KTFRDM34933EVBUG FRDM-34933EVB evaluation board Rev. 1.0 — 15 March 2017

User guide

1 FRDM-34933EVB





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2 Important notice

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This evaluation kit is intended for use of ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT OR EVALUATION PURPOSES ONLY. It is provided as a sample IC pre-soldered to a printed circuit board to make it easier to access inputs, outputs, and supply terminals. This evaluation board may be used with any development system or other source of I/O signals by simply connecting it to the host MCU or computer board via off-theshelf cables. This evaluation board is not a Reference Design and is not intended to represent a final design recommendation for any particular application. Final device in an application will be heavily dependent on proper printed circuit board layout and heat sinking design as well as attention to supply filtering, transient suppression, and I/O signal quality.

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3 Getting started

3.1 Kit contents/packing list

The kit contents include:

- Assembled and tested evaluation board/module in an anti-static bag
- Quick Start Guide, Analog Tools
- · Warranty card

3.2 Jump start

NXP's analog product development boards provide an easy-to-use platform for evaluating NXP products. The boards support a range of analog, mixed-signal and power solutions. They incorporate monolithic ICs and system-in-package devices that use proven high-volume technology. NXP products offer longer battery life, a smaller form factor, reduced component counts, lower cost and improved performance in powering state of the art systems.

- 1. Go to the tool summary page: http://www.nxp.com/FRDM-34933EVB
- 2. Locate and click:

Jump Start Your Design

3. Download the documents, software and other information.

Once the files are downloaded, review the user guide in the bundle. The user guide includes setup instructions, BOM and schematics. Jump start bundles are available on each tool summary page with the most relevant and current information. The information includes everything needed for design.

3.3 Required equipment

To use this kit, you need:

- DC power supply (2.0 V to 7.0 V, 0.1 A to 1.0 A, depending on stepper motor requirements)
- USB A to mini-B cable
- Oscilloscope (preferably 4-channel) with current probe(s)
- Digital multimeter
- FRDM-KL25Z Freedom Development Platform
- Typical loads (stepper motor, brushed DC motors, or power resistors)
- 3/16" blade screwdriver
- One 12-pin (PPTC062LFBN-RC), two 16-pin (PPTC082LFBN-RC), and one 20-pin (PPTC102LFBN-RC) female connector, by Sullins Connector Solutions, or equivalent soldered to FRDM-KL25Z

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3.4 System requirements

The kit requires the following:

USB-enabled PC with Windows[®] XP or higher

4 Getting to know the hardware

4.1 Board overview

The evaluation board features the dual H-bridge ICs, which features the ability to drive either a single two phase stepper motor or two brushed DC motors. The dual H-bridge ICs incorporate internal control logic, a charge pump, gate drive, high current, and low $R_{DS(on)}$ MOSFET output circuitry.

4.2 Board features

The evaluation board is designed to easily evaluate and test the main component, the Hbridge devices. The board's main features are as follows:

- · Compatible with Freedom series evaluation boards such as FRDM-KL25Z
- · Built in fuse for both part and load protection
- · Screw terminals to provide easy connection of power and loads
- · Test points to allow probing of signals
- · Built-in voltage regulator to supply logic level circuitry
- LED to indicate status of logic power supply of the evaluation board, as well as a general purpose indicator

4.3 Device features

The evaluation board feature the following NXP product:

Table 1. Device features

Evaluation board	Device	Device features
FRDM-34933EVB	MC34933 (16-pin QFN)	 The NXP MC34933 is a four channel dual H-bridge IC that is ideal for portable electronic applications to control single stepper motor or two Brush DC motors. 2.0 V to 7.0 V dual H-bridge motor driver with enable and tristate bridge control via a parallel MCU interface. Output current 1.0 A continuous, 1.4 A peak. The IC has low RDS on-resistance of 1.0 Ohm (max.) and the drivers can be PWM-ed up to 200 kHz control frequency. Contains an integrated charge pump and level shifter (for gate drive voltages), in addition to integrated shoot through current protection and under voltage circuit detector to avoid malfunction Four output control modes: forward, reverse, brake, tristate (open)

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4.4 Board description

The following sections describe the additional hardware used to support the dual Hbridge driver.

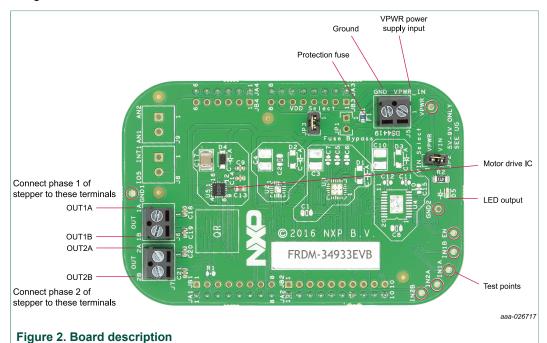


Table 2 Board description

Name	Description
U5	16-pin QFN H-bridge motor drive IC (MC34933)
F1	Overcurrent fuse
D5	LED output
OUT1A	Connect motor phase 1A to this terminal
OUT1B	Connect motor phase 1B to this terminal
OUT2A	Connect motor phase 2A to this terminal
OUT2B	Connect motor phase 2B to this terminal
VPWR	Power supply Input terminal
GND	Ground terminal
JA1	Interface connection to FRDM-KL25Z
JA2	Interface connection to FRDM-KL25Z
JA3	Interface connection to FRDM-KL25Z
JA4	Interface connection to FRDM-KL25Z

4.4.1 LED display

An LED is provided as a visual output device for the board.

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Table 3. LED display

LED ID	Description
D5	Indicates when power is supplied to the board via JP2

4.4.2 Test point definitions

The following test points provide access to signals on the board.

Table 4. Test point	definitions	
TP#	Signal name	Description
TP1	VPWR	Power input after fuse
TP2	EN	Enable signal
TP3	GND1	Ground
TP4	GND2	Ground
TP5	IN1A	H-bridge Input signal for OUT1A
TP6	IN1B	H-bridge Input signal for OUT1B
TP7	IN2A	H-bridge Input signal for OUT2A
TP8	IN2B	H-bridge Input signal for OUT2B

4.4.3 Input signal definitions

The motor drive IC has as many as five input signals that are used to control certain outputs or functions inside the circuit.

Table 5. Input signal definitions

Name on board	Description
IN1A	Controls OUT1A
IN1B	Controls OUT1B
IN2A	Controls OUT2A
IN2B	Controls OUT2B
EN	This signal enables output 1 and output 2

4.4.4 Output signal definitions

The motor drive IC has four output signals that are used to drive a single DC stepper motor or two DC brushed motors.

Table 6. Output Signal Definitions

Name	Description
OUT1A	H-bridge 1 driver output phase 1A
OUT1B	H-bridge 1 driver output phase 1B
OUT2A	H-bridge 2 driver output phase 2A
OUT2B	H-bridge 2 driver output phase 2B

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4.4.5 Screw terminal connections

The board features screw terminal connections to allow easy access to device signals and supply rails.

Table 7. Sc	rew terminal	connections
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Name	Pin	Signal name	Signal description
J5	1	VPWR_IN	Power input (5.0 V to 9.0 V)
	2	GND	Ground
J6	1	OUT1A	Driver output 1A
	2	OUT1B	Driver output 1B
J7	1	OUT2A	Driver output 2A
	2	OUT2B	Driver output 2B
J8	1	INT1	Auxiliary MCU signal (interrupt) Not populated
	2	IO5	Auxiliary MCU signal (GPIO) Not populated
J9	1	AN2	Auxiliary MCU signal (analog) Not populated
	2	AN1	Auxiliary MCU signal (analog) Not populated

4.4.6 Jumpers

The board features jumper connections as shown in Table 8.

