

RD4247MAG3110 Sensor Toolbox Tilt-Compensated eCompass Kit User's Guide

1 Introduction

The RD4247MAG3110 sensor toolbox tilt-compensated eCompass kit provides hardware and software for demonstrating the capability of the MAG3110 3-axis digital magnetometer in an eCompass application with hard- and soft-iron calibration.

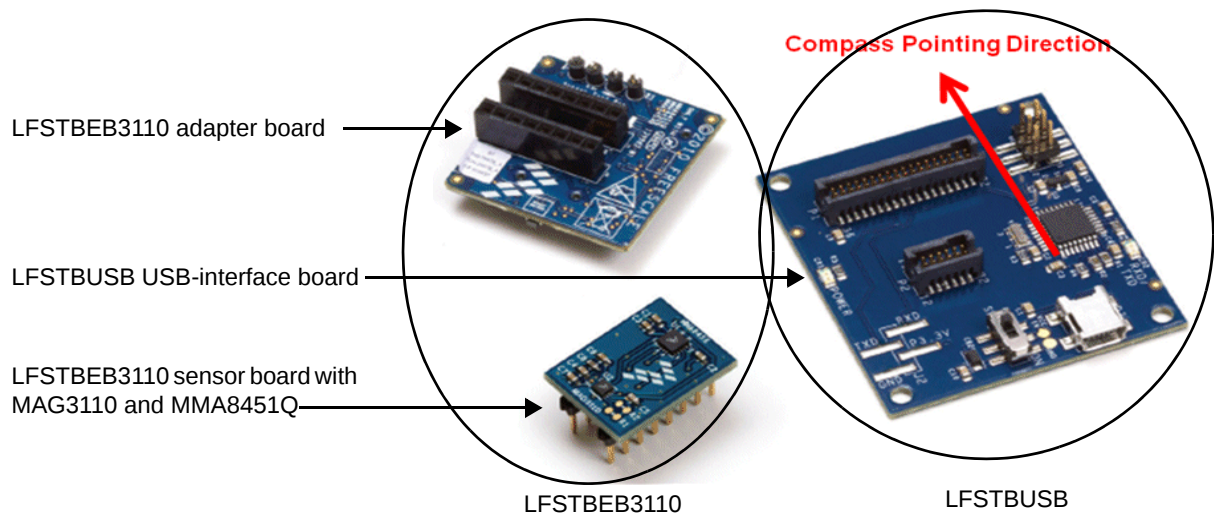
The kit includes the following:

- The LFSTBUSB USB-interface board and USB cable for connecting the evaluation board to a PC's USB port
- The LFSTBEB3110 kit comprising the MAG3110 magnetometer and MMA8451Q accelerometer sensor board and the adapter board
- The *LFSTBEB3110 Quick Start Guide*

The complete kit, shown in the following illustration, is available for order under part number RD4247MAG3110.

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2 Getting Started

To begin using the kit, assemble the kit's hardware and install the sensor toolbox software on the Windows® PC to which the kit will be connected.

2.1 Assembling the Kit

As instructed in the *LFSTBEB3110 Quick Start Guide*:

1. Attach the two LFSTBEB3110 boards to the LFSTBUSB USB-interface board.
2. The two LFSTBEB3110 boards are supplied connected. If they become separated, reconnect them, aligning the Pin-1 white arrows on both boards.

The hardware assembly will be completed as part of the software-installation procedure that follows.

When the kit is assembled, its compass-pointing direction is indicated by the red arrow in the preceding illustration. This direction ergonomically facilitates the evaluation of the eCompass functionality as the board assembly can be held by its USB connector.

2.2 Installing the Sensor Toolbox Software

The free sensor toolbox software provides an eCompass application with hard- and soft-iron calibration algorithms.

At the end of the installation process, you will be asked about installing a Future Technology Devices International (FTDI) serial-to-USB communications driver. This driver is required for communication between the PC and the evaluation board. If you have previously installed the sensor toolbox software, this driver already is installed.

The kit's navigation application uses a Google Maps™ demonstration powered by the Adobe® Shockwave® software. If the free Shockwave software is not installed on your PC, follow the instructions at the end of the procedure.

To install the toolbox software:

1. Download the sensor toolbox software by clicking the following link:

<http://www.freescale.com/sensortoolbox>.

The webpage, shown below, appears.

Sensor Toolbox



Freescall offers the Sensor Toolbox that provides a customizable selection of sensor development tools, accessories and software from Freescall's portfolio of acceleration, pressure and proximity touch sensors which enrich designs with a broad range of capabilities in detecting real-world conditions, such as motion, touch or pressure.

[Download Software](#) *Required for all Sensor Toolbox boards*

2. Click the Download Software button.

The Sensor Toolbox Installer license agreement page appears.

3. Scroll down to the bottom of the page, shown below, and click the I Accept button.

SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this Agreement is held for any reason to be invalid or unenforceable, then the remaining provisions of this Agreement will be unimpaired and, unless a modification or replacement of the invalid or unenforceable provision is further held to deprive you or Freescall of a material benefit, in which case the Agreement will immediately terminate, the invalid or unenforceable provision will be replaced with a provision that is valid and enforceable and that comes closest to the intention underlying the invalid or unenforceable provision.

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[I Accept](#)

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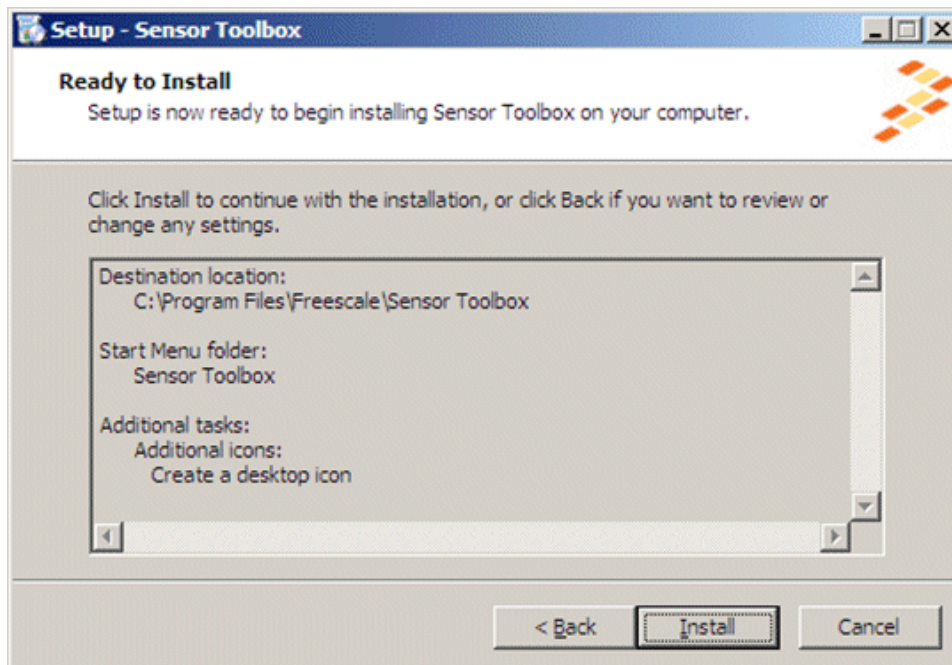
4. Save the software's installation executable file (SensorToolboxInstaller.exe) to your PC.
5. Complete the kit's hardware assembly by using the supplied USB cable to connect the LFSTBUSB USB-interface board to a USB port on your PC.

