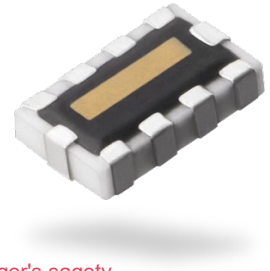


ESD Suppressor Array

EZAEG CA type



- Don't use these products in the engine room.
- Don't use these products in any driving applications or any other critical functions that may affect passenger's safety.
(e.g. Power train, ABS, Engine ECU, Air bag, and so on.)
- Don't use these products in applications related to the autonomous driving equipment with system level 3 or higher.

Features

- 4 ESD suppressors in one package
- ESD protection of high-speed data lines
- Low capacitance (0.25 pF)
- Good ESD suppression characteristics
- Good ESD withstanding
- RoHS compliant

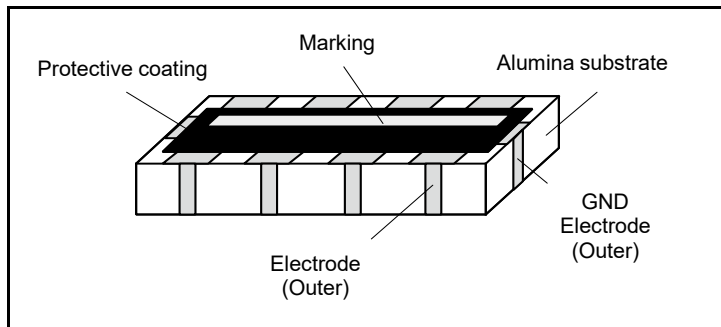
Recommended applications

- AV equipment (LCD-TV, DVD/Blu-ray drives), Information equipment (PCs, HDD)
- ESD suppression of high-speed differential data line such as USB3.0, HDMI, Display Port

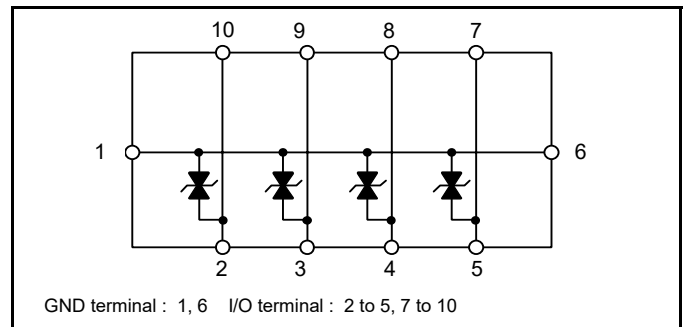
Explanation of part numbers

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11						
E	Z	A	E	G	C	A	5	0	A	V						
Product code		Code	Dimensions (mm) (inch)		Code	Design specification		Code	Voltage		Code	Feature		Code	Packaging	
ESD Suppressor		C	2012 (0805) 4 Line use		A	Rated voltage 15 V		50	500 V		A	Standard		V	Punched carrier taping 4 mm pitch, 5,000 pcs	

Construction



Circuit configuration



Dimensions (not to scale)

Part No. (inch size)	Dimensions								Mass (Weight) (g/1000 pcs)
	L	W	a	b	c	d	e	T	
EZAEGCA50AV (0805)	2.0 ± 0.1	1.25 ± 0.10	(0.5)	0.30 ± 0.15	0.25 ± 0.15	0.20 ± 0.15	0.35 ± 0.15	0.50 ± 0.10	4.0

Ratings

Part number	Capacitance ^{*1} (pF)	Rated voltage ^{*2}	Rated current ^{*3}	Category temperature range
EZAEGCA50AV	0.25 ^{+0.05} / _{-0.10}	15 V max.	100 mA max.	-55 °C to +125 °C

*1: Capacitance = The capacitance value shall be measured under the conditions specified below.

Frequency : 1 MHz \pm 10 %, Voltage : 1 Vrms \pm 0.2 Vrms, Temperature : 25 °C \pm 2 °C

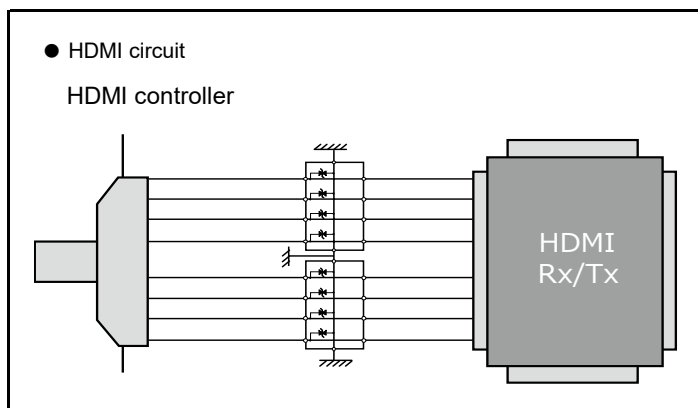
*2: Rated voltage between I/O terminal and GND.

