# Notice for TAIYO YUDEN products

Please read this notice before using the TAIYO YUDEN products.

#### /!\ REMINDERS

#### Product Information in this Catalog

Product information in this catalog is as of January 2021. All of the contents specified herein and production status of the products listed in this catalog are subject to change without notice due to technical improvement of our products, etc. Therefore, please check for the latest information carefully before practical application or use of our products.

Please note that TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages and defects in products or equipment incorporating our products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this catalog or individual product specification sheets.

#### Approval of Product Specifications

Please contact TAIYO YUDEN for further details of product specifications as the individual product specification sheets are available. When using our products, please be sure to approve our product specifications or make a written agreement on the product specification with TAIYO YUDEN in advance.

#### Pre-Evaluation in the Actual Equipment and Conditions

Please conduct validation and verification of our products in actual conditions of mounting and operating environment before using our products.

#### Limited Application

#### 1. Equipment Intended for Use

The products listed in this catalog are intended for general-purpose and standard use in general electronic equipment (e.g., AV equipment, OA equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment including, without limitation, mobile phone, and PC) and other equipment specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets.

TAIYO YUDEN has the line-up of the products intended for use in automotive electronic equipment, telecommunications infrastructure and industrial equipment, or medical devices classified as GHTF Classes A to C (Japan Classes I to III). Therefore, when using our products for these equipment, please check available applications specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets and use the corresponding products.

#### 2. Equipment Requiring Inquiry

Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using the products listed in this catalog for the following equipment (excluding intended equipment as specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets) which may cause loss of human life, bodily injury, serious property damage and/or serious public impact due to a failure or defect of the products and/or malfunction attributed thereto.

- (1) Transportation equipment (automotive powertrain control system, train control system, and ship control system, etc.)
- (2) Traffic signal equipment
- (3) Disaster prevention equipment, crime prevention equipment
- (4) Medical devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)
- (5) Highly public information network equipment, dataprocessing equipment (telephone exchange, and base station, etc.)
- (6) Any other equipment requiring high levels of quality and/or reliability equal to the equipment listed above

#### 3. Equipment Prohibited for Use

Please do not incorporate our products into the following equipment requiring extremely high levels of safety and/or reliability.

- (1) Aerospace equipment (artificial satellite, rocket, etc.)
- (2) Aviation equipment \*1
- (3) Medical devices classified as GHTF Class D (Japan Class IV), implantable medical devices \*2

- (4) Power generation control equipment (nuclear power, hydroelectric power, thermal power plant control system, etc.)
- (5) Undersea equipment (submarine repeating equipment, underwater work equipment, etc.)
- (6) Military equipment
- (7) Any other equipment requiring extremely high levels of safety and/or reliability equal to the equipment listed above

#### \*Notes:

- 1. There is a possibility that our products can be used only for aviation equipment that does not directly affect the safe operation of aircraft (e.g., in-flight entertainment, cabin light, electric seat, cooking equipment) if such use meets requirements specified separately by TAIYO YUDEN. Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using our products for such aviation equipment.
- Implantable medical devices contain not only internal unit which is implanted in a body, but also external unit which is connected to the internal unit.

#### 4. Limitation of Liability

Please note that unless you obtain prior written consent of TAIYO YUDEN, TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages incurred by you or third parties arising from use of the products listed in this catalog for any equipment that is not intended for use by TAIYO YUDEN, or any equipment requiring inquiry to TAIYO YUDEN or prohibited for use by TAIYO YUDEN as described above.

#### Safety Design

When using our products for high safety and/or reliability-required equipment or circuits, please fully perform safety and/or reliability evaluation. In addition, please install (i) systems equipped with a protection circuit and a protection device and/or (ii) systems equipped with a redundant circuit or other system to prevent an unsafe status in the event of a single fault for a failsafe design to ensure safety.

#### Intellectual Property Rights

Information contained in this catalog is intended to convey examples of typical performances and/or applications of our products and is not intended to make any warranty with respect to the intellectual property rights or any other related rights of TAIYO YUDEN or any third parties nor grant any license under such rights.

#### Limited Warranty

Please note that the scope of warranty for our products is limited to the delivered our products themselves and TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages resulting from a failure or defect in our products. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if there is a written agreement (e.g., supply and purchase agreement, quality assurance agreement) signed by TAIYO YUDEN and your company, TAIYO YUDEN will warrant our products in accordance with such agreement

#### ■ TAIYO YUDEN's Official Sales Channel

The contents of this catalog are applicable to our products which are purchased from our sales offices or authorized distributors (hereinafter "TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel"). Please note that the contents of this catalog are not applicable to our products purchased from any seller other than TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel.

#### Caution for Export

2021

Some of our products listed in this catalog may require specific procedures for export according to "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, and other applicable regulations. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

<sup>▶</sup> This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our product specification sheets. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our website (http://www.ty-top.com/).

# **Automotive Application Guide**

We classify automotive electronic equipment into the following four application categories and set usable application categories for each of our products. When using our products for automotive electronic equipment, please be sure to check such application categories and use our products accordingly. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact us.

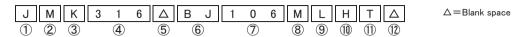
Category	Automotive Electronic Equipment (Typical Example)
POWERTRAIN	Engine ECU (Electronically Controlled Fuel Injector)     Cruise Control Unit     4WS (4 Wheel Steering)     Transmission     Power Steering     HEV/PHV/EV Core Control (Battery, Inverter, DC-DC)  Automatical Lagrange (Condensation information providing decise)
SAFETY	<ul> <li>Automotive Locator (Car location information providing device), etc.</li> <li>ABS (Anti-Lock Brake System)</li> <li>ESC (Electronic Stability Control)</li> <li>Airbag</li> <li>ADAS (Equipment that directly controls running, turning and stopping), etc.</li> </ul>
BODY & CHASSIS	<ul> <li>Wiper</li> <li>Automatic Door</li> <li>Power Window</li> <li>Keyless Entry System</li> <li>Electric Door Mirror</li> <li>Automobile Digital Mirror</li> <li>Interior Lighting</li> <li>Automobile Air Conditioning System</li> <li>LED Headlight</li> <li>TPMS (Tire Pressure Monitoring System)</li> <li>Anti-Theft Device (Immobilizer), etc.</li> </ul>
INFOTAINMENT	<ul> <li>Car Infotainment System</li> <li>ITS/Telematics System</li> <li>Instrument Cluster</li> <li>ADAS (Sensor, Equipment that is not interlocked with safety equipment or powertrain)</li> <li>Dashcam (genuine products for automotive manufacturer), etc.</li> </ul>

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## MULTILAYER CERAMIC CAPACITORS

REFLOW AEC-Q200

#### ■PART NUMBER



#### 1 Rated voltage

Rated voltage[VDC]
4
6.3
10
16
25
35
50
100
250
630

#### ②Series name

_	
Code	Series name
М	Multilayer ceramic capacitor
٧	Multilayer ceramic capacitor for high frequency
W	LW reverse type multilayer capacitor

#### 3End termination

Code	End termination				
K	Plated				
J	Soft Termination				
S	Cu Internal Electrodes (For High Frequency)				
F	High Reliability Application				
R	High Reliability Application				
	(Cu External Electrodes)				

#### 4Dimension (L × W)

Type	Dimensions (L×W)[mm]	EIA (inch)
063	0.6 × 0.3	0201
105	1.0 × 0.5	0402
105	0.52 × 1.0 💥	0204
407	1.6 × 0.8	0603
107	0.8 × 1.6 💥	0306
212	2.0 × 1.25	0805
212	1.25 × 2.0 💥	0508
316	3.2 × 1.6	1206
325	3.2 × 2.5	1210
432	4.5 × 3.2	1812
\\	/ <b>-</b>	

Note: ※LW reverse type(□WK) only

#### **⑤**Dimension tolerance

Code	Type	L[mm]	W[mm]	T[mm]
Δ	ALL	Standard	Standard	Standard
	063	0.6±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05
	105	1.0±0.10	0.5±0.10	0.5±0.10
	107	1.6+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05
Α	212	201015/ 005	1.25+0.15/-0.05	0.85±0.10
	212	2.0+0.15/-0.05	1.25 + 0.15/ - 0.05	1.25+0.15/-0.05
	316	3.2±0.20	1.6±0.20	1.6±0.20
	325	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.30	2.5±0.30
	105	1.0+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05
	107	1.6+0.20/-0	0.8+0.20/-0	0.8+0.20/-0
В	010	201020/ 0	1.25+0.20/-0	0.85±0.10
	212	2.0+0.20/-0		1.25+0.20/-0
	316	3.2±0.30	1.6±0.30	1.6±0.30
	105	1.0+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0
С	107	1.6+0.25/-0	0.8+0.25/-0	0.8+0.25/-0
	212	2.0+0.25/-0	1.25+0.25/-0	1.25+0.25/-0
	212	2.0±0.15	1.25±0.15	0.85±0.15
V	316	2 2 + 0 20	1.6±0.20	1.15±0.20
K		3.2±0.20		1.6±0.20
	325	3.2±0.50	2.5±0.30	2.5±0.30

