



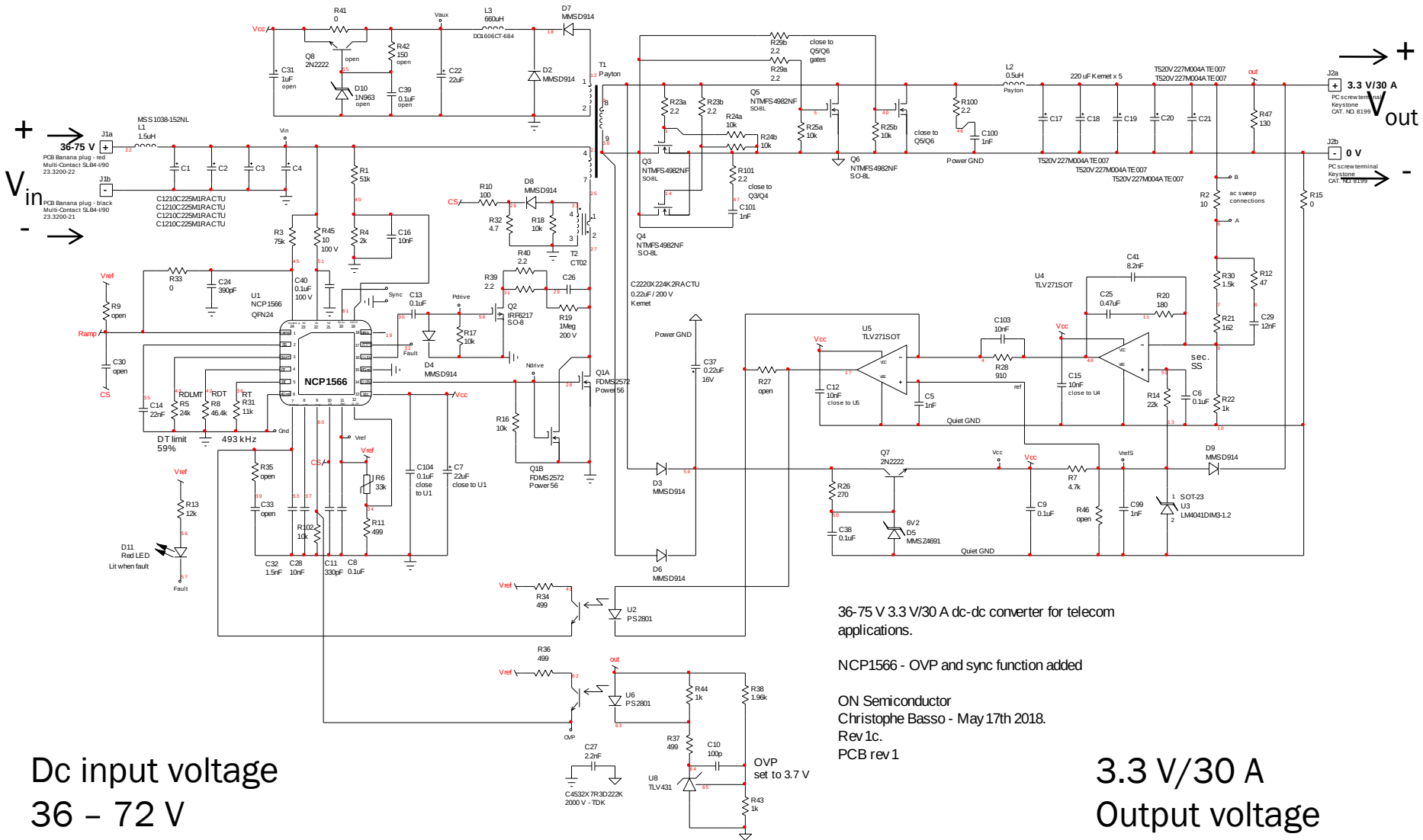
ON Semiconductor®

Test Procedure for the NCP1566 3.3-V/30-A Dc-Dc Converter

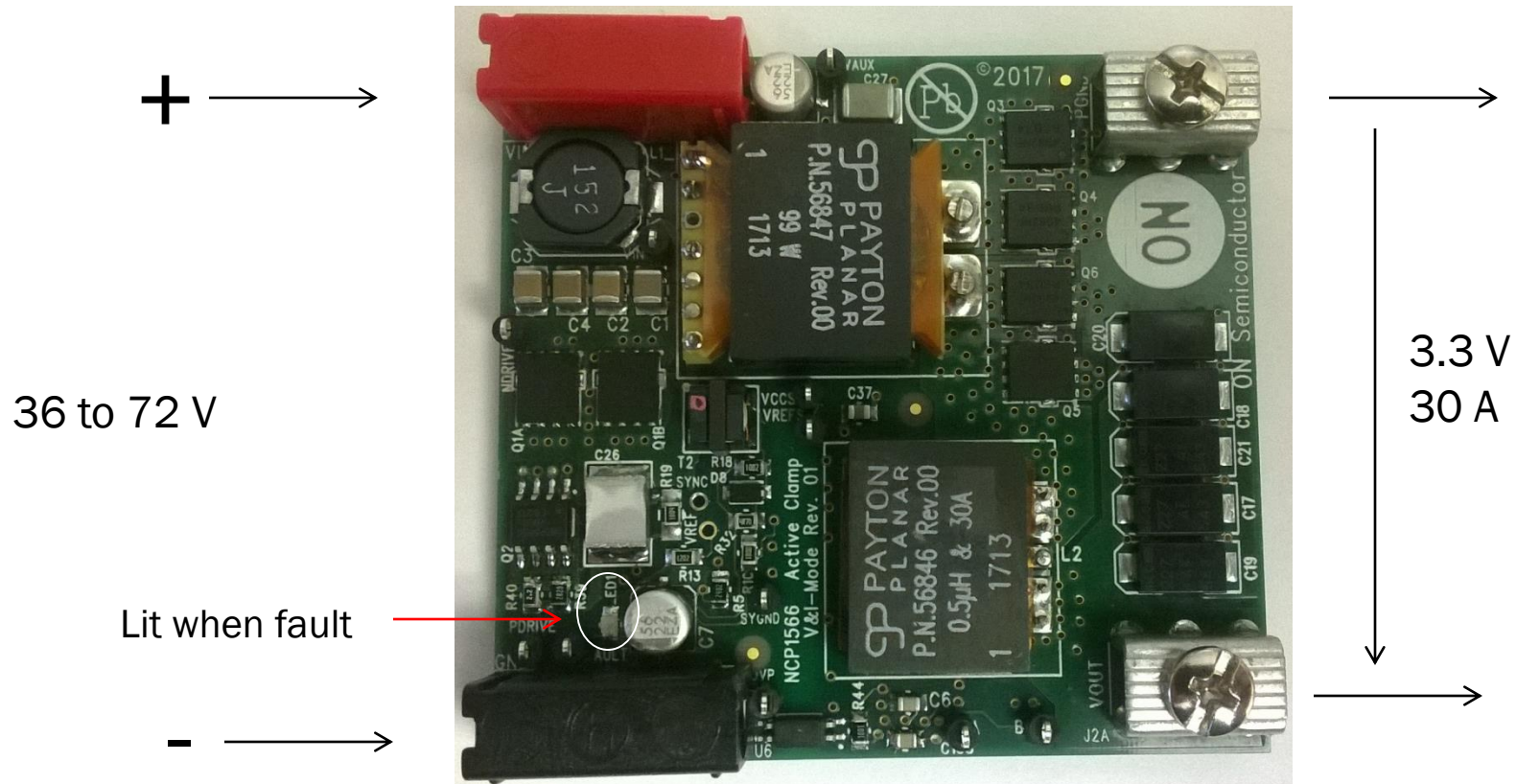
Christophe Basso
October 30th 2017
Rev. 2



Board Electrical Schematic



Board Picture



36 to 72 V

Lit when fault

3.3 V
30 A

Input voltage from 36 V to 72 V dc. Nominal input is 48 V

Output voltage is 3.3 V nominal
current is 30 A

NCP1566TELECGEVB

Needed Equipment

The needed equipments are the following:

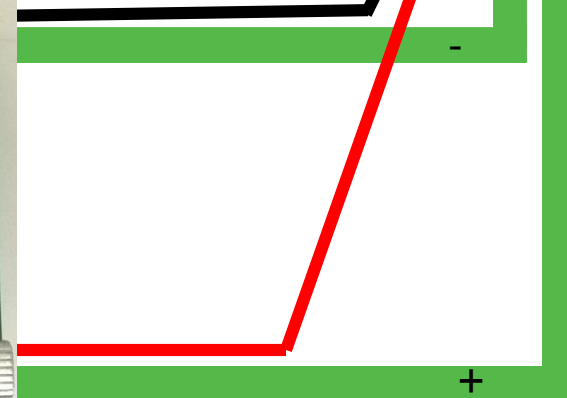
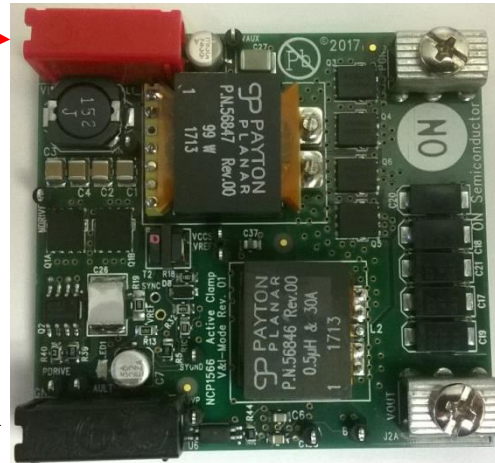
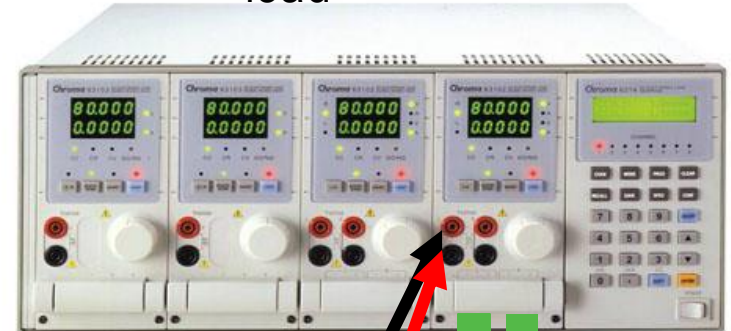
- ❑ a dc voltage source, delivering up to 80 V dc and up to 5 A
 - ❑ a dc load absorbing up to 100 W, $V_{in,max} < 20\text{ V}$, $I_{out,max} < 40\text{ A}$
 - ❑ either the above load can display dc V and dc A or separated V and A-meters are necessary
 - ❑ An oscilloscope with single shot capability
- *Kelvin sensing is necessary to connect the load to the board. If no precautions are taken, it is likely that the voltage drop at the load cables ends induces a reading error*

Basic Test Setup

source



load

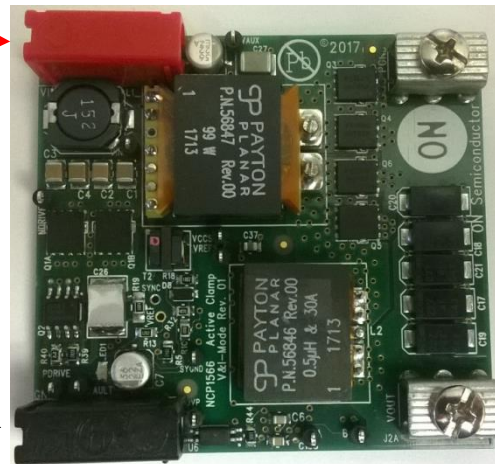
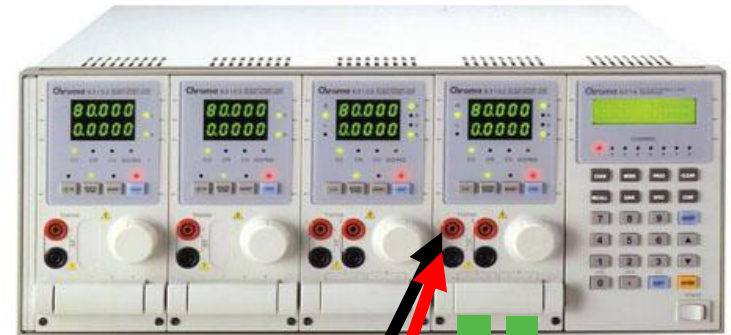