Table 8. Jumpers	S
Name	Description
JP1	Fuse bypass (not populated)
JP2	VPWR to VIN
JP3	VDD select (needs jumper on to power driver IC logic)

5 FRDM-KL25Z Freedom Development Platform

The NXP Freedom development platform is a set of software and hardware tools for evaluation and development. It is ideal for rapid prototyping of microcontroller-based applications. The NXP Freedom KL25Z hardware, FRDM-KL25Z, is a simple, yet sophisticated design featuring a Kinetis L Series microcontroller, the industry's first microcontroller built on the ARM[®] Cortex[®]-M0+ core.

5.1 Connecting FRDM-KL25Z to the board

The kit may be used with many of the Freedom platform evaluation boards featuring Kinetis processors. The FRDM-KL25Z development platform has been chosen specifically to work with the kit because of its low cost and features. The FRDM-KL25Z

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board makes use of the USB, built in LEDs, and I/O ports available with NXP's Kinetis KL2x family of microcontrollers. The main functions provided by the FRDM-KL25Z are to allow control of a stepper motor using a PC computer over USB, and to drive the necessary inputs on the evaluation kit to operate the motor.

The board is connected to the FRDM-KL25Z using four dual row headers. The connections are shown in Table 9.

FRDM LV st	tepper motor		FRDM-KL2	5Z	
Header	Pin	Name	Header	Pin	Name
JA1	1	AUX_INT1	J1	2	PTA1
JA1	2	EN	J1	4	PTA2
JA1	3		J1	6	PTD4
JA1	4		J1	8	PTA12
JA1	5		J1	10	PTA4
JA1	6	IN1A	J1	12	PTA5
JA1	7	IN1B	J1	14	PTC8
JA1	8		J1	16	PTC9
		·		·	
JA2	1	IN2A	J2	2	PTA13
JA2	2	IN2B	J2	4	PTD5
JA2	3		J2	6	PTD0
JA2	4		J2	8	PTD2
JA2	5		J2	10	PTD3
JA2	6		J2	12	PTD1
JA2	7	GND	J2	14	GND
JA2	8		J2	16	VREFH
JA2	9		J2	18	PTE0
JA2	10		J2	20	PTE1
JA3	8	VIN	J3	16	P5-9V_VIN
JA3	7	GND	J3	14	GND
JA3	6	GND	J3	12	GND
JA3	5		J3	10	P5V_USB
JA3	4	3V3	J3	8	P3V3
JA3	3		J3	6	RESET/PTA20
JA3	2		J3	4	P3V3
JA3	1		J3	2	SDA_PTD5
		· · · ·			
JA4	6		J4	12	PTC1

Table 9. Header connections

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FRDM LV ste	RDM LV stepper motor		FRDM-KL2	FRDM-KL25Z		
Header	Pin	Name	Header	Pin	Name	
JA4	5		J4	10	PTC2	
JA4	4	AUX_IO5	J4	8	PTB3	
JA4	3		J4	6	PTB2	
JA4	2	AUX_AN2	J4	4	PTB1	
JA4	1	AUX_AN1	J4	2	PTB0	

6 Installing the software and setting up the hardware

The latest version of the Motor Control GUI is designed to run on any Windows 10, Windows 8, Windows 7, Vista, or XP-based operating system. To install the software, go to <u>www.nxp.com/analogtools</u> and select your kit. Click on that link to open the corresponding tool summary page. Look for "Jump Start Your Design". Download the Motor Control GUI software to your computer desktop (**LVMC-Steppermotorsetup.exe**).

Run the installed program from the desktop. The Installation Wizard guides you through the rest of the process.

To use the Motor Control GUI, go to the Windows Start menu, then Programs, then Motor Control GUI, and then click the NXP icon. The Motor Control Graphic User Interface (GUI) appears. The GUI is shown in Figure 3. The hex address numbers at the top are loaded with the vendor ID for NXP (0x15A2), and the part ID (0x138). The panel on the left side displays these numbers only if the PC is communicating with the FRDM-KL25Z via the USB interface.

Vendor ID: 0x15A2 Ta	arget:	
Part ID: 0x0138	Jor	
Enable Target]	
Direction	Step Mode	Acceleration
Reverse 🔘 🧕 Forw	ard 🔘 1/2 step 🔘 1/4 ste	ep 💿 Disabled 💿 Enabled
Step Time		100 Steps/second

6.1 Configuring the hardware

Figure 4 and Figure 5 show the configuration diagrams for single stepper motor and DC motors.

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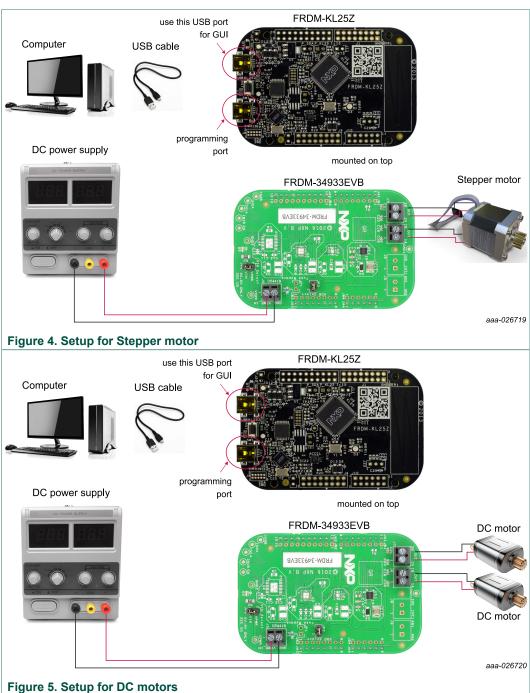


Figure 5. Setup for DC motors

6.2 Step-by-step instructions for setting up the hardware using Motor Control GUI

When using the board make sure that the following operating parameters are followed or damage may occur.

- The maximum motor supply voltage (VM) cannot exceed 7.0 V, and must be at least 3.3 V
- The nominal operating current of the stepper motor cannot exceed 1.0 A (1.4 A peak)

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In order to perform the demonstration example, first set up the evaluation board hardware and software as follows:

- Setup the FRDM-KL25Z to accept code from the mbed online compiler. mbed is a developer site for ARM based microcontrollers. The instructions are at mbed.org (<u>https://mbed.org/handbook/mbed-FRDM-KL25Z-Upgrade</u>). Switch to the other USB port (programming port) on the FRDM-KL25Z, and back after you load the project.
- Go to the NXP page on mbed.org and look for the repository named "LVHB Stepper Motor Drive" (<u>https://developer.mbed.org/teams/NXP/code/LVHB-Stepper-Motor-Drive-v2</u>).
- 3. Import main.cpp source code into compiler.
- 4. Save the compiled code on your local drive, and then drag and drop it onto the mbed drive (which is the FRDM-KL25Z) while connected to the programming OpenSDA port. Move the USB connector back to the other USB port on the FRDM-KL25Z. Note: Create a user before you can download the code. Connect the board to the FRDM-KL25Z. This is best accomplished by soldering the female connectors to the FRDM-KL25Z, and then connecting to the male pins provided on the board.
- 5. Ready the computer and install the Stepper Motor Driver GUI software.
- 6. Attach DC power supply (without turning on the power) to the VM and GND terminals.
- Attach one set of coils of the stepper motor to the OUT1A and OUT1B output terminals. Attach the other phase coil of the stepper motor to terminals OUT2A and OUT2B. Launch the Stepper Motor Driver GUI software.
- Make sure the GUI recognizes the FRDM-KL25Z. This is determined by seeing the hex Vendor ID (0x15A2), and Part ID (0x138) under USB connection in the upper lefthand corner of the GUI. If the GUI does not recognize the FRDM-KL25Z, you need to disconnect and reconnect the USB cable to the FRDM-KL25Z.
- 9. Turn on the DC power supply.
- 10.Select **Enable Target** on the GUI. The demo is now ready to run.
- 11.Select Direction, Step Mode, and Acceleration Enabled.
- Acceleration enabled controls motor speed slowly increasing from stop to maximum number of steps selected by Step Time slider control.
- 12. Click **Run** to run the motor. Notice that some options of the GUI are disabled while the motor is running. To make changes, click **Stop** on the GUI, make the desired changes, and then click **Run** on the GUI to continue.
- 13.When finished, click **Enable Target** on the GUI, and then **Quit**. Turn off DC power supply. Remove USB cable.

