

nRF5340

Objective Product Specification

v0.5

nRF5340 features

Features:

- 1.7 V to 5.5 V supply voltage range
- Single 32 MHz crystal operation
- Package: aQFN-94
- 1.8 V to 3.3 V regulated supply for external components
- Operating temperature: -40 to +105 °C

Application core:

- Arm® Cortex®-M33 with TrustZone® technology
 - 128 MHz or 64 MHz operation
 - 510 EEMBC CoreMark score running from flash memory
 - Single-precision floating-point unit (FPU)
 - Digital signal processing (DSP) instructions
 - Data watchpoint and trace (DWT), embedded trace macrocell (ETM), instrumentation trace macrocell (ITM), and cross trigger interface (CTI)
 - Serial wire debug (SWD)
 - Trace port interface unit (TPIU)
 - 4-bit parallel trace of ITM and ETM trace data
 - Serial wire output (SWO) trace of ITM data
- 1 MB flash and 512 kB low leakage RAM
- Arm TrustZone CryptoCell™ -312 security subsystem
 - NIST 800-90B, AIS-31, and FIPS 140-2 compliant random number generator
 - AES-128 and 256: ECB, CBC, CMAC/CBC-MAC, CTR, CCM/CCM*, GCM
 - SHA-1, SHA-2 up to 256 bits
 - Keyed-hash message authentication code (HMAC)
 - RSA public key cryptography with up to 3072-bit key size
 - ECC support for most used curves
 - Application key management using derived key model
- Two-way set associative cache towards flash and QSPI XIP code regions
- QSPI peripheral for communicating with an external flash memory device
- Near field communication (NFC-A) tag with wake-on field
 - Touch-to-pair support
- Up to 3x SPI master/slave with EasyDMA
- Up to 2x I2C compatible two-wire master/slave with EasyDMA
- Up to 2x UART (CTS/RTS) with EasyDMA
 - Optional, built-in, flow control (CTS, RTS)
- Audio peripherals: I2S, digital microphone interface (PDM)
- Up to 3x pulse width modulator (PWM) units with EasyDMA
- 12-bit, 200 ksp/s ADC with EasyDMA - eight configurable channels with programmable gain
- Up to 3x 32-bit timer with counter mode
- Up to 2x 24-bit real-time counter (RTC)
- Quadrature decoder (QDEC)
- Distributed programmable peripheral interconnect (DPPI)
- Inter-processor communication (IPC)
- Mutually exclusive peripheral (MUTEX)
- 48 general purpose I/O pins

Network core:

- Arm Cortex-M33
 - 64 MHz operation
 - 238 EEMBC CoreMark score running from flash memory
 - Cross trigger interface (CTI)
 - Serial wire debug (SWD)
 - SWO trace port
- 256 kB flash
- 64 kB low leakage RAM
- Bluetooth® 5.1, IEEE 802.15.4-2006, 2.4 GHz transceiver
 - -97.5 dBm sensitivity in 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy mode
 - -20 to +3 dBm configurable TX power
 - On-air compatible with nRF52, nRF51, nRF24L, and nRF24AP Series
 - Supported data rates:
 - Bluetooth 5.1: 2 Mbps, 1 Mbps, 500 kbps, and 125 kbps
 - IEEE 802.15.4-2006: 250 kbps
 - Proprietary 2.4 GHz: 2 Mbps, 1 Mbps
 - Single-ended antenna output (on-chip balun)
 - 128-bit AES/ECB/CCM/AAR co-processor (on-the-fly packet encryption)
 - 3.2 mA run current in TX (0 dBm)
 - 2.6 mA run current in RX
 - RSSI (1 dB resolution)
- SPI master/slave with EasyDMA
- I2C compatible two-wire master/slave with EasyDMA
- UART (CTS/RTS) with EasyDMA
- Up to 3x 32-bit timer with counter mode
- Up to 2x real-time counter (RTC)
- Temperature sensor
- Distributed programmable peripheral interconnect (DPPI)
- Inter-processor communication (IPC)
- Mutually exclusive peripheral (MUTEX)

Applications:

- Advanced computer peripherals and I/O devices
 - Multi-touch trackpad
- Advanced wearables
 - Health/fitness sensor and monitor devices
 - Wireless payment enabled devices
- Internet of things (IoT)
 - Smart home sensors and controllers
 - Industrial IoT sensors and controllers
- Interactive entertainment devices
 - Remote controls
 - Gaming controllers

Contents

nRF5340 features	ii
1 Revision history	13
2 About this document	14
2.1 Document status	14
2.2 Peripheral chapters	14
2.3 Register tables	14
2.3.1 Fields and values	15
2.3.2 Permissions	15
2.4 Registers	15
2.4.1 DUMMY	15
3 Product overview	17
3.1 Block diagram	17
3.2 Memory	18
3.2.1 RAM - Random access memory	20
3.2.2 Flash (non-volatile memory)	20
3.2.3 XIP - Execute in place	21
3.2.4 Access latency	21
4 Power and clock management	22
4.1 Overview	22
4.1.1 System ON mode	22
4.1.2 System OFF mode	23
4.1.3 Core Force-off mode	24
4.2 Current consumption	24
4.2.1 Electrical specification	26
4.3 Power supply modes and regulators	32
4.3.1 Normal voltage mode	32
4.3.2 High voltage mode	33
4.3.3 Power supply supervisor	33
4.4 POWER — Power control	36
4.4.1 Registers	36
4.5 REGULATORS - Regulator control	41
4.5.1 Normal voltage mode - detailed setup	41
4.5.2 High voltage mode - detailed setup	42
4.5.3 GPIO levels	44
4.5.4 Registers	44
4.5.5 Electrical specification	46
4.6 USBREG - USB regulator control	48
4.6.1 Registers	49
4.6.2 Electrical specification	53
4.7 VREQCTRL - Voltage request control	54
4.7.1 Registers	54
4.8 RESET - Reset control	55
4.8.1 Power-on reset	55
4.8.2 Pin reset	56
4.8.3 Brownout reset	56

4.8.4 Wakeup from System OFF mode reset	56
4.8.5 Soft reset	56
4.8.6 Watchdog timer reset	56
4.8.7 Network force off	57
4.8.8 Retained registers	57
4.8.9 Application core reset behavior	57
4.8.10 Network core reset behavior	58
4.8.11 Registers	59
4.9 CLOCK — Clock control	61
4.9.1 HFCLK controller	62
4.9.2 LFCLK controller	66
4.9.3 Registers	69
4.9.4 Electrical specification	86
4.10 OSCILLATORS — Oscillator control	88
4.10.1 High-frequency (32 MHz) crystal oscillator (HFXO)	88
4.10.2 Low-frequency (32.768 kHz) crystal oscillator (LFXO)	89
4.10.3 Low-frequency (32.768 kHz) external source	90
4.10.4 Registers	90
5.1 Application core	92
5.1.1 Application core overview	92
5.1.2 CPU	94
5.1.2.1 Floating point interrupt	94
5.1.2.2 Electrical specification	94
5.1.2.3 CPU and support module configuration	95
5.1.3 Memory	95
5.1.3.1 Peripheral instantiation	96
5.1.4 Core components	99
5.1.4.1 CACHE — Instruction/data cache	99
5.1.4.2 FICR — Factory information configuration registers	108
5.1.4.3 UICR — User information configuration registers	115
5.1.4.4 AHB multilayer	120
6.1 Network core	122
6.1.1 Network core overview	122
6.1.2 CPU	124
6.1.2.1 Electrical specification	124
6.1.2.2 CPU and support module configuration	124
6.1.3 Memory	125
6.1.3.1 Peripheral instantiation	126
6.1.4 Core components	128
6.1.4.1 FICR — Factory information configuration registers	128
6.1.4.2 UICR — User information configuration registers	133
6.1.4.3 AHB multilayer	134
7.1 Peripherals	136
7.1.1 Instantiation	136
7.1.2 Peripheral interface	136
7.1.2.1 Peripheral ID	137
7.1.2.2 Peripherals with shared ID	138
7.1.2.3 Peripheral registers	138
7.1.2.4 Bit set and clear	138
7.1.2.5 Tasks	138

7.1.2.6 Events	139
7.1.2.7 Publish and subscribe	139
7.1.2.8 Shortcuts	139
7.1.2.9 Interrupts	139
7.1.2.10 Secure/non-secure peripherals	140
7.1.3 EasyDMA	140
7.1.3.1 EasyDMA error handling	142
7.1.3.2 EasyDMA array list	142
7.1.4 ACL — Access control lists	143
7.1.4.1 Registers	145
7.1.5 AAR — Accelerated address resolver	146
7.1.5.1 Shared resources	146
7.1.5.2 EasyDMA	146
7.1.5.3 Resolving a resolvable address	146
7.1.5.4 Use case example for chaining RADIO packet reception with address resolution using AAR	147
7.1.5.5 IRK data structure	147
7.1.5.6 Registers	148
7.1.5.7 Electrical specification	153
7.1.6 CCM — AES CCM mode encryption	153
7.1.6.1 Shared resources	154
7.1.6.2 Keystream generation	154
7.1.6.3 Encryption	155
7.1.6.4 Decryption	155
7.1.6.5 AES CCM and radio concurrent operation	156
7.1.6.6 Encrypting packets on-the-fly in radio transmit mode	156
7.1.6.7 Decrypting packets on-the-fly in radio receive mode	157
7.1.6.8 CCM data structure	158
7.1.6.9 EasyDMA and ERROR event	159
7.1.6.10 Registers	159
7.1.6.11 Electrical specification	168
7.1.7 COMP — Comparator	168
7.1.7.1 Shared resources	170
7.1.7.2 Differential mode	170
7.1.7.3 Single-ended mode	171
7.1.7.4 Registers	173
7.1.7.5 Electrical specification	182
7.1.8 CRYPTOCELL — ARM TrustZone CryptoCell 312	183
7.1.8.1 Usage	184
7.1.8.2 Direct memory access (DMA)	184
7.1.8.3 Standards	184
7.1.8.4 Registers	185
7.1.9 DCNF — Domain configuration	186
7.1.9.1 Protection	186
7.1.9.2 Registers	187
7.1.10 DPPI - Distributed programmable peripheral interconnect	188
7.1.10.1 Subscribing to and publishing on channels	189
7.1.10.2 DPPI configuration (DPPIC)	191
7.1.10.3 Connection examples	191
7.1.10.4 Special considerations for a system implementing TrustZone for Cortex-M processors	192
7.1.10.5 Registers	193
7.1.11 ECB — AES electronic codebook mode encryption	196
7.1.11.1 Shared resources	196
7.1.11.2 EasyDMA	197

7.1.11.3 ECB data structure	197
7.1.11.4 Registers	197
7.1.11.5 Electrical specification	201
7.1.12 EGU — Event generator unit	201
7.1.12.1 Registers	202
7.1.12.2 Electrical specification	204
7.1.13 FPU - Floating point unit (FPU) exceptions	204
7.1.13.1 Registers	205
7.1.14 GPIO — General purpose input/output	209
7.1.14.1 Assigning pins to MCUs and Subsystems	210
7.1.14.2 Pin configuration	211
7.1.14.3 Pin sense mechanism	212
7.1.14.4 GPIO security	213
7.1.14.5 Registers	215
7.1.14.6 Electrical specification	219
7.1.15 GPIOTE — GPIO tasks and events	220
7.1.15.1 Pin events and tasks	221
7.1.15.2 Port event	221
7.1.15.3 Tasks and events pin configuration	222
7.1.15.4 Registers	222
7.1.15.5 Electrical specification	227
7.1.16 I ² S — Inter-IC sound interface	227
7.1.16.1 Mode	228
7.1.16.2 Transmitting and receiving	228
7.1.16.3 Left right clock (LRCK)	229
7.1.16.4 Serial clock (SCK)	229
7.1.16.5 Master clock (MCK)	230
7.1.16.6 Width, alignment and format	232
7.1.16.7 EasyDMA	234
7.1.16.8 Module operation	236
7.1.16.9 Pin configuration	238
7.1.16.10 Registers	239
7.1.16.11 Electrical specification	252
7.1.17 IPC — Interprocessor communication	252
7.1.17.1 IPC and PPI connections	254
7.1.17.2 Registers	255
7.1.17.3 Electrical specification	258
7.1.18 KMU — Key management unit	258
7.1.18.1 Functional view	259
7.1.18.2 Access control	259
7.1.18.3 Protecting the UICR content	260
7.1.18.4 Usage	260
7.1.18.5 Registers	264
7.1.19 LPCOMP — Low-power comparator	268
7.1.19.1 Shared resources	270
7.1.19.2 Pin configuration	270
7.1.19.3 Registers	270
7.1.19.4 Electrical specification	278
7.1.20 MUTEX — Mutual exclusive peripheral	279
7.1.20.1 Registers	280
7.1.21 NFCT — Near field communication tag	281
7.1.21.1 Overview	282
7.1.21.2 Operating states	284
7.1.21.3 Pin configuration	285

7.1.21.4 EasyDMA	285
7.1.21.5 Frame assembler	286
7.1.21.6 Frame disassembler	287
7.1.21.7 Frame timing controller	288
7.1.21.8 Collision resolution	289
7.1.21.9 Antenna interface	290
7.1.21.10 NFCT antenna recommendations	290
7.1.21.11 Battery protection	291
7.1.21.12 References	291
7.1.21.13 Registers	292
7.1.21.14 Electrical specification	317
7.1.22 NVMC — Non-volatile memory controller	318
7.1.22.1 Writing to flash	318
7.1.22.2 Erasing a secure page in flash	318
7.1.22.3 Erasing a non-secure page in flash	319
7.1.22.4 Writing to user information configuration registers (UICR)	319
7.1.22.5 Erase all	319
7.1.22.6 NVMC protection mechanisms	319
7.1.22.7 Cache	320
7.1.22.8 Registers	321
7.1.22.9 Electrical specification	324
7.1.23 PDM — Pulse density modulation interface	324
7.1.23.1 Master clock source selection	325
7.1.23.2 Master clock generator	325
7.1.23.3 Module operation	326
7.1.23.4 Decimation filter	327
7.1.23.5 EasyDMA	327
7.1.23.6 Hardware example	328
7.1.23.7 Pin configuration	329
7.1.23.8 Registers	329
7.1.23.9 Electrical specification	337
7.1.24 PWM — Pulse width modulation	338
7.1.24.1 Wave counter	339
7.1.24.2 Decoder with EasyDMA	342
7.1.24.3 Limitations	350
7.1.24.4 Pin configuration	350
7.1.24.5 Registers	350
7.1.25 QDEC — Quadrature decoder	361
7.1.25.1 Sampling and decoding	362
7.1.25.2 LED output	363
7.1.25.3 Debounce filters	363
7.1.25.4 Accumulators	364
7.1.25.5 Output/input pins	364
7.1.25.6 Pin configuration	364
7.1.25.7 Registers	365
7.1.25.8 Electrical specification	380
7.1.26 QSPI — Quad serial peripheral interface	380
7.1.26.1 Configuring peripheral	380
7.1.26.2 Write operation	381
7.1.26.3 Read operation	381
7.1.26.4 Erase operation	381
7.1.26.5 Execute in place	381
7.1.26.6 Encryption	382
7.1.26.7 Sending custom instructions	383

7.1.26.8 Deep power-down mode	384
7.1.26.9 Instruction set	384
7.1.26.10 Interface description	385
7.1.26.11 Registers	390
7.1.26.12 Electrical specification	408
7.1.27 RADIO — 2.4 GHz radio	409
7.1.27.1 Packet configuration	409
7.1.27.2 Address configuration	411
7.1.27.3 Data whitening	411
7.1.27.4 CRC	412
7.1.27.5 Radio states	412
7.1.27.6 Transmit sequence	413
7.1.27.7 Receive sequence	414
7.1.27.8 Received signal strength indicator (RSSI)	416
7.1.27.9 Interframe spacing (IFS)	416
7.1.27.10 Device address match	417
7.1.27.11 Bit counter	417
7.1.27.12 Direction finding	418
7.1.27.13 IEEE 802.15.4 operation	423
7.1.27.14 EasyDMA	431
7.1.27.15 Registers	432
7.1.27.16 Electrical specification	478
7.1.28 RNG — Random number generator	484
7.1.28.1 Bias correction	484
7.1.28.2 Speed	484
7.1.28.3 Registers	484
7.1.28.4 Electrical specification	488
7.1.29 RTC — Real-time counter	488
7.1.29.1 Clock source	488
7.1.29.2 Resolution versus overflow and the prescaler	488
7.1.29.3 Counter register	489
7.1.29.4 Overflow	490
7.1.29.5 Tick event	490
7.1.29.6 Event control	490
7.1.29.7 Capture	491
7.1.29.8 Compare	491
7.1.29.9 Task and event jitter/delay	494
7.1.29.10 Registers	496
7.1.29.11 Electrical specification	504
7.1.30 SAADC — Successive approximation analog-to-digital converter	504
7.1.30.1 Shared resources	505
7.1.30.2 Overview	505
7.1.30.3 Digital output	506
7.1.30.4 Analog inputs and channels	506
7.1.30.5 Operation modes	507
7.1.30.6 EasyDMA	509
7.1.30.7 Resistor ladder	509
7.1.30.8 Reference	510
7.1.30.9 Acquisition time	510
7.1.30.10 Limits event monitoring	511
7.1.30.11 Registers	512
7.1.30.12 Electrical specification	530
7.1.30.13 Performance factors	531
7.1.31 SPIM — Serial peripheral interface master with EasyDMA	531

7.1.31.1 SPI master transaction sequence	532
7.1.31.2 D/CX functionality	532
7.1.31.3 Pin configuration	533
7.1.31.4 Shared resources	534
7.1.31.5 EasyDMA	534
7.1.31.6 Low power	534
7.1.31.7 Registers	535
7.1.31.8 Electrical specification	549
7.1.32 SPIS — Serial peripheral interface slave with EasyDMA	550
7.1.32.1 Shared resources	551
7.1.32.2 EasyDMA	551
7.1.32.3 SPI slave operation	551
7.1.32.4 Pin configuration	553
7.1.32.5 Registers	554
7.1.32.6 Electrical specification	566
7.1.33 SPU — System protection unit	568
7.1.33.1 General concepts	568
7.1.33.2 Flash access control	569
7.1.33.3 RAM access control	572
7.1.33.4 Peripheral access control	575
7.1.33.5 Pin access control	577
7.1.33.6 DPPI access control	577
7.1.33.7 External domain access control	579
7.1.33.8 TrustZone for Cortex-M ID allocation	580
7.1.33.9 Registers	581
7.1.34 SWI — Software interrupts	592
7.1.34.1 Registers	593
7.1.35 TEMP — Temperature sensor	593
7.1.35.1 Registers	593
7.1.35.2 Electrical specification	600
7.1.36 TIMER — Timer/counter	600
7.1.36.1 Capture	602
7.1.36.2 Compare	602
7.1.36.3 Task delays	602
7.1.36.4 Task priority	602
7.1.36.5 Registers	603
7.1.36.6 Electrical specification	610
7.1.37 TWIM — I ² C compatible two-wire interface master with EasyDMA	610
7.1.37.1 Shared resources	611
7.1.37.2 EasyDMA	612
7.1.37.3 Master write sequence	612
7.1.37.4 Master read sequence	613
7.1.37.5 Master repeated start sequence	614
7.1.37.6 Low power	615
7.1.37.7 Master mode pin configuration	615
7.1.37.8 Registers	616
7.1.37.9 Electrical specification	630
7.1.37.10 Pullup resistor	631
7.1.38 TWIS — I ² C compatible two-wire interface slave with EasyDMA	631
7.1.38.1 Shared resources	634
7.1.38.2 EasyDMA	634
7.1.38.3 TWI slave responding to a read command	634
7.1.38.4 TWI slave responding to a write command	635
7.1.38.5 Master repeated start sequence	637

7.1.38.6 Terminating an ongoing TWI transaction	637
7.1.38.7 Low power	638
7.1.38.8 Slave mode pin configuration	638
7.1.38.9 Registers	638
7.1.38.10 Electrical specification	652
7.1.39 UARTE — Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter with EasyDMA	652
7.1.39.1 EasyDMA	653
7.1.39.2 Transmission	653
7.1.39.3 Reception	654
7.1.39.4 Error conditions	656
7.1.39.5 Using the UARTE without flow control	656
7.1.39.6 Parity and stop bit configuration	656
7.1.39.7 Low power	656
7.1.39.8 Pin configuration	657
7.1.39.9 Registers	657
7.1.39.10 Electrical specification	675
7.1.40 USB — Universal serial bus device	675
7.1.40.1 USB device states	676
7.1.40.2 USB terminology	677
7.1.40.3 USB pins	678
7.1.40.4 USB power-up sequence	678
7.1.40.5 USB pull-up	679
7.1.40.6 USB reset	679
7.1.40.7 USB suspend and resume	680
7.1.40.8 EasyDMA	681
7.1.40.9 Control transfers	682
7.1.40.10 Bulk and interrupt transactions	685
7.1.40.11 Isochronous transactions	688
7.1.40.12 USB register access limitations	690
7.1.40.13 Registers	691
7.1.40.14 Electrical specification	719
7.1.41 VMC — Volatile memory controller	719
7.1.41.1 RAM power states	719
7.1.41.2 Registers	720
7.1.42 WDT — Watchdog timer	721
7.1.42.1 Reload criteria	722
7.1.42.2 Temporarily pausing the watchdog	722
7.1.42.3 Watchdog reset	722
7.1.42.4 Stopping the watchdog	722
7.1.42.5 Registers	723
7.1.42.6 Electrical specification	729

8 Debug and trace 730

8.1 Overview	730
8.1.1 DAP - Debug access port	731
8.1.2 Access port protection	731
8.1.3 Debug interface mode	731
8.1.4 Real-time debug	732
8.1.5 ROM tables	732
8.1.6 Cross-trigger network	734
8.1.7 Multidrop SWD	736
8.1.8 Trace	736
8.1.9 Enabling the trace port	737
8.1.10 Registers	738

8.1.11 Electrical specification	739
8.2 CTRL-AP - Control access port	739
8.2.1 Reset request	740
8.2.2 Erase all	740
8.2.3 Mailbox interface	740
8.2.4 Disabling erase protection	741
8.2.5 Disabling access port protection	741
8.2.6 Debugger registers	742
8.2.7 Registers	746
8.3 CTI - Cross Trigger Interface	750
8.3.1 Registers	750
8.4 TAD - Trace and debug control	760
8.4.1 Registers	760
9 Hardware and layout.	764
9.1 Pin assignments	764
9.1.1 aQFN94 pin assignments	764
9.2 Mechanical specifications	767
9.2.1 aQFN94 7 x 7 mm package	767
9.3 Reference circuitry	768
9.3.1 Circuit configuration no. 1	768
9.3.2 PCB layout example	770
10 Recommended operating conditions.	773
11 Absolute maximum ratings.	774
12 Ordering information.	775
12.1 IC marking	775
12.2 Box labels	775
12.3 Order code	776
12.4 Code ranges and values	777
12.5 Product options	778
13 Legal notices.	780

1 Revision history

Date	Version	Description
November 2019	0.5	First release

2 About this document

This document is organized into chapters that are based on the modules and peripherals available in the IC.

2.1 Document status

The document status reflects the level of maturity of the document.

Document name	Description
Objective Product Specification (OPS)	Applies to document versions up to 1.0. This document contains target specifications for product development.
Product Specification (PS)	Applies to document versions 1.0 and higher. This document contains final product specifications. Nordic Semiconductor ASA reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product.

Table 1: Defined document names

2.2 Peripheral chapters

Every peripheral has a unique capitalized name or an abbreviation of its name, e.g. TIMER, used for identification and reference. This name is used in chapter headings and references, and it will appear in the ARM Cortex Microcontroller Software Interface Standard (CMSIS) hardware abstraction layer to identify the peripheral.

The peripheral instance name, which is different from the peripheral name, is constructed using the peripheral name followed by a numbered postfix, starting with 0, for example, TIMER0. A postfix is normally only used if a peripheral can be instantiated more than once. The peripheral instance name is also used in the CMSIS to identify the peripheral instance.

The chapters describing peripherals may include the following information:

- A detailed functional description of the peripheral
- Register configuration for the peripheral
- Electrical specification tables, containing performance data which apply for the operating conditions described in [Recommended operating conditions](#) on page 773.

2.3 Register tables

Individual registers are described using register tables. These tables are built up of two sections. The first three colored rows describe the position and size of the different fields in the register. The following rows describe the fields in more detail.

2.3.1 Fields and values

The **Id (Field Id)** row specifies the bits that belong to the different fields in the register. If a field has enumerated values, then every value will be identified with a unique value id in the **Value Id** column.

A blank space means that the field is reserved and read as undefined, and it also must be written as 0 to secure forward compatibility. If a register is divided into more than one field, a unique field name is specified for each field in the **Field** column. The **Value Id** may be omitted in the single-bit bit fields when values can be substituted with a Boolean type enumerator range, e.g. true/false, disable(d)/enable(d), on/off, and so on.

Values are usually provided as decimal or hexadecimal. Hexadecimal values have a 0x prefix, decimal values have no prefix.

The **Value** column can be populated in the following ways:

- Individual enumerated values, for example 1, 3, 9.
- Range of values, e.g. [0..4], indicating all values from and including 0 and 4.
- Implicit values. If no values are indicated in the **Value** column, all bit combinations are supported, or alternatively the field's translation and limitations are described in the text instead.

If two or more fields are closely related, the **Value Id**, **Value**, and **Description** may be omitted for all but the first field. Subsequent fields will indicate inheritance with '..'.

A feature marked **Deprecated** should not be used for new designs.

2.3.2 Permissions

Different fields in a register might have different access permissions enforced by hardware.

The access permission for each register field is documented in the **Access** column in the following ways:

Access	Description	Hardware behavior
RO	Read-only	Field can only be read. A write will be ignored.
WO	Write-only	Field can only be written. A read will return an undefined value.
RW	Read-write	Field can be read and written multiple times.
W1	Write-once	Field can only be written once per reset. Any subsequent write will be ignored. A read will return an undefined value.
RW1	Read-write-once	Field can be read multiple times, but only written once per reset. Any subsequent write will be ignored.

Table 2: Register field permission schemes

2.4 Registers

Register	Offset	Security	Description
DUMMY	0x514		Example of a register controlling a dummy feature

Table 3: Register overview

2.4.1 DUMMY

Address offset: 0x514

Example of a register controlling a dummy feature

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID							D	D	D	D					C	C	C									B									A	A
Reset 0x00050002			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID		Value		Description																													
A	RW	FIELD_A					Example of a read-write field with several enumerated values																													
			Disabled		0		The example feature is disabled																													
			NormalMode		1		The example feature is enabled in normal mode																													
			ExtendedMode		2		The example feature is enabled along with extra functionality																													
B	RW	FIELD_B					Example of a deprecated read-write field																						Deprecated							
			Disabled		0		The override feature is disabled																													
			Enabled		1		The override feature is enabled																													
C	RW	FIELD_C					Example of a read-write field with a valid range of values																													
			ValidRange		[2..7]		Example of allowed values for this field																													
D	RW	FIELD_D					Example of a read-write field with no restriction on the values																													

3 Product overview

nRF5340 is a wireless ultra-low power multicore System on Chip (SoC), integrating two fully programmable Arm Cortex-M33 processors, advanced security features, a range of peripherals, and a multiprotocol 2.4 GHz transceiver. The transceiver supports Bluetooth Low Energy, ANT™, and 802.15.4 and allows the implementation of proprietary 2.4 GHz protocols.

The two Arm Cortex-M33 processors share the power, clock, and peripheral architecture with Nordic Semiconductor nRF51, nRF52, and nRF91 Series of PAN/LAN SoCs, ensuring minimal porting efforts. The application core is a full-featured Arm Cortex-M33 processor including DSP instructions and FPU and running at up to 128 MHz with 1 MB of flash and 512 kB of RAM. The option to run the application processor at 64 MHz allows the CPU to increase energy efficiency. The network core is an Arm Cortex-M33 processor with a reduced feature set, designed for ultra-low power operation. It runs at a fixed 64 MHz frequency and contains 256 kB of flash and 64 kB of RAM.

The peripheral set offers a variety of analog and digital functionality enabling single-chip implementation of a wide range of applications. Arm TrustZone technology, Arm CryptoCell-312, and supporting blocks for system protection and key management are embedded for the advanced security needed for IoT applications.

3.1 Block diagram

The block diagram illustrates the overall system. More detailed diagrams of the two cores, including pins and EasyDMA connectivity, can be found in [Application core overview](#) on page 92 and [Network core overview](#) on page 122.

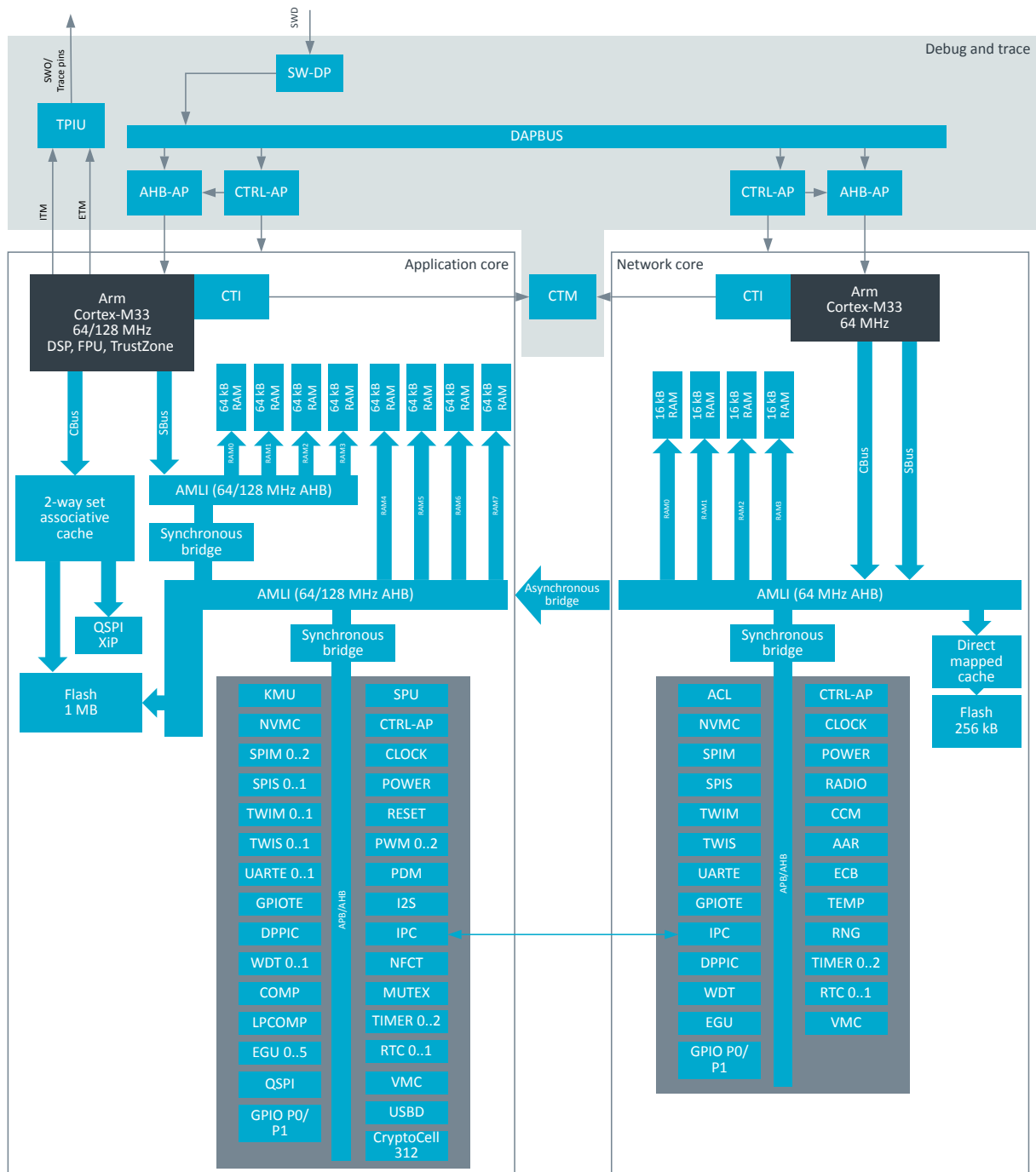


Figure 1: Simplified block diagram

3.2 Memory

The nRF5340 SoC contains two processor cores each with flash and RAM that can be used for code and data storage.

Core	RAM	Flash
Application core	512 kB, arranged as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 256 kB CPU single-cycle RAM • 256 kB of peripheral RAM 	1024 kB in 4 kB pages
Network core	64 kB total	256 kB in 2 kB pages

Table 4: nRF5340 memory configuration

All memory and registers are found in the same address space, as shown in [Figure 2: Memory map](#) on page 20. This includes the two blocks of 256 kB RAM, which are accessible in the memory map as one contiguous 512 kB block of RAM.

The application core memory is mapped to the network core memory map. This means that the network core can access and use the application core memory for shared memory communication. The application core can restrict network core access through the domain configuration (DCNF) PROTECT registers, see [DCNF — Domain configuration](#) on page 186. Access to secure memory or peripherals as defined by the [SPU — System protection unit](#) on page 568 is also prevented when the network core is marked as non-secure in an application using TrustZone technology.

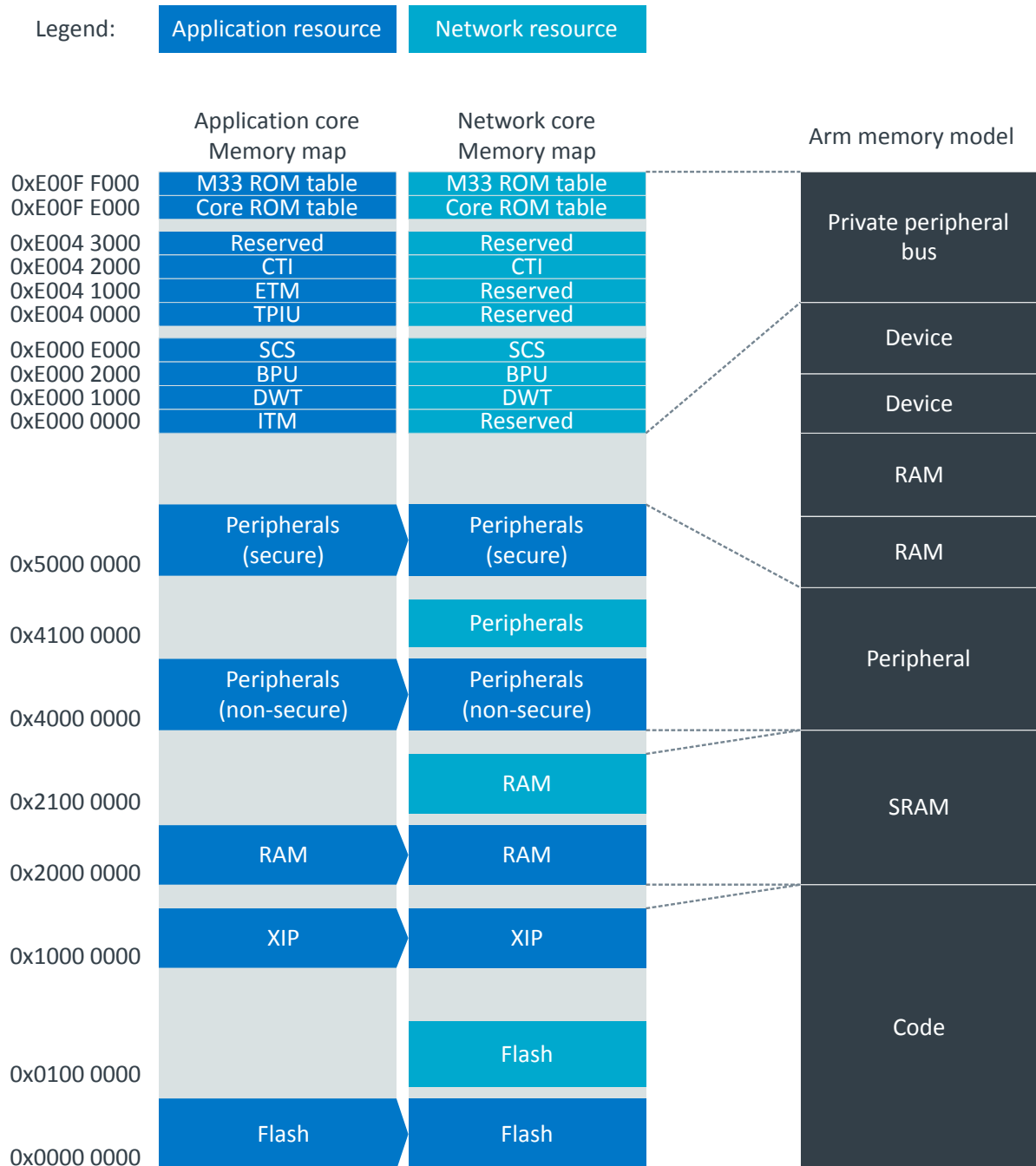


Figure 2: Memory map

3.2.1 RAM - Random access memory

RAM can be read and written an unlimited number of times.

Each RAM AHB slave within a core is connected to one or more RAM sections that has separate power control for System ON and System OFF mode operation. For details, see [VMC — Volatile memory controller](#) on page 719.

3.2.2 Flash (non-volatile memory)

Flash memory can be read an unlimited number of times by the CPU, but is restricted in the number of times it can be written to or erased, and in how it can be written.

Writing to flash memory is managed by the non-volatile memory controller (NVMC), see [NVMC — Non-volatile memory controller](#) on page 318.

Flash memory is divided in pages, as listed in [Table 4: nRF5340 memory configuration](#) on page 19.

3.2.3 XIP - Execute in place

Execute in Place (XIP) allows the CPU to execute program code directly from the external flash memory device using the Quad serial peripheral interface (QSPI).

For details, see [QSPI — Quad serial peripheral interface](#) on page 380.

3.2.4 Access latency

When accessing memories or peripherals across bus bridges, additional access latency will occur. An example of such a case is network core access to application core memory or peripherals.

4 Power and clock management

4.1 Overview

The power and clock management system in nRF5340 is optimized for ultra-low power applications to ensure maximum power efficiency.

The core of the power and clock management system is the power management unit (PMU) shown in the following figure.

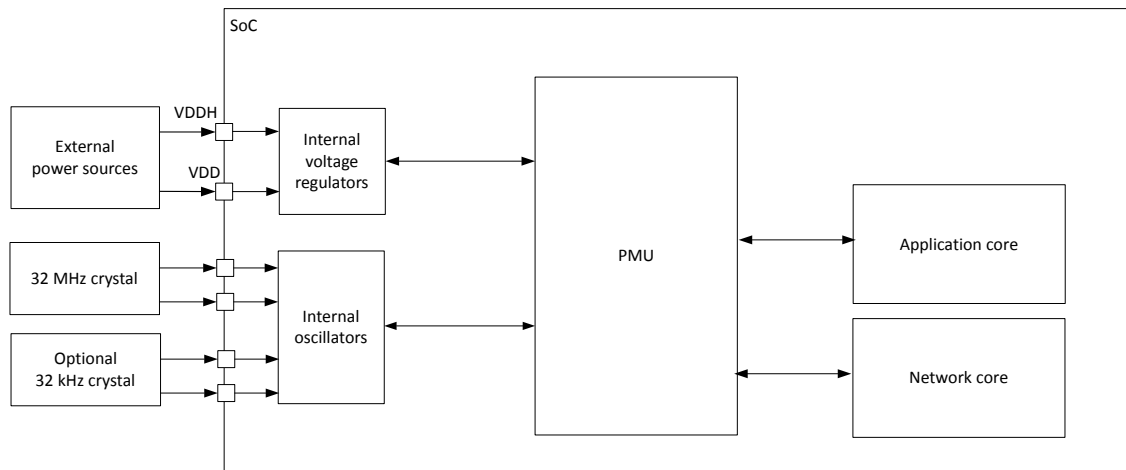


Figure 3: Power management unit

The PMU automatically tracks the power and clock resources required by the different components in the system at any given time. To achieve the lowest power consumption possible, the PMU optimizes the system by evaluating power and clock requests, automatically starting and stopping clock sources, and choosing regulator operation modes.