Note: cf. STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS

Δ= Blank space

#### **6**Temperature characteristics code

#### High dielectric type

■ High dielectric	■ High dielectric type						
Code		cable	Temperature	Ref. Temp.[°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance	Tolerance
	stan	dard	range[°C]			tolerance	code
BJ	EIA	X5R	−55 <b>~</b> + 85	25	±15%	±10%	K
	LIA	AJI	33.4 1 83	23	上1370	±20%	М
C6	EIA	X6S	-55~+105	25	±22%	±10%	K
	LIA	703	33.4 1 103	23	± 22 70	±20%	М
В7	EIA	X7R	-55~+125	25	±15%	±10%	K
Б/	EIA	A/K	-55.4 + 125	25	±13%	±20%	М
C7	EIA	X7S	-55~+125	25	±22%	±10%	K
67	EIA	A/3	-55.4 + 125	25	1 22 90	±20%	М
D7		EIA VZT	X7T -55~+125	0.5	1,000/ / ,000/	±10%	K
U/	EIA	X7T	-55~+125	25	+22%/-33%	±20%	М

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# for High Quality Equipment

■Temperature c	compensa	ating type	е				
Code		cable dard	Temperature range [°C]	Ref. Temp.[°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance tolerance	
						±0.1pF	
	JIS	CG		20		±0.25pF	
CG			-55~+125		0±30ppm/°C	±0.5pF	
CG			-55/		0±30ррш/ С	±1pF	
	EIA	C0G		25		±2%	

7Nominal capacitance

Code (example)	Nominal capacitance
0R5	0.5pF
010	1pF
100	10pF
101	100pF
102	1,000pF
103	0.01 μ F
104	0.1 μ F
105	1.0 μ F
106	10 μ F
107	100 μ F

Note : R=Decimal point

8 Capacitance tolerance

Code	Capacitance tolerance
Α	±0.05pF
В	±0.1pF
С	±0.25pF
D	±0.5pF
G	±2%
J	±5%
K	±10%
М	±20%

Thickness

Code	Thickness[mm]			
Р	0.3			
Т	0.3			
V	0.5			
С	0.7(107type or more)			
Α	0.8			
D	0.85(212type or more)			
F	1.15			
G	1.25			
L	1.6			
N	1.9			
M	2.5			

±5%

Tolerance code

B
C
D
F

G

J

**®**Special code

Code	Special code
-	Standard
Н	MLCC for Automotive
8	MLCC for Telecommunications infrastructure and Industrial equipment / Medical devices

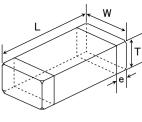
①Packaging

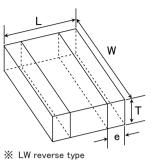
Code	Packaging
F	$\phi$ 178mm Taping (2mm pitch)
R	$\phi$ 178mm Embossed Taping (4mm pitch)
Т	$\phi$ 178mm Taping (4mm pitch)
D	$\phi$ 178mm Taping (4mm pitch, 1000 pcs/reel)
۲	325 type(Thickness code M)

12Internal code

(E)Incornar oodo	
Code	Internal code
Δ	Standard

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T ( FIA )		Dime	nsion [mm] (inch)			
Type( EIA )	L	W	Т	*1	е	
□MK063(0201)	0.6±0.03 (0.024±0.001)	0.3±0.03 (0.012±0.001)	0.3±0.03 (0.012±0.001)	Т	$0.15 \pm 0.05$ (0.006 \pm 0.002)	
□MK105(0402)	1.0±0.05	0.5±0.05	0.5±0.05	.,	0.25±0.10	
□MF105(0402)	$(0.039 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.020\pm0.002)$	$(0.020\pm0.002)$	V	$(0.010\pm0.004)$	
□WK105(0204)※	0.52±0.05	1.0±0.05	0.3±0.05	Р	0.18±0.08	
□WK103(0204)%	$(0.020\pm0.002)$	$(0.039 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.012\pm0.002)$	Г	$(0.007\pm0.003)$	
□MK107(0603)	1.6±0.10	0.8±0.10	0.8±0.10	Α	$0.35 \pm 0.25$	
□MF107(0603)	$(0.063 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	^	$(0.014\pm0.010)$	
□MJ107(0603)	$1.6 \pm 0.10$	$0.8 \pm 0.10$	$0.8 \pm 0.10$	Α	0.35 + 0.3 / -0.25	
□WIS107 (0003)	$(0.063 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	^	(0.014 + 0.012 / -0.010)	
□VS107(0603)	$1.6 \pm 0.10$	$0.8 \pm 0.10$	0.7±0.10	С	$0.35 \pm 0.25$	
□ <b>V</b> 3107 (0003)	$(0.063 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.028 \pm 0.004)$	U	$(0.014\pm0.010)$	
□WK107(0306)※	$0.8 \pm 0.10$	1.6±0.10	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	V	$0.25 \pm 0.15$	
□WI(107(03007);	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.063 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.020\pm0.002)$	٧	$(0.010\pm0.006)$	
			0.85±0.10	D		
□MK212(0805)	$2.0 \pm 0.10$	1.25±0.10	$(0.033 \pm 0.004)$	D	$0.5 \pm 0.25$	
□MF212(0805)	$(0.079 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.049 \pm 0.004)$	1.25±0.10	G	$(0.020\pm0.010)$	
			$(0.049 \pm 0.004)$	ď		
			0.85±0.10	D		
□MJ212(0805)	$2.0 \pm 0.10$	1.25±0.10	$(0.033 \pm 0.004)$	D	0.5 + 0.35 / -0.25	
□MJZ1Z(0805)	$(0.079 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.049 \pm 0.004)$	1.25±0.10	G	(0.020 + 0.014 / -0.010)	
			$(0.049 \pm 0.004)$	G		
□VS212(0805)	2.0±0.10	1.25±0.10	0.85±0.10	D	0.5±0.25	
□ ₹3212(0003)	$(0.079 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.049\pm0.004)$	$(0.033 \pm 0.004)$	D	$(0.020\pm0.010)$	
□WK212(0508)※	1.25±0.15	2.0±0.15	0.85±0.10	D	$0.3 \pm 0.2$	
□WI(212(0300)/⊼	$(0.049 \pm 0.006)$	$(0.079 \pm 0.006)$	$(0.033 \pm 0.004)$		$(0.012\pm0.008)$	
			1.15±0.10	F		
□MK316(1206)	$3.2 \pm 0.15$	1.6±0.15	$(0.045\pm0.004)$	F	0.5 + 0.35 / -0.25	
□MF316(1206)	$(0.126 \pm 0.006)$	$(0.063 \pm 0.006)$	1.6±0.20		(0.020 + 0.014 / -0.010)	
			$(0.063 \pm 0.008)$	L		
			1.15±0.10	_		
<b></b>	3.2±0.15	1.6±0.15	$(0.045 \pm 0.004)$	F	0.6 + 0.4 / -0.3	
□MJ316(1206)	$(0.126 \pm 0.006)$	$(0.063 \pm 0.006)$	1.6±0.20		(0.024 + 0.016 / -0.012)	
			$(0.063 \pm 0.008)$	L		
			1.15±0.10	_		
			$(0.045 \pm 0.004)$	F		
□MK325(1210)	$3.2 \pm 0.30$	2.5±0.20	1.9±0.20	N	0.6±0.3	
□MF325(1210)	$(0.126\pm0.012)$	$(0.098 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.075 \pm 0.008)$	N	$(0.024 \pm 0.012)$	
			2.5±0.20	М		
			$(0.098 \pm 0.008)$	IVI		
			1.9±0.20	N		
□MJ325(1210)	$3.2 \pm 0.30$	2.5±0.20	$(0.075 \pm 0.008)$	N	0.6 + 0.4 / -0.3	
□M0352 (1710)	$(0.126\pm0.012)$	$(0.098 \pm 0.008)$	2.5±0.20	М	(0.024 + 0.016 / -0.012)	
			$(0.098 \pm 0.008)$	IVI		
□MK432(1812)	4.5±0.40	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	М	0.9±0.6	
□WIN402 (1012)	$(0.177 \pm 0.016)$	$(0.126 \pm 0.012)$	$(0.098 \pm 0.008)$	IVI	$(0.035\pm0.024)$	
N. 1. W. 1.W.	r ad Titl					

Note : X. LW reverse type, \*1.Thickness code

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#### STANDARD QUANTITY

т	EIA (inch)	Dime	nsion	Standard qu	uantity[pcs]
Type	EIA (Inch)	[mm]	Code	Paper tape	Embossed tape
063	0201	0.3	Т	15000	_
105	0402	0.5	V	10000	
105	0204 ※	0.30	Р	10000	_
		0.7	С	4000	
		0.8	Α	4000	_
	0603	0.8	А	3000	
107	0603	0.6	٨	(Soft Termination)	_
		0.0	0.8 A		3000
			А	_	(Soft Termination
	0306 ※	0.50	V	-	4000
		0.85	D	4000	_
	0805	1.25	G	-	3000
212	0805	4.05	G		2000
		1.25	G	_	(Soft Termination
	0508 ※	0.85	D	4000	_
316	1006	1.15	F	_	3000
310	1206	1.6	L	_	2000
		1.15	F		0000
325	1210	1.9	N	_	2000
		2.5	М	_	500(T), 1000(P)
432	1812	2.5	М	_	500

Note: ※.LW Reverse type(□WK)

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#### Soft Termination Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

