

Voltage Detector IC Series

Low Voltage Free Delay Time Setting **CMOS Voltage Detector IC Series**

BU42xx series BU43xx series

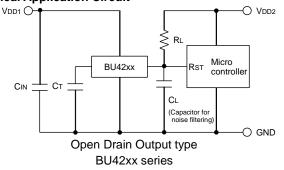
General Description

ROHM's BU42xx and BU43xx series are CMOS Voltage Detector ICs with adjustable output delay. It is a high-accuracy, low current consumption Voltage Detector IC series with a built-in delay circuit. The lineup was established with two output types (Nch open drain and CMOS output) and detection voltages range from 0.9V to 4.8V in increments of 0.1V, so that the series may be selected according to application.

Features

- Delay Time Controlled by external Capacitor
- Two output types (Nch open drain and CMOS output)
- Ultra-low current consumption
- Wide operating temperature range
- Very small and low height package
- Package SSOP5 and SOP4 is similar to SOT-23-5 and SC-82 respectively (JEDEC)

Typical Application Circuit



Key Specifications

Detection voltage: 0.9V to 4.8V (Typ.)

0.1V steps

High accuracy detection voltage: ±1.0% Ultra-low current consumption: 0.55µA (Typ.)

Operating temperature range: -40°C to +125°C

Package

SSOP5:

SOP4:



2.90mm x 2.80mm x 1.25mm

2.00mm x 2.10mm x 0.95mm

VSOF5:

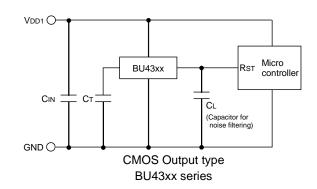


VSO

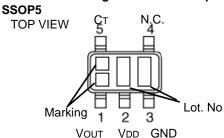
1.60mm x 1.60mm x 0.60mm

Applications

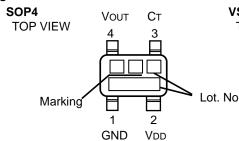
Circuits using microcontrollers or logic circuits that require a reset.



Connection Diagram & Pin Descriptions



PIN No.	Symbol	Function
1	Vout	Reset output
2	Vdd	Power supply voltage
3	GND	GND
4	N.C.	Unconnected terminal
5	Ст	Capacitor connection terminal for output delay time



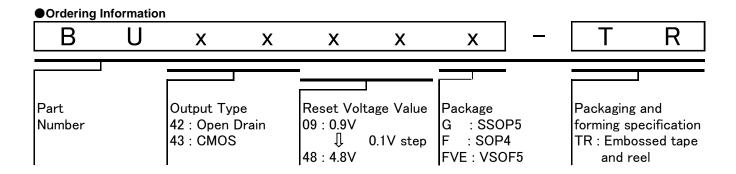
PII No	ا ا	Symbol	Function
1		GND	GND
2		Vdd	Power supply voltage
3		Ст	Capacitor connection terminal for output delay time
4		Vout	Reset output

/SOF5		GND	VDD 4		
0	Markinģ V	OUT SI		T T	Lot. No

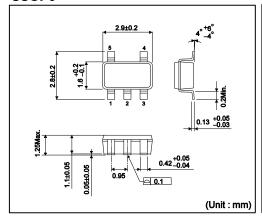
PIN No.	Symbol	Function
1	Vout	Reset output
2	SUB	Substrate*
3	Ст	Capacitor connection terminal for output delay time
4	Vdd	Power supply voltage
5	GND	GND

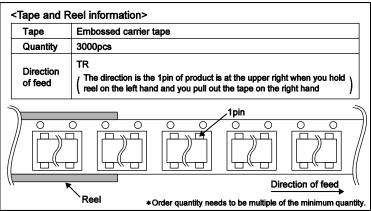
*Connect the substrate to VDD

OProduct structure: Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays



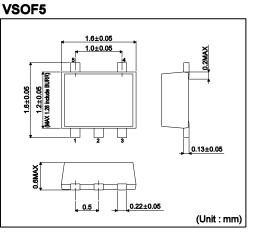
SSOP5





(Unit:mm)

