MSL0402RGB Series

**Features**
- Small and high Brightness RGB LED

**Size**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Color Type</th>
<th>R</th>
<th>G</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

1816 (0706)  
1.8 × 1.6mm (t=0.5mm)

**Dimensions**

**Recommended Solder Pattern**

**Moisture sensitivity level (MSL) : Level 3**

**Specifications**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>Chip Structure</th>
<th>Emitter Type</th>
<th>Forward Voltage Vf (V)</th>
<th>Forward Current IF (mA)</th>
<th>Tolerance: ±0.1 (unit : mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AGaNP</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>619 624 629</td>
<td>220 400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSL0402RGBU</td>
<td>InGaN</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>520 527 535</td>
<td>20 550</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1: Duty ≤1/20, 1kHz *2: Measurement tolerance: ±2nm
Electrical Characteristics Curves

Fig. 1 Forward Current - Forward Voltages

FORWARD CURRENT : $I_F$ [mA]
FORWARD VOLTAGE : $V_F$ [V]

Fig. 2 Luminous Intensity - Atmosphere Temperature

RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY [a.u.]
ATMOSPHERE TEMPERATURE : $T_a$ [°C]

Fig. 3 Luminous Intensity - Forward Current

RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY
FORWARD CURRENT : $I_F$ [mA]

Fig. 4 Derating

MAXIMUM FORWARD CURRENT : [mA]
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE : $T_a$ [°C]
■ Viewing Angle

![Graphs showing scanning angles and relative intensity for MSL0402RGB series]
### Rank Reference of Brightness*

*Measurement tolerance: ±10%

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MSL0402RGBU</th>
<th>IR (mA)</th>
<th>X*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue</td>
<td>*3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td></td>
<td>*3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1 : When lighting three colors simultaneously <to express white light>
*2 : Reference value of each colors
*3 : Rank of Mixing white color

X Rank

\[
\begin{align*}
I_R &= 20\text{mA (Red)} \\
I_G &= 20\text{mA (Green)} \\
I_B &= 10\text{mA (Blue)}
\end{align*}
\]

### Chromaticity Diagram

( T\(=\)25℃, I\(R\)=20mA(Red), I\(G\)=20mA(Green), I\(B\)=10mA(Blu)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>y</td>
<td>y</td>
<td>y</td>
<td>y</td>
<td>y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.270</td>
<td>0.340</td>
<td>0.320</td>
<td>0.300</td>
<td>0.280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.265</td>
<td>0.320</td>
<td>0.300</td>
<td>0.280</td>
<td>0.260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.260</td>
<td>0.320</td>
<td>0.300</td>
<td>0.280</td>
<td>0.260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.300</td>
<td>0.340</td>
<td>0.320</td>
<td>0.300</td>
<td>0.280</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Measurement tolerance : ±0.02
■ Taping(1)

Note) Tolerance is within ±0.2mm unless otherwise specified.

■ Part No. Construction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series name</th>
<th>Package Type</th>
<th>Chip Type</th>
<th>Emitting Color</th>
<th>Rank sign (Brightness Rank)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CSL 04 V U 07 U 09 D</td>
<td>2.8x1.2 t=0.8mm</td>
<td>2.9x2.5 t=3.1mm</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>U Silicone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSL 02 R G B U</td>
<td>5.9x2.2 t=2.15mm</td>
<td>3.5x1.3 t=0.43mm</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSL 04</td>
<td>1.8x1.6 t=0.5mm</td>
<td></td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Concerning the Brightness rank.
*At three color lighting simultaneously <for white LED>
*Please refer to the rank chart above for luminous intensity classification.
*Please refer to the Specification sheet for color classification.
*Part name is individual for each rank.
*When shipped as sample, the part name will be a representative part name.
*General products are free of ranks.
*Please contact sales if rank appointment is needed.
*Please refer to the Specification sheet about Taping specification

■ Packing Specification

Complying with IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033.
### Precaution (Surface Mount Device)

