

Is Now Part of



ON Semiconductor®

To learn more about ON Semiconductor, please visit our website at <u>www.onsemi.com</u>

Please note: As part of the Fairchild Semiconductor integration, some of the Fairchild orderable part numbers will need to change in order to meet ON Semiconductor's system requirements. Since the ON Semiconductor product management systems do not have the ability to manage part nomenclature that utilizes an underscore (_), the underscore (_) in the Fairchild part numbers will be changed to a dash (-). This document may contain device numbers with an underscore (_). Please check the ON Semiconductor website to verify the updated device numbers. The most current and up-to-date ordering information can be found at www.onsemi.com. Please email any questions regarding the system integration to Fairchild_questions@onsemi.com.

ON Semiconductor and the ON Semiconductor logo are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights of others. ON Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use ON Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized applications, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that ON Semiconductor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. ON Semiconductor is an equif prese

May 2012

SEMICONDUCTOR®

FSL138MRT Green-Mode Fairchild Power Switch (FPS[™]) for High Input Voltage

Features

- Internal Avalanched-Rugged 800V SenseFET
- Advanced Soft Burst-Mode Operation for Low Standby Power and Low Audible Noise
- Under 40mW Standby Power Consumption at 265V_{AC} and No-load Condition
- Random Frequency Fluctuation for Low EMI
- Pulse-by-Pulse Current Limit
- Various Protection Functions: Overload Protection (OLP), Over-Voltage Protection (OVP), Abnormal Over-Current Protection (AOCP), Internal Thermal Shutdown (TSD) with Hysteresis and Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) with Hysteresis
- Low Operating Current (0.4mA) in Burst Mode
- Internal Startup Circuit
- Built-in Soft-Start: 15ms
- Auto-Restart Mode

Applications

 Power Supply for STB Home Appliances and Industrial for High AC Input

Description

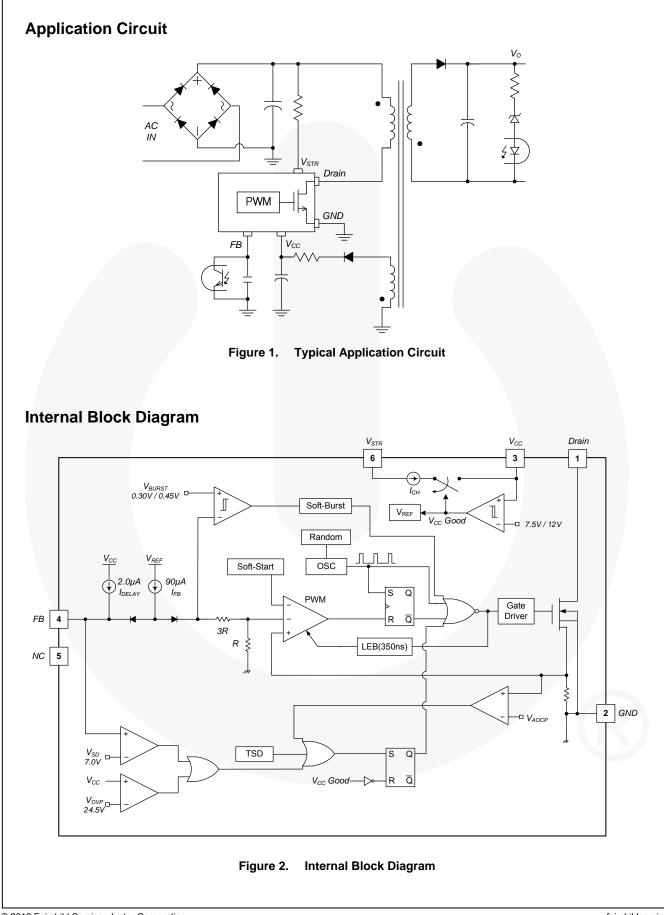
The FSL138MRT is an integrated Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) controller and SenseFET specifically designed for offline Switched-Mode Power Supplies (SMPS) with minimal external components. The PWM controller includes an integrated fixed-frequency oscillator, Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO), Leading-Edge Blanking (LEB), optimized gate driver, internal soft-start, temperature-compensated precise current sources for loop compensation, and self-protection circuitry. Compared with a discrete MOSFET and PWM controller solution, the FSL138MRT can reduce total cost, component count, size, and weight; while simultaneously increasing efficiency, productivity, and system reliability. This device provides a basic platform suited for cost-effective design of a flyback converter.