4.1.1 System ON mode

System ON is the default operation mode after power-on reset.

In System ON, all functional blocks, such as the CPU and peripherals, can be in an idle or run state depending on the configuration set by the software and the state of the executing application. The network core's CPU and peripherals can be in an idle state, run state, System OFF mode (see [System OFF mode](#) on page 23), or Force-off mode (see [Core Force-off mode](#) on page 24).

The PMU can switch the appropriate internal power sources on and off, depending on how much power is needed at any given time. The power requirement of a peripheral is directly related to its activity level, which increases and decreases when specific tasks are triggered or events are generated.

Voltage and frequency scaling

nRF5340 allows frequency scaling of the application core. Changing the frequency of the application core's clock will change the internal voltage to optimize power efficiency, which is a trade off between performance and power consumption. For more information, see [Application core frequency scaling](#) on page 64.

4.1.1.1 Power submodes

In System ON mode, when the CPU and all peripherals are IDLE, the system can reside in one of two power submodes.

The power submodes are:

- Constant latency
- Low-power

In Constant latency, the CPU wakeup latency and the PPI task response will be constant and kept at a minimum. This is secured by a set of resources that are always enabled. Compared to Low-power, the advantage of having a constant and predictable latency comes at a cost of increased power consumption. Constant latency is selected by triggering the [CONSTLAT](#) task.

In Low-power, the most power efficient supply option is chosen by the automatic power management system. Achieving the lowest power possible is at the expense of variations in CPU wakeup latency and PPI task response. Low-power is selected by triggering the [LOWPWR](#) task.

When the system enters System ON, it is by default in the Low-power submode.

4.1.2 System OFF mode

System OFF is the deepest power-saving mode the system can enter. In this mode, the system's core functionality is powered down and all ongoing tasks are terminated.

The device can be put into System OFF mode using the register [SYSTEMOFF](#) on page 44 . The following signals/actions cause a wakeup from System OFF:

- The DETECT signal, generated by the GPIO peripheral
- The ANADETECT signal, generated by the LPCOMP peripheral
- The SENSE signal, generated by the NFCT peripheral to wake-on-field
- A valid USB voltage on the VBUS pin is detected
- A debug session is started
- Pin reset

When the device wakes up from System OFF, a system reset is performed. For more details, see [Application core reset behavior](#) on page 57.

One or more RAM sections can be retained in System OFF depending on the RAM retention settings in the peripheral [VMC — Volatile memory controller](#) on page 719.

Before entering System OFF, all on-going EasyDMA transactions should be completed. This is accomplished by making sure that the EasyDMA enabled peripheral is not active when entering System OFF. It is also recommended that the network core is in an idle state (i.e. peripherals are stopped and CPU is idle).

4.1.2.1 Emulated System OFF mode

When the device is in Debug Interface mode, System OFF is emulated to ensure that all required resources needed for debugging are available during System OFF.

Required resources needed for debugging include the following key components:

- [Debug interface mode](#) on page 731
- [CLOCK — Clock control](#) on page 61
- [POWER — Power control](#) on page 36
- [OSCILLATORS — Oscillator control](#) on page 88
- [REGULATORS - Regulator control](#) on page 41
- [RESET - Reset control](#) on page 55
- [NVMC — Non-volatile memory controller](#) on page 318
- CPU

- Flash memory
- RAM

Because the CPU is kept on in an emulated System OFF mode, it is recommended to add an infinite loop directly after entering System OFF, to prevent the CPU from executing code that normally should not be executed. For more information, see [Overview](#) on page 730.

4.1.3 Core Force-off mode

Core Force-off is only applicable for the network core.

The register interface [RESET - Reset control](#) on page 55 is used by the application core to set the network core to Force-off mode. This stops the network core in order to achieve the lowest power consumption possible. When the network core is in Force-off mode, only the application core can release the mode, causing the network core to wake up and start the CPU again.

Before the application core sets the network core to Force-off mode, it is recommended that the network core is in an idle state (i.e. peripherals are stopped and CPU is idle).

When the network core wakes up from Force-off mode, it is reset. For more details, see [Network core reset behavior](#) on page 58.

Several RAM sections can be retained in Force-off mode depending on the RAM retention settings in the peripheral [VMC — Volatile memory controller](#) on page 719.

4.1.3.1 Emulated Force-off mode

If the device is in Debug Interface mode, Force-off mode will be emulated to secure the required resources needed for debugging.

When Force-off mode is emulated, the CPU and all peripherals are reset. The CPU is prevented from running during debug access to a core's resources, including writing to RAM, flash, and/or peripherals. See [Overview](#) on page 730 for more information.

4.2 Current consumption

Because the Power Management Unit (PMU) is constantly adjusting the different power and clock sources, estimating an application's current consumption can be challenging when the measurements cannot be performed directly on the hardware. To facilitate the estimation process, a set of current consumption scenarios is provided to show the typical current drawn from the VDD or VDDH supply.

Each scenario specifies a set of operations and conditions applying to the given scenario. All scenarios are listed in [Electrical specification](#) on page 26. The following table shows a set of common conditions used in all scenarios, unless otherwise stated in the description of a given scenario.

Condition	Value	Note
Supply	3 V on VDD/VDDH (normal voltage mode)	
Temperature	25 °C	
CPU	WFI (wait for interrupt)/WFE (wait for event) sleep	
Peripherals	All idle	
Clock	HFCLK = HFINT @ 64 MHz, LFCLK = Not running	
Regulator	DC/DC on VREGMAIN, VREGRADIO, and VREGH (when used)	
Application core RAM	8 kB	In System ON, RAM value refers to the amount of RAM that is switched on. The remainder of RAM is non retained. In System OFF, RAM value refers to amount of RAM that is retained.
Network core RAM	0 kB	
Compiler	GCC version 7.3.1 20180622 (arm-none-eabi-gcc). Compiler flags:- mcpu=cortex-m33 -mthumb -mabi=aapcs -mfpv5-sp-d16 -mfloat-abi=hard -O3 -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -fno-strict-aliasing -fno-builtin --short-enums -falign-functions=16 -std=gnu99 -Wall.	
Cache enabled	Yes	Only applies when the CPU is running from flash memory.
Network core forced off	Yes	
32 MHz crystal	SMD 2520, 32 MHz, 10 pF +/- 10 ppm	Only applies when the high frequency crystal oscillator (HFXO) is running. HFXO is used when the radio is running.
32 kHz crystal	SMD 3215, 32.768 kHz, 9 pF +/- 50 ppm	Only applies when the low frequency crystal oscillator (LFXO) is running.
Inductors	Murata LQH2MPN100MGR	

Table 5: Current consumption scenarios, common conditions

4.2.1 Electrical specification

4.2.1.1 Sleep

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{ON_IDLE1}	System ON, wake on any event, power-fail comparator enabled		1.5		uA
I _{ON_IDLE2}	System ON, wake on GPIOTE input (event mode)	..	..	..	uA
I _{ON_IDLE3}	System ON, wake on GPIOTE PORT event	..	..	..	uA
I _{ON_IDLE4}	System ON, 0 kB application RAM, wake on RTC (running from LFXO clock)	..	..	..	uA
I _{ON_IDLE5}	System ON, wake on RTC (running from LFXO clock)	..	..	..	uA
I _{ON_IDLE6}	System ON, 0 kB application RAM, wake on RTC (running from LFXO clock), 5 V supply on VDDH, VREGH output = 3.3 V	..	..	..	uA
I _{ON_IDLE7}	System ON, 0 kB network RAM, wake on network RTC (running from LFXO clock)		1.6		uA
I _{ON_IDLE8}	System ON, 64 kB network RAM, wake on network RTC (running from LFXO clock)		1.8		uA
I _{ON_IDLE9}	System ON, 0 kB application RAM, wake on RTC (running from LFRC clock)		2.3		uA
I _{OFF0}	System Off, 0 kB application RAM, wake on reset		1.1		uA
I _{OFF1}	System Off, 0 kB application RAM, wake on LPCOMP	..	..	..	uA
I _{OFF2}	System Off, wake on reset	..	..	..	uA
I _{OFF3}	System Off, 0 kB application RAM, wake on reset, 5 V supply on VDDH, VREGH output = 3.3V	..	..	..	uA
I _{OFF4}	System Off, 512 kB application RAM + 64 kB network RAM, wake on reset	..	..	..	uA

4.2.1.2 Application CPU running

Note: Compiler: ARM version 6.12 (armclang). Compiler flags: -std=c99 --target=arm-arm-none-eabi -mcpu=cortex-m33 -mfpu=fpv5-sp-d16 -mfloat-abi=hard -fno-rtti -flto -funsigned-char -mcmse -Omax -ffunction-sections. Linker flags: -Omax. Amount of RAM in Application CPU set to 20 kB in flash cases and 44 kB in RAM cases.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{APPCPU0}	CPU running CoreMark from flash, regulator = LDO, clock = HFINT128M		14.0		mA
I _{APPCPU1}	CPU running CoreMark from flash, regulator = LDO	..	..	..	mA
I _{APPCPU2}	CPU running CoreMark from flash, clock = HFXO128M		7.3		mA
I _{APPCPU3}	CPU running CoreMark from flash, clock = HFXO64M		3.4		mA
I _{APPCPU4}	CPU running CoreMark from flash, clock = HFINT128M		7.1		mA
I _{APPCPU5}	CPU running CoreMark from flash	..	..	..	mA
I _{APPCPU6}	CPU running CoreMark from RAM, regulator = LDO, clock = HFINT128M	..	..	..	mA
I _{APPCPU7}	CPU running CoreMark from RAM, regulator = LDO	..	..	..	mA
I _{APPCPU8}	CPU running CoreMark from RAM, clock = HFINT128M	..	..	..	mA
I _{APPCPU9}	CPU running CoreMark from RAM	..	..	..	mA
I _{APPCPU10}	CPU running CoreMark from RAM, clock = HFXO128M	..	..	..	mA
I _{APPCPU11}	CPU running CoreMark from RAM, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA

4.2.1.3 Network CPU running

Note: Compiler: ARM version 6.12 (armclang). Compiler flags: -std=c99 --target=arm-arm-none-eabi -mcpu=cortex-m33+nodsp -mfpv=none -mfloat-abi=soft -fno-rtti -flto -funsigned-char -Omax -ffunction-sections. Linker flags: -Omax. Amount of RAM in Network CPU set to 20 kB in flash cases and 40 kB in RAM cases. Clock and regulator settings only apply to Network CPU. Settings in Application CPU equal those in common conditions table above.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{NETCPU0}	CPU running CoreMark from flash, regulator = LDO		4.7		mA
I _{NETCPU1}	CPU running CoreMark from flash		2.4		mA
I _{NETCPU2}	CPU running CoreMark from flash, clock = HFXO64M		2.5		mA
I _{NETCPU3}	CPU running CoreMark from RAM, regulator = LDO	..	..	..	mA
I _{NETCPU4}	CPU running CoreMark from RAM	..	..	..	mA
I _{NETCPU5}	CPU running CoreMark from RAM, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA

4.2.1.4 COMP active

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{COMP,LP}	COMP enabled, low-power mode	..	..	..	uA
I _{COMP,NORM}	COMP enabled, normal mode	..	..	..	uA
I _{COMP,HS}	COMP enabled, high-speed mode	..	..	..	uA

4.2.1.5 LPCOMP active

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{LPCOMP,EN}	LPCOMP enabled	..	..	..	uA

4.2.1.6 NFCT active

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{SENSE}	System ON, current in SENSE STATE (this current does not apply when in NFC field)	..	..	..	uA
I _{ACTIVATED}	System ON, current in ACTIVATED STATE, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	uA

4.2.1.7 RADIO transmitting/receiving

Note: Amount of RAM in Network CPU set to 64 kB. Clock and regulator settings only apply to Network CPU. Settings in Application CPU equal those in common conditions table above.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{RADIO_TX0}	Radio transmitting @ +3 dBm output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode, clock = HFXO64M		5.3		mA
I _{RADIO_TX1}	Radio transmitting @ 0 dBm output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode, clock = HFXO64M		4.2		mA
I _{RADIO_TX2}	Radio transmitting @ -40 dBm output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA
I _{RADIO_TX3}	Radio transmitting @ 0 dBm output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode, clock = HFXO64M; regulator = LDO		8.8		mA
I _{RADIO_TX4}	Radio transmitting @ -40 dBm output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode, clock = HFXO64M; regulator = LDO	..	..	..	mA
I _{RADIO_TX5}	Radio transmitting @ 0 dBm output power, 2 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{RADIO_TX6}	Radio transmitting @ 0 dBm output power, 500 kbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) long-range (LR) mode, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA
I _{RADIO_TX7}	Radio transmitting @ 0 dBm output power, 125 kbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) long-range (LR) mode, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA
I _{RADIO_TX8}	Radio transmitting @ 0 dBm output power, 250 kbps IEEE 802.15.4-2006 mode, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA
I _{RADIO_RX0}	Radio receiving @ 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode, clock = HFXO64M		3.8		mA
I _{RADIO_RX1}	Radio receiving @ 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode, clock = HFXO64M; regulator = LDO		8.0		mA
I _{RADIO_RX2}	Radio receiving @ 2 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode, clock = HFXO64M		4.4		mA
I _{RADIO_RX3}	Radio receiving @ 500 kbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) long-range (LR) mode, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA
I _{RADIO_RX4}	Radio receiving @ 125 kbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) long-range (LR) mode, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA
I _{RADIO_RX5}	Radio receiving @ 250 kbps IEEE 802.15.4-2006 mode, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA

4.2.1.8 RNG active

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{RNG0}	RNG running, 64 kB network RAM	..	..	..	uA

4.2.1.9 SAADC active

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{SAADC_RUN}	SAADC sampling @ 16 ksps, acquisition time = 20 us, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	uA
I _{SAADC_TASK}	SAADC sampling @ 1 kHz from RTC in task mode, acquisition time = 20 us, clock = HFXO64M and LFXO	..	..	..	uA

4.2.1.10 TEMP active

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{TEMP0}	TEMP started, 64 kB network RAM	..	..	..	uA

4.2.1.11 TIMER running

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{TIMER0}	One TIMER running @ 16 MHz		450		uA
I _{TIMER1}	One TIMER running @ 16 MHz, clock = HFXO64M		625		uA
I _{TIMER2}	One TIMER running @ 1 MHz	..	..	..	uA
I _{TIMER3}	One TIMER running @ 1 MHz, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	uA
I _{TIMER4}	One network TIMER running @ 16 MHz	..	..	..	uA
I _{TIMER5}	One network TIMER running @ 16 MHz, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	uA
I _{TIMER6}	One network TIMER running @ 1 MHz	..	..	..	uA
I _{TIMER7}	One network TIMER running @ 1 MHz, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	uA

4.2.1.12 WDT active

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{WDT,APP}	Application MCU WDT started	..	..	..	uA
I _{WDT,NET}	Network MCU WDT started, 64 kB network RAM	..	..	..	uA

4.2.1.13 Compounded

Note: The amount of RAM in the application CPU is set to 20 kB. The amount of RAM in the network CPU is set to 64 kB. The clock and regulator settings are common to both the application CPU and the network CPU in all cases except when it's only the network CPU, in which case they only apply to the network CPU.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{S0}	Application CPU running CoreMark from flash, radio transmitting @ 0 dBm output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode; clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA
I _{S1}	Application CPU running CoreMark from flash, radio receiving @ 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode; clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA
I _{S2}	Application CPU running CoreMark from flash, radio transmitting @ 0 dBm output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode; clock = HFXO64M, regulator = LDO	..	..	..	mA
I _{S3}	Application CPU running CoreMark from flash, radio receiving @ 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode; clock = HFXO64M, regulator = LDO	..	..	..	mA
I _{S4}	Application CPU running CoreMark from flash, radio transmitting @ 0 dBm output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode; clock = HFXO64M, 5 V supply on VDDH, VREGH output = 3.3 V	..	..	..	mA
I _{S5}	Application CPU running CoreMark from flash, radio receiving @ 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode; clock = HFXO64M, 5 V supply on VDDH, VREGH output = 3.3 V	..	..	..	mA
I _{S6}	Network CPU running CoreMark from flash, radio transmitting @ 0 dBm output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA
I _{S7}	Network CPU running CoreMark from flash, radio receiving @ 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode, clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA
I _{S8}	Application + Network CPU running CoreMark from flash, radio transmitting @ 0 dBm output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode; clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA
I _{S9}	Application + Network CPU running CoreMark from flash, radio receiving @ 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy (BLE) mode; clock = HFXO64M	..	..	..	mA

4.2.1.14 USB active

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$I_{USB,ACTIVE,VBUS}$	Current from VBUS supply, USB active	..	..	..	mA
$I_{USB,SUSPEND,VBUS}$	Current from VBUS supply, USB suspended, CPU sleeping	..	..	..	μ A
$I_{USB,ACTIVE,VDD}$	Current from VDD supply (normal voltage mode), all RAM retained, regulator=LDO, CPU running, USB active	..	..	..	mA
$I_{USB,SUSPEND,VDD}$	Current from VDD supply (normal voltage mode), all RAM retained, regulator=LDO, CPU sleeping, USB suspended	..	..	..	μ A
$I_{USB,ACTIVE,VDDH}$	Current from VDDH supply (high voltage mode), VDD=3 V (VREGH output), all RAM retained, regulator=LDO, CPU running, USB active	..	..	..	mA
$I_{USB,SUSPEND,VDDH}$	Current from VDDH supply (high voltage mode), VDD=3 V (VREGH output), all RAM retained, regulator=LDO, CPU sleeping, USB suspended	..	..	..	μ A
$I_{USB,DISABLED,VDD}$	Current from VDD supply, USB disabled, VBUS supply connected, all RAM retained, regulator=LDO, CPU sleeping	..	..	..	μ A

4.3 Power supply modes and regulators

nRF5340 supports two different power supply voltage ranges, each having a corresponding power supply pin. The PMU automatically activates the correct voltage regulator depending on which power supply pin is used.

The nRF5340 PMU controls three different regulators to support the following power supply modes:

- **Normal voltage mode** on page 32 - Powers the device through the VDD pin
- **High voltage mode** on page 33 - Powers the device through the VDDH pin

The three regulators and how they are connected to the supply pins are shown in the following figure.

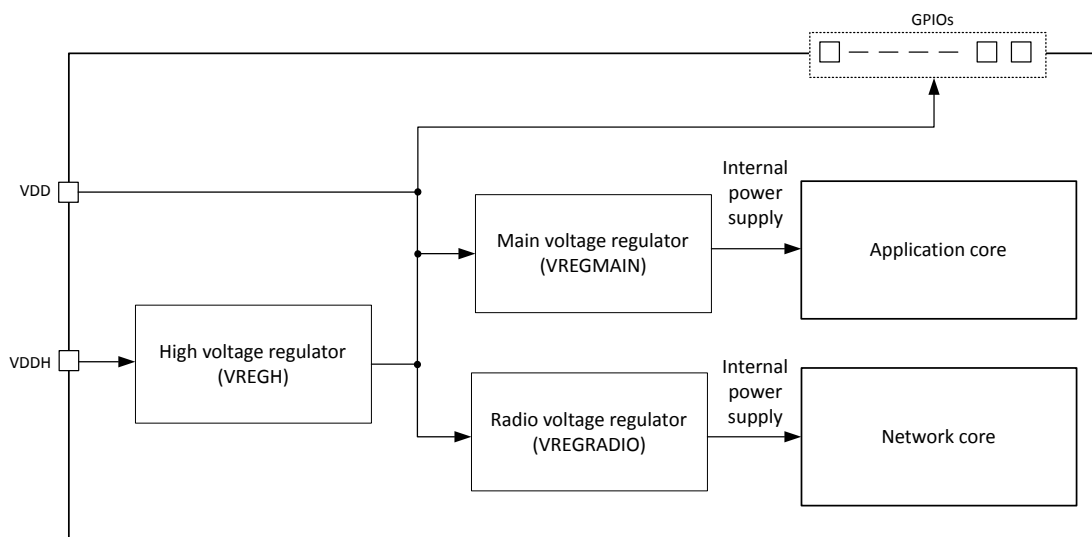


Figure 4: Regulators used in nRF5340

4.3.1 Normal voltage mode

When the device operates in normal voltage mode, only the main voltage regulator (VREGMAIN) and the radio voltage regulator (VREGRADIO) are used.

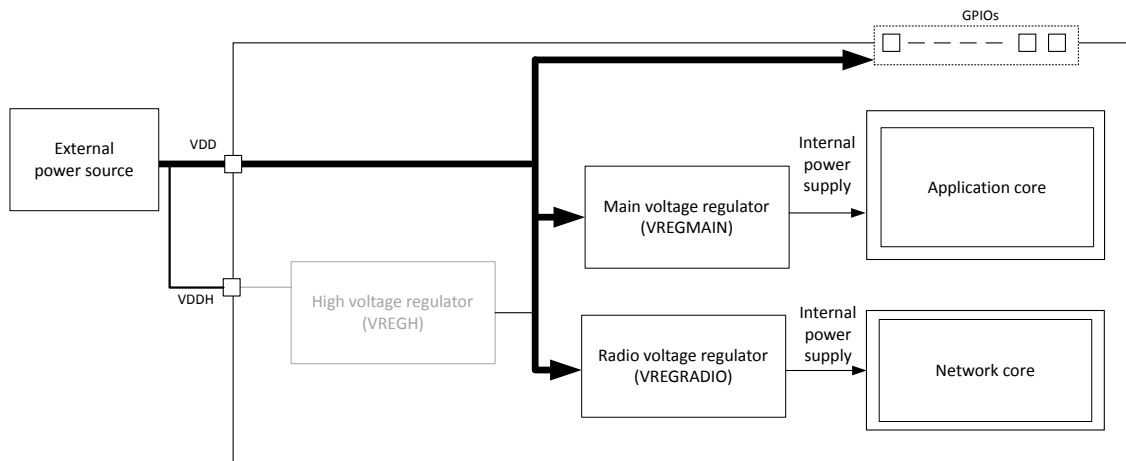


Figure 5: Regulator usage in Normal voltage mode

The external power supply is connected to the VDD pin. The VDDH pin is connected to VDD, but the VREGH regulator is deactivated.

In normal voltage mode, each regulator can operate in LDO or DC/DC mode. See [Normal voltage mode - detailed setup](#) on page 41 for details about configuration of the regulators in this mode.

4.3.2 High voltage mode

When the device operates in high voltage mode, the high voltage regulator (VREGH), the main voltage regulator (VREGMAIN) and the radio voltage regulator (VREGRADIO) are used.

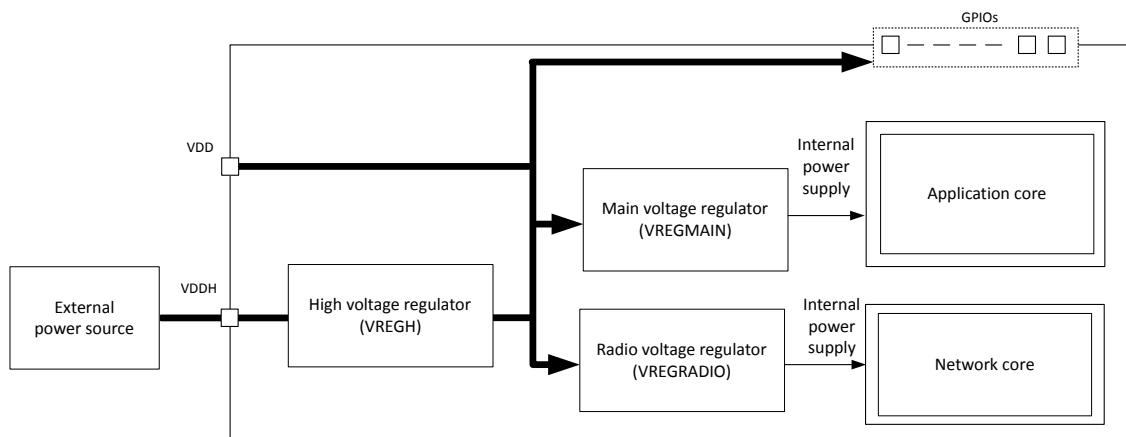


Figure 6: Regulator usage in High voltage mode

The external power supply is connected to the VDDH pin. The VREGMAIN and VREGRADIO regulators are used to power the internal circuitry from the VDD pin. The VDD pin is supplied by the VREGH regulator.

In high voltage mode, each of the three regulators can operate in LDO or DC/DC mode. See [High voltage mode - detailed setup](#) on page 42 for details about configuring the regulators in this mode.

4.3.3 Power supply supervisor

Several voltage monitoring devices, enabled through the power management unit (PMU), are used to monitor the connected power supply.

The following figure illustrates the main components for power supply supervision.

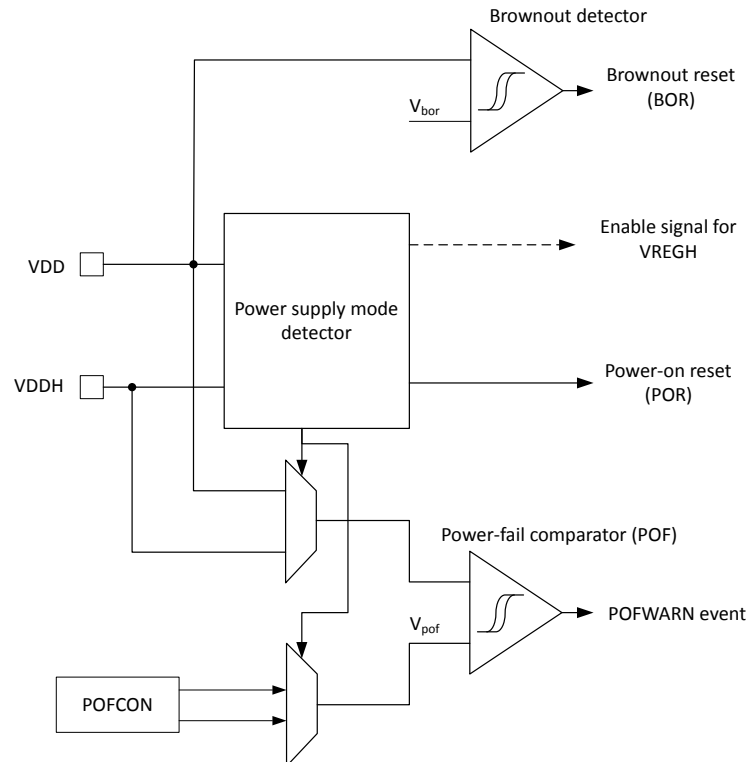


Figure 7: Power supply supervision in nRF5340

The power supply mode detector determines which supply pin is used when the device is powered up. It selects the power supply mode accordingly, and generates a power-on reset (POR) which initializes the device. For an overview of the different supply modes, see [Power supply modes and regulators](#) on page 32.

The brownout detector monitors the VDD supply (input of the VREGMAIN regulator) to ensure safe operation, and generates a brownout reset (BOR) if the voltage is too low, holding the device in reset when the voltage is too low for safe operation. The brownout reset voltage is defined in parameters $V_{BOR,OFF}$ and $V_{BOR,ON}$.

The optional power-fail comparator (POF) can be used to signal the application when the supply voltage drops below a configured threshold. For details on the POF, see [Power-fail comparator](#) on page 34.

4.3.3.1 Power-fail comparator

The power-fail comparator (POF) can provide the CPU with an early warning of an impending power supply failure.

The POF can be used to signal the application when the supply voltage drops below a configured threshold. The POF will not reset the system, but instead give the CPU time to prepare for an orderly power-down. The following figure shows the main elements of the POF.

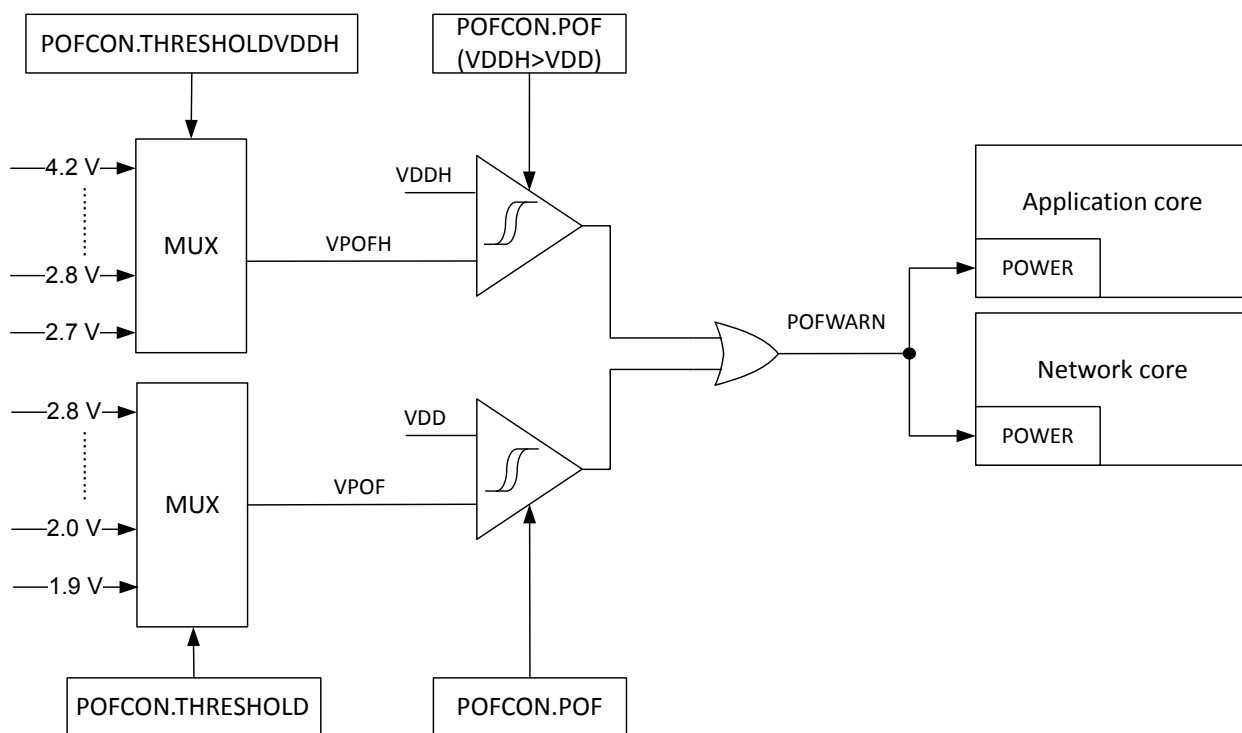


Figure 8: Power-fail comparator

Using the POF is optional, and must be enabled and configured through the register [POFCON \(Retained \)](#) on page 45.

Depending on the supply mode (see [Power supply modes and regulators](#) on page 32), the thresholds V_{POF} and V_{POFH} must be configured to a suitable level through the [POFCON](#) register. When the supply voltage falls below the defined threshold, the POF will generate the event [POFWARN](#) that is sent to the [POWER](#) module within both the application and network cores. Software running on the two cores can use this signal to prepare for a power failure. This event is also generated when the supply voltage is already below the threshold at the time the power-fail comparator is enabled, or if the threshold is reconfigured to a level above the supply voltage.

If the POF is enabled and the supply voltage is below the threshold, the POF will prevent the [NVMC](#) from performing write operations to the NVM.

To save power, the POF is not active in System OFF.

The POF features a hysteresis of $V_{POFHYST}$, as illustrated in the following figure.

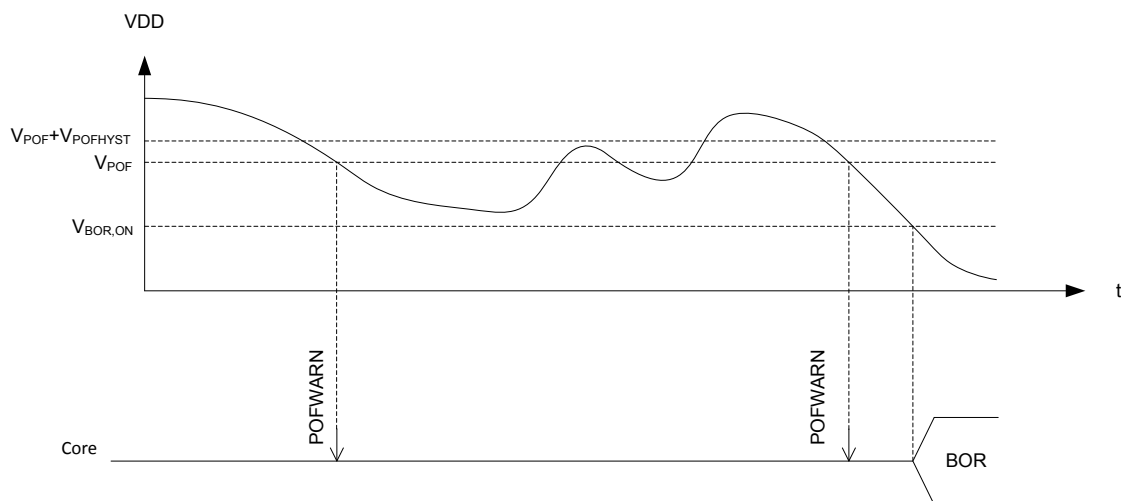


Figure 9: POF hysteresis and POFWARN event (BOR = brownout reset)

The POF hysteresis voltage is defined with the $V_{POFHYST}$ parameter in [Electrical specification](#) on page 46.

4.4 POWER — Power control

The POWER peripheral provides an interface for the power and clock subsystem for task, event, and interrupt related settings.

Each core has its own POWER peripheral that is responsible for requesting resources from the power and clock subsystem. The power and clock subsystem ensure that the power mode with the proper latency settings is selected when requested by an instance of the POWER peripheral. This means that the Constant latency mode is prioritized over Low-power mode. For an overview of power modes, see [Power submodes](#) on page 23.

The **POFWARN** event is a system level event that enables each core to react quickly if there is a power failure. The power-fail comparator must be configured and enabled in order to receive the event, see [Power-fail comparator](#) on page 34 for more information.

Note: Registers [INTEN](#) on page 40, [INTENSET](#) on page 40, and [INTENCLR](#) on page 40 are the same (at the same address) as corresponding registers in [CLOCK peripheral](#).

Note: Power control of the RAM blocks is controlled by the Volatile memory controller (VMC), see [VMC — Volatile memory controller](#) on page 719.

4.4.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50005000	APPLICATION	POWER	POWER : S	US	NA	Power control	
0x40005000			POWER : NS				
0x41005000	NETWORK	POWER	POWER	NS	NA	Power control	

Table 6: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_CONSTLAT	0x78		Enable constant latency mode
TASKS_LOWPWR	0x7C		Enable low power mode (variable latency)
SUBSCRIBE_CONSTLAT	0xF8		Subscribe configuration for task CONSTLAT
SUBSCRIBE_LOWPWR	0xFC		Subscribe configuration for task LOWPWR
EVENTS_POFWARN	0x108		Power failure warning
EVENTS_SLEEPENTER	0x114		CPU entered WFI/WFE sleep
EVENTS_SLEEPEXIT	0x118		CPU exited WFI/WFE sleep
PUBLISH_POFWARN	0x188		Publish configuration for event POFWARN
PUBLISH_SLEEPENTER	0x194		Publish configuration for event SLEEPENTER
PUBLISH_SLEEPEXIT	0x198		Publish configuration for event SLEEPEXIT
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
GPREGRET[n]	0x51C		General purpose retention register Retained

Table 7: Register overview

4.4.1.1 TASKS_CONSTLAT

Address offset: 0x78

Enable constant latency mode

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_CONSTLAT						Enable constant latency mode																																				
		Trigger		1				Trigger task																																				

4.4.1.2 TASKS_LOWPWR

Address offset: 0x7C

Enable low power mode (variable latency)

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_LOWPWR		Enable low power mode (variable latency)																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

4.4.1.3 SUBSCRIBE_CONSTLAT

Address offset: 0xF8

Subscribe configuration for task CONSTLAT

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			B																								A A A A A A A											
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that task CONSTLAT will subscribe to																															
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0				Disable subscription																															
		Enabled	1				Enable subscription																															

4.4.1.4 SUBSCRIBE_LOWPWR

Address offset: 0xFC

Subscribe configuration for task **LOWPWR**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A							
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task LOWPWR will subscribe to																																					
B	RW EN																																											
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																					
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																					

4.4.1.5 EVENTS_POFWARN

Address offset: 0x108

Power failure warning

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID																																						A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_POFWARN			Power failure warning																																		
			NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
			Generated	1	Event generated																																		

4.4.1.6 EVENTS_SLEEPENTER

Address offset: 0x114

CPU entered WFI/WFE sleep

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_SLEEPENTER		CPU entered WFI/WFE sleep																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

4.4.1.7 EVENTS_SLEEPEXIT

Address offset: 0x118

CPU exited WFI/WFE sleep

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_SLEEPEXIT		CPU exited WFI/WFE sleep																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

4.4.1.8 PUBLISH_POFWARN

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event [POFWARN](#)

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event POFWARN will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																		
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																													
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																													

4.4.1.9 PUBLISH_SLEEPENTER

Address offset: 0x194

Publish configuration for event [SLEEPENTER](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event SLEEPENTER will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

4.4.1.10 PUBLISH_SLEEPEXIT

Address offset: 0x198

Publish configuration for event [SLEEPEXIT](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event SLEEPEXIT will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

4.4.1.11 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID																																			C	B	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	POFWARN		Enable or disable interrupt for event POFWARN																																		
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
B	RW	SLEEPENTER		Enable or disable interrupt for event SLEEPENTER																																		
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
C	RW	SLEEPEXIT		Enable or disable interrupt for event SLEEPEXIT																																		
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	

4.4.1.12 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID																															C		B	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	POFWARN			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event POFWARN																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW	SLEEPENTER			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event SLEEPENTER																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW	SLEEPEXIT			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event SLEEPEXIT																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

4.4.1.13 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																																C B		A	
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	POFWARN				Write '1' to disable interrupt for event POFWARN																													
		Clear		1		Disable																													

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																															C	B	A					
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																	
B	RW SLEEPENTER	Disabled	0		Read: Disabled																																	
		Enabled	1		Read: Enabled																																	
		Clear	1		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event SLEEPENTER Disable																																	
		Disabled	0		Read: Disabled																																	
		Enabled	1		Read: Enabled																																	
C	RW SLEEPEXIT			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event SLEEPEXIT																																		
		Clear	1		Disable																																	
		Disabled	0		Read: Disabled																																	
		Enabled	1		Read: Enabled																																	

4.4.1.14 GPREGRET[n] (n=0..1) (Retained)

Address offset: 0x51C + (n × 0x4)

This register is a retained register

General purpose retention register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	GPREGRET			General purpose retention register																														
				This register is a retained register																															

4.5 REGULATORS - Regulator control

All system components are powered from the on-chip voltage regulators. These regulators are responsible for converting the voltage supplied on the VDD or VDDH pins to adequate voltages to be used internally.

The available regulators can be configured in multiple ways to accommodate different input voltage ranges. Some modes support sourcing power to external circuitry. The voltage modes that are supported by nRF5340 are listed in the following table.

Voltage mode	Input voltage range	Output voltage range
Normal voltage mode	1.7 V - 3.6 V	-
High voltage mode	2.5 V - 5.5 V	1.8 V - 3.3 V

Table 8: Supported voltage modes

For an overview on the available regulators, see [Power supply modes and regulators](#) on page 32.

4.5.1 Normal voltage mode - detailed setup

Normal voltage mode uses the main regulator (VREGMAIN) and the radio regulator (VREGRADIO).

The VREGMAIN and VREGRADIO regulators operate in LDO mode by default. DC/DC mode can be enabled independently for each regulator using [VREGMAIN.DCDCEN \(Retained \)](#) on page 45 and [VREGRADIO.DCDCEN \(Retained \)](#) on page 46 respectively.

When configured as shown in the following figure, the nRF5340 enters normal voltage mode. Here both regulators are in DC/DC mode. An external LC filter is required for each regulator in DC/DC mode. If a regulator is only to be used in LDO mode, the inductor for this regulator is not needed. In this mode, the VDDH pin must be connected to VDD, even if the high voltage regulator (VREGH) is not in use.