●107TYPE (Dimension:1.6 × 0.8mm JIS:1608 EIA:0603)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 :  $X7R(-55 \sim +125^{\circ}C)$ ] 0.8mm thickness(A)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]		erature teristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
		[4]	Criaraci					Rated voltage x %		
TMJ107BB7473□AHT				X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
TMJ107BB7104□AHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
TMJ107BB7224□AHT		25		X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	0.8+0.20/-0	
TMJ107BB7474∏AHT				X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	0.8+0.20/-0	
TMJ107CB7105∏AHR				X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	0.8+0.25/-0	
GMJ107BB7473[]AHT				X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
GMJ107BB7104[AHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
GMJ107BB7224[AHT		35		X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	0.8+0.20/-0	
GMJ107BB7474[]AHT				X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	0.8+0.20/-0	
GMJ107CB7105□AHR				X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	0.8+0.25/-0	
UMJ107AB7102∏AHT				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.15/-0.05	
UMJ107AB7222[]AHT				X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.15/-0.05	
UMJ107BB7472 AHT				X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
UMJ107BB7103[]AHT		50		X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
UMJ107BB7223[]AHT				X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
UMJ107BB7473[]AHT				X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
UMJ107BB7104[]AHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
HMJ107AB7102∏AHT				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.15/-0.05	
HMJ107AB7222∏AHT		1		X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.15/-0.05	
HMJ107BB7472∏AHT		1		X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
HMJ107BB7103[]AHT		100		X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
HMJ107BB7223[]AHT		[		X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
HMJ107BB7473[AHT		1		X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	
HMJ107BB7104∏AHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8+0.20/-0	

#### **212TYPE** (Dimension:2.0 × 1.25mm JIS:2012 EIA:0805)

 $\begin{tabular}{l} \textbf{[} Temperature Characteristic B7: X7R(-55 $\sim$ + 125 $^\circ$C), C7: X7S(-55 $\sim$ + 125 $^\circ$C) \begin{tabular}{l} 0.85mm thickness(D), 1.25mm thickness(G) \end{tabular} \label{table_eq:continuous_contin$ 

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage	Tempe	erature	Capacitance	Capacitance	$ an\delta$	HTLT	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
Part number 1	Part number 2	[V]	charact	teristics	[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Thickness [mm]	Note
JMJ212CB7106[]GHT		6.3		X7R	10 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.25+0.25/-0	
EMJ212CB7225[]GHT		16		X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.25+0.25/-0	
EMJ212CB7475[]GHT		10		X7R	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.25+0.25/-0	
TMJ212CB7225[]GHT		25		X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.25+0.25/-0	
GMJ212CB7105□GHT		35		X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.25+0.25/-0	
UMJ212BB7103[]GHT				X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25+0.20/-0	
UMJ212BB7223[]GHT				X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25+0.20/-0	
UMJ212BB7473[]GHT				X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25+0.20/-0	
UMJ212BB7104[]GHT		50		X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25+0.20/-0	
UMJ212BB7224 GHT				X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25+0.20/-0	
UMJ212CC7474 GHTE				X7S	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.25+0.25/-0	
UMJ212CB7105∏GHT				X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.25+0.25/-0	
HMJ212KB7102[DHT				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.85±0.15	
HMJ212KB7222 DHT				X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.85±0.15	
HMJ212BB7472[]GHT				X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25+0.20/-0	
HMJ212BB7103[]GHT				X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25+0.20/-0	
HMJ212BB7223 GHT		100		X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25+0.20/-0	
HMJ212BB7473[]GHT		100		X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25+0.20/-0	
HMJ212BB7104[]GHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25+0.20/-0	
HMJ212BB7224 GHT				X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25+0.20/-0	
HMJ212CC7474☐GHTE				X7S	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.25+0.25/-0	
HMJ212DC7105∏GHTE				X7S	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.25+0.30/-0	
QMJ212KB7102 DHT				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	0.85±0.15	
QMJ212KB7222 DHT				X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	0.85±0.15	
QMJ212BB7472 GHT		250		X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25+0.20/-0	
QMJ212BB7103[]GHT				X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25+0.20/-0	
QMJ212BB7223 GHT			·	X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25+0.20/-0	

<sup>▶</sup> This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our product specification sheets. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our website (http://www.ty-top.com/).

#### **3**16TYPE (Dimension:3.2 × 1.6mm JIS:3216 EIA:1206)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R( $-55 \sim +125^{\circ}$ C), C7 : X7S( $-55 \sim +125^{\circ}$ C)] 1.15mm thickness(F), 1.6mm thickness(L)

L. Sps. acaro oriara	5 to	1 120	07, 07.	,,,,,,	00 1 120 07 1	critorare	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]		erature teristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
LMJ316BB7226 LHT		10		X7R	22 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.6±0.30	
EMJ316BB7475 LHT				X7R	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.6±0.30	
EMJ316BB7106 LHT		16		X7R	10 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.6±0.30	
TMJ316BB7474[]LHT				X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
TMJ316BB7475[]LHT		25		X7R	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.6±0.30	
TMJ316BB7106[]LHT				X7R	10 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.6±0.30	
GMJ316BB7474□LHT				X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
GMJ316AB7225[LHT				X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.6±0.20	
GMJ316BB7475∏LHT		35		X7R	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.6±0.30	
GMJ316BB7106[LHT				X7R	10 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.6±0.30	
UMJ316BB7473∏LHT				X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
UMJ316BB7104[]LHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
UMJ316BB7224∏LHT				X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
UMJ316BB7474∏LHT		50		X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
UMJ316BB7105[]LHT				X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
UMJ316AB7225∏LHT				X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	1.6±0.20	
UMJ316BC7475[]LHTE				X7S	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.30	
HMJ316 B7102[]FHT				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.15±0.10	
HMJ316 B7222[]FHT		1		X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.15±0.10	
HMJ316 B7472∏FHT				X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.15±0.10	
HMJ316KB7103∏FHT				X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.15±0.20	
HMJ316BB7223∏LHT				X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
HMJ316BB7473∏LHT		100		X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
HMJ316BB7104 LHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
HMJ316BB7224 LHT				X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
HMJ316BB7474□LHT				X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
HMJ316BB7105[]LHT				X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.30	
HMJ316BC7225 LHTE				X7S	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.6±0.30	
QMJ316 B7102[FHT				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.15±0.10	
QMJ316 B7222 FHT				X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.15±0.10	
QMJ316 B7472 FHT				X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.15±0.10	
QMJ316KB7103[FHT		250		X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.15±0.20	
QMJ316BB7223[]LHT				X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.30	
QMJ316BB7473[]LHT				X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.30	
QMJ316BB7104[LHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.30	
SMJ316 B7102∏FHT				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	
SMJ316 B7222∏FHT				X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	
SMJ316 B7472 FHT		630		X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	
SMJ316KB7103∏FHT		1		X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.20	
SMJ316BB7223∏LHT		1		X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.6±0.30	
					M	_ :-,		. 20	0.00	

#### **325TYPE** (Dimension:3.2 × 2.5mm JIS:3225 EIA:1210)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 :  $X7R(-55 \sim +125^{\circ}C)$ , C7 :  $X7S(-55 \sim +125^{\circ}C)$ ] 1.9mm thickness(N), 2.5mm thickness(M)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage	Tempe	rature	Capacitance	Capacitance	tan δ	HTLT	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
	Part number 2	[V]	charact	eristics	[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Inickness [mm]	Note
JMJ325KB7476[]MHP		6.3		X7R	47 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	2.5±0.30	
EMJ325KB7226 MHP		16		X7R	22 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	2.5±0.30	
TMJ325AB7475∏MHP		25		X7R	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	5	150	$2.5 \pm 0.30$	
TMJ325KB7106[MHP		23		X7R	10 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	$2.5 \pm 0.30$	
GMJ325AB7475□MHP		35		X7R	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	5	150	$2.5 \pm 0.30$	
GMJ325KB7106□MHP		33		X7R	10 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	$2.5 \pm 0.30$	
UMJ325AB7225□MHP				X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.30	
UMJ325AB7475∏MHP		50		X7R	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	5	150	2.5±0.30	
UMJ325KB7106□MHP				X7R	10 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	2.5±0.30	
HMJ325 B7223□NHT				X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	
HMJ325 B7473∏NHT				X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	
HMJ325 B7104□NHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	
HMJ325 B7224□NHT		100		X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	
HMJ325 B7474□NHT		100		X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	
HMJ325 B7105□NHT				X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	
HMJ325AB7225∏MHP				X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	$2.5 \pm 0.30$	
HMJ325KC7475∏MHPE				X7S	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	$2.5 \pm 0.30$	
QMJ325 B7223[]NHT				X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	
QMJ325 B7473[NHT		250		X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	
QMJ325 B7104[NHT		250		X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	
QMJ325 B7224[]NHT				X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	
SMJ325 B7223[NHT		630		X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.9±0.20	
SMJ325 B7473[NHT		030		X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.9±0.20	

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## Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

#### ■PACKAGING

#### 1 Minimum Quantity

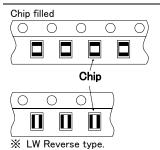
Taped package	TILL		0, 1, 1	F 3	
Type(EIA)	Thick mm	code	Paper tape	uantity [pcs] Embossed tape	
□MK021(008004)	0.125	K	- парет саре	50000	
□VS021(008004)	0.123	IX		00000	
☐MK042(01005)	0.2	C, D	_	40000	
□VS042(01005)	0.2	С	_	40000	
☐MK063(0201)	0.3	P,T	15000	_	
□WK105(0204) ※	0.3	Р	10000	_	
	0.13	Н	_	20000	
DM(105(0400)	0.18	E	_	15000	
☐MK105(0402) ☐MF105(0402)	0.2	С	20000	_	
MF 105(0402)	0.3	Р	15000	_	
	0.5	V	10000	_	
□VK105(0402)	0.5	W	10000	_	
□MK107(0603)	0.45	K	4000	_	
□WK107(0306) ※	0.5	V	_	4000	
□MF107(0603)	0.8	Α	4000	_	
□VS107(0603)	0.7	С	4000	_	
□MJ107(0603)	0.8	Α	3000	3000	
□MK212(0805)	0.45	K	4000		
□WK212(0508) ※	0.85	D	4000	_	
□MF212(0805)	1.25	G	_	3000	
□VS212(0805)	0.85	D	4000	_	
	0.85	D	4000	_	
□MJ212(0805)	1.25	G	_	2000	
	0.85	D	4000	_	
□MK316(1206)	1.15	F	_	3000	
□MF316(1206)	1.6	L	_	2000	
	1.15	F	_	3000	
□MJ316(1206)	1.6	L	_	2000	
	0.85	D			
	1.15	F	1		
☐MK325(1210)	1.9	N	1 -	2000	
□MF325(1210)	2.0max.	Y	1		
	2.5	M	_	1000	
[] 1 1005(1015)	1.9	N	_	2000	
□MJ325(1210)	2.5	М	_	500(T), 1000(P)	
□MK432(1812)	2.5	М	_	500	

Note: 

K LW Reverse type.