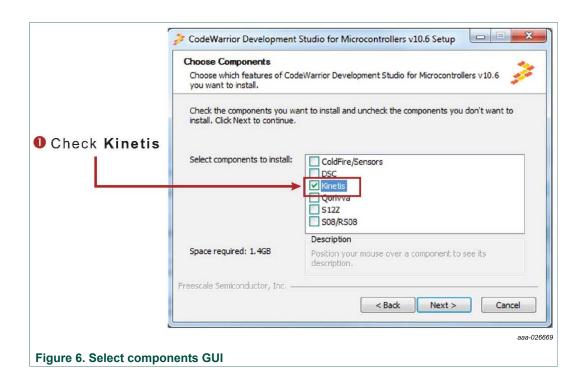
6.3 Installing CodeWarrior

This procedure explains how to obtain and install the latest version of CodeWarrior (version 10.6 in this guide).

Note: The sample software in this kit requires CodeWarrior 10.6 or newer. The component and some examples in the component package are intended for Kinetis Design Studio 3.0.0. If you have CodeWarrior 10.6 and Kinetis Design Studio 3.0.0 already installed on your system, skip this section.

- 1. Obtain the latest CodeWarrior installer file from the NXP CodeWarrior website: <u>http://www.nxp.com/CODEWARRIOR</u>.
- 2. Run the executable file and follow the instructions.
- 3. In the Choose Components window, select the Kinetis component, and then click **Next** to complete the installation.

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6.4 Downloading the LVHBridge component and example projects

The examples used in this section are based on a preconfigured CodeWarrior project. You must first download the project and its associated components:

- 1. Go to the NXP website: www.nxp.com/LVHBRIDGE-PEXPERT.
- 2. Download example projects and H-bridge component zip file.
- 3. Unzip the downloaded file and make sure the folder contains the files listed in <u>Table</u> <u>10</u>.

Folder name	Folder contents
CodeWarrior_Examples	Example project folder for CodeWarrior
LVH_KL25Z_brush_MC34933	Example project for DC brush motor control using FRDM-34933EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-KL25Z MCU board
LVH_KL25Z_brush_MPC17510	Example project for DC brush motor control using FRDM-17510EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-KL25Z MCU board
LVH_KL25Z_stepper	Example project intended to control stepper motor using FRDM-34933EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-KL25Z MCU board
LVH_KL25Z_stepper_ramp	Example project intended to control stepper motor using FRDM-34933EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-KL25Z MCU board. Acceleration ramp is enabled
Component	Processor Expert component folder
KDS_Examples	Example project folder for Kinetis Design Studio 3.0.0 or newer
LVH_K20D50M_brush_MC34933	Example project for DC brush motor control using FRDM-34933EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-K20D50M MCU board
LVH_K20D50M_brush_MPC17510	Example project for DC brush motor control using FRDM-17510EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-K20D50M MCU board

Table 10. LVHBridge example project and components

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Folder name	Folder contents
LVH_K20D50M_stepper_bitIO	Example project intended to control stepper motor using FRDM-34933EVB H-Bridge board and FRDM-K20D50M MCU board
LVH_K20D50M_stepper_ramp_bitIO	Example project intended to control stepper motor using FRDM-34933EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-K20D50M MCU board. Acceleration ramp is enabled
LVH_KL25Z_brush_MC34933	Example project for DC brush motor control using FRDM-34933EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-KL25Z MCU board
LVH_KL25Z_brush_MPC17510	Example project for DC brush motor control using FRDM-17510EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-KL25Z MCU board
LVH_KL25Z_brush_FreeMASTER	Example project intended to control DC brush motor using FreeMASTER tool. Latest Freemaster installation package: <u>http://</u> www.nxp.com/freemaster
LVH_KL25Z_step_FreeMASTER	Example project intended to control stepper motor using FreeMASTER tool
LVH_KL25Z_stepper	Example project intended to control stepper motor using FRDM-34933EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-KL25Z MCU board
LVH_KL25Z_stepper_ramp	Example project intended to control stepper motor using MC34933 H-bridge freedom board and FRDM-KL25Z MCU board. Acceleration ramp is enabled.
LVH_KL26Z_stepper	Example project intended to control stepper motor using FRDM-34933EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-KL26Z MCU board
LVH_KL26Z_stepper_iar	Example project intended to control stepper motor using FRDM-34933EVB H-bridge board and FRDM-KL26Z MCU board. IAR compiler is used instead of GNU C compiler.

6.4.1 Import the LVHBridge component into Processor Expert library

- 1. Launch CodeWarrior by clicking the CodeWarrior icon (located on your desktop or in Program Files -> NXP Codewarrior folder.)
- 2. When the CodeWarrior IDE opens, go to the menu bar and click **Processor Expert** -> **Import Component(s)**.
- 3. In the pop-up window, locate the component file (.PEupd) in the example project folder LVHBridge_PEx_SW\Component.
- 4. Select LVHBridge_b1508.PEupd and ChannelAllocator_b1508.PEupd files, and then click **Open**.

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	Click Processor Expert	Select Import Comp	ponent(s)
Image: Symplectic conditions Image: Symplectic condititions Image: Symplectic conditions <th>rch Project MQX Tools Processor Expert Run Wind</th> <th>ow Help</th> <th>1</th>	rch Project MQX Tools Processor Expert Run Wind	ow Help	1
Comman Froject Cr	S ChannelAlloc:		Select all .PEupd components
The model of	res E rer Louis-B54064 uter Panel e Bin		
FSL-EN	G-Adobe FrameMaker-8-GBL-f ★ 《 File_game: "LVHBridge_b1508.PEupd" "Channel	Allocal Processor Expert Update packag Open Cancel Click Open	aaa-02667(

5. If the import is successful, the LVHBridge component appears in Components Library -> SW -> User Component.

N Component Inspector -	Cpu 💊 Components Library 🛛
Categories Alphabetical	Assistant Processors
Component	Component Level
 Board Support CPU External Device 	
CPU Internal Periph	
Description Surface Drive	
 Coperating Systems Coperating Systems 	
▲ User Componer	
🕕 LVHBridge	High
D 🔁 SW	

aaa-026671

Note that the component ChannelAllocator is not visible, because it is not designed to be accessible.

The LVHBridge component is ready to use.

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6.4.2 Import an example project into CodeWarrior

The following steps show how to import an example project from the downloaded zip file into CodeWarrior.

- 1. In the CodeWarrior menu bar, click File -> Import...
- 2. In the pop-up window, select **General** -> **Existing Projects into Workspace**, and then click **Next**.
- 3. Locate the example in folder: LVHBridge_PEx_SW\\CodeWarrior_Examples (LVH_KL25Z_brush_MC34933). Then click **Finish**.

The project is now in the CodeWarrior workspace where you can build and run it.

Import 1		
Import Projects Select a directory to search for existing Eclipse projects.		Browse For Folder
Select root directory: Select <u>a</u> rchive file: Projects:	Browse Browse	CodeWarrior_Examples
	Deselect All Refresh	Eolder: LVH_HL25Z_brush_MC34933 Make New Folder OK Cancel
Copy projects into workspace		
	* Sglect	

6.5 Create a new project with Processor Expert and LVHBridge component

If you choose not to use an example project, the following instructions describe how to create and setup a new project that uses the LVHBridge component. If you do not have the LVHBridge component in the Processor Expert library, please follow steps in <u>Section</u> 6.4.1 "Import the LVHBridge component into Processor Expert library".

1. Create and name an MCU Bareboard project.

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	MCU Bareboard Project e location for the new project		
V Use <u>d</u>	me: LVH_example fault location C:\Users\b52384\workspace_cw_lvh\LVH_exampl	B <u>r</u> owse	
?	< Back	Cancel	

2. Choose the MCU class to be used in the freedom MCU board (MKL25Z128 in this example). Then select the connections to be used.