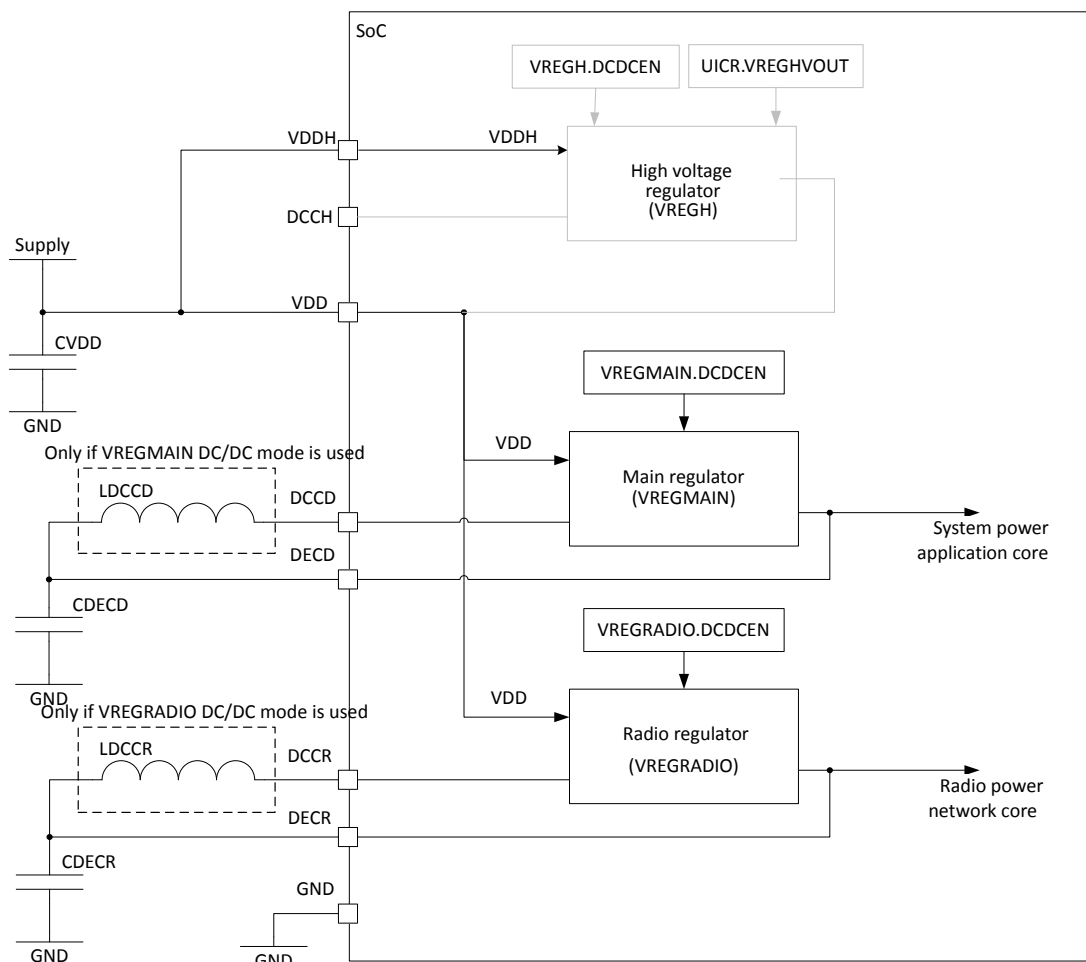


Figure 10: Normal voltage mode

The advantage of using a regulator in DC/DC mode is that the overall power consumption is reduced. This is because the regulator in DC/DC mode has a higher efficiency than in LDO mode. Regulator efficiency in DC/DC mode varies depending on the supply voltage and the current drawn from the regulators.

4.5.2 High voltage mode - detailed setup

High voltage mode uses the main regulator (VREGMAIN), the high voltage regulator (VREGH), and the radio regulator (VREGRADIO).

All regulators operate in LDO mode by default. DC/DC mode can be enabled independently for each regulator using [VREGMAIN.DCDCEN \(Retained\)](#) on page 45, [VREGH.DCDCEN \(Retained\)](#) on page 46, and [VREGRADIO.DCDCEN \(Retained\)](#) on page 46.

When configured as shown in the following figure, the nRF5340 enters high voltage mode. Here all three regulators are in DC/DC mode. An external LC filter is required for each of the regulators in DC/DC mode. If a regulator is only to be used in LDO mode, the inductor for this regulator is not needed.



4.5.2.1 External circuitry supply

As illustrated in [High voltage mode - detailed setup](#) on page 42, external circuitry can be powered from the VDD pin once it is enabled in the register [EXTSUPPLY](#) on page 116.

The supported output voltage range depends on the supply voltage provided to the VDDH pin. The difference between voltage supplied on the VDDH pin and the voltage output on the VDD pin is defined by the V_{REGH_DROP} parameter in [Regulator specifications, VREGH stage](#) on page 48.

Note: The maximum allowed current drawn by external circuitry is dependent on the total internal current draw. The maximum current that can be drawn externally from REGH is defined in [Regulator specifications, VREGH stage](#) on page 48).

4.5.3 GPIO levels

The GPIO high reference voltage depends on the regulator voltage mode.

In normal voltage mode, the GPIO high level equals the voltage supplied to the VDD pin. In high voltage mode, it equals the level specified in the [VREGHVOUT](#) register.

4.5.4 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50004000	APPLICATION	REGULATORS	REGULATORS :	US	NA	Regulator configuration	
0x40004000			S				
			REGULATORS :				
			NS				

Table 9: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description	
MAINREGSTATUS	0x428		Main supply status	Retained
SYSTEMOFF	0x500		System OFF register	
POFCON	0x510		Power-fail comparator configuration	Retained
VREGMAIN.DCDCEN	0x704		DC/DC enable register for VREGMAIN	Retained
VREGRADIO.DCDCEN	0x904		DC/DC enable register for VREGRADIO	Retained
VREGH.DCDCEN	0x800		DC/DC enable register for VREGH	Retained

Table 10: Register overview

4.5.4.1 MAINREGSTATUS (Retained)

Address offset: 0x428

This register is a retained register

Main supply status

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	VREGH				VREGH status																													
			Inactive	0	Normal voltage mode. Voltage supplied on VDD and VDDH.																														
			Active	1	High voltage mode. Voltage supplied on VDDH.																														

4.5.4.2 SYSTEMOFF

Address offset: 0x500

System OFF register

Bit number					31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																					A
Reset 0x00000000					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value				Description																												
A	W	SYSTEMOFF							Enable System OFF mode																												
			Enter		1					Enable System OFF mode																											

4.5.4.3 POFCON (Retained)

Address offset: 0x510

This register is a retained register

Power-fail comparator configuration

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			D D D D																								B B B B				A			
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	POF			Enable or disable power-fail comparator																													
			Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Enable																													
B	RW	THRESHOLD			Power-fail comparator threshold setting																													
			V19	6	Set threshold to 1.9 V																													
			V20	7	Set threshold to 2.0 V																													
			V21	8	Set threshold to 2.1 V																													
			V22	9	Set threshold to 2.2 V																													
			V23	10	Set threshold to 2.3 V																													
			V24	11	Set threshold to 2.4 V																													
			V25	12	Set threshold to 2.5 V																													
			V26	13	Set threshold to 2.6 V																													
			V27	14	Set threshold to 2.7 V																													
			V28	15	Set threshold to 2.8 V																													
D	RW	THRESHOLDVDDH			Power-fail comparator threshold setting for voltage supply on VDDH																													
			V27	0	Set threshold to 2.7 V																													
			V28	1	Set threshold to 2.8 V																													
			V29	2	Set threshold to 2.9 V																													
			V30	3	Set threshold to 3.0 V																													
			V31	4	Set threshold to 3.1 V																													
			V32	5	Set threshold to 3.2 V																													
			V33	6	Set threshold to 3.3 V																													
			V34	7	Set threshold to 3.4 V																													
			V35	8	Set threshold to 3.5 V																													
			V36	9	Set threshold to 3.6 V																													
			V37	10	Set threshold to 3.7 V																													
			V38	11	Set threshold to 3.8 V																													
			V39	12	Set threshold to 3.9 V																													
			V40	13	Set threshold to 4.0 V																													
			V41	14	Set threshold to 4.1 V																													
			V42	15	Set threshold to 4.2 V																													

4.5.4.4 VREGMAIN.DCDCEN (Retained)

Address offset: 0x704

This register is a retained register

DC/DC enable register for VREGMAIN

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	RW	DCDCEN						Enable or disable DC/DC converter																																			
					Disabled			0			Disable																																
					Enabled			1			Enable																																

4.5.4.5 VREGRADIO.DCDCEN (Retained)

Address offset: 0x904

This register is a retained register

DC/DC enable register for VREGRADIO

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																				A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW	DCDCEN				Enable or disable DC/DC converter																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																																
			Enabled	1	Enable																																

4.5.4.6 VREGH.DCDCEN (Retained)

Address offset: 0xB00

This register is a retained register

DC/DC enable register for VREGH

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																														
A	RW	DCDCEN								Enable or disable DC/DC converter																																	
		Disabled				0				Disable																																	
		Enabled				1				Enable																																	

4.5.5 Electrical specification

4.5.5.1 Regulator startup times

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t _{POR}	Time in power-on reset after VDD reaches 1.7 V for all supply voltages and temperatures. Dependent on supply rise time. ¹	..	..	..
t _{POR,10us}	VDD rise time 10 μs	..	..	..	ms
t _{POR,10ms}	VDD rise time 10 ms	..	..	..	ms
t _{POR,60ms}	VDD rise time 60 ms	..	..	..	ms

¹ A step increase in supply voltage of 300 mV or more, with rise time of 300 ms or less, within the valid supply range, may result in a system reset.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{RISE,VREGHOUT}$	VREGH output (VDD) rise time after VDDH reaches minimum VDDH supply voltage	..	..	..
$t_{RISE,VREGHOUT,10\mu s}$	VDDH rise time 10 μs	..	..	..	ms
$t_{RISE,VREGHOUT,10ms}$	VDDH rise time 10 ms	..	..	..	ms
$t_{RISE,VREGHOUT,50ms}$	VDDH rise time 50 ms	..	..	..	ms
t_{PINR}	If a GPIO pin is configured as reset, the maximum time taken to pull up the pin and release reset after power on reset. Dependent on the pin capacitive load (C). ² : $t=5RC$, $R=13\text{ k}\Omega$	..	..	..
$t_{PINR,500nF}$	C = 500 nF	..	..	..	ms
$t_{PINR,10\mu F}$	C = 10 μF	..	..	..	ms

4.5.5.2 Application core startup times

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t_{R2ON}	Time from reset to ON (CPU execute)	..	..	..
$t_{R2ON,NOTCONF}$	If reset pin not configured	..	..	..	ms
$t_{R2ON,CONF}$	If reset pin configured	..	..	..	ms
$t_{OFF2ON,NM}$	Time from OFF to CPU execute when in normal voltage mode (supply on VDD)	..	..	..	μs
$t_{OFF2ON,LDO,HV}$	Time from OFF to CPU execute when in high voltage mode (supply on VDDH) and VREGH using LDO regulator	..	..	..	μs
$t_{OFF2ON,DCDC,HV}$	Time from OFF to CPU execute when in high voltage mode (supply on VDDH) and VREGH using DC/DC regulator	..	..	..	μs
$t_{IDLE2CPU}$	Time from IDLE to CPU execute	..	..	..	μs
$t_{EVTSET,CL1}$	Time from HW event to PPI event in constant latency System ON mode	..	..	..	μs
$t_{EVTSET,CL0}$	Time from HW event to PPI event in low power System ON mode	..	..	..	μs

4.5.5.3 Network core startup times

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{NET,EVTSET,CL1}$	Time from HW event to PPI event in constant latency System ON mode	..	..	..	μs
$t_{NET,EVTSET,CL0}$	Time from HW event to PPI event in low power System ON mode	..	..	..	μs
$t_{NET,IDLE2CPU}$	Time from IDLE to CPU execute	..	..	..	μs
$t_{FO2ON,NET64}$	Time for network core from OFF to CPU execute after NETWORK.FORCEOFF is released	..	..	..	μs

² To decrease maximum time a device could hold in reset, a strong external pullup resistor can be used.

4.5.5.4 Power-fail comparator

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{POF,NV}$	Nominal power level warning thresholds (falling supply voltage) in normal voltage mode (supply on VDD). Levels are configurable between min. and max. in increments of 100 mV.	..	..	..	V
$V_{POF,HV}$	Nominal power level warning thresholds (falling supply voltage) in high voltage mode (supply on VDDH). Levels are configurable between min. and max. in increments of 100 mV.	..	..	..	V
$V_{POF,LV}$	Nominal power level warning thresholds (falling supply voltage) in low voltage mode (supply on VDDL). Levels are configurable between min. and max. in increments of 100 mV.	..	..	..	V
V_{POFTOL}	Threshold voltage tolerance (applies in both normal voltage mode and high voltage mode)	..	..	..	%
$V_{POFHYST}$	Threshold voltage hysteresis (applies in both normal voltage mode and high voltage mode)	..	..	..	mV
$V_{BOR,OFF}$	Brownout reset voltage range System OFF mode. Brownout only applies to the voltage on VDD.	..	..	..	V
$V_{BOR,ON}$	Brownout reset voltage range System ON mode. Brownout only applies to the voltage on VDD.	..	..	..	V

4.5.5.5 Regulator specifications, VREGH stage

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{DDOUT}	VDD output voltage.	..	..	..	V
$I_{EXT,OFF}$	External current draw ³ allowed in High voltage mode (supply on VDDH) during System OFF.	..	..	..	mA
$I_{EXT,LOW}$	External current draw ³ allowed in High voltage mode (supply on VDDH) when radio output power is higher than TBD dBm.	..	..	..	mA
$I_{EXT,HIGH}$	External current draw ³ allowed in High voltage mode (supply on VDDH) when radio output power is lower than or equal to TBD dBm.	..	..	..	mA
$V_{REGH,DROP}$	Minimum voltage drop in REGH (difference between voltage supplied on VDDH pin and voltage output on VDD pin).	..	..	..	V

4.6 USBREG - USB regulator control

The USB peripheral has its own voltage regulator. When using the USB peripheral, a 5 V USB supply needs to be provided on the VBUS pin.

The USB peripheral has a dedicated internal voltage regulator for converting the VBUS supply to 3.3 V to be used by the USB signalling interface (D+ and D- lines, and pull-up on D+). The rest of the USB peripheral (USBD) is supplied through the main supply like other on-chip features. As a consequence, both VBUS and combinations of VDDH and VDD are required for USB peripheral operation. For details on configuring the main supplies, see [Power supply modes and regulators](#) on page 32.

³ External current draw is defined as the sum of all GPIO currents and the current being drawn from VDD.

When VBUS rises into its valid range, the software is notified through the [USBDETECTED](#) event. The [USBREMOVED](#) event is sent when VBUS goes below its valid range. Use these events to implement the USB startup sequence described in [USB power-up sequence](#) on page 678.

When VBUS rises into its valid range while the device is in System OFF, the device resets and transitions to System ON mode. The [RESETREAS](#) register will have the VBUS bit set to indicate the source of the wakeup.

See [VBUS detection specifications](#) on page 54 for the voltage level where events are sent ($V_{BUS,DETECT}$ and $V_{BUS,REMOVE}$) or where the system causes a wakeup from System OFF ($V_{BUS,DETECT}$).

When the USB peripheral is enabled through the [ENABLE](#) register and VBUS is detected, the regulator is turned on. A [USBPWRRDY](#) event is sent when the regulator's worst case settling time has elapsed, indicating to the software that it can enable the USB pull-up to signal a USB connection to the host.

The software can read the state of the VBUS detection and regulator output readiness at any time through the [USBREGSTATUS](#) register.

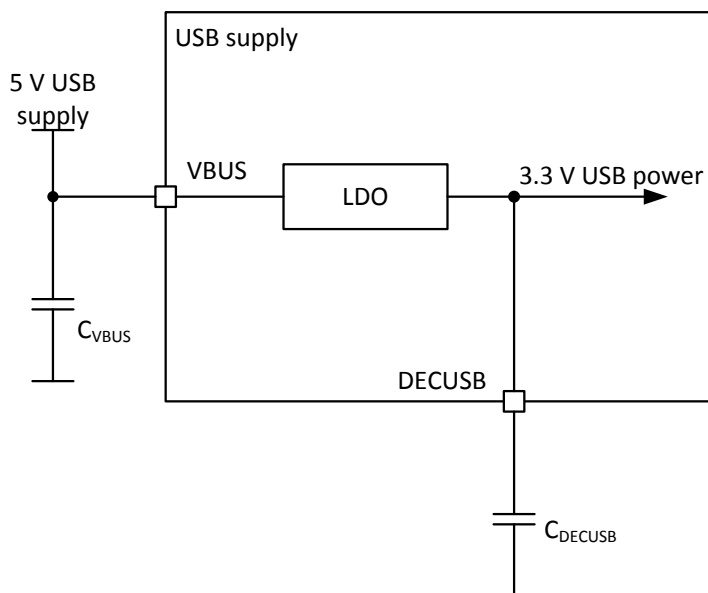


Figure 12: USB voltage regulator

To ensure stability, the input and output of the USB regulator need to be decoupled with a suitable decoupling capacitor C_{VBUS} . See [Reference circuitry](#) on page 768 for the recommended values.

4.6.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50037000	APPLICATION	USBREG	USBREGULATOR :				
			S				
0x40037000			US		NA	USB regulator control	
			USBREGULATOR :				
			NS				

Table 11: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EVENTS_USBDETECTED	0x100		Voltage supply detected on VBUS
EVENTS_USBREMOVED	0x104		Voltage supply removed from VBUS
EVENTS_USBPWRRDY	0x108		USB 3.3 V supply ready
PUBLISH_USBDETECTED	0x180		Publish configuration for event USBDETECTED
PUBLISH_USBREMOVED	0x184		Publish configuration for event USBREMOVED
PUBLISH_USBPWRRDY	0x188		Publish configuration for event USBPWRRDY
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
USBREGSTATUS	0x400		USB supply status

Table 12: Register overview

4.6.1.1 EVENTS_USBDETECTED

Address offset: 0x100

Voltage supply detected on VBUS

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_USBDETECTED		Voltage supply detected on VBUS																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

4.6.1.2 EVENTS_USBREMOVED

Address offset: 0x104

Voltage supply removed from VBUS

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_USBREMOVED		Voltage supply removed from VBUS																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

4.6.1.3 EVENTS_USBPWRRDY

Address offset: 0x108

USB 3.3 V supply ready

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_USBPWRRDY		USB 3.3 V supply ready																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

4.6.1.4 PUBLISH_USBDETECTED

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event **USBDETECTED**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event USBDETECTED will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

4.6.1.5 PUBLISH_USBREMOVED

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event **USBREMOVED**

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event USBREMOVED will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																		
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																													
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																													

4.6.1.6 PUBLISH_USBPWRRDY

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event **USBPWRRDY**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event USBPWRRDY will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

4.6.1.7 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW USBDETECTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event USBDETECTED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
B	RW USBREMOVED			Enable or disable interrupt for event USBREMOVED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
C	RW USBPWRRDY			Enable or disable interrupt for event USBPWRRDY																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														

4.6.1.8 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
D	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW USBDETECTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event USBDETECTED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW USBREMOVED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event USBREMOVED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW USBPWRRDY			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event USBPWRRDY																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

4.6.1.9 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW USBDETECTED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event USBDETECTED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW USBREMOVED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event USBREMOVED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
C	RW	USBPWRRDY		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event USBPWRRDY																																		
		Clear	1	Disable																																		
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																		
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																		

4.6.1.10 USBREGSTATUS

Address offset: 0x400

USB supply status

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	VBUSDETECT		VBUS input detection status (USBDETECTED and USBREMOVED events are derived from this information)																														
		NoVbus	0	VBUS voltage below valid threshold																														
		VbusPresent	1	VBUS voltage above valid threshold																														
B	R	OUTPUTRDY		USB supply output settling time elapsed																														
		NotReady	0	USBREG output settling time not elapsed																														
		Ready	1	USBREG output settling time elapsed (same information as USBPWRRDY event)																														

4.6.2 Electrical specification

4.6.2.1 USB operating conditions

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V _{BUS}	Supply voltage on VBUS pin	..	..	..	V
V _{DPDM}	Voltage on D+ and D- lines	..	..	..	V

4.6.2.2 USB regulator specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{USB,QUIES}	USB regulator quiescent current drawn from VBUS (USB enabled)	..	..	..	μA
t _{USBPWRDY}	Time from USB enabled to USBPWRDY event triggered, V _{BUS} supply provided	..	..	..	ms
V _{USB33}	On voltage at the USB regulator output (DECUSB pin)	..	..	..	V
R _{SOURCEVBUS}	Maximum source resistance on VBUS, including cable	..	..	..	Ω
C _{DECUSB}	Decoupling capacitor on the DECUSB pin	..	..	..	μF

4.6.2.3 VBUS detection specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V _{BUS,DETECT}	Voltage at which rising VBUS gets reported by USBDETECTED	..	..	..	V
V _{BUS,REMOVE}	Voltage at which decreasing VBUS gets reported by USBREMOVED	..	..	..	V

4.7 VREQCTRL - Voltage request control

The VREQCTRL can request additional voltage on the VREGRADIO regulated supply to support +3 dBm TX power on RADIO.

Setting the [VREGRADIO.VREQH](#) register will request high voltage. The request is active until the register is cleared. Status register [VREGRADIO.VREQHREADY](#) indicates when the regulator has changed to high voltage.

4.7.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x41004000	NETWORK	VREQCTRL	VREQCTRL	NS	NA	Voltage request control	

Table 13: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
VREGRADIO.VREQH	0x500		Request high voltage on RADIO After requesting high voltage, the user must wait until VREQHREADY is set to Ready
VREGRADIO.VREQHREADY	0x508		High voltage on RADIO is ready

Table 14: Register overview

4.7.1.1 VREGRADIO.VREQH (Retained)

Address offset: 0x500

This register is a retained register

Request high voltage on RADIO

After requesting high voltage, the user must wait until VREQHREADY is set to Ready

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	VREQH		Request high voltage																															
		Disabled	0	Disable																															
		Enabled	1	Enable																															

4.7.1.2 VREGRADIO.VREQHREADY

Address offset: 0x508

High voltage on RADIO is ready

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																		
A	R	READY									RADIO is ready to operate on high voltage																																	
		NotReady			0						Not ready																																	
		Ready			1						Ready																																	

4.8 RESET - Reset control

A reset in the system is triggered by either a system-level or core-level reset source.

A system-level reset will reset all cores. Power-on reset, brownout reset, and pin reset are examples of a system-level reset. A core-level reset, such as a soft reset or a lockup, will reset either the entire core or only part of it. The different reset sources in the system are illustrated in the following figure.

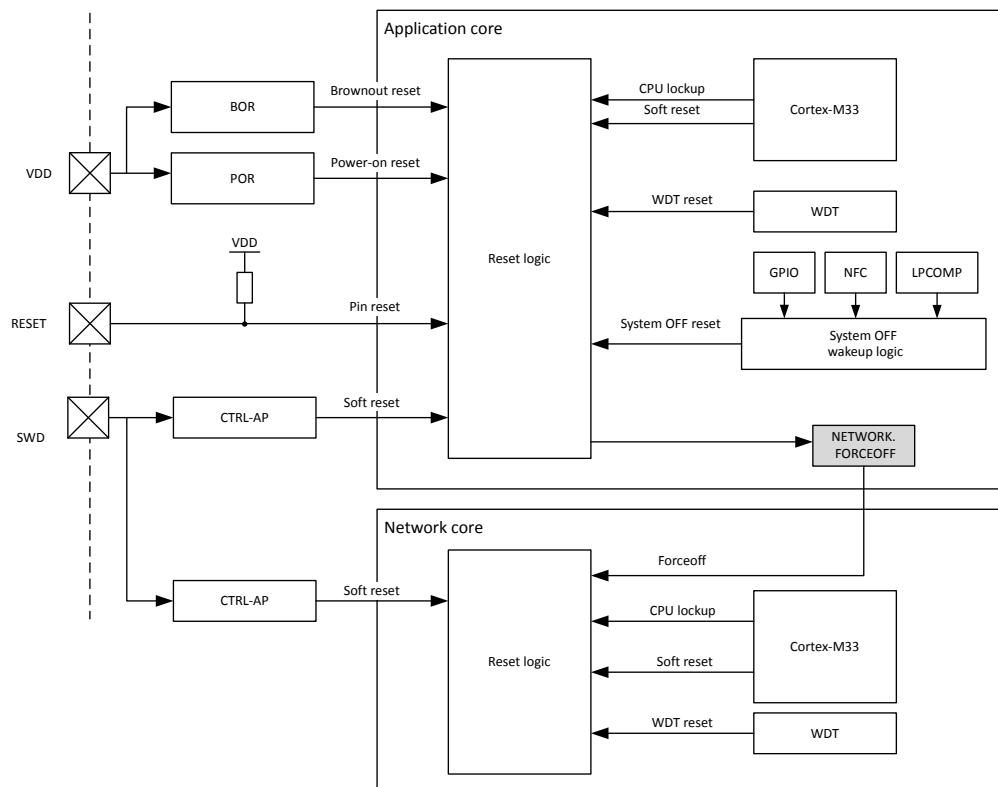


Figure 13: Reset sources

After a system-level reset, the application core will start up on its own and will then start the network core as necessary.

After a reset has occurred, the register [RESETREAS](#) on page 59 can be read to determine which source generated the reset. Each core has its own [RESETREAS](#) register. System-level and application core reset sources are also available in the network core's [RESETREAS](#) register, unless otherwise noted.

4.8.1 Power-on reset

The power-on reset (POR) generator initializes the system when the VDD supply voltage is above the power-on threshold. This also applies in high voltage mode, where the VDD supply voltage is provided by the high voltage regulator (VREGH).

The system is held in a reset state until the supply has reached the minimum operating voltage, and the internal voltage regulators have started. After a power-on reset, the application core is started while the network core is held in reset, see [Network force off](#) on page 57.

4.8.2 Pin reset

A pin reset is generated when the physical reset pin on the device is asserted.

Similar to a power-on reset, the application core is started after the reset pin is deasserted. The network core is held in reset, see [Network force off](#) on page 57.

The reset pin has an internal pull-up resistor with the same resistance as GPIO pull-ups, see [GPIO — General purpose input/output](#) on page 209.

4.8.3 Brownout reset

The brownout reset (BOR) generator puts the system in reset state if the VDD supply voltage drops below the brownout reset threshold. This also applies in high voltage mode, where the VDD supply voltage is provided by the high voltage regulator (VREGH).

Similar to a power-on reset, the application core is started after BOR is deasserted while the network core is held in reset, see [Network force off](#) on page 57.

4.8.4 Wakeup from System OFF mode reset

The device is reset when it wakes up from System OFF mode.

Similar to a power-on reset, the application core is started while the network core is held in reset, see [Network force off](#) on page 57.

If the device is in debug interface mode, the debug access port (DAP) is not reset after a wakeup from System OFF. For more information, see [Overview](#) on page 730.

4.8.5 Soft reset

Soft reset is generated when the SYSRESETREQ bit of the application interrupt and reset control register (AIRCRR) in the Arm core of the application and network cores is set. For more information, see [ARM documentation](#).

When the application core performs a soft reset, the network core is held in reset, see [Network force off](#) on page 57. A soft reset in the network core will only cause the network core to reset.

A soft reset can also be generated using the [RESET](#) on page 742 register in the associated CTRL-AP.

4.8.6 Watchdog timer reset

A watchdog timer (WDT) reset is generated when the watchdog timer times out.

Each core has its own WDT instance. When the application core gets a WDT reset, the network core is held in reset, see [Network force off](#) on page 57. A WDT reset in the network core will only cause the network core to reset. The reset target depends on the core where WDT is instantiated.

Note: Because the network core WDT reset is local for the network core, the application core is not aware of WDT timing out in the network core. Notifying the application core is possible. One way is to check the register [RESETREAS](#) on page 59 for WDT flags and report the error through inter-processor communication (IPC).

For more information about WDT, see [WDT — Watchdog timer](#) on page 721. More information about IPC is available in [IPC — Interprocessor communication](#) on page 252.

4.8.7 Network force off

The application core can force off the network core, which resets it and switches off its power and clocks.

A FORCEOFF can be issued to the network core by the application core. To force off the network core, use the register [NETWORK.FORCEOFF](#) on page 61.

Application core resets implicitly result in a force off of the network core. The network core will be held in force off until the application core releases the force off signal from the [NETWORK.FORCEOFF](#) register.

4.8.8 Retained registers

A retained register is one that retains its value in System OFF and/or Force off mode and when reset, depending on the reset source. See individual peripheral chapters for information about which registers are retained for the various peripherals.

4.8.9 Application core reset behavior

Application core reset behavior depends on the reset source.

Any reset in the application core will cause a network core force off, triggering the FORCEOFF reset source in the network core. For more information, see [Network force off](#) on page 57.

In System OFF mode, the watchdog timer is not running and there is no CPU lockup possible. RAM may be fully or partially retained, depending on RAM retention settings in [VMC — Volatile memory controller](#) on page 719.

If the device is in Debug Interface mode, the debug components will not be reset. Additionally, CPU lockup will not generate a reset. See [Overview](#) on page 730 for more information about the different debug components in the system.

Application core reset targets and their reset sources are summarized in the following table.

An 'x' in the table means that the specific module is reset.

Reset source	Reset target					
	CPU	Network core	Debug	RAM	WDT	RESETREAS
CPU lockup	x	x				
Soft reset	x	x				
Wakeup from System OFF mode reset	x	x	x	x ⁴	x	
Watchdog timer reset	x	x	x	x	x	
Pin reset	x	x	x	x	x	
Brownout reset	x	x	x	x	x	x
Power-on reset	x	x	x	x	x	x
NETWORK.FORCEOFF		x				

Table 15: Application core reset targets and their reset sources

Note: RAM is never reset, but depending on the reset source, its content may be corrupted.

Some retained registers may have a different reset behavior, as shown in the following table.

⁴ Depending on RAM retention settings.

An 'x' in the table means that the specific module is reset.

Reset source	Reset target				
	Regular peripheral registers	SPU	GPIO	REGULATORS, OSCILLATORS	POWER.GPREGRET
CPU lockup	x	x	x		
Soft reset	x	x	x		
Wakeup from System OFF mode reset	x				
Watchdog timer reset	x	x	x	x	
Pin reset	x	x	x	x	
Brownout reset	x	x	x	x	x
Power-on reset	x	x	x	x	x

Table 16: Application core reset behavior for retained registers

4.8.10 Network core reset behavior

Network core reset behavior depends on the reset source.

In System OFF mode, or when the network core is held in force-off, the watchdog timer is not running and there is no CPU lockup possible. RAM may be fully or partially retained, depending on RAM retention settings in [VMC — Volatile memory controller](#) on page 719.

If the device is in Debug Interface mode, the debug components will not be reset. Additionally, CPU lockup will not generate a reset. See [Overview](#) on page 730 for more information about the different debug components in the system.

Any reset in the application core will cause a network core force off, triggering the network FORCEOFF reset source in the following table. For more information, see [Network force off](#) on page 57.

An 'x' in the table means that the specific module is reset. Pin reset, brownout reset, and power-on reset are system level reset sources with the network core and application core having the same behavior, see [Application core reset behavior](#) on page 57.

Reset source	Reset target			
	CPU	RAM	WDT	RESETREAS
CPU lockup	x			
Soft reset	x			
Network FORCEOFF	x	x ⁵	x	
Application Watchdog timer reset	x	x	x	
Local Watchdog timer reset	x	x	x	

Table 17: Network core reset target sources

Note: RAM is never reset, but its content may be corrupted depending on the reset source.

Some retained registers may have a different reset behavior, as shown in following table.

⁵ Depending on RAM retention settings.

An 'x' in the table means that the specific module is reset. Pin reset, brownout reset, and power-on reset are system level reset sources with the network core and application core having the same behavior, see [Application core reset behavior](#) on page 57.

Reset source	Reset target		
	Regular peripheral registers	GPIO	POWER.GPREGRET
CPU lockup	x	x ⁶	
Soft reset	x	x ⁶	
Network FORCEOFF	x		
Application Watchdog timer reset	x	x	
Local Watchdog timer reset	x	x	

Table 18: Network core reset behavior for retained registers

4.8.11 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50005000	APPLICATION	RESET	RESET : S	US	NA	Reset control and status	
0x40005000			RESET : NS				
0x41005000	NETWORK	RESET	RESET	NS	NA	Reset status	

Table 19: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
RESETRAS	0x400		Reset reason
NETWORK.FORCEOFF	0x614		Force off power and clock in network core

Table 20: Register overview

4.8.11.1 RESETRAS

Address offset: 0x400

Reset reason

Unless cleared, the RESETRAS register will be cumulative. A field is cleared by writing '1' to it.

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																																														
ID		Q P O N M										K J I			H G F E D C B A																																																	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																																																														
ID	Accs Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																																												
A	RW	RESETPIN		Reset from pin reset detected																																																												
			NotDetected	0	Not detected																																																											
			Detected	1	Detected																																																											
B	RW	DOGO		Reset from application watchdog timer 0 detected																																																												
			NotDetected	0	Not detected																																																											
			Detected	1	Detected																																																											
C	RW	CTRLAP		Reset from application CTRL-AP detected																																																												
			NotDetected	0	Not detected																																																											
			Detected	1	Detected																																																											
D	RW	SREQ		Reset from application soft reset detected																																																												
			NotDetected	0	Not detected																																																											

⁶ MCUSEL settings are kept.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			Q P O N M										K J I					H G F E D C B A																
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
E	RW LOCKUP	Detected	1	Detected																														
		NotDetected	0	Reset from application CPU lockup detected																														
		Detected	1	Not detected																														
F	RW OFF	Detected	1	Detected																														
		NotDetected	0	Reset due to wakeup from System OFF mode when wakeup is triggered by DETECT signal from GPIO																														
		Detected	1	Not detected																														
G	RW LPCOMP	Detected	1	Detected																														
		NotDetected	0	Reset due to wakeup from System OFF mode when wakeup is triggered by ANADETECT signal from LPCOMP																														
		Detected	1	Not detected																														
H	RW DIF	Detected	1	Detected																														
		NotDetected	0	Reset due to wakeup from System OFF mode when wakeup is triggered by entering the debug interface mode																														
		Detected	1	Not detected																														
I	RW LSREQ	Detected	1	Detected																														
		NotDetected	0	Reset from network soft reset detected																														
		Detected	1	Note: Not available for application core																														
J	RW LLOCKUP	Detected	1	Detected																														
		NotDetected	0	Reset from network CPU lockup detected																														
		Detected	1	Note: Not available for application core																														
K	RW LDOG	Detected	1	Detected																														
		NotDetected	0	Reset from network watchdog timer detected																														
		Detected	1	Note: Not available for application core																														
M	RW MFORCEOFF	Detected	1	Detected																														
		NotDetected	0	Force off reset from application core detected																														
		Detected	1	Note: Not available for application core																														
N	RW NFC	Detected	1	Detected																														
		NotDetected	0	Reset after wakeup from System OFF mode due to NFC field being detected																														
		Detected	1	Not detected																														
O	RW DOG1	Detected	1	Detected																														
		NotDetected	0	Reset from application watchdog timer 1 detected																														
		Detected	1	Not detected																														
P	RW VBUS	Detected	1	Detected																														
		NotDetected	0	Reset after wakeup from System OFF mode due to VBUS rising into valid range																														
		Detected	1	Not detected																														

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0											
ID				Q										P	O	N	M	K										J	I	H										G	F	E	D	C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value										Description																																
Q	RW	LCTRLAP												Reset from network CTRL-AP detected																																
				Note: Not available for application core																																										
		NotDetected		0										Not detected																																
		Detected		1										Detected																																

4.8.11.2 NETWORK.FORCEOFF

Address offset: 0x614

Force off power and clock in network core

Not available for network core

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																			A	
Reset 0x00000001			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW	FORCEOFF			Force off power and clock in network core																															
		Release	0		Release force off signal																															
		Hold	1		Hold force off signal																															

4.9 CLOCK — Clock control

The clock control system can source the system clocks from a range of internal or external high and low frequency oscillators, and distribute them to modules based on the module's individual requirements. Clock distribution is automated and grouped independently by module to limit current consumption in unused branches of the clock tree.

Each core subsystem has its own clock control system that is responsible for requesting resources from the power and clock subsystem.

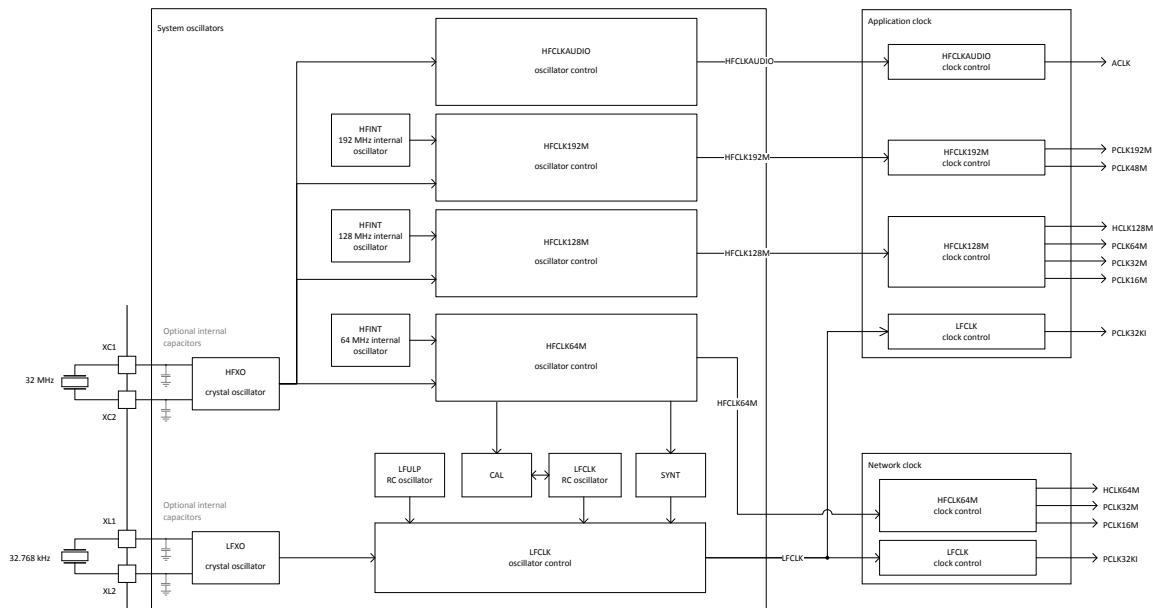


Figure 14: Clock control

The power and clock subsystem secures glitch-free switching from one clock source to another. This applies to all clock sources.

Note: Registers [INTEN](#) on page 77, [INTENSET](#) on page 78, and [INTENCLR](#) on page 78 are the same registers (at the same address) as the corresponding registers in POWER.

4.9.1 HFCLK controller

Each core has a number of high frequency clock (HFCLK) control instances. Each instance distributes one or more clocks to the core.

The following table lists the core clocks that are available.

Core clock	Description
HCLK128M	Scalable 128 MHz CPU clock for the application core
HCLK64M	64 MHz CPU clock for the network core
PCLK192M	Scalable 192 MHz clock for QSPI
PCLK64M	64 MHz peripheral clock
PCLK48M	48 MHz clock for USB
PCLK32M	32 MHz peripheral clock
PCLK16M	16 MHz peripheral clock
ACLK	11.289 MHz or 12.288 MHz tunable audio peripheral clock

Table 21: Core clocks

The HFCLK clocks sourced from the power and clock subsystem to the HFCLK control instances are the following:

HFCLK clock	Description
HFCLK128M	128 MHz HFCLK clock
HFCLK64M	64 MHz HFCLK clock
HFCLK192M	192 MHz HFCLK clock
HFCLKAUDIO	Audio HFCLK clock

Table 22: HFCLK clocks for HFCLK control instances

In order to generate the HFCLK clocks, the following HFCLK sources are available:

- 192 MHz/128 MHz/64 MHz internal oscillator (HFINT)
- 32 MHz crystal oscillator (HFXO), optionally using built-in capacitors as described in [OSCILLATORS — Oscillator control](#) on page 88

See [Figure 14: Clock control](#) on page 62 for more information.