*3: Rated current between input terminal and output terminal.

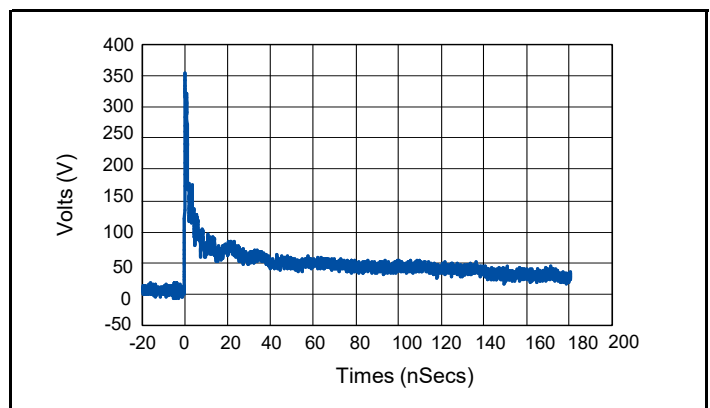
Performance

Test item	Performance requirements	Test conditions
Peak voltage	500 V max.	IEC61000-4-2, contact discharge 8 kV, Peak voltage value
Clamping voltage	100 V max.	IEC61000-4-2, contact discharge 8 kV, voltage at 30 ns after initiation of pulse
Leakage current	1 μ A max.	Current at Rated voltage (DC 15 V)
ESD withstanding	Leakage current 10 μ A max.	IEC61000-4-2, contact discharge 8 kV, +/- 10 times
Rapid change of temperature		-55 °C (30 min.) / +125 °C (30 min.), 100 cycles
Load life in humidity		60 °C, 90 % to 95 %RH, Rated voltage, 1000 h
Endurance at 85 °C		85 °C, Rated voltage, 1000 h
Resistance to soldering heat		270 °C, 10 s

Typical circuits requiring protection

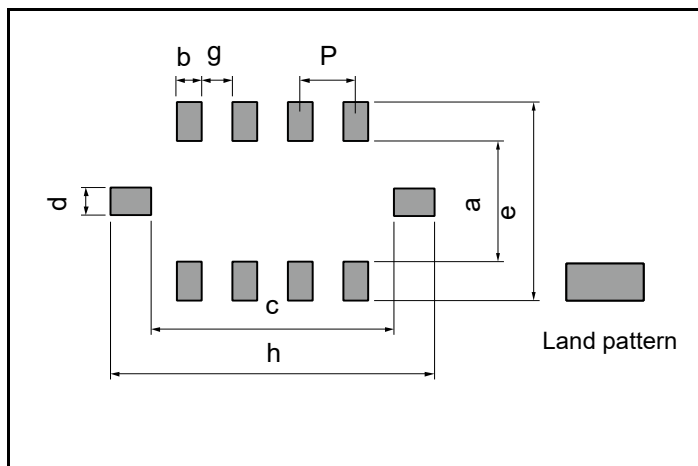


ESD Suppression voltage waveform



Recommended land pattern

Recommended land pattern design for ESD Suppressor Array is shown below.



Unit : mm

Dimensions			
a	b	c	d
0.75	0.25	1.70	0.35

Dimensions			
e	h	g	P
1.85	2.60	0.25	0.50

■ As for packaging methods, soldering conditions and safety precautions, please see data files.

Safety and Legal Matters to Be Observed

Product specifications and applications

- Please be advised that this product and product specifications are subject to change without notice for improvement purposes. Therefore, please request and confirm the latest delivery specifications that explain the specifications in detail before the final design, or purchase or use of the product, regardless of the application. In addition, do not use this product in any way that deviates from the contents of the company's delivery specifications.
- Unless otherwise specified in this catalog or the product specifications, this product is intended for use in general electronic equipment (AV products, home appliances, commercial equipment, office equipment, information and communication equipment, etc.).
When this product is used for the following special cases, the specification document suited to each application shall be signed/sealed (with Panasonic and the user) in advance..These include applications requiring special quality and reliability, wherein their failures or malfunctions may directly threaten human life or cause harm to the human body (e.g.: space/aircraft equipment, transportation/traffic equipment, combustion equipment, medical equipment, disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment, safety equipment, etc.).