# \*\*No bottom tape for pressed carrier tape Card board carrier tape Top tape Base tape Sprocket hole Chip cavity Base tape Chip cavity

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#### 3 Representative taping dimensions

 $(0.079 \pm 0.002)$ 

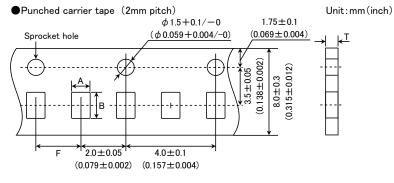
# Paper Tape (8mm wide) Pressed carrier tape (2mm pitch) Unit: mm(inch) Sprocket hole $\phi$ 1.5+0.1/-0 $\phi$ 1.75±0.1 $\phi$ 1.75±

Type(EIA)	Chip	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	T1	
☐MK063(0201)	0.37	0.67		0.45max.	0.42max.	
□WK105(0204) ※			204005	0.4Jillax.		
□MK105(0402) (*1 C)	0.65	1.15	2.0±0.05	0.4max.	0.3max.	
□MK105(0402) (*1 P)				0.45max.	0.42max.	

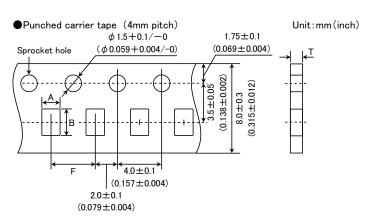
Note \*1 Thickness, C:0.2mm ,P:0.3mm. \* LW Reverse type.

 $(0.157 \pm 0.004)$ 

Unit:mm



Type(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т
☐MK105 (0402)				
□MF105 (0402)	0.65	1.15	$2.0 \pm 0.05$	0.8max.
□VK105 (0402)				
				Unit:mm

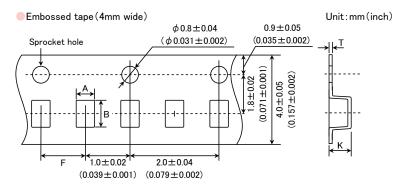


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Type(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness	
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	
☐MK107(0603)					
□WK107(0306) ※	1.0	1.8	4.0±0.1	1.1max.	
☐MF107(0603)				Ì	
☐MK212(0805)	1.65	0.4			
□WK212(0508) ※	1.65	2.4		1.1max.	
☐MK316(1206)	2.0	3.6			

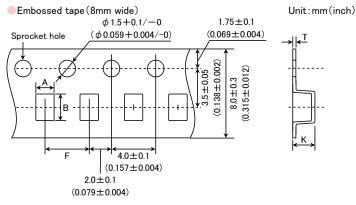
Note: Taping size might be different depending on the size of the product. X LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm



Type(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т	
□MK021(008004)	0.135	0.07	1.0±0.02	0.5max.	0.25max.	
□VS021(008004)	0.135	0.27				
☐MK042(01005)	0.23	0.40				
□VS042(01005)	0.23	0.43				

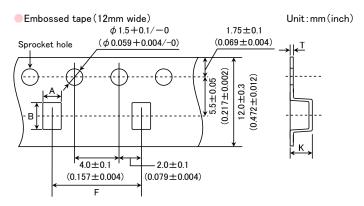
Unit:mm



T (FIA)	Chip (	Chip Cavity		Tape Thickness	
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т
☐MK105(0402)	0.6	1.1	2.0±0.1	0.6max	0.2±0.1
□WK107(0306) ※	1.0	1.8		1.3max.	0.25±0.1
☐MK212(0805) ☐MF212(0805)	1.65	2.4			
☐MK316(1206) ☐MF316(1206)	2.0	3.6	4.0±0.1	3.4max.	0.6max.
☐MK325(1210) ☐MF325(1210)	2.8	3.6	1		

Note: ※ LW Reverse type. Unit:mm

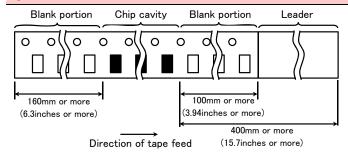
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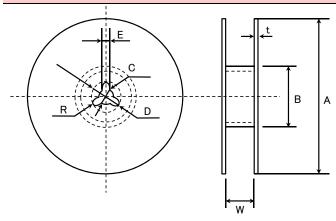
Type(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т	
☐MK325(1210)	3.1	4.0	8.0±0.1	4.0max.	0.6max.	
☐MK432(1812)	3.7	4.9	8.0±0.1	4.0max.	0.6max.	

Unit:mm

#### 4 Trailer and Leader



#### ⑤Reel size



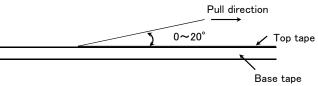
Α	В	С	D	Е	R
$\phi$ 178 ± 2.0	$\phi$ 50min.	$\phi$ 13.0 $\pm$ 0.2	$\phi$ 21.0 ± 0.8	2.0±0.5	1.0

	T	W
4mm wide tape	1.5max.	5±1.0
8mm wide tape	2.5max.	10±1.5
12mm wide tape	2.5max.	14±1.5

Unit:mm

#### **6**Top Tape Strength

The top tape requires a peel-off force of 0.1 to 0.7N in the direction of the arrow as illustrated below.



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# Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

High Permittivity (Class2)

#### ■RELIABILITY DATA

Value

1.Operating T	emperature Range						
	Temperature	Temperature Standard		-55 to +125°C			
	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	— 55 to 4	F125 C			
					Temperature Range		
			BJ	В	−25 to +85°C		
Specified			В	X5R	−55 to +85°C		
Value			B7	X7R	−55 to +125°C		
	High Permittivity (Class2	High Permittivity (Class2)			−55 to +105°C		
				X7S	−55 to +125°C		
					−55 to +125°C		
					−55 to +85°C		
					high value multilayer ceramic capa	acitor	
2. Storage Co	onditions						
	Temperature	Standard		10500			
	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	—55 to ∃	F125 C			
				Specification	Temperature Range		
			BJ	В	−25 to +85°C		
Specified			BJ	X5R	-55 to +85°C		
	I				EE . 1.40E00		

High Permittivity (Class2)	C6	X6S	−55 to +105°C
	C7	X7S	−55 to +125°C
	D7	X7T	−55 to +125°C
	LD(※)	X5R	−55 to +85°C
	Note: X	ID Low distortion	high value multilaver ceramic canac

В7

3. Rated Voltag	е		
0 15 1	Temperature	Standard	50VDC, 25VDC
Specified	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	50VDC, 25VDC

X7R

50VDC, 35VDC, 25VDC, 16VDC, 10VDC, 6.3VDC, 4VDC, 2.5VDC

-55 to +125°C

4. Withstanding	Voltage (Between terminal	s)					
	Temperature	Standard					
Specified Value	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type		No breakdown o	No breakdown or damage		
value	High Permittivity (Class2)						
T			Cla	iss 1	Class 2		
Test Methods and	Applied voltage Rate		Rated	d volta × 3 Rated voltage ×			
Remarks	Duration			1 to 5 sec.			
Remarks	Charge/discharge currer	nt		50mA	max.		

5. Insulation Re	esistance					
Specified Value	Temperature	Standard	10000 MΩ min.			
	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	TOOOD MISS MIN.			
	High Permittivity (Class2)	Note 1	$C$ ≤0.047 $\mu$ F : 10000 M $\Omega$ min. $C$ >0.047 $\mu$ F : 500M $\Omega$ • $\mu$ F			
Test	Applied voltage	: Rated voltage				
Methods and	Duration	: 60±5 sec.				
Remarks	Charge/discharge current	: 50mA max.				

