023} \times \text{Setting torque by the torque function (%)}$$
 (x = A or B)

#### B) RS Resistor Less Mode (ACDS)

$$\label{eq:Vref(gain)} Vref(gain) = \frac{1}{5} \mbox{ (typ.) (when GAIN\_SEL pin = L)}$$
 
$$\mbox{Iout (max)} = 1.56 \mbox{ $\times$ Vref (V)$ $\times$ $\frac{Cx[9:0]}{1023}$ $\times$ Setting torque by the torque function (%)}$$
 
$$\mbox{Vref(gain)} = \frac{1}{10} \mbox{ (typ.) (when GAIN\_SEL pin= H)}$$
 
$$\mbox{Iout (max)} = 0.78 \mbox{ $\times$ Vref (V)$ $\times$ $\frac{Cx[9:0]}{1023}$ $\times$ Setting torque by the torque function (%)}$$
 
$$\mbox{($x = A$ or B)}$$

#### 9.1.3. TORQE[0:2]

The motor torque can be set by TORQE[0:2].

| TORQE2 | TORQE2 TORQE1 |   | Function        |
|--------|---------------|---|-----------------|
| 0      | 0             | 0 | Set torque:100% |
| 0      | 0             | 1 | Set torque: 85% |
| 0      | 1             | 0 | Set torque: 70% |
| 0      | 1             | 1 | Set torque: 60% |
| 1      | 0             | 0 | Set torque: 50% |
| 1      | 0             | 1 | Set torque: 40% |
| 1      | 1             | 0 | Set torque: 25% |
| 1      | 1             | 1 | Set torque: 10% |



#### 9.1.4. $MDT_x[0:1]$ (x = A or B)

The Selectable Mixed Decay can adjust the current regeneration amount during the period of current regeneration (Decay).

| MDT_x1 | MDT_x0 | Function                                  |  |  |  |
|--------|--------|---|--|--|--|
| 0      | 0      | Fast Decay: 37.5% (Fast Decay = OSCM × 6) |  |  |  |
| 0      | 1      | Fast Decay: 50% (Fast Decay = OSCM x 8)   |  |  |  |
| 1      | 0      | Fast Decay only                           |  |  |  |
| 1      | 1      | ADMD                                      |  |  |  |

#### 9.1.5. RS\_SEL

RS\_SEL can select either ACDS mode or external sense RS resistor mode.

| RS_SEL | Function                        |
|--------|---------------------------------|
| L      | ACDS (RS resistor less) mode    |
| Н      | External sense RS resistor mode |

Note:

PCB board should be designed according to RS Function. When using ACDS mode, RS $_x$  pins should be connected to GND. When using External sense RS resistor mode, the sense resistor should be connected between RS $_x$  pin and GND. (x = A or B)

#### 9.1.6. GAIN\_SEL

Vref(gain) can be selected either 1/5 or 1/10.

| GAIN_SEL | Function          |  |  |  |  |
|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| L        | Vref(gain) = 1/5  |  |  |  |  |
| Н        | Vref(gain) = 1/10 |  |  |  |  |



## 9.2. Serial setting example when driving a motor

Serial setting example for motor operation is shown below.

- Set the BANK\_EN pin L. Initial setting for AGC, etc. is performed under this condition. Then, set the BANK\_EN pin H and configure the motor control to turn on the output transistors. Transmit the 1st to 4th commands repeatedly by keeping the BANK\_EN pin level H. The motor operates 2. 3. with full step resolution.

| 1st co | ommand |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| D0     | D1     | D2  | D3  | D4  | D5  | D6  | D7  | D8  | D9  | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 |
| 0      | 0      | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
|        |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| D16    | D17    | D18 | D19 | D20 | D21 | D22 | D23 | D24 | D25 | D26 | D27 | D28 | D29 | D30 | D31 |
| 1      | 1      | 1   | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
| 2nd c  | omman  | d   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| D0     | D1     | D2  | D3  | D4  | D5  | D6  | D7  | D8  | D9  | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 |
| 0      | 0      | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
|        |        | ı   | ı   | ı   | 1   | ı   | ı   | ı   | ı   | 1   | ı   | 1   | ı   |     |     |
| D16    | D17    | D18 | D19 | D20 | D21 | D22 | D23 | D24 | D25 | D26 | D27 | D28 | D29 | D30 | D31 |
| 1      | 1      | 1   | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
| 3rd co | ommano | l   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| D0     | D1     | D2  | D3  | D4  | D5  | D6  | D7  | D8  | D9  | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 |
| 0      | 0      | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
|        | 1      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| D16    | D17    | D18 | D19 | D20 | D21 | D22 | D23 | D24 | D25 | D26 | D27 | D28 | D29 | D30 | D31 |
| 1      | 1      | 1   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
| 4th co | ommand |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| D0     | D1     | D2  | D3  | D4  | D5  | D6  | D7  | D8  | D9  | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 |
| 0      | 0      | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
|        | 1      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 1   |     | 1   |     |     |     |
| D16    | D17    | D18 | D19 | D20 | D21 | D22 | D23 | D24 | D25 | D26 | D27 | D28 | D29 | D30 | D31 |
| 1      | 1      | 1   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |

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# 10. Stepping Motor Application Features (Anti-stall, RS resistor less PWM)

#### 10.1. Active Gain Control (Anti-stall) Function

AGC pin will set the Active Gain Control to turn on or off. When this pin is set to H, the AGC is turned on, and when this pin is set to L, the AGC is turned off.

