

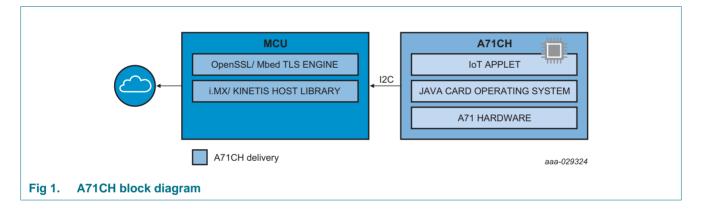
## A71CH Plug & Trust Secure Element Rev. 1.2 — 27 September 2018 449312

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### 1. Introduction

The A71CH is a ready-to-use solution providing a root of trust at the IC level and proven, chip-to-cloud security right out of the box. It is a platform capable of securely storing and provisioning credentials, securely connecting IoT devices to cloud services and performing cryptographic node authentication.

The A71CH solution provides basic security measures protecting the IC against many physical and logical attacks. It can be used with various host platforms and host operating systems to secure a broad range of applications. It is complemented by a comprehensive product support package, offering easy design-in with plug & play host application code, easy to use development kits, reference designs, and extensive documentation for product evaluation.





### 2. General description

### 2.1 A71CH naming conventions

The following table explains the naming conventions of the commercial product name of the A71CH products. Every A71CH product gets assigned such a commercial name, which includes also customer and application specific data.

The A71CH commercial names have the following format.

#### A71CHxagpp(p)/mvsrrff

The 'A71CH' is a constant, all other letters are variables, which are explained in Table 1.

Variable	Meaning	Values	Description
х	IC hardware specification code	1	standard operational ambient temperature: -25 °C to +85 °C I <sup>2</sup> C interface supported
		2	standard operational ambient temperature: -40 °C to +90 °C I <sup>2</sup> C interface supported
а	embedded operating system code	С	Java card operating system
g	embedded application firmware (applet) code	Η	H is a fixed value = IoT security applet pre installed
рр(р)	package type code dd(d)= Delivery Type, TK2= HVSON8 (4x4), UK= WLCSP12		
m	Manufacturing Site Code	Т	
V	Silicon Version Code	0	
S	Silicon Version Subcode	В	
rr	ROM Code ID		
ff	FabKey ID		

 Table 1.
 A71CH commercial name format

#### 2.2 I<sup>2</sup>C interface

The A71CH has an I<sup>2</sup>C interface in slave mode, supporting data rates up to 400 kbit/s operating in Fast-Mode (FM). The I<sup>2</sup>C interface is using the Smartcard I<sup>2</sup>C protocol as defined in <u>Ref. 3</u> which is based on SMBus.

#### 2.3 Security licensing

NXP Semiconductors has obtained a patent license for SPA and DPA countermeasures from Cryptography Research Incorporated (CRI). This license covers both hardware and software countermeasures. It is important to customers that countermeasures within the operation system are covered under this license agreement with CRI. Further details can be obtained on request.

### 3. Features and benefits

#### 3.1 Key benefits

- Secure, zero-touch connectivity
- End-to-end security, from chip to edge to cloud
- Secure credential injection for IC-level root of trust
- Fast design-in with complete product support package
- Easy to integrate with different MCU platforms

#### 3.2 Security features

The A71CH security concepts includes many security measures to protect the chip.

The A71CH operates fully autonomously based on an integrated Javacard operating system and applet. Direct memory access is possible by the fixed functionalities of the applet only. With that, the content from the memory is fully isolated from the host system.

Attack protection by integrated design measures in the chip layout, the logic and the functional blocks.

### 3.3 Cryptography features

The A71CH Secure Element provides the following functionality:

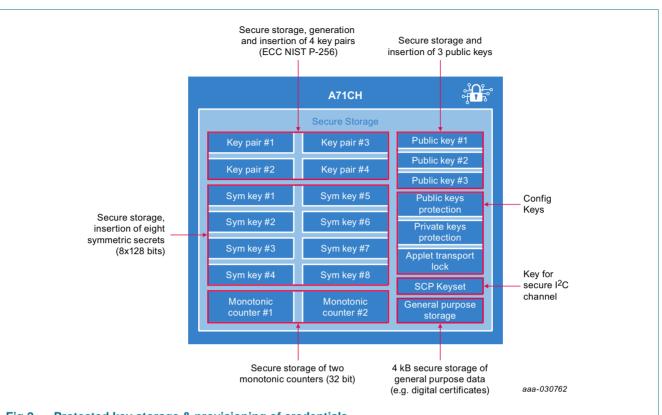
- Protected Access storage, generation, insertion or deletion of 4 key pairs (ECC NIST P-256)
- Systematic enforced authentication
- Secure key management
- Protected Access storage, insertion or deletion of 3 public keys
- Signature generation and verification (ECDSA)
- Shared secret calculation for Key Agreement (ECDH or ECDH-E)
- Protected Access storage and use of 2 monotonic counters (32 bits each)
- Protected Access storage, insertion or deletion of symmetric secrets (8x 128 bits); longer keys can be used by using a ConstructedSecret type
- Content protected access to keys
- A unique chip ID (18 bytes)
- HKDF key derivation using the symmetric secrets as key, Extract & Expand or Expand only modes
- HMAC SHA256 calculation in one shot or sequential
- Freezing of credentials (= OTP behavior)
- Secure channel SCPO3 GP support
- (Optional) trust provisioning of key pairs, public keys, symmetric secrets, etc.
- Possibility to lock the A71CH module as transport lock mechanism