1. **Storage**
   If the product is heated during the reflow under the condition of hygroscopic state, it may vaporize and expand which will influence the performance of the product. Therefore, the package is waterproof. Please use the product following the conditions:
   - **Using Conditions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Humidity</th>
<th>Expiration Date</th>
<th>Remark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Before using</td>
<td>5〜30℃</td>
<td>30〜70%RH</td>
<td>Within 1 year from Receiving</td>
<td>Storage with waterproof package</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. After opening package</td>
<td>5〜30℃</td>
<td>Below 70%RH</td>
<td>Within 168h</td>
<td>Please storing in the airtight container with our desiccant (silica gel)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Baking**
  Bake the product in case of below:
  ① The expiration date is passed.
  ② The color of 5% and 10% on humidity indicator card is not green.
  (Even if the product is before expiration date.)

- **Baking Conditions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Humidity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60±3℃</td>
<td>40〜48h</td>
<td>Below 20%RH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Remark
  - Bake products in reel.
  - Reel and embossed tape are easy to be deformed when baking, so please try not to apply stress on it.
  - Recommend bake once.

2. **Application Methods**

   2-1. **Precaution for Drive System and Off Mode**
   Design the circuit without the electric load exceeding the ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING that applies on the products. If drive by constant voltage, it may cause current deviation of the LED and result in deviation of luminous intensity, so we recommend to drive by constant current.
   (Deviation of VF Value will cause deviation of current in LED.) Furthermore, for off mode, please do not apply voltage neither forward nor reverse. Especially, for the products with the Ag-paste used in the die bonding, there's high possibility to cause electro migration and result in function failure.

   2-2. **About Derating**
   It is considered that derating characteristics will not result in LED chip's electrical destruction. Even within the derating, the reliability and luminous life can be affected depending on operating conditions and ambient environment. So we would be appreciate it if you can confirm with your application again.

   2-3. **About product life**
   Depending on operating conditions and environment(applied current, ambient temperature and humidity, corrosive gas), decreasing of luminosity and change of chromaticity may occur even within the specification conditions.
   Please contact our sales office if you use it for the following applications.
   ① It requires long luminosity life
   ② It is always lit

   2-4. **Applied Stress on Product**
   The top of the LED is very soft, which the silicon resin is used as sealing resin. Therefore, please pay attention to the overstress on it which may influence its reliability.

   2-5. **Usage**
   The Product is LED. We are not responsible for the usage as the diode such as Protection Chip, Rectifier, Switching and so on.
3. Others

3-1. Surrounding Gas

Notice that if it is stored under the condition of acid gas (chlorine gas, sulfured gas) or alkali gas (ammonia), it may result in low soldering ability (caused by the change in quality of the plating surface) or optical characteristics changes (light intensity, chrominance) and change in quality of cause die bonding (Ag-paste) materials. All of the above will function failure of the products.

Therefore, please pay attention to the storage environment for mounted product (concern the generated gas of the surrounding parts of the products and the atmospheric environment).

3-2. Electrostatic Damage

The product is part of semiconductor and electrostatic sensitive, there’s high possibility to be damaged by the electrostatic discharge. Please take appropriate measures to avoid the static electricity from human body and earthing of production equipment. Especially, InGaN type LEDs have lower resistance value of electrostatic discharge and it is recommended to introduce the ESD protection circuit.

The resistance values of electrostatic discharge (actual values) vary with products, therefore, please call our Sales staffs for inquiries.