New Bareboard Project		Mew Bareboard Project	
Devices Select the derivative or board you would like to use		Connections Choose the connection to use for this project	
Device or board to be used: type filter text • Kinox Family • Kl2x Family • KL2x Family • KL2x Family • KL2X (48 MHz) Family • KL252(48 MHz) Family MKL25222 MKL25228 • KL252 (48 MHz) Family		Connection to be used: P&E USB MultiLink Universal [FX] / USB P&E Cyclone P&E TraceLink Open Source JTAG ØOpenSDA Segger J-Link / J-Trace / SWO (SWD bar	
Project Type / Output: Application Ubrary		Connect to OpenSDA.	1
Creates project for MKL25Z128 (48 Mhz) derivative		(?) < Back Next >	Einish Cancel
(?) (Back Nest) Einish	Cancel		aaa-0)

3. Select the **Processor Expert** option, and then click **Finish**.

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New Bareboard Project	
Rapid Application Development	
Processor Expert	
Rapid Application Development	-
O None	
Processor Expert	
Start with perspective designed for	E
Hardware configuration (pin muxing and details)	evice initialization)
Use current perspective	
Initialize all peripherals	
Project Mode	
Iinked	
🔘 Standalone	
(?) < <u>Back</u> <u>Next</u> >	Einish Cancel

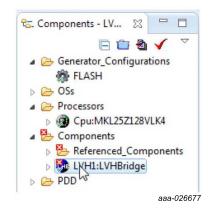
6.5.1 Add LVHBridge component to the project

1. Find LVHBridge in the Components library and add to your project.

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CodeWarrior Proje 🔀 🧧 🗖	S *Component Inspector - LVH1	S Components Library 🔀	🕐 🏋		° 🗆
♥ 142 E \$ ₽	Categories Alphabetical Assistant	Processors			
File Name	 Component 	Component Level			
Components - LV Compo	 Board Support CPU External Devices CPU Internal Peripherals CPU Internal Peripherals Cogical Device Drivers Operating Systems Software Software Super Components 32VeXtremeSwitch LVHBridge SW 	High High			
 Generator_Configurations FLASH 	Filter on for MKL25Z128VLK4 (LVH_Exa	ample)			
 OSs Processors Cpu:MKL252128VLK4 	Problems 😂 🔄 Console 🚺 M 13 errors, 0 warnings, 0 others	emory 💣 Software Analysis		⊽ ∈	° 0
Components	Description	^			
 Image: Second Secon	Brrors (13 items)				
				aaa.	02667

2. Double-click **LVHBridge** component in the Components window to show the configuration in the Component Inspector view.



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Properties Methods Events		
Name	Value	Details
Component Name	LVH1	
H-Bridge Model	MPC17510	
ActiveMode	yes	
Enable Pins	Enabled	
Pin for EN	PTE0/UART1_TX/RTC_CLKOUT/C	
Pin for GIN	PTE2/SPI1_SCK	
Motor Control	Brushed	
Timer Settings	Enabled	
Primary Timer Component	TU1	
🝸 Primary Timer Device	LPTMR0_CNR	Unsupported counter device LPTMR0_CNR, plea
Secondary Timer	Disabled	
H-Bridge 1 MCU Interface		
a 🍸 DC brush		
Control Mode	Speed Control	
🝸 PWM Frequency		Unassigned timing
Direction Control	Bidirectional	
Init. Direction	Forward	
🔺 🍸 Input Control Pins	Two PWM Pins	
🝸 Pin for IN1	PTE4/SPI1_PCS0	Selected peripheral "PTE4/SPI1_PCS0" does not i
🝸 Pin for IN2	PTE5	Selected peripheral "PTE5" does not match HW
Auto Initialization	yes	

6.5.2 General settings of LVHBridge component

H-bridge model is on top of the tree structure in the Component Inspector view.

ActiveMode defines the H-bridge device operational mode (normal or power-conserving sleep mode), which is controlled by the enabling pin. Selection of the enabling pin is in the Enable Pins group. For more information, see H-bridge model's data sheet. The mode can be changed using the C code method SetMode.

The Motor Control group involves timer settings, H-bridge device and motor control settings.

The Timer Settings group contains the Primary Timer Component property (the name of a linked TimerUnit_LDD component) and the name of the hardware timer being used (defined in the Primary Timer Device property). Secondary Timer encompasses the properties of an additional timer.

Note that the Secondary Timer Component property must use a different TimerUnit_LDD component than the Primary Timer Component property. The purpose of the primary and secondary timer is to allow the input control pins of an H-bridge device to be connected to different timers (this applies for some freedom H-bridge boards and freedom MCUs). But these timers must be synchronized to control a stepper motor. So the primary timer is designed to be the source for the global time base and the secondary timer is synchronized with the primary timer. See MCU data sheet to find out which timer provides the global time base (GTB) and set the Primary Timer Device property accordingly. An example of a timer selection using the FRDM-KL25Z MCU is shown in Figure 8. If you are using a single timer, set the Secondary Timer Component to Disabled.

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Timer Settings	Enabled	
Primary Timer Component	TU1	
Primary Timer Device	TPM1_CNT	TPM1_CNT
⊿ Secondary Timer	Enabled	
Secondary Timer Component	TU2	
Secondary Timer Device	TPM0_CNT	TPM0_CNT
		aaa-026679

H-bridge 1 MCU Interface and H-bridge 2 MCU Interface allow you to set H-bridge control function. The H-bridge 2 MCU Interface is shown only for dual H-bridge models (for example MC34933). The DC Brush group is described in <u>Section 6.5.3 "Setting up a</u> project to control a DC brushed motor". The Input Control Pins allow you to select the H-bridge input control pins that utilize the timer's channels or GPIO pins.

H-Bridge 1 MCU Interface		
⊿ DC brush		
	Speed Control	
PWM Frequency	10 kHz	10.001 kHz
Direction Control	Bidirectional	
Init. Direction	Forward	
	Two PWM Pins	
Pin for IN1A	PTD4/LLWU_P14/SPI1_PCS0/UART	
Pin for IN1B	PTA12/TPM1_CH0	
▲ H-Bridge 2 MCU Interface	Enabled	
⊿ DC brush		
Control Mode	State Control	
Init. Direction	Forward	
	Two GPIO Pins	
Pin for IN2A	TSI0_CH5/PTA4/I2C1_SDA/TPM0	
Pin for IN2B	PTA5/USB_CLKIN/TPM0_CH2	
Auto Initialization	yes	
	1.	aaa-

6.5.3 Setting up a project to control a DC brushed motor

1. Select the H-bridge model you want to configure and set the Motor Control property to Brushed.

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Properties Methods Events		
Name	Value	Details
Component Name	LVH1	
H-Bridge Model	MC34933	
ActiveMode	yes	
Enable Pins	Disabled	
	Brushed	
Timer Settings	Enabled	
Primary Timer Component	TU1	
Primary Timer Device	TPM1_CNT	TPM1_CNT
▲ Secondary Timer	Enabled	
Secondary Timer Component	TU2	
Secondary Timer Device	TPM0_CNT	TPM0_CNT
 H-Bridge 1 MCU Interface 		
▲ DC brush		
	Speed Control	
PWM Frequency	10 kHz	10.001 kHz
Direction Control	Bidirectional	
Init. Direction	Forward	
Input Control Pins	Two PWM Pins	
Pin for IN1A	PTD4/LLWU_P14/SPI1_PCS0/UART	
Pin for IN1B	PTA12/TPM1_CH0	
H-Bridge 2 MCU Interface	Enabled	
⊿ DC brush		
Control Mode	State Control	
Init. Direction	Forward	
Input Control Pins	Two GPIO Pins	
Pin for IN2A	TSI0_CH5/PTA4/I2C1_SDA/TPM0	
Pin for IN2B	PTA5/USB_CLKIN/TPM0_CH2	
Auto Initialization	yes	

- 2. Set the Control Mode property. There are two ways to control the DC brushed motor:
 - Speed control motor speed is controlled by your settings. The TimerUnit_LDD component is used to generate the PWM signal. The PWM Frequency property is visible in this mode only. If you set the Speed Control mode on both interfaces (Interface 1 and Interface 2), the PWM Frequency property on Interface 2 sets automatically to the same value as Interface 1 (because Interface 2 uses the same timer).
 - State control motor is controlled by GPIO pins (BitIO_LDD components). This
 means you can switch the motor on or off without speed adjustments. The
 advantage of this mode is that you do not need timer channels. If you set State
 Control on both interfaces or you have only a single H-bridge model (one interface)
 with State Control, the TimerUnit_LDD component is not required anymore by the
 LVHBridge component and you can remove it from the project.
- 3. Set the PWM Frequency.
- 4. Set the Direction Control property.