When the AGC is ON, the motor current is equal or more than the value by setting the VREF pin. The TB67S128FTG reduces gradually the motor current depending on the load torque.

When the AGC is OFF, the motor current is the value by setting the VREF pin.

| AGC pin input | Function |
|---------------|----------|
| L             | AGC: OFF |
| Н             | AGC: ON  |

Note: Please do not change the AGC pin when the TB67S128FTG is powered on.

Note: There is a built-in digital filter of 0.625 µs (±20%) for AGC pin.

Serial setting is shown below.

| AGC bit | Function |
|---------|----------|
| 0       | AGC: OFF |
| 1       | AGC: ON  |

#### 10.2. CLIM (AGC Bottom Current Limit) Function

When AGC is active, the motor current is reduced according to the load torque. The CLIM0 and CLIM1 pins set the lower threshold of the current threshold for AGC.

The CLIM0 pin is a 2 stated logic input, and the CLIM1 pin is a 4 stated logic input.

| CLIM0 pin input | CLIM1 pin input        | Function                             |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                 | VCC short              | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 60% |  |  |  |  |
|                 | VCC - 100 kΩ pull-up   | AGC bottom current limit: lout x 55% |  |  |  |  |
| L               | GND - 100 kΩ pull-down | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 50% |  |  |  |  |
|                 | GND short              | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 45% |  |  |  |  |
|                 | VCC short              | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 80% |  |  |  |  |
| ш               | VCC - 100 kΩ pull-up   | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 75% |  |  |  |  |
| Н               | GND - 100 kΩ pull-down | AGC bottom current limit: lout x 70% |  |  |  |  |
|                 | GND short              | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 65% |  |  |  |  |

Note: Pull-up and pull-down resistor tolerance should be kept within  $\pm 20$  %.

Note: There is a built-in digital filter of 0.625  $\mu s(\pm 20\%)$  for CLIM0 and CLIM1 pin.

Serial setting is shown below.

| CLIM2 bit | CLIM1 bit | CLIM0 bit | Function                             |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------------|
|           | 0         | 0         | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 45% |
| 0         | 1         | 1         | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 50% |
| U         |           | 0         | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 55% |
|           |           | 1         | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 60% |
| 1         | 0         | 0         | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 65% |
|           | o [       | 1         | AGC bottom current limit: lout x 70% |
|           | 1         | 0         | AGC bottom current limit: lout × 75% |
|           |           | 1         | AGC bottom current limit: lout x 80% |



#### 10.3. BOOST (Current Boost) Function

When AGC is active, the motor current is reduced according to the load torque. In this state, the BST pin sets the current boost level when the load torque increases. The BST pin is a 4 stated logic input pin.

| BST pin input          | Function                              |  |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| VCC short              | Takes 5 steps maximum (Design value)  |  |
| VCC - 100 kΩ pull-up   | Takes 7 steps maximum (Design value)  |  |
| GND - 100 kΩ pull-down | Takes 9 steps maximum (Design value)  |  |
| GND short              | Takes 11 steps maximum (Design value) |  |

Note: Pull-up and pull-down resistor tolerance should be kept within ±20 %.

Note: There is a built-in digital filter of 0.625 µs(±20%) for BST pin.

Note: Current boost step is largest when BST pin is tied to VCC, and smallest when tied to the GND.

Serial setting is shown below.

| BST1 bit | BST0 bit | Function                              |
|----------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| 0        | 0        | Takes 11 steps maximum (Design value) |
| U        | 1        | Takes 9 steps maximum (Design value)  |
| 1        | 0        | Takes 7 steps maximum (Design value)  |
|          | 1        | Takes 5 steps maximum (Design value)  |

#### 10.4. FLIM (AGC Frequency limit) function

The FLIM pin will set the lower frequency limit for the AGC to be active. The FLIM function is effective when the AGC is used to avoid the motor resonance frequency during ramp up.

The FLIM pin is a 4 stated logic input.

| FLIM pin input         | Function  |
|------------------------|---|
| VCC short              | Frequency limit: ON, AGC is invalid when fCLK is below 675 Hz |
| VCC - 100 kΩ pull-up   | Frequency limit: ON, AGC is invalid when fCLK is below 450 Hz |
| GND - 100 kΩ pull-down | Frequency limit: ON, AGC is invalid when fCLK is below 225 Hz |
| GND short              | FLIM: OFF   |

Note: Pull-up and pull-down resistor tolerance should be kept within ±20 %.

Note: There is a built-in digital filter of 0.625  $\mu s(\pm 20\%)$  for FLIM pin.