Ordering Information

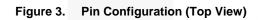
0		Operating	Operating		Output Power Table ⁽²⁾				1
Part Number	Package	ckage Junction		R _{DS(ON)}	$230V_{AC} \pm 15\%^{(3)}$		85~265V _{AC}		Replaces
	i uokugo	Temperature			$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{I} = $	Open Frame ⁽⁵⁾	Adapter ⁽⁴⁾	Open Frame ⁽⁵⁾	Device
FSL138MRT	TO-220F 6-Lead W-Forming ⁽¹⁾	-40°C ~ +125°C	2.15A	5Ω	35W	50W	24W	35W	KA5M0380RY DTU

Notes:

- 1. Pb-free package per JEDEC J-STD-020B.
- 2. The junction temperature can limit the maximum output power.
- 3. $230V_{AC}$ or $100/115V_{AC}$ with voltage doubler.
- 4. Typical continuous power in a non-ventilated enclosed adapter measured at 50°C ambient temperature.
- 5. Maximum practical continuous power in an open-frame design at 50°C ambient temperature.



Pin Configuration 6. V_{STR} 5. NC 4. FB 3. V_{CC} 2. GND 1. Drain



Pin Definitions

Pin #	Name	Description			
1	Drain	SenseFET Drain. High-voltage power SenseFET drain connection.			
2	GND	round. This pin is the control ground and the SenseFET source.			
3	V _{cc}	Power Supply . This pin is the positive supply input, which provides the internal operating current for both startup and steady-state operation.			
4	FB	Feedback . This pin is internally connected to the inverting input of the PWM comparator. The collector of an opto-coupler is typically tied to this pin. For stable operation, a capacitor should be placed between this pin and GND. If the voltage of this pin reaches 7V, the overload protection triggers, which shuts down the FPS.			
5	NC	No Connection			
6	V _{STR}	Startup . This pin is connected directly, or through a resistor, to the high-voltage DC link. At startup, the internal high-voltage current source supplies internal bias and charges the external capacitor connected to the V_{CC} pin. Once V_{CC} reaches 12V, the internal current source (I_{CH}) is disabled.			

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{STR}	V _{STR} Pin Voltage		650	V
V _{DS}	Drain Pin Voltage		800	V
V _{cc}	V _{CC} Pin Voltage		26	V
V_{FB}	Feedback Pin Voltage	-0.3	10.0	V
I _{DM}	Drain Current Pulsed ⁽⁶⁾		12	А
I _{DS}	Continuous Switching Drain Current		3	А
E _{AS}	Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy ⁽⁷⁾		134	mJ
PD	Total Power Dissipation $(T_C=25^{\circ}C)^{(8)}$		45	W
-	Maximum Junction Temperature		150	°C
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature ⁽⁹⁾	-40	+125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55	+150	°C

Notes:

- 6. Repetitive peak switching current when the inductive load is assumed: Limited by maximum duty (D_{MAX}=0.74) and junction temperature (see Figure 4).
- 7. L=10mH, starting T_J =25°C.
- 8. Infinite cooling condition (refer to the SEMI G30-88).
- 9. Although this parameter guarantees IC operation, it does not guarantee all electrical characteristics.

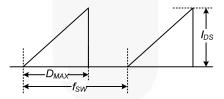


Figure 4. Repetitive Peak Switching Current

ESD Capability

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
ESD	Human Body Model, JESD22-A114	5	кv
ESD	Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101	2	ΓV

Thermal Impedance

T_A=25°C unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Impedance ⁽¹⁰⁾	63.5	°C/W
θ_{JC}	Junction-to-Case Thermal Impedance ⁽¹¹⁾	2.8	°C/W

Notes:

10. Free standing without heat sink under natural convection condition, per JEDEC 51-2 and 1-10.

11. Infinite cooling condition per Mil Std. 883C method 1012.1.

Electrical Characteristics

 $T_J \mbox{=} 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
SenseFET	Section		1		1	
BV _{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V _{CC} =0V, I _D =250μA	800			V
I _{DSS}	Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current	V _{DS} =640V, T _A =125°C			250	μA
R _{DS(ON)}	Drain-Source On-State Resistance	V _{GS} =10V, I _D =1A		4.0	5.0	Ω
C _{ISS}	Input Capacitance ⁽¹²⁾	V _{DS} =25V, V _{GS} =0V, f=1MHz		418		pF
C _{OSS}	Output Capacitance ⁽¹²⁾	V _{DS} =25V, V _{GS} =0V, f=1MHz		50.5		pF
C _{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance ⁽¹²⁾	V _{DS} =25V, V _{GS} =0V, f=1MHz		5.1		pF
tr	Rise Time	V_{DS} =400V, I_{D} =3A, R_{G} =25 Ω		29.2		ns
t _f	Fall Time	V_{DS} =400V, I_{D} =3A, R_{G} =25 Ω		24.6		ns
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay	V_{DS} =400V, I_{D} =3A, R_{G} =25 Ω		15.4		ns
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay	V_{DS} =400V, I_{D} =3A, R_{G} =25 Ω		23.7		ns
Control Sec	ction					
f _s	Switching Frequency ⁽¹²⁾	V _{CC} =14V, V _{FB} =4V	61	67	73	kHz
Δf_S	Switching Frequency Variation ⁽¹²⁾	−25°C < T _J < 125°C		±5	±10	%
D _{MAX}	Maximum Duty Ratio	V _{CC} =14V, V _{FB} =4V	61	67	73	%
D _{MIN}	Minimum Duty Ratio	V _{CC} =14V, V _{FB} =0V			0	%
I _{FB}	Feedback Source Current	V _{FB} =0	65	90	115	μA
V _{START}		V _{FB} =0V, V _{CC} Sweep	11	12	13	V
V _{STOP}	UVLO Threshold Voltage	After Turn-on, V _{FB} =0V	7.0	7.5	8.0	V
t _{s/s}	Internal Soft-Start Time	V _{CC} Sweep		15		ms
Burst-Mode	Section					
V _{BURH}			0.39	0.45	0.51	V
V _{BURL}	Burst-Mode Voltage	V _{CC} =14V, V _{FB} Sweep	0.26	0.30	0.34	V
Hys	1			150		mV
Protection	Section					
I _{LIM}	Peak Drain Current Limit	di/dt=300mA/µs	1.89	2.15	2.41	А
V _{SD}	Shutdown Feedback Voltage	V _{CC} =14V, V _{FB} Sweep	6.45	7.0	7.55	V
I _{DELAY}	Shutdown Delay Current	V _{CC} =14V, V _{FB} =4V	1.2	2.0	2.8	μA
t _{LEB}	Leading-Edge Blanking Time ⁽¹²⁾⁽¹³⁾			350		ns
V _{OVP}	Over-Voltage Protection	V _{CC} Sweep	23.0	24.5	26.0	V
T _{SD}	\mathbf{T}	Shutdown Temperature	130	140	150	°C
Hys	Thermal Shutdown Temperature ⁽¹²⁾	Hysteresis		60		°C

Continued on the following page...

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 T_J =25°C unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Total Devic	e Section					
I _{OP}	Operating Supply Current, (Control Part in Burst Mode)	V _{CC} =14V, V _{FB} =0V	0.3	0.4	0.5	mA
I _{OPS}	Operating Switching Current, (Control Part and SenseFET Part)	V _{CC} =14V, V _{FB} =2V		1.0	1.4	mA
I _{START}	Start Current	V _{CC} =11V (Before V _{CC} Reaches V _{START})	85	120	155	μA
I _{CH}	Startup Charging Current	V _{CC} =V _{FB} =0V, V _{STR} =40V	0.7	1.0	1.3	mA
V_{STR}	Minimum V _{STR} Supply Voltage	V _{CC} =V _{FB} =0V, V _{STR} Sweep		26		V

Notes:

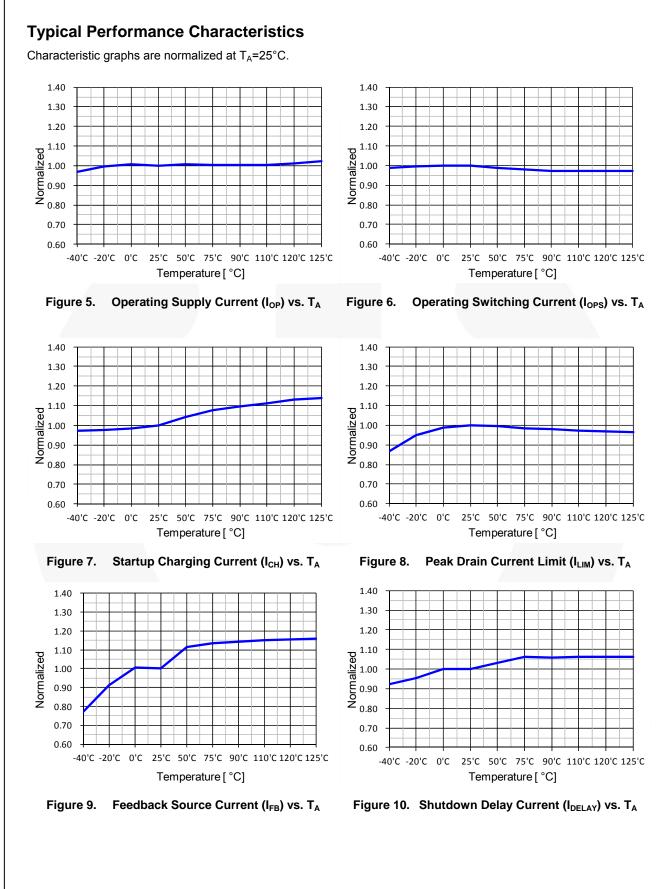
12. Although these parameters are guaranteed, they are not 100% tested in production.

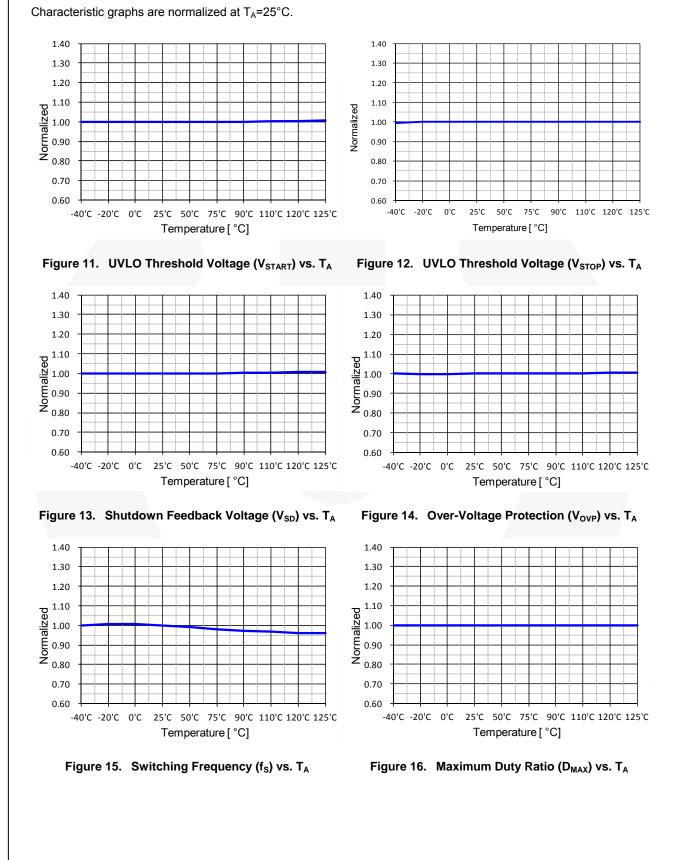
13. t_{LEB} includes gate turn-on time.