If the evaluation board's red power LED does not illuminate, check the power switch located next to the board's USB connector.

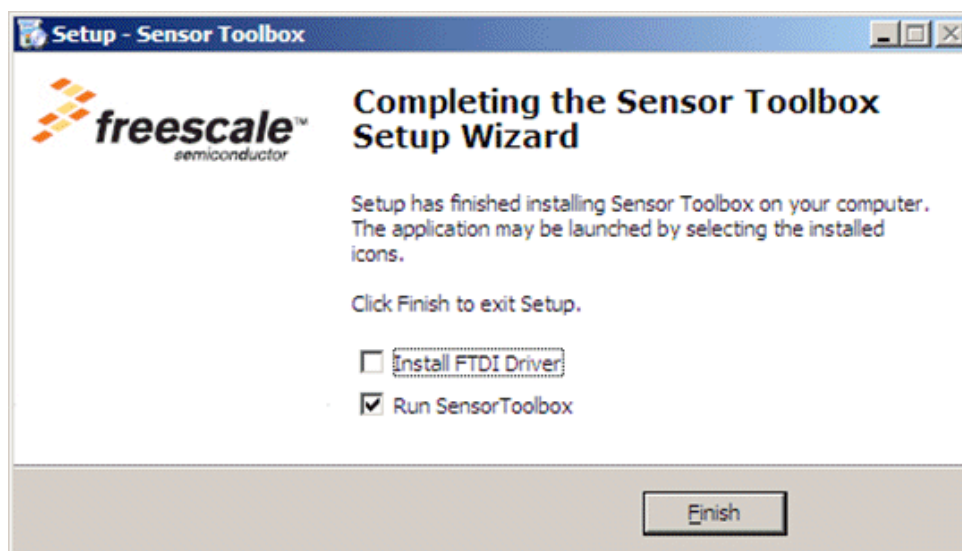
6. Locate the software toolkit's installation file on your PC and double-click on it.

Getting Started

7. Proceed through the setup wizard's series of dialog boxes.
During the process, you will be asked if you want a Sensor Toolbox icon added to your Start menu and desktop.
8. When the Ready to Install dialog box, shown below, appears, review the installation configuration and click the Install button.



A progress bar displays the status of the software installation and the final dialog box, shown below, appears.



9. Do any of the following and click the Finish button:
 - To install the Future Technology Devices International (FTDI) serial-to-USB communications driver, enable the Install FTDI Driver checkbox
 - To launch the toolbox software upon completion of the setup, leave the Run Sensor Toolbox checkbox enabled

If you chose to install the FTDI driver, a command-line window briefly appears.

10. If you do not have the Adobe Shockwave software installed on your PC, use the following link to download and install that application:

<http://get.adobe.com/shockwave/>

The application is now ready for use. If you left the Run Sensor Toolbox checkbox enabled, the application launches and detects the devices connected to the evaluation board. (See the next section.)

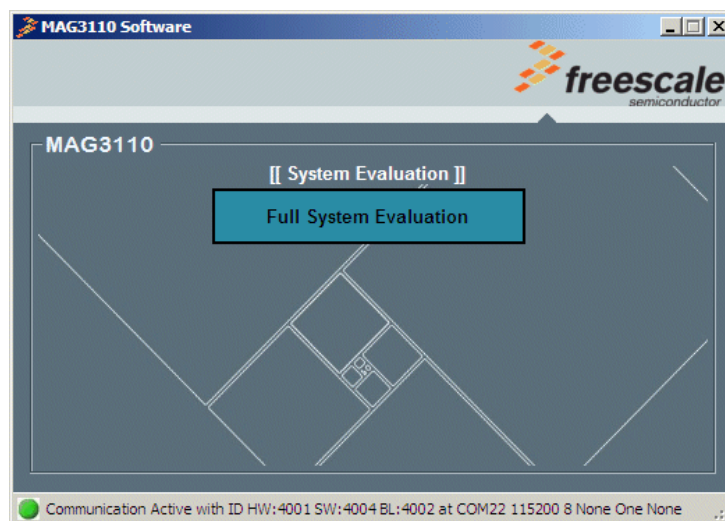
2.3 Launching the Sensor Toolbox Software

1. Ensure that the compass boards are connected to a USB port on your PC with the USB cable. The evaluation board's red power LED illuminates. (If the LED does not illuminate, check the power switch located next to the board's USB connector.)
2. Launch the toolbox software by doing either of the following:
 - Double-click on the application's desktop icon
 - Select Start > Programs > Sensor Toolbox > Sensor Toolbox

The sensor toolbox's hardware-detection dialog box, shown below, displays.



Then the MAG3110 evaluation software's main menu, shown in the following figure, displays.