The frequency (fCLK) shown above is for full step resolution. The frequency limit threshold will depend on the step resolution setting.

| FLIM pin input         | 1/1    | 1/2      | 1/4     | 1/8     | 1/16     | 1/32     | 1/64     | 1/128    |
|------------------------|--------|----------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| VCC short              | 675 Hz | 1.35 kHz | 2.7 kHz | 5.4 kHz | 10.8 kHz | 21.6 kHz | 43.2 kHz | 86.4 kHz |
| VCC - 100 kΩ pull-up   | 450 Hz | 900 Hz   | 1.8 kHz | 3.6 kHz | 7.2 kHz  | 14.4 kHz | 28.8 kHz | 57.6 kHz |
| GND - 100 kΩ pull-down | 225 Hz | 450 Hz   | 900 Hz  | 1.8 kHz | 3.6 kHz  | 7.2 kHz  | 14.4 kHz | 28.8 kHz |
| GND short              |        |          |         | FLIM    | : OFF    |          |          |          |

Note: Pull-up and pull-down resistor tolerance should be kept within ±20 %.



Serial setting is shown below.

| FLIM1 bit | FLIM0 bit | Function  |
|-----------|-----------|---|
| 0         | 0         | FLIM: OFF   |
|           | 1         | Frequency limit: ON, AGC is invalid when fCLK is below 225 Hz |
| 1         | 0         | Frequency limit: ON, AGC is invalid when fCLK is below 450 Hz |
|           | 1         | Frequency limit: ON, AGC is invalid when fCLK is below 675 Hz |

Note: The fCLK in serial mode will depend on the step of output current which changes with Cx[0:9] and PHx setup

## 10.5. LTH (AGC detection threshold) function

The LTH pin sets the AGC detection threshold. Connect a 100 k $\Omega$  pull-down resistor to GND.

| LTH                    | Function   |
|------------------------|--|
| GND - 100 kΩ pull-down | Sensitivity of the Anti-stall detection standard setting |

Note: Pull-down resistor tolerance should be kept within ±20 %.



## 11. Common Function (When CLK Mode and Serial Mode)

#### 11.1. LO (Error detect flag output) Function

When an error detection function performs, the LO function outputs an error detection as a signal from LO0 and LO1 pins to the outside of TB67S128FTG.

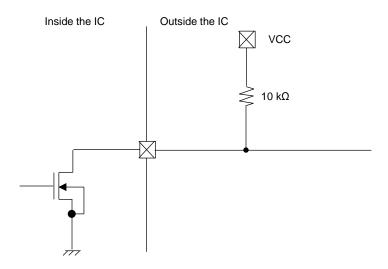
The LO0 and LO1 pins are open-drain output pins. The LO0 and LO1 pins need to be pulled up to VCC level via 10 k to 100  $k\Omega$  resistor.

During regular operation, the level of LO0 and LO1 pins will stay Hi-Z (the internal MOSFET is OFF, the level of these pins are VCC level).

When the thermal shutdown (TSD), Over current (ISD), or motor load open (OPD) occurs, the LO0 and/or LO1 pins will become L (the internal MOSFET is ON).

When the error detection is released by reasserting the VM power supply or setting the device to STANDBY mode, the LO0 and LO1 pins show "normal status".

Leave the LO0 and LO1 pins open when not using these functions.



Note: This figure may be simplified for explanatory purpose.

| LO0 pin output | LO1 pin output | Function                         |
|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| Hi-Z           | Hi-Z           | Normal status (Normal operation) |
| Hi-Z           | L              | Detected motor load open (OPD)   |
| L              | Hi-Z           | Detected over current (ISD)      |
| L              | L              | Detected thermal shutdown (TSD)  |

#### 11.2. STANDBY Function

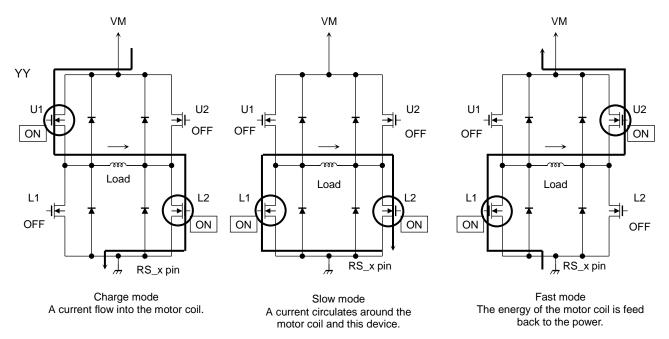
It is possible to switch to Standby mode by switching this pin

| STANDBY pin input | Function         |
|-------------------|------------------|
| L                 | Standby mode     |
| Н                 | Normal operation |

Note: In STANDBY pin = L, an internal oscillating circuit and a motor output part are stopped. At this time, the motor cannot be driven.



# 12. Output Transistor Function Mode



Note: x = A or B

Note: The equivalent circuit diagrams may be simplified or some parts of them may be omitted for explanatory purposes.

**Output transistor function** 

| MODE   | U1  | U2  | L1  | L2  |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CHARGE | ON  | OFF | OFF | ON  |
| SLOW   | OFF | OFF | ON  | ON  |
| FAST   | OFF | ON  | ON  | OFF |

Note: This table shows an example of when the current flows as indicated by the arrows in the figures shown above. If the current flows in the opposite direction, refer to the following table.

| MODE   | U1  | U2  | L1  | L2  |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CHARGE | OFF | ON  | ON  | OFF |
| SLOW   | OFF | OFF | ON  | ON  |
| FAST   | ON  | OFF | OFF | ON  |

This IC controls the motor current to be constant by changing 3 modes listed above automatically.



# 13. Calculation of the Predefined Output Current

### 13.1. External Sense Resistor mode

For PWM constant-current control, this IC uses a clock generated by the OSCM oscillator.