14. Average value.

Comparison of KA5M0380R and FSL138MRT

Function	KA5M0380RYDTU	FSL138MRT	Advantages of FSL138MRT		
Random Frequency Fluctuation	N/A	Built-in	Low EMI		
Operating Current	7mA	0.4mA			
High-Voltage Startup Circuit	N/A	Built-in	Very low standby power		
Protections	OLP OVP TSD	OLP OVP AOCP TSD with Hysteresis	Enhanced protections and high reliability		
Power Balance	Long t _{CLD}	Very Short t_{CLD}	The difference of input power between the low and high input voltage is quite small		





Typical Performance Characteristics

Functional Description

1. Startup: At startup, an internal high-voltage current source supplies the internal bias and charges the external capacitor (C_{VCC}) connected to the V_{CC} pin, as illustrated in Figure 17. When V_{CC} reaches 12V, the FSL138MRT begins switching and the internal high-voltage current source is disabled. Normal switching operation continues and the power is supplied from the auxiliary transformer winding unless V_{CC} goes below the stop voltage of 7.5V.

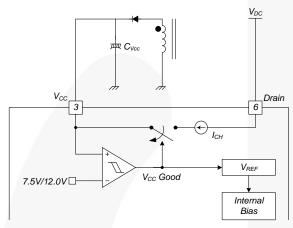


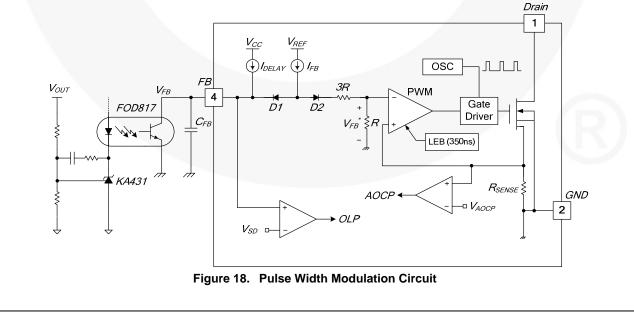
Figure 17. Startup Block

2. Soft-Start: The internal soft-start circuit increases PWM comparator inverting input voltage, together with the SenseFET current, slowly after startup. The typical soft-start time is 15ms. The pulse width to the power switching device is progressively increased to establish the correct working conditions for the transformers, inductors, and capacitors. The voltage on the output capacitors is progressively increased to smoothly establish the required output voltage. This helps prevent transformer saturation and reduces stress on the secondary diode during startup.

3. Feedback Control: This device employs Current-Mode control, as shown in Figure 18. An opto-coupler (such as the FOD817) and shunt regulator (such as the KA431) are typically used to implement the feedback network. Comparing the feedback voltage with the voltage across the R_{SENSE} resistor makes it possible to control the switching duty cycle. When the reference pin voltage of the shunt regulator exceeds the internal reference voltage of 2.5V, the opto-coupler LED current increases, pulling down the feedback voltage and reducing drain current. This typically occurs when the input voltage is increased or the output load is decreased.

3.1 Pulse-by-Pulse Current Limit: Because Current-Mode control is employed, the peak current through the SenseFET is limited by the inverting input of PWM comparator (V_{FB}^*), as shown in Figure 18. Assuming that the 90µA current source flows only through the internal resistor ($3R + R = 27k\Omega$), the cathode voltage of diode D2 is about 2.4V. Since D1 is blocked when the feedback voltage (V_{FB}) exceeds 2.4V, the maximum voltage of the cathode of D2 is clamped at this voltage. Therefore, the peak value of the current through the SenseFET is limited.

3.2 Leading-Edge Blanking (LEB): At the instant the internal SenseFET is turned on, a high-current spike usually occurs through the SenseFET, caused by primary-side capacitance and secondary-side rectifier reverse recovery. Excessive voltage across the R_{SENSE} resistor leads to incorrect feedback operation in the Current-Mode PWM control. To counter this effect, the leadingedge blanking (LEB) circuit inhibits the PWM comparator for t_{LEB} (350ns) after the SenseFET is turned on.



FSL138MRT — Green-Mode Fairchild Power Switch (FPS[™]) for High Input Voltage

4. Protection Circuits: The FSL138MRT has several self-protective functions, such as Overload Protection (OLP), Abnormal Over-Current Protection (AOCP), Over-Voltage Protection (OVP), and Thermal Shutdown (TSD). All the protections are implemented as autorestart. Once the fault condition is detected, switching is terminated and the SenseFET remains off. This causes V_{CC} to fall. When V_{CC} falls to the Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) stop voltage of 7.5V, the protection is reset and the startup circuit charges the V_{CC} capacitor. When V_{CC} reaches the start voltage of 12.0V, the FSL138MRT resumes normal operation. If the fault condition is not removed, the SenseFET remains off and V_{CC} drops to stop voltage again. In this manner, the auto-restart can alternately enable and disable the switching of the power SenseFET until the fault condition is eliminated. Because these protection circuits are fully integrated into the IC without external components, reliability is improved without increasing cost.