ECC keys and operations support the following ECC curve:

NIST P-256

#### Plug & Trust Secure Element

A71CH



#### Fig 2. Protected key storage & provisioning of credentials

#### 3.4 Functional features

- Dedicated MX51 security CPU
- 400 kbit/s I<sup>2</sup>C Fast-mode interface
- -40 °C to +90 °C operational ambient temperature (A7102)
- On-chip Javacard operating system
- 40 μA typical sleep mode current with I<sup>2</sup>C pads in tristate mode
- 10 μA max deep sleep mode current with I<sup>2</sup>C pads in tristate mode
- High-performance Public Key Infrastructure (PKI)
- EEPROM with min 500,000 cycles endurance and min 25 years retention time
- HVSON8 package and small WLCSP available

### 4. Applications

#### 4.1 Use Cases and target applications

- A710xCH EXAMPLE USE CASES
  - Secure connection to public/private clouds, edge computing platforms, infrastructure
  - Secure Amazon Web Services-compliant connectivity
  - Secure commissioning
  - Device-to-device authentication
  - Proof of origin / anti-counterfeiting
  - Key storage and data protection
  - Secure provisioning of credentials
  - Ecosystem protection
- A710xCH TARGET APPLICATIONS
  - Connected industrial devices
  - Sensor networks
  - IP cameras
  - Home gateways
  - Home appliances

### 5. Ordering information

#### 5.1 Ordering options

Table 2.         Ordering information					
Type number <sup>[1]</sup>	Package				
	Name	Description	Version		
A7101agTK2/	HVSON-8	plastic thermal enhanced very thin small outline package; no leads;	SOT909-1		
A7102agTK2/		8 terminals; body $4 \times 4 \times 0.85$ mm			
A7101agUK/	WLCSP12	wafer level chip scale package, 12 bumping, 0.5 mm ball pitch	not applicable		
A7102agUK/					

[1] a = A or C, g = G, C or A, according to the A71CH type classification see Section 2.1 "A71CH naming conventions"

#### Table 3. A71CH type table 12NC Type number Product Configuration Package Orderable part no 9353 68 A7101CHTK2/T0BC2V6 A71(01)CH customer HVSON8 A7101CHTK2/T0BC2VJ 097118 programmable A7102CHTK2/T0BC2AJ 9353 635 A7102CHTK2/T0BC2A5 A71(02)CH customer HVSON8 15118 programmable 9353 694 A7101CHUK/T0BC2HA A71(01)CH customer WLCSP A7101CHUK/T0BC2HAZ 82023 programmable A7102CHUK/T0BC2VAZ A7102CHUK/T0BC2VA 9353 695 A71(02)CH customer WLCSP 02023 programmable 9353 737 A7101CHTK2/T0BC2BM A71(01)CH HVSON8 A7101CHTK2/T0BC2BJ Provisioned & 63118 Programmable 'Ready for IBM Watson IoT' HVSON8 A7102CHTK2/T0BC2CH A7102CHTK2/T0BC2CJ 9353 741 Provisioned & A71(02)CH Programmable 46118 'Ready for IBM Watson IoT'

Table 4. A71C	H development tools type tak	ble	
12NC	Type number	Development kit	Description
935368997598	OM3710/A71CHARD	OM3710/A71CHARD	Arduino compatible development kit
935369302598	OM3710/A71CHPCB	OM3710/A71CHPCB	Mini PCB

Table 5 gives an overview of available A71CH product types.

Table 5.         A71CH feature table		
Product type <sup>[1]</sup>	Operational ambient temperature	Interface option
A7101Cgpp(p)	–25 °C to +85 °C	l <sup>2</sup> C
A7102Cgpp(p)	–40 °C to +90 °C	

[1] g = G, C, or A; pp(p) = UA or HN1, according the A71CH type classification see Section 2.1 "A71CH naming conventions"

#### 5.1.1 Samples and final products

Section 5.1.2, gives details of how to order samples and final products.

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#### 5.1.2 Ordering A71CH samples

Samples can be ordered from NXP Semiconductors via nxp.com using the "Buy Direct" button.

Note that NXP Semiconductors can provide up to 5 pieces free of charge. Larger quantities have to be ordered separately.

### 5.2 Configuration

The A71CH is available in configurations as specified in <u>Table 3</u>. The Configuration defines the default memory and key contents. The table below describes the default configuration "customer programmable". Other configurations will be described in addenda to this data sheet.