0.32 ±0.05



●Lineup

Output Type	(Open Drain		CMOS
Detection Voltage	Marking	Part Number	Marking	Part Number
4.8V	ZR	BU4248	1H	BU4348
4.7V	ZQ	BU4247	1G	BU4347
4.6V	ZP	BU4246	1F	BU4346
4.5V	ZN	BU4245	1E	BU4345
4.4V	ZM	BU4244	1D	BU4344
4.3V	ZL	BU4243	1C	BU4343
4.2V	ZK	BU4242	1B	BU4342
4.1V	ZJ	BU4241	1A	BU4341
4.0V	ZH	BU4240	0Z	BU4340
3.9V	ZG	BU4239	0Y	BU4339
3.8V	ZF	BU4238	0X	BU4338
3.7V	ZE	BU4237	OW	BU4337
3.6V	ZD	BU4236	0V	BU4336
3.5V	ZC	BU4235	0U	BU4335
3.4V	ZB	BU4234	0T	BU4334
3.3V	ZA	BU4233	0\$	BU4333
3.2V	YZ	BU4232	0R	BU4332
3.1V	YY	BU4231	0Q	BU4331
3.0V	ΥX	BU4230	0P	BU4330
2.9V	YW	BU4229	0N	BU4329
2.8V	YV	BU4228	OM	BU4328
2.7V	YU	BU4227	0L	BU4327
2.6V	YT	BU4226	0K	BU4326
2.5V	YS	BU4225	0J	BU4325
2.4V	YR	BU4224	0H	BU4324
2.3V	YQ	BU4223	0G	BU4323
2.2V	YP	BU4222	0F	BU4322
2.1V	YN	BU4221	0E	BU4321
2.0V	YM	BU4220	0D	BU4320
1.9V	YL	BU4219	0C	BU4319
1.8V	YK	BU4218	0B	BU4318
1.7V	YJ	BU4217	0A	BU4317
1.6V	YH	BU4216	ZZ	BU4316
1.5V	YG	BU4215	ZY	BU4315
1.4V	YF	BU4214	ZX	BU4314
1.3V	YE	BU4213	ZW	BU4313
1.2V	YD	BU4212	ZV	BU4312
1.1V	YC	BU4211	ZU	BU4311
1.0V	YB	BU4210	ZT	BU4310
0.9V	YA	BU4209	ZS	BU4309

● Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter			Symbol	Limit	Unit
Power Supply Volt	age	VDD -0.3 to +7		V	
Nch Open Drain Output		Vout	GND-0.3 to +7	V	
Output Voltage	CMOS Output		V001	GND-0.3 to VDD+0.3	V
Output Current			lo	70	mA
	SSOP5(SOT-23-5)	*1*4		540	
Power Dissipation	SOP4(SC-82)	*2*4	Pd	400	mW
VSOF5 *3*4		*3*4		210	
Operation Temperature Range		Topt	-40 to +125	°C	
Ambient Storage T	emperature		Tstg	-55 to +125	°C

^{*1} Reduced by 5.4mW/°C when used over 25°C.

● Electrical Characteristics (Unless Otherwise Specified Ta=-25 to 125°C)