The peak output current (Setting current value) can be set via the current-sensing resistor (RS) and the reference voltage (Vref), as follows:

Iout (max) = Vref(gain) 
$$\times \frac{\text{Vref (V)}}{\text{RS (}\Omega\text{)}}$$

Note: When GAIN\_SEL pin = L,  $Vref(gain) = \frac{1}{5}$  (typ.). And When GAIN\_SEL pin = H,  $Vref(gain) = \frac{1}{10}$  (typ.).

For example:

When Vref = 3.0 (V), RS = 0.22  $\Omega$ , Torque = 100% and Vref(gain) =  $\frac{1}{5}$  (typ.) (When GAIN\_SEL pin = L), motor constant current (Setting current value) will be calculated by the following expressions.

Iout (max) = 
$$\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3 \text{ (V)}}{0.22 \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}} = 2.73 \text{ A}$$

## 13.2. RS Resistor Less Mode (ACDS)

The Iout (max) will be calculated by the following expressions.

When 
$$Vref(gain) = \frac{1}{5}$$
 (typ.) (GAIN\_SEL = L)  
 $Iout (max) = 1.56 \times Vref (V)$ 

When 
$$Vref(gain) = \frac{1}{10}$$
 (typ.) (GAIN\_SEL = H)  
 $Iout (max) = 0.78 \times Vref (V)$ 

# 14. Calculation of the OSCM Oscillation Frequency (chopper reference frequency)

An approximation of the OSCM oscillation frequency (fOSCM) and chopper frequency (fchop) can be calculated by the following expressions.

$$fOSCM = \frac{1}{0.56 \times \{COSC \times (ROSC + 500)\}}$$
$$fchop = \frac{fOSCM}{16}$$

Note: COSC: Capacitor connected to OSCM pin, ROSC: Resistor connected to OSCM pin

For example:

When COSC = 270 pF and  $ROSC = 5.1 \text{ k}\Omega$ , fOSCM frequency will be calculated by following expressions.

$$\label{eq:foscm} \begin{split} \text{fOSCM} = \ & \frac{1}{0.56 \ \times \ \{270 \ \text{pF} \ \times \ (5.1 \ \text{k}\Omega + 500)\}} \approx 1.2 \ (\text{MHz}) \text{(typ.)} \\ \text{fchop} = \ & \frac{\text{fOSCM}}{16} = \ & \frac{1.2 \ (\text{MHz})}{16} \ \approx 75 \ (\text{kHz}) \end{split}$$

If chopping frequency is raised, Rippl of current will become small and wave-like reproducibility will improve. However, the gate loss inside IC goes up and generation of heat becomes large.

By lowering chopping frequency, reduction in generation of heat is expectable. However, Rippl of current may become large.

It is a standard about 70 kHz. A setup in the range of 50k to 100 kHz is recommended.



# 15. Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Characteristics                 | Symbol  | Rating     | Unit | Remarks         |
|---------------------------------|---------|------------|------|-----------------|
| Motor output voltage            | Vout    | 50         | V    | _               |
| Motor power supply (non active) | \ /N /  | 50         | V    | STANDBY pin = L |
| Motor power supply (active)     | VM      | -0.4 to 44 | V    | STANDBY pin = H |
| Motor output current            | lout    | 5.0        | Α    | (Note1)         |
|                                 | VCPP    | VM ± 6 V   | V    | _               |
| Charge pump voltage             | VCPM    | VM ± 6 V   | V    | _               |
|                                 | VCPO    | 50         | V    | _               |
| Internal Logic power supply     | VCC     | 6.0        | V    | _               |
| I a gia input valta ga          | VIN(H)  | 6.0        | V    | _               |
| Logic input voltage             | VIN(L)  | -0.4       | V    | _               |
| MO output voltage               | VMO     | 6.0        | V    | _               |
| LO0, LO1 output voltage         | VLO     | 6.0        | V    | _               |
| MO Inflow current               | IMO     | 6.0        | mA   | _               |
| LO0, LO1 Inflow current         | ILO     | 6.0        | mA   | _               |
| Power dissipation               | $P_{D}$ | 1.2        | W    | (Note2)         |
| Operating temperature           | Topr    | -40 to 85  | °C   | _               |
| Storage temperature             | Tstg    | -55 to 150 | °C   | _               |
| Junction temperature            | Tj(max) | 150        | °C   | _               |

Note1: Usually, the maximum current value at the time should use 70% or less of the absolute maximum ratings for a standard on thermal rating. The maximum output current may be further limited in view of thermal considerations, depending on ambient temperature and board conditions.

Note2: Device alone (Ta =25°C)

When Ta exceeds 25°C, it is necessary to do the derating with 9.6 mW/°C.

Ta: Ambient temperature

Topr: Ambient temperature while the IC is active

Tj: Junction temperature while the IC is active. The maximum junction temperature is limited by the thermal shutdown (TSD) circuitry. It is advisable to keep the maximum current below a certain level so that the maximum junction temperature, Tj (MAX), will not exceed 120°C.

### **Caution) Absolute maximum ratings**

The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of ratings that must not be exceeded, even for a moment. Do not exceed any of these ratings.

Exceeding the rating (s) may cause device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result in injury by explosion or combustion.