Credential/ State	Amount	Description
Asymmetric Key Pairs	4 x ECDSA NIST P-256 private + public key	Not set, not locked
Asymmetric Public Keys	3 x ECDSA NIST P-256 public keys	Not set, not locked
Config Keys	3 x AES128	Not set, cannot be locked
Symmetric Secret	8 x 128 bit key data	Not set, cannot be locked
Monotonic Counter	2 x upcounting counter with 32 bit	Counter set to 0, cannot be locked
SCP channel	SCP03 keyset with 3 AES128 keys	Keys not set, SCP03 not active
GP Data	128 segments of 32 bytes each	All bytes set to 0x00
Plain Injection Mode		Plain secrets can be inserted
Debug Mode		Debug Mode is active
TransportLock		Module can be set to "LOCKED"

#### Table 6. A71CH type table

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### 6. Marking

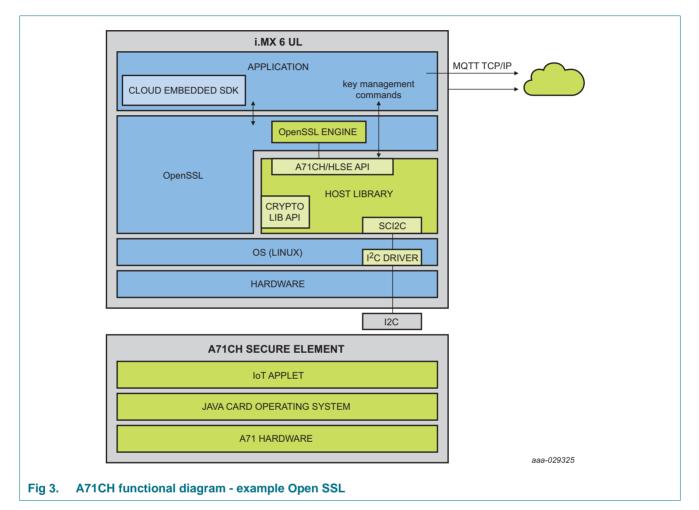
Туре	number	Marking code
A710x	«TK2/	Line A: 710* (* = '1' for A7101, '2' for A7102, '3' for A7103) Line B: **** (**** = 4 digit Batch code[1]) Line C: ZnD***0 (*** = 3 digit Date code[2]) Z: diffusion center, SSMC Systems on Silicon Manufactoring (SSMC), Singapore n: assembly center D: code to indicate conformance to RHF-2006 0: Mask version code
AS Th (tr: de thi co ca all nu	SID: mark ' ne Assemb ansport lot fined by th rough 99, to mbination ase alphabe lowed withi umeric '0'.	ly Sequence ID (ASID) is a 2-digit indicator that counts the number of assembly batches s) within one diffusion batch id and one weekly date code. The week start and end dates are e assembly center algorithm. The ASID is assigned sequentially starting with 01 and ranging nen each digit ranges upper case alphabet letters in combination with numeric, then numeric in with upper case alphabet letters, then upper case alphabet letters in combination with upper et letters providing 1175 possible values within a week-code. The numeric zero '0' is only n the sequence of 01 to 99. The alphabet letter 'O' is not allowed to avoid confusion with
ba se co alp we	atches (DBl equentially ombination phabet lette eek-code.	Batch Sequence Number (DBSN) is a 2-digit indicator that counts the number of diffusion D) within one Package Type (i.e. HVSON8) and one weekly date code. The DBSN is assigned starting with 01 and ranging through 99, then each digit ranges upper case alphabet letters in with numeric, then numeric in combination with upper case alphabet letters, then upper case ers in combination with upper case alphabet letters providing 1175 possible values within a The numeric zero '0' is only allowed within the sequence of 01 to 99. The alphabet letter 'O' is o avoid confusion with numeric '0'.
[2] 3 (	digit Date o	ode: "YWW"
	000 is Y = 0	indicating the year in which the IC is assembled. Examples: for year 1999 is $Y = 9$ , for year 1, for year 2001 is $Y = 1$ . "WW" is a code indicating the week in which the IC is assembled. It is

determined from the date the assembly transport lot is created or alternately the date die is issued from die stores to assembly start or the date die attach (Diebond) occurs or the date encapsulation occurs. Examples: for week 01 is WW = 01, for week 52 is WW = 52, for week 53 is WW = 53.

In the case of bumped die (WL-CSP) the code indicates the week in which the IC was bumped.

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## 7. Functional description



### 7.1 Functional diagram

The A71CH uses  $I^2C$  as communication interface as described in the following section. The A71CH commands are wrapped using the Smartcard  $I^2$  protocol (SCI2C). The detailed documentation for the A71CH commands [ref to APDU Spec] and SCI2C encapsulation (Ref. 3) is available in NXP docstore."

In order to simplify the product usage a host library was created which takes care for the A71CH commands and SCI2C protocol encapsulation. The host library for various platforms is available for download with complete sources on the A71CH website.