Parameter	Symbol	C	Min.	Limit Typ.	Max.	Unit	
		V _{DD} =H→L, Ta=25°(VDD=H→L, Ta=25°C, RL=470kΩ			V _{DET} (T) ×1.01	
		Ta=+25°C		1.782	1.8	1.818	
		VDET=1.8V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	1.741	-	1.860	ı
			Ta=85°C to 125°C	1.718	-	1.883	
			Ta=+25°C	2.475	2.5	2.525	
		VDET=2.5V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	2.418	-	2.584	-
			Ta=85°C to 125°C	2.386	_	2.615	-
Detection Voltage	V _{DET}		Ta=+25°C	2.970	3.0	3.030	V
	VDLI	VDET=3.0V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	2.901	-	3.100	
		VDL1=3.0V	Ta=85°C to 125°C	2.864	_	3.139	-
			Ta=+25°C	3.267	3.3	3.333	
		VDET 2.2V	Ta=+25 C		3.3	3.410	
		VDET=3.3V	Ta=85°C to 125°C	3.191	-		
				3.150	-	3.452	
			Ta=+25°C	4.158	4.2	4.242	
		VDET=4.2V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	4.061	-	4.341	
			Ta=85°C to 125°C	4.009	-	4.394	
		VDD=VDET-0.2V	V _{DET} =0.9 to 1.3V	-	0.15	0.88	μA
			V _{DET} =1.4 TO 2.1V	-	0.20	1.05	
Circuit Current when ON	I _{DD} 1		V _{DET} =2.2 TO 2.7V	-	0.25 0.30	1.23 1.40	
			$V_{DET} = 2.8 \text{ to } 3.3 \text{V}$ $V_{DET} = 3.4 \text{ to } 4.2 \text{V}$	-	0.35	1.58	
			V _{DET} =3.4 to 4.2 V V _{DET} =4.3 to 4.8 V	-	0.33	1.75	
			V _{DET} =0.9 TO 1.3V	-	0.30	1.40	
			V _{DET} =1.4 TO 2.1V	_	0.35	1.58	
			V _{DET} =2.2 to 2.7V	-	0.40	1.75	_
Circuit Current when OFF	I _{DD} 2	VDD=VDET+2.0V	V _{DET} =2.8 to 3.3V	-	0.45	1.93	μA
			V _{DET} =3.4 to 4.2V	-	0.50	2.10	-
			V _{DET} =4.3 to 4.8V	-	0.55	2.28	
		VoL≤0.4V, Ta=25 to		0.70	-	-	
Operating Voltage Range	Vopl	VoL≤0.4V, Ta=-40 to	<u> </u>	0.90	-	-	V
		·	1.7 mA,VDET=0.9V to 3.9V	VDD-0.5	-	-	V
'High' Output Voltage (Pch)	Vон	VDD=4.8V, ISOURCE=1.7 IIIA, VDET=0.9V to 3.9V VDD=6.0V, Isource=2.0 mA, VDET=4.0V to 4.8V		VDD-0.5	_	-	V
		VDD=0.85V, ISINK = 20	•	-	_	0.05	V
'Low' Output Voltage (Nch)	Vol		<u> </u>	-	_	0.5	•
Lett Sulput Voltage (Non)	VOL	VDD=1.5V, ISINK = 1 mA, VDET=1.7 to 4.8V VDD=2.4V, ISINK = 3.6 mA, VDET=2.7 to 4.8V		_	_	0.5	V

^{*1:} Design Guarantee. (Outgoing inspection is not done on all products.)

VDET(T): Standard Detection Voltage (0.9V to 4.8V, 0.1V step)

RL: Pull-up resistor to be connected between Vout and power supply.

^{*2} Reduced by 4.0mW/°C when used over 25°C.

^{*3} Reduced by 2.1mW/°C when used over 25°C.

^{*4} When mounted on ROHM standard circuit board (70mm×70mm×1.6mm, glass epoxy board).

● Electrical Characteristics (Unless Otherwise Specified Ta=-25 to 125°C) - continued

Davamatav	Cumbal	Condition		Limit			l lait
Parameter	Symbol			Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Look Cumont when OFF		VDD=VDS=7V Ta=-40 to 85°C	;	-	0	0.1	
Leak Current when OFF	lleak	VDD=VDS=7V Ta=85 to 125°0	0	-	0	1	μA
CT pin Threshold Voltage	V _{СТН}	VDD=VDET×1.1, VDET=0.9 to 2. RL=470k Ω	.5V Ta=25°C	V _{DD} ×0.35	V _{DD} ×0.45	V _{DD} ×0.55	V
CT pill Tilleshold Voltage	VCIH	VDD=VDET×1.1, VDET=2.6 to 4. RL=470k Ω	.8V Ta=25°C	V _{DD} ×0.40	V _{DD} ×0.50	V _{DD} ×0.60	V
Output Delay Resistance	Rст	VDD=VDET×1.1 VCT=0.5V T	a=25°C *1	9	10	11	МΩ
CT nin Outnut Current	1	VCT=0.1V VDD=0.85V		5	40	-	
CT pin Output Current	Іст	VCT=0.5V VDD=1.5V VDET=1.7 to 4.8V		200	400	-	μA
Detection Voltage Temperature coefficient	V _{DET} /ΔT	Ta=-40°C to 125°C	Ta=-40°C to 125°C		±30	-	ppm/°C
I hystorica Malta va	4)/2==	VDD=L→H→L	VDET≤1.0V	V _{DET} × 0.03	V _{DET} ×0.05	V _{DET} ×0.08	
Hysteresis Voltage	ΔVDET	Ta=-40 to 125°C RL=470kΩ	VDET≥1.1V	V _{DET} × 0.03	V _{DET} ×0.05	V _{DET} ×0.07	- V

^{*1:} Design Guarantee. (Outgoing inspection is not done on all products.)

VDET(T): Standard Detection Voltage (0.9V to 4.8V, 0.1V step)

RL: Pull-up resistor to be connected between VOUT and power supply.