Kelvin sense

Test n°1

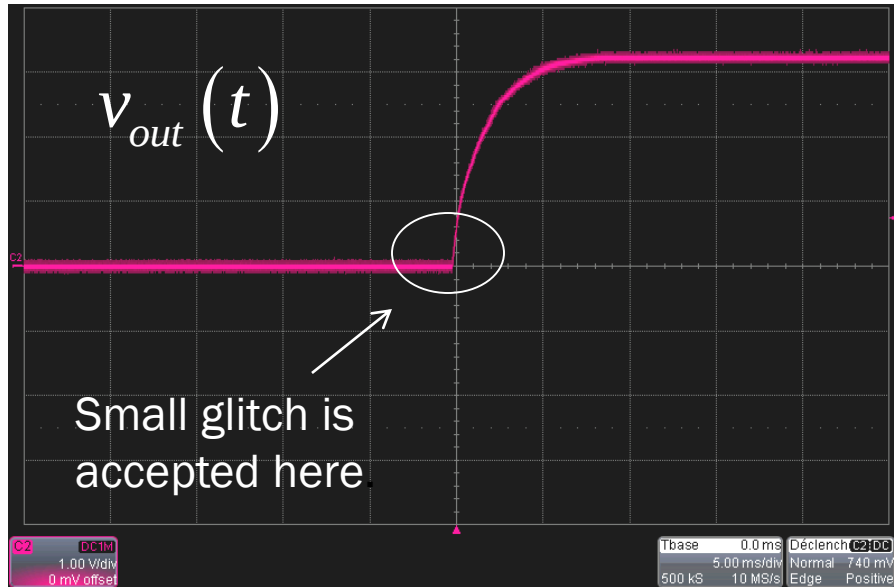
source

load

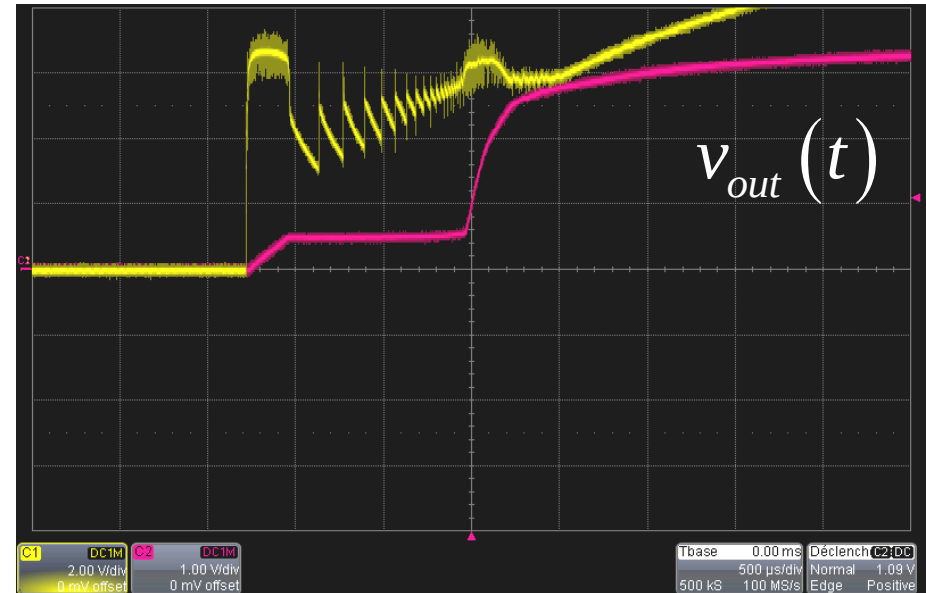


- Start the power supply while the load current is 30 A
- Monitor the output voltage on a scope
- Verify the voltage is monotonically rising