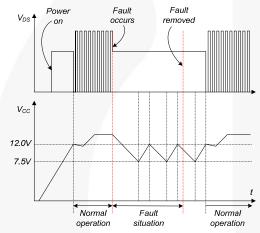
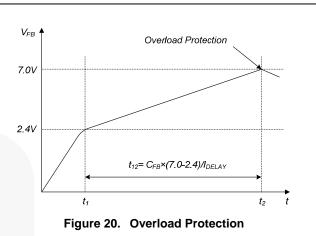
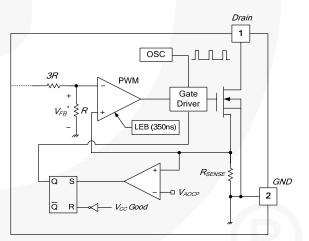


Figure 19. Auto-Restart Protection Waveforms

4.1 Overload Protection (OLP): Overload is defined as the load current exceeding its normal level due to an unexpected abnormal event. In this situation, the protection circuit should trigger to protect the SMPS. However, even when the SMPS is in normal operation, the overload protection circuit can be triggered during the load transition. To avoid this undesired operation, the overload protection circuit is designed to trigger only after a specified time to determine whether it is a transient situation or a true overload situation. Because of the pulse-by-pulse current limit capability, the maximum peak current through the SenseFET is limited and, therefore, the maximum input power is restricted with a given input voltage. If the output consumes more than this maximum power, the output voltage (VOUT) decreases below the set voltage. This reduces the current through the opto-coupler LED, which also reduces the opto-coupler transistor current, increasing the feedback voltage (V_{FB}). If V_{FB} exceeds 2.4V, D1 is blocked and the 2.0µA current source starts to charge V_{FB} slowly up. In this condition, V_{FB} continues increasing until it reaches 7.0V, when the switching operation is terminated, as shown in Figure 20. The delay for shutdown is the time required to charge CFB from 2.4V to 7.0V with 2.0µA. This protection is implemented in Auto-Restart Mode.



4.2 Abnormal Over-Current Protection (AOCP): When the secondary rectifier diodes or the transformer pins are shorted, a steep current with extremely high di/dt can flow through the SenseFET during the minimum turn-on time. Even though the FSL138MRT has overload protection, it is not enough to protect the FSL138MRT in that abnormal case; due to the severe current stress imposed on the SenseFET until OLP is triggered. The internal AOCP circuit is shown in Figure 21. When the gate turn-on signal is applied to the power SenseFET, the AOCP block is enabled and monitors the current through the sensing resistor. The voltage across the resistor is compared with a preset AOCP level. If the sensing resistor voltage is greater than the AOCP level, the set signal is applied to the S-R latch, resulting in the shutdown of the SMPS.

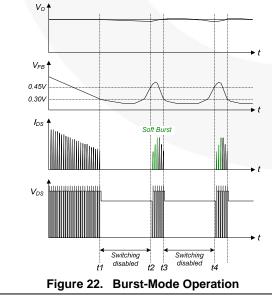




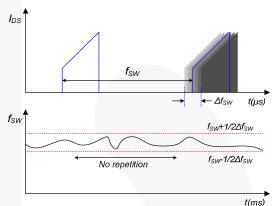
Over-Voltage Protection (OVP): If the 4.4 secondary-side feedback circuit malfunctions or a solder defect causes an opening in the feedback path, the current through the opto-coupler transistor becomes almost zero. Then V_{FB} climbs up in a similar manner to the overload situation, forcing the preset maximum current to be supplied to the SMPS until the overload protection is triggered. Because more energy than required is provided to the output, the output voltage may exceed the rated voltage before the overload protection is triggered, resulting in the breakdown of the devices in the secondary side. To prevent this situation, an OVP circuit is employed. In general, the V_{CC} is proportional to the output voltage and the FS136MRT uses V_{CC} instead of directly monitoring the output voltage. If V_{CC} exceeds 24.5V, an OVP circuit is triggered, resulting in the termination of the switching operation. To avoid undesired activation of OVP during normal operation, V_{CC} should be designed to be below 24.5V.