CPUs, peripherals, and other system components within a core will automatically request clocks from its corresponding local HFCLK control. The HFCLK control passes the request to the power and clock subsystem and, once the clocks are running, distributes them to the components within the core.

When HFCLK control requests within a core are stopped, the HFCLK control will stop requesting clock from the power and clock subsystem. For example, when the CPU enters sleep or when peripherals have completed their tasks. If there are no HFCLK control requests from any core, the power and clock subsystem will automatically stop the clock.

When the system enters System ON mode, and a HFCLK clock is requested, the relevant HFINT will be used as the HFCLK source. When requests for the clock are stopped, the HFINT will automatically stop.

HFCLK clocks are only available to the HFCLK controllers when the system is in System ON mode.

It is possible to have a HFCLK source running before being started by the relevant clock request (for instance, the HFCLK source is kept running during sleep). This gives shorter start-up time but causes increased power consumption. Starting the HFXO is needed when crystal clock accuracy is required.

The HFCLK source selected in register [HFCLKSRC](#) on page 82 is started by triggering the [HFCLKSTART](#) task.

The source for the HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M clocks can be configured at any time (for instance, when the HFCLK has already been started). The content of the [HFCLKSRC](#) register only takes effect when the [HFCLKSTART](#) task is triggered.

The event [HFCLKSTARTED](#) is generated when the [HFCLKSTART](#) task is triggered, the oscillator is started, and the frequency is stabilized.

The HFCLK source selected in register [HFCLK192MSRC](#) on page 85 is started by triggering the [HFCLK192MSTART](#) task.

The source for the HFCLK192M clock can be configured at any time (for instance, when the HFCLK has already been started). The content of the [HFCLK192MSRC](#) register only takes effect when the [HFCLK192MSTART](#) task is triggered.

The event [HFCLK192MSTARTED](#) is generated when the [HFCLK192MSTART](#) task is triggered, the oscillator is started, and the frequency stabilized.

The HFXO is started by triggering the [HFCLKAUDIOSTART](#) task.

The event [HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED](#) is generated when the [HFCLKAUDIOSTART](#) task is triggered, the oscillator is started, and the frequency stabilized.

It is possible to trigger a new START task after one has already been triggered, and before the corresponding STARTED event is generated. In this case, only one STARTED event will be generated, corresponding to the last triggered START task. Triggering a START task after the STARTED event from a previous triggered START task is generated, will generate a new STARTED event.

Time from a START task to the corresponding STARTED event may differ depending on whether the HFCLK source is already running or in the process of starting. The amount of time before a STARTED event may vary when a different HFCLK source is configured before triggering a new START task.

When the clock control system switches from HFINT source to HFXO source, the HFXO becomes active after a HFXO startup time set in register [HFXOCNT](#) on page 117. The startup time is programmable, enabling the use of different types of crystal oscillators (e.g. standard crystals that may have different startup times).

The HFXO must be selected and started in order to do the following:

- Use RADIO
 - The network domain [HFCLKSTART](#) task is used
- Enable USB D to respond to USB traffic
 - The application domain [HFCLK192MSTART](#) is used
- Set NFCT to activated state
 - The application domain [HFCLKSTART](#) task is used
- Improve SAADC performance by reducing clock jitter
 - The application domain [HFCLKSTART](#) task is used

Each HFCLK control can request the HFXO source independently from one another via the corresponding START task. This ensures that each core and peripheral will have access to a high accuracy clock when needed. Core clocks that originate from the same HFCLK clock will also have the same HFCLK source. This means that parts of the core that have not requested the HFXO may get a clock that is more accurate than expected, but not the other way around.

All cores that have requested a HFCLK source to start by triggering a START task must also request it to stop by triggering the corresponding STOP task (see [HFCLKSTOP](#), [HFCLK192MSTOP](#) and [HFCLKAUDIOSTOP](#) tasks) before the power and clock subsystem will stop it.

HFCLK source(s) will stop when all corresponding STOP tasks have been triggered and there are no requests for HFCLK clock(s) from the system.

Triggering a HFCLK STOP task is required only if the corresponding HFCLK START task has been triggered before. When a HFCLK START task is triggered, it is possible to trigger again the same HFCLK START task without triggering the corresponding HFCLK STOP task in between.

4.9.1.1 Application core frequency scaling

The application core clocks can be scaled from their respective HFCLK clocks.

The application core clock HCLK128M can be scaled from the HFCLK128M clock using the [HFCLKCTRL](#) register.

The HCLK192M clock can be scaled from the HFCLK192M clock using the [HFCLK192MCTRL](#) register.

Note: Settings Div1 and Div2 in [HFCLK192MCTRL](#) register will result in increased power consumption.

The ACLK audio clock cannot be scaled from the HFCLKAUDIO clock. Instead, its frequency can be configured in the relevant peripherals. Refer to [Audio oscillator](#) on page 65 for more information on audio clock and related peripherals.

Note: It is possible to scale the application core clocks at any time. For instance, when a clock has already been started, without having to stop it first.

4.9.1.2 32 MHz crystal oscillator (HFXO)

The 32 MHz crystal oscillator (HFXO) is controlled by a 32 MHz external crystal, see [OSCILLATORS — Oscillator control](#) on page 88.

4.9.1.3 Audio oscillator

The audio oscillator generates clock frequencies suitable for audio applications.

The audio oscillator has the following features:

- Adjustable frequency with 3.3 ppm resolution in two frequency bands - 11.176 MHz to 11.402 MHz, and 12.165 MHz to 12.411 MHz
- Low jitter, suitable for audio applications
- Always uses the HFXO

The HFCLKAUDIO clock generated by the audio oscillator is suitable for use as the source clock in the I²S and PDM audio peripherals. In order to use this clock, it must be selected in the corresponding configuration registers in these peripherals. It is required to trigger the [HFCLKAUDIOSTART](#) task before it is used. To stop the HFCLKAUDIO clock, the [HFCLKAUDIOSTOP](#) task must be triggered. After triggering this task, the oscillator will be kept running as long as a peripheral is using it.

In applications where the audio data is arriving asynchronously to on-chip clocks, the frequency can be adjusted to stay in sync with the sender. The frequency can be configured in register [HFCLKAUDIO.FREQUENCY](#) on page 83 using one of the following equations.

$$f_{out} = \frac{32M}{12} (4 + HFCLKAUDIO.FREQUENCY \cdot 2^{-16})$$

Figure 15: Calculating audio frequency f_{out} from register value

$$HFCLKAUDIO.FREQUENCY = 2^{16} \left(\frac{12f_{out}}{32M} - 4 \right)$$

Figure 16: Calculating register value from audio frequency f_{out}

The acceptable [HFCLKAUDIO.FREQUENCY](#) register value ranges for the two frequency bands are listed in the following table.

When switching between the two frequency ranges, the peripherals must be stopped.

Frequency band	Register value and frequency		
	Min	Center	Max
11.176 MHz to 11.402 MHz	12519 (11.176 MHz)	15298 (11.289 MHz)	16068 (11.402 MHz)
12.165 MHz to 12.411 MHz	36834 (12.165 MHz)	39854 (12.288 MHz)	42874 (12.411 MHz)

Table 23: HFCLKAUDIO.FREQUENCY register ranges

4.9.1.4 Overriding the automatic HFCLK control system

Overriding the automatic clock control system is possible to ensure a HFCLK clock is started and kept running, even if not requested.

This can be used to avoid associated HFCLK clock start-up times and have the highest clock accuracy after wake-up from sleep.

The register [HFCLKALWAYSRUN](#) on page 84 can override the automatic clock control system for the HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M clocks. This override is initiated by performing the following steps:

1. Set [HFCLKSRC.SRC](#) to select the HFCLK source.
2. Set [HFCLKALWAYSRUN.ALWAYSRUN](#).
3. Trigger the [HFCLKSTART](#) task.

The register [HFCLK192MALWAYSRUN](#) on page 85 can override the automatic clock control system for the HFCLK192M clock. This override is initiated by performing the following steps:

1. Set [HFCLK192MSRC.SRC](#) to select the HFCLK source.
2. Set [HFCLK192MALWAYSRUN.ALWAYSRUN](#).
3. Trigger the [HFCLK192MSTART](#) task.

Registers [HFCLKSRC/HFCLK192MSRC](#) and [HFCLKALWAYSRUN/HFCLK192MALWAYSRUN](#) can be written at any time, but are only activated by the START task.

The register [HFCLKAUDIOALWAYSRUN](#) on page 84 can override the automatic clock control system for the HFCLKAUDIO clock. The override is initiated by performing the following steps:

1. Set [HFCLKAUDIOALWAYSRUN.ALWAYSRUN](#).
2. Trigger the [HFCLKAUDIOSTART](#) task.

Note: In this case, the HFCLK source is always the HFXO.

Register [HFCLKAUDIOALWAYSRUN](#) can be written at any time, but is only activated by the START task.

4.9.2 LFCLK controller

Each core has a number of low frequency clock (LFCLK) control instances. Each instance distributes one or more clocks to the core.

The LFCLK control instance in each core distributes the 32.768 kHz PCLK32KI peripheral clock to its corresponding core. The LFCLK clock is sourced from the power and clock subsystem to each LFCLK control instance.

In order to generate the LFCLK clock, the LFCLK controller uses the following LFCLK sources:

- 32.768 kHz RC oscillator (LFRC)
- 32.768 kHz ultra-low power RC oscillator (LFULP)
- 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator (LFXO)
- 32.768 kHz synthesized from HFCLK (LFSYNT)

To see an illustration of the clock sources, see [Figure 14: Clock control](#) on page 62.

The LFCLK controller and all LFCLK sources are switched off in System OFF mode.

When peripherals require the PCLK32KI clock, such as [RTC — Real-time counter](#) on page 488 and [WDT — Watchdog timer](#) on page 721, the LFCLK control will automatically request the LFCLK clock to the power and clock subsystem. The default LFCLK source is the LFRC.

When LFCLK control requests are stopped, LFCLK will stop requesting clock from the power and clock subsystem. If there are no LFCLK control requests from other cores, the power and clock subsystem will automatically stop the LFCLK clock and the LFRC source.

The LFCLK source may also be started by triggering the **LFCLKSTART** task. The LFCLK source is configured by selecting the preferred LFCLK source in register **LFCLKSRC** on page 83. Once selected, the LFCLK source will be started by triggering the **LFCLKSTART** task.

The LFCLK source can be configured at any time (for instance, when the LFCLK has already been started). The content of the **LFCLKSRC** register only takes effect when the **LFCLKSTART** task is triggered.

Note: Automatic requests of the LFCLK clock will ignore the value in **LFCLKSRC** and use **LFRC** as source, unless the LFCLK source is started by triggering the **LFCLKSTART** task. In this case, the LFCLK source will correspond to the value in **LFCLKSRC** when the **LFCLKSTART** task was last triggered.

The **LFCLKSTARTED** event will be generated after the **LFCLKSTART** task has been triggered and the LFCLK source has started. Triggering a **LFCLKSTART** task before the **LFCLKSTARTED** event from a previous **LFCLKSTART** task is generated will only generate one **LFCLKSTARTED** event. Triggering a **LFCLKSTART** task after a **LFCLKSTARTED** event is generated will generate a new **LFCLKSTARTED** event.

The LFCLK clock is stopped when nothing requests it, e.g. **RTC — Real-time counter** on page 488 and **WDT — Watchdog timer** on page 721 are stopped, and the **LFCLKSTOP** task is triggered. This must be done for all cores. Triggering the **LFCLKSTOP** task is required only if the **LFCLKSTART** task has been triggered before.

When the **LFCLKSTART** task is triggered, it is possible to trigger a new **LFCLKSTART** task without triggering a **LFCLKSTOP** task in between.

If the **LFXO** is selected as the LFCLK source, the LFCLK clock will initially start running from the **LFRC** while the **LFXO** is starting up, and then automatically switch to using the **LFXO** once this oscillator is running.

Events will be generated in the correct order, even if an LFCLK source that is already started by another LFCLK control instance is requested. The timing of events may differ, depending on whether a LFCLK source is already running or in the process of starting.

If two instances of the LFCLK control system request different LFCLK sources, the power and clock subsystem will secure that the most accurate of the requested LFCLK sources is selected.

If one LFCLK control instance requests a particular LFCLK source to stop when another LFCLK control instance (or a peripheral) requests the same source to run, but at a lower accuracy, the power and clock subsystem will switch to the less accurate source. The following table summarizes the priorities of the LFCLK sources.

Priority	LFCLK source
Highest	LFSYNT
...	LFXO
...	LFRC
Lowest	LFULP

Table 24: LFCLK request priority

When switching the LFCLK source, such as from **LFRC** to **LFXO**, up to one LFCLK cycle may be lost.

4.9.2.1 32.768 kHz RC oscillator (LFRC)

An internal 32.768 kHz RC oscillator (**LFRC**) is available as the LFCLK source.

The **LFRC** oscillator is fully embedded in **nRF5340** and does not require additional external components.

4.9.2.1.1 Calibrating the 32.768 kHz RC oscillator

To improve accuracy of the **LFRC** oscillator, it can be calibrated using the **HFXO** as a reference oscillator.

The **LFRC** oscillator can be calibrated while it is running. The calibration is started by triggering the **CAL** task which temporarily requests the **HFCLK** with **HFXO** as the source for calibration.

A **DONE** event will be generated when the calibration is finished.

Note: Any core changing the LFCLK source will abort calibration without the **DONE** event being generated in the core triggering the **CAL** task.

If **CAL** task is triggered while a calibration routine is already running (i.e. before the **DONE** event is generated), the **CAL** task has no effect and the calibration continues.

All cores can trigger the **CAL** task independently of each other. As a result, each core will receive a corresponding **DONE** event. If the calibration routine is already running (i.e. a core has triggered the **CAL** task), and the **CAL** task is triggered from another core, a **DONE** event is generated in both cores when the calibration of its corresponding LFRC oscillator is complete.

4.9.2.2 32.768 kHz ultra-low power RC oscillator (LFULP)

An internal 32.768 kHz ultra-low power RC oscillator (LFULP) is available as an LFCLK source.

The LFULP oscillator is fully embedded in the SOC and does not require additional external components. Compared to the LFRC, the LFULP uses less power but has decreased accuracy. This oscillator can be used as a coarse, low-precision time reference in applications where low power is the main requirement.

Unlike the LFRC oscillator, the LFULP oscillator cannot be calibrated.

4.9.2.3 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator (LFXO)

For higher LFCLK accuracy (when greater than ± 250 ppm accuracy is required), the low frequency crystal oscillator (LFXO) must be used.

This clock source requires external components, see [OSCILLATORS — Oscillator control](#) on page 88.

4.9.2.4 32.768 kHz synthesized from HFCLK (LFSYNT)

LFCLK can be synthesized from the HFCLK clock source.

LFSYNTH depends on the HFCLK to run. The accuracy of the LFCLK clock with LFSYNTH as a source assumes the accuracy of the HFCLK. If high accuracy is required, the HFCLK must be generated from the HFXO.

Using the LFSYNT clock removes the requirement for an external 32.768 kHz crystal, but increases average power consumption as the HFCLK will need to be requested in the system.

4.9.2.5 Overriding the automatic LFCLK control system

Overriding the automatic clock control system to ensure the LFCLK clock is started and kept running is possible, even if not requested.

This can be used to avoid associated LFCLK clock start-up times and have the highest clock accuracy after wake-up from sleep.

The register [LFCLKALWAYSRUN](#) on page 84 can override the automatic clock control system. This override is initiated by performing the following steps:

1. Set [LFCLKSRC.SRC](#) to select the LFCLK source.
2. Set [LFCLKALWAYSRUN.ALWAYSRUN](#).
3. Trigger the [LFCLKSTART](#) task.

Registers [LFCLKSRC.SRC](#) and [LFCLKALWAYSRUN.ALWAYSRUN](#) can be written at any time, but are only activated by the [LFCLKSTART](#) task.

4.9.3 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50005000	APPLICATION	CLOCK	CLOCK : S	US	NA	Clock control	
0x40005000			CLOCK : NS				
0x41005000	NETWORK	CLOCK	CLOCK	NS	NA	Clock control	HFCLKCTRL reset value is 0x0

Table 25: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_HFCLKSTART	0x000		Start HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M source as selected in HFCLKSRC
TASKS_HFCLKSTOP	0x004		Stop HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M source
TASKS_LFCLKSTART	0x008		Start LFCLK source as selected in LFCLKSRC
TASKS_LFCLKSTOP	0x00C		Stop LFCLK source
TASKS_CAL	0x010		Start calibration of LFRC oscillator
TASKS_HFCLKAUDIOSTART	0x018		Start HFCLKAUDIO source
TASKS_HFCLKAUDIOSTOP	0x01C		Stop HFCLKAUDIO source
TASKS_HFCLK192MSTART	0x020		Start HFCLK192M source as selected in HFCLK192MSRC
TASKS_HFCLK192MSTOP	0x024		Stop HFCLK192M source
SUBSCRIBE_HFCLKSTART	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task HFCLKSTART
SUBSCRIBE_HFCLKSTOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task HFCLKSTOP
SUBSCRIBE_LFCLKSTART	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task LFCLKSTART
SUBSCRIBE_LFCLKSTOP	0x08C		Subscribe configuration for task LFCLKSTOP
SUBSCRIBE_CAL	0x090		Subscribe configuration for task CAL
SUBSCRIBE_HFCLKAUDIOSTART	0x098		Subscribe configuration for task HFCLKAUDIOSTART
SUBSCRIBE_HFCLKAUDIOSTOP	0x09C		Subscribe configuration for task HFCLKAUDIOSTOP
SUBSCRIBE_HFCLK192MSTART	0x0A0		Subscribe configuration for task HFCLK192MSTART
SUBSCRIBE_HFCLK192MSTOP	0x0A4		Subscribe configuration for task HFCLK192MSTOP
EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED	0x100		HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M source started
EVENTS_LFCLKSTARTED	0x104		LFCLK source started
EVENTS_DONE	0x11C		Calibration of LFRC oscillator complete event
EVENTS_HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED	0x120		HFCLKAUDIO source started
EVENTS_HFCLK192MSTARTED	0x124		HFCLK192M source started
PUBLISH_HFCLKSTARTED	0x180		Publish configuration for event HFCLKSTARTED
PUBLISH_LFCLKSTARTED	0x184		Publish configuration for event LFCLKSTARTED
PUBLISH_DONE	0x19C		Publish configuration for event DONE
PUBLISH_HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED	0x1A0		Publish configuration for event HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED
PUBLISH_HFCLK192MSTARTED	0x1A4		Publish configuration for event HFCLK192MSTARTED
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
INTPEND	0x30C		Pending interrupts
HFCLKRUN	0x408		Status indicating that HFCLKSTART task has been triggered
HFCLKSTAT	0x40C		Status indicating which HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M source is running
			Note: Value of this register in any CLOCK instance reflects status only due to configurations/actions in that CLOCK instance.
LFCLKRUN	0x414		Status indicating that LFCLKSTART task has been triggered
LFCLKSTAT	0x418		Status indicating which LFCLK source is running
			Note: Value of this register in any CLOCK instance reflects status only due to configurations/actions in that CLOCK instance.
LFCLKSRCCOPY	0x41C		Copy of LFCLKSRC register, set when LFCLKSTART task was triggered

Register	Offset	Security	Description
HFCLKAUDIORUN	0x450		Status indicating that HFCLKAUDIOSTART task has been triggered
HFCLKAUDIOSTAT	0x454		Status indicating which HFCLKAUDIO source is running
HFCLK192MRUN	0x458		Status indicating that HFCLK192MSTART task has been triggered
HFCLK192MSTAT	0x45C		Status indicating which HFCLK192M source is running
HFCLKSRC	0x514		Clock source for HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M
LFCLKSRC	0x518		Clock source for LFCLK
HFCLKCTRL	0x558		HFCLK128M frequency configuration
HFCLKAUDIO.FREQUENCY	0x55C		Audio PLL frequency in 11.176 MHz - 11.402 MHz or 12.165 MHz - 12.411 MHz frequency bands
HFCLKALWAYSRUN	0x570		Automatic or manual control of HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M
LFCLKALWAYSRUN	0x574		Automatic or manual control of LFCLK
HFCLKAUDIOALWAYSRUN	0x57C		Automatic or manual control of HFCLKAUDIO
HFCLK192MSRC	0x580		Clock source for HFCLK192M
HFCLK192MALWAYSRUN	0x584		Automatic or manual control of HFCLK192M
HFCLK192MCTRL	0x5B8		HFCLK192M frequency configuration

Table 26: Register overview

4.9.3.1 TASKS_HFCLKSTART

Address offset: 0x000

Start HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M source as selected in HFCLKSRC

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																														
ID		A																														
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																														
ID	Access	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																										
A	W	TASKS_HFCLKSTART				Start HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M source as selected in HFCLKSRC																										
			Trigger	1		Trigger task																										

4.9.3.2 TASKS_HFCLKSTOP

Address offset: 0x004

Stop HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M source

Bit number					31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID					A																															
Reset 0x00000000					0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_HFCLKSTOP			Stop HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M source																															
			Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

4.9.3.3 TASKS_LFCLKSTART

Address offset: 0x008

Start LFCLK source as selected in LFCLKSRC

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	W	TASKS_LFCLKSTART						Start LFCLK source as selected in LFCLKSRC																																			
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																					

4.9.3.4 TASKS_LFCLKSTOP

Address offset: 0x00C

Stop LFCLK source

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																						A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																			
A	W	TASKS_LFCLKSTOP				Stop LFCLK source																																				
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																				

4.9.3.5 TASKS_CAL

Address offset: 0x010

Start calibration of LFRC oscillator

Do not calibrate if the clock source is LFULP

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID																																						A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	W	TASKS_CAL		Start calibration of LFRC oscillator																																			
				Do not calibrate if the clock source is LFULP																																			
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																																			

4.9.3.6 TASKS_HFCLKAUDIOSTART

Address offset: 0x018

Start HFCLKAUDIO source

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																															
A	W	TASKS_HFCLKAUDIOSTART												Start HFCLKAUDIO source																														
		Trigger				1								Trigger task																														

4.9.3.7 TASKS_HFCLKAUDIOSTOP

Address offset: 0x01C

Stop HFCLKAUDIO source

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_HFCLKAUDIOSTOP						Stop HFCLKAUDIO source																																				
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																						

4.9.3.8 TASKS_HFCLK192MSTART

Address offset: 0x020

Start HFCLK192M source as selected in HFCLK192MSRC

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																															
A	W	TASKS_HFCLK192MSTART								Start HFCLK192M source as selected in HFCLK192MSRC																																		
		Trigger				1				Trigger task																																		

4.9.3.9 TASKS_HFCLK192MSTOP

Address offset: 0x024

Stop HFCLK192M source

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																														
A	W	TASKS_HFCLK192MSTOP												Stop HFCLK192M source																													
				Trigger				1				Trigger task																															

4.9.3.10 SUBSCRIBE_HFCLKSTART

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task HFCLKSTART

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																															
A	RW		CHIDX						[255..0]				Channel that task HFCLKSTART will subscribe to																															
B	RW		EN																																									
					Disabled				0				Disable subscription																															
					Enabled				1				Enable subscription																															

4.9.3.11 SUBSCRIBE_HFCLKSTOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task HFCLKSTOP

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task HFCLKSTOP will subscribe to																																	
B	RW EN																																				
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																	
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																	

4.9.3.12 SUBSCRIBE_LFCLKSTART

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task [LFCLKSTART](#)

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task LFCLKSTART will subscribe to																																						
B	RW EN																																												
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																						
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																						

4.9.3.13 SUBSCRIBE_LFCLKSTOP

Address offset: 0x08C

Subscribe configuration for task [LFCLKSTOP](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task LFCLKSTOP will subscribe to																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																	

4.9.3.14 SUBSCRIBE_CAL

Address offset: 0x090

Subscribe configuration for task [CAL](#)

Do not calibrate if the clock source is LFULP

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID				B																																A A A A A A A A			
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task CAL will subscribe to																																			
B	RW EN																																						
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																			
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																			

4.9.3.15 SUBSCRIBE_HFCLKAUDIOSTART

Address offset: 0x098

Subscribe configuration for task HFCLKAUDIOSTART

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that task HFCLKAUDIOSTART will subscribe to																											
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0				Disable subscription																											
		Enabled	1				Enable subscription																											

4.9.3.16 SUBSCRIBE_HFCLKAUDIOSTOP

Address offset: 0x09C

Subscribe configuration for task HFCLKAUDIOSTOP

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task HFCLKAUDIOSTOP will subscribe to																															
B	RW EN																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																															
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																															

4.9.3.17 SUBSCRIBE_HFCLK192MSTART

Address offset: 0x0A0

Subscribe configuration for task HFCLK192MSTART

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task HFCLK192MSTART will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0		Disable subscription																													
		Enabled	1		Enable subscription																													

4.9.3.18 SUBSCRIBE_HFCLK192MSTOP

Address offset: 0x0A4

Subscribe configuration for task HFCLK192MSTOP

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task HFCLK192MSTOP will subscribe to																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																		

4.9.3.19 EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED

Address offset: 0x100

HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M source started

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED		HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M source started																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

4.9.3.20 EVENTS_LFCLKSTARTED

Address offset: 0x104

LFCLK source started

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_LFCLKSTARTED		LFCLK source started																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

4.9.3.21 EVENTS_DONE

Address offset: 0x11C

Calibration of LFRC oscillator complete event

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_DONE		Calibration of LFRC oscillator complete event																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

4.9.3.22 EVENTS_HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED

Address offset: 0x120

HFCLKAUDIO source started

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED		HFCLKAUDIO source started																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

4.9.3.23 EVENTS_HFCLK192MSTARTED

Address offset: 0x124

HFCLK192M source started

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_HFCLK192MSTARTED		HFCLK192M source started																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

4.9.3.24 PUBLISH_HFCLKSTARTED

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event [HFCLKSTARTED](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A											
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event HFCLKSTARTED will publish to.																																	
B	RW EN																																						
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																	
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																	

4.9.3.25 PUBLISH_LFCLKSTARTED

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event [LFCLKSTARTED](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A											
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field			Value ID	Value			Description																															
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]			Channel that event LFCLKSTARTED will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																						
				Disabled	0			Disable publishing																															
				Enabled	1			Enable publishing																															

4.9.3.26 PUBLISH_DONE

Address offset: 0x19C

Publish configuration for event **DONE**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event DONE will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

4.9.3.27 PUBLISH_HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED

Address offset: 0x1A0

Publish configuration for event **HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED**

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED will publish to.																															
B	RW EN																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																															
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																															

4.9.3.28 PUBLISH_HFCLK192MSTARTED

Address offset: 0x1A4

Publish configuration for event **HFCLK192MSTARTED**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value																Description															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]																Channel that event HFCLK192MSTARTED will publish to.															
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0																Disable publishing															
		Enabled	1																Enable publishing															

4.9.3.29 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																												E D C				B A			
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW HFCLKSTARTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event HFCLKSTARTED																															
		Disabled	0	Disable																															
		Enabled	1	Enable																															

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																													E D C			B A		
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
D	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
B	RW LFCLKSTARTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event LFCLKSTARTED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
C	RW DONE			Enable or disable interrupt for event DONE																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
D	RW HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
E	RW HFCLK192MSTARTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event HFCLK192MSTARTED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														

4.9.3.30 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																													E D C			B A		
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW HFCLKSTARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event HFCLKSTARTED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW LFCLKSTARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event LFCLKSTARTED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW DONE			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event DONE																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
D	RW HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
E	RW HFCLK192MSTARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event HFCLK192MSTARTED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

4.9.3.31 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Address offset: 0x30C

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			E D C																												B A			
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A	R	HFCLKSTARTED				Read pending status of interrupt for event HFCLKSTARTED																												
			NotPending	0	Read: Not pending																													
			Pending	1	Read: Pending																													
B	R	LFCLKSTARTED				Read pending status of interrupt for event LFCLKSTARTED																												
			NotPending	0	Read: Not pending																													
			Pending	1	Read: Pending																													
C	R	DONE				Read pending status of interrupt for event DONE																												
			NotPending	0	Read: Not pending																													
			Pending	1	Read: Pending																													
D	R	HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED				Read pending status of interrupt for event HFCLKAUDIOSTARTED																												
			NotPending	0	Read: Not pending																													
			Pending	1	Read: Pending																													
E	R	HFCLK192MSTARTED				Read pending status of interrupt for event HFCLK192MSTARTED																												
			NotPending	0	Read: Not pending																													
			Pending	1	Read: Pending																													

4.9.3.33 HFCLKRUN

Address offset: 0x408

Status indicating that HFCLKSTART task has been triggered

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	R	STATUS			HFCLKSTART task triggered or not																															
			NotTriggered	0	Task not triggered																															
			Triggered	1	Task triggered																															

4.9.3.34 HFCLKSTAT

Address offset: 0x40C

Status indicating which HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M source is running

Note: Value of this register in any CLOCK instance reflects status only due to configurations/actions in that CLOCK instance.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C																B								A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	SRC			Active clock source																													
			HFINT	0	Clock source: HFINT - 128 MHz on-chip oscillator																													
			HFXO	1	Clock source: HFXO - 128 MHz clock derived from external 32 MHz crystal oscillator																													
B	R	ALWAYSRUNNING			ALWAYSRUN activated																													
			NotRunning	0	Automatic clock control enabled																													
			Running	1	Oscillator is always running																													
C	R	STATE			HFCLK state																													
			NotRunning	0	HFCLK not running																													
			Running	1	HFCLK running																													

4.9.3.35 LFCLKRUN

Address offset: 0x414

Status indicating that LFCLKSTART task has been triggered

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	STATUS			LFCLKSTART task triggered or not																														
			NotTriggered	0	Task not triggered																														
			Triggered	1	Task triggered																														

4.9.3.36 LFCLKSTAT

Address offset: 0x418

Status indicating which LFCLK source is running

Note: Value of this register in any CLOCK instance reflects status only due to configurations/actions in that CLOCK instance.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID				C																												B				A		A	
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	R	SRC			Active clock source																																		
			LFULP	0	32.768 kHz ultra-low power RC oscillator																																		
			LFRC	1	32.768 kHz RC oscillator																																		
			LFXO	2	32.768 kHz crystal oscillator																																		
			LFSYNT	3	32.768 kHz synthesized from HFCLK																																		
B	R	ALWAYSRUNNING			ALWAYSRUN activated																																		
			NotRunning	0	Automatic clock control enabled																																		
			Running	1	Oscillator is always running																																		
C	R	STATE			LFCLK state																																		
			NotRunning	0	LFCLK not running																																		
			Running	1	LFCLK running																																		

4.9.3.37 LFCLKSRCCOPY

Address offset: 0x41C

Copy of LFCLKSRC register, set when LFCLKSTART task was triggered

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID																																				A	A
Reset 0x00000001		0 1																																			
ID	Access	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	R	SRC			Clock source																																
			LFULP	0	32.768 kHz ultra-low power RC oscillator																																
			LFRC	1	32.768 kHz RC oscillator																																
			LFXO	2	32.768 kHz crystal oscillator																																
			LFSYNT	3	32.768 kHz synthesized from HFCLK																																

4.9.3.38 HFCLKAUDIORUN

Address offset: 0x450

Status indicating that HFCLKAUDIOSTART task has been triggered

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	R	STATUS			HFCLKAUDIOSTART task triggered or not																															
			NotTriggered	0	Task not triggered																															
			Triggered	1	Task triggered																															

4.9.3.39 HFCLKAUDIOSTAT

Address offset: 0x454

4.9.3.40 HFCLK192MRUN

Address offset: 0x458

Status indicating that HFCLK192MSTART task has been triggered

4.9.3.41 HFCLK192MSTAT

Address offset: 0x45C

Status indicating which HFCLK192M source is running

4.9.3.42 HFCLKSRC

Address offset: 0x514

Clock source for HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000001				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW SRC			Select which HFCLK source is started by the HFCLKSTART task																																			
		HFINT	0	HFCLKSTART task starts HFINT oscillator																																			
		HFXO	1	HFCLKSTART task starts HFXO oscillator																																			

4.9.3.43 LFCLKSRC

Address offset: 0x518

Clock source for LFCLK

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																						A	A
Reset 0x00000001				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	SRC				Select which LFCLK source is started by the LFCLKSTART task																																	
			LFULP		0	32.768 kHz ultra-low power RC oscillator																																	
			LFRC		1	32.768 kHz RC oscillator																																	
			LFXO		2	32.768 kHz crystal oscillator																																	
			LFSYNT		3	32.768 kHz synthesized from HFCLK																																	

4.9.3.44 HFCLKCTRL

Address offset: 0x558

HFCLK128M frequency configuration

Not present in the CLOCK instance of the network core

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000001										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW HCLK						High frequency clock HCLK																																				
			Div1		0		Divide HFCLK by 1																																				
			Div2		1		Divide HFCLK by 2																																				

4.9.3.45 HFCLKAUDIO.FREQUENCY

Address offset: 0x55C

Audio PLL frequency in 11.176 MHz - 11.402 MHz or 12.165 MHz - 12.411 MHz frequency bands

Not present in the CLOCK instance of the network core

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00009BAE			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value																Description															
A	RW	FREQUENCY																	Frequency															
																			0: 10.666 MHz															
																			65535: 13.333 MHz															

4.9.3.46 HFCLKALWAYSRUN

Address offset: 0x570

Automatic or manual control of HFCLK128M/HFCLK64M

The AlwaysRun setting will ensure the clock source is always running, independent of the automatic clock request system.

This setting is activated by triggering the HFCLKSTART task.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	R	ALWAYSRUN		Ensure clock is always running																															
		Automatic	0	Use automatic clock control																															
		AlwaysRun	1	Ensure clock is always running																															

4.9.3.47 LFCLKALWAYSRUN

Address offset: 0x574

Automatic or manual control of LFCLK

The AlwaysRun setting will ensure the clock source is always running, independent of the automatic clock request system.

This setting is activated by triggering the LFCLKSTART task.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID				A																																				
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	R	ALWAYSRUN				Ensure clock is always running																																		
				Automatic	0	Use automatic clock control																																		
				AlwaysRun	1	Ensure clock is always running																																		

4.9.3.48 HFCLKAUDIOALWAYSRUN

Address offset: 0x57C

Automatic or manual control of HFCLKAUDIO

The AlwaysRun setting will ensure the clock source is always running, independent of the automatic clock request system.

This setting is activated by triggering the HFCLKAUDIOSTART task.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	R	ALWAYSRUN					Ensure clock is always running																																					
			Automatic	0	Use automatic clock control																																							
			AlwaysRun	1	Ensure clock is always running																																							

4.9.3.49 HFCLK192MSRC

Address offset: 0x580

Clock source for HFCLK192M

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000001			0 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	SRC		Select which HFCLK192M source is started by the HFCLK192MSTART task																														
		HFINT	0	HFCLK192MSTART task starts HFINT oscillator																														
		HFXO	1	HFCLK192MSTART task starts HFXO oscillator																														

4.9.3.50 HFCLK192MALWAYSRUN

Address offset: 0x584

Automatic or manual control of HFCLK192M

The AlwaysRun setting will ensure the clock source is always running, independent of the automatic clock request system.

This setting is activated by triggering the HFCLK192MSTART task.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				A		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	R	ALWAYSRUN				Ensure clock is always running																																
		Automatic		0		Use automatic clock control																																
		AlwaysRun		1		Ensure clock is always running																																

4.9.3.51 HFCLK192MCTRL

Address offset: 0x5B8

HFCLK192M frequency configuration

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID			A																																			A	
Reset 0x00000002			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	RW	HCLK192M		High frequency clock HCLK192M																																			
		Div1	0	Divide HFCLK192M by 1																																			
		Div2	1	Divide HFCLK192M by 2																																			
		Div4	2	Divide HFCLK192M by 4																																			

4.9.4 Electrical specification

4.9.4.1 128 MHz clock source (HFCLK128M)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$f_{\text{NOM_HFCLK128M}}$	Nominal output frequency		128		MHz
$f_{\text{TOL_HFINT128M}}$	Frequency tolerance when running from internal oscillator	..	..	..	%
$f_{\text{TOL_HFXO128M}}$	Frequency tolerance when running from crystal oscillator	..	..	..	%

4.9.4.2 64 MHz clock source (HFCLK64M)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$f_{\text{NOM_HFCLK64M}}$	Nominal output frequency		64		MHz
$f_{\text{TOL_HFINT64M}}$	Frequency tolerance when running from internal oscillator	..	..	..	%
$f_{\text{TOL_HFXO64M}}$	Frequency tolerance when running from crystal oscillator	..	..	..	%

4.9.4.3 192 MHz clock source (HFCLK192M)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$f_{\text{NOM_HFCLK192M}}$	Nominal output frequency		192		MHz
$f_{\text{TOL_HFINT192M}}$	Frequency tolerance when running from internal oscillator	..	..	..	%
$f_{\text{TOL_HFXO192M}}$	Frequency tolerance when running from crystal oscillator	..	..	..	%

4.9.4.4 Audio clock source (HFCLKAUDIO)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$f_{\text{NOM_HFCLKAUDIO}}$	Nominal output frequency		11.289 or 12.288		MHz
$f_{\text{TOL_HFXOAUDIO}}$	Frequency tolerance when running from crystal oscillator	..	..	..	%

4.9.4.5 32 MHz crystal oscillator (HFXO)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$f_{\text{XTAL_HFXO}}$	External crystal frequency	..	..	..	MHz
$f_{\text{TOL_HFXO}}$	Frequency tolerance requirement for 2.4 GHz proprietary radio applications	..	..	..	ppm
$f_{\text{TOL_HFXO_BLE}}$	Frequency tolerance requirement, Bluetooth low energy applications, packet length <= 200 bytes	..	..	..	ppm
$f_{\text{TOL_HFXO_BLE_LP}}$	Frequency tolerance requirement, Bluetooth low energy applications, packet length > 200 bytes	..	..	..	ppm
$C_{\text{L_HFXO}}$	Load capacitance	..	..	..	pF
$C_{\text{0_HFXO}}$	Shunt capacitance	..	..	..	pF
$R_{\text{S_HFXO_7PF}}$	Equivalent series resistance 3 pF < C0 <= 7 pF	..	..	..	Ω
$R_{\text{S_HFXO_3PF}}$	Equivalent series resistance C0 <= 3 pF	..	..	..	Ω
$P_{\text{D_HFXO}}$	Drive level	..	..	..	μW
$C_{\text{PIN_HFXO}}$	Input capacitance XC1 and XC2	..	..	..	pF
$I_{\text{STBY_X32M}}$	Core standby current for various crystals	..	..	..