Block Diagrams

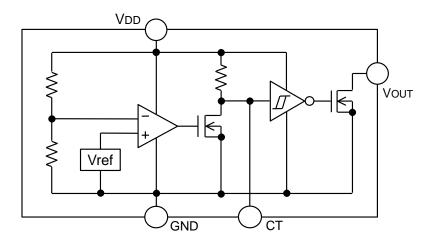


Fig.1 BU42xx Series

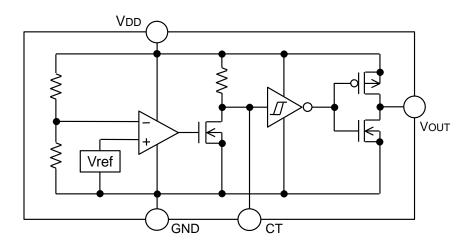


Fig.2 BU43xx Series

●Typical Performance Curves

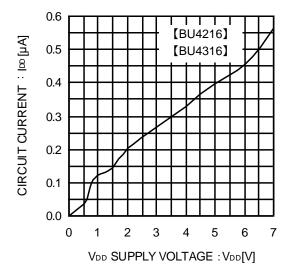


Fig.3 Circuit Current

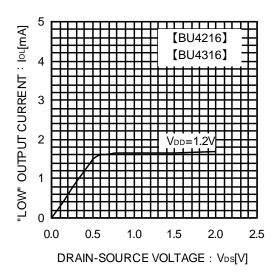


Fig.4 "LOW" Output Current

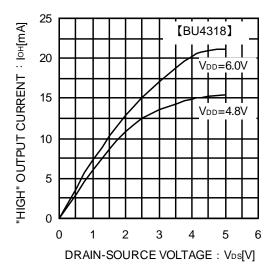


Fig.5 "High" Output Current

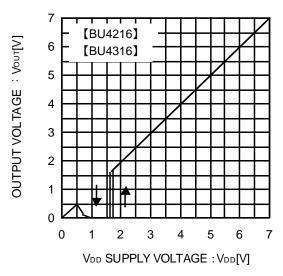


Fig.6 I/O Characteristics

● Typical Performance Curves - continued

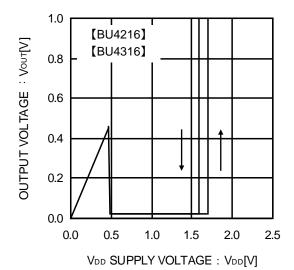


Fig.7 Operating Limit Voltage

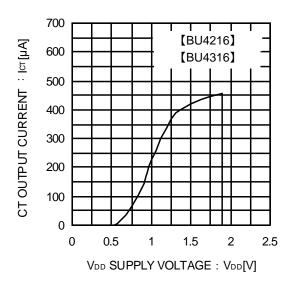


Fig.8 CT Terminal Current

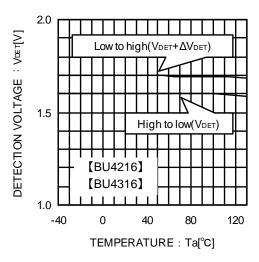


Fig.9 Detecting Voltage Release Voltage

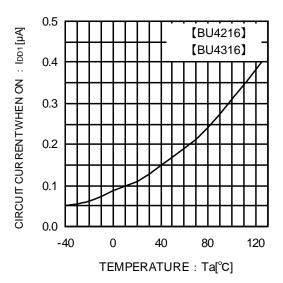


Fig.10 Circuit Current when ON

● Typical Performance Curves - continued

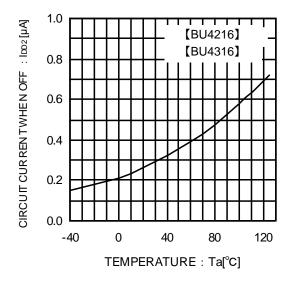


Fig.11 Circuit Current when OFF

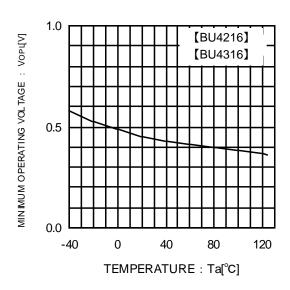


Fig.12 Operating Limit Voltage

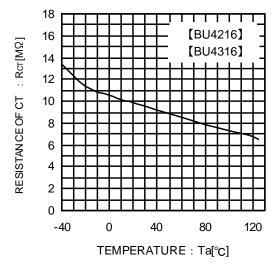


Fig.13 C_T Terminal Circuit Resistance

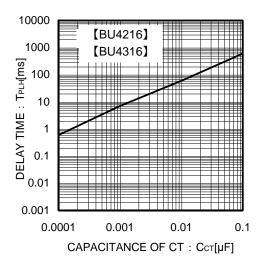


Fig.14 Delay Time (tplh) and CT Terminal External Capacitance

Application Information

Explanation of Operation

For both the open drain type (Fig.15) and the CMOS output type (Fig.16), the detection and release voltages are used as threshold voltages. When the voltage applied to the VDD pins reaches the applicable threshold voltage, the VouT terminal voltage switches from either "High" to "Low" or from "Low" to "High". BU42xx and BU43xx series have delay time function which set tplh (Output "Low" > "High") using an external capacitor (CcT). Because the BU42xx series uses an open drain output type, it is necessary to connect a pull-up resistor to VDD or another power supply if needed [The output "High" voltage (VOUT) in this case becomes VDD or the voltage of the other power supply].

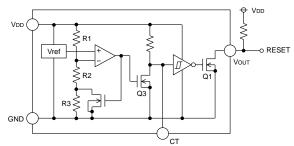


Fig.15 (BU42xx series Internal Block Diagram)

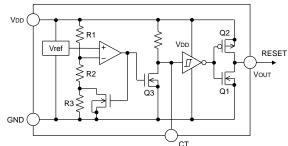


Fig.16 (BU43xx type Internal Block Diagram)

Setting of Detector Delay Time

