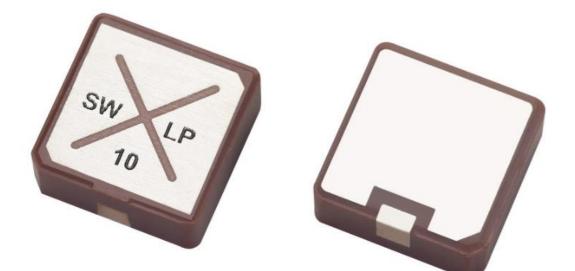


SPECIFICATION PATENT PENDING

- Part No. : **SWLP.2450.10.4.A.02**
- Product Name : 10mm Surface Mount 2.4 GHz Patch Antenna

Feature : 2400 MHz to 2500 MHz SMT Ceramic Patch Antenna Best solution for Bluetooth LE Wearable Applications Works equally well on WIFI/WLAN/ISM/ZigBee 10*10*4mm Tuned on a 12*16mm ground plane Linearly Polarized Patent Pending RoHS Compliant





1. Introduction

The SWLP.2450.10.4.A.02 patent pending 10mm SMT ceramic patch antenna is a breakthrough antenna in terms of size and performance. The smallest 2.4GHz patch available worldwide, it is ideally suited for 2.4 GHz applications such as Bluetooth LE, Wi-Fi, ISM, and ZigBee. It was developed specifically for Bluetooth LE wearable applications to work directly on ground (except for feed area) and over metal, device environments which traditional chip antennas cannot operate in. The antenna also does not need ground plane clearance around it (except for feed area). It provides omni-directional coverage similar to chip antennas on small boards.

The antenna exhibits 24.8% efficiency on a 12*16mm ground plane at 2455 MHz. If utilized on a 50*50 ground plane, efficiency will improve to 40% at 2455MHz.

Typical applications are:

- * Wearables
- * Tablets
- * Hand-held devices
- * USB dongles
- * Smart home applications

The SWLP.2450.10.4.A.02 can be placed in any position on the device ground plane. Like all small antennas, frequency detuning or efficiency change can occur due to surrounding components and enclosure housing. Larger ground-planes increase peak gain and efficiency. Taoglas helps customers fine tune the antenna for optimal performance through matching, correct board layout, transmission line design, and if necessary, custom antenna tuning for a MOQ.

Many module manufacturers specify peak gain limits for any antennas that are to be connected to that module. Those peak gain limits are based on free-space conditions.



In practice, the peak gain of an antenna tested in free-space can degrade by at least 1 or 2dBi when put inside a device. So ideally you should go for a slightly higher peak gain antenna than mentioned on the module specification to compensate for this effect, giving you better performance.

Upon testing of any of our antennas with your device and a selection of appropriate layout, integration technique, or cable, Taoglas can make sure any of our antennas' peak gain will be below the peak gain limits. Taoglas can then issue a specification and/or report for the selected antenna in your device that will clearly show it complying with the peak gain limits, so you can be assured you are meeting regulatory requirements for that module.

For example, a module manufacturer may state that the antenna must have less than 2dBi peak gain, but you don't need to select an embedded antenna that has a peak gain of less than 2dBi in free-space. This will give you a less optimized solution. It is better to go for a slightly higher free-space peak gain of 3dBi or more if available. Once that antenna gets integrated into your device, performance will degrade below this 2dBi peak gain due to the effects of GND plane, surrounding components, and device housing. If you want to be absolutely sure, contact Taoglas and we will test. Choosing a Taoglas antenna with a higher peak gain than what is specified by the module manufacturer and enlisting our help will ensure you are getting the best performance possible without exceeding the peak gain limits.

Contact your regional Taoglas sales office for support.