Test n°1



Ok



Bad

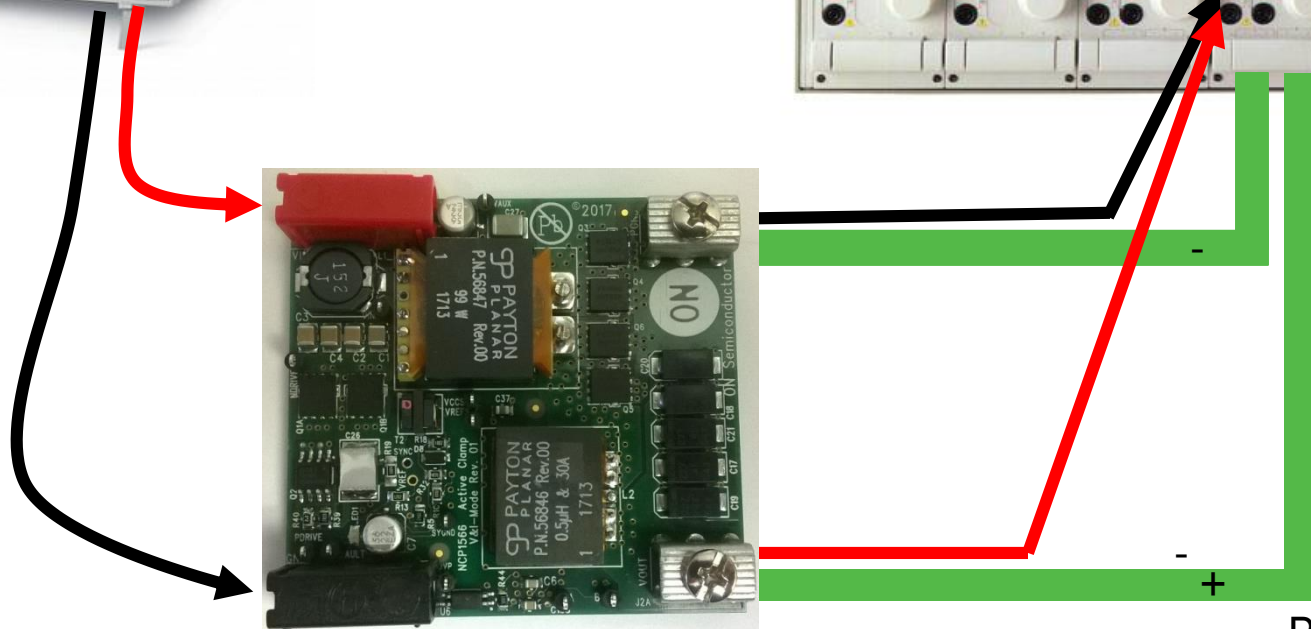
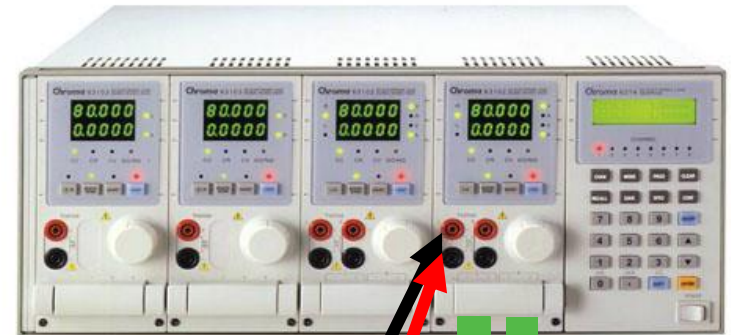
- It is important to verify the absence of double slope
- Repeat the test for $V_{in} = 48\text{ V}$ and 72 V
- Change load to 0 A , repeat tests. Wait 10 s between re-starts
- A small glitch at the beginning of the rising edge is acceptable

Test n°2

source



load



- Press short circuit at $V_{in} = 36\text{ V}$, $I_{out} = 30\text{ A}$. Led is lit, board ticks.
- Repeat test for $V_{in} = 72\text{ V}$
- Release short and make sure output resumes at 3.3 V

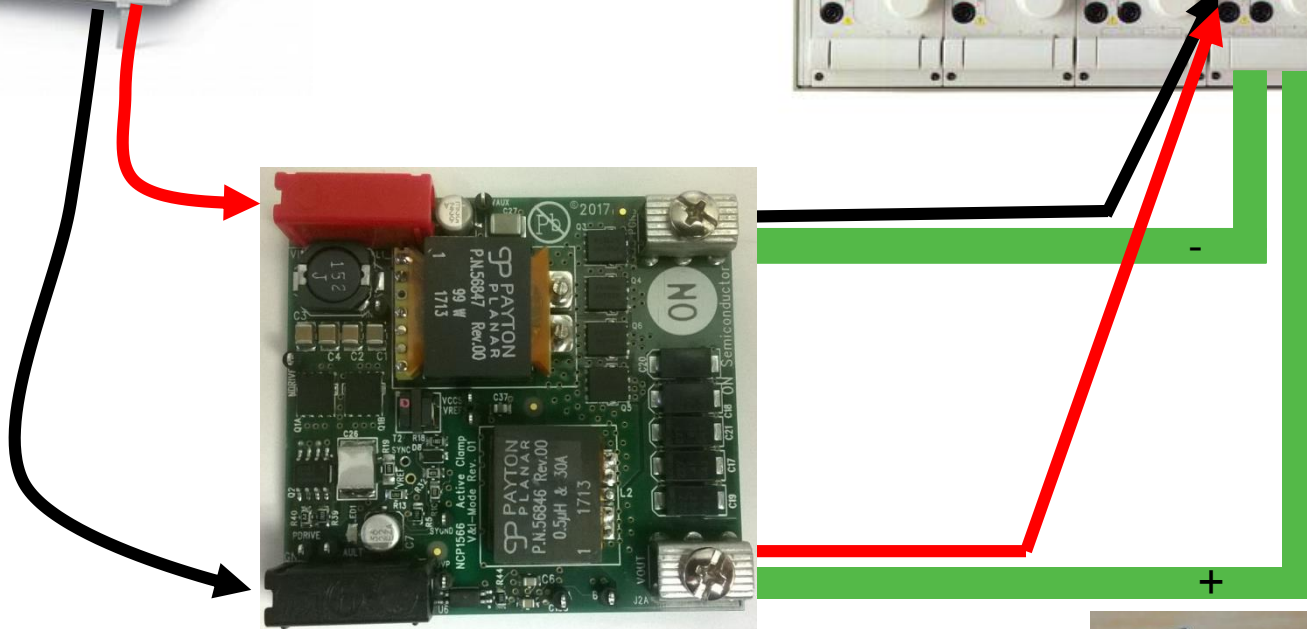
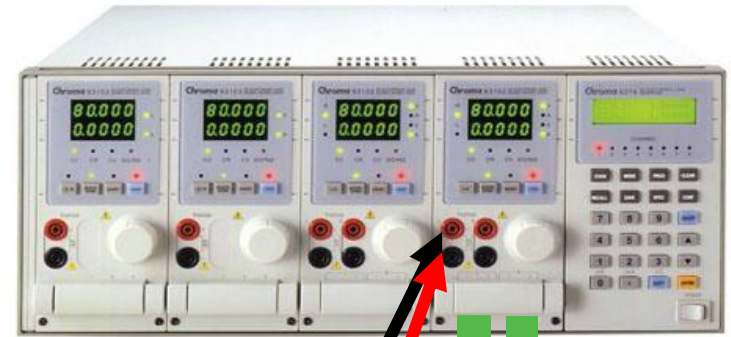
Press short