The value of even one parameter of the absolute maximum ratings should not be exceeded under any circumstances. The TB67S128FTG does not have overvoltage detection circuit. Therefore, the device is damaged if a voltage exceeding its rated maximum is applied.

All voltage ratings, including supply voltages, must always be followed. The other notes and considerations described later should also be referred to.



# 16. Operation Ranges (Ta=-40 to 85°C)

| Characteristics             | Symbol        | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit | Remarks                |
|-----------------------------|---------------|-----|------|-----|------|------------------------|
| Motor power supply          | VM            | 6.5 | 24   | 44  | V    | _                      |
| Motor output current        | lout          | _   | 3.0  | 5.0 | Α    | (Note1)                |
| Lacia innut valta aa        | VIN(H)        | 2.0 | _    | 5.5 | V    | Logic input H<br>Level |
| Logic input voltage         | VIN(L)        | 0   | _    | 0.8 | V    | Logic input L<br>Level |
| MO output pin voltage       | VMO           | _   | 3.3  | 5.0 | V    | _                      |
| LO0, LO1 output pin voltage | VLO           | _   | 3.3  | 5.0 | V    | _                      |
| Clock input frequency       | fCLK          | 1   | _    | 200 | kHz  | _                      |
| Chopper frequency           | fchop (range) | 40  | 70   | 150 | kHz  |                        |
| Vref input voltage          | Vref          | GND | 2.0  | 3.6 | V    | _                      |

Note1: Maximum current for actual usage may be limited by the operating circumstances such as operating conditions (exciting mode, operating time, and so on), ambient temperature, and heat conditions (board condition and so on).

# 17. Electrical Specifications 1 (Ta = 25°C, VM = 24 V, unless otherwise specified)

| Characteristi                          | cs                                  | Symbol                     | Test condition  | Min | Тур. | Max  | Unit |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|-----|------|------|------|
| 1                                      | HIGH                                | VIN(H) Logic input (Note1) |   | 2.0 | _    | 5.5  | V    |
| Logic input voltage                    | LOW                                 | VIN(L)                     | Logic input (Note1)   | 0   |      | 0.8  | V    |
| Logic input hysteresis                 | s voltage                           | VIN(HYS)                   | Logic input (Note1)   | 100 |      | 300  | mV   |
| Logio input ourrent                    | HIGH                                | IIN(H)                     | VIN(H) = 3.3 V  | _   | 33   | 1    | μΑ   |
| Logic input current                    | LOW                                 | IIN(L)                     | VIN(L) = 0 V  | _   | 1    | 1    | μΑ   |
| MO output pin voltage                  | LOW                                 | VOL(MO)                    | IOL = 5 mA, output = L                                      | _   | 0.2  | 0.5  | V    |
| LO0, LO1 output pin voltage            | LOW                                 | VOL(LO)                    | IOL = 5 mA, output = L                                      | _   | 0.2  | 0.5  | V    |
|  |                                     | IM1                        | Output pins = open Standby mode                             | _   | 1.8  | 3.2  | mA   |
| Current consump                        | Current consumption                 |                            | Output pins = open ENABLE pin = L in releasing Standby mode | _   | 5.5  | 8.6  | mA   |
|  |                                     | IM3                        | Output pins = open Full step resolution                     | _   | 8.2  | 10.4 | mA   |
| Output lookaga aurrant                 | High side                           | IOH                        | VM = 44 V, Vout = 0 V                                       | _   |      | 1    | μΑ   |
| Output leakage current                 | Low side                            | IOL                        | VM = Vout = 44 V  | -1  |      | _    | μΑ   |
| Motor current channel                  | differential                        | ∆lout1                     | Current differential between Ch                             | -5  | 0    | 5    | %    |
| Motor current setting                  | Motor current setting accuracy Δlog |                            | lout =3.0 A   | -5  | 0    | 5    | %    |
| RS pin currer                          | nt                                  | IRS                        | VRS = 0 V   | 0   |      | 10   | μA   |
| Motor output ON res<br>(High side+Lows |                                     | Ron(H+L)                   | Tj = 25°C, High side+Low side                               | _   | 0.25 | 0.35 | Ω    |

Note: When the logic signal is applied to the device whilst the VM power supply is not asserted; the device is designed not to function, but for safe usage, please apply the logic signal after the VM power supply is asserted and the VM voltage reaches the proper operating range.

Note1: VIN(H) is defined as the VIN voltage that causes the outputs (OUT\_A+ pin, OUT\_A- pin, OUT\_B+ pin, OUT\_B- pin) to change when a pin under test is gradually raised from 0 V.VIN(L) is defined as the VIN voltage that causes the outputs (OUT\_A+ pin, OUT\_A- pin, OUT\_B+ pin, OUT\_B- pin) to change when the pin is then gradually lowered. The difference between VIN(H) and VIN(L) is defined as the VIN(HYS).