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{STBY_X32M_X0}	Epson TSX-3225	..	..	..	μA
I _{STBY_X32M_X1}	Epson FA-20H	..	..	..	μA
I _{STBY_X32M_X2}	Epson FA-128	..	..	..	μA
I _{STBY_X32M_X3}	NDK NX1612AA	..	..	..	μA
I _{STBY_X32M_X4}	NDK NX1210AB	..	..	..	μA
I _{START_X32M}	Average startup current for various crystals, first 1 ms	..	..	..
I _{START_X32M_X0}	Epson TSX-3225	..	..	..	μA
I _{START_X32M_X1}	Epson FA-20H	..	..	..	μA
I _{START_X32M_X2}	Epson FA-128	..	..	..	μA
I _{START_X32M_X3}	NDK NX1612AA	..	..	..	μA
I _{START_X32M_X4}	NDK NX1210AB	..	..	..	μA
t _{POWER_X32M}	Power-up time for various crystals	..	..	..
t _{POWER_X32M_X0}	Epson TSX-3225	..	..	..	μs
t _{POWER_X32M_X1}	Epson FA-20H	..	..	..	μs
t _{POWER_X32M_X2}	Epson FA-128	..	..	..	μs
t _{POWER_X32M_X3}	NDK NX1612AA	..	..	..	μs
t _{POWER_X32M_X4}	NDK NX1210AB	..	..	..	μs

4.9.4.6 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator (LFXO)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
f _{NOM_LFXO}	Crystal frequency		32.768		kHz
f _{TOL_LFXO_BLE}	Frequency tolerance requirement for BLE stack	..	..	..	ppm
f _{TOL_LFXO_ANT}	Frequency tolerance requirement for ANT stack	..	..	..	ppm
C _{L_LFXO}	Load capacitance	..	..	..	pF
C _{0_LFXO}	Shunt capacitance	..	..	..	pF
R _{S_LFXO}	Equivalent series resistance	..	..	..	kΩ
P _{D_LFXO}	Drive level	..	..	..	μW
C _{pin}	Input capacitance on XL1 and XL2 pads	..	..	..	pF
I _{LFXO}	Run current for 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator	..	..	..	μA
t _{START_LFXO}	Startup time for 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator	..	..	..	s

4.9.4.7 32.768 kHz RC oscillator (LFRC)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
f _{NOM_LFRC}	Nominal frequency		32.768		kHz
f _{TOL_LFRC}	Frequency tolerance, uncalibrated	..	..	..	%
f _{TOL_CAL_LFRC}	Frequency tolerance after calibration ⁷	..	..	..	ppm
I _{LFRC}	Run current	..	..	..	μA
t _{START_LFRC}	Startup time	..	..	..	μs

4.9.4.8 32.768 kHz ultra-low power RC oscillator (LFULP)

⁷ Constant temperature within ±0.5 °C, calibration performed at least every 8 seconds, averaging interval > 7.5 ms, defined as 3 sigma

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$f_{\text{NOM_LFULP}}$	Nominal frequency		32.768		kHz
$f_{\text{TOL_LFULP}}$	Frequency tolerance	..	..	..	%
I_{LFULP}	Run current	..	..	..	μA
$t_{\text{START_LFULP}}$	Startup time	..	..	..	μs

4.9.4.9 Synthesized 32.768 kHz clock (LFSYNT)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$f_{\text{NOM_LFSYNT}}$	Nominal frequency		32.768		kHz

4.10 OSCILLATORS — Oscillator control

The system oscillators are shared between the cores in the system and automatically controlled by the clock control system, see [CLOCK — Clock control](#) on page 61.

The system has the following crystal oscillators:

- High-frequency 32 MHz crystal oscillator (HFXO)
- Low-frequency 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator (LFXO)

The crystal oscillators can be configured to use either built-in or external capacitors.

4.10.1 High-frequency (32 MHz) crystal oscillator (HFXO)

The high-frequency crystal oscillator (HFXO) is controlled by a 32 MHz external crystal.

The crystal oscillator is designed for use with an AT-cut quartz crystal in parallel resonant mode, connected between pins XC1 and XC2. To achieve correct oscillation frequency, the load capacitance must match the specification in the crystal data sheet. The following figure shows how the 32 MHz crystal is connected to the high frequency crystal oscillator.

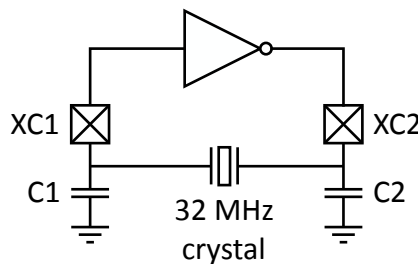


Figure 17: Circuit diagram of the high-frequency crystal oscillator

The load capacitance (CL) is the total capacitance seen by the crystal across its terminals and is calculated by the following equation.

$$CL = \frac{(C1' \cdot C2')}{(C1' + C2')}$$

$$C1' = C1 + C_{pcb1} + C_{pin}$$

$$C2' = C2 + C_{pcb2} + C_{pin}$$

Figure 18: Load capacitance equation

C1 and C2 are ceramic SMD capacitors connected between each crystal terminal and ground. For more information, see [Reference circuitry](#) on page 768. C_{pcb1} and C_{pcb2} are stray capacitances on the PCB. C_{pin} is the pin input capacitance on pins XC1 and XC2. See [table 32 MHz crystal oscillator \(HFXO\)](#) on page 86. The load capacitors C1 and C2 should have the same value.

For reliable operation, the crystal load capacitance, shunt capacitance, equivalent series resistance, and drive level must comply with the specifications in [table 32 MHz crystal oscillator \(HFXO\)](#) on page 86. It is recommended to use a crystal with lower than maximum load capacitance and/or shunt capacitance. A low load capacitance will reduce both startup time and current consumption.

4.10.1.1 Using internal capacitors

Optional internal capacitors ranging from 7.0 pF to 20.0 pF in 0.5 pF steps, are provided on pins XC1 and XC2.

To use these capacitors, in the following equation replace CAPACITANCE with the desired value to find the correct `XOSC32MCAPS.CAPVALUE` field. Then, set `XOSC32MCAPS.ENABLE` to Enabled.

$$CAPVALUE = (1 + FICR \rightarrow XOSC32MTRIM.SLOPE / 16) * (CAPACITANCE * 2 - 14) + FICR \rightarrow XOSC32MTRIM.OFFSET$$

4.10.2 Low-frequency (32.768 kHz) crystal oscillator (LFXO)

For higher LFCLK accuracy (when greater than ± 250 ppm accuracy is required), the 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator (LFXO) must be used.

To use the LFXO, a 32.768 kHz crystal must be connected between the XL1 and XL2 pins. To achieve correct oscillation frequency, the load capacitance must match the specification in the crystal data sheet.

The LFXO circuitry is illustrated in the following diagram.

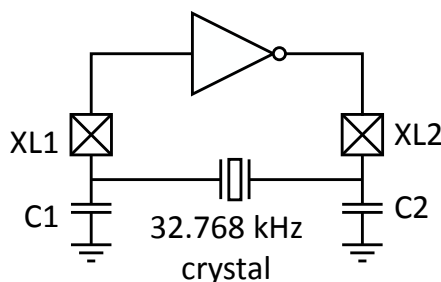


Figure 19: Circuit diagram of the low-frequency crystal oscillator

The load capacitance (CL) is the total capacitance seen by the crystal across its terminals. It is calculated by the following equation.

$$CL = \frac{(C1' \cdot C2')}{(C1' + C2')}$$

$$C1' = C1 + C_{pcb1} + C_{pin}$$

$$C2' = C2 + C_{pcb2} + C_{pin}$$

Figure 20: Load capacitance equation

C1 and C2 are ceramic SMD capacitors connected between each crystal terminal and ground. C_{pcb1} and C_{pcb2} are stray capacitances on the PCB. C_{pin} is the pin input capacitance on the XL1 and XL2 pins (see [32.768 kHz crystal oscillator \(LFXO\)](#) on page 87). The load capacitors C1 and C2 should have the same value.

For more information, see [Reference circuitry](#) on page 768.

4.10.2.1 Using internal capacitors

Optional internal capacitors of 6 pF, 7 pF, and 11 pF are provided on pins XL1 and XL2.

To use these capacitors, select the capacitance in register [XOSC32KI.INTCAP](#).

4.10.3 Low-frequency (32.768 kHz) external source

The 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator (LFXO) is designed to work with external sources.

The following external sources are supported:

- A low swing clock. The signal should be applied to the XL1 pin with the XL2 pin grounded. Set [OSCILLATORS.XOSC32KI.BYPASS](#)=Disabled.
- A rail-to-rail clock. The signal should be applied to the XL1 pin with the XL2 pin left unconnected. Set [OSCILLATORS.XOSC32KI.BYPASS](#)=Enabled.

In order to use an external source, configure [LFCLKSRC.SRC](#)=LFXO.

4.10.4 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50004000	APPLICATION	OSCILLATORS	OSCILLATORS :	US	NA	Oscillator configuration	
			S				
0x40004000			OSCILLATORS :				
			NS				

Table 27: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description	Configuration
XOSC32MCAPS	0x5C4		Programmable capacitance of XC1 and XC2	Retained
XOSC32KI.BYPASS	0x6C0		Enable or disable bypass of LFCLK crystal oscillator with external clock source	Retained
XOSC32KI.INTCAP	0x6D0		Control usage of internal load capacitors	Retained

Table 28: Register overview

4.10.4.1 XOSC32MCAPS (Retained)

Address offset: 0x5C4

This register is a retained register

Programmable capacitance of XC1 and XC2

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																	
ID																				B												A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																																	
ID	Access	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	CAPVALUE			Value representing capacitance, calculated using provided equation																														
B	RW	ENABLE			Enable on-chip capacitors on XC1 and XC2																														
			Disabled	0	Capacitor disabled (use external caps)																														
			Enabled	1	Capacitor enabled																														

4.10.4.2 XOSC32KI.BYPASS (Retained)

Address offset: 0x6C0

This register is a retained register

Enable or disable bypass of LFCLK crystal oscillator with external clock source

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Access Field	Value ID	Description
A	RW BYPASS		Enable or disable bypass of LFCLK crystal oscillator with external clock source
		Disabled	0 Disable (use with xtal or low-swing external source)
		Enabled	1 Enable (use with rail-to-rail external source)

4.10.4.3 XOSC32KI.INTCAP (Retained)

Address offset: 0x6D0

This register is a retained register

Control usage of internal load capacitors

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		A A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Access Field	Value ID	Description
A	RW INCAP		Control usage of internal load capacitors
		External	0 Use external load capacitors
		C6PF	1 6 pF internal load capacitance
		C7PF	2 7 pF internal load capacitance
		C11PF	3 11 pF internal load capacitance

5.1 Application core

5.1.1 Application core overview

The application core contains a low-power microcontroller with embedded flash memory and a full featured Arm Cortex-M33 processor.

In addition, the application core includes a rich set of peripherals for serial communication, analog interfaces, and cryptographic acceleration. See the following figure for more information. Arrows with white heads indicate signals that share physical pins with other signals, while arrows with black heads are dedicated to one signal.

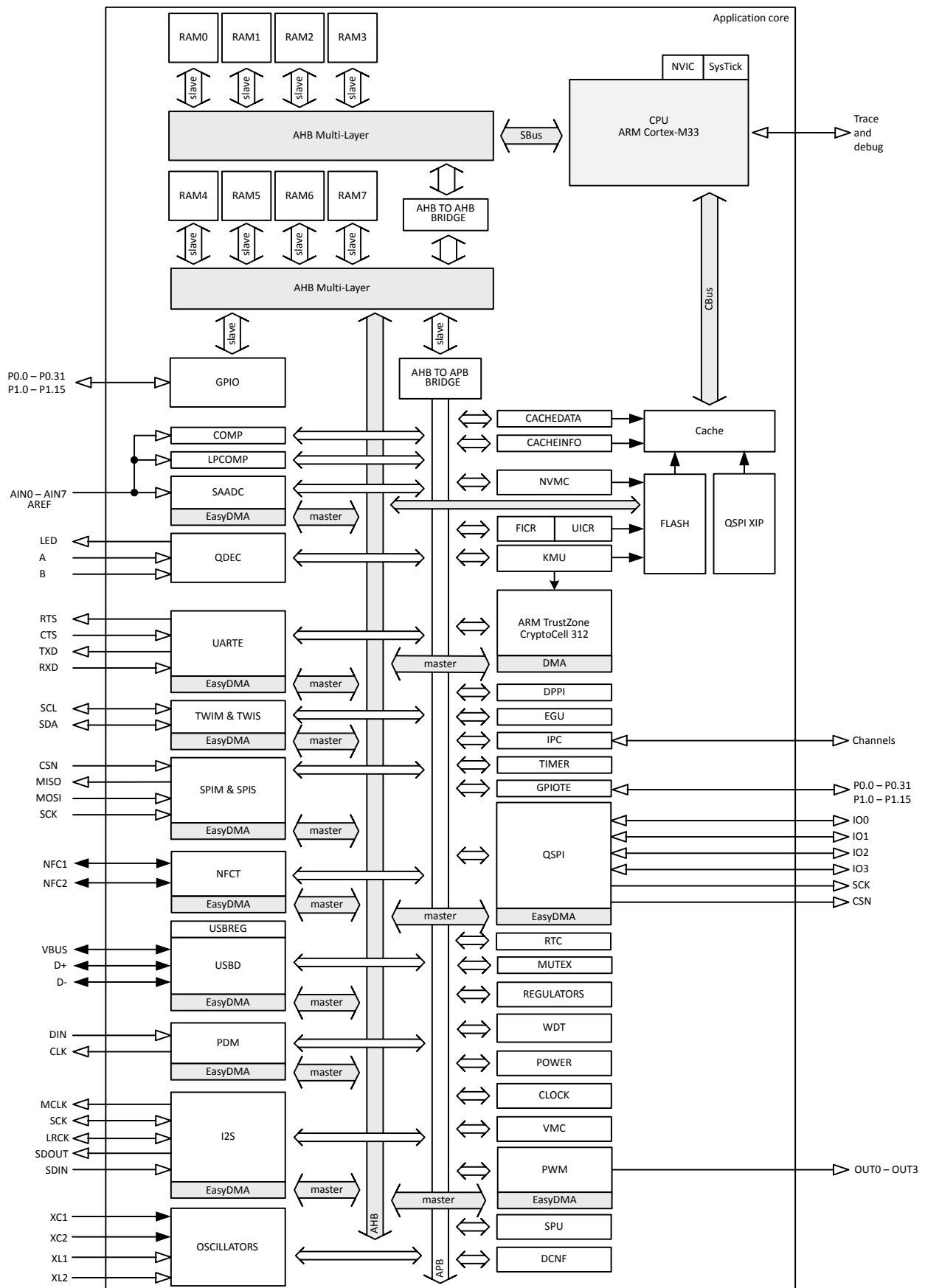


Figure 21: Application core block diagram

5.1.2 CPU

The Arm Cortex-M33 processor has a 32-bit instruction set (Thumb-2 technology) that implements a superset of 16- and 32-bit instructions to maximize code density and performance.

This processor implements several features that enable energy-efficient arithmetic and high-performance signal processing including:

- Digital signal processing (DSP) instructions
- Single-cycle multiply and accumulate (MAC) instructions
- Hardware divide
- 8- and 16-bit single instruction multiple data (SIMD) instructions
- Single-precision floating-point unit (FPU)
- Memory Protection Unit (MPU)
- Arm TrustZone for Armv8-M

The [Arm Cortex Microcontroller Software Interface Standard \(CMSIS\)](#) is implemented and available for the application processor.

Real-time execution is highly deterministic in thread mode, to and from sleep modes, and when handling events at configurable priority levels via the Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC).

Executing code from internal or external flash will have a wait state penalty. The instruction cache can be enabled to minimize flash wait states when fetching instructions. For more information on cache, see [Cache](#) on page 320. CPU performance parameters including wait states for different configurations, CPU current consumption and efficiency, and processing power and efficiency based on the CoreMark benchmark can be found in .

5.1.2.1 Floating point interrupt

The floating point unit (FPU) may generate exceptions, for example, due to overflow or underflow. These exceptions may trigger interrupts when enabled in the FPU peripheral. For more information, see [FPU - Floating point unit \(FPU\) exceptions](#) on page 204.

5.1.2.2 Electrical specification

5.1.2.2.1 CPU performance

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
W _{FLASH}	CPU wait states, running from flash, cache disabled	..	..	..
W _{FLASHCACHE}	CPU wait states, running from flash, cache enabled	..	..	..
W _{RAM}	CPU wait states, running from RAM	..	..	..
CM _{FLASH}	CoreMark ⁸ , running from flash, cache enabled, HFXO128M		510		Core [†]
CM _{FLASH/MHz}	CoreMark per MHz, running from flash, cache enabled, HFXO128M		3.9		CoreMark/ MHz
CM _{FLASH/mA}	CoreMark per mA, running from flash, cache enabled, DCDC 3V, HFXO128M		65		Core [†] mA
CM _{FLASH}	CoreMark ⁹ , running from flash, cache enabled, HFXO64M		255		CoreMark
CM _{FLASH/MHz}	CoreMark per MHz, running from flash, cache enabled, HFXO64M		3.9		Core [†] MHz

⁸ Using ARMCLANG compiler

⁹ Using ARMCLANG compiler

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
CM _{FLASH} /mA	CoreMark per mA, running from flash, cache enabled, DCDC 3V, HFXO64M		76		CoreMark/ mA

5.1.2.3 CPU and support module configuration

The Arm Cortex-M33 processor has a number of CPU options and support modules implemented on the device.

Option/Module	Description	Implemented
Core options		
PRIORITIES	Priority bits	3
WIC	Wakeup Interrupt Controller	NO
Endianness	Memory system endianness	Little endian
DWT	Data Watchpoint and Trace	YES
Modules		
MPU_NS	Number of non-secure MPU regions	8
MPU_S	Number of secure MPU regions	8
SAU	Number of SAU regions	0
See SPU for more information about secure regions.		
FPU	Floating-point unit	YES
DSP	Digital Signal Processing Extension	YES
Arm TrustZone for Armv8-M	ARMv8-M Security Extensions	YES
CPIF	Coprocessor interface	NO
ETM	Embedded Trace Macrocell	YES
ITM	Instrumentation Trace Macrocell	YES
MTB	Micro Trace Buffer	NO
CTI	Cross Trigger Interface	YES
BPU	Breakpoint Unit	YES
HTM	AHB Trace Macrocell	NO

5.1.3 Memory

The application core contains flash memory and RAM that can be used for code and data storage.

The following figure shows how the CPU, network core, and peripherals with EasyDMA can access RAM via the AHB multilayer interconnect. The domain configuration (DCNF) registers can block access from external DMA masters, see [DCNF — Domain configuration](#) on page 186.

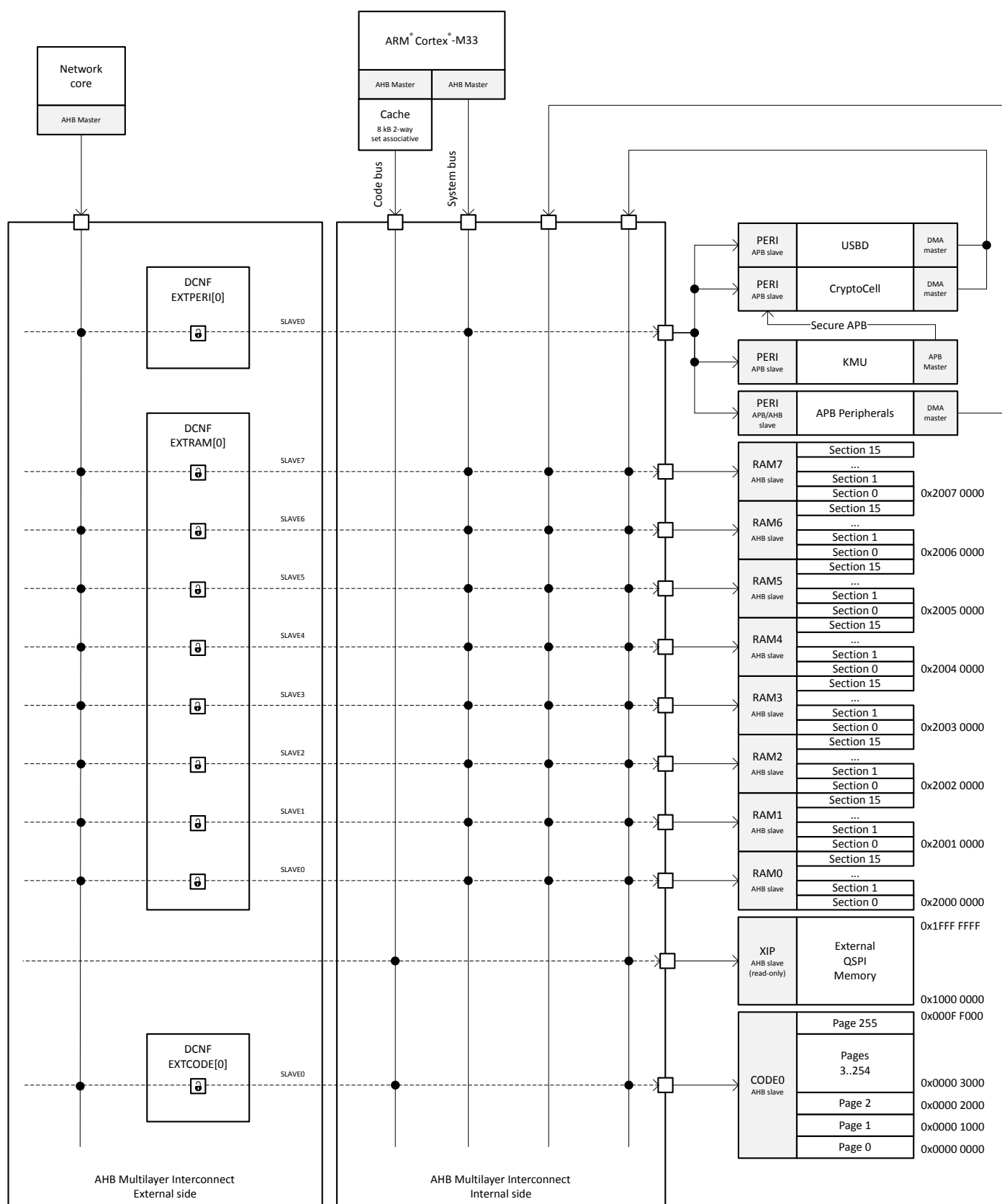


Figure 22: Memory layout

5.1.3.1 Peripheral instantiation

The following table describes the abbreviations used in the Instance, Secure mapping, and DMA security columns of the instantiation table.

Abbreviation	Description
NS	Non-secure - Peripheral is always accessible as a Non-Secure peripheral
S	Secure - Peripheral is always accessible as a Secure peripheral
US	User Selectable - A Secure or Non-secure attribute for the peripheral is defined in the SPU
SPLIT	Both Secure and Non-secure - The same resource is shared by both secure and non-secure code
NA	Not Applicable - Peripheral has no DMA capability
NSA	NoSeparateAttribute - Peripheral with DMA and DMA transfer has the same security attribute as assigned to the peripheral
SA	SeparateAttribute - Peripheral with DMA and DMA transfers can have a different security attribute than the one assigned to the peripheral

Table 29: Instantiation table abbreviations

The Secure mapping column in the following table defines configuration capabilities for the Arm TrustZone for Armv8-M secure attribute. The DMA security column describes the DMA capabilities of the peripheral.

5.1.3.1.1 Instantiation

ID	Base address	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description
0	0x50000000 0x40000000	DCNF	DCNF : S DCNF : NS	US	NA	Domain configuration
0	0x50000000 0x40000000	FPU	FPU : S FPU : NS	US	NA	Floating Point unit interrupt control
1	0x50001000	CACHE	CACHE	S	NA	Cache
3	0x50003000	SPU	SPU	S	NA	System protection unit
4	0x50004000 0x40004000	OSCILLATORS	OSCILLATORS : S OSCILLATORS : NS	US	NA	Oscillator configuration
4	0x50004000 0x40004000	REGULATORS	REGULATORS : S REGULATORS : NS	US	NA	Regulator configuration
5	0x50005000 0x40005000	CLOCK	CLOCK : S CLOCK : NS	US	NA	Clock control
5	0x50005000 0x40005000	POWER	POWER : S POWER : NS	US	NA	Power control
5	0x50005000 0x40005000	RESET	RESET : S RESET : NS	US	NA	Reset control and status
6	0x50006000 0x40006000	CTRLAPPERI	CTRLAP : S CTRLAP : NS	US	NSA	Control access port CPU side
8	0x50008000 0x40008000	SPIM	SPIM0 : S SPIM0 : NS	US	SA	SPI master 0
8	0x50008000 0x40008000	SPIS	SPIS0 : S SPIS0 : NS	US	SA	SPI slave 0
8	0x50008000 0x40008000	TWIM	TWIM0 : S TWIM0 : NS	US	SA	Two-wire interface master 0
8	0x50008000 0x40008000	TWIS	TWIS0 : S TWIS0 : NS	US	SA	Two-wire interface slave 0
8	0x50008000 0x40008000	UARTE	UARTE0 : S UARTE0 : NS	US	SA	Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter with EasyDMA 0

ID	Base address	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description
9	0x50009000 0x40009000	SPIM	SPIM1 : S SPIM1 : NS	US	SA	SPI master 1
9	0x50009000 0x40009000	SPIS	SPIS1 : S SPIS1 : NS	US	SA	SPI slave 1
9	0x50009000 0x40009000	TWIM	TWIM1 : S TWIM1 : NS	US	SA	Two-wire interface master 1
9	0x50009000 0x40009000	TWIS	TWIS1 : S TWIS1 : NS	US	SA	Two-wire interface slave 1
9	0x50009000 0x40009000	UARTE	UARTE1 : S UARTE1 : NS	US	SA	Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter with EasyDMA 1
10	0x5000A000 0x4000A000	SPIM	SPIM2 : S SPIM2 : NS	US	SA	SPI master 2 (high-speed)
13	0x5000D000	GPIOE	GPIOE0	S	NA	GPIO tasks and events
14	0x5000E000 0x4000E000	SAADC	SAADC : S SAADC : NS	US	SA	Successive approximation analog-to-digital converter
15	0x5000F000 0x4000F000	TIMER	TIMER0 : S TIMER0 : NS	US	NA	Timer 0
16	0x50010000 0x40010000	TIMER	TIMER1 : S TIMER1 : NS	US	NA	Timer 1
17	0x50011000 0x40011000	TIMER	TIMER2 : S TIMER2 : NS	US	NA	Timer 2
20	0x50014000 0x40014000	RTC	RTC0 : S RTC0 : NS	US	NA	Real time counter 0
21	0x50015000 0x40015000	RTC	RTC1 : S RTC1 : NS	US	NA	Real time counter 1
23	0x50017000 0x40017000	DPPI	DPPI : S DPPI : NS	SPLIT	NA	DPPI controller
24	0x50018000 0x40018000	WDT	WDT0 : S WDT0 : NS	US	NA	Watchdog timer 0
25	0x50019000 0x40019000	WDT	WDT1 : S WDT1 : NS	US	NA	Watchdog timer 1
26	0x5001A000 0x4001A000	COMP	COMP : S COMP : NS	US	NA	Comparator
26	0x5001A000 0x4001A000	LPCOMP	LPCOMP : S LPCOMP : NS	US	NA	Low-power comparator
27	0x5001B000 0x4001B000	EGU	EGU0 : S EGU0 : NS	US	NA	Event generator unit 0
28	0x5001C000 0x4001C000	EGU	EGU1 : S EGU1 : NS	US	NA	Event generator unit 1
29	0x5001D000 0x4001D000	EGU	EGU2 : S EGU2 : NS	US	NA	Event generator unit 2
30	0x5001E000 0x4001E000	EGU	EGU3 : S EGU3 : NS	US	NA	Event generator unit 3
31	0x5001F000 0x4001F000	EGU	EGU4 : S EGU4 : NS	US	NA	Event generator unit 4
32	0x50020000 0x40020000	EGU	EGU5 : S EGU5 : NS	US	NA	Event generator unit 5
33	0x50021000 0x40021000	PWM	PWM0 : S PWM0 : NS	US	SA	Pulse width modulation unit 0
34	0x50022000 0x40022000	PWM	PWM1 : S PWM1 : NS	US	SA	Pulse width modulation unit 1
35	0x50023000 0x40023000	PWM	PWM2 : S PWM2 : NS	US	SA	Pulse width modulation unit 2

ID	Base address	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description
38	0x50026000 0x40026000	PDM	PDM0 : S PDM0 : NS	US	SA	Pulse density modulation (digital microphone) interface
40	0x50028000 0x40028000	I2S	I2S0 : S I2S0 : NS	US	SA	Inter-IC sound interface
42	0x5002A000 0x4002A000	IPC	IPC : S IPC : NS	US	NA	Interprocessor communication
43	0x5002B000 0x4002B000	QSPI	QSPI : S QSPI : NS	US	SA	External memory (quad serial peripheral) interface
45	0x5002D000 0x4002D000	NFCT	NFCT : S NFCT : NS	US	SA	Near field communication tag
47	0x4002F000	GPIO	GPIO1	NS	NA	GPIO tasks and events
48	0x50030000 0x40030000	MUTEX	MUTEX : S MUTEX : NS	US	NA	Mutual exclusive hardware support
51	0x50033000 0x40033000	QDEC	QDEC : S QDEC : NS	US	NA	Quadrature decoder
54	0x50036000 0x40036000	USB	USB : S USB : NS	US	SA	Universal serial bus device
55	0x50037000 0x40037000	USBREG	USBREGULATOR : S USBREGULATOR : NS	US	NA	USB regulator control
57	0x50039000 0x40039000	KMU	KMU : S KMU : NS	SPLIT	NA	Key management unit
57	0x50039000 0x40039000	NVMC	NVMC : S NVMC : NS	SPLIT	NA	Non-volatile memory controller
66	0x50842500 0x40842500	GPIO	P0 : S P0 : NS	SPLIT	NA	General purpose input and output, port 0
66	0x50842800 0x40842800	GPIO	P1 : S P1 : NS	SPLIT	NA	General purpose input and output, port 1
68	0x50844000	CRYPTOCELL	CRYPTOCELL	S	NSA	CryptoCell subsystem control interface
129	0x50081000 0x40081000	VMC	VMC : S VMC : NS	US	NA	Volatile memory controller
N/A	0x00F00000	CACHEDATA	CACHEDATA	S	NA	Cache data
N/A	0x00F08000	CACHEINFO	CACHEINFO	S	NA	Cache info
N/A	0x00FF0000	FICR	FICR	S	NA	Factory information configuration registers
N/A	0x00FF8000	UICR	UICR	S	NA	User information configuration registers
N/A	0xE0042000	CTI	CTI	S	NA	Cross-trigger interface
N/A	0xE0080000	TAD	TAD	S	NA	Trace and debug control

Table 30: Instantiation table

5.1.4 Core components

5.1.4.1 CACHE — Instruction/data cache

The cache is two-way set associative with a least recently used (LRU) replacement policy. Both instruction and data accesses towards flash memory or XIP code regions are cached.

The cache has the following features:

- 128-bit cache line
- Configurable as a cache or general purpose RAM
- Hit/miss counters per NVM region and access type (instruction or data)

- Readable cache content (for profiling)
 - Data, tag, valid, and most recently used (MRU) bits
 - Can be disabled when not in use
- Manual invalidation and erase support
- Locking cache updates on cache misses

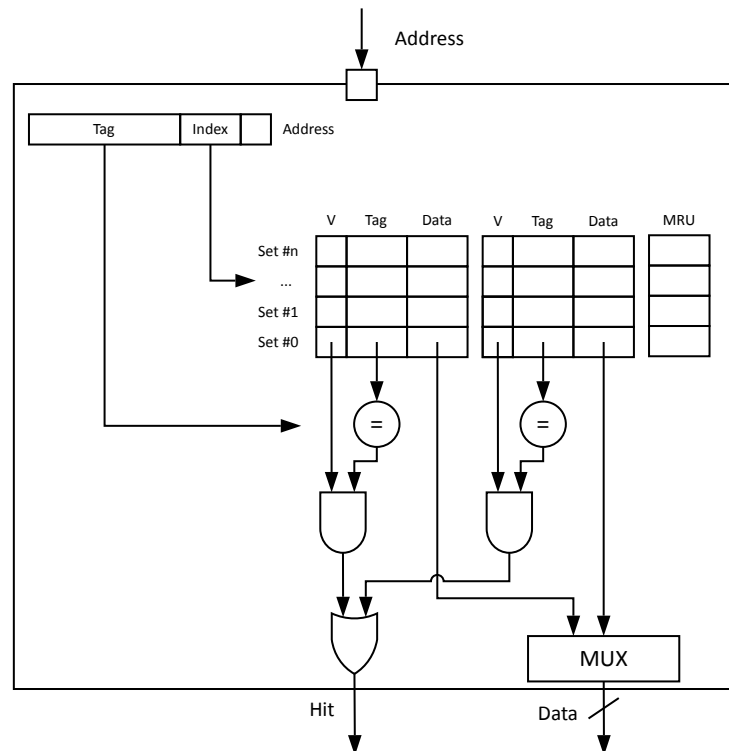


Figure 23: Cache overview

In Cache mode (**MODE**=Cache), instruction and data accesses from the CPU over the code bus towards internal or external flash, are cached. The contents of the cache, i.e. data, tag, valid, and MRU bits, are memory mapped, see [Cache content](#) on page 100. This can be used for performance profiling of code running in the system. Access to the cache content region is read-only by default, but can be blocked by enabling a lock bit in **DEBUGLOCK** on page 105. Preventing cache content updates on cache misses can be enabled through register **DEBUGLOCK** on page 105. When enabled, cache content is not replaced, but kept intact. The cache is still enabled and provides fast instruction and data fetches for cached content.

Access to internal or external flash memory will not be cached when in Ram mode (**MODE**=Ram). Instead, the cache data content, as described in [Cache content](#) on page 100, can be used as read/write RAM.

5.1.4.1.1 Cache content

Cache information is divided into cache info content and cache data content.

Cache info content is organized in memory as show in the following figure.

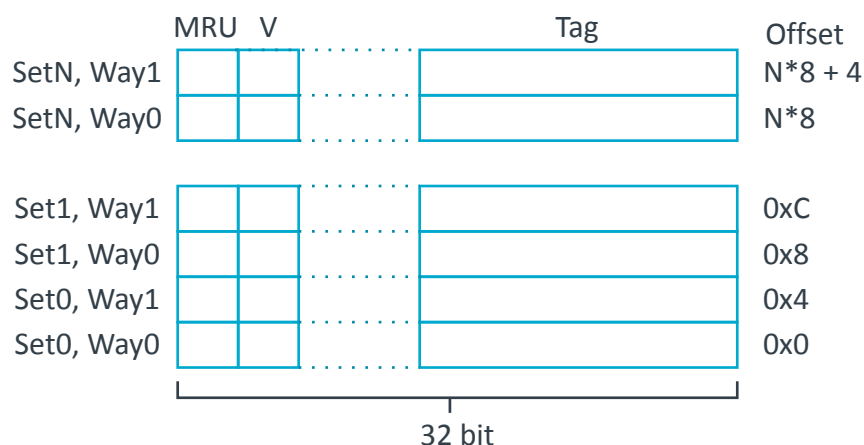


Figure 24: Cache info content

The V field contains the bit that indicates if a cache entry is valid or not. All V fields are cleared when invalidating the cache using register [INVALIDATE](#) on page 104, when disabling the cache using register [ENABLE](#) on page 103, or when changing [MODE](#) from RAM to Cache. The MRU field indicates which way was used most recently in the set. The MRU bit is updated on each fetch from the cache and is used for the cache replacement policy. The Tag field is used to check if an entry in the cache matches the address being fetched.

The following figure shows how the cache data content is organized in memory.

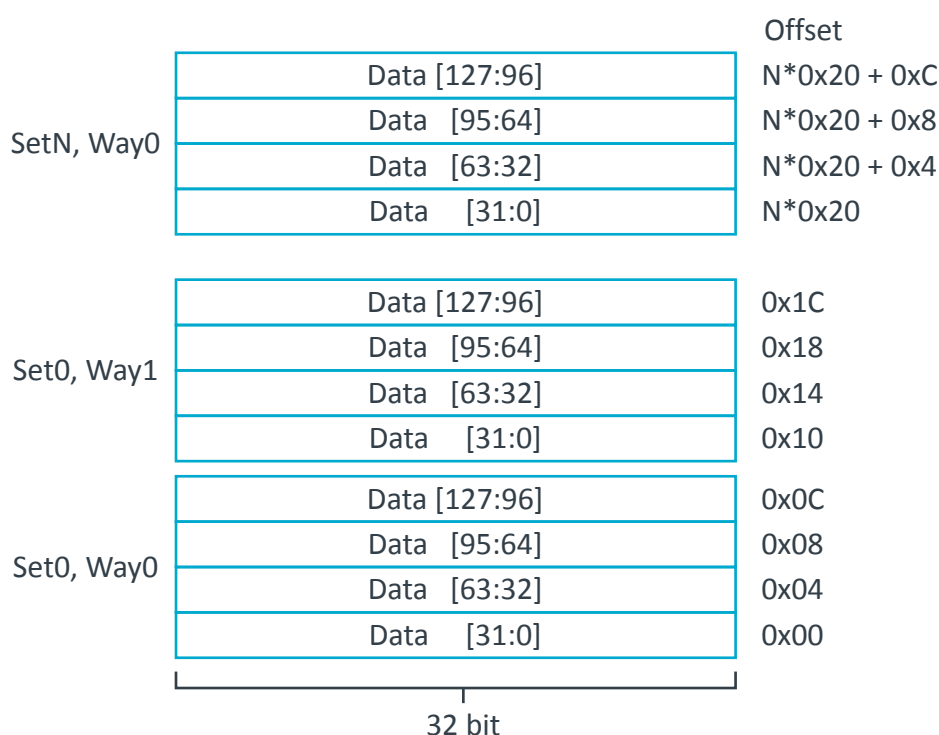


Figure 25: Cache data content

Each set consists of two ways, each containing 128-bits of data. The 128-bit data is available as 4x32-bit words in sequential order. When operating in RAM mode ([MODE](#) = Ram), the data is accessible as general purpose RAM.

The cache info and cache data content are memory mapped in the [CACHEINFO](#) and [CACHEDATA](#) regions. These can be accessed in the [CACHEINFO registers](#) and [CACHEDATA registers](#) respectively.

5.1.4.1.2 Profiling

The cache includes profiling counters **IHIT**, **IMISS**, **DHIT**, and **DMISS** for both flash and execute-in-place (XIP).

Cache performance on executed code is indicated by these counters when enabled through **PROFILINGENABLE** on page 104. The counters can be cleared at any time using **PROFILINGCLEAR** on page 104. Writing to this register will clear all profiling counters. After being cleared, the counters will increment at the next instruction, or data fetch, according to the rules in the following table.

Profiling counter	Description
IHIT	Increased on a cache hit for instruction fetch
IMISS	Increased on a cache miss for instruction fetch
DHIT	Increased on a cache hit for data fetch (i.e. LOAD type instruction targeting the cache region)
DMISS	Increased on a cache miss for data fetch (i.e. LOAD type instruction targeting the cache region)

Table 31: Profiling counters

5.1.4.1.3 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50001000	APPLICATION	CACHE	CACHE	S	NA	Cache	

Table 32: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
PROFILING[n].IHIT	0x400		Instruction fetch cache hit counter for cache region n, where n=0 means Flash and n=1 means XIP.
PROFILING[n].IMISS	0x404		Instruction fetch cache miss counter for cache region n, where n=0 means Flash and n=1 means XIP.
PROFILING[n].DHIT	0x408		Data fetch cache hit counter for cache region n, where n=0 means Flash and n=1 means XIP.
PROFILING[n].DMISS	0x40C		Data fetch cache miss counter for cache region n, where n=0 means Flash and n=1 means XIP.
ENABLE	0x500		Enable cache
INVALIDATE	0x504		Invalidate the cache
ERASE	0x508		Erase the cache
PROFILINGENABLE	0x50C		Enable the profiling counters
PROFILINGCLEAR	0x510		Clear the profiling counters
MODE	0x514		Cache mode. Switching from Cache to RAM mode causes the RAM to be cleared. Switching from RAM to Cache mode causes the cache to be invalidated.
DEBUGLOCK	0x518		Lock debug mode Ignored in RAM mode.
ERASESTATUS	0x51C		Cache erase status
WRITELOCK	0x520		Lock cache updates. Prevents updating of cache content on cache misses, but will continue to lookup instruction/data fetches in content already present in the cache. Ignored in RAM mode.

Table 33: Register overview

5.1.4.1.3.1 PROFILING[n].IHIT (n=0..1)

Address offset: $0x400 + (n \times 0x20)$

Instruction fetch cache hit counter for cache region n, where n=0 means Flash and n=1 means XIP.

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	R	HITS				Number of instruction cache hits																											

5.1.4.1.3.2 PROFILING[n].IMISS (n=0..1)

Address offset: $0x404 + (n \times 0x20)$

Instruction fetch cache miss counter for cache region n, where n=0 means Flash and n=1 means XIP.

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	R	MISSES				Number of instruction cache misses																											

5.1.4.1.3.3 PROFILING[n].DHIT (n=0..1)

Address offset: $0x408 + (n \times 0x20)$

Data fetch cache hit counter for cache region n, where n=0 means Flash and n=1 means XIP.