The Direction Control property determines what direction the motor is allowed to move in. Setting the property to Forward restricts the motor's movement in the forward direction only. Setting the property to Reverse restricts movement in the reverse direction only. A Bidirectional setting allows the motor to move in either direction. The Bidirectional mode requires two timer channels. Forward or reverse requires only one timer channel and one GPIO port. This setting is available only when Speed Control mode is set in the Control Mode property.

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6.5.4 Setting up a project to control a stepper motor

Select the dual H-bridge model you want to configure and set Stepper in the Motor Control property. Note that the dual H-bridge model is required, because a two phase bipolar stepper motor has four inputs.

roperti	es	Methods Events		
Name			Value	Details
	Comp	oonent Name	LVH1	
	Contraction of the second	dge Model	MC34933	
	Ac	tiveMode	yes	
Þ	En	able Pins	Disabled	
4	M	otor Control	Stepper	
	4	Timer Settings	Enabled	
		Primary Timer Component	TU1	
		Primary Timer Device	TPM1_CNT	TPM1_CNT
		Secondary Timer	Enabled	
		Secondary Timer Compon	e TU2	
		Secondary Timer Device	TPM0_CNT	TPM0_CNT
	4	Stepper Motor		
		Output Control	PWM	
		Motor Control Mode	Full-step and Micro-step	
		 Full-step Configuration 		
		Speed	100 D	
		Acceleration	400 D	
		Micro-step Configuration	1	
		PWM Frequency	20 kHz	20.011 kHz
		Micro-steps per Step	8 Micro-steps	
		Speed	400 D	
		Acceleration	400 D	
	4	H-Bridge 1 MCU Interface		
	4	Input Control Pins	Two PWM Pins	
		Pin for IN1A	PTD4/LLWU_P14/SPI1_PCS0/UART	
		Pin for IN1B	PTA12/TPM1_CH0	
	4	H-Bridge 2 MCU Interface	Enabled	
	4	Input Control Pins	Two PWM Pins	
		Pin for IN2A	TSI0_CH5/PTA4/I2C1_SDA/TPM0	
		Pin for IN2B	PTA5/USB_CLKIN/TPM0_CH2	
	Auto I	Initialization	yes	

Figure 10. Component settings to control a stepper motor

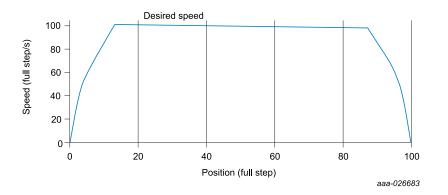
In the Stepper Motor group, set the properties that apply to your environment.

- The Output Control property defines the control method.
 - With PWM selected the component utilizes four channels of a timer to control the stepper motor. Signal is generated in hardware and micro-step mode is also available.
 - In GPIO mode, GPIO pins are used instead of timer channels and only full-step mode is available (no micro-step mode).
- Manual Timer setting property is only visible when you switch the visibility of the component properties to Advanced. It is designed to change the Counter frequency

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of the linked TimerUnit_LDD component. By default the Counter frequency is set automatically by LVHBridge component. In some cases the frequency value does not have to be set appropriately (user wants to set a different value or an error has occurred). For more information see <u>Section 6.5.5</u> "Stepper motor speed".

- Motor Control Mode allows you to select the step mode. Selecting full-step and microstep mode allows you to switch between full-stepping and micro-stepping in C code.
 - Full-step configuration contains speed and acceleration settings. Code for the
 acceleration and deceleration ramp is generated when the Acceleration property
 is set to a value greater than zero. Note that acceleration is always the same as
 deceleration. The acceleration setting is 400, as shown in Figure 10.
 - Desired motor speed is set to 100 full-steps per second. This value is defined by the speed property in Processor Expert GUI and can be changed in C code.
 - Acceleration and deceleration is set to 400 full-steps per second. This value is defined by the Acceleration property. Note that the motor reaches the speed in 0.25 second² (desired speed / acceleration = 100 / 400 = 0.25).



Micro-step configuration settings are similar to those of the full-step configuration.
 PWM frequency is the frequency of the micro-step PWM signal. Micro-step per step is the number of micro-steps per one full-step.

6.5.5 Stepper motor speed

The LVHBridge component defines the stepper motor's minimum and maximum speed. These limit values are used by the component methods. Minimum speed in full-step and micro-step modes is one step per second. Maximum speed is 5000 steps per second. There is a specific case when minimum full-step speed is affected by timer input frequency. In this case the Primary Timer Device property must use FTM timer values (FTM0_CNT, or FTM1_CNT). The Secondary Timer property must be set to Disabled. The Stepper Motor Output Control property must be set to PWM. Figure 11 illustrates this configuration.

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Compon	ent In 🔀 📎 Components L	C main.c ² 2
		Basic Advanced
Properties	Methods Events	
Name		Value
Com	ponent Name	LVH1
⊿ H-Br	ridge Model	MC34933
A	ActiveMode	yes
þ E	nable Pins	Disabled
a N	Notor Control	Stepper
4	Timer Settings	Enabled
	Primary Timer Component	TU4
	Primary Timer Device	FTM0_CNT
Þ	Secondary Timer	Disabled
20	Stepper Motor	
	Output Control	PWM

Figure 11. Stepper mode configuration that affects minimum full-stepping speed

Possible values for the timer input frequency (counter frequency property in TimerUnit_LDD) are shown in <u>Table 11</u>. Input frequency values depend on LVHBridge component settings. Note that two frequency values are needed in "full-step and microstep mode". In one case LVHBridge component switches in runtime between these two values.

Table 11. Minimum and maximum timer input frequency per stepper control mode

Mode	LVHBridge component properties		Primary time	r input frequen	сy	Secondary		
description	Timer device	Secondary timer	Output control	Motor control mode	Values	Min.	Max.	timer input frequency
Full-step mode	ТРМ	Don't care	PWM	Full-step	1	131 kHz	1.0 MHz	Any value (user selection)
Full-step and micro- step mode	ТРМ	Don't care	PWM	Full-step and micro-step	1	1.2 MHz	10 MHz	Any value (user selection)
Full-step mode (SW control)	FTM or TPM	Disabled	GPIO	Full-step	1	131 kHz	1.0 MHz	Secondary timer is not enabled
Full-step mode	FTM	Disabled	PWM	Full-step	1	131 kHz	1.0 MHz	Secondary timer is not enabled
Full-step mode	FTM	Enabled	PWM	Full-step	1	131 kHz	1.0 MHz	The same values as for primary timer
Full-step and micro- step mode	FTM	Disabled	PWM	Full-step and micro-step	2	1st value for full-step: 131 kHz	1st value for Full- step: 1 MHz	Secondary timer is not enabled

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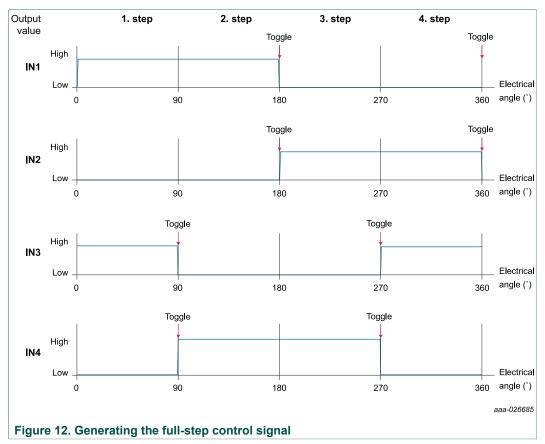
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Mode	LVHBridge co	mponent prop	erties		Primary time	r input frequend	сy	Secondary
description	Timer device	Secondary timer	Output control	Motor control mode	Values	Min.	Max.	timer input frequency
						2nd value for micro- step:1.2 MHz	2nd value for Micro- step:10 MHz	
Full-step and micro- step mode	FTM	Enabled	PWM	Full-step	1	1.2 MHz	10 MHz	The same values as for primary timer

6.5.5.1 Computation of minimum full-stepping speed

The minimum full-stepping speed depends on the timer input frequency only when the Primary Timer Device is set to FTM (FTM0_CNT, or FTM1_CNT), the Secondary Timer property is disabled and Output Control is set to PWM. The full-step signal is generated by a timer while channels toggle on compare (see Figure 12).