2. Specification Table

| ELECTRICAL | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Frequency Range | 2400 MHz to 2500 MHz | |
| Efficiency | 24.80% @2455 MHz, | |
| | Edge 10.42% @2400 MHz, 11.40% @2500 MHz | |
| Average Gain | -6 dBi @2450 MHz | |
| VSWR | 3 max @ Center Frequency | |
| Peak Gain | -1.0 dBi typ. | |
| Polarization | Linear | |
| Impedance | 50 Ohm | |
| MECHANICAL | | |
| Dimensions | 10mm X 10mm X 4mm | |
| Weight | 3.1 g | |
| ENVIRONMENTAL RATINGS | | |
| Operating Temperature | -40∘C to + 105∘C | |
| Storage Temperature | -40∘C to + 105∘C | |

*All tests done on a 12*16 mm ground plane. Antenna performance will vary depending on ground-plane dimensions and housing.

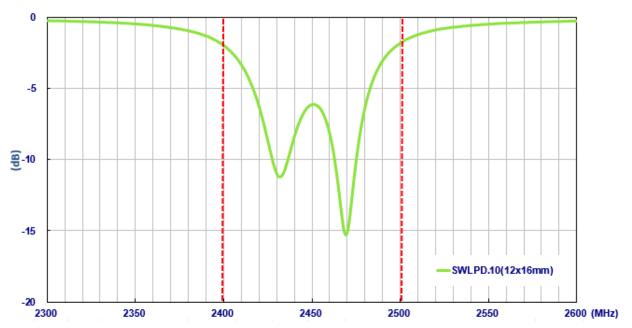


Figure 1 – Antenna on Evaluation Board, Top View (left) and Bottom View (right)