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	R	HITS				Number of data cache hits																											

5.1.4.1.3.4 PROFILING[n].DMISS (n=0..1)

Address offset: $0x40C + (n \times 0x20)$

Data fetch cache miss counter for cache region n, where n=0 means Flash and n=1 means XIP.

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	R	MISSES				Number of data cache misses																											

5.1.4.1.3.5 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable cache

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	ENABLE				Enable cache																											
				Disabled	0	Disable cache																											
				Enabled	1	Enable cache																											

5.1.4.1.3.6 INVALIDATE

Address offset: 0x504

Invalidate the cache

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	INVALIDATE		Invalidate the cache																															
			Invalidate	1	Invalidate the cache																														

5.1.4.1.3.7 ERASE

Address offset: 0x508

Erase the cache

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	ERASE		Erase the cache																															
		Erase	1	Erase cache																															

5.1.4.1.3.8 PROFILINGENABLE

Address offset: 0x50C

Enable the profiling counters

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	ENABLE		Enable the profiling counters																															
		Disable	0	Disable profiling																															
		Enable	1	Enable profiling																															

5.1.4.1.3.9 PROFILINGCLEAR

Address offset: 0x510

Clear the profiling counters

The profiling counters can be cleared at any time. When cleared, all profiling counters will be set to zero, and will increment at the next instruction- or data fetch.

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	W	CLEAR				Clearing the profiling counters																											
		Clear		1		Clear the profiling counters																											

5.1.4.1.3.10 MODE

Address offset: 0x514

Cache mode.

Switching from Cache to RAM mode causes the RAM to be cleared.

Switching from RAM to Cache mode causes the cache to be invalidated.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																															
A	RW				MODE								Cache mode																															
					Cache				0				Cache mode																															
					Ram				1				RAM mode																															

5.1.4.1.3.11 DEBUGLOCK

Address offset: 0x518

Lock debug mode

Ignored in RAM mode.

Debug mode can only be unlocked by a reset

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW1 DEBUGLOCK						Lock debug mode																																					
			Unlocked		0		Debug mode unlocked																																					
			Locked		1		Debug mode locked																																					

5.1.4.1.3.12 ERASESTATUS

Address offset: 0x51C

Cache erase status

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																		A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value			Description																												
A	RW	ERASESTATUS			Cache erase status																													
		Idle	0	Erase is not complete or hasn't started																														
		Finished	1	Cache erase is finished																														

Note: Write 0 to clear.

5.1.4.1.3.13 WRITELOCK

Address offset: 0x520

Lock cache updates. Prevents updating of cache content on cache misses, but will continue to lookup instruction/data fetches in content already present in the cache.

Ignored in RAM mode.

Bit number										31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																											
ID										A																											
Reset 0x00000000										0 0																											
ID		Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																													
A	RW	WRITELOCK						Lock cache updates																													
				Unlocked		0		Cache updates unlocked																													
				Locked		1		Cache updates locked																													

5.1.4.1.4 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x00F08000	APPLICATION	CACHEINFO	CACHEINFO	S	NA	Cache info	

Table 34: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
SET[n].WAY[o]	0x0		Cache information for SET[n], WAY[o].

Table 35: Register overview

5.1.4.1.4.1 SET[n].WAY[o] (n=0..255) (o=0..1)

Address offset: $0x0 + (n \times 0x8) + (o \times 0x4)$

Cache information for SET[n], WAY[o].

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				C	B														A A																

5.1.4.1.5 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x00F00000	APPLICATION	CACHEDATA	CACHEDATA	S	NA	Cache data	

Table 36: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
SET[n].WAY[o].DATA0	0x0		Cache data bits [31:0] of SET[n], WAY[o].
SET[n].WAY[o].DATA1	0x4		Cache data bits [63:32] of SET[n], WAY[o].
SET[n].WAY[o].DATA2	0x8		Cache data bits [95:64] of SET[n], WAY[o].
SET[n].WAY[o].DATA3	0xC		Cache data bits [127:96] of SET[n], WAY[o].

Table 37: Register overview

5.1.4.1.5.1 SET[n].WAY[o].DATA0 (o=0..1)

Address offset: 0x0 + (o × 0x10)

Cache data bits [31:0] of SET[n], WAY[o].

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value				ID	Value				Description																							
A	RW	Data					ID					Data																							

5.1.4.1.5.2 SET[n].WAY[o].DATA1 (o=0..1)

Address offset: 0x4 + (o × 0x10)

Cache data bits [63:32] of SET[n], WAY[o].

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID		A A																															

5.1.4.1.5.3 SET[n].WAY[o].DATA2 (o=0..1)

Address offset: 0x8 + (o × 0x10)

Cache data bits [95:64] of SET[n], WAY[o].

Bit number	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																										
A	RW	Data				Data																										

5.1.4.1.5.4 SET[n].WAY[o].DATA3 (o=0..1)

Address offset: 0xC + (o × 0x10)

Cache data bits [127:96] of SET[n], WAY[o].

Bit number	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																										
A	RW	Data				Data																										

5.1.4.2 FICR — Factory information configuration registers

Factory information configuration registers (FICR) are pre-programmed in factory and cannot be erased by the user. These registers contain chip-specific information and configuration.

5.1.4.2.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x00FF0000	APPLICATION	FICR	FICR	S	NA	Factory information configuration registers	

Table 38: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
INFO.CONFIGID	0x200		Configuration identifier
INFO.DEVICEID[n]	0x204		Device identifier
INFO.PART	0x20C		Part code
INFO.VARIANT	0x210		Part Variant, Hardware version and Production configuration
INFO.PACKAGE	0x214		Package option
INFO.RAM	0x218		RAM variant
INFO.FLASH	0x21C		Flash variant
INFO.CODEPAGESIZE	0x220		Code memory page size in bytes
INFO.CODESIZE	0x224		Code memory size
INFO.DEVICETYPE	0x228		Device type
TRIMCNF[n].ADDR	0x300		Address of the PAR register which will be written
TRIMCNF[n].DATA	0x304		Data
NFC.TAGHEADER0	0x450		Default header for NFC Tag. Software can read these values to populate NFCID1_3RD_LAST, NFCID1_2ND_LAST and NFCID1_LAST.
NFC.TAGHEADER1	0x454		Default header for NFC Tag. Software can read these values to populate NFCID1_3RD_LAST, NFCID1_2ND_LAST and NFCID1_LAST.
NFC.TAGHEADER2	0x458		Default header for NFC Tag. Software can read these values to populate NFCID1_3RD_LAST, NFCID1_2ND_LAST and NFCID1_LAST.

Register	Offset	Security	Description
NFC.TAGHEADER3	0x45C		Default header for NFC Tag. Software can read these values to populate NFCID1_3RD_LAST, NFCID1_2ND_LAST and NFCID1_LAST.
TRNG90B.BYTES	0xC00		Amount of bytes for the required entropy bits
TRNG90B.RCCUTOFF	0xC04		Repetition counter cutoff
TRNG90B.APCUTOFF	0xC08		Adaptive proportion cutoff
TRNG90B.STARTUP	0xC0C		Amount of bytes for the startup tests
TRNG90B.ROSC1	0xC10		Sample count for ring oscillator 1
TRNG90B.ROSC2	0xC14		Sample count for ring oscillator 2
TRNG90B.ROSC3	0xC18		Sample count for ring oscillator 3
TRNG90B.ROSC4	0xC1C		Sample count for ring oscillator 4
XOSC32MTRIM	0xC20		XOSC32M capacitor selection trim values

Table 39: Register overview

5.1.4.2.1.1 INFO.CONFIGID

Address offset: 0x200

Configuration identifier

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	R	HWID				Identification number for the HW																																

5.1.4.2.1.2 INFO.DEVICEID[n] (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x204 + (n × 0x4)

Device identifier

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A			
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	R	DEVICEID				64 bit unique device identifier																																
						DEVICEID[0] contains the least significant bits of the device identifier. DEVICEID[1] contains the most significant bits of the device identifier.																																

5.1.4.2.1.3 INFO.PART

Address offset: 0x20C

Part code

Bit number	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00005340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																										
A	R	PART				Part code																										
				N5340	0x5340	nRF5340																										
				Unspecified	0xFFFFFFFF	Unspecified																										

5.1.4.2.1.4 INFO.VARIANT

Address offset: 0x210

Part Variant, Hardware version and Production configuration

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	VARIANT		Part Variant, Hardware version and Production configuration, encoded as ASCII																														
		AAAA	0x41414141	AAAA																														
		Unspecified	0xFFFFFFFF	Unspecified																														

5.1.4.2.1.5 INFO.PACKAGE

Address offset: 0x214

Package option

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value																Description															
A	R	PACKAGE																	Package option															
		QF	0x2000																QFxx - 94 pin QFN															
		Unspecified	0xFFFFFFFF																Unspecified															

5.1.4.2.1.6 INFO.RAM

Address offset: 0x218

RAM variant

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	RAM		RAM variant																														
		K16	0x10	16 kByte RAM																														
		K32	0x20	32 kByte RAM																														
		K64	0x40	64 kByte RAM																														
		K128	0x80	128 kByte RAM																														
		K256	0x100	256 kByte RAM																														
		K512	0x200	512 kByte RAM																														
		Unspecified	0xFFFFFFFF	Unspecified																														

5.1.4.2.1.7 INFO.FLASH

Address offset: 0x21C

Flash variant

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	R	FLASH					Flash variant																											
			K128		0x80	128 kByte FLASH																												
			K256		0x100	256 kByte FLASH																												
			K512		0x200	512 kByte FLASH																												
			K1024		0x400	1 MByte FLASH																												
			K2048		0x800	2 MByte FLASH																												
			Unspecified		0xFFFFFFFF	Unspecified																												

5.1.4.2.1.8 INFO.CODEPAGESIZE

Address offset: 0x220

Code memory page size in bytes

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00001000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																																	
A	R	CODEPAGESIZE							Code memory page size in bytes																																		
		K4096		0x1000					4 kByte																																		

5.1.4.2.1.9 INFO.CODESIZE

Address offset: 0x224

Code memory size

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000100										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	R	CODESIZE						Code memory size in number of pages																																				
								Total code space is: CODEPAGESIZE * CODESIZE bytes																																				
				P256		256		256 pages																																				

5.1.4.2.1.10 INFO.DEVICETYPE

Address offset: 0x228

Device type

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	DEVICETYPE						Device type																											
			Die	0x00000000				Device is an physical DIE																											
			FPGA	0xFFFFFFFF				Device is an FPGA																											

5.1.4.2.1.11 TRIMCNF[n].ADDR (n=0..31)

Address offset: $0x300 + (n \times 0x8)$

Address of the PAR register which will be written

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															

5.1.4.2.1.12 TRIMCNF[n].DATA (n=0..31)

Address offset: $0x304 + (n \times 0x8)$

Data

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A				
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value										Description																									
A	R	Data											Data to be written into the PAR register																									

5.1.4.2.1.13 NFC.TAGHEADER0

Address offset: 0x450

Default header for NFC Tag. Software can read these values to populate NFCID1_3RD_LAST, NFCID1_2ND_LAST and NFCID1_LAST.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0xFFFFF5F										1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	R	MFGID						Default Manufacturer ID: Nordic Semiconductor ASA has ICM 0x5F																																				
B	R	UD1						Unique identifier byte 1																																				
C	R	UD2						Unique identifier byte 2																																				
D	R	UD3						Unique identifier byte 3																																				

5.1.4.2.1.14 NFC.TAGHEADER1

Address offset: 0x454

Default header for NFC Tag. Software can read these values to populate NFCID1_3RD_LAST, NFCID1_2ND_LAST and NFCID1_LAST.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			D	D	D	D	D	D	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A				
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value										Description																									
A-D	R	UD[i] (i=4..7)											Unique identifier byte i																									

5.1.4.2.1.15 NFC.TAGHEADER2

Address offset: 0x458

Default header for NFC Tag. Software can read these values to populate NFCID1_3RD_LAST, NFCID1_2ND_LAST and NFCID1_LAST.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			D D D D D D D D C C C C C C C C B B B B B B B A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value								Description																							
A-D	R	UD[i] (i=8..11)									Unique identifier byte i																							

5.1.4.2.1.16 NFC.TAGHEADER3

Address offset: 0x45C

Default header for NFC Tag. Software can read these values to populate NFCID1_3RD_LAST, NFCID1_2ND_LAST and NFCID1_LAST.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A-D	R	UD[i] (i=12..15)					Unique identifier byte i																											

5.1.4.2.1.17 TRNG90B.BYTES

Address offset: 0xC00

Amount of bytes for the required entropy bits

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000210			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID			Value			Description																									
A	R	BYTES			Amount of bytes for the required entropy bits																													

5.1.4.2.1.18 TRNG90B.RCCUTOFF

Address offset: 0xC04

Repetition counter cutoff

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	RCCUTOFF				Repetition counter cutoff																													

5.1.4.2.1.19 TRNG90B.APCUTOFF

Address offset: 0xC08

Adaptive proportion cutoff

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	APCUTOFF						Adaptive proportion cutoff																											

5.1.4.2.1.20 TRNG90B.STARTUP

Address offset: 0xC0C

Amount of bytes for the startup tests

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	STARTUP						Amount of bytes for the startup tests																											

5.1.4.2.1.21 TRNG90B.ROSC1

Address offset: 0xC10

Sample count for ring oscillator 1

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	ROSC1						Sample count for ring oscillator 1																											

5.1.4.2.1.22 TRNG90B.ROSC2

Address offset: 0xC14

Sample count for ring oscillator 2

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1 1																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value								Description																							
A	R	ROSC2										Sample count for ring oscillator 2																							

5.1.4.2.1.23 TRNG90B.ROSC3

Address offset: 0xC18

Sample count for ring oscillator 3

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	ROSC3						Sample count for ring oscillator 3																											

5.1.4.2.1.24 TRNG90B.ROSC4

Address offset: 0xC1C

Sample count for ring oscillator 4

Bit number					31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID					A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF					1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																										
A	R	ROSC4							Sample count for ring oscillator 4																											

5.1.4.2.1.25 XOSC32MTRIM

Address offset: 0xC20

XOSC32M capacitor selection trim values

To enable the optional internal capacitors on XC1 and XC2 pins, see to the "Using internal capacitors" section of the OSCILLATORS chapter.

Bit number					31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																												B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A		
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF					1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																									Description									
A	R	SLOPE			[-16..15]										Slope trim factor on twos complement form																								
															-16: Minimum slope																								
															15: Maximum slope																								
B	R	OFFSET			[31..0]										Offset trim factor on integer form																								
															0: Minimum offset																								
															31: Maximum offset																								

5.1.4.3 UICR — User information configuration registers

The user information configuration registers (UICRs) are non-volatile memory (NVM) registers for configuring user specific settings and storing secure cryptographic keys or OTP values.

The cryptographic key part of the UICR (addresses starting at 0x100 and higher) is handled by the Key Management Unit (KMU), see [KMU — Key management unit](#) on page 258 for more information.

For information on writing registers, see [NVMC — Non-volatile memory controller](#) on page 318 and [Memory](#) on page 18.

5.1.4.3.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x00FF8000	APPLICATION	UICR	UICR	S	NA	User information configuration registers	

Table 40: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
APPROTECT	0x000		Access port protection

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EXTSUPPLY	0x00C		Enable external circuitry to be supplied from VDD pin. Applicable in 'High voltage mode' only.
VREGHVOUT	0x010		GPIO reference voltage / external output supply voltage in 'High voltage mode'.
HFXOCNT	0x014		HFXO startup counter
SECUREAPPROTECT	0x01C		Secure access port protection
ERASEPROTECT	0x020		Erase protection
TINSTANCE	0x024		SW-DP Target instance
NFCPINS	0x028		Setting of pins dedicated to NFC functionality: NFC antenna or GPIO
OTP[n]	0x100		One time programmable memory
KEYSLOT.CONFIG[n].DEST	0x400		Destination address where content of the key value registers (KEYSLOT.KEYn.VALUE[0-3]) will be pushed by KMU. Note that this address must match that of a peripherals APB mapped write-only key registers, else the KMU can push this key value into an address range which the CPU can potentially read.
KEYSLOT.CONFIG[n].PERM	0x404		Define permissions for the key slot. Bits 0-15 and 16-31 can only be written when equal to 0xFFFF.
KEYSLOT.KEY[n].VALUE[o]	0x800		Define bits [31+o*32:0+o*32] of value assigned to KMU key slot.

Table 41: Register overview

5.1.4.3.1.1 APPROTECT

Address offset: 0x000

Access port protection

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	PALL				Blocks debugger read/write access to all CPU registers and memory mapped addresses																																
						Using any value not listed below will yield unexpected results.																																
			Unprotected		0xFFFFFFFF	Unprotected																																
			Protected		0x00000000	Protected																																

5.1.4.3.1.2 EXTSUPPLY

Address offset: 0x00C

Enable external circuitry to be supplied from VDD pin. Applicable in 'High voltage mode' only.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1 1																															
ID	Acce Field		Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	EXTSUPPLY				Enable external circuitry to be supplied from VDD pin (output of VREGH stage).																													
			Disabled	1	No current can be drawn from the VDD pin.																														
			Enabled	0	It is allowed to supply external circuitry from the VDD pin.																														

5.1.4.3.1.3 VREGHVOUT

Address offset: 0x010

Erase protection

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	PALL				Blocks NVMC ERASEALL and CTRLAP ERASEALL functionality.																													
						Using any value not listed below will yield unexpected results.																													
			Unprotected	0xFFFFFFFF		Unprotected																													
			Protected	0x00000000		Protected																													

5.1.4.3.1.7 TINSTANCE

Address offset: 0x024

SW-DP Target instance

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1 1																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value								Description																							
A	RW	TINSTANCE										TINSTANCE bits are negated and used in the SW-DP DLPIDR.TINSTANCE field. E.g. 0xF in this field is translated to 0x0 in DLPIDR.TINSTANCE field.																							

5.1.4.3.1.8 NFCPINS

Address offset: 0x028

Setting of pins dedicated to NFC functionality: NFC antenna or GPIO

When used as NFC antenna pin, the corresponding pin must be controlled by the application core, and the GPIO PIN_CNF register initialized to its reset value.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID			A																																				
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	RW	PROTECT			Setting of pins dedicated to NFC functionality																																		
		Disabled	0		Operation as GPIO pins. Same protection as normal GPIO pins																																		
		NFC	1		Operation as NFC antenna pins. Configures the protection for NFC operation																																		

5.1.4.3.1.9 OTP[n] (n=0..191)

Address offset: 0x100 + (n × 0x4)

One time programmable memory

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW1 LOWER					Lower half word																											
						Note: Can only be written to a non 0xFFFF value once.																											
B	RW1 UPPER					Upper half word																											
						Note: Can only be written to a non 0xFFFF value once.																											

5.1.4.3.1.10 KEYSLOT.CONFIG[n].DEST (n=0..127)

Address offset: $0x400 + (n \times 0x8)$

Destination address where content of the key value registers (KEYSLOT.KEYn.VALUE[0-3]) will be pushed by KMU. Note that this address must match that of a peripherals APB mapped write-only key registers, else the KMU can push this key value into an address range which the CPU can potentially read.

Writing/reading this register requires the KMU SELECTKEYSLOT register to be set to n+1.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW DEST						Secure APB destination address																											

5.1.4.3.1.11 KEYSLOT.CONFIG[n].PERM (n=0..127)

Address offset: $0x404 + (n \times 0x8)$

Define permissions for the key slot. Bits 0-15 and 16-31 can only be written when equal to 0xFFFF.

Writing/reading this register requires the KMU SELECTKEYSLOT register to be set to n+1.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID			D																												C	B	A		
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ID	Acce	Field	Value		ID	Value		Description																											
A	RW	WRITE						Write permission for key slot																											
			Disabled		0	Disable write to the key value registers																													
			Enabled		1	Enable write to the key value registers																													
B	RW	READ						Read permission for key slot																											
			Disabled		0	Disable read from key value registers																													
			Enabled		1	Enable read from key value registers																													
C	RW	PUSH						Push permission for key slot																											
			Disabled		0	Disable pushing of key value registers over secure APB, but can be read if field READ is Enabled																													
			Enabled		1	Enable pushing of key value registers over secure APB. Register KEYSLOT.CONFIGn.DEST must contain a valid destination address!																													

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			D C B A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value		ID	Value		Description																										
D	RW	STATE						Revocation state for the key slot																										
								Note that it is not possible to undo a key revocation by writing the value '1' to this field																										
			Revoked		0			Key value registers can no longer be read or pushed																										
			Active		1			Key value registers are readable (if enabled) and can be pushed (if enabled)																										

5.1.4.3.1.12 KEYSLOT.KEY[n].VALUE[o] (n=0..127) (o=0..3)

Address offset: $0x800 + (n \times 0x10) + (o \times 0x4)$

Define bits $[31+o*32:0+o*32]$ of value assigned to KMU key slot.

Writing/reading this register requires the KMU SELECTKEYSLOT register to be set to n+1.

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	VALUE				Define bits $[31+o*32:0+o*32]$ of value assigned to KMU key slot																											

5.1.4.4 AHB multilayer

AHB multilayer enables parallel access paths between multiple masters and slaves in a system. Access is resolved using priorities.

Each bus master is connected to a slave device through one or more interconnection matrixes. The bus masters are assigned priorities that are used to resolve access when two (or more) bus masters request access to the same slave device. The following applies when assigning priorities:

- If two (or more) bus masters request access to the same slave device, the master with the highest priority is granted access first.
- Bus masters with lower priority are stalled until the higher priority master has completed its transaction.
- If the higher priority master pauses at any point during its transaction, the lower priority master in queue is temporarily granted access to the slave device until the higher priority master resumes its activity.
- Bus masters that have the same priority are mutually exclusive, and cannot be used concurrently.

Some peripherals, like I2S, do not have a safe stalling mechanism (not able to pause incoming data and no internal data buffering). Being a low priority bus master might cause loss of data for such peripherals upon bus contention. To avoid AHB bus contention when using multiple bus masters, apply one of the following guidelines:

- Avoid situations where more than one bus master is accessing the same slave.
- If more than one bus master is accessing the same slave, make sure that the bus bandwidth is not exhausted.

5.1.4.4.1 AHB multilayer priorities

Each master connected to the AHB multilayer is assigned a default natural priority.

Bus master name	Natural relative priority	In/Out	Description
CPU	Highest priority	I/O	
QSPI		I/O	
SERIAL0		I/O	Applies to UARTE0, SPIM0, SPIS0, TWIM0, TWIS0
SERIAL1		I/O	Applies to UARTE1, SPIM1, SPIS1, TWIM1, TWIS1
SPIM2		I/O	
SAADC		I	
PWM		O	Applies to PWM0, PWM1, PWM2
External core	Lowest priority	I/O	Applies to network core

Table 42: AHB bus masters

6.1 Network core

6.1.1 Network core overview

The network core contains a low-power microcontroller with embedded flash memory and an Arm Cortex-M33 processor.

The network core includes peripherals for efficient implementation of radio protocols such as Bluetooth Low Energy, 802.15.4, and proprietary 2.4 GHz. The following figure provides more information. Arrows with white heads indicate signals that share physical pins with other signals.

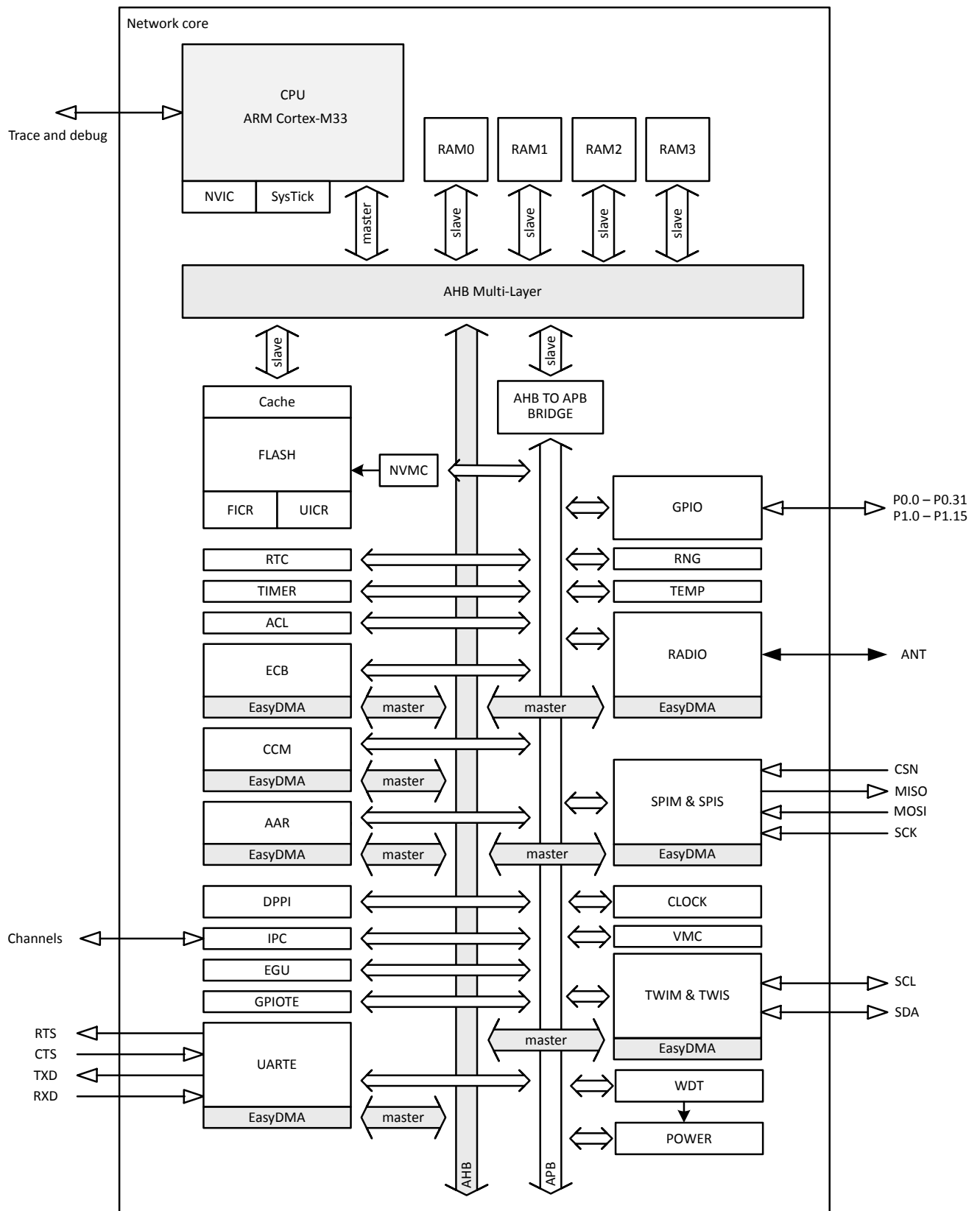


Figure 26: Network core block diagram

6.1.2 CPU

The Arm Cortex-M33 processor has a 32-bit instruction set (Thumb-2 technology) that implements a superset of 16- and 32-bit instructions to maximize code density and performance.

This processor implements several features that enable energy-efficient arithmetic and high-performance signal processing including:

- Hardware divide
- 8- and 16-bit single instruction multiple data (SIMD) instructions
- Memory Protection Unit (MPU)

The [Arm Cortex Microcontroller Software Interface Standard \(CMSIS\)](#) is implemented and available for the application processor.

Real-time execution is highly deterministic in thread mode, to and from sleep modes, and when handling events at configurable priority levels via the Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC).

Executing code from internal or external flash will have a wait state penalty. The instruction cache can be enabled to minimize flash wait states when fetching instructions. For more information on cache, see [NVMC — Non-volatile memory controller](#) on page 318. CPU performance parameters including mode wait states, CPU current and efficiency, and processing power and efficiency based on the CoreMark benchmark can be found in .

6.1.2.1 Electrical specification

6.1.2.1.1 CPU performance

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
W _{FLASH}	CPU wait states, running from flash, cache disabled	..	..	..
W _{FLASHCACHE}	CPU wait states, running from flash, cache enabled	..	..	..
W _{RAM}	CPU wait states, running from RAM	..	..	..
CM _{FLASH}	CoreMark ¹⁰ , running from flash, cache enabled		238		Core [®]
CM _{FLASH/MHz}	CoreMark per MHz, running from flash, cache enabled		3.7		CoreMark/ MHz
CM _{FLASH/mA}	CoreMark per mA, running from flash, cache enabled, DCDC 3V		101		Core [®] mA

6.1.2.2 CPU and support module configuration

The Arm Cortex-M33 processor has a number of CPU options and support modules implemented on the device.

¹⁰ Using ARM compiler

Option/Module	Description	Implemented
Core options		
PRIORITIES	Priority bits	3
WIC	Wakeup Interrupt Controller	NO
Endianness	Memory system endianness	Little endian
DWT	Data Watchpoint and Trace	YES
Modules		
MPU_NS	Number of non-secure MPU regions	8
MPU_S	Number of secure MPU regions	0 (No ARMv8-M Security Extensions)
SAU	Number of SAU regions	0 (No Arm TrustZone for Armv8-M Security Extensions)
FPU	Floating-point unit	NO
DSP	Digital Signal Processing Extension	NO
ARMv8-M TrustZone	Arm TrustZone for Armv8-M Security Extensions	NO
CPIF	Coprocessor interface	NO
ETM	Embedded Trace Macrocell	NO
ITM	Instrumentation Trace Macrocell	NO
MTB	Micro Trace Buffer	NO
CTI	Cross Trigger Interface	YES
BPU	Breakpoint Unit	YES
HTM	AHB Trace Macrocell	NO

6.1.3 Memory

The network core contains flash memory and RAM that can be used for code and data storage.

The following figure shows how the CPU and peripherals with EasyDMA can access RAM via the AHB multilayer interconnect.

The network core can access application core resources (flash, RAM, and peripherals) when granted permission through the application's DCNF and SPU settings. A small portion of the application core RAM is dedicated to the exchange of messages between the application and network cores.

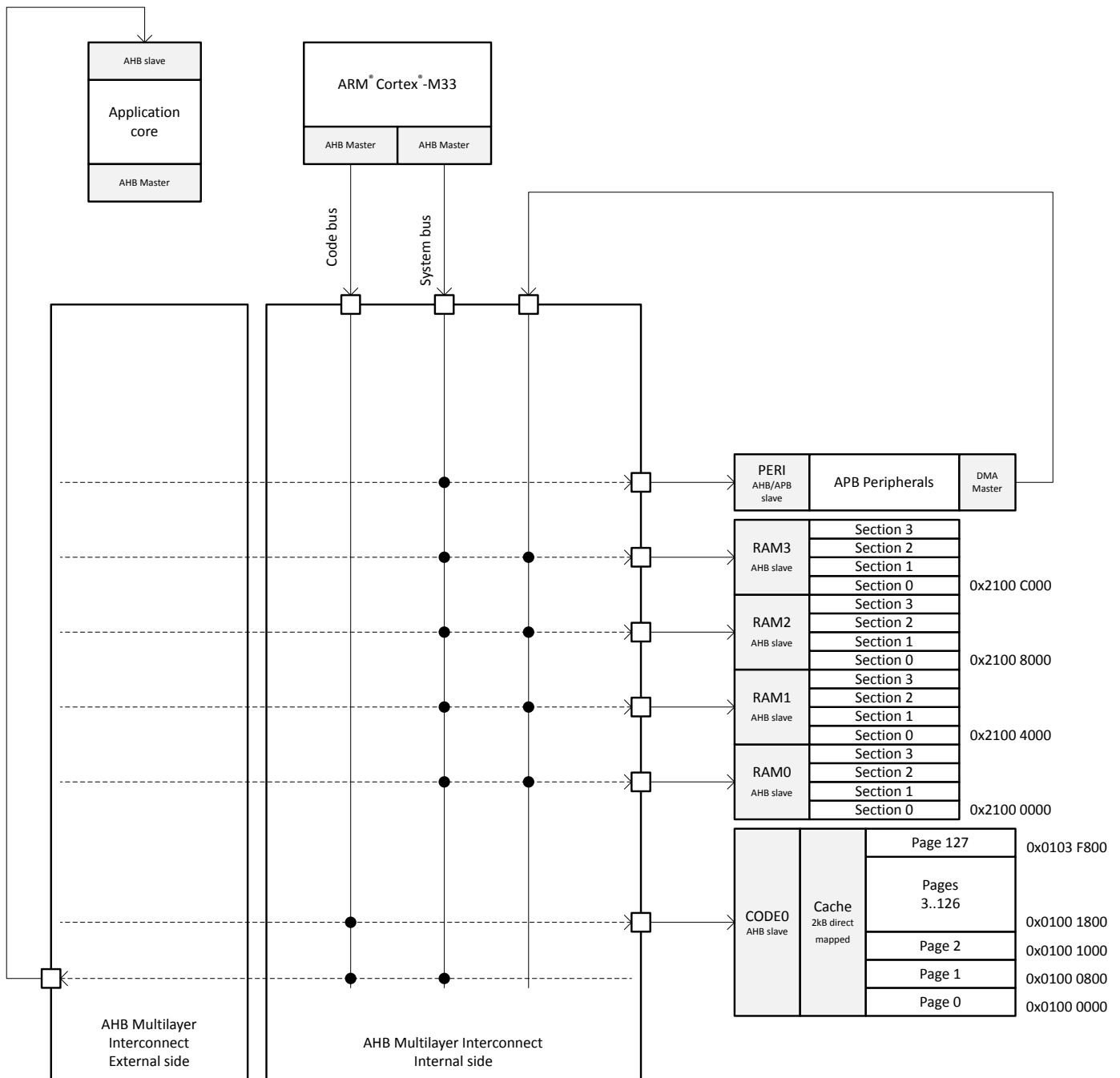


Figure 27: Memory layout

6.1.3.1 Peripheral instantiation

The following table describes the abbreviations used in the Instance, Secure mapping, and DMA security columns of the instantiation table.

Abbreviation	Description
NS	Non-secure - Peripheral is always accessible as a Non-Secure peripheral
S	Secure - Peripheral is always accessible as a Secure peripheral
US	User Selectable - A Secure or Non-secure attribute for the peripheral is defined in the SPU
SPLIT	Both Secure and Non-secure - The same resource is shared by both secure and non-secure code
NA	Not Applicable - Peripheral has no DMA capability
NSA	NoSeparateAttribute - Peripheral with DMA and DMA transfer has the same security attribute as assigned to the peripheral
SA	SeparateAttribute - Peripheral with DMA and DMA transfers can have a different security attribute than the one assigned to the peripheral

Table 43: Instantiation table abbreviations

The Secure mapping column in the following table defines configuration capabilities for the Arm TrustZone for Armv8-M secure attribute. The DMA security column describes the DMA capabilities of the peripheral.

6.1.3.2 Instantiation

ID	Base address	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description
0	0x41000000	DCNF	DCNF	NS	NA	Domain configuration
4	0x41004000	VREQCTRL	VREQCTRL	NS	NA	Voltage request control
5	0x41005000	CLOCK	CLOCK	NS	NA	Clock control
5	0x41005000	POWER	POWER	NS	NA	Power control
5	0x41005000	RESET	RESET	NS	NA	Reset status
6	0x41006000	CTRLAPPERI	CTRLAP	NS	NA	Control access port CPU side
8	0x41008000	RADIO	RADIO	NS	NA	2.4 GHz radio
9	0x41009000	RNG	RNG	NS	NA	Random number generator
10	0x4100A000	GPIO	GPIO	NS	NA	GPIO tasks and events
11	0x4100B000	WDT	WDT	NS	NA	Watchdog timer
12	0x4100C000	TIMER	TIMER0	NS	NA	Timer 0
13	0x4100D000	ECB	ECB	NS	NA	AES ECB mode encryption
14	0x4100E000	AAR	AAR	NS	NA	Accelerated address resolver
14	0x4100E000	CCM	CCM	NS	NA	AES CCM mode encryption
15	0x4100F000	DPPI	DPPI	NS	NA	DPPI controller
16	0x41010000	TEMP	TEMP	NS	NA	Temperature sensor
17	0x41011000	RTC	RTC0	NS	NA	Real-time counter 0
18	0x41012000	IPC	IPC	NS	NA	Interprocessor communication
19	0x41013000	SPIM	SPIM0	NS	NA	SPI master 0
19	0x41013000	SPIS	SPIS0	NS	NA	SPI slave 0
19	0x41013000	TWIM	TWIM0	NS	NA	Two-wire interface master 0
19	0x41013000	TWIS	TWIS0	NS	NA	Two-wire interface slave 0
19	0x41013000	UARTE	UARTE0	NS	NA	Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter
20	0x41014000	EGU	EGU0	NS	NA	Event generator unit 0
22	0x41016000	RTC	RTC1	NS	NA	Real-time counter 1
24	0x41018000	TIMER	TIMER1	NS	NA	Timer 1
25	0x41019000	TIMER	TIMER2	NS	NA	Timer 2
26	0x4101A000	SWI	SWI0	NS	NA	Software interrupt 0
27	0x4101B000	SWI	SWI1	NS	NA	Software interrupt 1

ID	Base address	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description
28	0x4101C000	SWI	SWI2	NS	NA	Software interrupt 2
29	0x4101D000	SWI	SWI3	NS	NA	Software interrupt 3
128	0x41080000	ACL	ACL	NS	NA	Access control lists
128	0x41080000	NVMC	NVMC	NS	NA	Non-Volatile Memory Controller
129	0x41081000	VMC	VMC	NS	NA	Volatile memory controller
192	0x418C0500	GPIO	P0	NS	NA	General purpose input and output
192	0x418C0800	GPIO	P1	NS	NA	General purpose input and output
N/A	0x01FF0000	FICR	FICR	NS	NA	Factory information configuration
N/A	0x01FF8000	UICR	UICR	NS	NA	User information configuration
N/A	0xE0042000	CTI	CTI	NS	NA	Cross-trigger interface

Table 44: Instantiation table

6.1.4 Core components

6.1.4.1 FICR — Factory information configuration registers

Factory information configuration registers (FICR) are pre-programmed in factory and cannot be erased by the user. These registers contain chip-specific information and configuration.

6.1.4.1.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x01FF0000	NETWORK	FICR	FICR	NS	NA	Factory information configuration	

Table 45: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
INFO.CONFIGID	0x200		Configuration identifier
INFO.DEVICEID[n]	0x204		Device identifier
INFO.PART	0x20C		Part code
INFO.VARIANT	0x210		Part Variant, Hardware version and Production configuration
INFO.PACKAGE	0x214		Package option
INFO.RAM	0x218		RAM variant
INFO.FLASH	0x21C		Flash variant
INFO.CODEPAGESIZE	0x220		Code memory page size in bytes
INFO.CODESIZE	0x224		Code memory size
INFO.DEVICETYPE	0x228		Device type
ER[n]	0x280		Encryption Root, word n
IR[n]	0x290		Identity Root, word n
DEVICEADDRTYPE	0x2A0		Device address type
DEVICEADDR[n]	0x2A4		Device address n
TRIMCNF[n].ADDR	0x300		Address
TRIMCNF[n].DATA	0x304		Data

Table 46: Register overview

6.1.4.1.1.1 INFO.CONFIGID

Address offset: 0x200

Configuration identifier

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1 1																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	HWID		Identification number for the HW																															

6.1.4.1.1.2 INFO.DEVICEID[n] (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x204 + (n × 0x4)

Device identifier

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	DEVICEID					64 bit unique device identifier																											
				DEVICEID[0] contains the least significant bits of the device identifier. DEVICEID[1] contains the most significant bits of the device identifier.																														