The full-step minimum speed is derived from the input frequency of the timer device (the counter frequency property of the TimerUnit_LDD component being used). You can find minimum values for speed in the LVHBridge header file (see constant <component_name>_MIN_FULLSTEP_ SPEED). The formula for calculation of this value is as follows:

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$$Speed_{min} = \frac{2 \times Counter_frequency}{65536} + 1$$

where:

Counter_frequency = input frequency of the timer device

65536 = maximum value of TimerUnit_LDD counter (16-bit counter)

Adding 1 ensures that the 16-bit counter does not overflow (which is the point of the formula)

For example if the Counter frequency is set to 187,500 Hz, the minimum speed is:

$$Speed_{min} = \frac{2 \times Counter_frequency}{65536} + 1 = \frac{2 \times 187500}{65536} + 1 = 6.72$$

The MCU rounds the value down, so the result is 6 full-steps per second.

6.5.5.2 Setting the minimum full-stepping speed

This section describes how to change the input frequency of the TimerUnit_LDD component.

- 1. Launch Processor Expert and select the LVHBridge component.
- 2. In the Processor Expert menu bar, set component visibility to Advanced.
- In the Properties tab, find the Motor Control -> Stepper Motor -> Manual timer setting property and set the value to Enabled. If you do not see this property, make sure that component visibility is set to Advanced (see Figure 13).
- 4. Set the TimerUnit_LDD frequency:
 - a. In the Components view, double-click the TimerUnit_LDD component.
 - b. Press the button in the Counter frequency field.
 - c. Set the frequency value (187.5 kHz in the illustration). The list of available frequencies depends on the CPU component settings (with an external crystal as the clock source and a core clock of 48 MHz).
 - d. Set the Allowed Error value at 10 % (see Figure 15).

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Properties Methods Events		
Name	Value	Details
Component Name	LVH1	
H-Bridge Model	MC34933	
ActiveMode	yes	
Enable Pins	Disabled	
Motor Control	Stepper	
Timer Settings	Enabled	
Primary Timer Compone	ent TU4	
Primary Timer Device	FTM0_CNT	FTM0_CN1
Secondary Timer	Disabled	
Stepper Motor		
Output Control	PWM	
Manual Timer setting	Enabled	
Motor Control Mode	Full-step and Micro-step	

aaa-026686

Figure 13. Enabling the manual frequency setting

Name Module name	Value	Details
Module name	1000 A.	
	FTM0	FTM0
Counter	FTM0_CNT	FTM0_CN
Counter direction	Up	
▲ Input clock source	Internal	
Counter frequency	187.5 kHz	I87.500 kH
▲ Counter restart	On-match	45
Period device	FTM0_MOD	FTM0_MO
Period	11 kHz	11.029 kHz
Interrupt	Enabled	
	Counter direction Input clock source Counter frequency Counter restart Period device Period	Counter direction Up J Input clock source Internal Counter frequency 137.5 kHz J Counter restart On-match Period device FTM0_MOD Period 11 kHz

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rescalers\Rec	walue	Clock configur	Adjusted values				
lock source:	value	Auto select	Clock configuration 0:				
rescaler:		Auto select	Clock configuration 0: Clock configuration 0: 1				
rescalel.		Auto select	clock conliguration 0: 1				
untime settin	gs type:	fixed value 🔹	P	ossible settings	Clock path]	
Value type	Value	Unit	S	elected clock con	figuration	All	•
Init. value:	187.5	kHz					Value
							244.140625 Hz
							488.28125 Hz
							976.5625 Hz
							1.953125 kHz
							3.90625 kHz
							7.8125 kHz
							31.25 kHz
							15.625 kHz
			[] [187.5 kHz
							375 kHz
							750 kHz
							1.5 MHz 3 MHz
							3 MHz 6 MHz
							12 MHz
		Unit:					24 MHz
Allowed error:		% -					24 101712

Figure 15. Component TimerUnit_LDD timing dialog - select input frequency

6.5.6 Generating application code

After configuration, generate the source code by clicking the icon in the upper right corner of the Components screen.



The driver code for the H-bridge device is generated in the Generated_Code folder in the project view. The component only generates application driver code. It does not generate application code.

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CodeWarrior Projects	- [
🎛 Ja 🖉 📼	
File Name	
LVH_Example : FLASH Documentation	
🔁 FLASH	
Generated_Code	
ProcessorExpert.pe Project_Headers	
Project_Settings ProjectInfo.xml	
Sources	
 Events.c Events.h 	
▶ IC main.c ▶ IC sa_mtb.c	
Static_Code	aaa-026690
igure 17. Generated files	

6.5.7 Using the interface

Application code can be written and tested in the project. For example, you can open the LVHBridge component method list, drag and drop RotateProportional to main.c (see <u>Figure 18</u>), add any necessary parameters, then compile the program.

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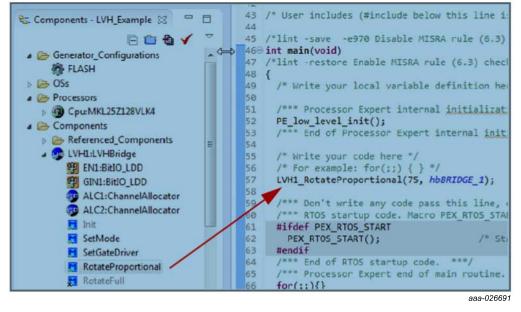


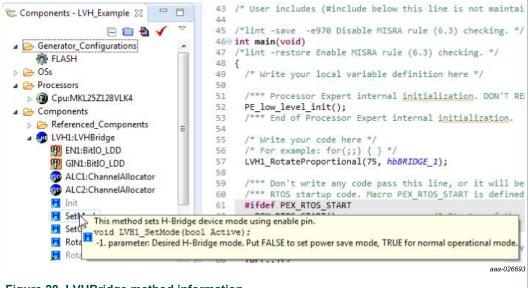
Figure 18. Using the interface

To compile, download and debug on board, click compile, and then click the debug icon in the toolbar. CodeWarrior downloads and launches the program on board as shown in Figure 19.

Pho C	′C++ -	CodeWa	rrior Develo	opment S	tudio						۰	23
File	Edit	Source	Refactor	Search	Project	MQX Tools	Processor Expert	Run	Window	Help		
C -			• 📑 (Act	tive)	•	}		4 -	×	☆▼	18.	
IL.a	(GEL)		Inthe Carrier			J 1 0		-	-	12		aaa-(

Figure 19. Compile and download the application

A description of each LVHBridge method appears in the pop-up window.



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6.6 Stepper motor control application notes

The LVHBridge component is designed to control a two phase bipolar stepper motor. Because a stepper motor uses electrical commutation to rotate, it requires a dual Hbridge device. The basic control method is full-stepping which fully powers each coil in sequence. Increased precision is achieved by using the PWM to control coil current (open loop control). This method is called micro-stepping (available in the LVHBridge component.)