Test n°3

source



load

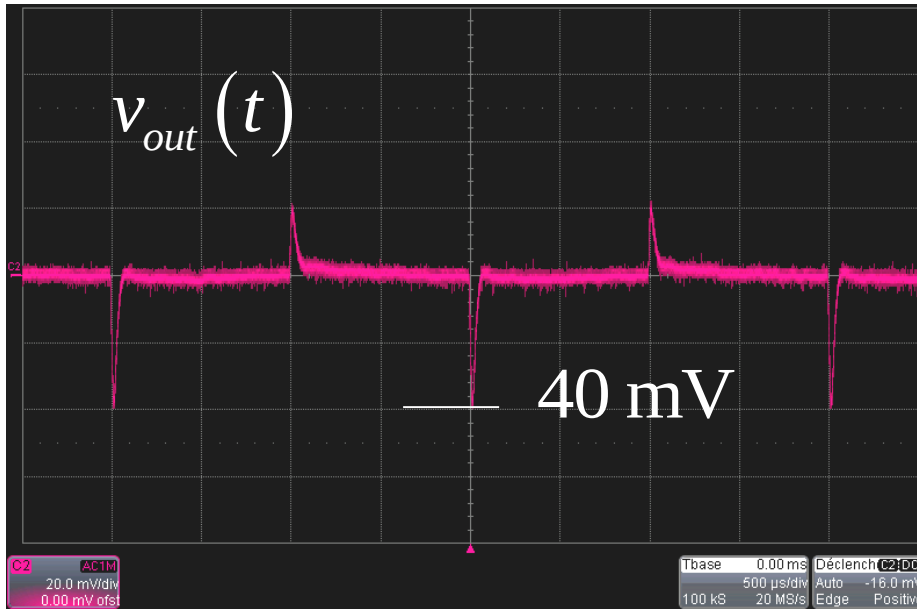


- Program load to dynamic current mode
- I_{out} from 20 A to 15 A, slope 1 A/ μ s
- 1 ms interval, observe V_{out} on scope in ac, 20 mV/div