6.1.4.1.1.3 INFO.PART

Address offset: 0x20C

Part code

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00005340				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																														
A	R	PART		Part code																																
		N5340	0x5340	nRF5340																																
		Unspecified	0xFFFFFFFF	Unspecified																																

6.1.4.1.1.4 INFO.VARIANT

Address offset: 0x210

Part Variant, Hardware version and Production configuration

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	VARIANT					Part Variant, Hardware version and Production configuration, encoded as ASCII																											
		AAAA	0x41414141				AAAA																											
		Unspecified	0xFFFFFFFF				Unspecified																											

6.1.4.1.1.5 INFO.PACKAGE

Address offset: 0x214

Package option

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	PACKAGE					Package option																											
		QF	0x2000				QFxx - 94 pin QFN																											
		Unspecified	0xFFFFFFFF				Unspecified																											

6.1.4.1.1.6 INFO.RAM

Address offset: 0x218

RAM variant

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A	R	RAM				RAM variant																												
			K16		0x10	16 kByte RAM																												
			K32		0x20	32 kByte RAM																												
			K64		0x40	64 kByte RAM																												
			K128		0x80	128 kByte RAM																												
			K256		0x100	256 kByte RAM																												
			K512		0x200	512 kByte RAM																												
			Unspecified		0xFFFFFFFF	Unspecified																												

6.1.4.1.1.7 INFO.FLASH

Address offset: 0x21C

Flash variant

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	R	FLASH			Flash variant																													
		K128	0x80		128 kByte FLASH																													
		K256	0x100		256 kByte FLASH																													
		K512	0x200		512 kByte FLASH																													
		K1024	0x400		1 MByte FLASH																													
		K2048	0x800		2 MByte FLASH																													
		Unspecified	0xFFFFFFFF		Unspecified																													

6.1.4.1.1.8 INFO.CODEPAGESIZE

Address offset: 0x220

Code memory page size in bytes

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000800										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value				Description																																		
A	R	CODEPAGESIZE		K2048		0x800				Code memory page size in bytes																																	
				K2048		0x800				2 kByte																																	

6.1.4.1.1.9 INFO.CODESIZE

Address offset: 0x224

Code memory size

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000080			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	R	CODESIZE				Code memory size in number of pages																												
																								Total code space is: CODEPAGESIZE * CODESIZE bytes										
		P128		128		128 pages																												

6.1.4.1.1.10 INFO.DEVICETYPE

Address offset: 0x228

Device type

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	R	DEVICETYPE				Device type																																
			Die	0x00000000		Device is an physical DIE																																
			FPGA	0xFFFFFFFF		Device is an FPGA																																

6.1.4.1.1.11 ER[n] (n=0..3)

Address offset: 0x280 + (n × 0x4)

Encryption Root, word n

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF										1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	R	ER						Encryption Root, word n																																			

6.1.4.1.1.12 IR[n] (n=0..3)

Address offset: 0x290 + (n × 0x4)

Identity Root, word n

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	IR		Identity Root, word n																															

6.1.4.1.1.13 DEVICEADDRTYPE

Address offset: 0x2A0

Device address type

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				A		
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																																Description	
A	R	DEVICEADDRTYPE																																			Device address type	
			Public		0																																	Public address
			Random		1																																	Random address

6.1.4.1.1.14 DEVICEADDR[n] (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x2A4 + (n × 0x4)

Device address n

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	DEVICEADDR					48 bit device address																											
							DEVICEADDR[0] contains the least significant bits of the device address. DEVICEADDR[1] contains the most significant bits of the device address. Only bits [15:0] of DEVICEADDR[1] are used.																											

6.1.4.1.1.15 TRIMCNF[n].ADDR (n=0..31)

Address offset: 0x300 + (n × 0x8)

Address

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	Address					Address																											

6.1.4.1.1.16 TRIMCNF[n].DATA (n=0..31)

Address offset: 0x304 + (n × 0x8)

Data

Bit number					31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID					A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF					1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value				Description																											
A	R	Data								Data																										

6.1.4.2 UICR — User information configuration registers

The user information configuration registers (UICRs) are non-volatile memory (NVM) registers for configuring user specific settings.

For information on writing registers, see [NVMC — Non-volatile memory controller](#) on page 318 and [Memory](#) on page 125.

6.1.4.2.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x01FF8000	NETWORK	UICR	UICR	NS	NA	User information configuration	

Table 47: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
APPROTECT	0x000		Access port protection
ERASEPROTECT	0x004		Erase protection
NRFFW[n]	0x200		Reserved for Nordic firmware design
CUSTOMER[n]	0x300		Reserved for customer

Table 48: Register overview

6.1.4.2.1.1 APPROTECT

Address offset: 0x000

Access port protection

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	PALL				Blocks debugger read/write access to all CPU registers and memory mapped addresses																																
						Any value except for the enumerations will yield unexpected results.																																
			Unprotected		0xFFFFFFFF	Unprotected																																
			Protected		0x00000000	Protected																																

6.1.4.2.1.2 ERASEPROTECT

Address offset: 0x004

Erase protection

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A				
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value			Description																																
A	RW	PALL				Blocks NVMC ERASEALL and CTRLAP ERASEALL functionality.																																
						Any value except for the enumerations will yield unexpected results.																																
		Unprotected	0xFFFFFFFF			Unprotected																																
		Protected	0x00000000			Protected																																

6.1.4.2.1.3 NRFFW[n] (n=0..31)

Address offset: 0x200 + (n × 0x4)

Reserved for Nordic firmware design

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value										Description																					
A	RW	NRFFW											Reserved for Nordic firmware design																					

6.1.4.2.1.4 CUSTOMER[n] (n=0..31)

Address offset: 0x300 + (n × 0x4)

Reserved for customer

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	CUSTOMER						Reserved for customer																											

6.1.4.3 AHB multilayer

AHB multilayer enables parallel access paths between multiple masters and slaves in a system. Access is resolved using priorities.

Each bus master is connected to a slave device through one or more interconnection matrixes. The bus masters are assigned priorities that are used to resolve access when two (or more) bus masters request access to the same slave device. The following applies when assigning priorities:

- If two (or more) bus masters request access to the same slave device, the master with the highest priority is granted access first.
- Bus masters with lower priority are stalled until the higher priority master has completed its transaction.
- If the higher priority master pauses at any point during its transaction, the lower priority master in queue is temporarily granted access to the slave device until the higher priority master resumes its activity.
- Bus masters that have the same priority are mutually exclusive, and cannot be used concurrently.

Some peripherals, like RADIO, do not have a safe stalling mechanism (not able to pause incoming data and no internal data buffering). Being a low priority bus master might cause loss of data for such peripherals upon bus contention. To avoid AHB bus contention when using multiple bus masters, apply one of the following guidelines:

- Avoid situations where more than one bus master is accessing the same slave.
- If more than one bus master is accessing the same slave, make sure that the bus bandwidth is not exhausted.

6.1.4.3.1 AHB multilayer priorities

Each master connected to the AHB multilayer is assigned a default natural priority.

Bus master name	Natural relative priority	In/Out	Description
CPU	Highest priority	I/O	
RADIO		I/O	
CCM/ECB/AAR		I/O	Same priority and mutually exclusive
UARTE0/SPIM0/SPIS0/TWIM0/TWIS0	Lowest priority	I/O	Same priority and mutually exclusive

Table 49: AHB bus masters

7.1 Peripherals

7.1.1 Instantiation

The nRF5340 has two cores. Each core has its own peripherals that are part of that core, listed in their instantiation tables: [Instantiation](#) on page 97 for the application core, and [Instantiation](#) on page 127 for the network core. As seen in the memory map [Memory](#) on page 18, the application core peripherals are accessible from the network core, but the application core cannot access the network core peripherals.

If instances of a peripheral has differing configurations, this is noted in the configuration column of the peripheral's instantiation table. E.g. some of the TIMER instances have more capture and compare channels implemented than others, as listed in [Registers](#) on page 603.

7.1.2 Peripheral interface

Peripherals are controlled by the CPU through configuration registers, as well as task and event registers. Task registers are inputs, enabling the CPU and other peripherals to initiate a functionality. Event registers are outputs, enabling a peripheral to trigger tasks in other peripherals and/or the CPU by tying events to CPU interrupts.

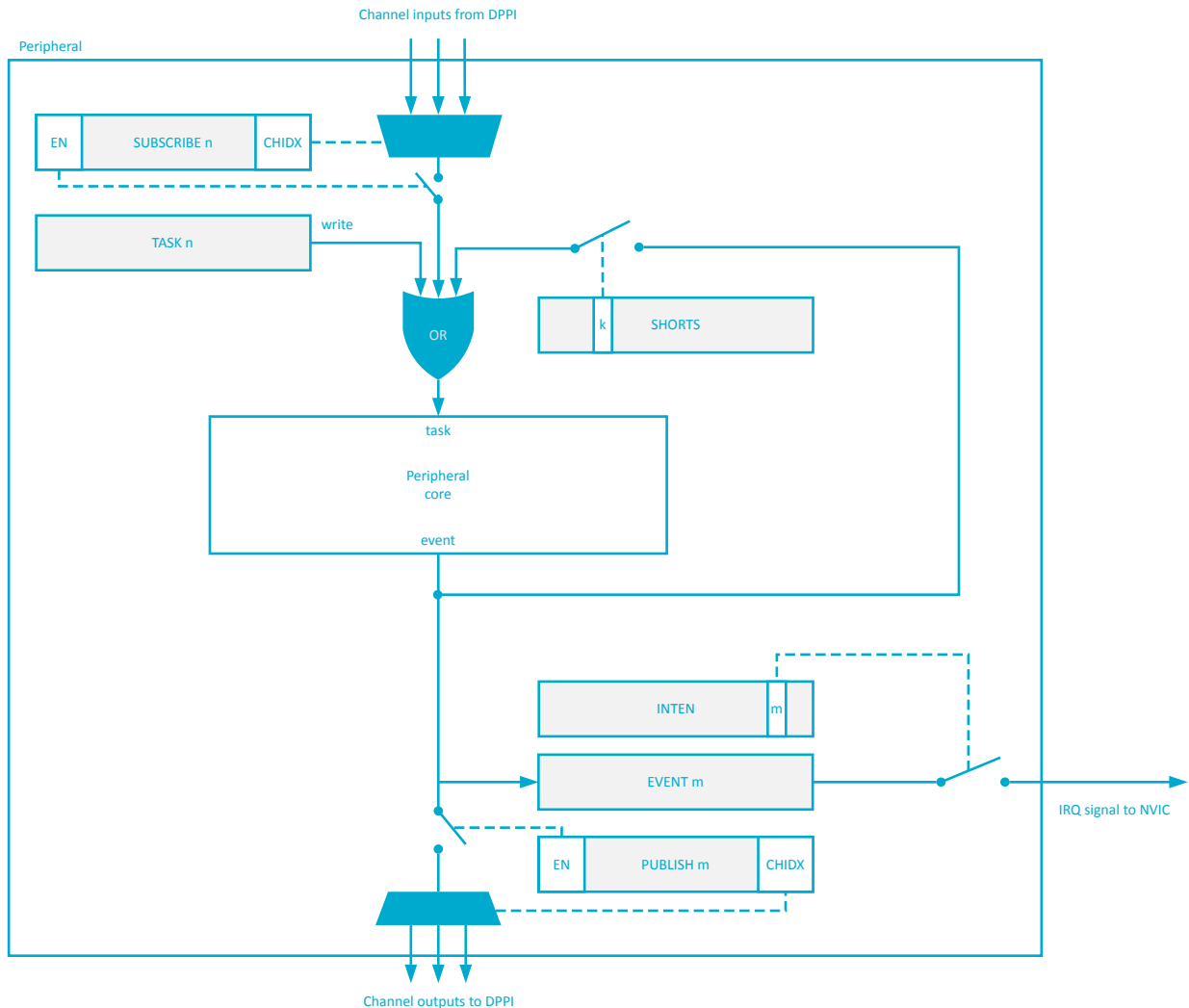


Figure 28: Peripheral interface

The distributed programmable peripheral interconnect (DPPI) feature enables peripherals to connect events to tasks without CPU intervention.

Note: For more information on DPPI and the DPPI channels, see [DPPI - Distributed programmable peripheral interconnect](#) on page 188.

7.1.2.1 Peripheral ID

Every peripheral is assigned a fixed block of 0x1000 bytes of address space, which is equal to 1024 x 32 bit registers.

See [Instantiation](#) on page 136 for more information about which peripherals are available and where they are located in the address map.

There is a direct relationship between peripheral ID and base address. For example, a peripheral with base address 0x40000000 is assigned ID=0, a peripheral with base address 0x40001000 is assigned ID=1, and a peripheral with base address 0x4001F000 is assigned ID=31.

Peripherals may share the same ID, which may impose one or more of the following limitations:

- Shared registers or common resources
- Limited availability due to mutually exclusive operation; only one peripheral in use at a time

- Enforced peripheral behavior when switching between peripherals (disable the first peripheral before enabling the second)

7.1.2.2 Peripherals with shared ID

In general (with the exception of ID 0), peripherals sharing an ID and base address may not be used simultaneously. Only one peripheral can be enabled at a given ID.

When switching between two peripherals sharing an ID, the following should be performed to prevent unwanted behavior:

1. Disable the previously used peripheral.
2. Disable any publish/subscribe connection to the DPPI system for the peripheral that is being disabled.
3. Clear all bits in the INTEN register, i.e. `INTENCLR = 0xFFFFFFFF`.
4. Explicitly configure the peripheral being enabled. Do not rely on inherited configuration from the disabled peripheral.
5. Enable the now configured peripheral.

For a list of which peripherals that share an ID see [Instantiation](#) on page 136.

7.1.2.3 Peripheral registers

Most peripherals feature an ENABLE register. Unless otherwise specified, the peripheral registers must be configured before enabling the peripheral.

PSEL registers need to be set before a peripheral is enabled or started. Updating PSEL registers while the peripheral is running has no effect. In order to connect a peripheral to a different GPIO, the peripheral must be disabled, the PSEL register updated, and the peripheral re-enabled. It takes four CPU cycles between the PSEL register update and the connection between a peripheral and a GPIO becoming effective.

Note: Note that the peripheral must be enabled before tasks and events can be used.

Most of the register values are lost during System OFF or when a reset is triggered. Some registers will retain their values in System OFF or for some specific reset sources. These registers are marked as retained in the register description for a given peripheral. For more information on their behavior, see chapter [RESET - Reset control](#) on page 55.

7.1.2.4 Bit set and clear

Registers with multiple single-bit bit fields may implement the set-and-clear pattern. This pattern enables firmware to set and clear individual bits in a register without having to perform a read-modify-write operation on the main register.

This pattern is implemented using three consecutive addresses in the register map, where the main register is followed by dedicated SET and CLR registers (in that exact order).

In the main register, the SET register sets individual bits and the CLR register clears them. Writing '1' to a bit in the SET or CLR register will set or clear the same bit in the main register respectively. Writing '0' to a bit in the SET or CLR register has no effect. Reading the SET or CLR register returns the value of the main register.

Note: The main register may not be visible and therefore not directly accessible in all cases.

7.1.2.5 Tasks

Tasks are used to trigger actions in a peripheral, such as to start a particular behavior. A peripheral can implement multiple tasks with each task having a separate register in that peripheral's task register group.

A task is triggered when firmware writes '1' to the task register, or when the peripheral itself or another peripheral toggles the corresponding task signal. See the figure [Figure 28: Peripheral interface](#) on page 137.

7.1.2.6 Events

Events are used to notify peripherals and the CPU about events that have happened, for example a state change in a peripheral. A peripheral may generate multiple events, where each event has a separate register in that peripheral's event register group.

An event is generated when the peripheral itself toggles the corresponding event signal, and the event register is updated to reflect that the event has been generated, see figure [Figure 28: Peripheral interface](#) on page 137. An event register is cleared when a '0' is written to it by firmware. Events can be generated by the peripheral even when the event register is set to '1'.

7.1.2.7 Publish and subscribe

Events and tasks from different peripherals can be connected together through the DPPI system using the PUBLISH and SUBSCRIBE registers in each peripheral. See [Figure 28: Peripheral interface](#) on page 137.

An event can be published onto a DPPI channel by configuring the event's PUBLISH register. Similarly, a task can subscribe to a DPPI channel by configuring the task's SUBSCRIBE register.

See [DPPI - Distributed programmable peripheral interconnect](#) on page 188 for details.

7.1.2.8 Shortcuts

A shortcut is a direct connection between an event and a task within the same peripheral. If a shortcut is enabled, the associated task is automatically triggered when its associated event is generated.

Using shortcuts is equivalent to making the connection outside the peripheral and through the DPPI. However, the propagation delay when using shortcuts is usually shorter than the propagation delay through the DPPI.

Shortcuts are predefined, which means that their connections cannot be configured by firmware. Each shortcut can be individually enabled or disabled through the shortcut register, one bit per shortcut, giving a maximum of 32 shortcuts for each peripheral.

7.1.2.9 Interrupts

All peripherals support interrupts which are generated by events.

A peripheral only occupies one interrupt, and the interrupt number follows the peripheral ID. For example, the peripheral with ID=4 is connected to interrupt number 4 in the nested vectored interrupt controller (NVIC).

Using registers INTEN, INTENSET, and INTENCLR, every event generated by a peripheral can be configured to generate that peripheral's interrupt. Multiple events can be enabled to generate interrupts simultaneously. To resolve the correct interrupt source, the event registers in the event group of peripheral registers will indicate the source.

Some peripherals implement only INTENSET and INTENCLR registers, and the INTEN register is not available on those peripherals. See the individual peripheral chapters for details. In all cases, reading back the INTENSET or INTENCLR register returns the same information as in INTEN.

Each event implemented in the peripheral is associated with a specific bit position in the INTEN, INTENSET, and INTENCLR registers.

The relationship between tasks, events, shortcuts, and interrupts is illustrated in figure [Figure 28: Peripheral interface](#) on page 137.

7.1.2.9.1 Interrupt clearing and disabling

Interrupts should always be cleared by writing '0' to the corresponding EVENT register.

Until cleared, interrupts will immediately be re-triggered and cause software interrupt service routines to be executed repeatedly.

Because the clearing of the EVENT register may take a number of CPU clock cycles, the program should perform a read from the EVENT register that has been cleared before exiting the interrupt service routine. This will ensure that the EVENT clearing has taken place before the interrupt service routine is exited. Care should be taken to ensure that the compiler does not remove the read operation as an optimization.

Similarly, when disabling an interrupt inside an interrupt service routine, the program should perform a read from the INTEN or INTENCLR registers to ensure that the interrupt is disabled before exiting the interrupt service routine.

7.1.2.10 Secure/non-secure peripherals

For some peripherals, the security configuration can change from secure to non-secure, or vice versa. Care must be taken when changing the security configuration of a peripheral, to prevent security information leakage and ensure correct operation.

The following sequence should be followed, where applicable, when configuring and changing the security settings of a peripheral in the [SPU — System protection unit](#) on page 568:

1. Stop peripheral operation
2. Disable the peripheral
3. Remove pin connections
4. Disable DPPI connections
5. Clear sensitive registers (e.g. writing back default values)
6. Change peripheral security setting in the [SPU — System protection unit](#) on page 568
7. Re-enable the peripheral

7.1.3 EasyDMA

EasyDMA is a module implemented by some peripherals to gain direct access to Data RAM.

EasyDMA is an AHB bus master similar to CPU and is connected to the AHB multilayer interconnect for direct access to Data RAM. EasyDMA is not able to access flash.

A peripheral can implement multiple EasyDMA instances to provide dedicated channels. For example, for reading and writing of data between the peripheral and RAM. This concept is illustrated in [Figure 29: EasyDMA example](#) on page 141.

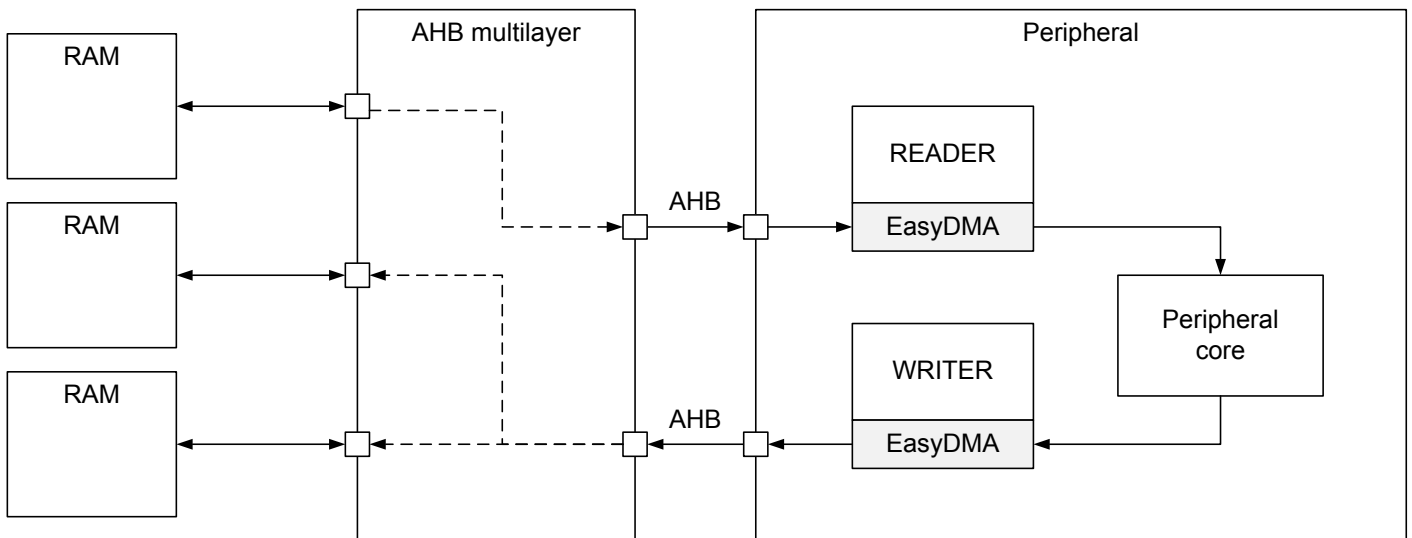


Figure 29: EasyDMA example

An EasyDMA channel is implemented in the following way, but some variations may occur:

```

READERBUFFER_SIZE 5
WRITERBUFFER_SIZE 6

uint8_t readerBuffer[READERBUFFER_SIZE] __at__ 0x20000000;
uint8_t writerBuffer[WRITERBUFFER_SIZE] __at__ 0x20000005;

// Configuring the READER channel
MYPERIPHERAL->READER.MAXCNT = READERBUFFER_SIZE;
MYPERIPHERAL->READER.PTR = &readerBuffer;

// Configure the WRITER channel
MYPERIPHERAL->WRITER.MAXCNT = WRITERBUFFER_SIZE;
MYPERIPHERAL->WRITER.PTR = &writerBuffer;

```

This example shows a peripheral called MYPERIPHERAL that implements two EasyDMA channels - one for reading called READER, and one for writing called WRITER. When the peripheral is started, it is assumed that the peripheral will:

- Read 5 bytes from the readerBuffer located in RAM at address 0x20000000.
- Process the data.
- Write no more than 6 bytes back to the writerBuffer located in RAM at address 0x20000005.

The memory layout of these buffers is illustrated in [Figure 30: EasyDMA memory layout](#) on page 141.

0x20000000	readerBuffer[0]	readerBuffer[1]	readerBuffer[2]	readerBuffer[3]
0x20000004	readerBuffer[4]	writerBuffer[0]	writerBuffer[1]	writerBuffer[2]
0x20000008	writerBuffer[3]	writerBuffer[4]	writerBuffer[5]	

Figure 30: EasyDMA memory layout

The WRITER.MAXCNT register should not be specified larger than the actual size of the buffer (writerBuffer). Otherwise, the channel would overflow the writerBuffer.

Once an EasyDMA transfer is completed, the AMOUNT register can be read by the CPU to see how many bytes were transferred. For example, CPU can read MYPERIPHERAL->WRITER.AMOUNT register to see how many bytes WRITER wrote to RAM.

Note that the PTR register of a READER or WRITER must point to a valid memory region before use. The reset value of a PTR register is not guaranteed to point to valid memory. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information about the different memory regions and EasyDMA connectivity.

7.1.3.1 EasyDMA error handling

Some errors may occur during DMA handling.

If READER.PTR or WRITER.PTR is not pointing to a valid memory region, an EasyDMA transfer may result in a HardFault or RAM corruption. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information about the different memory regions.

If several AHB bus masters try to access the same AHB slave at the same time, AHB bus congestion might occur. An EasyDMA channel is an AHB master. Depending on the peripheral, the peripheral may either stall and wait for access to be granted, or lose data.

7.1.3.2 EasyDMA array list

EasyDMA is able to operate in Array List mode.

The Array List mode is implemented in channels where the LIST register is available.

The array list does not provide a mechanism to explicitly specify where the next item in the list is located. Instead, it assumes that the list is organized as a linear array where items are located one after the other in RAM.

The EasyDMA Array List can be implemented by using the data structure ArrayList_type as illustrated in the code example below using a READER EasyDMA channel as an example:

```
#define BUFFER_SIZE 4

typedef struct ArrayList
{
    uint8_t buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];
} ArrayList_type;

ArrayList_type ReaderList[3] __at__ 0x20000000;

MYPERIPHERAL->READER.MAXCNT = BUFFER_SIZE;
MYPERIPHERAL->READER.PTR = &ReaderList;
MYPERIPHERAL->READER.LIST = MYPERIPHERAL_READER_LIST_ArrayList;
```

The data structure only includes a buffer with size equal to the size of READER.MAXCNT register. EasyDMA uses the READER.MAXCNT register to determine when the buffer is full.

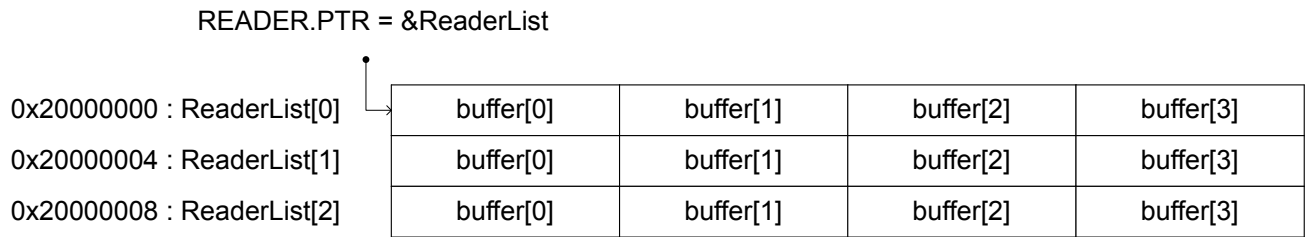


Figure 31: EasyDMA array list

7.1.4 ACL — Access control lists

The Access control lists (ACL) peripheral is designed to assign and enforce access permissions to different regions of the on-chip flash memory map.

Flash memory regions can be assigned individual ACL permission schemes. The following registers are involved:

- PERM register, where the permissions are configured.
- ADDR register, where the word-aligned start address for the flash page is defined.
- SIZE register, where the size of the region the permissions are applied to is determined.

Important: The size of the region in bytes is restricted to a multiple of the flash page size, and the maximum region size is limited to the flash size. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information.

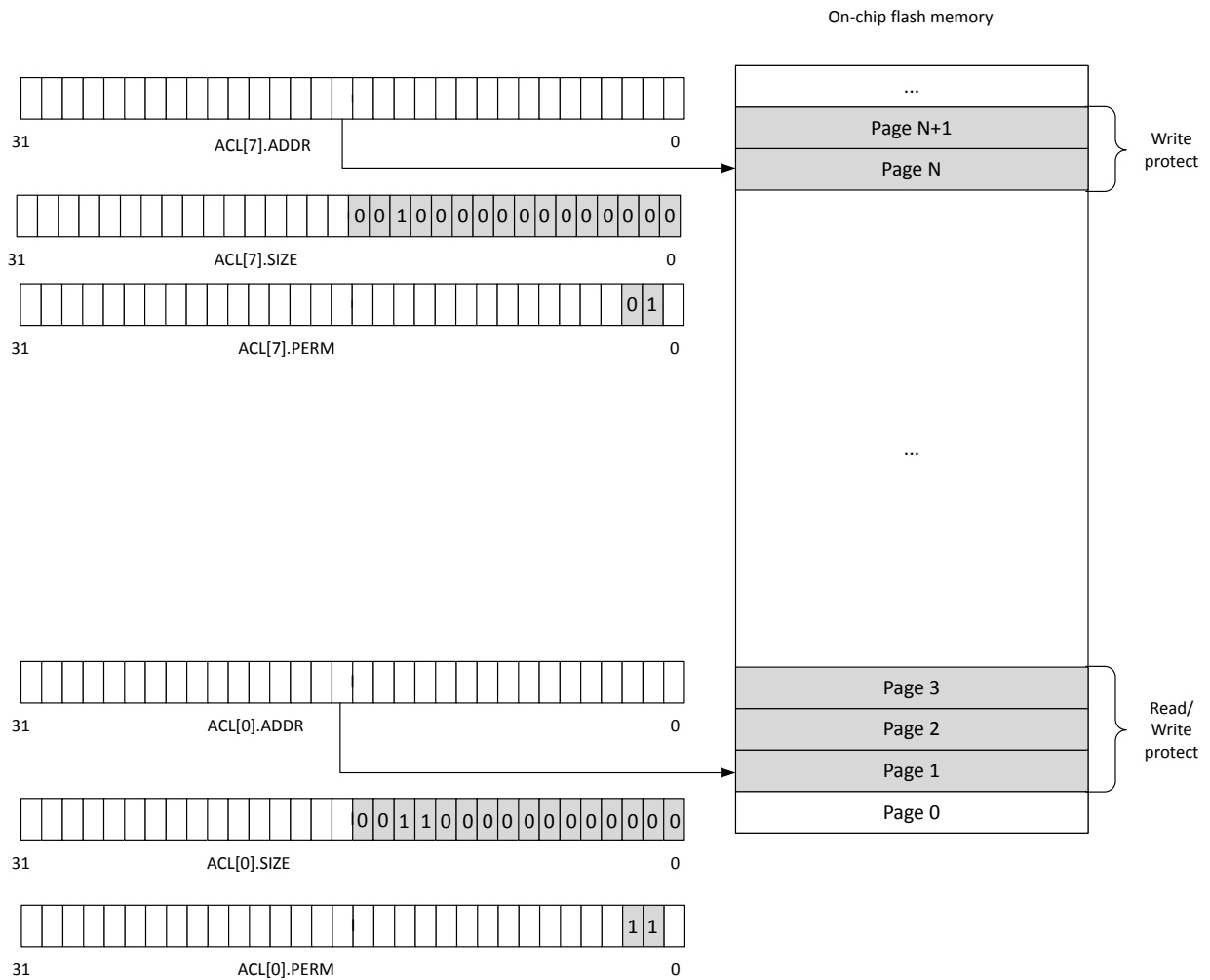


Figure 32: Protected regions of on-chip flash memory

There are four defined ACL permission schemes, with different combinations of read/write permissions:

Read	Write	Protection description
0	0	No protection. Entire region can be executed, read, written or erased.
0	1	Region can be executed and read, but not written or erased.
1	0	Region can be written and erased, but not executed or read.
1	1	Region is locked for all access until next reset.

Table 50: Permission schemes

Important: If a permission violation to a protected region is detected by the ACL peripheral, the request is blocked and a Bus Fault exception is triggered.

Access control to a configured region is enforced by the hardware two CPU clock cycles after the ADDR, SIZE, and PERM registers for an ACL instance have been successfully written. The protection is only enforced if a valid start address of the flash page boundary is written into the ADDR register, and the values of the SIZE and PERM registers are not zero.

The ADDR, SIZE, and PERM registers can only be written once. All ACL configuration registers are cleared on reset (by resetting the device from any reset source), which is also the only way of clearing the configuration registers. To ensure that the desired permission schemes are always enforced by the ACL peripheral, the device boot sequence must perform the necessary configuration.

Debugger read access to a read-protected region will be Read-As-Zero (RAZ), while debugger write access to a write-protected region will be Write-Ignored (WI).

7.1.4.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x41080000	NETWORK	ACL	ACL	NS	NA	Access control lists	This ACL can only protect network core's local memory.

Table 51: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
ACL[n].ADDR	0x800		Configure the word-aligned start address of region n to protect
ACL[n].SIZE	0x804		Size of region to protect counting from address ACL[n].ADDR. Write '0' as no effect.
ACL[n].PERM	0x808		Access permissions for region n as defined by start address ACL[n].ADDR and size ACL[n].SIZE
ACL[n].UNUSED0	0x80C		Reserved

Table 52: Register overview

7.1.4.1.1 ACL[n].ADDR (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x800 + (n \times 0x10)$

Configure the word-aligned start address of region n to protect

This register can only be written once.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value			Description																												
A	RW1 ADDR						Valid word-aligned start address of region n to protect. Address must point to a flash page boundary.																												

7.1.4.1.2 ACL[n].SIZE (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x804 + (n \times 0x10)$

Size of region to protect counting from address ACL[n].ADDR. Write '0' as no effect.

This register can only be written once.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW1 SIZE							Size of flash region n in bytes. Must be a multiple of the flash page size.																											

7.1.4.1.3 ACL[n].PERM (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x808 + (n \times 0x10)$

Access permissions for region n as defined by start address ACL[n].ADDR and size ACL[n].SIZE

This register can only be written once.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
B	RW1 WRITE			Configure write and erase permissions for region n. Write '0' has no effect.																														
		Enable	0	Allow write and erase instructions to region n																														
		Disable	1	Block write and erase instructions to region n																														
C	RW1 READ			Configure read permissions for region n. Write '0' has no effect.																														
		Enable	0	Allow read instructions to region n																														
		Disable	1	Block read instructions to region n																														

7.1.5 AAR — Accelerated address resolver

Accelerated address resolver is a cryptographic support function for implementing the Resolvable Private Address Resolution Procedure described in the *Bluetooth Core specification v4.0*. Resolvable Private Address generation should be achieved using ECB and is not supported by AAR.

The procedure allows two devices that share a secret key to generate and resolve a hash based on their device address. The AAR block enables real-time address resolution on incoming packets when configured as described in this chapter. This allows real-time packet filtering (whitelisting) using a list of known shared keys (Identity Resolving Keys (IRK) in *Bluetooth*).

7.1.5.1 Shared resources

The AAR shares the same AES module as the ECB and CCM peripherals. The ECB will always have the lowest priority. If there is a sharing conflict during encryption, the ECB operation will be aborted and an `ERRORECB` event will be generated in the ECB peripheral.

Additionally, the AAR shares registers and other resources with the peripherals that have the same ID as the AAR. See [Peripherals with shared ID](#) on page 138 for more information.

7.1.5.2 EasyDMA

The AAR implements EasyDMA for reading and writing to the RAM. The EasyDMA will have finished accessing the RAM when the `END`, `RESOLVED`, and `NOTRESOLVED` events are generated.

If the `IRKPTR` on page 153, `ADDRPTR` on page 153, and the `SCRATCHPTR` on page 153 is not pointing to the Data RAM region, an EasyDMA transfer may result in a `HardFault` or RAM corruption. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information about the different memory regions.

7.1.5.3 Resolving a resolvable address

As per *Bluetooth* specification, a private resolvable address is composed of six bytes.

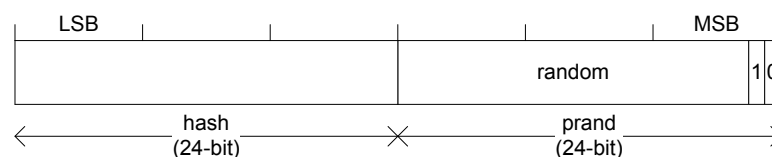


Figure 33: Resolvable address

To resolve an address the register [ADDRPTR](#) on page 153 must point to the start of the packet. The resolver is started by triggering the START task. A RESOLVED event is generated when the AAR manages to resolve the address using one of the Identity Resolving Keys (IRK) found in the IRK data structure. The AAR will use the IRK specified in the register IRK0 to IRK15 starting from IRK0. The register [NIRK](#) on page 152 specifies how many IRKs should be used. The AAR module will generate a NOTRESOLVED event if it is not able to resolve the address using the specified list of IRKs.

The AAR will go through the list of available IRKs in the IRK data structure and for each IRK try to resolve the address according to the Resolvable Private Address Resolution Procedure described in the *Bluetooth Core specification v4.0 [Vol 3]* chapter 10.8.2.3. The time it takes to resolve an address varies due to the location in the list of the resolvable address. The resolution time will also be affected by RAM accesses performed by other peripherals and the CPU. See the [Electrical specifications](#) for more information about resolution time.

The AAR only compares the received address to those programmed in the module without checking the address type.

The AAR will stop as soon as it has managed to resolve the address, or after trying to resolve the address using NIRK number of IRKs from the IRK data structure. The AAR will generate an END event after it has stopped.

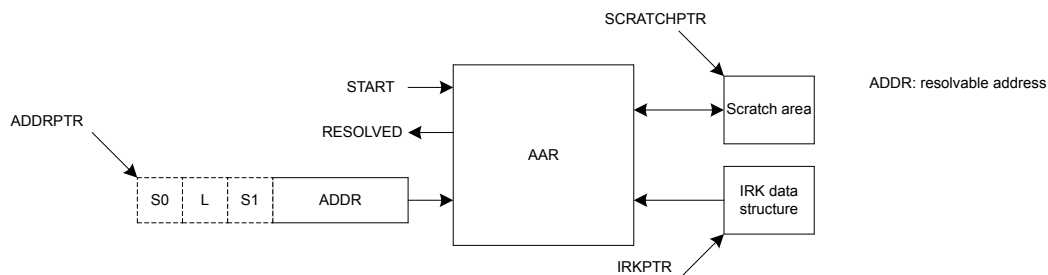


Figure 34: Address resolution with packet preloaded into RAM

7.1.5.4 Use case example for chaining RADIO packet reception with address resolution using AAR

The AAR may be started as soon as the 6 bytes required by the AAR have been received by the RADIO and stored in RAM. The ADDRPTR pointer must point to the start of packet.

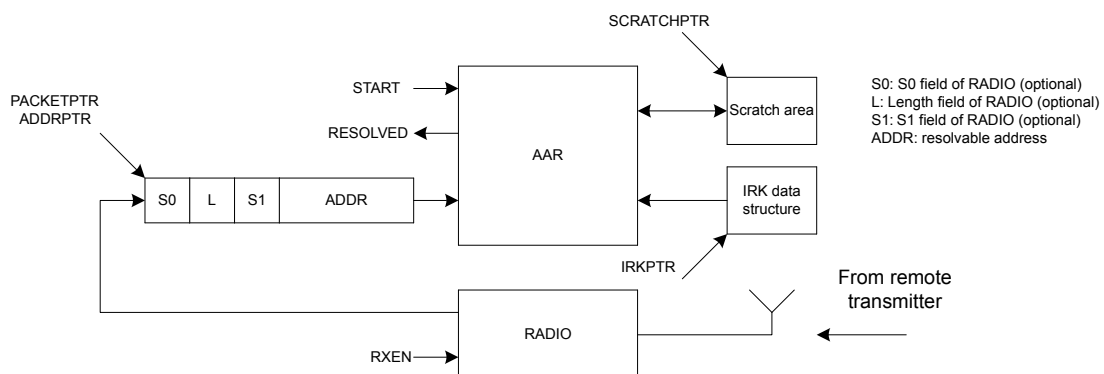


Figure 35: Address resolution with packet loaded into RAM by the RADIO

7.1.5.5 IRK data structure

The IRK data structure is located in RAM at the memory location specified by the IRKPTR register.