Safety design and product evaluation

- Please ensure safety through protection circuits, redundant circuits, etc., in the customer's system design so that a defect in our company's product will not endanger human life or cause other serious damage.
- This catalog shows the quality and performance of individual parts. The durability of parts varies depending on the usage environment and conditions. Therefore, please ensure to evaluate and confirm the state of each part after it has been mounted in your product in the actual operating environment before use.
If you have any doubts about the safety of this product, then please notify us immediately, and be sure to conduct a technical review including the above protection circuits and redundant circuits at your company.

Laws / Regulations / Intellectual property

- The transportation of dangerous goods as designated by UN numbers, UN classifications, etc., does not apply to this product. In addition, when exporting products, product specifications, and technical information described in this catalog, please comply with the laws and regulations of the countries to which the products are exported, especially those concerning security export control.
- Each model of this product complies with the RoHS Directive (Restriction of the use of hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment) (2011/65/EU and (EU) 2015/863). The date of compliance with the RoHS Directive and REACH Regulation varies depending on the product model.
Further, if you are using product models in stock and are not sure whether or not they comply with the RoHS Directive or REACH Regulation, please contact us by selecting "Sales Inquiry" from the inquiry form.
- During the manufacturing process of this product and any of its components and materials to be used, Panasonic does not intentionally use ozone-depleting substances stipulated in the Montreal Protocol and specific bromine-based flame retardants such as PBBs (Poly-Brominated Biphenyls) / PBDEs (Poly-Brominated Diphenyl Ethers). In addition, the materials used in this product are all listed as existing chemical substances based on the Act on the Regulation of Manufacture and Evaluation of Chemical Substances.
- With regard to the disposal of this product, please confirm the disposal method in each country and region where it is incorporated into your company's product and used.
- The technical information contained in this catalog is intended to show only typical operation and application circuit examples of this product. This catalog does not guarantee that such information does not infringe upon the intellectual property rights of Panasonic or any third party, nor imply that the license of such rights has been granted.

Panasonic Industry will assume no liability whatsoever if the use of our company's products deviates from the contents of this catalog or does not comply with the precautions. Please be advised of these restrictions.

Matters to Be Observed When Using This Product (ESD Suppressor)

Use environments and cleaning conditions

- This product (fixed resistor) is not designed for use in specific environments. Using the resistor in the following specific environments or service conditions may affect the performance/reliability of the resistor. Avoid using it in such specific environments. If you intend to use the resistor in such environments, checking the performance, reliability, etc., of the product sufficiently is your own responsibility.
 - (1) Used in liquid, such as water, oil, chemicals, and organic solvents.
 - (2) Used in a place exposed to direct sunlight, an outdoor place with no shielding, or a dusty place.
 - (3) Used in a place where the product is heavily exposed to sea breeze or a corrosive gas, such as Cl_2 , H_2S , NH_3 , SO_2 , or NO_x .
 - (4) Used in an environment where static electricity and electromagnetic waves are strong.
 - (5) Located close to a heating component or a flammable material, such as a vinyl cable placed near the product.
 - (6) Sealed or coated with a resin.
 - (7) Solder flux of the resistor soldered with no-clean type solder, etc., is cleansed with a solvent, water, or a water-soluble cleaner, etc. (Water-soluble flux residues have a particularly large influence on a resistor.)
 - (8) Used in a place where dew concentrates on the product.
 - (9) Used in a contaminated state.
(Example: Touching the resistor mounted on a printed board leaving sebum on the resistor (improper handling))
- Sealing the resistor with a resin in a resin potting process, damp-proofing process, etc., applies excessive stress to the resistor, which may cause the internal electrodes a connection problem. In such cases, the proper operation of the resistor is not guaranteed. If you intend to use the resistor in such environments, checking the performance, reliability, etc., of the product sufficiently is your own responsibility.
- Do not leave the resistor immersed in a solvent for a long time. When using the resistor immersed in a solvent, confirm the operation of the product mounted on the board.
- When a cleaning solution or cleaning condition for cleaning the printed board or a drying condition for drying the printed board after soldering the resistor is improper, it may have a negative effect on the performance/reliability of the resistor. Confirming these conditions sufficiently is your own responsibility. Also examine the effects of soiled cleaning agent, cleaning residues, and post-cleaning contaminations, and control for these effects properly.

Response to anomalies and handling conditions

- When the resistor is heating abnormally or emitting a smell, stop using the resistor immediately, for example, turn off the main power supply of the device.
Also, keep your face and hands away from the product as it may become hot and cause burns.
- The resistor is so thin that it may break easily when subjected to impact. Before putting the resistor in use, confirm that the resistor has not been broken by impact that applied thereto when mounted on the printed board. Applying impact to the resistor or pinching the resistor with a hard tool (pliers, tweezers, etc.) may chip the resistor or its protective film, which affects its performance. Be careful to avoid such cases.
- Do not reuse a resistor having been used on a printed board and removed therefrom. Do not touch the resistor with your bare hands.
- Be careful not to drop the resistor on the floor, etc. The resistor is likely to suffer mechanical or electrical damage when dropped on the floor. Avoid using said resistor.
- It is guaranteed that a resistor not exposed to any stress will have its proper resistance value. Any stress or pressure applied to the resistor may cause its resistance value to change. Examine and evaluate the characteristics of the resistor sufficiently before using it.