4.5 Thermal Shutdown (TSD): The SenseFET and the control IC on a die in one package makes it easier for the control IC to detect the over temperature of the SenseFET. If the temperature exceeds 140°C, the thermal shutdown is triggered and stops operation. The FSL138MRT operates in Auto-Restart Mode until the temperature decreases to around 80°C, when normal operation resumes.

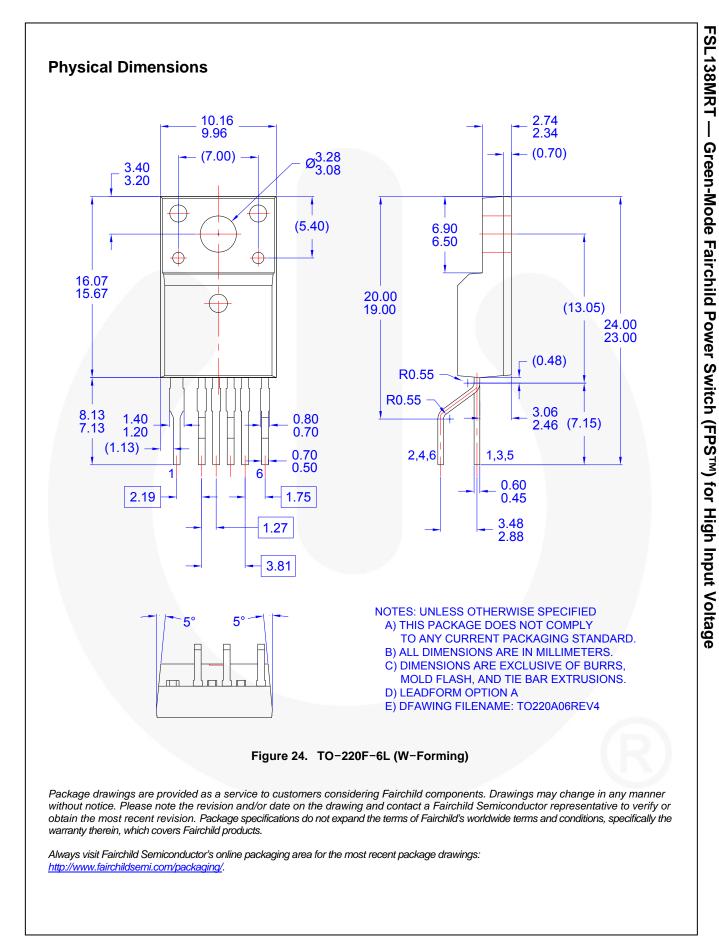
5. Soft Burst-Mode Operation: To minimize power dissipation in Standby Mode, the FSL138MRT enters Burst-Mode operation. As the load decreases, the feedback voltage decreases. The device automatically enters Burst Mode when the feedback voltage drops below V_{BURL} (300mV), as shown in Figure 22. At this point, switching stops and the output voltages start to drop at a rate dependent on standby current load. This causes the feedback voltage to rise. Once it passes V_{BURH} (450mV), switching resumes. The feedback voltage then falls and the process repeats. Burst Mode alternately enables and disables switching of the SenseFET, reducing switching loss in Standby Mode.



6. Random Frequency Fluctuation (RFF): Fluctuating switching frequency of an SMPS can reduce EMI by spreading the energy over a wide frequency range. The amount of EMI reduction is directly related to the switching frequency variation, which is limited internally. The switching frequency is determined randomly by external feedback voltage and an internal free-running oscillator at every switching instant. This random frequency fluctuation scatters the EMI noise around typical switching frequency (67kHz) effectively and can reduce the cost of the input filter included to meet the EMI requirements (e.g. EN55022).