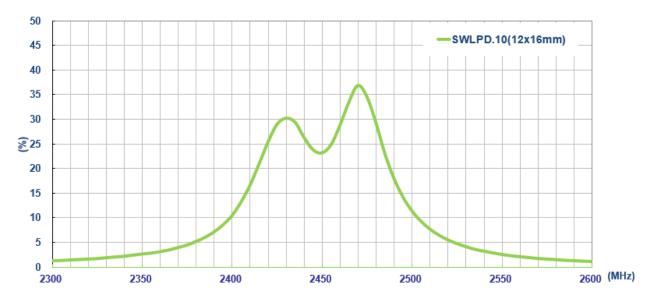


3. Antenna Characteristics

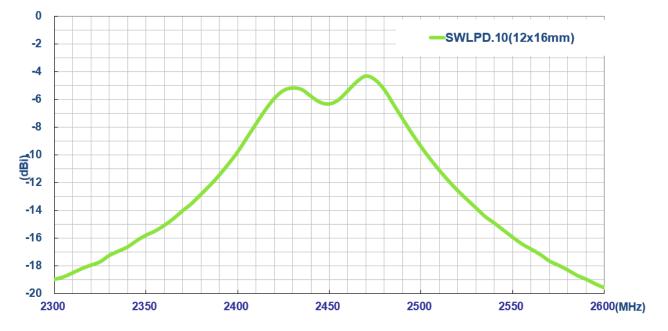
3.1 Return Loss



3.2 Efficiency

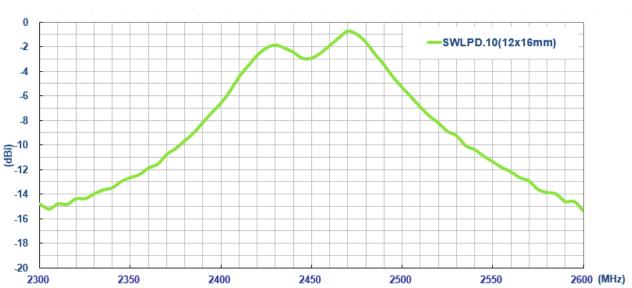






3.3 Average Gain



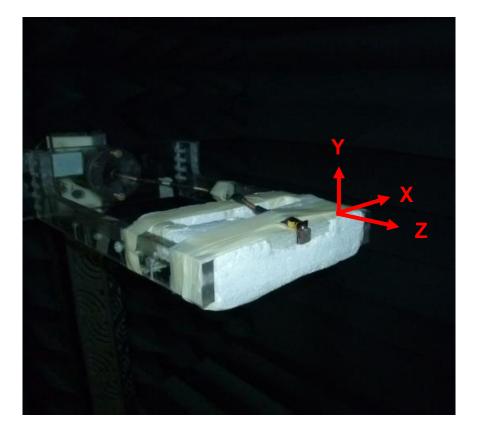




4. Antenna Radiation Patterns

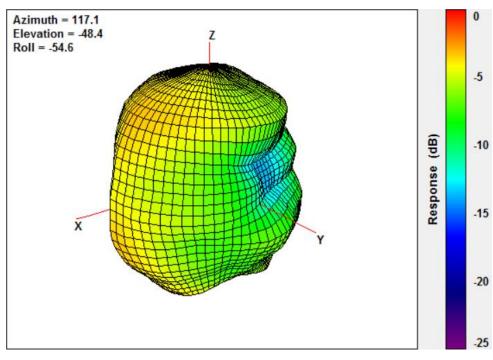
4.1 Test Setup

The antenna radiation pattern measurement setup is shown below





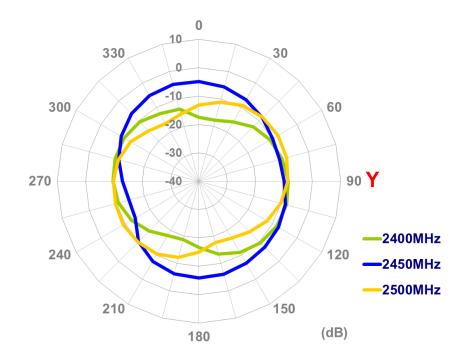
4.2 Antenna Radiation Patterns



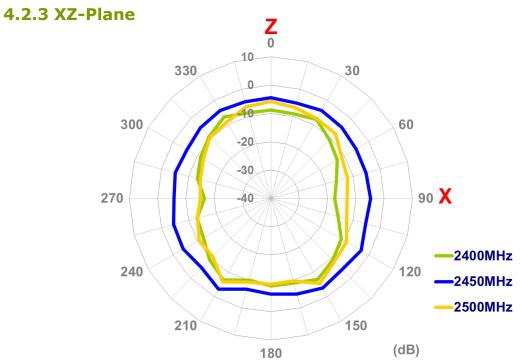
4.2.1 3D Radiation Pattern at 2450MHz

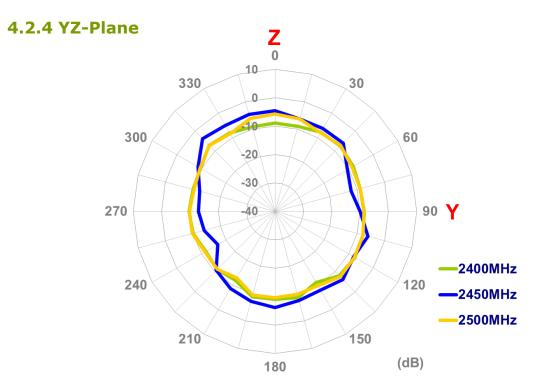
4.2.2 XY-Plane

Χ







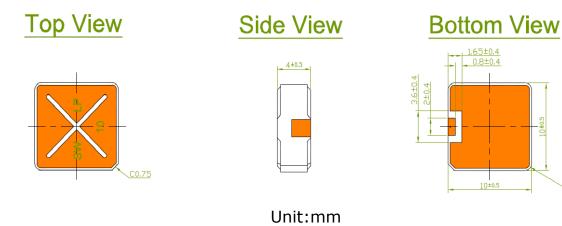




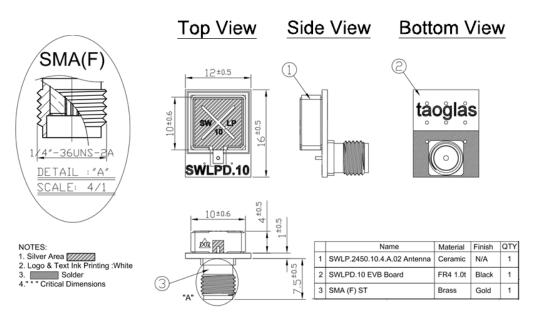
<u>R0.75</u>

5. Mechanical Drawing

5.1 Patch



5.2 Evaluation Board Dimensions



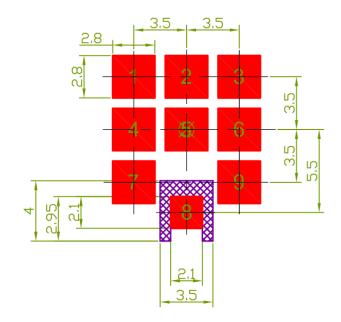
Unit:mm



6. Footprint

6.1 Top Copper

Pads 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 9 are the same size. They should be connected to GND.

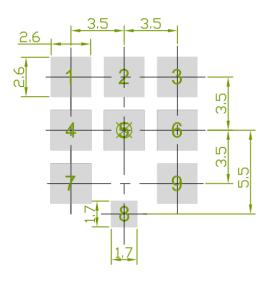


- 1. Ag Plated area
- 2. Solder Mask area
- 3. Copper area
- 4. Paste area
- 5. Copper Keepout Area
- 6. Copper keepout should extend through all PCB layers.
- 7. Any vias in pads should be either filled or tented to prevent solder from wicking away from the pad during reflow.