Reliability and product life

A capacitor conforming to "AEC-Q200" refers to a capacitor having passed some or all of evaluation test items defined in AEC-Q200.

To know the detailed specifications of each capacitor or specific evaluation test scores, please contact us.

We issue a delivery specification sheet for each product ordered. Please confirm the delivery specification sheet when you place an order with us.

Circuit design and circuit board design

- To prevent a case where an excessively large load the suppressor cannot handle, such as surge larger than the ESD energy, is applied to the suppressor, make sure to evaluate and confirm the operation of the suppressor when the suppressor is incorporated in your product. Applying a voltage larger than the rated voltage to the suppressor may impair its performance and reliability. Make sure to use the product with a voltage equal to or lower than the rated voltage. The product warranty does not cover usage where an excessively large load, such as a surge or pulse current, is applied to the suppressor.
- Be careful that unusual stress caused by an excessive bend of the printed board is not applied to the resistor. Design the circuit structure such that the resistor is not close to a perforated line for board splitting or on a line with sizable holes bored on the board.
- When a different component is mounted on the board where the resistor has been soldered, be careful that the board does not bend excessively. If necessary, provide the board with backup pins (support pins) to keep it straight.
- Avoid manual board splitting. Use a jig, etc., to break the board so that it does not bend excessively when split apart.

Mounting conditions

- When the product is used under mounting conditions departing from mounting conditions specified in our specification sheet, the product may be exposed to unexpected stress to fail. Be careful to avoid such a case. When mounting the suppressor (except a high tolerance dose ESD suppressor) on a printed board, set the suppressor's front and back surfaces in the direction indicated by the tape. Make sure to evaluate and confirm the operation of the suppressor incorporated in your product and determine whether the suppressor is usable as a component of the product.
- Set soldering conditions for the resistor within the recommended soldering conditions specified by our company. Any time, soldering condition departing from the specified soldering condition, such as a high peak temperature or a long heating may impair the performance/reliability of the resistor. Note that the specified soldering conditions indicate conditions under which degradation of the resistor characteristics does not occur but do not indicate conditions under which stable soldering can be performed. Check and set individual conditions under which stable soldering can be performed.
- Heat the resistor in advance so that a difference between the soldering temperature and the temperature of the resistor surface is reduced to 100 °C or lower. When dipping the soldered resistor in a solvent, etc., to cool the resistor rapidly, ensure that the temperature difference between the resistor and the solvent is 100 °C or lower during the dipping.
- When soldering the resistor using a soldering iron, apply hot air, etc., to the resistor to heat it sufficiently in advance and then solder the resistor without bringing the soldering iron tip into contact with the product. If the temperature of the soldering iron tip is high, finish the soldering work quickly (within 3 seconds when the temperature of the soldering iron tip is 350 °C or lower). In the case of a fixed resistor with low resistance, the resistor may fail to offer the exactly intended resistance value because of the variation in the solder volume, etc. Make sure to confirm the resistance value of the resistor in the actual circuit configuration.
- Soldering the resistor with too much solder or too little solder results in the poor reliability of the solder connection of the resistor. Use the proper volume of solder in the soldering process. Sufficiently check for the volume of solder used.
- Soldering with high bond strength or special property solder may affect the quality of the resistor. Do not use such solder.
- Use rosin-based solder flux. When using highly active solder flux made mainly of halogen (chlorine, bromine, etc.), flux residues may affect the performance and reliability of the resistor. Check the effects of flux residues before using the solder flux. Do not use highly acidic flux, water-soluble flux, or flux containing fluoride ions. When solder flux sticks to the resistor after the soldering process, the activation energy of the flux may corrode the resistor and cause it to fail. Prevent solder flux from sticking to the resistor.

Storage conditions

Keeping the product in the following environments or conditions may lead to degradation of its performance, solderability, etc. Do not keep the product in the following environments.

- (1) Stored in a place where the product is heavily exposed to sea breeze or a corrosive gas, such as Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, or NO_x.
- (2) Stored in a place where the product is exposed to direct sunlight.
- (3) Stored in a place where a temperature condition of 5 °C to 35 °C and a relative humidity condition of 45% to 85% cannot be maintained.
- (4) Kept in storage for more than one year from the delivery date (when the product is kept in conditions excluding any of the environments (1) to (3)).

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