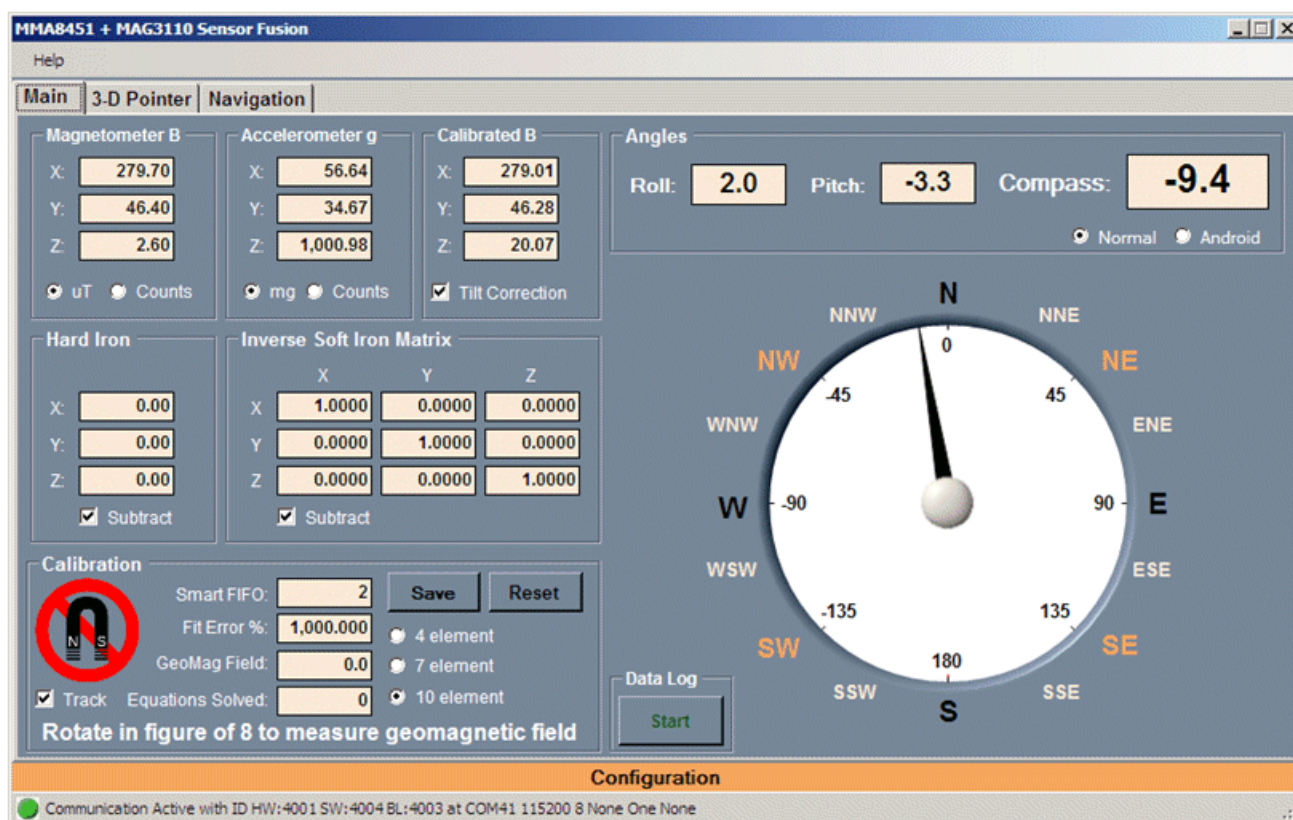
3. Open the tilt-compensated eCompass application by clicking on Full System Evaluation.

3 Quick-Start Demonstration

The following demonstration procedure familiarizes you with the Main and Configuration screens and the calibration functionality.

1. Launch the sensor toolbox software by using the procedure in [Section 2.3, “Launching the Sensor Toolbox Software,”](#) on page 6.

The main eCompass screen appears with a red magnet warning icon in the Calibration frame, indicating that the compass is out of calibration. Text at the bottom of the frame advises *Rotate in figure of 8 to measure geomagnetic field*.



2. Rotate the device in a figure-eight motion as advised.

When a minimum of 16 magnetic measurements are stored in the Smart FIFO, the compass software uses those measurements to calibrate the device. The default, 10-element calibration is composed of:

- Three elements in the Hard Iron frame
- Six elements in the Inverse Soft Iron Matrix frame (There are not nine elements because the matrix is symmetrical.)
- The geomagnetic field strength in the Calibration frame

When the device is successfully calibrated, as shown in the following figure, the Calibrated frame displays:

- A Fit Error % that should be less than 2%
- Five green bars, where the red-magnet icon had appeared
- The message *Calibrated*, at the bottom of the frame

The screenshot shows a calibration interface with three main sections:

- Hard Iron:** X: 259.55, Y: 39.75, Z: -36.61. A ☒ Subtract checkbox is at the bottom.
- Inverse Soft Iron Matrix:** A 3x3 matrix with X, Y, Z columns and rows. Values: X(0.9406, -0.0304, 0.0055), Y(-0.0304, 0.9434, 0.0233), Z(0.0055, 0.0233, 1.1287). A ☒ Subtract checkbox is at the bottom.
- Calibration:** Includes a bar chart with 5 green bars, Smart FIFO: 16, Fit Error %: 0.398, GeoMag Field: 50.9, Equations Solved: 16, and a ☒ Track checkbox. Radio buttons for 4, 7, and 10 elements are present. Save and Reset buttons are on the right. The word **Calibrated** is at the bottom.

- Take one of the following actions with the established calibration:
 - To freeze the current calibration, clear the Track checkbox
 - To update the calibration continuously, enable the Track checkbox
- Review the readings in the Magnetometer B, Accelerometer g, and Calibrated B frames, shown in the following figure, that are located in the top, left corner of the Main screen.

The screenshot shows three data frames:

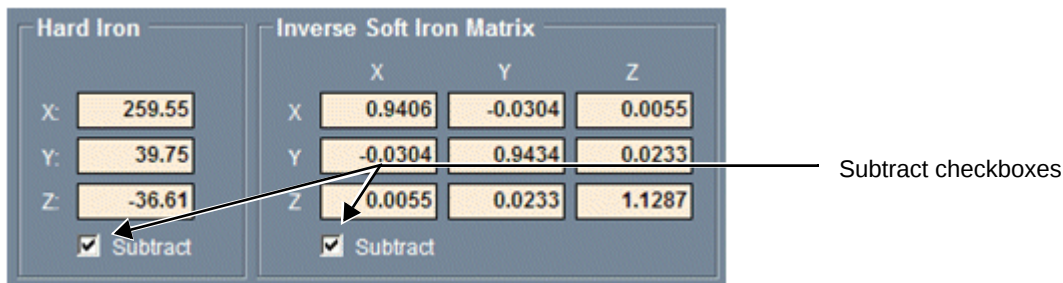
- Magnetometer B:** X: 292.30, Y: 123.50, Z: -0.30. Radio buttons for uT and Counts are at the bottom.
- Accelerometer g:** X: 128.91, Y: 117.68, Z: 988.77. Radio buttons for mg and Counts are at the bottom.
- Calibrated B:** X: 6.69, Y: 44.08, Z: 31.21. A ☒ Tilt Correction checkbox is at the bottom.

- The Magnetometer B frame shows the three components of the magnetic field in μT measured by the magnetometer sensor
- The Accelerometer g frame shows the three components of the accelerometer sensor output measured in mg
- The Calibrated B frame shows the magnetometer output corrected by the magnetic calibration and corrected for the tilt of the evaluation board

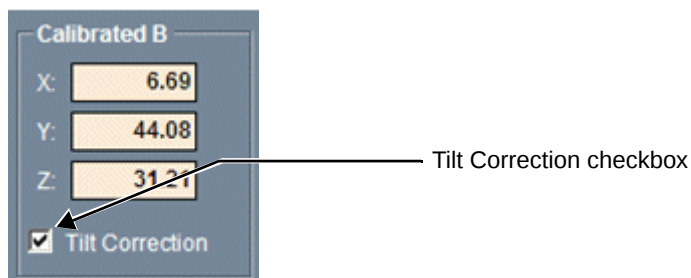
5. If desired, modify the display of the fields in those frames by doing any of the following:
 - To switch the magnetometer's display of the magnetic field from the default of μT to bit counts, select the Counts option
 - To switch the accelerometer's display from the default of mg to bit counts, select the Counts option
6. Review the Angles frame of the Main screen, shown in the following figure.