The delay time of this detector IC can be set at the rise of VDD by the capacitor connected to C_T terminal. Delay time at the rise of VDD t_{PLH} :Time until when VouT rises to 1/2 of VDD after VDD rises up and beyond the release $voltage(V_{DET} + \Delta V_{DET})$

 $T_{PLH}=-1\times C_{CT}\times R_{CT}\times In\left(\begin{array}{c}V_{DD}-V_{CTH}\\\hline V_{DD}\end{array}\right)$

C_{CT}: C_T pin Externally Attached Capacitance V_{CTH}: C_T pin Threshold Voltage(P.3 V_{CTH} refer.)

Rct: Ct pin Internal Impedance(P.3 Rct refer.) In: Natural Logarithm

Reference Data of Falling Time (tphl) Output

Examples of Falling Time (tphl) Output

Part Number	tphl [µs]
BU4245	275.7
BU4345	359.3

^{*} This data is for reference only.

The figures will vary with the application, so please confirm the actual operating conditions before use.

Timing Waveforms

Example: The following shows the relationship between the input voltage VDD, the CT Terminal Voltage VCT and the output voltage VOUT when the input power supply voltage VDD is made to sweep up and sweep down (The circuits are shown in Fig.15 and 16).

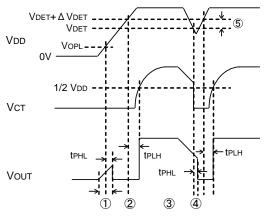


Fig.17 Timing Waveforms

- ① When the power supply is turned on, the output is unstable from after over the operating limit voltage (VOPL) until tPHL. Therefore, it is possible that the reset signal is not outputted when the rise time of VDD is faster than tPHL.
- ② When VDD is greater than VOPL but less than the reset release voltage (VDET+ Δ VDET), the CT terminal (VCT) and output (VOUT) voltages will switch to L.
- ③ If VDD exceeds the reset release voltage (VDET+VDET), then VOUT switches from L to H (with a delay to the CT terminal).
- ④ If VDD drops below the detection voltage (VDET) when the power supply is powered down or when there is a power supply fluctuation, VOUT switches to L (with a delay of tPHL).
- ⑤ The potential difference between the detection voltage and the release voltage is known as the hysteresis width (VDET). The system is designed such that the output does not toggle with power supply fluctuations within this hysteresis width, preventing malfunctions due to noise.