### 7.2 Credential Storage & Memory

The I<sup>2</sup>C interface of the A71CH is supporting a Smart Card I<sup>2</sup>C (SCIIC) Protocol using an Inter-IC (I<sup>2</sup>C) based physical interface and data link layer using Fast-mode (FM) up to 400 kBit/s, a SMBus based network layer and bus protocol as well as a mapping layer to convey [ISO/IEC 7816-4] based communication. This protocol is specified in [Ref to SCI<sup>2</sup>C].

- A71CH is compliant to <u>Ref. 3</u> and implements the following SCIIC protocol options:
- Usage of the optional error detection code supported
- CDBMS\_MAX of 255 and a CDBSM\_MAX of 252
- Default Frame Waiting Time is 320 ms
- Protocol binding selection is not supported (not needed as only 7816-4 APDU mapping is supported)
- The I2C address is 90h (8-bit address) equals 48h (7-bit address) and optional 92h (8-bit address) which equals 49h (7-bit address)

### 7.3 I<sup>2</sup>C Interface

The A71CH has an I<sup>2</sup>C interface in slave mode, supporting data rates up to 400 kbit/s operating in Fast-Mode (FM). The I<sup>2</sup>C interface is using the Smartcard I<sup>2</sup>C protocol as defined in <u>Ref. 3</u> which is based on SMBus. The default I<sup>2</sup>C address after power-on-reset depends on the bootup condition as shown in <u>Table 8</u>.

### 7.4 Automatic Communication Mode detection at Power on

The IC configures its interface according to the pin state as shown in the table below. The host system must keep the voltage levels stable at these pins for at least 500  $\mu$ s after power-on-reset.

Value at startup I <sup>2</sup> C address					Idress
IF0	IF1	I2C_SCL	I2C_SDA	Write	Read
0	x	0	0	n.a.	n.a.
1	0	1	1	0x90	0x91
1	1	1	1	0x92	0x93

#### Table 8. I<sup>2</sup>C address

#### 7.5 Power-saving modes

The device provides two power-saving operation modes, the SLEEP mode and the DEEP SLEEP mode. These modes are activated via pad RST\_N (DEEP SLEEP mode) or by the device.

#### 7.5.1 SLEEP mode

The SLEEP mode has the following properties:

- all internal clocks are frozen,
- CPU enters power saving mode with program execution being stopped,
- CPU registers keep their contents,
- RAM keeps its contents,

The A71CH enters automatically into SLEEP mode after 312 ms of inactivity on the I<sup>2</sup>C lines and also wakes up automatically from SLEEP mode. In SLEEP mode, all internal clocks are stopped. The IOs hold the logical states they had at the time IDLE was activated. During SLEEP mode security sensors HVS, LVS, LTS, HTS, Light Sensors, Glitch Sensors and Active Shielding are disabled.

There are two ways to exit from the SLEEP mode:

- A reset signal on RST\_N
- An External Interrupt edge triggered by a falling edge on I2C\_SDA

#### 7.5.2 DEEP SLEEP mode

The A71CHx provides a special sleep mode offering maximum power saving. It is reached by pulling RST\_N to a logic zero level for more than 500  $\mu$ s.

While in deep sleep mode the internal power is completely switched off and only the IO pads stay supplied. All digital pads will stay in high-Z mode.

To leave the DEEP SLEEP mode RST\_N has to be released and set to a logic "1" level.

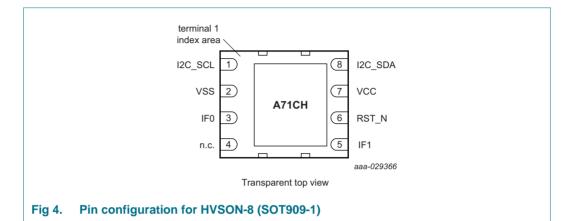
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### 8. Pinning information

#### 8.1 Pinning

### 8.1.1 Pinning HVSON8

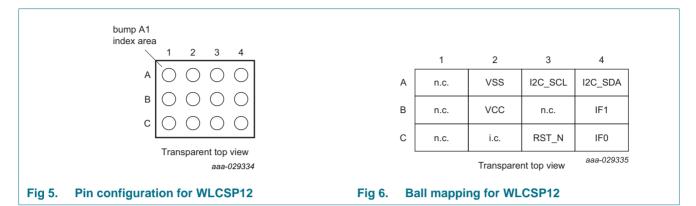


#### Table 9. Pin description HVSON8

	-	
Symbol	Pin	Description
I2C_SCL	1	I <sup>2</sup> C clock
VSS	2	ground
IF0	3	interface activation, apply high on startup
n.c.	4	not connected
IF1	5	I <sup>2</sup> C address selection
RST_N	6	reset input, active LOW
VCC	7	power supply voltage input
I2C_SDA	8	I <sup>2</sup> C data

The center pad of the IC is not connected, although it is recommended to connect it to ground for thermal reasons.