- The computed Roll, Pitch and Compass angles and displayed in degrees at the top of the frame
 - The Compass angle also is displayed graphically
 - The Normal and Android option buttons implement the default and Android standards for calculating roll and pitch angles
7. Return to the Hard Iron and Inverse Soft Iron Matrix frames in the middle, left portion of the Main screen and do the following to demonstrate the importance of an accurate magnetic calibration:

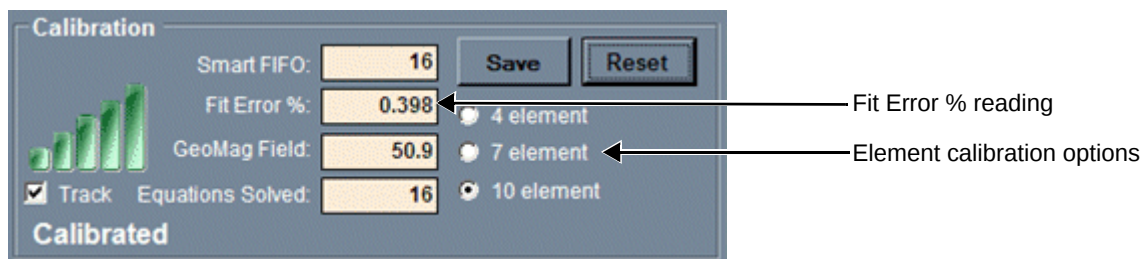


- Deselect the Subtract checkboxes in both frames to turn off the hard-iron and soft-iron corrections for the eCompass and observe how the compass heading becomes jammed.
 - Select both Subtract checkboxes to reactivate the calibration corrections and watch the eCompass become unjammed again.
8. Demonstrate the importance of tilt-compensation algorithms by returning to the Calibrated B frame, near the top, center of the Main screen, and deselecting the Tilt Correction checkbox to turn off tilt correction for the eCompass.



The eCompass will still operate if it is held flat, but pitching or rolling the device will cause dramatic compass heading errors.

9. Examine calibration options by doing the following in the Calibration frame in the bottom, left of the Main screen:



- Sequentially select the 10 element, 7 element, and 4 element option buttons.

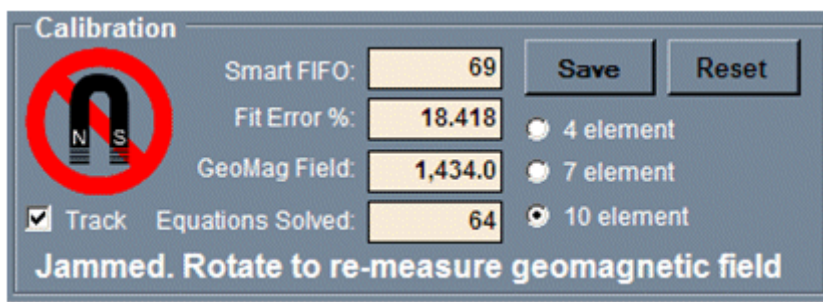
- Observe how the Fit Error % field's values increases, in going from the 10-element model to the 4-element model, as a less-complete calibration model is used.

The 7-element model simplifies the inverse soft-iron matrix to a diagonal matrix with zero off-diagonal elements. The calibration parameters are the three hard-iron coefficients, the three soft-iron matrix coefficients, and the geomagnetic field strength.

The 4-element model further simplifies the inverse soft iron matrix simplifies to a unit matrix. The calibration parameters are the three hard-iron coefficients and the geomagnetic field strength.

- Deliberately jam the eCompass by bringing it close to a spurious magnetic field (such as a notebook hard disc or a magnet from a desktop-telephone speaker).

- The Fit Error % field's value increases and the number of green calibration bars drops from four to one and are replaced by the red magnetic warning icon, as shown in the following figure.
- The frame's status field displays *Jammed. Rotate to re-measure geomagnetic field*.



- To unjam the eCompass, do either of the following:

- Move the eCompass away from the jamming source and rotate the evaluation board to obtain new measurements of the geomagnetic field for calibration.

The Fit Error % value decreases and the number of green bars increases up to five, as the jammed calibration measurements are replaced by newer measurements.

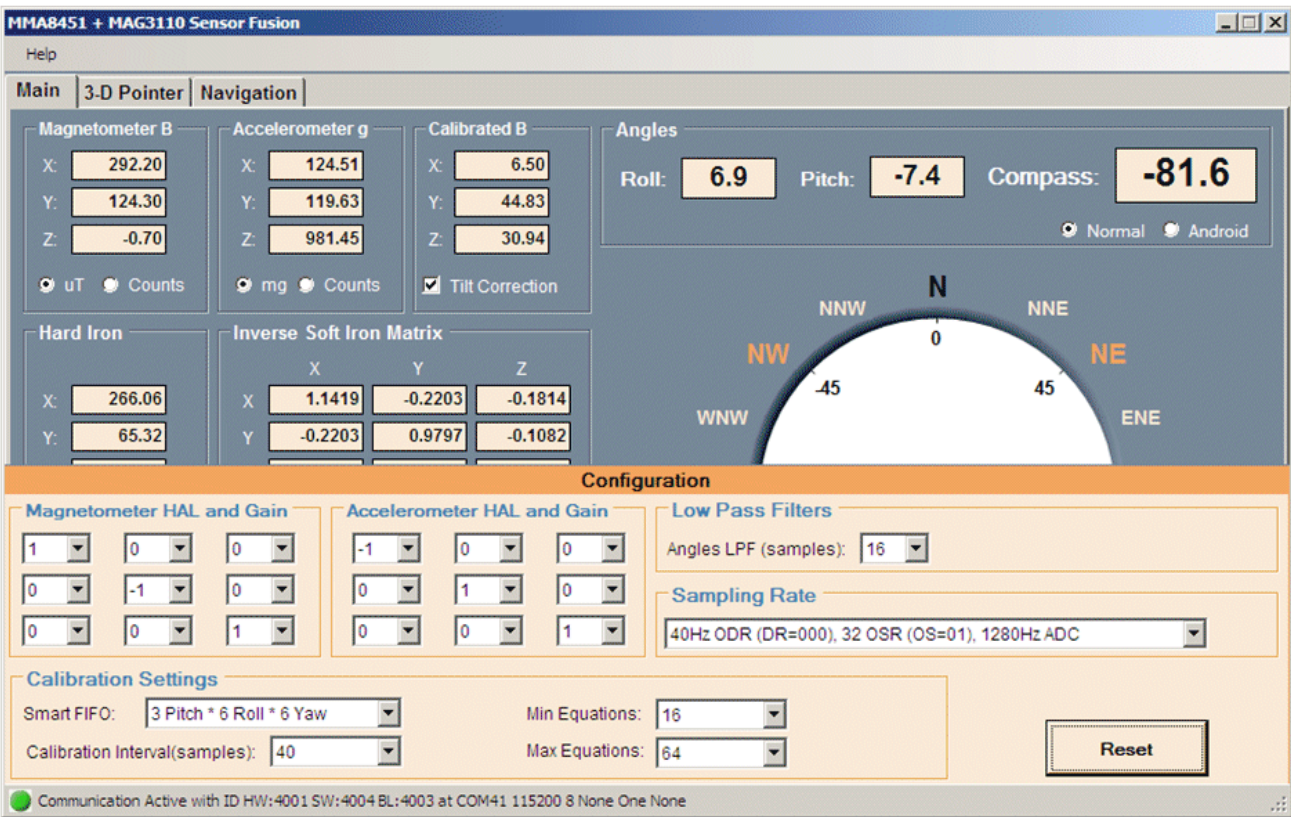
- Click the Reset button to immediately discard all calibrations and rotate the evaluation board to capture new calibration data.