- 8. The dimension tolerances should follow standard PCB manufacturing guidelines



6.2 Top Solder Paste

Pads 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 9 are the same size.

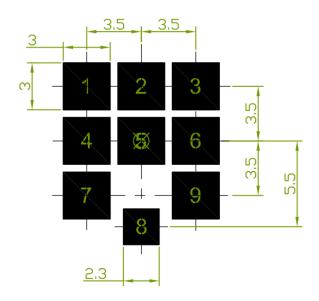


- 1. Ag Plated area
- 2. Solder Mask area
- Copper area
 Paste area
- 5. Copper Keepout Area
- 6. Copper keepout should extend through all PCB layers.
- 7. Any vias in pads should be either filled or tented to prevent solder from wicking away from the pad during reflow.
- 8. The dimension tolerances should follow standard PCB manufacturing guidelines



6.3 Top Solder Mask

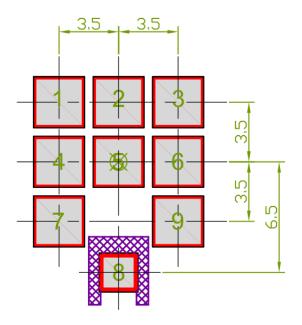
Pads 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 9 are the same size, This drawing is a negative of solder mask. Black regions are anti-mask.



- 1. Ag Plated area
- 2. Solder Mask area
- 3. Copper area
- 4. Paste area
- 5. Copper Keepout Area
- 6. Copper keepout should extend through all PCB layers.
- 7. Any vias in pads should be either filled or tented to prevent solder from wicking away from the pad during reflow.
- 8. The dimension tolerances should follow standard PCB manufacturing guidelines



6.4 Composite Diagram

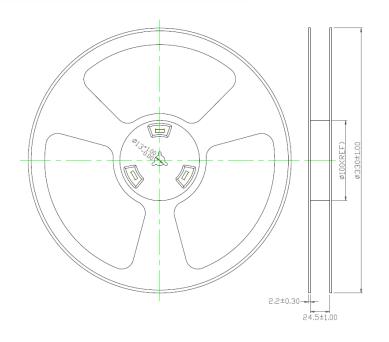


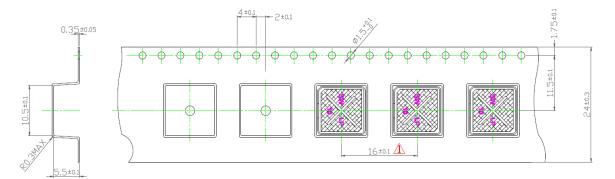
- 1. Ag Plated area
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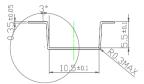