3-3. Electromagnetic Wave

Applications with strong electromagnetic wave such as, IH cooker, will influence the reliability of LED, therefore please evaluate before using it.
4. Mounting

4-1. Soldering

- No resin hardening agent such as filler is used in the sealing resin of the product. Therefore, resin expansion and moisture absorption at humidity will cause heat stress during soldering process and finally has bad influence on the product’s reliability.
- The product is not guaranteed for flow soldering.
- Do not expose the product in the environment of high temperature (over 100°C) or rapid temperature shift (within 3°C/sec. of temperature gradient) during the flow soldering of surrounding parts. In case of carrying out flow soldering of surrounding parts without recommended conditions, please contact us for inquiries.
- Please set appropriate reflow temperature based on our product usage conditions and specification.
- The max for reflowing is 2 times, please finish the second reflow soldering and flow soldering within the usage limitation after open the moistureproof package.
- Compare with N2 reflow, during air reflow, because of the heat and surrounding conditions, it may cause the discoloration of the resin.
- For our product that has no solder resist, because of its solder amount and soldering conditions, one of its specific characteristics is that solder will penetrate into LED. Thus, there’s high possibility that will influence its reliability. Therefore, please be informed, concerning it before using it.

4-2. Automatic Mounting

4-2-1. Suction nozzle

- Excessive load may cause damage inside the LED product, so select an optimal suction nozzle according to the material and shape of the LED product.

4-2-2. Mini Package (Smaller than 1608 size)

- Vibration may result in low mounting rate since it will cause the static electricity of product and adhere to top cover tape. Therefore, the magnet should be set on parts feeder cassette of the mounter to control the product stabilization. In addition, it is recommended to set ionizer to prevent electrostatic charge.

4-3. Mounting Location

- The stress like bending stress of circuit board dividing after mounting, may cause LED package crack or damage of LED internal junction, therefore, please concern the mounting direction and position to avoid bending or screwing with great stress of the circuit board.

4-4. Mechanical Stress after Mounting

The mechanical stress may damage the LED after Circuit Mounting, so please pay attention to the touch on product.

4-5. Soldering Pattern for Recommendation

We recommend the soldering pattern that shows on the right. It will be different according to mounting situation of circuit board, therefore, please concern before designing.
4 – 6. Reflow Profile
For reflow profile, please refer to the conditions below: (*

**Mark** | **Meanings** | **Conditions**
--- | --- | ---
$T_{S_{\text{max}}}$ | Maximum of pre-heating temperature | 180°C
$T_{S_{\text{min}}}$ | Minimum of pre-heating temperature | 140°C
$t_c$ | Time from $T_{S_{\text{min}}}$ to $T_{S_{\text{max}}}$ | Over 60sec.
$T_L$ | Reference temperature | 230~250°C
$t_p$ | Time for peak temperature | Within 10sec.
$T_P$ | Peak temperature | 250°C (Max)
$\Delta T_o/\Delta t$ | Temperature rising rate | Under 3°C/sec.
$\Delta T_D/\Delta t$ | Temperature decreasing rate | Over -3°C/sec.

※Above conditions are for reference. Therefore, evaluate by customer’s own circuit boards and reflow furnaces before using, because stress from circuit boards and temperature variations of reflow furnaces vary by customer’s own conditions.

4 – 7. Attention Points in Soldering Operation
This product was developed as a surface mount LED especially suitable for reflow soldering. So reflow soldering is recommended. In case of implementing manual soldering, please take care of following points.

1. **SOLDER USED**
   Sn-Cu, Sn-Ag-Cu, Sn-Ag-Bi-Cu
2. **HAND SOLDERING CONDITION**
   LED products do not contain reinforcement material such as a glass fillers.
   So thermal stress by soldering greatly influence its reliability.
   Please keep following points for manual soldering.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>RECOMMENDED CONDITION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a) Heating method</td>
<td>Condition ) Temp. of iron top less than 325°C within 3 sec. Heating on PCB pattern, not direct to the LED. (Fig-1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Handling after soldering</td>
<td>Please handle after the part temp. goes down to room temp.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4 – 8. Cleaning after Soldering
Please follow the conditions below if the cleaning is necessary after soldering.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Solvent</th>
<th>We recommend to use alcohols solvent such as, isopropyl alcohols</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>Under 30°C within 3 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ultrasonic Cleaning</td>
<td>15W/ Below 1 liter (capacity of tank)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drying</td>
<td>Under 100°C within 3 minutes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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