4 Advanced eCompass Features

This section looks at advanced configuration and calibration features.

4.1 Configuration Screen

The Calibration screen enables advanced users to change run-time parameters. To display the screen, move the mouse pointer over the Configuration bar at the bottom of the Main screen.



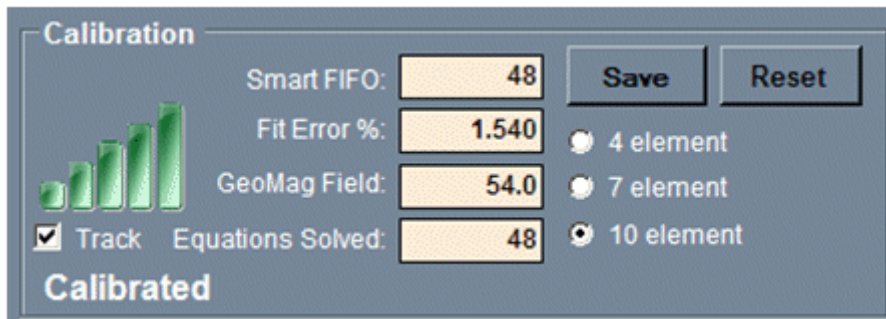
The screen's features are explained in the following table.

Table 1 Configuration Frame

Screen frame	Description	
Magnetometer HAL ¹ and Gain	Aligns the magnetometer package to the x, y, and z axes of the evaluation board in multiples of 90 degrees. Permitted values are -1, 0, and 1. The magnetometer reading used by the eCompass algorithms is obtained by multiplying the raw magnetometer measurement by this three-by-three matrix.	These Hardware Abstraction Layer settings should be changed only if the sensor toolbox software is being used with a customer evaluation board whose sensor package orientation does not match that of the MAG3110 and MMA8451Q daughter board.
Accelerometer HAL ¹ and Gain	Aligns the accelerometer package to the x, y, and z axes of the evaluation board in multiples of 90 degrees. Permitted values are -1, 0, and 1. The accelerometer reading used by the eCompass algorithms is obtained by multiplying the raw magnetometer measurement by this three-by-three matrix.	
Low-Pass Filters	The Angles LPF (samples) list-box field sets the 1/e time constant (in samples) of the single-pole, exponential low-pass filters acting on the roll, pitch, and compass heading angles. The default setting is 16 samples which equates to 0.4s 1/e convergence at the default, 40-Hz sampling frequency.	
Sampling Rate	Selects the magnetometer's output data rates and over-sampling ratios. The default rate is 40 Hz. For more details on these settings, see the <i>MAG3110 3-Axis, Digital Magnetometer Data Sheet</i> (MAG3110).	
Calibration Settings	Enables configuration of four parameters used for magnetic calibration.	
	Smart FIFO	Configures the data structure that calibrates the device by storing measurements of the geomagnetic field at different orientations. The default setting is 3x Pitch times 6x Roll times 6x Yaw ranges to give a total of 108 entries. The alternative setting is 4x Pitch times 8x Roll times 8x Yaw values for a total of 256 entries.
	Calibration Interval	Selects whether the calibration algorithms execute every 10, 20, 40, 80, 120, or 160 samples. At the default sampling rate of 40 Hz, this corresponds to a calibration every 0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, or 4 seconds.
	Min Equations	Defines the minimum number of measurements stored in the Smart FIFO to be used for calibration. The default setting is 16 measurements with the alternatives of 10, 12, and 14. The lowest setting is 10 because it is impossible for the 10-element calibration model to be solved when fewer than 10 measurement equations are available.
	Max Equations	Defines the maximum number of measurements stored in the Smart FIFO to be used for calibration. The default setting is 64, but this can be set as high as 256. Generally, more measurements are better, but at the expense of increased processing and power consumption. If this field is set to 128, 192 or 256, the Smart FIFO field should be set to its larger value because the smaller value contains only 108 entries which limits measurements to that number.
Reset	Resets the Configuration screen settings to default values.	

¹ HAL: Hardware Abstraction Layer

To observe the effects of your calibrations, roll the mouse off of the Configuration frame to close it and display all of the Main screen. Look at the Calibration frame in the bottom, left corner of the screen.

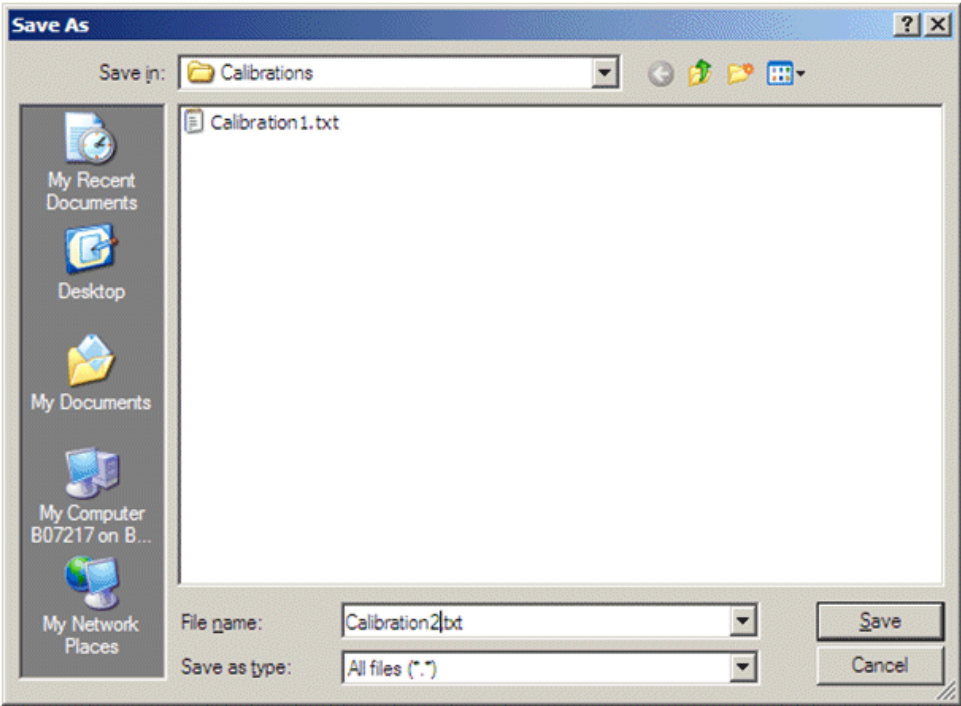


- The Smart FIFO value shows the number of measurements currently stored in the Smart FIFO.
- The Equations Solved value shows the number of measurements equations currently being used for the solution.
- The Equations Solved value will remain at zero until the Min Equations measurements (set in the Configuration screen's Calibration frame) are available for use. The value then will jump to the Min Equations setting and increase up to the value set for Max Equations.