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6. Capacitance	(Tolerance)					
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(Class1)	Standard	CE UE SL		: ±0.25pF : ±0.5pF : ±5% or ±10%	
	Compensating (Class1)	High Frequency Ty	pe CH	0.3pF≦C≦2pF C>2pF	: ±0.1pF : ±5%	
	High Permittivity (Class2)			37, C6, C7, D7, LD( $\divideontimes$ ): $=$ : $\divideontimes$ LD Low distortion hig	±10% or ±20% h value multilayer ceramic	c capacitor
			Class 1		Class 2	
<b>-</b> .		Stan	dard	High Frequency Type	C≦10 <i>μ</i> F	C>10 μ F
Test	Preconditioning		N	one	Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1hr) Note 2	
Methods and Remarks	Measuring frequency	Measuring frequency		z±10%	1kHz±10%	120±10Hz
	Measuring voltage Note		0.5 to 5Vrms		1±0.2Vrms	0.5±0.1rms
	Bias application		None			

Specified Value	Temperature	Standard		C < 30pF : Q ≥ 400 + 20C C ≥ 30pF : Q ≥ 1000 (C:Nominal capacitance)			
	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type		Refer	to detailed specification		
	High Permittivity (Class2) Note 1			BJ, B7, C6, C7, D7:2.5% max.			
				Class 1		Class 2	
			Standard		High Frequency Type	C≦10 μ F	C>10 $\mu$ F
	Preconditioning		None		Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1hr) Note 2		
Test	Measuring frequey		1MHz±10%		1GHz	1kHz±10%	120±10Hz
Methods and	Measuring voltage Note 1			0.5 to 5Vrms		1±0.2Vrms	$0.5 \pm 0.1 \text{Vrms}$
Remarks	Bias application			None			
	High Frequency Type						
	Measuring equipment	: HP	4291A				
	Measuring jig : HP16192A						

			Tem	Temperature Characteristic [ppm/°C]				Tolerance [ppm/°C]	
		Ct d d	C□:	0	CG,CH, CJ,	СК	G: ±30 H: ±60		
	Temperature Compensating(Class1)	Standard	U□ :	U□: -750				J: ±120 K: ±250	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		SL :	+350 to −100	00				
		High Eraguanay Typa	Tem	perature Charac	cteristic [ppm/°	C]	Tolerance [ppm/°C]		
		High Frequency Type	C□:	0	CH			H: ±60	
Specified Value				Specification	Capacitance change	Refere tempera		Temperature Range	
			BJ	В	±10%	20°0	С	−25 to +85°C	
			BJ	X5R	±15%	25°0	С	−55 to +85°C	
	History (Olssen)		B7	X7R	±15%	25°0	С	-55 to +125°C	
	High Permittivity (Class2)		C6	X6S	±22%	25°0	С	-55 to +105°C	
			C7	X7S	±22%	25°0	0	-55 to +125°C	
			D7	X7S	+22/-33%	25°0	С	-55 to +125°C	
			LD(X)	X5R	±15%	25°0	С	−55 to +85°C	
			Note: XLD Low distortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor						

Class 1: Capacitance at 20°C and 85°C shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the following equation.

$$\frac{(C_{85}-C_{20})}{C_{20}\times\Delta T} \times 10^{6} (ppm/^{\circ}C) \qquad \Delta T = 65$$

Class 2: Capacitance at each step shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the

lest	Tollowing equation	ori.	
Methods and	Step	В	X5R, X7R, X6S, X7S
Remarks	1	Minimum operat	ing temperature
	2	20°C	25°C
	3	Maximum operat	ing temperature

× 100 (%) C<sub>2</sub>

Test

: Capacitance in Step 1 or Step 3

C2 : Capacitance in Step 2

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9. Deflection					
	Temperature	Standard	Appearance Capacitance change	: No abnormality : Within $\pm 5\%$ or $\pm 0.5$ pF, whichever is larger.	
Specified Value	Compensating (Cl	High Frequency Type	Appearance Cpaitance change	: No abnormality : Within±0.5 pF	
	High Permittivity	(Class2)		ce : No abnormality nce change : Within ±12.5%(BJ, B7, C6, C7, D7, LD(※)) LD Low distortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor	
		Multilayer Cerar	nic Capacitors	20,	
		042, 063, <sup>※1</sup> 105 Type	The other types	Board R-230 Warp	
Test	Board	Glass epoxy-re	sin substrate		
Methods and	Thickness	0.8mm	1.6mm	45±2 45±2 1	
Remarks	Warp	1mm (Soft Termin	nation type:3mm)	<del>1022 (1022</del>	
	Duration	10 s	ec.	(Unit: mm)	
		*1:105 Type thickness, C: 0.	2mm ,P: 0.3mm.	Capacitance measurement shall be conducted with the board bent	

	Temperature	Standard	-
Specified Value	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	No mechanical damage.
Value	High Permittivity (Class2)	)	_
Test Methods and Remarks	High Frequency Type Applied force : 5N Duration : 10 sec.	Pres ← A →	R0.5 Pressing jig Chip  Chip

11. Adhesive St	11. Adhesive Strength of Terminal Electrodes						
	Temperature	Standard					
Specified Value	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Typ	e No terminal separati	No terminal separation or its indication.			
value	High Permittivity (Class2)						
T4		Multilayer Cerar	nic Capacitors				
Test Methods and		042, 063 Type	105 Type or more				
Remarks	Applied force	2N	5N				
remarks	Duration	30±5	sec.				

12. Solderability	/		_		
0 :5 1	Temperature	Standard			
Specified Value	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type			by new solder.
Value	High Permittivity (Class2)	)			
<b>-</b> .		Eutectic so	older	Lead-free solder	
Test Methods and	Solder type	H60A or H	63A	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu	
Remarks	Solder temperature	230±5°	С	245±3°C	
Remarks	Duration		4±1 sec.		

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13. Resistance	to Soldering				
Specified Value	Standard Temperature		Appearance Capacitance change Q Insulation resistance Withstanding voltage	: No abnormality : Within ±2.5% or ±0. : Initial value : Initial value (between terminals)	25pF, whichever is larger.  : No abnormality
	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	Appearance Capacitancecange Q Insulation resistance Withstanding voltage	: No abnormality : Within ±2.5% : Initial value : Initial value (between terminals) : No abnormality	
	High Permittivity (Class2) Note 1		Appearance Capactace change Dissipation factor Insulation resistance Withstanding voltage Note: ※LD Low distort	: No abormality : Within ±7.5%(BJ, B7 : Initial value : Initial value (between terminals): l tion high value multilayer	No abnormality
			Class 1		
		042, 063 Type	1	05 Type	
	Preconditioning		None		
	Preheating	150°C, 1 to 2 min.		0°C, 2 to 5 min. 00°C, 2 to 5 min.	
	Solder temp.		270±5°C		
	Duration				
est	Recovery	6 to 24 hrs	s(Standard condition)N	loe 5	
Methods and					
Remarks	_			Class 2	
		042,063 Type		07, 212 Type	316, 325 Type
	Preconditioning			(at 150°C for 1 hr) Not	
	Preheating	150°C, 1 to 2 min.		0°C, 2 to 5 min. 00°C, 2 to 5 min.	80 to 100°C, 5 to 10 min. 150 to 200°C, 5 to 10 min.
	Solder temp.		2	70±5℃	
	Duration		3:	±0.5 sec.	
	Recovery		24±2 hrs(Stan	dard condition) Note 5	

14. Temperatur	re Cycle (Thermal Shock)						
Specified Value	Temperature	Standard		Appearance Capacitance change Q Insulation resistance Withstanding voltage	: No abnormality : Within ±2.5% or ±0.25 : Initial value : Initial value (between terminals) : N	•	
	Compensating (Class1)	High Frequency	<sup>,</sup> Туре	Appearance Capacitance change Q Insulation resistance Withstanding voltage	: No abnormality : Within ±0.25pF : Initial value : Initial value (between terminals) : N	lo abnormality	
	High Permittivity (Class2) Note 1			Appearance : No abnormality Capacitance change : Within ±7.5% (BJ, B7, C6, C7, D7, LD(※)) Dissipation factor : Initial value Insulation resistance : Initial value Withstanding voltage (between terminals) : No abnormality Note: ※LD Low distortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor			
		Class 1				Class 2	
	Preconditioning	None			Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1 hr) Note 2		
Test Methods and Remarks	1 cycle	Step Temperature  1 Minimum operating 1 2 Normal tempe 3 Maximum operating 4 Normal tempe			nting temperature emperature ting temperature	Time (min.) $30\pm 3$ $2 \text{ to } 3$ $30\pm 3$ $2 \text{ to } 3$	
	Number of cycles				5 times		
	Recovery	6 to 24 hrs	s (Stan	dard condition)Note 5	24±2 hrs (5	Standard condition)Note 5	

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15. Humidity (	Steady State)						
	Temperature Compensating(Class1	Standard	Appearance Capacitance change Q Insulation resistance	: Withi : C < 1 10≦ C≧	bnormality $n \pm 5\% \text{ or } \pm 0.5 \text{pF, whichever is larger.}$ $0 \text{pF}: Q \geqq 200 + 10 \text{C}$ $\leqq C < 30 \text{pF}: Q \leqq 275 + 2.5 \text{C}$ $30 \text{pF}: Q \leqq 350 (C: \text{Nominal capacitance})$ $M \Omega \text{ min.}$		
Specified Value		High Frequency Type	Appearance Capacitance change Insulation resistance	: Withi	No abnormality Nithin ±0.5pF, 1000 MΩ min.		
	High Permittivity(Cla	Appearance : No abnormality  Capacitance change : Within $\pm 12.5\%$ (BJ, B7, C6, C7, D7, LD( $\%$ ))  Dissipation factor : $5.0\%$ max.(BJ, B7, C6, C7, D7, LD( $\%$ ))  Insulation resistance : $50 \text{ M}\Omega \mu \text{ F}$ or $1000 \text{ M}\Omega$ whichever is smaller.  Note: $\%$ LD Low distortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor		in $\pm$ 12.5% (BJ, B7, C6, C7, D7, LD( $\%$ )) max.(BJ, B7, C6, C7, D7, LD( $\%$ )) 1 $\Omega$ $\mu$ F or 1000 M $\Omega$ whichever is smaller.			
			ass 1		Class 2		
_	D 191	Standard	High Frequency Typ	е	All items		
Test Methods and	Preconditioning	40±2°C	one 60 ± 2°C		Thermal treatment( at 150°C for 1 hr) Note 2  40+2°C		
Remarks	Temperature Humidity		00±2℃ - 95%RH		90 to 95%RH		
i tomants	Duration		4/ —0 hrs		500+24/-0 hrs		
	Recovery		ard condition) Note 5		24±2 hrs (Standard condition) Note 5		