# 18. Electrical Specifications 2 (Ta =25°C, VM = 24 V, unless otherwise specified)

| Characteristics                                | Symbol     | Test condition                   | Min   | Тур. | Max   | Unit |
|--|------------|----------------------------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| Vref input current                             | Iref       | Vref = 2.0 V                     | _     | 0    | 1     | μΑ   |
| VCC voltage                                    | VCC        | ICC = 5.0 mA                     | 4.75  | 5    | 5.25  | V    |
| VCC current                                    | ICC        | VCC = 5.0 V                      | 1     | 2.5  | 5     | mA   |
| Vref gain rate                                 | Vref(gain) | Vref = 2.0 V<br>GAIN_SEL pin = L | 1/5.2 | 1/5  | 1/4.8 |      |
| Thermal shutdown (TSD) threshold (Note1)       | TjTSD      | _                                | 145   | 160  | 175   | °C   |
| VM recovery voltage                            | VMR        | _                                | 5.7   | 6    | 6.3   | V    |
| Over current detection (ISD) threshold (Note2) | ISD        | _                                | 5.7   | 7.2  | 10    | Α    |

#### Note1: About TSD

When the junction temperature of the device reaches the TSD threshold, the TSD circuit is triggered; the internal reset circuit then turns off the output transistors. Noise rejection blanking time is built-in to avoid misdetection. Once the TSD circuit is triggered, the device will be set to standby mode, and can be cleared by reasserting the VM power source, or setting the MODE pins to standby mode. The TSD circuit is a backup function to detect a thermal error, therefore is not recommended to be used aggressively.

#### Note2: About ISD

When the output current reaches the threshold, the ISD circuit is triggered; the internal reset circuit then turns off the output transistors. Once the ISD circuit is triggered, the device keeps the output off until power-on reset (POR), is reasserted or the device is set to standby mode by MODE pins. For fail-safe, please insert a fuse to avoid secondary trouble.

#### **Back-EMF**

While a motor is rotating, there is a timing at which power is fed back to the power supply. At that timing, the motor current recirculates back to the power supply due to the effect of the motor back-EMF.

If the power supply does not have enough sink capability, the power supply and output pins of the device might rise above the rated voltages. The magnitude of the motor back-EMF varies with usage conditions and motor characteristics. It must be fully verified that there is no risk that the TB67S128FTG or other components will be damaged or fail due to the motor back-EMF.

### Cautions on Overcurrent Shutdown (ISD) and Thermal Shutdown (TSD)

The ISD and TSD circuits are only intended to provide temporary protection against irregular conditions such as an output short-circuit; they do not necessarily guarantee the complete IC safety.

If the device is used beyond the specified operating ranges, these circuits may not operate properly: then the device may be damaged due to an output short-circuit.

The ISD circuit is only intended to provide a temporary protection against an output short-circuit. If such a condition persists for a long time, the device may be damaged due to overstress. Overcurrent conditions must be removed immediately by external hardware.

### IC Mounting

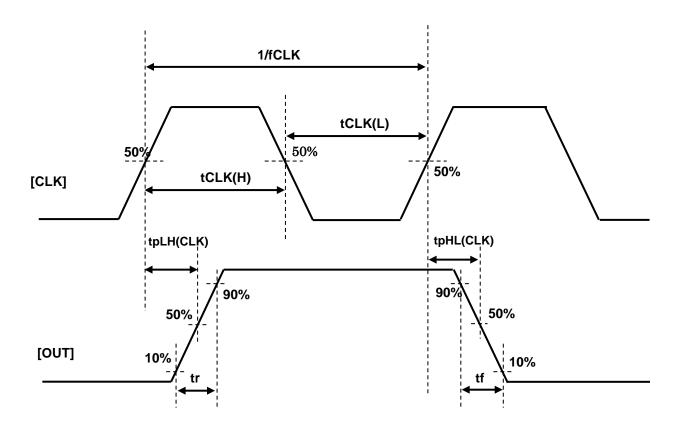
Do not insert devices incorrectly or in the wrong orientation. Otherwise, it may cause breakdown, damage and/or deterioration of the device.



# 19. AC Electrical Specification (Ta = 25°C, VM = 24 V, 6.8 mH/5.7 $\Omega$ )

| Characteristics                                  | Symbol    | Test condition                                    | Min  | Тур. | Max  | Unit |
|--|-----------|---|------|------|------|------|
| Inside filter of CLK input minimum<br>High width | tCLK(H)   | The CLK(H) minimum pulse width                    | 300  | _    |      | ns   |
| Inside filter of CLK input minimum Low width     | tCLK(L)   | The CLK(L) minimum pulse width                    | 250  | _    |      | ns   |
|  | tr        | _   | 30   | 80   | 130  | ns   |
| Output transistor                                | tf        | _   | 40   | 90   | 140  | ns   |
| switching specific                               | tpLH(CLK) | CLK output  | _    | 1000 | _    | ns   |
|  | tpHL(CLK) | CLK output  | _    | 1500 | _    | ns   |
| Analog noise blanking time                       | AtBLK     | VM = 24 V, lout = 3.0 A<br>Analog tblank          | 250  | 400  | 550  | ns   |
| Oscillator frequency accuracy                    | ΔfOSCM    | COSC = 270 pF,<br>ROSC = 5.1 kΩ                   | -15  | _    | +15  | %    |
| Oscillator reference frequency                   | fOSCM     | COSC= 270 pF,<br>ROSC =5.1 kΩ                     | 1020 | 1200 | 1380 | kHz  |
| Chopping frequency                               | fchop     | Output: Active (lout = 1.5 A),<br>fOSC = 1200 kHz |      | 75   |      | kHz  |

# **AC Electrical Specification Timing chart**

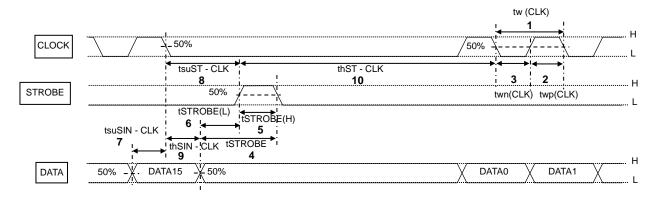


Note: Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purpose.