4.2 Calibration Save

The Calibration frame's Save button enables advanced users to analyze and visualize the magnetic calibration by saving the calibration to a tab-delimited ASCII text file that can be opened with a text or spreadsheet application.

When the button is clicked, a Save As dialog box, shown in the following figure, prompts the user a filename and storage location for the calibration file.



A sample calibration file follows, with inserted annotations displayed in italic text.

The Smart FIFO has dimensions 3x6x6 for 108 entries in total.

Total assigned smart FIFO size	108
FIFO Roll Phi dimension	6
FIFO Pitch Theta dimension	3
FIFO Yaw Psi dimension	6

The calibration has been computed for the 10 element model.

Number of calibration parameters	10
----------------------------------	----

The hard-iron calibration vector in μT .

Hard iron Vx (μT)	260.3826
Hard iron Vy (μT)	41.64858
Hard iron Vz (μT)	-52.42494

The inverse soft-iron matrix.

Inverse Soft Iron invW[0][]	0.9679827	-0.03510316	0.004310295
Inverse Soft Iron invW[1][]	-0.03510318	1.015078	0.03668828
Inverse Soft Iron invW[2][]	0.004310329	0.03668828	1.020367

The ellipsoid fit matrix equal to the square of the inverse soft-iron matrix.

Ellipsoid matrix A[0][]	0.9382414	-0.06945354	0.007282599
Ellipsoid matrix A[1][]	-0.06945354	1.032962	0.07452545
Ellipsoid matrix A[2][]	0.007282599	0.07452545	1.042513

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The fitted geomagnetic field strength in μT .

Geomagnetic field B (uT) 52.31701

The calibration Fit Error in %.

Calibration fit error % 0.7030118

The number of measurement equations used for this calibration.

Measurements used in solution 49

The sample number index of the earliest magnetometer reading used for the calibration.

Earliest sample index used -1

The number of measurements stored in the Smart FIFO.

Smart FIFO count 49

The actual magnetometer measurements stored in the Smart FIFO.

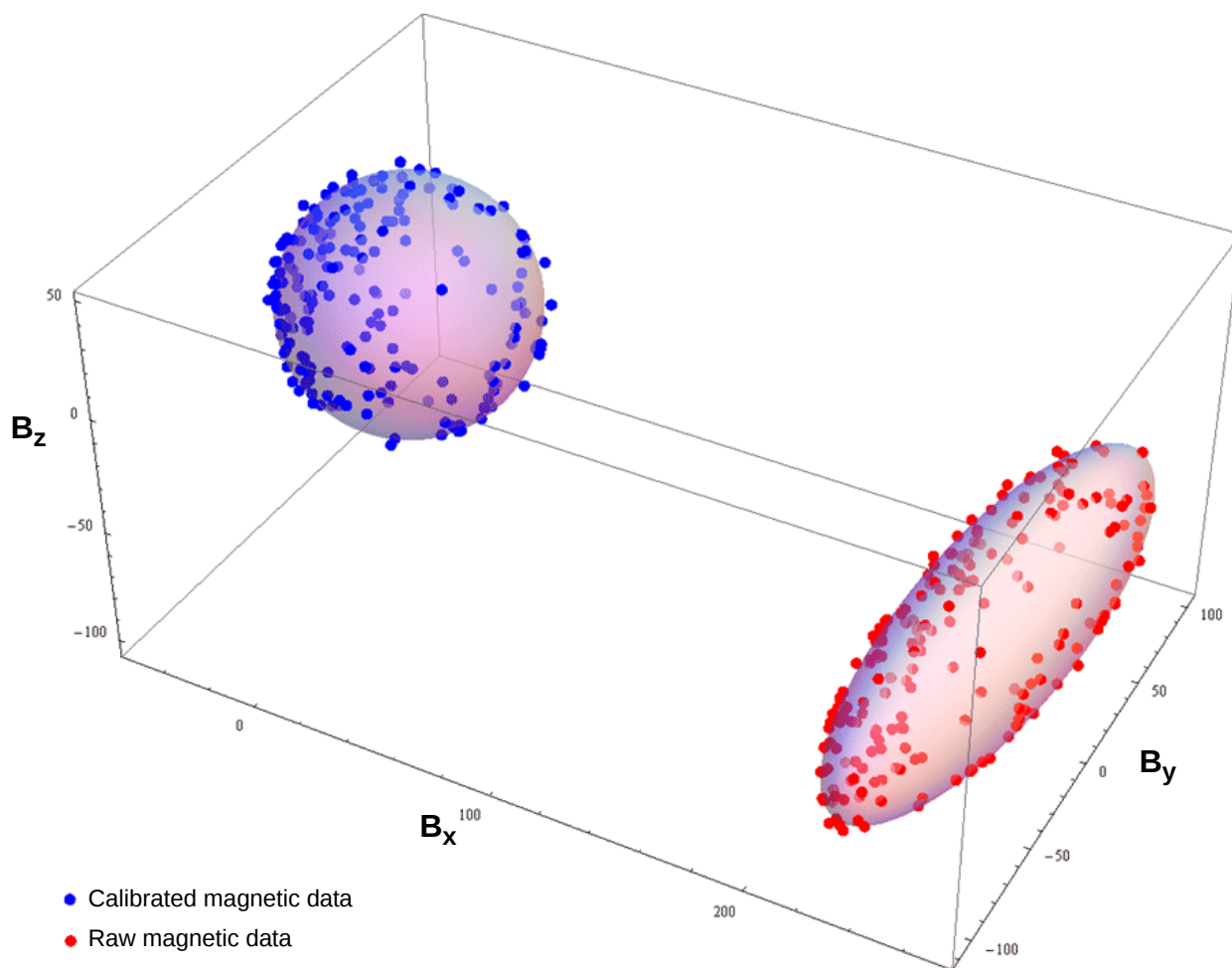
Sample index	Bpx (uT)	Bpy (uT)	Bpz (uT)
80	304.5	16.9	-37.6
13	245.7	-6.4	-33.8
92	298.3	15.5	-73.2
93	300.2	13.6	-66
78	299	21	-23.1
...68	219.9	42.1	-17.9