7. Packaging

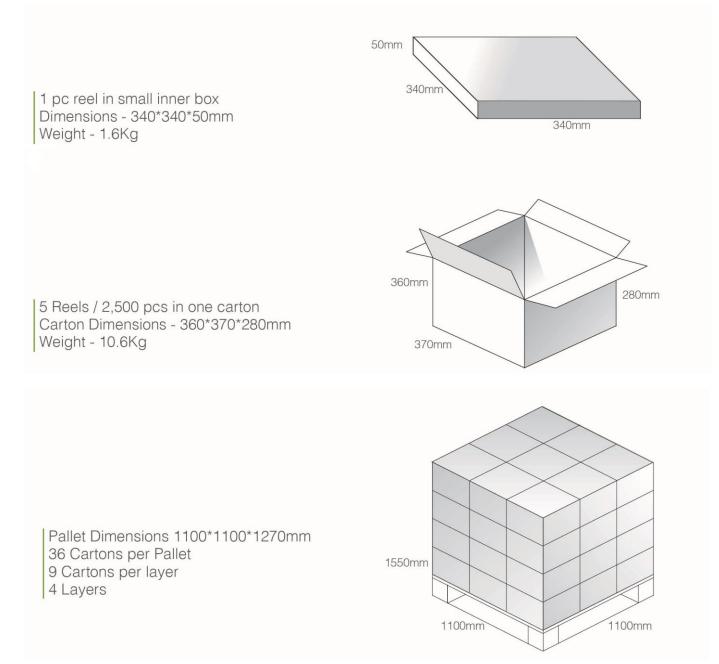
IEC 286-3 : Polyester Blister Tape Reel 500 Pieces SWLP.2450.10.4.A.02 Dimensions - Diameter 335*30mm Weight - 1.24Kg









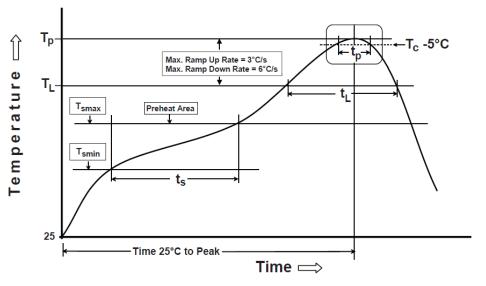




8. Recommended Reflow Temperature Profile

The SWLP.10 can be assembled following Pb-free assembly. According to the Standard IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020C, the temperature profile suggested is as follows:

| Phase | Profile Features | Pb-Free Assembly (SnAgCu) |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| PREHEAT | Temperature Min(Tsmin) | 150°C |
| | Temperature Max(Tsmax) | 200°C |
| | Time(ts) from (Tsmin to Tsmax) | 60-120 seconds |
| RAMP-UP | Avg. Ramp-up Rate (Tsmax to TP) | 3°C/second(max) |
| REFLOW | Temperature(TL) | 217°C |
| | Total Time above TL (tL) | 30-100 seconds |
| PEAK | Temperature(TP) | 260°C |
| | Time(tp) | 15-25 seconds |
| RAMP-DOWN | Rate | 6°C/second(max) |
| Time from 25°C to Peak Temperature | | 8 minutes max. |
| Composition of solder paste | | 96.5Sn/3Ag/0.5Cu |
| Solder Paste Model | | SHENMAO PF606-P26 |



The graphic shows temperature profile for component assembly process in reflow ovens

Soldering condition: Apply preheating at 120°C for 2-3 minutes. Finish soldering for each terminal within 3 seconds. If soldering iron temperature over270°C±10°C for 3 seconds, it may cause component surface peeling or damage.

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Taoglas: SWLP.2450.10.4.A.02