# 20. Other AC Electrical Specification (Ta = 25°C, VM = 24 V, unless otherwise specified)

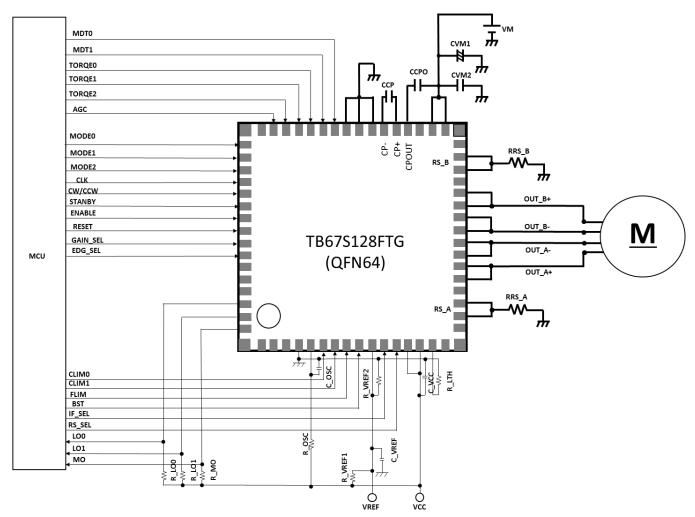
| Characteristics            | Symbol       | Test condition                               | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit | No.<br>in Timing Chart |
|----------------------------|--------------|--|-----|------|-----|------|------------------------|
| Serial CLK frequency       | fSCLK        | VIN = 3.3 V                                  | 1.0 |      | 25  | MHz  | _                      |
| CLK Cycle                  | tc( 'K \/\/  | VIH = 3.3  V, VIL = 0  V,<br>tr = tf = 23 ns | 46  |      |     | ns   | _                      |
| Minimoura CLIZ mula a      | tw(CLK)      |  | 40  |      |     | ns   | 1                      |
| Minimum CLK pulse width    | twp(CLK)     | VIN = 3.3 V                                  | 20  |      | 1   | ns   | 2                      |
| widtri                     | twn(CLK)     |  | 20  |      | 1   | ns   | 3                      |
| Minimum CTDODE mulas       | tSTROBE      |  | 40  |      | 1   | ns   | 4                      |
| Minimum STROBE pulse width | tSTROBE(H)   | VIN = 3.3 V                                  | 20  |      | 1   | ns   | 5                      |
| widtri                     | tSTROBE(L)   |  | 20  |      | 1   | ns   | 6                      |
| Data actus timo            | tsuSIN - CLK | VIN = 3.3 V                                  | 10  |      | 1   | ns   | 7                      |
| Data setup time            | tsuST - CLK  | VIIN = 3.3 V                                 | 10  |      |     | ns   | 8                      |
| Data hold time             | thSIN - CLK  | VIN = 3.3 V                                  | 10  |      |     | ns   | 9                      |
| Data noto time             | thST - CLK   | V IIV = 3.3 V                                | 10  | _    | _   | ns   | 10                     |



Note: The CLK whose frequency is 1MHz or less may be used if the above conditions are met.



# 21. Application Circuit Example (RS\_SEL pin = H, IF\_SEL pin = L)



The application circuit shown in this document is provided for reference purposes only. The data for mass production are not guaranteed.

Component values (for reference only)

| Part's symbol    | Component              | Reference component values                                     |
|------------------|------------------------|--|
| CVM1             | Electrolytic capacitor | 100 μF (CVM1 ≥ 10 μF)  |
| CVM2             | Ceramic capacitor      | (0.1 µF)   |
| CCP              | Ceramic capacitor      | 0.022 μF   |
| ССРО             | Ceramic capacitor      | 0.22 μF  |
| C_VCC            | Ceramic capacitor      | 0.1 μF   |
| R_OSC            | Resistor               | 5.1 kΩ (1.8 kΩ to 8.2 kΩ)                                      |
| C_OSC            | Ceramic capacitor      | 270 pF   |
| R_VREF1, R_VREF2 | Resistor               | Arbitrary (10 k $\Omega$ ≤ R_VREF1 + R_VREF2 ≤ 50 k $\Omega$ ) |
| C_VREF           | Ceramic capacitor      | (0.1 µF)   |
| R_MO             | Resistor               | 10 kΩ (10 kΩ to 100 kΩ)  |
| R_LO0, R_LO1     | Resistor               | 10 kΩ (10 kΩ to 100 kΩ)  |
| R_LTH            | Resistor               | 100 kΩ   |

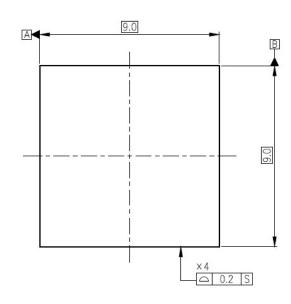
Note: Component values in above table are for reference only. Some components outside of the range can be adopted depending on the usage conditions.