16. Humidity Lo	pading				
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(Class1)	Standard	Appearance Capacitance change Q Insulation resistance	: No abnormality : Within $\pm 7.5\%$ or $\pm 0.75$ pF, whichever is larger. : C $<30$ pF:Q $\ge 100+10$ C/3 C $\ge 30$ pF:Q $\ge 200$ (C:Nominal capacitance) : 500 M $\Omega$ min.	
	Compensating (Class 1)	High Frequency Type	Appearance Capacitance change Insulation resistance	: No abnormality : C≦2pF:Within ±0.4 pF C>2pF:Within ±0.75 pF (C:Nominal capacitance) : 500 MΩ min.	
	High Permittivity (Class2	) Note 1	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		
		(	Class 1	Class 2	
		Standard	High Frequency Ty	All items	
	Preconditioning		None	Voltage treatment (Rated voltage are applied for 1 hour at 40°C) Note 3	
Test	Temperature	$40\pm2^{\circ}C$	60±2°C	40±2°C	
Methods and	Humidity	90 1	to 95%RH	90 to 95%RH	
Remarks	Duration	500+	24/-0 hrs	500+24/-0 hrs	
	Applied voltage	Rate	ed voltage	Rated voltage	
	Charge/discharge current	50	mA max.	50mA max.	
	Recovery	6 to 24 hrs (Stan	dard condition)Note 5	24±2 hrs(Standard condition) Note 5	

#### 17. High Temperature Loading

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	T		Ι.				
			Appearance	: No abnormality			
			Capacitance change	·			
		Standard	Q	: C<10pF: Q≧200+10C			
	Temperature	o carrage a		$10 \le C < 30pF: Q \ge 275 + 2.5C$			
	· ·			C≧30pF: Q≧350(C:Nominal capacitance)			
	Compensating(Class1)		Insulation resistance	: 1000 MΩ min.			
Specified			Appearance	: No abnormality			
Value		High Frequency Type	Capacitance change	: Within $\pm 3\%$ or $\pm 0.3$ pF, whichever is larger.			
			Insulation resistance	: 1000 MΩ min.			
			Appearance : No abnormality				
			Capacitance change	: Within ±12.5% (BJ, B7, C6, C7, D7, LD(※))			
	High Permittivity (Class2	) Note 1	Dissipation factor	: 5.0% max.(BJ, B7, C6, C7, D7, LD(※))			
			Insulation resistance	$\Xi$ : 50 MΩ $\mu$ F or 1000 MΩ, whichever is smaller.			
			Note: %LD Low dist	tortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor			
		Clas	s 1	Class 2			
		Standard H	High Frequency Type	BJ, LD( <u>*</u> ) C6 B7, C7, D7			
	D 1917 1	N		Voltage treatment (Twice the rated voltage shall be applied for			
	Preconditioning	Nor	ne	1 hour at 85°C, 105°C or 125°C) Note 3, 4			
Test	Temperature	Maximum operati	ng temperature	Maximum operating temperature			
Methods and	Duration	1000+48	/-0 hrs	1000+48/-0  hrs			
Damarka	Applied voltage	Rated vol	tage × 2	Rated voltage × 2 Note 4			

Remarks

	C	Blass 1	Class 2			
	Standard	High Frequency Type	BJ, LD(※)	C6	B7, C7, D7	
Preconditioning		None	Voltage treatment (Twice the rated voltage shall be applied for 1 hour at 85°C, 105°C or 125°C) Note 3, 4			
Temperature	Maximum oper	rating temperature	Maximum operating temperature			
Duration	1000+	-48/-0 hrs	1000+48/-0  hrs			
Applied voltage	Rated	voltage × 2	Rated voltage × 2 Note 4			
Charge/discharge current	50r	mA max.	50mA max.			
Recovery	6 to 24hr (Stand	ard condition)Note 5	24±2 hrs(Standard condition)Note 5			

Note: XLD Low distortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor

- Note 1 The figures indicate typical specifications. Please refer to individual specifications in detail.
- Note 2 Thermal treatment: Initial value shall be measured after test sample is heat-treated at 150+0/-10°C for an hour and kept at room temperature for  $24 \pm 2$  hours.
- Note 3 Voltage treatment: Initial value shall be measured after test sample is voltage-treated for an hour at both the temperature and voltage specified in the test conditions, and kept at room temperature for  $24\pm2$ hours.
- Note 4 150% of rated voltage is applicable to some items. Please refer to their specifications for further information.
- Note 5 Standard condition: Temperature: 5 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 85 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa When there are questions concerning measurement results, in order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under the following condition.
  - Temperature: 20±2°C, Relative humidity: 60 to 70 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition".

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# Medium-High Voltage Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor

#### ■RELIABILITY DATA

1. Operating Tempe	rature Range				
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) CG(COG) : −55 to +125°C				
Specified Value	High permittivity				
	X7R, X7S : −55 to +125°C				
	X5 : −55 to +85°C				
	B : −25 to +85°C				
2. Storage Tempera	ture Range				
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)				
	CG(COG) : −55 to +125°C				
Specified Value	High permittivity				
•	X7R, X7S : −55 to +125°C				
	X5R : −55 to +85°C				
	B : −25 to +85°C				
3. Rated Voltage					
Specified Value	100VDC(HMK,HMJ), 250VDC(QMK,QMJ,QVS), 630VDC(SMK,SMJ)				
4. Withstanding Vol	tage (Between terminals)				
Specified Value	No breakdown or damage				
Test Methods and	Applied voltage : Rated voltage × 2.5(HMK,HMJ), Rated voltage × 2(QMK,QMJ,QVS), Rated voltage × 1.2(SMK,SMJ)				
Remarks	Duration : 1 to 5sec.				
	Carge/discharge current : 50mA max.				
5. Insulation Resist	2022				
o. Insulation (CSISE					
Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) 10000MΩ min					
Specified Value	TOOONIX IIIII				
Specified value	specified value				

Test Methods and

Remarks

High permittivity

Applied voltage

Charge/discharge current

Duration

100M  $\Omega~\mu$  F or 10G  $\Omega$  , whichever is smaller.

: 60±5sec.

: 50mA max.

6. Capacitance (Tolerance)			
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) $\pm 0.1$ pF (C $<5$ pF) $\pm 0.25$ pF (C $<10$ pF) $\pm 0.5$ pF (5pF $\le$ C $<10$ pF) $\pm 2$ %(C=10pF) $\pm 5$ %(C $\ge$ 10pF)		
	High permittivity		
±10%, ±20%			
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)		
	Measuring frequency	: 1MHz±10%	
	Measuring voltage	: 0.5 to 5Vrms	
Test Methods and	Bias application	: None	
Remarks			
Remarks	High permittivity		
	Measuring frequency	: 1kHz±10%	
	Measuring voltage	: 1±0.2Vrms	
	Bias application	: None	

: Rated voltage (HMK,HMJ, QMK,QMJ,QVS), 500V(SMK,SMJ)

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7. Q or Dissipation	Factor		
	Temperature Compensa	ting(High Frequency type)	
	C<30pF: Q≥800+20C		
	C≧30pF: Q≧1400	C:Normal Capacitance(/pF)	
Specified Value			
	High permittivity		
	3.5%max(HMK,HMJ)		
	2.5%max(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ)		
	Temperature Compensa	ting(High Frequency type)	
	Measuring frequency	: 1MHz±10%	
Test Methods and	Measuring voltage	: 0.5 to 5Vrms	
	Bas application	: None	
Remarks			
	High permittivity		
	Measuring frequency	: 1kHz±10%	
	Measuring voltage	: 1±0.2Vrms	
	Bas application	: None	

0. T Ob			
8. Temperature Cha	aracteristic of Capacitance  Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)  COG :±30ppm(25 to +125°C)		
Specified Value	High permittivity  B : ±10%(-25 to +85°C)  X5R : ±15%(-55 to +85°C)  X7R : ±15%(-55 to +125°C)  X7S : ±22%(-55 to +125°C)		
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) Capacitance at 25°C and 85°C shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the following equation. $\frac{(C_{85}-C_{25})}{C_{25}\times\Delta\Gamma} \times 10^6\times[\text{ppm/°C}]$ High permittivity Capacitance value at each step shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the		
Test Methods and Remarks	following equation.    Step		

9. Deflection				
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)  Appearance : No abnormality  Capacitance change : ±5% or ±0.5pF, whichever is larger.			
	High permittivity Appearance : No abnormality Capacitance change : Within±10%			
Test Methods and Remarks	Warp : 1mm (Soft Termination type:3mm) Duration : 10sec. Test board : Glass epoxy-resin substrate Thicknss : 1.6mm  Warp  Warp			
	(Unit: mm)			
	Capacitance measurement shall be conducted with the board bent.			