SL138MRT FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR TRADEMARKS The following includes registered and unregistered trademarks and service marks, owned by Fairchild Semiconductor and/or its global subsidiaries, and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks. F-PFS™ PowerTrench[®] The Power Franchise® 2Cool^{TI} I FRFET® PowerXS™ AccuPower™ wer p Global Power ResourceSM Programmable Active Droop™ AX-CAPTM* Green-Mode Fairchild Power Switch (FPS[™]) for High Input Voltage franchis QFET® GreenBridae™ BitSiC™ TinyBoost™ Build it Now™ Green FPS™ OST TinyBuck™ Quiet Series™ CorePLUS™ Green FPS™ e-Series™ TinyCalc™ RapidConfigure™ CorePOWER™ Gmax™ TinyLogic® **CROSSVOLT**^{IM} GTO™)™ TINYOPTO IntelliMAX™ CTL™ Saving our world, 1mW/W/kW at a time™ TinyPower™ **ISOPLANAR**TM Current Transfer Logic™ TinyPWM™ SignalWise™ Making Small Speakers Sound Louder DEUXPEED SmartMax™ TinyWire™ and Better Dual Cool™ SMART START™ TranSiC™ EcoSPARK[®] MegaBuck™ Solutions for Your Success™ TriFault Detect™ MICROCOUPLER™ EfficientMax™ SPM TRUECURRENT®* **ESBC™** MicroFET™ STEALTH** uSerDes™ MicroPak™ R SuperFET MicroPak2™ SuperSOT™-3 Fairchild® Miller Drive Th SuperSOT™-6 Fairchild Semiconductor **UHC**[®] MotionMax™ SuperSOT™-8 Ultra FRFET™ FACT Quiet Series™ mWSaver™ SupreMOS FACT UniFET™ OptoHiT™ FAST® SyncFET™ VCX™ **OPTOLOGIC**[®] Sync-Lock™ FastvCore™ VisualMax™ **OPTOPLANAR®** FETBench™ VoltagePlus™ FlashWriter®* XST (m) **FPS™** * Trademarks of System General Corporation, used under license by Fairchild Semiconductor. DISCLAIMER FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION, OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS. THESE SPECIFICATIONS DO NOT EXPAND THE TERMS OF FAIRCHILD'S WORLDWIDE TERMS AND CONDITIONS, SPECIFICALLY THE WARRANTY THEREIN, WHICH COVERS THESE PRODUCTS LIFE SUPPORT POLICY FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein: 1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are 2. A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be safety or effectiveness. reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user.

ANTI-COUNTERFEITING POLICY

Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy. Fairchild's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy is also stated on our external website, www.fairchildsemi.com, under Sales Support.

Counterfeiting of semiconductor parts is a growing problem in the industry. All manufacturers of semiconductor products are experiencing counterfeiting of their parts. Customers who inadvertently purchase counterfeit parts experience many problems such as loss of brand reputation, substandard performance, failed applications, and increased cost of production and manufacturing delays. Fairchild is taking strong measures to protect ourselves and our customers from the proliferation of counterfeit parts. Fairchild strongly encourages customers to purchase Fairchild parts either directly from Fairchild or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors who are listed by country on our web page cited above. Products customers buy either from Fairchild directly or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors are genuine parts, have full traceability, meet Fairchild's quality standards for handling and storage and provide access to Fairchild's full range of up-to-date technical and product information. Fairchild and our Authorized Distributors will stand behind all warranties and will appropriately address any warranty issues that may arise. Fairchild will not provide any warranty coverage or other assistance for parts bought from Unauthorized Sources. Fairchild is committed to combat this global problem and encourage our customers to do their part in stopping this practice by buying direct or from authorized distributors

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative / In Design	Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only.

Rev. 162

ON Semiconductor and are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at <u>www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf</u>. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by ON Semiconductor. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in ON Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights of others. ON Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use ON Semiconductor has against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death ass

PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor 19521 E. 32nd Pkwy, Aurora, Colorado 80011 USA Phone: 303-675-2175 or 800-344-3860 Toll Free USA/Canada Fax: 303-675-2176 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada Email: orderlit@onsemi.com N. American Technical Support: 800–282–9855 Toll Free USA/Canada Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support: Phone: 421 33 790 2910

Japan Customer Focus Center Phone: 81-3-5817-1050 ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com

Order Literature: http://www.onsemi.com/orderlit

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative

© Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

ON Semiconductor: FSL138MRTWDTU