#### 8.1.2 Pinning WLCSP

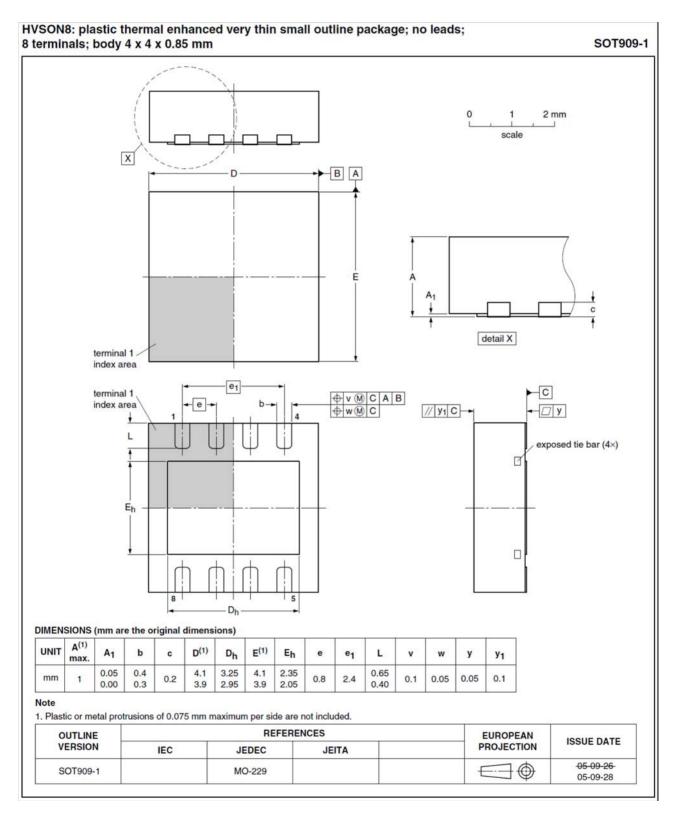


0	D!	
Symbol	Pin	Description
n.c.	A1	not connected
VSS	A2	ground
I2C_SCL	A3	I <sup>2</sup> C Clock
I2C_SDA	A4	I <sup>2</sup> C Data
n.c.	B1	not connected
VCC	B2	Power supply voltage input
n.c.	B3	not connected
IF1	B4	I <sup>2</sup> C address selection
n.c.	C1	not connected
i.c.	C2	internally connected; connect to ground
RST_N	C3	Reset input, active LOW
IF0	C4	interface activation, apply high on startup

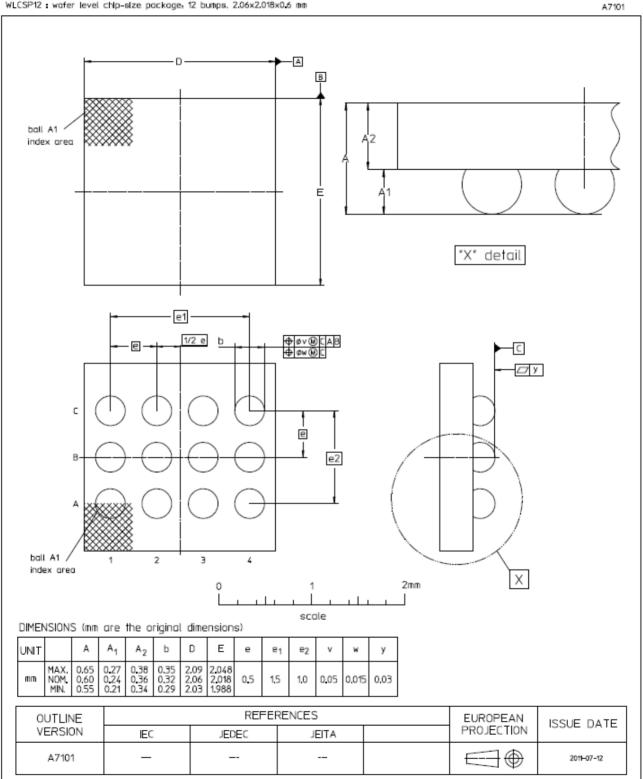
The pins/balls A1, B1, C1, and B3 are not connected internally. These pins/balls can be used for routing to connect to B2 (VCC) in order to have an easier PCB layout.

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### 9. Package outline



#### Fig 7. Package outline SOT909-1



#### WLCSP12 : wafer level chip-size package, 12 bumps, 2.06x2.018x0.6 mm

Fig 8. Package outline WLCSP12

### **10. Packing information**

#### 10.1 Reel packing

The A71CH product is available on 7" tape on reel and 13" tape on reel. Details are provided in <u>Table 11</u>.

#### Table 11. Reel packing options

Package type	Reel type	Minimum packing quantity
HVSON8	7" tape on reel	1500
HVSON8	13" tape on reel <sup>[1]</sup>	6000
WLCSP12	7" tape on reel	3000

 For details about packing method, product orientation, tape dimensions and labeling for A71 parts in HVSON8 package having an ordering code (12NC) ending 118 refer to <u>Ref. 2</u>.