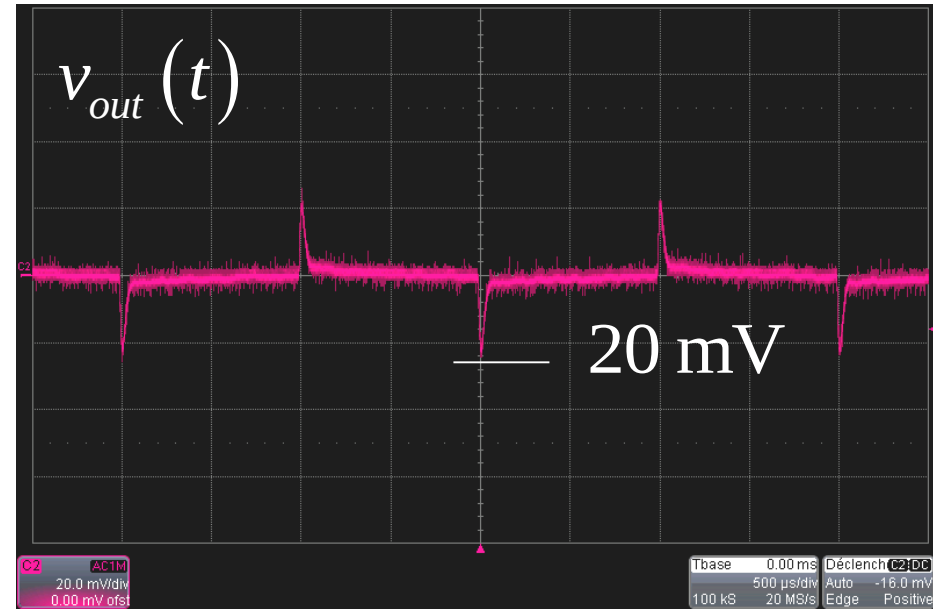


No pigtail!

Test n°3



$V_{in} = 36 \text{ V}$ $I_{out} = 15 \text{ to } 20 \text{ A}, 1 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$



$V_{in} = 48 \text{ V}$ $I_{out} = 15 \text{ to } 20 \text{ A}, 1 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$

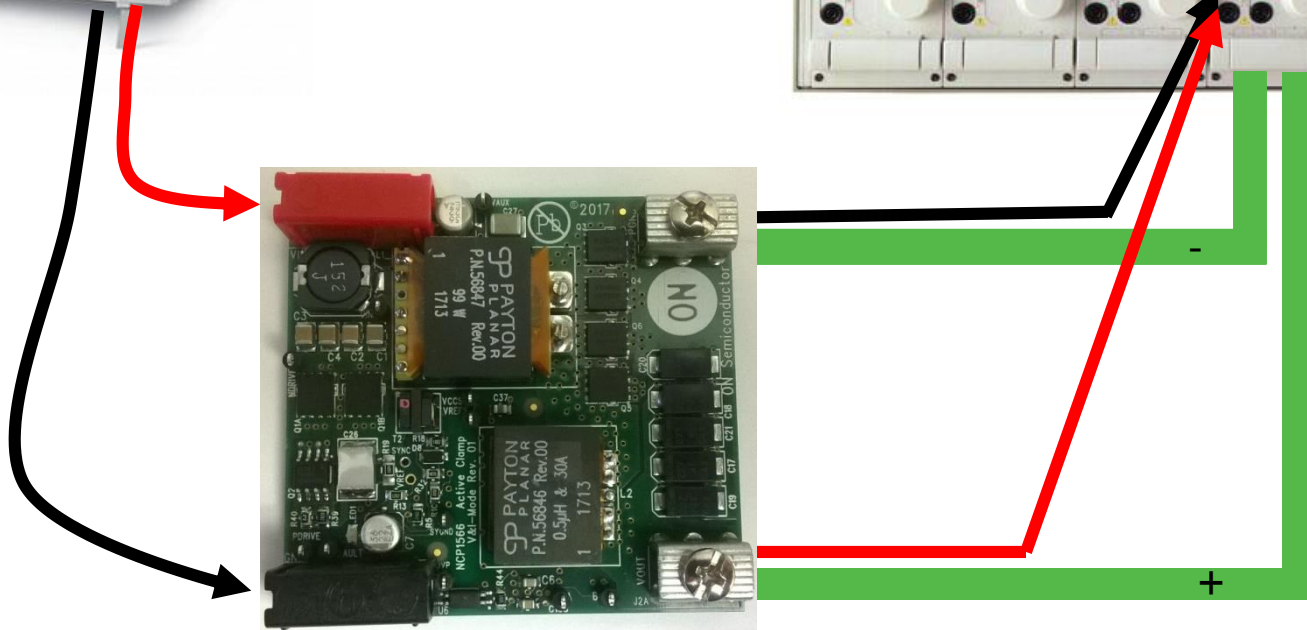
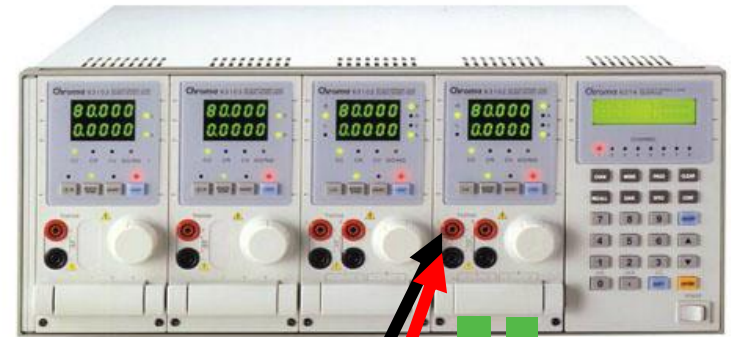
- Run the test from $V_{in} = 36 \text{ V}$ (worst case) to $V_{in} = 72 \text{ V}$.
- Spec is to have an under/over shoot less than 60 mV