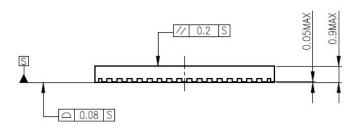


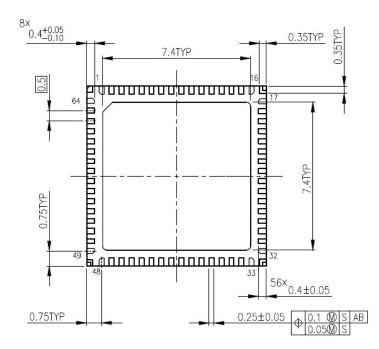
# 22. Package Dimensions

P-VQFN64-0909-0.50-006

Unit: mm







Weight: 0.229 g (typ.)



### **Notes on Contents**

### 1. Block Diagrams

Some of the functional blocks, circuits, or constants in the block diagram may be omitted or simplified for explanatory purposes.

### 2. Equivalent Circuits

The equivalent circuit diagrams may be simplified or some parts of them may be omitted for explanatory purposes.

## 3. Timing Charts

Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purposes.

### 4. Application Circuits

The application circuits shown in this document are provided for reference purposes only. Thorough evaluation is required, especially at the mass production design stage.

Providing these application circuit examples does not grant a license for industrial property rights.

### 5. Test Circuits

Components in the test circuits are used only to obtain and confirm the device characteristics. These components and circuits are not guaranteed to prevent malfunction or failure from occurring in the application equipment.



## **IC Usage Considerations**

### Notes on handling of ICs

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of ratings that must not be exceeded, even for a moment. Do not exceed any of these ratings.
  Exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.
- (2) Use an appropriate power supply fuse to ensure that a large current does not continuously flow in case of over current and/or IC failure. The IC will fully break down when used under conditions that exceed its absolute maximum ratings, when the wiring is routed improperly or when an abnormal pulse noise occurs from the wiring or load, causing a large current to continuously flow and the breakdown can lead smoke or ignition. To minimize the effects of the flow of a large current in case of breakdown, appropriate settings, such as fuse capacity, fusing time and insertion circuit location, are required.
- (3) If your design includes an inductive load such as a motor coil, incorporate a protection circuit into the design to prevent device malfunction or breakdown caused by the current resulting from the inrush current at power ON or the negative current resulting from the back electromotive force at power OFF. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.

  Use a stable power supply with ICs with built-in protection functions. If the power supply is unstable, the protection function may not operate, causing IC breakdown. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.
- (4) Do not insert devices in the wrong orientation or incorrectly. Make sure that the positive and negative terminals of power supplies are connected properly. Otherwise, the current or power consumption may exceed the absolute maximum rating, and exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion. In addition, do not use any device that is applied the current with inserting in the wrong orientation or incorrectly even just one time.
- (5) Carefully select external components (such as inputs and negative feedback capacitors) and load components (such as speakers), for example, power amp and regulator.

  If there is a large amount of leakage current such as from input or negative feedback condenser, the IC output DC voltage will increase. If this output voltage is connected to a speaker with low input withstand voltage, overcurrent or IC failure may cause smoke or ignition. (The overcurrent may cause smoke or ignition from the IC itself.) In particular, please pay attention when using a Bridge Tied Load (BTL) connection-type IC that inputs output DC voltage to a speaker directly.



### Points to remember on handling of ICs

#### (1) Over current Protection Circuit

Over current protection circuits (referred to as current limiter circuits) do not necessarily protect ICs under all circumstances. If the Over current protection circuits operate against the over current, clear the over current status immediately.

Depending on the method of use and usage conditions, such as exceeding absolute maximum ratings can cause the over current protection circuit to not operate properly or IC breakdown before operation. In addition, depending on the method of use and usage conditions, if over current continues to flow for a long time after operation, the IC may generate heat resulting in breakdown.

#### (2) Thermal Shutdown Circuit

Thermal shutdown circuits do not necessarily protect ICs under all circumstances. If the thermal shutdown circuits operate against the over temperature, clear the heat generation status immediately. Depending on the method of use and usage conditions, such as exceeding absolute maximum ratings can cause the thermal shutdown circuit to not operate properly or IC breakdown before operation.

#### (3) Heat Radiation Design

In using an IC with large current flow such as power amp, regulator or driver, please design the device so that heat is appropriately radiated, not to exceed the specified junction temperature  $(T_j)$  at any time and condition. These ICs generate heat even during normal use. An inadequate IC heat radiation design can lead to decrease in IC life, deterioration of IC characteristics or IC breakdown. In addition, please design the device taking into considerate the effect of IC heat radiation with peripheral components.

#### (4) Back-EMF

When a motor reverses the rotation direction, stops or slows down abruptly, a current flow back to the motor's power supply due to the effect of back-EMF. If the current sink capability of the power supply is small, the device's motor power supply and output pins might be exposed to conditions beyond absolute maximum ratings. To avoid this problem, take the effect of back-EMF into consideration in system design.



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