The text after this line can be pasted into Wolfram Mathematica to display the raw and calibrated data:

```
Mathematica visualization script
rawdata={
{304.5,16.9,-37.6},
{245.7,-6.4,-33.8},
{298.3,15.5,-73.2},
{300.2,13.6,-66},
...
{219.9,42.1,-17.9}}
caldata={
{43.63754,-26.1265,14.40905},
{-12.44556,-47.57435,17.17816},
{37.53175,-28.63608,-21.9941},
{39.46864,-30.36727,-14.70897},
...
{-39.05349,3.145957,35.07017}}
plot1 = ListPointPlot3D[rawdata, AxesLabel -> {Bx, By, Bz}, Axes -> True, BaseStyle -> {FontSize
-> 14}, BoxRatios -> Automatic, PlotStyle -> Directive[Red, PointSize[0.02]]]
a={{0.9382414,-0.06945354,0.007282599},
{-0.06945354,1.032962,0.07452545},
{0.007282599,0.07452545,1.042513}}
plot2=RegionPlot3D[{x-(260.3826),y-(41.64858),z-(-52.42494)}.a.
{x-(260.3826),y-(41.64858),z-(-52.42494)}<2737.07,
{x,260.3826-120,260.3826+120}, {y,41.64858-120,41.64858+120},
{z,-52.42494-120,-52.42494+120},
PlotPoints -> 100, Mesh -> None, AxesLabel -> {Bx, By, Bz}, BaseStyle -> {FontSize -> 14},
AxesLabel -> Automatic, PlotStyle -> Opacity[0.5]]
plot3 = ListPointPlot3D[caldata, AxesLabel -> {Bx, By, Bz}, Axes -> True, BaseStyle -> {FontSize
-> 14}, BoxRatios -> Automatic, PlotStyle -> Directive[Blue, PointSize[0.02]]]
plot4=RegionPlot3D[x*x+y*y+z*z<2737.07, {x,-100,100}, {y,-100,100}, {z,-100,100},
PlotPoints -> 100, Mesh -> None, AxesLabel -> {Bx, By, Bz}, BaseStyle -> {FontSize -> 14},
AxesLabel -> Automatic, PlotStyle -> Opacity[0.5]]
Show[plot1, plot2, PlotRange -> Automatic]
Show[plot3, plot4, PlotRange -> Automatic]
Show[plot2, plot4, PlotRange -> Automatic]
Show[plot1, plot2, plot3, plot4, PlotRange -> Automatic]
```

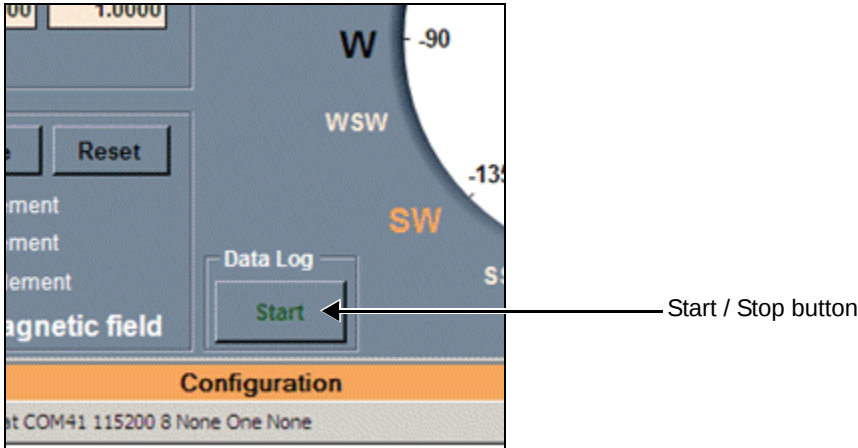
Advanced eCompass Features

A typical mathematical plot is shown in the following figure. The raw magnetic data is shown in red and shows strong hard- and soft-iron distortions. The calibrated magnetic data is shown in blue and lies on the surface of a sphere, centered at the origin.



4.3 Data Log

The Data Log frame, in the bottom center of the Main screen contains a Start / Stop button, as shown in the following figure. That button enables or disables, respectively, the logging of sensor data to a file on the PC's hard disc.



When the Start button is clicked, the user is prompted for the output filename and location. Because the file is written in the ASCII format, a .txt filename extension should be used. The data is written at a fixed rate of 10 Hz, irrespective of the sampling rate selected for the eCompass.

The file format is below. The column headings after Time Stamp match the data fields in the main screen. The columns and example data are as follows:

Time when this line was recorded and written.

Time	09/08/2011 10:40
------	------------------

Sample number incrementing every 1/40s for the default, 40-Hz sample rate.

Sample index	38151
--------------	-------

The x, y and z raw magnetic field values in μT .

Bpx (μT)	290.2
Bpy (μT)	57.9
Bpz (μT)	-6.8

The x, y and z raw accelerometer values in mg.

Gpx (mg)	123.54
Gpy (mg)	111.82
Gpz (mg)	987.31

The calibrated and tilt-compensated magnetometer readings.