Test n°4

source

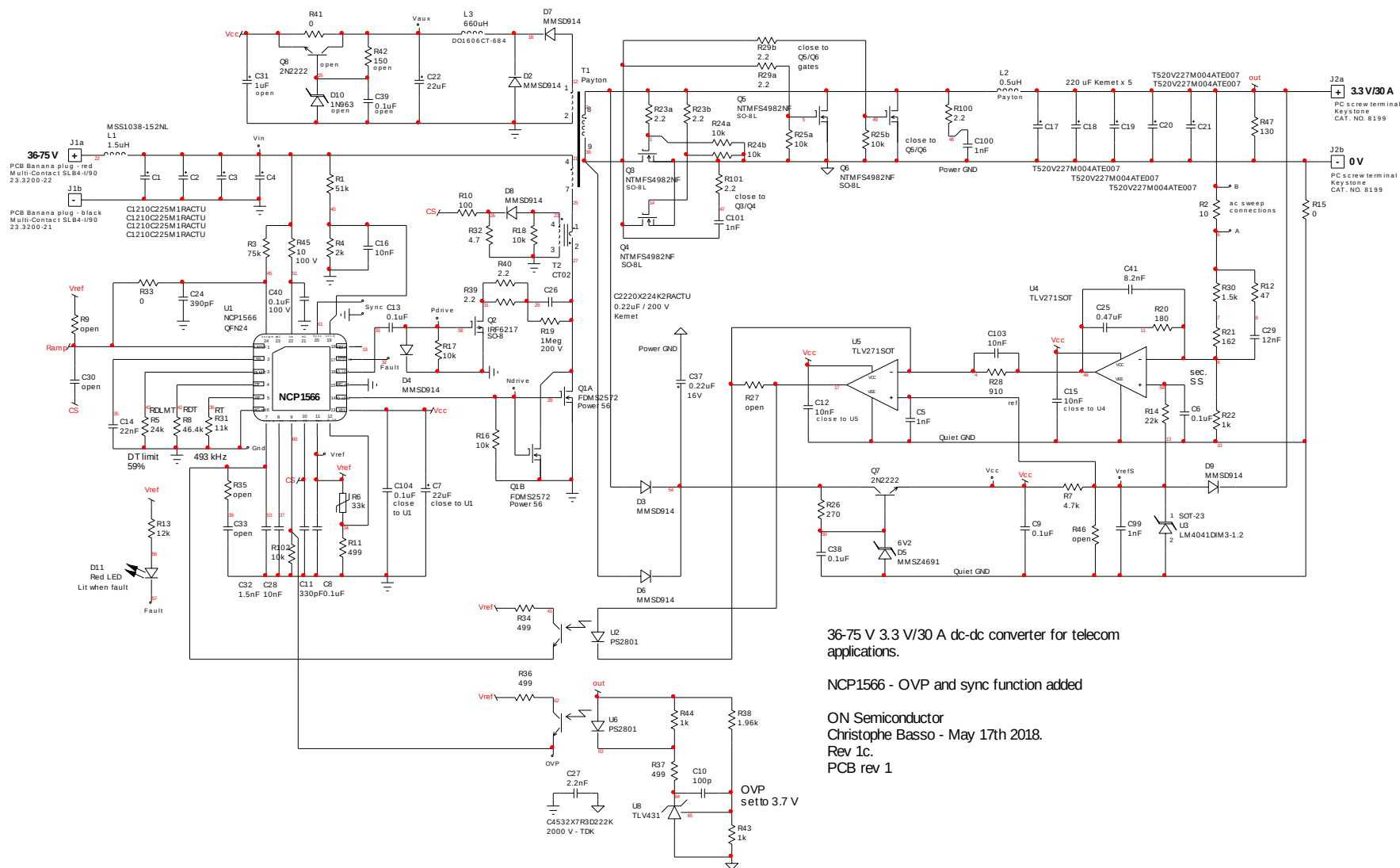


load



- Leave the board for 5 mn at $V_{in} = 36\text{ V}/30\text{ A}$.
- Check no thermal tripping occurs.
- Board is declared sound.

Demonstration Board Schematic



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