Circuit Applications

GND C

1) Examples of common power supply detection reset circuits

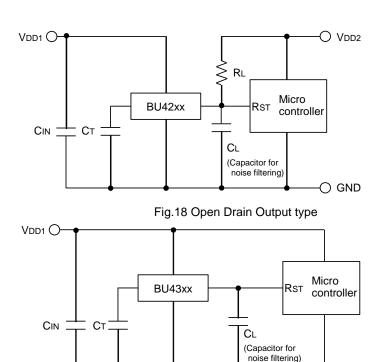


Fig.19 CMOS Output type

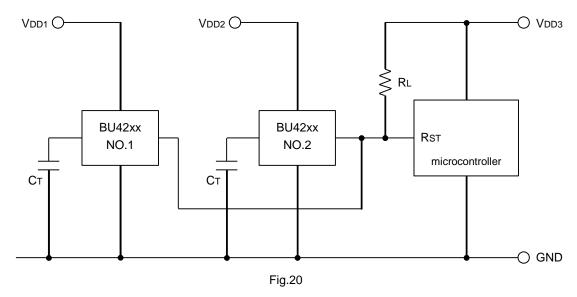
Application examples of BU42xx series (Open Drain output type) and BU43xx series (CMOS output type) are shown below.

CASE1: Power supply of microcontroller (VDD2) differs from the power supply of the reset detection (VDD1). Use an open drain output Type (BU42xx series) device with a load resistance R_L as shown Fig.18.

CASE2: Power supply of microcontroller (V_{DD1}) is the same as the power supply of the reset detection (V_{DD1}). Use a CMOS output type (BU43xx series) device or an open drain output type (BU42xx series) device with a pull up resistor between the output and V_{DD1} .

When a capacitance C_L for noise filtering is connected to VouT pin (the reset signal input terminal of the microcontroller), please take into account the waveform of the rise and fall time of the output voltage (VouT).

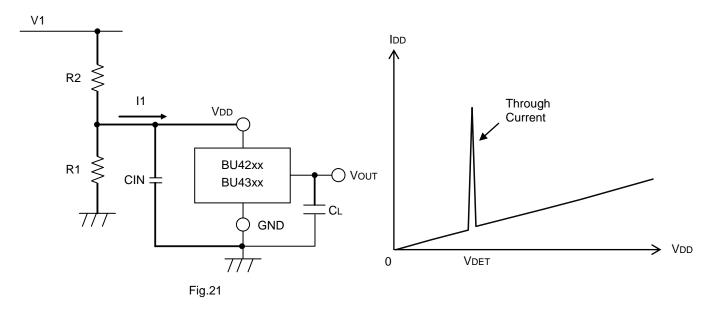
2) The following is an example of a circuit application in which an OR connection between two types of detection voltage resets the microcontroller.



To reset the microcontroller when many independent power supplies are used in the system, OR connect an open drain output type (BU42xx series) to the microcontroller's input with pull-up resistor to the supply voltage of the microcontroller (V_{DD3}) as shown in Fig. 20. By pulling-up to V_{DD3}, output "High" voltage of micro-controller power supply is possible.

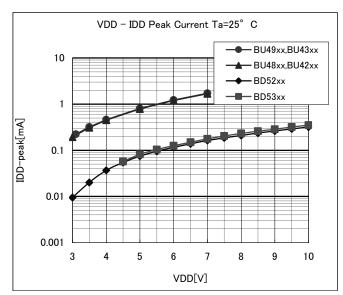
- 3) Examples of the power supply with resistor dividers
 - In applications wherein the power supply input terminal (VDD) of an IC has resistor dividers, it is possible that an in-rush current will momentarily flow into the circuit when the output logic switches, resulting in malfunctions (such as output oscillations).

(In-rush current is a current that momentarily flows from the power supply (VDD) to ground (GND) when the output level switches from "High" to "Low" or vice versa.)



A voltage drop [in-rush current (I1)] \times [input resistor (R2)] is caused by the in-rush current, and causes the input voltage to drop when the output switches from "Low" to "High". When the input voltage decreases and falls below the detection voltage, the output voltage switches from "High" to "Low". At this time, the in-rush current stops flowing through output "Low", and the voltage drop is reduced. As a result, the output switches from "Low" to "High", which again causes the in-rush current to flow and the voltage to drop. This operation repeats and will result to oscillation.

Consider the use of BD52xx when the power supply input has resistor dividers.



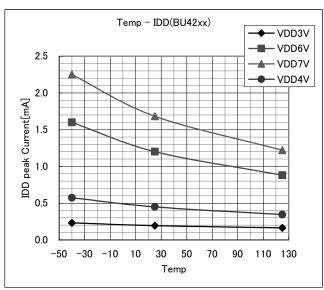


Fig.22 Current Consumption vs. Power Supply Voltage

The figures will vary with the application, so please confirm the actual operating conditions before use.

^{*} This data is for reference only.