### 11. Electrical and timing characteristics

The electrical interface characteristics of static (DC) and dynamic (AC) parameters for pads and functions used for  $I^2C$  are in accordance with the NXP  $I^2C$  specification (see Ref. 1).

### **12. Limiting values**

#### Table 12. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to VSS (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	supply voltage			-0.3	+4.6	V
VI	input voltage	any signal pad		-0.3	+4.6	V
I	input current	pad I2C_SDA, I2C_SCL		-	10	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	pad I2C_SDA, I2C_SCL		-	10	mA
l <sub>lu</sub>	latch-up current	$V_I < 0 V \text{ or } V_I > V_{DD}$		-	100	mA
V <sub>esd_hbm</sub>	electrostatic discharge voltage (Human Body Model)	pads VCC, VSS, RST_N, I2C_SDA, I2C_SCL	[1]		± 2.0	kV
V <sub>esd_cdm</sub>	electrostatic discharge voltage (Charge Device Model)	pads VCC, VSS, RST_N, I2C_SDA, I2C_SCL	[3]		± 500	V
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total power dissipation		[2]	-	1	W
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature			-55	+125	°C

[1] MIL Standard 883-D method 3015; human body model; C = 100 pF, R =  $1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ ; T<sub>amb</sub> = -25 °C to +85 °C.

[2] Depending on appropriate thermal resistance of the package.

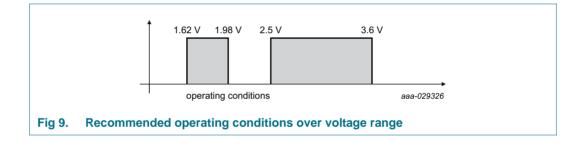
[3] JESD22-C101, JEDEC Standard Field induced charge device model test method.

### 13. Recommended operating conditions

The A71CH offers two operation modes, the so-called 1V8 mode and the 3V3 mode targeted for battery supplied applications.

Table 13.	Recommended	operating	conditions
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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	supply voltage range	3V3 mode range CPU in free runing mode	2.50	3.3	3.6	V
		1V8 mode	1.62	1.8	1.98	V
VI	DC input voltage on digital I/O pads I2C_SCL, I2C_SDA	3V3 mode	0		3.6	V
		1V8 mode	0		3.6	V
VI	DC input voltage on digital	3V3 mode	0		3.6	V
	input pad RST_N	1V8 mode	0		3.6	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	Operating ambient	A7101	-25		+85	°C
	temperature	A7102	-40		+90	°C



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### **14. Characteristics**

#### 14.1 DC characteristics

#### **Measurement conventions**

Testing measurements are performed at the contact pads of the device under test. All voltages are defined with respect to the ground contact pad VSS. All currents flowing into the device are considered positive.

#### 14.1.1 General and I<sup>2</sup>C I/O interface

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input/Out	put: I2C_SCL, I2C_SDA in push-p	oull mode					
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH level input voltage			$0.7 V_{DD}$		V <sub>Imax</sub> [1]	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW level input voltage			-0.5		0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	V
IIH	HIGH level input current in input mode	$V_{IHmin} < V_I < V_{IHmax}$				± 10	μA
IIL	LOW level input current	$V_{ILmin} < V_I < V_{ILmax}$				± 10	μA
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH level output voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -3.0 mA; 3V3 mode	[2]	0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>			V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -3.0 mA; 1V8 mode	[2]	0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	3	I <sub>OL</sub> = 3.0 mA 3V3 mode				0.4	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.0 mA 1V8 mode				0.2 V <sub>DD</sub>	V

#### Table 14. Electrical DC characteristics of I2C\_SCL, I2C\_SDA and RST\_N

#### Input/Output: I2C\_SCL, I2C\_SDA in open-drain mode

VIH	HIGH level input voltage		0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>Imax</sub> [1]	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW level input voltage		-0.5	0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH level input current in input mode	$V_{IHmin} < V_I < V_{IHmax}$		± 10	μA
I <sub>IL</sub>	LOW level input current	$V_{ILmin} < V_I < V_{ILmax}$		± 10	μA
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW level output voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 3.0 mA 3V3 mode		0.4	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.0 mA 1V8 mode		0.2 V <sub>DD</sub>	V

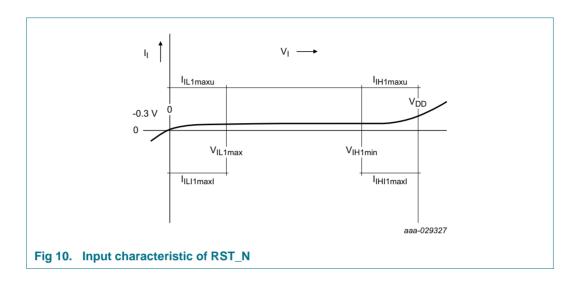
#### Input: RST\_N

V <sub>IH1</sub>	HIGH level input voltage			0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>Imax</sub> [1]	V
V <sub>IL1</sub>	LOW level input voltage			-0.3	0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	V
I <sub>IH1</sub>	HIGH level RST_N input current	$V_{IH1min} \leq V_I \leq V_{DD}$	<u>[3]</u>		± 20	μA
$I_{IL1}$	LOW level RST_N input current	$0 V \le V_I \le V_{IL1max};$	<u>[3]</u>		± 20	μΑ