In both micro-step and full-step mode you can control motor speed, direction, acceleration and deceleration and the position of the stepper motor.

The following application notes apply to stepper motor control:

- The LVHBridge component was tested with a core clock frequency ranging from 20 MHz (minimum value) to 120 MHz.
- Do not change the settings of the timer device (TimerUnit_LDD) linked by the LVHBridge component. The component sets the timer device automatically.
- The acceleration and deceleration ramp of the stepper motor is computed in real-time using integer arithmetic. This solution is based on the article "Generate stepper-motor speed profiles in real time" (Austin, David. 2005.)
- The stepper motor holds its position (coils are powered) after motor movement is completed. Use method DisableMotor to set H-bridge outputs to LOW (coils are not powered).
- Forward motor direction indicates that steps are executed in the order depicted in <u>Figure 21</u>. IN1 through IN4 are the input pins of the H-bridge device which control Hbridge outputs. These pins input to the stepper motor. You must connect the stepper motor to output pins OUT1-OUT4 and select control input pins on your MCU in the component settings.
- The FTM or TPM timer device is needed by the stepper control logic.
- The AlignRotor method affects the position of the motor. This method executes four full-steps. It is available only when full-step mode is enabled.

6.6.1 Full-step control mode

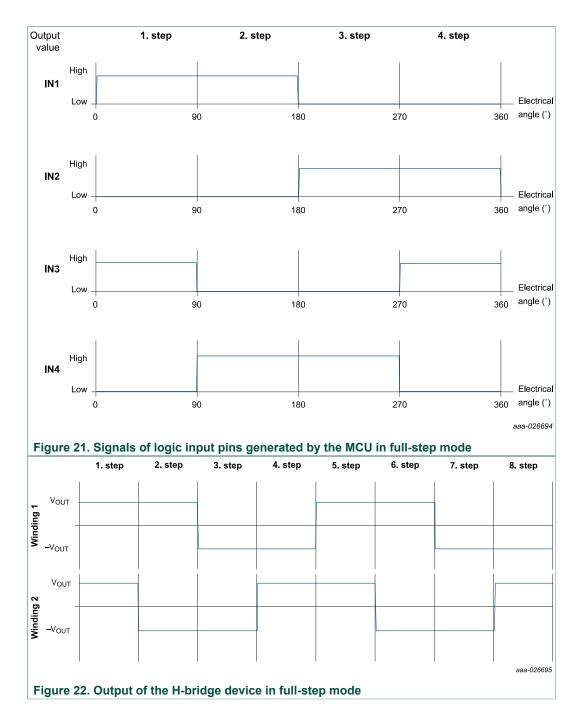
The component uses normal drive mode where two coils are powered at the same time.

As mentioned in <u>Section 6.5.4 "Setting up a project to control a stepper motor"</u>, you can generate a full-stepping signal either by using four channels of a timer or by using four GPIO pins. The signal generated by the MCU (inputs of H-bridge device) using four timer channels is shown in <u>Figure 21</u>. The voltage levels applied to the coils of the stepper motor are depicted in <u>Figure 22</u>. Note that the voltage is applied to both coils at the same time.

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6.6.2 Micro-step control mode

Micro-stepping allows for smoother motor movement and increased precision. The current varies in motor windings A and B depending on the micro-step position. A PWM signal is used to reach the desired current value (see the following equations). This method is called sine cosine micro-stepping.

 $\mathsf{I}_\mathsf{A} = \mathsf{I}_\mathsf{MAX} \, \mathsf{X} \, \mathsf{sin}(\theta)$

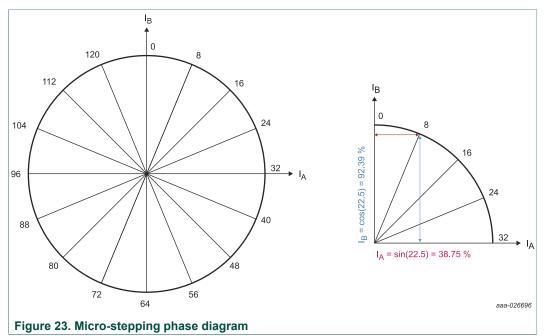
 $I_B = I_{MAX} X \cos(\theta)$

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where:

- I_A = the current in winding A
- I_{B} = the current in winding B
- I_{MAX} = the maximum allowable current
- θ = the electrical angle

In micro-step mode, a full-step is divided into smaller steps (micro-steps). The LVHBridge component offers 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 micro-steps per full-step. The micro-step size is defined by the property "Micro-steps per Step" and can be changed later in C code.



Micro-step size^[1] I [% of I_{MAX}] Micro-step size I [% of I_{MAX}] Angle Angle 1/4 1/8 1/16 1/32 1/16 1/32 1/2 1/4 1/8 Α в 1/2 Α 0 0 0 0 0 00 0 100 4 8 16 32 64 180 0 -1001 2.8 4.91 99.88 65 182.8 -4.91 -99.88 1 2 5.6 9.8 99.52 33 66 185.6 -9.8 -99.52 3 98.92 188.4 -14.67 -98.92 8.4 14.67 67 1 2 4 11.3 19.51 98.08 17 34 68 191.3 -19.51 -98.08 5 14.1 24.3 69 194.1 -24.3 97 -97 3 6 16.9 29.03 95.69 35 70 196.9 -29.03 -95.69 7 19.7 33.69 94.15 199.7 -33.69 -94.15 71 1 2 4 8 22.5 38.27 92.39 9 18 36 72 202.5 -38.27 -92.39 9 25.3 42.76 73 205.3 -42.76 90.4 -90.4 5 10 28.1 47.14 88.19 208.1 -47.14 -88.19 37 74 -51.41 11 30.9 51.41 85.77 75 210.9 -85.77 3 6 12 33.8 55.56 83.15 19 38 76 213.8 -55.56 -83.15 13 36.6 59.57 80.32 77 216.6 -59.57 -80.32 14 39.4 63.44 77.3 78 219.4 -63.44 -77.3 7 39 15 42.2 67.16 74.1 79 222.2 -67.16 -74.1 1 2 4 8 16 45 70.71 70.71 5 10 20 40 80 225 -70.71 -70.71 17 47.8 74.1 67.16 227.8 -74.1 81 -67.16