Operational Notes

1) Absolute maximum ratings

Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

2) Ground Voltage

The voltage of the ground pin must be the lowest voltage of all pins of the IC at all operating conditions. Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

3) Recommended operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

4) Bypass Capacitor for Noise Rejection

To help reject noise, put a 1µF capacitor between VDD pin and GND and 1000pF capacitor between VOUT pin and GND. Be careful when using extremely big capacitor as transient response will be affected.

5) Short between pins and mounting errors

Be careful when mounting the IC on printed circuit boards. The IC may be damaged if it is mounted in a wrong orientation or if pins are shorted together. Short circuit may be caused by conductive particles caught between the pins.

6) Operation under strong electromagnetic field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

- 7) The V_{DD} line impedance might cause oscillation because of the detection current.
- 8) A V_{DD} to GND capacitor (as close connection as possible) should be used in high V_{DD} line impedance condition.
- 9) Lower than the mininum input voltage puts the VouT in high impedance state, and it must be VDD in pull up (VDD) condition.

10) External parameters

The case of needless "Delay Time", recommended to insert more $470k\Omega$ resister between VDD and CT. The recommended value of R_L Resistor is over $50k\Omega$ to $1M\Omega$ for V_{DET} =1.5V to 4.8V, and over $100k\Omega$ to $1M\Omega$ for V_{DET} =0.9V to 1.4V. The recommended value of C_T Capacitor is over 100pF to $0.1\mu F$. There are many factors (board layout, etc) that can affect characteristics. Please verify and confirm using practical applications.

11) Power on reset operation

Please note that the power on reset output varies with the V_{DD} rise time. Please verify the behavior in the actual operation.

12) Testing on application boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

13) Rush current

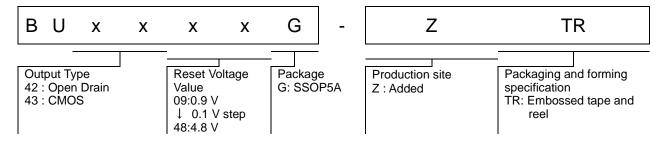
When power is first supplied to the IC, rush current may flow instantaneously. It is possible that the charge current to the parasitic capacitance of internal photo diode or the internal logic may be unstable. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of GND wiring, and routing of connections.

14) C_T pin discharge

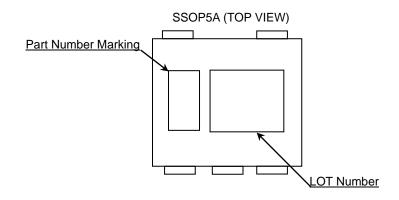
Due to the capabilities of the C_T pin discharge transistor, the C_T pin may not completely discharge when a short input pulse is applied, and in this case the delay time may not be controlled. Please verify the actual operation.

15) This IC has extremely high impedance terminals. Small leak current due to the uncleanness of PCB surface might cause unexpected operations. Application values in these conditions should be selected carefully. If $10M\Omega$ leakage is assumed between the C_T terminal and the GND terminal, $1M\Omega$ connection between the CT terminal and the V_{DD} terminal would be recommended. Also, if the leakage is assumed between the Vout terminal and the GND terminal, the pull up resistor should be less than 1/10 of the assumed leak resistance. The value of Rct depends on the external resistor that is connected to C_T terminal, so please consider the delay time that is decided by t × R_{CT} × C_{CT} changes.