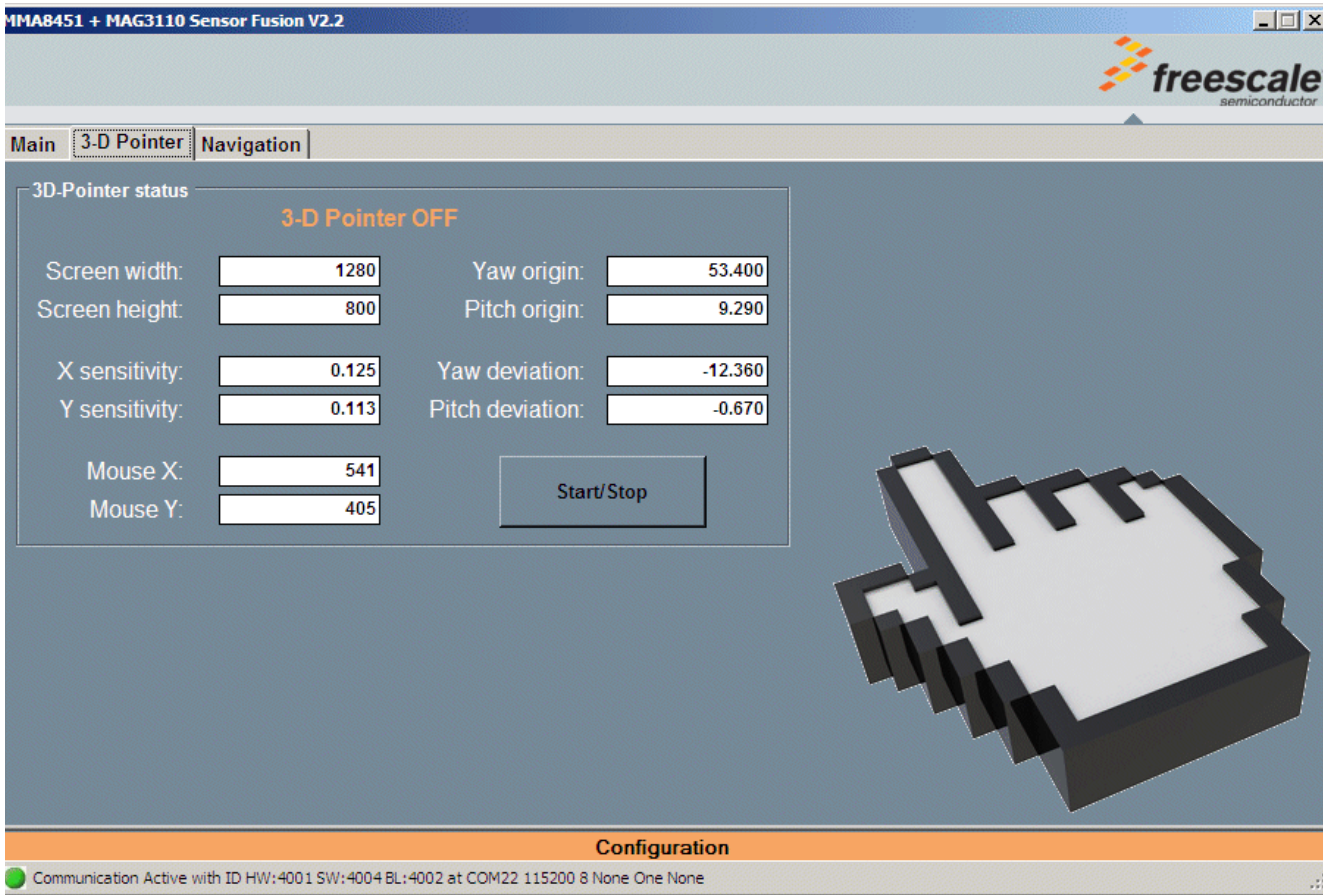
Bpx (comp, μT)	23.22
Bpy (comp, μT)	6.78
Bpz (comp, μT)	48.6

3D Pointer Screen

The pitch, roll and yaw/Compass angles in degrees.

Roll (deg)	6.5
Pitch (deg)	-7.1
Yaw Compass (deg)	-15.7

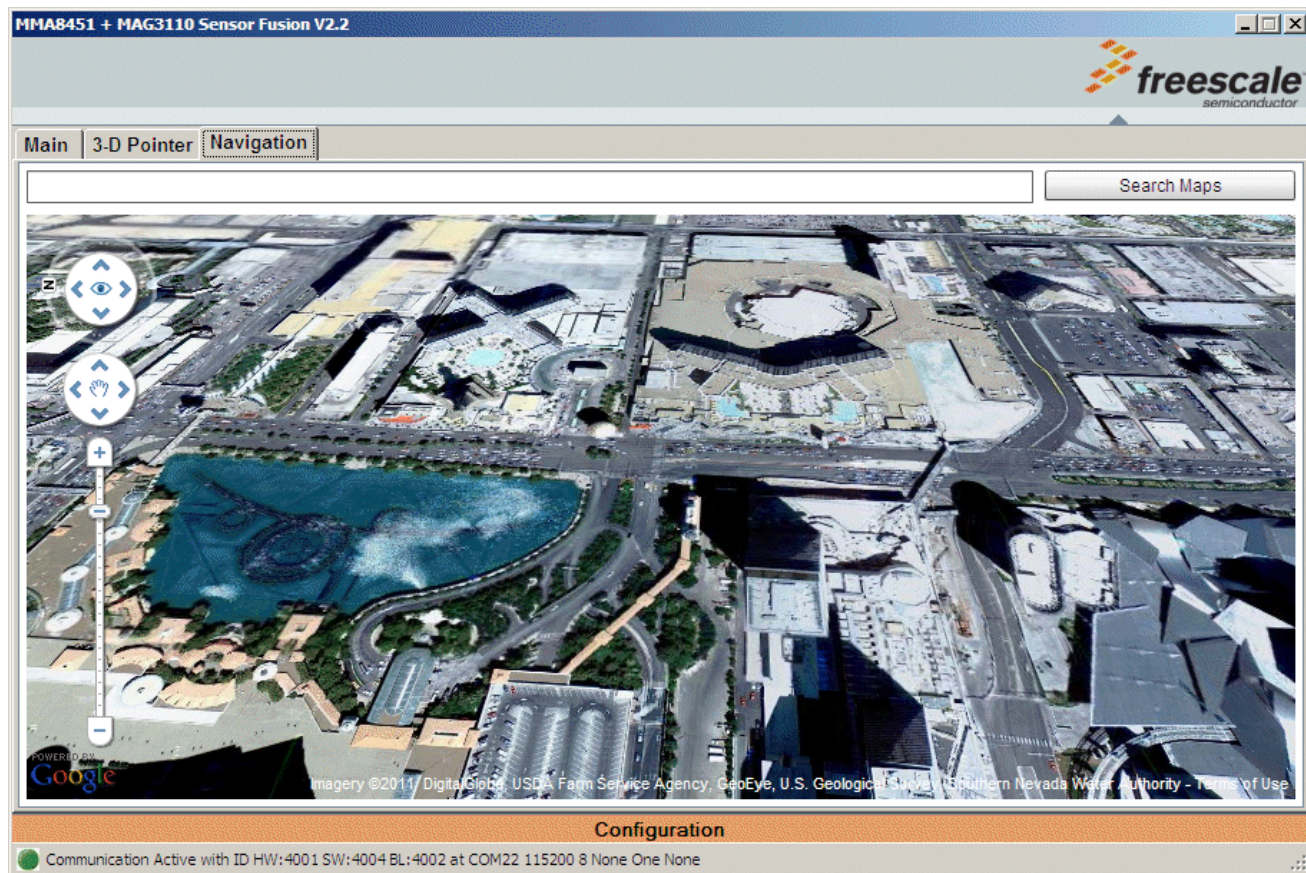
5 3D Pointer Screen



The 3D Pointer screen uses the sensor daughter board to control of the PC mouse pointer. First ensure that the compass is calibrated. To start the demonstration, click the Start/Stop button. The compass (yaw) and pitch angles are used to position the mouse pointer horizontally and vertically, respectively.

To stop the demonstration, manipulate the sensor daughter board to position the mouse pointer over the Start/Stop button and click the PC mouse.

6 Navigation Screen



The Navigation screen uses all three angles output from the sensor daughter board to control the Google Maps display. The roll angle controls the display in the left and right direction. The pitch angle controls the display in forward and backward direction. The compass/yaw angle controls the rotation of the map display.

The PC must be connected to the internet for this demonstration and the Adobe Shockwave software must be installed. If Adobe Shockwave is not installed, please follow the instructions at:

<http://get.adobe.com/shockwave/>

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