[1] Maximum value according to Table 13 "Recommended operating conditions"

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- [2] : External pull-up resistor 20 k $\Omega$  to VDD. The worst case test condition for parameter V<sub>OH</sub> is present at minimum V<sub>DD</sub>. For class A supply voltage conditions V<sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V is the worst case with respect to the fix specification limit V<sub>OHmin</sub> = 3.8 V (0.844 V<sub>DD</sub>). The supply voltage related limit "0.7 V<sub>DD</sub>" is a stricter requirement than the fix value 3.8 V at high V<sub>DD</sub> (0.7 V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.85 V at V<sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V). So, in the V<sub>DD</sub> range 4.5 V to 5.5 V, V<sub>OHmin</sub> is specified as "the larger value of 0.7 V<sub>DD</sub> and 3.8 V, respectively".
- [3] The active low RST\_N input internally has a resistive pull-down device to VSS. Accordingly a current is flowing into the pad voltages above 0 V. Figure 10 shows the RST\_N input characteristic.



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14.1.2	I <sup>2</sup> C interface at 3V3 mode operation <sup>[1]</sup>	
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#### Table 15. Electrical characteristics of IC supply voltage $V_{DD}$ ; $V_{SS}$ = 0 V; $T_{amb}$ = -40 to +90 °C

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply						
V <sub>DD</sub>	supply voltage range	3V3 mode range CPU in free running mode	2.50	3.3	3.6	V
I <sub>DD</sub>	no coprocessor active	CPU in free running mode		6.3	7.0	mA
	EPROM programming in progress	CPU in free running mode		7.3	8.0	mA
	AES coprocessor active	CPU in free running mode		9.3	10.3	mA
	ECC coprocessor active	CPU in free running mode		13.7	15.1	mA
I <sub>DD(SLP)</sub>	supply current SLEEP mode	T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C		45	150	μA
I <sub>DD(DSLP)</sub>	supply current deep sleep mode	RST_N at 0V, $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$			10	μA
		RST_N at 0V, $T_{amb} = 90 \ ^{\circ}C$			10	μA

[1] All appropriately marked values are typical values and only referenced for information. They are subject to change without notice.

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#### 14.1.3 I<sup>2</sup>C interface at 1V8 mode operation<sup>[1]</sup>

#### Table 16. Electrical characteristics of IC supply voltage $V_{DD}$ ; $V_{SS} = 0$ V; $T_{amb} = -40$ to +90 °C

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply	1					
V <sub>DD</sub>	supply voltage range	1V8 mode range	1.62	1.8	1.98	V
I <sub>DD</sub>	no coprocessor active	CPU in free running mode		2.45		mA
	AES coprocessor active	CPU in free running mode		2.7		mA
	ECC coprocessor active	CPU in free running mode		7.5		mA
I <sub>DD(SLP)</sub>	supply current SLEEP mode	T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C		40	80	μA
I <sub>DD(DSLP)</sub>	supply current deep sleep mode	RST_N at 0V, $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$			10	μA
		RST_N at 0V, $T_{amb} = 90 \ ^{\circ}C$			10	μA

[1] All appropriately marked values are typical values and only referenced for information. They are subject to change without notice.

### **14.2 AC characteristics**

# Table 17. Non-volatile memory timing characteristics; V\_{DD} = 1.8 V $\pm$ 10% or 3 V $\pm$ 10% V; V\_{SS} = 0 V; T\_{amb} = -40 to 90 °C

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>EEP</sub>	EEPROM erase + program time			2.7		ms
t <sub>EEE</sub>	EEPROM erase time			1.7		ms
t <sub>EEW</sub>	EEPROM program time			1.0		ms
t <sub>EER</sub>	EEPROM data retention time	T <sub>amb</sub> = +55 ℃	25			years
N <sub>EEC</sub>	EEPROM endurance (number of programming cycles)		5 × 10 <sup>5</sup>			cycles

# Table 18. Electrical AC characteristics of I2C\_SDA, I2C\_SCL, and RST\_N<sup>[1]</sup>; $V_{DD} = 1.8 V \pm 10\%$ or $3 V \pm 10\%$ V; $V_{SS} = 0$ V; $T_{amb} = -40$ to $90 \degree$ C