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10. Adhesive Stren	10. Adhesive Strength of Terminal Electrodes			
Specified Value	No terminal separation or its indication.			
Test Methods and Remarks	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)  Applied force : 2N  Duration : 10±1sec.  High permittivity  Applied force : 5N  Duration : 30±5sec.			

11. Solderability			
Specified Value	At least 95% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder		
		Eutectic solder	Lead-free solder
Test Methods and	Solder type	H60A or H63A	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu
Remarks	Solder temperature	230±5°C	245±3°C
	Duration	4±1	sec.

12. Resistance to Soldering			
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)		
	Appearance	: No abnormality	
	Capacitance change	: C※≦10pF :±0.25pF C※>10pF :±2.5%	
	Insulation resistance	: Initial value	
	Withstanding voltage	(between terminals): No abnormality	
Specified Value	High permittivity		
	Appearance	: No abnormality	
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%(HMK,HMJ), ±10%(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ)	
	Dissipation factor	: Inital value	
	Insulation resistance	: Initial value	
	Withstanding voltage	(between terminals): No abnormality	
	Preconditioning	: Thermal treatment(at 150°C for 1hr) Note1 (Only High permittivity)	
Test Methods and	Solder temperature	: 270±5℃	
Remarks	Duration	: 3±0.5sec.	
Remarks	Preheating conditions	: 80 to 100°C, 2 to 5 min. 150 to 200°C, 2 to 5 min.	
	Recovery	: 24±2hrs under the stadard condition Note3	

#### 13. Temperature Cycle (Thermal Shock) Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) : No abnormality Appearance Capacitance change Insulation resistance : Initial value Withstanding voltage (between terminals): No abnormality Specified Value High permittivity : No abnormality Appearance Capacitance change : Within $\pm$ 15% (HMK,HMJ), $\pm$ 7.5% (QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ) Dissipation factor : Initial value Insulation resistance : Initial value (between terminals): No abnormality Withstanding voltage Preconditioning: Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1hr) Note1 Conditions for 1 cycle Step temperature (°C) Time (min.) 1 Minimum operating temperature $30 \pm 3 \text{min.}$ Test Methods and 2 to 3min. 2 Normal temperature Remarks 3 $30 \pm 3 \text{min}$ . Maximum operating temperature Normal temperature 4 2 to 3min. Number of cycles: 5 times Recovery : $24 \pm 2$ hrs under the standard condition Note3

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14. Humidity (Steady state)			
	Temperature Compensati	ing(High Frequency type) : No abnormality	
	Capacitance change	: C‰≦10pF :±0.5pF C‰>10pF :±5%	
0 '5 11/1	Insulation resistance	: $1000M\Omega$ min	
Specified Value	High permittivity		
	Appearance	: No abnormality	
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%	
	Dissipation factor	: 7%max(HMK,HMJ), 5%max(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ).	
	Insulation resistance	: $25$ M $\Omega$ $\mu$ F or $1000$ M $\Omega$ , whichever is smaller.	
	Preconditioning	: Thermal treatment(at 150°C for 1hr) Note1 (Only High permittivity)	
Test Methods and	Temperature	: 40±2°C	
Remarks	Humidity	: 90 to 95%RH	
Remarks	Duration	: 500 + 24/-0  hrs	
	Recovery	: $24\pm 2$ hrs under the standard condition Note $3$	

15. Humidity Loading				
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)			
	Appearance	: No abnormality		
	Capacitance change	: $C\%$ ≤ 2.0pF : $\pm 0.4$ pF 2.0pF < $C$ ≤ 10pF : $\pm 0.75$ pF $C\%$ > 10pF : $\pm 7.5\%$		
		: ※Normal capacitance		
	Insulation resistance	: $500M\Omega$ min		
Specified Value				
	High permittivity			
	Appearance	: No abnormality		
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%		
	Dissipation factor	: 7%max(HMK,HMJ), 5%max(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ).		
	Insulation resistance	: 10M $\Omega$ $\mu$ F or 500M $\Omega$ , whichever is smaller.		
	According to JIS 5102 claus	se 9.9.		
	Preconditioning	: Voltage treatment Note2 (Only High permittivity)		
	Temperature	: 40±2°C		
Test Methods and	Humidity	: 90 to 95%RH		
Remarks	Applied voltage	: Rated voltage		
	Charge/discharge current	: 50mA max.		
	Duration	: 500 + 24/-0  hrs		
	Recovery	: $24\pm2$ hrs under the standard condition Note3		

16. High Temperature Loading			
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)		
	Appearance	: No abnormality	
	Capacitance change	: C※≦10pF :±0.3pF C※>10pF :±3%	
	Insulation resistance	:1000M $\Omega$ min	
Specified Value	High permittivity		
	Appearance	: No abnormality	
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%	
	Dissipation factor	: 7%max(HMK,HMJ), 5%max(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ).	
	Insulation resistance	: 50M $\Omega$ $\mu$ F or 1000M $\Omega$ , whichever is smaller.	
	According to JIS 5102 clause 9.10.		
	Preconditioning	: Voltage treatment Note2 (Only High permittivity)	
Test Methods and	Temperature	: Maximum operating temperature	
Remarks	Applied voltage	: Rated voltage × 2(HMK,HMJ,QVS) Rated voltage × 1.5(QMK,QMJ) Rated voltage × 1.2(SMK,SMJ)	
	Charge/discharge current	: 50mA max.	
	Duration	: 1000 + 24/-0  hrs	
	Recovery	: 24±2hrs under the standard condition Note3	

Note1 Thermal treatment : Initial value shall be measured after test sample is heat-treated at  $150 \pm 0/-10^{\circ}C$  for an hour and kept at room temperature

for 24±2hours.

Note2 Voltage treatment : Initial value shall be measured after test sample is voltage-treated for an hour at both the temperature and voltage specified in

the test conditions, and kept at room temperature for 24  $\pm$  2hours.

Note3 Standard condition : Temperature: 5 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 85 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa

When there are questions concerning measurement results, in order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted

under the following condition.

Temperature:  $20\pm2^{\circ}$ C, Relative humidity: 60 to 70 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition".

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#### Precautions on the use of Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

#### **■PRECAUTIONS**

#### 1. Circuit Design

- ◆ Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance
  - A malfunction of equipment in fields such as medical, aerospace, nuclear control, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications.

Therefore, any capacitors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and reliability, and shall be clearly differentiated from them used in general purpose applications.

#### Precautions

- ◆Operating Voltage (Verification of Rated voltage)
  - 1. The operating voltage for capacitors must always be their rated voltage or less.
    - If an AC voltage is loaded on a DC voltage, the sum of the two peak voltages shall be the rated voltage or less.
    - For a circuit where an AC or a pulse voltage may be used, the sum of their peak voltages shall also be the rated voltage or less.
  - 2. Even if an applied voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequency AC voltage or a pulse voltage having rapid rise time is used in a circuit.

#### 2. PCB Design

Precautions

- ◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
- 1. When capacitors are mounted on PCBs, the amount of solder used (size of fillet) can directly affect the capacitor performance. Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of land patterns:
  - (1) Excessive solder applied can cause mechanical stresses which lead to chip breaking or cracking. Therefore, please consider appropriate land-patterns for proper amount of solder.
  - (2) When more than one component are jointly soldered onto the same land, each component's soldering point shall be separated by solder-resist.
- ◆Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)

After capacitors are mounted on boards, they can be subjected to mechanical stresses in subsequent manufacturing processes (PCB cutting, board inspection, mounting of additional parts, assembly into the chassis, wave soldering of the boards, etc.). For this reason, land pattern configurations and positions of capacitors shall be carefully considered to minimize stresses.

◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)

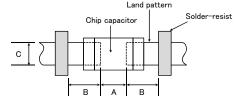
The following diagrams and tables show some examples of recommended land patterns to prevent excessive solder amounts.

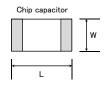
- (1) Recommended land dimensions for typical chip capacitors
- Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors : Recommended land dimensions (unit: mm)

Wave-soldering

Type		107	212	316	325
Size	L	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2
	W	0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5
Α		0.8 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.4	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5
В		0.5 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.5 0.8 to 1.7		0.8 to 1.7
С		0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.2 1.2 to 1.6		1.8 to 2.5

Land patterns for PCBs





# Technical considerations

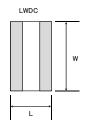
#### Reflow-soldering

	Tonow Soldering								
	Туре	042	063	105	107	212	316	325	432
Si	L	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2	4.5
SI	W	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5	3.2
	Α	0.15 to 0.25	0.20 to 0.30	0.45 to 0.55	0.8 to 1.0	0.8 to 1.2	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5	2.5 to 3.5
	В	0.15 to 0.20	0.20 to 0.30	0.40 to 0.50	0.6 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.2	1.0 to 1.5	1.0 to 1.5	1.5 to 1.8
	С	0.15 to 0.30	0.25 to 0.40	0.45 to 0.55	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.6	1.2 to 2.0	1.8 to 3.2	2.3 to 3.5

 $Note: Recommended \ land \ size \ might \ be \ different \ according \ to \ the \ allowance \ of \ the \ size \ of \ the \ product.$ 

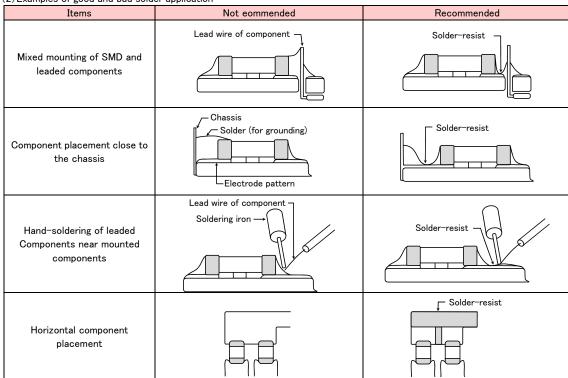
# ●LWDC: Recommended land dimensions for reflow-soldering (unit: mm)

Туре		105	107	212
Size	L	0.52	0.8	1.25
Size	W	1.0	1.6	2.0
F	Α.	0.18 to 0.22	0.25 to 0.3	0.5 to 0.7
В		0.2 to 0.25	0.3 to 0.4	0.4 to 0.5
С		0.9 to 1.1	1.5 to 1.7	1.9 to 2.1



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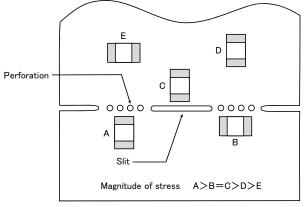
(2) Examples of good and bad solder application



- ◆Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)
  - 1-1. The following is examples of good and bad capacitor layouts; capacitors shall be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.