Table 12. Micro-step phase

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User guide

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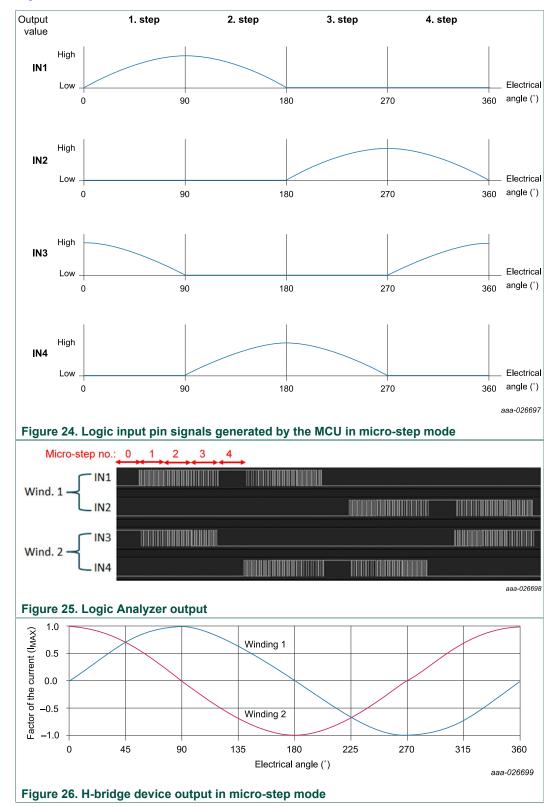
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Micro-ste	p size ^[1]				Angle	I [% of I _{MAX}	d	Micro-step	size				Angle	I [% of I _{MAX}	d
1/2	1/4	1/8	1/16	1/32	Angle	Α	В	1/2	1/4	1/8	1/16	1/32	Aligie	Α	В
			9	18	50.6	77.3	63.44				41	82	230.6	-77.3	-63.44
				19	53.4	80.32	59.57					83	233.4	-80.32	-59.57
		5	10	20	56.3	83.15	55.56			21	42	84	236.3	-83.15	-55.56
				21	59.1	85.77	51.41					85	239.1	-85.77	-51.41
			11	22	61.9	88.19	47.14				43	86	241.9	-88.19	-47.14
				23	64.7	90.4	42.76					87	244.7	-90.4	-42.76
	3	6	12	24	67.5	92.39	38.27		11	22	44	88	247.5	-92.39	-38.27
				25	70.3	94.15	33.69					89	250.3	-94.15	-33.69
			13	26	73.1	95.69	29.03				45	90	253.1	-95.69	-29.03
				27	75.9	97	24.3					91	255.9	-97	-24.3
		7	14	28	78.8	98.08	19.51			23	46	92	258.8	-98.08	-19.51
				29	81.6	98.92	14.67					93	261.6	-98.92	-14.67
			15	30	84.4	99.52	9.8				47	94	264.4	-99.52	-9.8
				31	86.4	99.8	6.3					95	266.4	-99.8	-6.3
2	4	8	16	32	90	100	0.00	6	12	24	48	96	270	-100	0.00
				33	92.8	99.88	-4.91					97	272.8	-99.88	4.91
			17	34	95.6	99.52	-9.8				49	98	275.6	-99.52	9.8
				35	98.4	98.92	-14.67					99	278.4	-98.92	14.67
		9	18	36	101.3	98.08	-19.51			25	50	100	281.3	-98.08	19.51
		-		37	104.1	97	-24.3					101	284.1	-97	24.3
			19	38	106.9	95.69	-29.03				51	102	286.9	-95.69	29.03
				39	109.7	94.15	-33.69				•••	103	289.7	-94.15	33.69
	5	10	20	40	112.5	92.39	-38.27		13	26	52	104	292.5	-92.39	38.27
	Ŭ	10	20	41	115.3	90.4	-42.76		10	20		105	295.3	-90.4	42.76
			21	42	118.1	88.19	-47.14				53	106	298.1	-88.19	47.14
			21	43	120.9	85.77	-51.41					107	300.9	-85.77	51.41
		11	22	44	123.8	83.15	-55.56			27	54	108	303.8	-83.15	55.56
			22	45	126.6	80.32	-59.57			21		100	306.6	-80.32	59.57
			23	40	120.0	77.3	-63.44				55	110	309.4	-77.3	63.44
			23	40	132.2	74.1	-67.16					111	312.2	-74.1	67.16
3	6	12	24		132.2	74.1		7	14	20	EG				
3	0	12	24	48			-70.71	7	14	28	56	112	315	-70.71	70.71
			05	49	137.8	67.16	-74.1				67	113	317.8	-67.16	74.1
			25	50	140.6	63.44	-77.3				57	114	320.6	-63.44	77.3
		40	00	51	143.4	59.57	-80.32				50	115	323.4	-59.57	80.32
		13	26	52	146.3	55.56	-83.15			29	58	116	326.3	-55.56	83.15
				53	149.1	51.41	-85.77					117	329.1	-51.41	85.77
			27	54	151.9	47.14	-88.19				59	118	331.9	-47.14	88.19
				55	154.7	42.76	-90.4					119	334.7	-42.76	90.4
	7	14	28	56	157.5	38.27	-92.39		15	30	60	120	337.5	-38.27	92.39
				57	160.3	33.69	-94.15					121	340.3	-33.69	94.15
			29	58	163.1	29.03	-95.69				61	122	343.1	-29.03	95.69
				59	165.9	24.3	-97					123	345.9	-24.3	97
		15	30	60	168.8	19.51	-98.08			31	62	124	348.8	-19.51	98.08
				61	171.6	14.67	-98.92					125	351.6	-14.67	98.92
			31	62	174.4	9.8	-99.52				63	126	354.4	-9.8	99.52
				63	176.4	6.3	-99.8					127	356.4	-6.3	99.8
4	8	16	32	64	180	0.00	-100	8	16	32	64	128	360	0.00	100

[1] Shaded rows indicate one quarter step of the motor

The micro-stepping signal is generated using four timer channels (see Figure 24). Output from logic analyzer in Figure 25 shows the change of PWM duty with respect to the

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micro-step position. Current values applied to the stepper motor coils are depicted in Figure 26.

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6.7 Frequently asked questions

Q: How do I set up the LVHBridge component when two or more components with conflicting values are configured to control brushed motors?

4	11	DC brush		
	4	Control Mode	Speed Control	
		PWM Frequency	5 kHz	Conflict in required values from components in the proje
		Direction Control	Bidirectional	

Figure 27. Conflict in the required values for components in the project

A: You can use more LVHBridge components in same project. These components can share the same timer device in brushed motor control mode, but PWM Frequency and Timer Device properties must conform in all of the components.

Q: I sometimes get the following unexpected error while generating Processor Expert code: "Generator: FAILURE: Unexpected status of script: Drivers\\Kinetis\ TimerUnit_LDD.drv, please contact NXP support". What causes this?

A: Occasionally, when you enable the LVHBridge component in your project, the TimerUnit_LDD component channels have not been allocated. If this occurs, changing certain LVHBridge properties force allocation of the channels. If you are configuring a stepper motor (Motor Control property set to Stepper), try changing the Output Control property to GPIO and then back to PWM. If you are configuring a brushed motor (Motor Control property set to Brushed), change the Control Mode property to State Control and then back to Speed Control on interface 1 or interface 2.

👔 Problems 🔉 📮 Console 🕕 Memory 🖏 Progress	
1 error, 0 warnings, 0 others	
Description	
▲ (3) Errors (1 item)	
69 Generator: FAILURE: Unexpected status of script: Drivers\Kinetis\TimerUnit_LDD.drv, please co	ontact Freescale support.
	aaa-026701

Figure 28. Unexpected error related to the LVHBridge TimerUnit_LDD component

Q: I have set up several CPU clock configurations (via the Clock configurations property of the CPU component.) Sometimes during runtime, when I switch between these configurations (using the CPU SetClockConfiguration method), the speed of the stepper motor appears to be inaccurate. Why does this occur?

A: Switching to a different configuration results in the use of a different input frequency by a timer device. LVHBridge may not pick up the new value and continues to use the previous value in its calculations.

Q: What does the error message "The component has no method to enable its event (OnCounterRestart)" raised in an LVHBridge TimerUnit_LDD component mean?

A: This occurs only when you add an LVHBridge component to a project and set the Motor Control property to Stepper. The error disappears if you change any property of the LVHBridge component.

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7 Schematics, board layout and bill of materials

Board schematics, board layout and bill of materials are available in the download tab of the tool summary page. See <u>Section 8 "References"</u> for link to the relevant tool summary page.

8 References

The following URLs reference related NXP products and application solutions:

Table 13. References				
NXP.com support pages	Description	URL		
FRDM-34933EVB	Tool summary page	www.nxp.com/FRDM-34933EVB		
FRDM-KL25Z	Tool summary page	http://www.nxp.com/FRDM-KL25Z		
LVHBRIDGE-PEXPERT	Software	http://www.nxp.com/LVHBRIDGE- PEXPERT		
CodeWarrior	Tool summary page	http://www.nxp.com/CODEWARRIOR		
Processor Expert Code Model	Code Walkthrough Video	www.nxp.com/video/processor- expert-code-model-codewarrior-code- walkthrough:PROEXPCODMODCW_VID		
MC34933	Product summary page	http://www.nxp.com/MC34933		
mbed	Home page	http://www.mbed.com		

9 Contact information

Visit <u>http://www.nxp.com/support</u> for a list of phone numbers within your region. Visit <u>http://www.nxp.com/warranty</u> to submit a request for tool warranty.

Revision history

Revision h	nistory	
Revision number	Date	Description
1.0	2017-03-15	Initial version of the document

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Date of release: 15 March 2017

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