Ordering Information



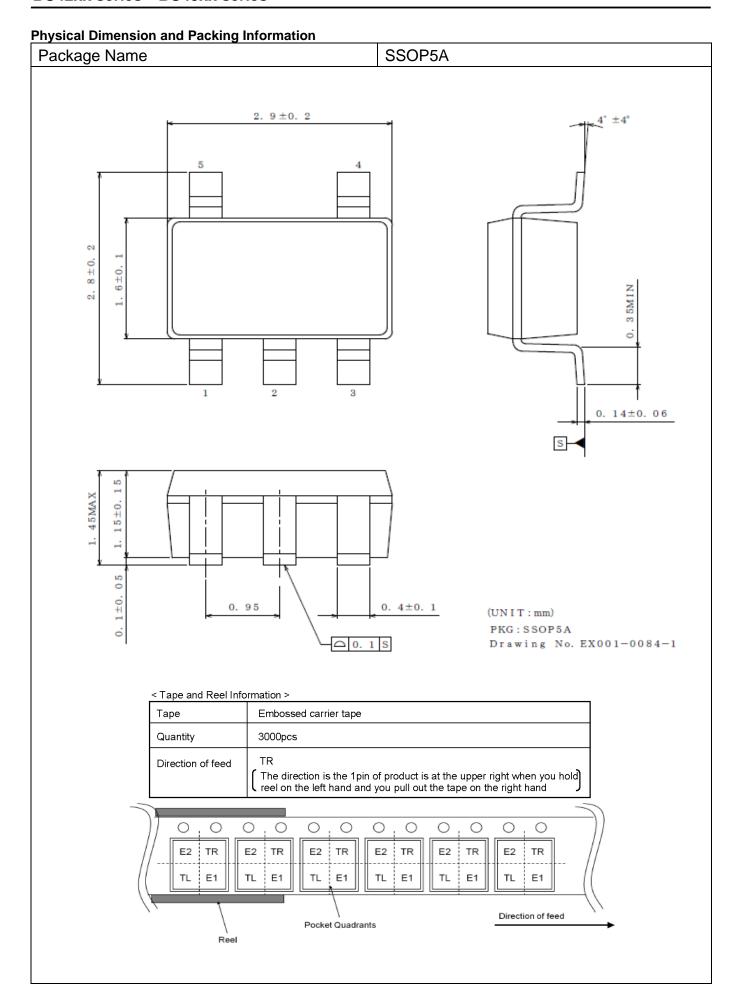
Marking Diagram



Output Type	(Open Drain	CMOS		
Detection Voltage	Marking	Part Number	Marking	Part Number	
4.8V	ZR	BU4248	1H	BU4348	
4.7V	ZQ	BU4247	1G	BU4347	
4.6V	ZP	BU4246	1F	BU4346	
4.5V	ZN	BU4245	1E	BU4345	
4.4V	ZM	BU4244	1D	BU4344	
4.3V	ZL	BU4243	1C	BU4343	
4.2V	ZK	BU4242	1B	BU4342	
4.1V	ZJ	BU4241	1A	BU4341	
4.0V	ZH	BU4240	0Z	BU4340	
3.9V	ZG	BU4239	0Y	BU4339	
3.8V	ZF	BU4238	0X	BU4338	
3.7V	ZE	BU4237	OW	BU4337	
3.6V	ZD	BU4236	0V	BU4336	
3.5V	ZC	BU4235	0U	BU4335	
3.4V	ZB	BU4234	0T	BU4334	
3.3V	ZA	BU4233	0S	BU4333	
3.2V	YZ	BU4232	0R	BU4332	
3.1V	YY	BU4231	0Q	BU4331	
3.0V	YX	BU4230	0P	BU4330	

Marking Diagram - continued

Output Type	(Open Drain	CMOS		
Detection Voltage	Marking	Part Number	Marking	Part Number	
2.9V	YW	BU4229	0N	BU4329	
2.8V	YV	BU4228	OM	BU4328	
2.7V	YU	BU4227	0L	BU4327	
2.6V	YT	BU4226	0K	BU4326	
2.5V	YS	BU4225	0J	BU4325	
2.4V	YR	BU4224	0H	BU4324	
2.3V	YQ	BU4223	0G	BU4323	
2.2V	YP	BU4222	0F	BU4322	
2.1V	YN	BU4221	0E	BU4321	
2.0V	YM	BU4220	0D	BU4320	
1.9V	YL	BU4219	0C	BU4319	
1.8V	YK	BU4218	0B	BU4318	
1.7V	YJ	BU4217	0A	BU4317	
1.6V	YH	BU4216	ZZ	BU4316	
1.5V	YG	BU4215	ZY	BU4315	
1.4V	YF	BU4214	ZX	BU4314	
1.3V	YE	BU4213	ZW	BU4313	
1.2V	YD	BU4212	ZV	BU4312	
1.1V	YC	BU4211	ZU	BU4311	
1.0V	YB	BU4210	ZT	BU4310	
0.9V	YA	BU4209	ZS	BU4309	



Notice

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(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

JÁPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSⅢ	CL ACCIII	CLASS II b CLASS III	
CLASSIV	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSIII

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 - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (Exclude cases where no-clean type fluxes is used. However, recommend sufficiently about the residue.); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse, is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation depending on ambient temperature. When used in sealed area, confirm that it is the use in the range that does not exceed the maximum junction temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

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- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used on a surface-mount products, the flow soldering method must be used on a through hole mount products. If the flow soldering method is preferred on a surface-mount products, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

- 1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
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Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

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- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
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 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period
 may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is
 exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

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