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input/Ou	utput: I2C_SDA, I2C_SCL in op	en-drain mode					
tr <sub>IO</sub>	I/O Input rise time	Input/reception mode	<u>[4]</u>			1	μs
tf <sub>IO</sub>	I/O Input fall time	Input/reception mode	<u>[4]</u>			1	μs
tf <sub>OIO</sub>	I/O Output fall time	Output/transmission mode; $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$	<u>[4]</u>			0.3	μs
f <sub>CLK</sub>	External clock frequency in I <sup>2</sup> C applications	$t_{\text{CLKW}},\text{T}_{\text{amb}}$ and $\text{V}_{\text{DD}}$ in their spec'd limits		-		400	kHz
t <sub>CLKW</sub>	Clock pulse width i.r.t. clock period (positive pulse duty cycle of CLK)		[3]	40		60	%
Inputs:	RST_N				I	I	I
t <sub>RW</sub>	Reset pulse width (RST_N low) without entering deep sleep mode			40		400	μs
t <sub>RDSLP</sub>	Reset pulse width (RST_N low) to enter deep sleep mode			500			μs
t <sub>WKP</sub>	Wake-up time from SLEEP mode	$f_{CLKmin} < f_{CLK} < f_{CLKmax}$		-	8	10	μs

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>WKPIO</sub>	Pad LOW time for wake-up	level triggered ext.int.	-	8	10	μs
	from SLEEP mode	edge triggered ext.int.	-	8	10	μs
tWKPRST	RST_N LOW time for wake-up from SLEEP mode		40		-	μs
t <sub>WKWT</sub>	Time from SLEEP mode wake/up event to I2C_SDA valid			50	100	ns
C <sub>PIN</sub>	Pin capacitances RST_N, I2C_SDA, /I2C_SCL	Test frequency = 1 MHz; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-		10	pF

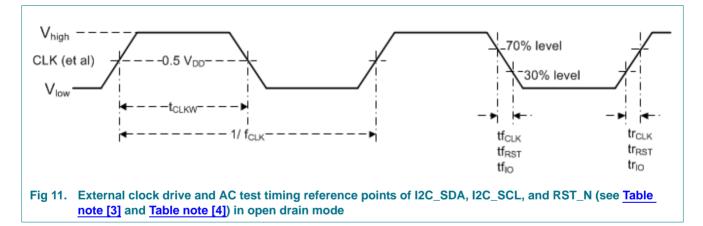
#### Table 18. Electrical AC characteristics of I2C\_SDA, I2C\_SCL, and RST\_N<sup>[1]</sup>; Vpp = 1.8 V + 10% or 3 V + 10% V: Vps = 0 V: Table = -40 to 90 °C

[1] All appropriately marked values are typical values and only referenced for information. They are subject to change without notice.

 $[2] \quad t_r \text{ is defined as rise time between 20\% and 80\% of the signal amplitude.} \\ t_f \text{ is defined as fall time between 80\% and 20\% of the signal amplitude.}$ 

[3] During AC testing the inputs RST\_N, I2C\_SDA, I2C\_SCL are driven at 0 V to +0.3 V for a LOW input level and at V<sub>DD</sub> –0.3 V to V<sub>DD</sub> for a HIGH input level. Clock period and signal pulse (duty cycle) timing is measured at 50% of V<sub>DD</sub>.

[4]  $t_r$  is defined as rise time between 30% and 70% of the signal amplitude.  $t_f$  is defined as fall time between 70% and 30% of the signal amplitude.



#### 14.3 EMC/EMI

EMC and EMI resistance according to IEC 61967-4.

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### **15. Abbreviations**

Table 19.	Abbreviations
Acronym	Description
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DES	Digital Encryption Standard
DPA	Differential Power Analysis
DSS	Digital Signature Standard
ECC	Elliptic Curve Cryptography
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory
I/O	Input/Output
MAC	Message Authentication Code
OS	Operating System
PKI	Public Key Infrastructure
SFI	Single Fault Injection
SHA	Secure Hash Algorithm

### **16. References**

- I<sup>2</sup>C-bus specification and user manual, Rev. 3.0 June-19-2007, NXP Semiconductors
- [2] SOT909-1; HVSON8; Reel pack; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118; Packing Information; Rev. 2 — 19 April 2013
- [3] Application note SCIIC Protocol Specification, Application note, Rev 1.x, AN12207 (document number an19501x)

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### **17. Revision history**

#### Table 20.Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
449312	20180927	Data sheet		449311
Modifications:	<ul> <li>Table 3 "A710</li> <li>Section 3.4 "I</li> <li>Section 8.1.1</li> <li>Section 8.1.2</li> <li>Figure 5 "Pin</li> <li>Figure 6 "Bal</li> <li>Table 10 "Pin</li> </ul>	CH commercial name format CH type table": Updated Functional features": Added V "Pinning HVSON8": Added p "Pinning WLCSP": Added se configuration for WLCSP12" I mapping for WLCSP12": Up description WLCSP": Updated	- Daragraph Added pin configuration dated	l
449311	20180801	el packing options": Added W Data sheet		449310
449310	20180221	Objective short data she	et	
Modifications:	<ul> <li>Initial version</li> </ul>	l		

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Document status[1][2]	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
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Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

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[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"

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