Items	Not recommended	Recommended		
Deflection of board		Place the product at a right angle to the direction of the anticipated mechanical stress.		

1-2. The amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on capacitor layout. Please refer to diagram below.



1-3. When PCB is split, the amount of mechanical stress on the capacitors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, please consider the PCB, split methods as well as chip location.

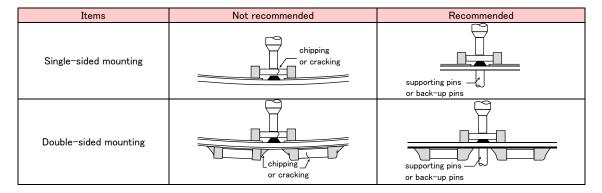
#### 3. Mounting

- ◆Adjustment of mounting machine
  - 1. When capacitors are mounted on PCB, excessive impact load shall not be imposed on them.
  - 2. Maintenance and inspection of mounting machines shall be conducted periodically.
- ◆Selection of Adhesives
  - 1. When chips are attached on PCBs with adhesives prior to soldering, it may cause capacitor characteristics degradation unless the following factors are appropriately checked: size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, please contact us for further information.

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#### ◆Adjustment of mounting machine

- 1. When the bottom dead center of a pick-up nozzle is too low, excessive force is imposed on capacitors and causes damages. To avoid this, the following points shall be considerable.
  - (1) The bottom dead center of the pick-up nozzle shall be adjusted to the surface level of PCB without the board deflection.
  - (2) The pressure of nozzle shall be adjusted between 1 and 3 N static loads.
  - (3) To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins shall be used on the other side of the PCB. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good and bad pick-up nozzle placement:



# Technical considerations

2. As the alignment pin is worn out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of capacitors because of mechanical impact on the capacitors.

To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pins in the stopped position, maintenance, check and replacement of the pin shall be conducted periodically.

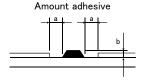
#### ◆Selection of Adhesives

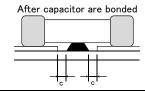
Some adhesives may cause IR deterioration. The different shrinkage percentage of between the adhesive and the capacitors may result in stresses on the capacitors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect components. Therefore, the following precautions shall be noted in the application of adhesives.

- (1) Required adhesive characteristics
  - a. The adhesive shall be strong enough to hold parts on the board during the mounting & solder process.
  - b. The adhesive shall have sufficient strength at high temperatures.
  - c. The adhesive shall have good coating and thickness consistency.
  - d. The adhesive shall be used during its prescribed shelf life.
  - e. The adhesive shall harden rapidly.
  - f. The adhesive shall have corrosion resistance.
  - g. The adhesive shall have excellent insulation characteristics.
  - h. The adhesive shall have no emission of toxic gasses and no effect on the human body.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} (2) The recommended amount of adhesives is as follows; \\ \end{tabular}$

#### [Recommended condition]

Figure	212/316 case sizes as examples		
а	0.3mm min		
b 100 to 120 μm			
С	Adhesives shall not contact land		





#### 4. Soldering

Precautions

Technical

considerations

#### ◆Selection of Flux

Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of capacitors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use;

- (1) Flux used shall be less than or equal to 0.1 wt% (in Cl equivalent) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content shall not be applied
- (2) When shall capacitors are soldered on boards, the amount of flux applied shall be controlled at the optimum level.
- (3) When water-soluble flux is used, special care shall be taken to properly clean the boards.

#### ◆ Soldering

Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. shall be set in accordance with their recommended conditions. Sn-Zn solder paste can adversely affect MLCC reliability.

Please contact us prior to usage of Sn-Zn solder.

#### ♦Selection of Flux

# 1-1. When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate flux, or highly acidic flux is used, it may lead to corrosion of terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surfaces of the capacitors.

- 1-2. Flux is used to increase solderability in wave soldering. However if too much flux is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may adversely affect the solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system.
- 1-3. Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved in moisture in the air, the residues on the surfaces of capacitors in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and reliability of the capacitors. Therefore, the cleaning methods and the capability of the machines used shall also be considered carefully when water-soluble flux is used.

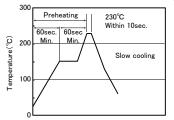
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#### **◆**Soldering

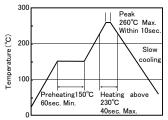
- · Ceramic chip capacitors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling.
- · Therefore, the soldering must be conducted with great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal shock
- Preheating: Capacitors shall be preheated sufficiently, and the temperature difference between the capacitors and solder shall be within 100 to 130°C.
- · Cooling: The temperature difference between the capacitors and cleaning process shall not be greater than 100°C.

#### [Reflow soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]

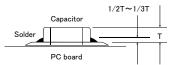


[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]



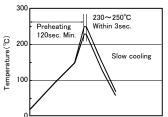
#### Caution

- 1The ideal condition is to have solder mass(fillet) controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of a capacitor.
- ②Because excessive dwell times can adversely affect solderability, soldering duration shall be kept as close to recommended times as possible.
- 3 Allowable number of reflow soldering: 2 times max.

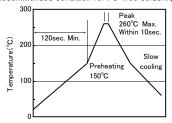


#### [Wave soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]

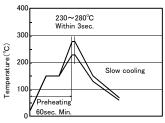


#### Caution

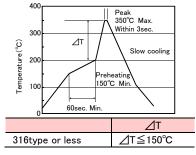
- ①Wave soldering must not be applied to capacitors designated as for reflow soldering only.
- ②Allowable number of wave soldering: 1 times max.

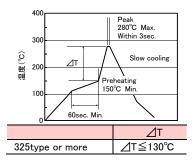
#### [Hand soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]





#### Caution

- ①Use a 50W soldering iron with a maximum tip diameter of 1.0 mm.
- 2The soldering iron shall not directly touch capacitors.
- 3 Allowable number of hand soldering: 1 times max.

#### 5. Cleaning Cleaning conditions 1. When PCBs are cleaned after capacitors mounting, please select the appropriate cleaning solution in accordance with the intended use Precautions of the cleaning. (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.) 2. Cleaning condition shall be determined after it is verified by using actual cleaning machine that the cleaning process does not affect capacitor's characteristics. 1. The use of inappropriate cleaning solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to capacitors or deteriorate their outer coating, resulting in a degradation of the capacitor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance). 2. Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may adversely affect the performance of the capacitors. In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of PCBs which may lead to the Technical cracking of capacitors or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Therefore, the following conditions shall considerations be carefully checked; Ultrasonic output: 20 W/Q or less Ultrasonic frequency: 40 kHz or less Ultrasonic washing period: 5 min. or less

# 6. Resin coating and mold

Precautions

- 1. With some type of resins, decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the while left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the capacitor's performance.
- 2. When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than capacitor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excessive heat may lead to damage or destruction of capacitors.

The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended.

#### 7. Handling

#### **♦**Splitting of PCB

- 1. When PCBs are split after components mounting, care shall be taken so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board.
- 2. Board separation shall not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices.

#### Precautions

#### ◆Mechanical considerations

Be careful not to subject capacitors to excessive mechanical shocks.

- (1) If ceramic capacitors are dropped onto a floor or a hard surface, they shall not be used.
- (2) Please be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.

#### 8. Storage conditions

#### ◆Storage

- 1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep packaging materials in good condition, care must be taken to control temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible.
  - Recommended conditions

#### Precautions

Ambient temperature : Below 30°C
Humidity : Below 70% RH

The ambient temperature must be kept below  $40^{\circ}$ C. Even under ideal storage conditions, solderability of capacitor is deteriorated as time passes, so capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.

- •Ceramic chip capacitors shall be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.
- 2. The capacitance values of high dielectric constant capacitors will gradually decrease with the passage of time, so care shall be taken to design circuits. Even if capacitance value decreases as time passes, it will get back to the initial value by a heat treatment at 150°C for 1hour.

# Technical considerations

If capacitors are stored in a high temperature and humidity environment, it might rapidly cause poor solderability due to terminal oxidation and quality loss of taping/packaging materials. For this reason, capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the capacitors.

\*\*RCR-2335B(Safety Application Guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic equipment) is published by JEITA.

Please check the guide regarding precautions for deflection test, soldering by spot heat, and so on.

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