Property	Address offset	Description
IRK0	0	IRK number 0 (16 - byte)
IRK1	16	IRK number 1 (16 - byte)
..
IRK15	240	IRK number 15 (16 - byte)

Table 53: IRK data structure overview

7.1.5.6 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x4100E000	NETWORK	AAR	AAR	NS	NA	Accelerated address resolver	

Table 54: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Start resolving addresses based on IRKs specified in the IRK data structure
TASKS_STOP	0x008		Stop resolving addresses
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
EVENTS_END	0x100		Address resolution procedure complete
EVENTS_RESOLVED	0x104		Address resolved
EVENTS_NOTRESOLVED	0x108		Address not resolved
PUBLISH_END	0x180		Publish configuration for event END
PUBLISH_RESOLVED	0x184		Publish configuration for event RESOLVED
PUBLISH_NOTRESOLVED	0x188		Publish configuration for event NOTRESOLVED
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
STATUS	0x400		Resolution status
ENABLE	0x500		Enable AAR
NIRK	0x504		Number of IRKs
IRKPTR	0x508		Pointer to IRK data structure
ADDRPTR	0x510		Pointer to the resolvable address
SCRATCHPTR	0x514		Pointer to data area used for temporary storage

Table 55: Register overview

7.1.5.6.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Start resolving addresses based on IRKs specified in the IRK data structure

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_START		Start resolving addresses based on IRKs specified in the IRK data structure																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.5.6.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x008

Stop resolving addresses

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A
Reset 0x00000000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	W	TASKS_STOP				Stop resolving addresses																											
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																											

7.1.5.6.3 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task **START**

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		B																															A
Reset 0x00000000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task START will subscribe to																											
B	RW	EN		Disabled		0		Disable subscription																									
				Enabled		1		Enable subscription																									

7.1.5.6.4 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		B																															A
Reset 0x00000000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																											
B	RW	EN		Disabled		0		Disable subscription																									
				Enabled		1		Enable subscription																									

7.1.5.6.5 EVENTS_END

Address offset: 0x100

Address resolution procedure complete

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_END		Address resolution procedure complete																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.5.6.6 EVENTS_RESOLVED

Address offset: 0x104

Address resolved

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_RESOLVED		Address resolved																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.5.6.7 EVENTS_NOTRESOLVED

Address offset: 0x108

Address not resolved

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_NOTRESOLVED		Address not resolved																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.5.6.8 PUBLISH_END

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event [END](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event END will publish to.																																																										
B	RW	EN																																																														
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																																												
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																																												

7.1.5.6.9 PUBLISH_RESOLVED

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event [RESOLVED](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event RESOLVED will publish to.																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																																										
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																																										

7.1.5.6.10 PUBLISH_NOTRESOLVED

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event **NOTRESOLVED**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A							
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that event NOTRESOLVED will publish to.																																					
B	RW EN																																											
			Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																					
			Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																					

7.1.5.6.11 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
D	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW END			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event END																															
		Set	1	Enable																															
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
B	RW RESOLVED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RESOLVED																															
		Set	1	Enable																															
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
C	RW NOTRESOLVED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event NOTRESOLVED																															
		Set	1	Enable																															
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															

7.1.5.6.12 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW END			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event END																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW RESOLVED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RESOLVED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW NOTRESOLVED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event NOTRESOLVED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.5.6.13 STATUS

Address offset: 0x400

Resolution status

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID																																				A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	R	STATUS		[0..15]	The IRK that was used last time an address was resolved																																		

7.1.5.6.14 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable AAR

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				A A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	ENABLE			Enable or disable AAR																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	3	Enable																															

7.1.5.6.15 NIRK

Address offset: 0x504

Number of IRKs

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																							
ID																																						A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000001		0 1																																							
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																					
A	RW NIRK		[1..16]	Number of Identity root keys available in the IRK data structure																																					

7.1.5.6.16 IRKPTR

Address offset: 0x508

Pointer to IRK data structure

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW IRKPTR			Pointer to the IRK data structure																															

7.1.5.6.17 ADDRPTR

Address offset: 0x510

Pointer to the resolvable address

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	ADDRPTR					Pointer to the resolvable address (6-bytes)																											

7.1.5.6.18 SCRATCHPTR

Address offset: 0x514

Pointer to data area used for temporary storage

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW		SCRATCHPTR					Pointer to a scratch data area used for temporary storage during resolution. A space of minimum 3 bytes must be reserved.																											

7.1.5.7 Electrical specification

7.1.5.7.1 AAR Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t_{AAR}	Address resolution time per IRK. Total time for several IRKs is given as $(1 \mu s + n * t_{AAR})$, where n is the number of IRKs. (Given priority to the actual destination RAM block).	..	..	..	μs
$t_{AAR,8}$	Time for address resolution of 8 IRKs. (Given priority to the actual destination RAM block).	..	..	..	μs

7.1.6 CCM — AES CCM mode encryption

Counter with cipher block chaining - message authentication code (CCM) mode is an authenticated encryption algorithm designed to provide both authentication and confidentiality during data transfer.

AES CCM combines counter (CTR) mode encryption and cipher block chaining - message authentication code (CBC-MAC) authentication. The CCM terminology message authentication code (MAC) is called message integrity check (MIC) in *Bluetooth* terminology, and also in this document.

The CCM block generates an encrypted keystream that is applied to input data using the XOR operation, and generates the 4-byte MIC field in one operation. The CCM and the radio can be configured to work synchronously. The CCM will encrypt in time for transmission, and decrypt after receiving bytes into memory from the radio. All operations can complete within the packet receive (RX) or transmit (TX) time.

The CCM on this device is implemented according to *Bluetooth* requirements and the algorithm as defined in IETF [RFC3610](#), and depends on the AES-128 block cipher. A description of the CCM algorithm can also be found in [NIST Special Publication 800-38C](#). The *Bluetooth* specification describes the configuration of the counter mode blocks and the encryption blocks to implement compliant encryption for *Bluetooth* low energy.

The CCM block uses EasyDMA to load the key and the counter mode blocks (including the nonce required), and to read/write plain text and cipher text.

Three operations are supported:

- keystream generation
- packet encryption
- packet decryption

All operations are done in compliance with the *Bluetooth* specification.¹¹

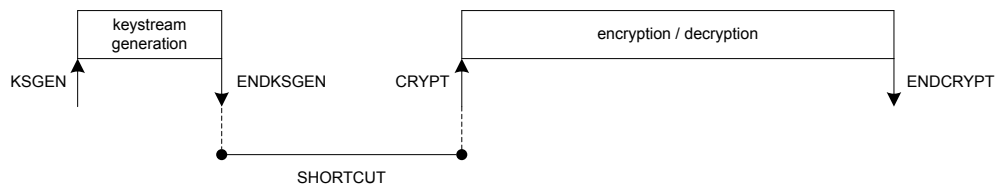


Figure 36: Keystream generation, followed by encryption or decryption. The shortcut is optional.

7.1.6.1 Shared resources

The CCM shares the same AES module as the ECB and AAR peripherals. The ECB will always have the lowest priority. If there is a sharing conflict during encryption, the ECB operation will be aborted and an `ERRORECB` event will be generated in the ECB peripheral.

Additionally, the CCM shares registers and other resources with other peripherals that have the same ID as the CCM. See [Peripherals with shared ID](#) on page 138 for more information.

7.1.6.2 Keystream generation

A new keystream needs to be generated before a new packet encryption or packet decryption operation can be started.

A keystream is generated by triggering the KSGEN task, and an `ENDKSGEN` event will be generated when the keystream has been generated.

Keystream generation, packet encryption, and packet decryption operations utilize the configuration specified in the data structure pointed to by `CNFPTR` on page 166. It is necessary to configure this pointer and its underlying data structure, and the register `MODE` on page 165, before the KSGEN task is triggered.

The keystream will be stored in the AES CCM's temporary memory area, specified by the `SCRATCHPTR` on page 167, where it will be used in subsequent encryption and decryption operations.

¹¹ *Bluetooth* AES CCM 128-bit block encryption, see *Bluetooth Core specification* version 4.0.

For default length packets (MODE.LENGTH = Default), the size of the generated keystream is 27 bytes. When using extended length packets (MODE.LENGTH = Extended), register [MAXPACKETSIZE](#) on page 167 specifies the length of the keystream to be generated. The length of the generated keystream must be greater than or equal to the length of the subsequent packet payload to be encrypted or decrypted. The maximum length of the keystream in extended mode is 251 bytes, which means that the maximum packet payload size is 251 bytes.

If a shortcut is used between ENDKSGEN event and CRYPT task, pointers [INPTR](#) on page 166 and [OUTPTR](#) on page 166 must also be configured before the KSGEN task is triggered.

7.1.6.3 Encryption

During packet encryption, the AES CCM will read the unencrypted packet located in RAM at the address specified by the INPTR pointer, encrypt the packet, and append a four byte long message integrity check (MIC) field to the packet.

The packet header (S0) and payload are included in the MIC generation. Bits in the packet header can be masked away by configuring register [HEADERMASK](#) on page 168.

Encryption is started by triggering the CRYPT task, by setting the register [MODE](#) on page 165 to [Encryption](#). An ENDCRYPT event will be generated when packet encryption is completed.

The AES CCM will also modify the length field of the packet to adjust for the appended MIC field, that is, add four bytes to the length, and store the resulting packet back into RAM at the address specified by the pointer [OUTPTR](#) on page 166.

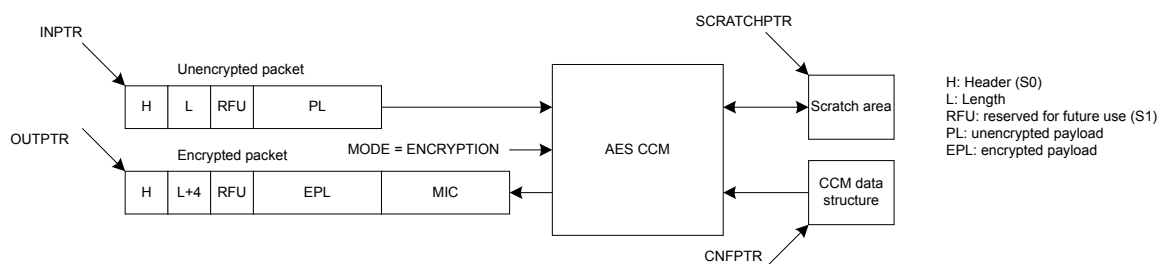


Figure 37: Encryption

Empty packets (length field is set to 0) will not be encrypted, but instead moved unmodified through the AES CCM.

The CCM supports different widths of the length field in the data structure for encrypted packets. This is configured in register [MODE](#) on page 165.

7.1.6.4 Decryption

During packet decryption, the AES CCM will read the encrypted packet located in RAM at the address specified by the INPTR pointer, decrypt the packet, authenticate the packet's MIC field, and generate the appropriate MIC status.

The packet header (S0) and payload are included in the MIC authentication. Bits in the packet header can be masked away by configuring register [HEADERMASK](#) on page 168.

Decryption is started by triggering the CRYPT task, by setting the register [MODE](#) on page 165 to [Decryption](#). An ENDCRYPT event will be generated when packet decryption is completed.

The AES CCM will also modify the length field of the packet to adjust for the MIC field, that is, subtract four bytes from the length, and then store the decrypted packet into RAM at the address specified by the pointer [OUTPTR](#) on page 166 pointer.

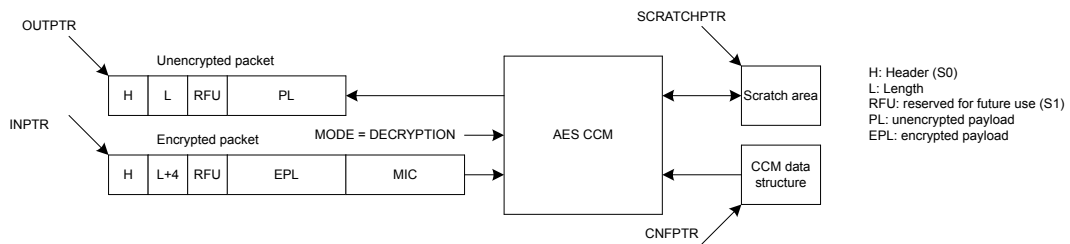


Figure 38: Decryption

The CCM is only able to decrypt packet payloads that are at least 5 bytes long, 1 byte or more encrypted payload (EPL) and 4 bytes of MIC. The CCM will therefore generate a MIC error for packets where the length field is set to 1, 2, 3 or 4. Empty packets (length field is set to 0) will not be decrypted, but instead moved unmodified through the AES CCM. These packets will always pass the MIC check.

The CCM supports different widths of the length field in the data structure for decrypted packets. This is configured in register [MODE](#) on page 165.

7.1.6.5 AES CCM and radio concurrent operation

The CCM module is able to encrypt/decrypt data synchronously to data being transmitted or received on the radio.

In order for the CCM module to run synchronously with the radio, the data rate setting in register [MODE](#) on page 165 needs to match the radio data rate. Settings in this register apply whenever either the KSGEN or the CRYPT task is triggered.

The data rate setting of the register [MODE](#) on page 165 can also be overridden on-the-fly, during an ongoing encrypt/decrypt operation, by the contents of the register [RATEOVERRIDE](#) on page 167. The data rate setting in this register applies whenever the RATEOVERRIDE task is triggered. This feature can be useful in cases where the radio data rate is changed during an ongoing packet transaction.

7.1.6.6 Encrypting packets on-the-fly in radio transmit mode

When the AES CCM is encrypting a packet on-the-fly, at the same time as the radio is transmitting it, the radio must read the encrypted packet from the same memory location the AES CCM is writing to.

The pointer [OUTPTR](#) on page 166 in the AES CCM must therefore point to the same memory location as the [PACKETPTR](#) pointer in the radio.

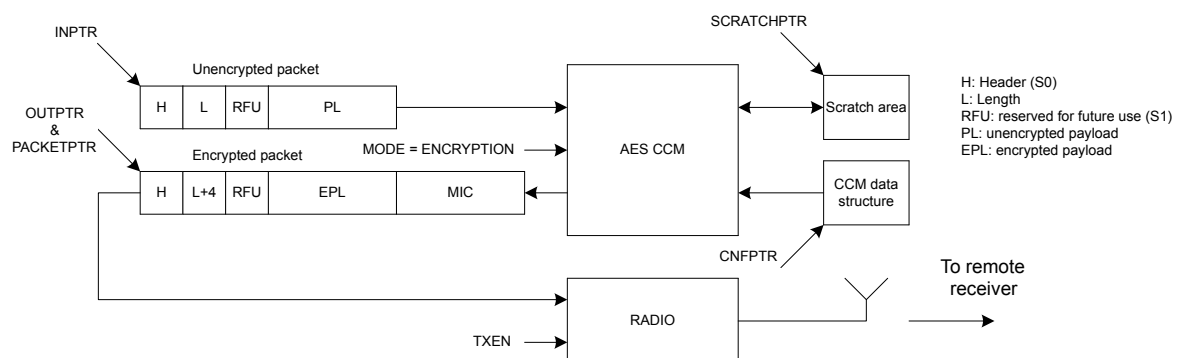


Figure 39: Configuration of on-the-fly encryption

In order to match the radio's timing, the KSGEN task must be triggered early enough to allow the keystream generation to complete before the encryption of the packet starts.

For short packets ([MODE.LENGTH](#) = Default), the KSGEN task must be triggered no later than when the radio START task is triggered. In addition, the shortcut between the ENDKSGEN event and the CRYPT task

must be enabled. This use case, using a programmable peripheral interconnect (PPI) connection between the READY event in the radio and the KSGEN task in the AES CCM, is illustrated in figure below.

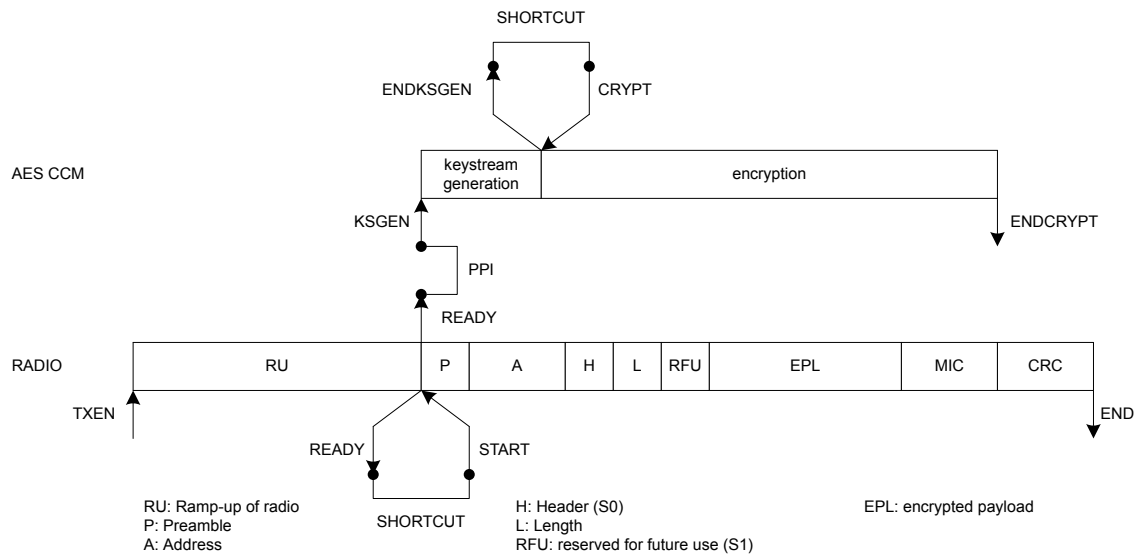


Figure 40: On-the-fly encryption of short packets (MODE.LENGTH = Default), using a PPI connection

For long packets (MODE.LENGTH = Extended), the keystream generation will need to be started even earlier, for example at the time when the TXEN task in the radio is triggered.

Note: See [Timing specification](#) on page 168 for information about the time needed for generating a keystream.

7.1.6.7 Decrypting packets on-the-fly in radio receive mode

When the AES CCM is decrypting a packet on-the-fly, at the same time as the radio is receiving it, the AES CCM must read the encrypted packet from the same memory location that the radio is writing to.

The pointer [INPTR](#) on page 166 in the AES CCM must therefore point to the same memory location as the [PACKETPTR](#) pointer in the radio.

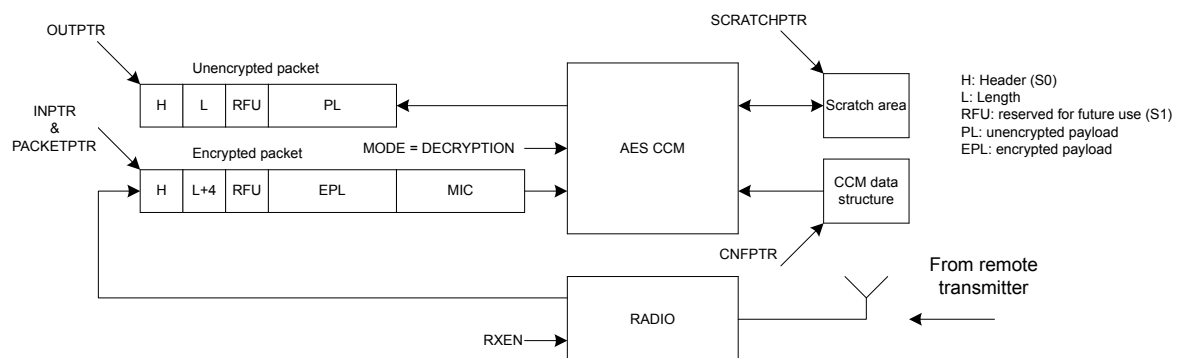


Figure 41: Configuration of on-the-fly decryption

In order to match the radio's timing, the KSGEN task must be triggered early enough to allow the keystream generation to complete before the decryption of the packet starts.

For short packets (MODE.LENGTH = Default), the KSGEN task must be triggered no later than when the START task in the radio is triggered. In addition, the CRYPT task must not be triggered earlier than when the ADDRESS event is generated by the radio. If the CRYPT task is triggered exactly at the same time as the ADDRESS event is generated by the radio, the AES CCM will guarantee that the decryption is completed no

later than when the END event in the radio is generated. This use case, using a PPI connection between the ADDRESS event in the radio and the CRYPT task in the AES CCM, is illustrated in figure below.

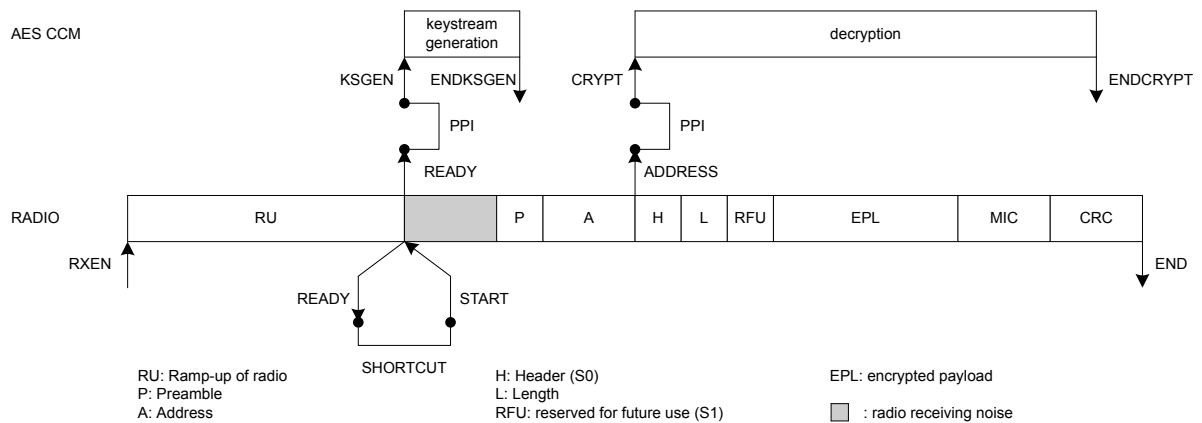


Figure 42: On-the-fly decryption of short packets (MODE.LENGTH = Default), using a PPI connection

The KSGEN task is triggered from the READY event in the radio, through a PPI connection.

For long packets (MODE.LENGTH = Extended), the keystream generation will need to be started even earlier, for example at the time when the RXEN task in the radio is triggered.

Note: See [Timing specification](#) on page 168 for information about the time needed for generating a keystream.

7.1.6.8 CCM data structure

The CCM data structure is located in data RAM, at the memory location specified by the CNFPTR pointer register.

Property	Address offset	Description
KEY	0	16-byte AES key.
PKTCTR	16	Octet0 (least significant octet (LSO)) of packet. counter
	17	Octet1 of packet counter.
	18	Octet2 of packet counter.
	19	Octet3 of packet counter.
	20	Bit 6 – bit 0: Octet4 (7 most significant bits of packet counter, with bit 6 being the most significant bit). Bit 7: Ignored.
IV	21	Ignored.
	22	Ignored.
	23	Ignored.
	24	Bit 0: Direction bit. Bit 7 – bit 1: Zero padded.
	25	8-byte initialization vector (IV). Octet0 (LSO) of IV, Octet1 of IV, ..., Octet7 (MSO) of IV.

Table 56: CCM data structure overview

The NONCE vector (as specified by the *Bluetooth* Core Specification) will be generated by hardware based on the information specified in the CCM data structure.

Property	Address offset	Description
HEADER	0	Packet header
LENGTH	1	Number of bytes in unencrypted payload
RFU	2	Reserved for future use
PAYLOAD	3	Unencrypted payload

Table 57: Data structure for unencrypted packet

Property	Address offset	Description
HEADER	0	Packet header
LENGTH	1	Number of bytes in encrypted payload including length of MIC
Note: LENGTH will be 0 for empty packets since the MIC is not added to empty packets.		
RFU	2	Reserved for future use
PAYLOAD	3	Encrypted payload
MIC	3 + payload length	ENCRYPT: 4-byte encrypted MIC
Note: MIC is not added to empty packets.		

Table 58: Data structure for encrypted packet

7.1.6.9 EasyDMA and ERROR event

The CCM implements an EasyDMA mechanism for reading from and writing to RAM.

In cases where the CPU and other EasyDMA enabled peripherals are accessing the same RAM block at the same time, a high level of bus collisions may cause operation that is too slow for correct on-the-fly encryption. In this case, the ERROR event will be generated.

EasyDMA will have finished accessing the RAM when the ENDKSGEN and ENDCRYPT events are generated.

If the pointers CNFPTR, SCRATCHPTR, INPTR and the OUTPTR are not pointing to the data RAM region, an EasyDMA transfer may result in a HardFault or RAM corruption. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information about the different memory regions.

7.1.6.10 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x4100E000	NETWORK	CCM	CCM	NS	NA	AES CCM mode encryption	

Table 59: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_KSGEN	0x000		Start generation of keystream. This operation will stop by itself when completed.
TASKS_CRYPT	0x004		Start encryption/decryption. This operation will stop by itself when completed.
TASKS_STOP	0x008		Stop encryption/decryption
TASKS_RATEOVERRIDE	0x00C		Override DATARATE setting in MODE register with the contents of the RATEOVERRIDE register for any ongoing encryption/decryption
SUBSCRIBE_KSGEN	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task KSGEN
SUBSCRIBE_CRYPT	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task CRYPT
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
SUBSCRIBE_RATEOVERRIDE	0x08C		Subscribe configuration for task RATEOVERRIDE
EVENTS_ENDKSGEN	0x100		Keystream generation complete

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EVENTS_ENDCRYPT	0x104		Encrypt/decrypt complete
EVENTS_ERROR	0x108		CCM error event Deprecated
PUBLISH_ENDKSGEN	0x180		Publish configuration for event ENDKSGEN
PUBLISH_ENDCRYPT	0x184		Publish configuration for event ENDCRYPT
PUBLISH_ERROR	0x188		Publish configuration for event ERROR Deprecated
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
MICSTATUS	0x400		MIC check result
ENABLE	0x500		Enable
MODE	0x504		Operation mode
CNFPTR	0x508		Pointer to data structure holding the AES key and the NONCE vector
INPTR	0x50C		Input pointer
OUTPTR	0x510		Output pointer
SCRATCHPTR	0x514		Pointer to data area used for temporary storage
MAXPACKETSIZE	0x518		Length of keystream generated when MODE.LENGTH = Extended
RATEOVERRIDE	0x51C		Data rate override setting.
HEADERMASK	0x520		Header (S0) mask.

Table 60: Register overview

7.1.6.10.1 TASKS_KSGEN

Address offset: 0x000

Start generation of keystream. This operation will stop by itself when completed.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	W	TASKS_KSGEN			Start generation of keystream. This operation will stop by itself when completed.																													
		Trigger	1		Trigger task																													

7.1.6.10.2 TASKS_CRYPT

Address offset: 0x004

Start encryption/decryption. This operation will stop by itself when completed.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	W	TASKS_CRYPT		Start encryption/decryption. This operation will stop by itself when completed.																														
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																														

7.1.6.10.3 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x008

Stop encryption/decryption

Override DATARATE setting in MODE register with the contents of the RATEOVERRIDE register for any ongoing encryption/decryption

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				A		
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	W	TASKS_RATEOVERRIDE				Override DATARATE setting in MODE register with the contents of the RATEOVERRIDE register for any ongoing encryption/decryption																																
		Trigger	1			Trigger task																																

Subscribe configuration for task KSGEN

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	CHIDX	[255..0]			Channel that task KSGEN will subscribe to																													
B	RW	EN																																	
		Disabled	0			Disable subscription																													
		Enabled	1			Enable subscription																													

Subscribe configuration for task CRYPT

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																
ID			B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A														
Reset 0x00000000			0																								0				0				0				0				0				0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task CRYPT will subscribe to																																													
B	RW EN																																																	
		Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																													
		Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																													

7.1.6.10.7 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.6.10.8 SUBSCRIBE_RATEOVERRIDE

Address offset: 0x08C

Subscribe configuration for task **RATEOVERRIDE**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task RATEOVERRIDE will subscribe to																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.6.10.9 EVENTS_ENDKSGEN

Address offset: 0x100

Keystream generation complete

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_ENDKSGEN			Keystream generation complete																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.6.10.10 EVENTS_ENDCRYPT

Address offset: 0x104

Encrypt/decrypt complete

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_ENDCRYPT		Encrypt/decrypt complete																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.6.10.11 EVENTS_ERROR (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x108

CCM error event

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				A																																			
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_ERROR		CCM error event																																			Deprecated
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

Deprecated

7.1.6.10.12 PUBLISH_ENDKSGEN

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event [ENDKSGEN](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value		Description																																																								
A	RW	CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event ENDKSGEN will publish to.																																																									
B	RW	EN																																																														
		Disabled			0		Disable publishing																																																									
		Enabled			1		Enable publishing																																																									

7.1.6.10.13 PUBLISH_ENDCRYPT

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event [ENDCRYPT](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value		Description																																																								
A	RW CHIDX					[255..0]		Channel that event ENDCRYPT will publish to.																																																								
B	RW EN																																																															
				Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																																								
				Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																																								

7.1.6.10.14 PUBLISH_ERROR (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event **ERROR**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A	RW	CHIDX	[255..0]			Channel that event ERROR will publish to.																												
B	RW	EN																																
		Disabled	0			Disable publishing																												
		Enabled	1			Enable publishing																												

7.1.6.10.15 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number					31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID					A																																
Reset 0x00000000					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	ENDKSGEN_CRYPT			Shortcut between event ENDKSGEN and task CRYPT																																
		Disabled		0	Disable shortcut																																
		Enabled		1	Enable shortcut																																

7.1.6.10.16 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	ENDKSGEN			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDKSGEN																																	
			Set	1	Enable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
B	RW	ENDCRYPT			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDCRYPT																																	
			Set	1	Enable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
C	RW	ERROR			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ERROR	Deprecated																																
			Set	1	Enable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	

7.1.6.10.17 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID			C B A																																		
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																		
D	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW	ENDKSGEN		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDKSGEN																																	
		Clear	1	Disable																																	
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
B	RW	ENDCRYPT		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDCRYPT																																	
		Clear	1	Disable																																	
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
C	RW	ERROR		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ERROR		Deprecated																															
		Clear	1	Disable																																	
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	

7.1.6.10.18 MICSTATUS

Address offset: 0x400

MIC check result

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	MICSTATUS				The result of the MIC check performed during the previous decryption operation																													
			CheckFailed	0	MIC check failed																														
			CheckPassed	1	MIC check passed																														

7.1.6.10.19 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				A																																		A																										
Reset 0x00000000				0																																		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value	ID	Value		Description																																																									
A	RW	ENABLE					Enable or disable CCM																																																									
		Disabled	0				Disable																																																									
		Enabled	2				Enable																																																									

7.1.6.10.20 MODE

Address offset: 0x504

Operation mode

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				C																B B																A
Reset 0x00000001				0 1																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	MODE			The mode of operation to be used. Settings in this register apply whenever either the KSGEN task or the CRYPT task is triggered.																															
			Encryption	0	AES CCM packet encryption mode																															
			Decryption	1	AES CCM packet decryption mode																															
B	RW	DATARATE			Radio data rate that the CCM shall run synchronous with																															
			1Mbit	0	1 Mbps																															
			2Mbit	1	2 Mbps																															
			125Kbps	2	125 Kbps																															
			500Kbps	3	500 Kbps																															
C	RW	LENGTH			Packet length configuration																															
			Default	0	Default length. Effective length of LENGTH field in encrypted/decrypted packet is 5 bits. A keystream for packet payloads up to 27 bytes will be generated.																															
			Extended	1	Extended length. Effective length of LENGTH field in encrypted/decrypted packet is 8 bits. A keystream for packet payloads up to MAXPACKETSIZE bytes will be generated.																															

7.1.6.10.21 CNFPTR

Address offset: 0x508

Pointer to data structure holding the AES key and the NONCE vector

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	CNFPTR		Pointer to the data structure holding the AES key and the CCM NONCE vector (see table CCM data structure overview)																															

7.1.6.10.22 INPTR

Address offset: 0x50C

Input pointer

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	INPTR					Input pointer																											

7.1.6.10.23 OUTPTR

Address offset: 0x510

Output pointer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																																	
A	RW	OUTPTR							Output pointer																																		

7.1.6.10.24 SCRATCHPTR

Address offset: 0x514

Pointer to data area used for temporary storage

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A			
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																														
A	RW	SCRATCHPTR					<p>Pointer to a scratch data area used for temporary storage during keystream generation, MIC generation and encryption/decryption.</p> <p>The scratch area is used for temporary storage of data during keystream generation and encryption.</p> <p>When MODE.LENGTH = Default, a space of 43 bytes is required for this temporary storage. When MODE.LENGTH = Extended, a space of (16 + MAXPACKETSIZE) bytes is required.</p>																														

7.1.6.10.25 MAXPACKETSIZE

Address offset: 0x518

Length of keystream generated when MODE.LENGTH = Extended

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																											A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x000000FB			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	MAXPACKETSIZE	[0x001B..0x00FB]		Length of keystream generated when MODE.LENGTH = Extended. This value must be greater than or equal to the subsequent packet payload to be encrypted/decrypted.																														

7.1.6.10.26 RATEOVERRIDE

Address offset: 0x51C

Data rate override setting.

Override value to be used instead of the setting of MODE.DATARATE. This override value applies when the RATEOVERRIDE task is triggered.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A	A		
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW		RATEOVERRIDE				Data rate override setting																																				
			1Mbit		0		1 Mbps																																				
			2Mbit		1		2 Mbps																																				
			125Kbps		2		125 Kbps																																				
			500Kbps		3		500 Kbps																																				

7.1.6.10.27 HEADERMASK

Address offset: 0x520

Header (S0) mask.

Bitmask for packet header (S0) before MIC generation/authentication.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x000000E3				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW		HEADERMASK		Header (S0) mask																														

7.1.6.11 Electrical specification

7.1.6.11.1 Timing specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t _{kgen}	Time needed for keystream generation (given priority access to destination RAM block)	..	..	..	µs

7.1.7 COMP — Comparator

The comparator (COMP) compares an input voltage (VIN+) against a second input voltage (VIN-). VIN+ can be derived from an analog input pin (AIN0-AIN7). VIN- can be derived from multiple sources depending on the operation mode of the comparator.

Main features of the comparator are:

- Input range from 0 V to VDD
- Single-ended mode
 - Fully flexible hysteresis using a 64-level reference ladder
- Differential mode
 - Configurable hysteresis
- Reference inputs (VREF):
 - VDD
 - External reference from AIN0 to AIN7 (between 0 V and VDD)
 - Internal references 1.2 V, 1.8 V and 2.4 V
- Three speed/power consumption modes: low-power, normal and high-speed
- Single-pin capacitive sensor support

- Event generation on output changes
 - UP event on $V_{IN-} > V_{IN+}$
 - DOWN event on $V_{IN-} < V_{IN+}$
 - CROSS event on V_{IN+} and V_{IN-} crossing
 - READY event on core and internal reference (if used) ready

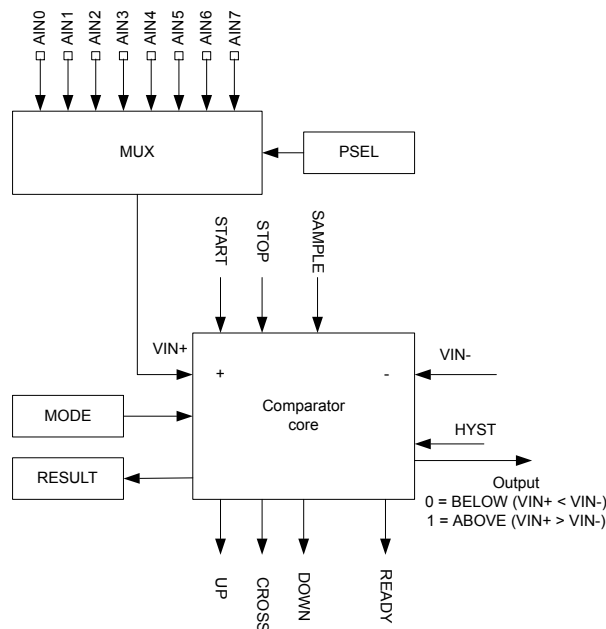


Figure 43: Comparator overview

Once enabled (using the [ENABLE](#) register), the comparator is started by triggering the START task and stopped by triggering the STOP task. The comparator will generate a READY event to indicate when it is ready for use and the output is correct. The delay between START and READY is $t_{INT_REF,START}$ if an internal reference is selected, or $t_{COMP,START}$ if an external reference is used. When the COMP module is started, events will be generated every time V_{IN+} crosses V_{IN-} .

Operation modes

The comparator can be configured to operate in two main operation modes, differential mode and single-ended mode. See the [MODE](#) register for more information. In both operation modes, the comparator can operate in different speed and power consumption modes (low-power, normal and high-speed). High-speed mode will consume more power compared to low-power mode, and low-power mode will result in slower response time compared to high-speed mode.

Use the [PSEL](#) register to select any of the AIN0-AIN7 pins as V_{IN+} input, regardless of the operation mode selected for the comparator. The source of V_{IN-} depends on which operation mode is used:

- Differential mode: Derived directly from AIN0 to AIN7
- Single-ended mode: Derived from VREF. VREF can be derived from VDD, AIN0-AIN7 or internal 1.2 V, 1.8 V and 2.4 V references.

The selected analog pins will be acquired by the comparator once it is enabled.

An optional hysteresis on V_{IN+} and V_{IN-} can be enabled when the module is used in differential mode through the [HYST](#) register. In single-ended mode, VUP and VDOWN thresholds can be set to implement a hysteresis using the reference ladder (see [Figure 46: Comparator in single-ended mode](#) on page 172). This hysteresis is in the order of magnitude of $V_{DIFFHYST}$, and shall prevent noise on the signal to create unwanted events. See [Figure 47: Hysteresis example where \$V_{IN+}\$ starts below VUP](#) on page 172 for illustration of the effect of an active hysteresis on a noisy input signal.

An upward crossing will generate an UP event and a downward crossing will generate a DOWN event. The CROSS event will be generated every time there is a crossing, independent of direction.

The immediate value of the comparator can be sampled to [RESULT](#) register by triggering the SAMPLE task.

ISOURCE

A selectable current can be applied (ISOURCE register) on the currently selected AINx line. Enabling the block creates a feedback path around the comparator, forming a relaxation oscillator. The circuit will sink current from VIN+ when the comparator output is high, and source current into VIN+ when the comparator output is low. The frequency of the oscillator is dependent on the capacitance at the analog input pin, the reference voltages and the value of the current source. In this mode, only a capacitive sensor needs to be attached between the analog input pin and ground. With a selected current of 10 µA, VUP-VDOWN equal to 1 V, and an external capacity of typically 10 pF, the resulting oscillation frequency is around 500 kHz.

The frequency of the oscillator can be calculated as

$$f_{_OSC} = I_SOURCE / (2C \cdot (VUP - VDOWN))$$

7.1.7.1 Shared resources

The COMP shares analog resources with SAADC. While it is possible to use the SAADC at the same time as the COMP, selecting the same analog input pin for both modules is not supported.

Additionally, COMP shares registers and other resources with other peripherals that have the same ID as the COMP. See [Peripherals with shared ID](#) on page 138 for more information.

The COMP peripheral shall not be disabled (by writing to the ENABLE register) before the peripheral has been stopped. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

7.1.7.2 Differential mode

In differential mode, the reference input VIN- is derived directly from one of the AINx pins.

Before enabling the comparator via the [ENABLE](#) register, the following registers must be configured for the differential mode:

- [PSEL](#)
- [MODE](#)
- [EXTREFSEL](#)

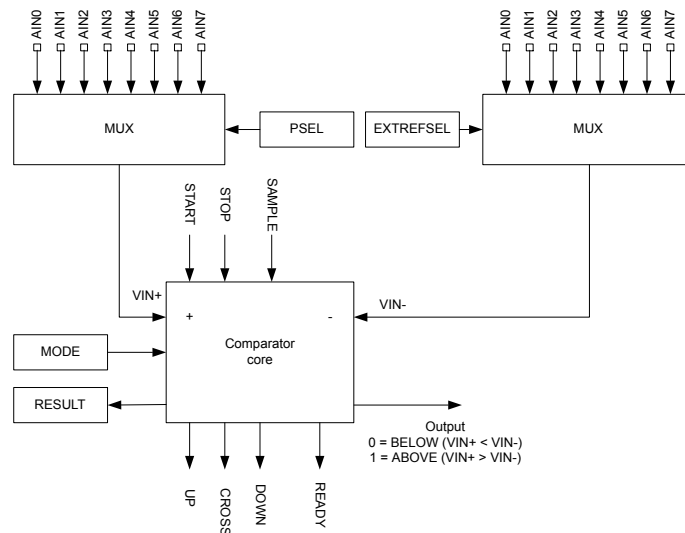


Figure 44: Comparator in differential mode

Note: Depending on the device, not all the analog inputs may be available for each MUX. See definitions for [PSEL](#) and [EXTREFSEL](#) for more information about which analog pins are available on a particular device.

When [HYST](#) register is turned on while in this mode, the output of the comparator (and associated events) will change from ABOVE to BELOW whenever V_{IN+} becomes lower than $V_{IN-} - (V_{DIFFHYST} / 2)$. It will also change from BELOW to ABOVE whenever V_{IN+} becomes higher than $V_{IN-} + (V_{DIFFHYST} / 2)$. This behavior is illustrated in [Figure 45: Hysteresis enabled in differential mode](#) on page 171.

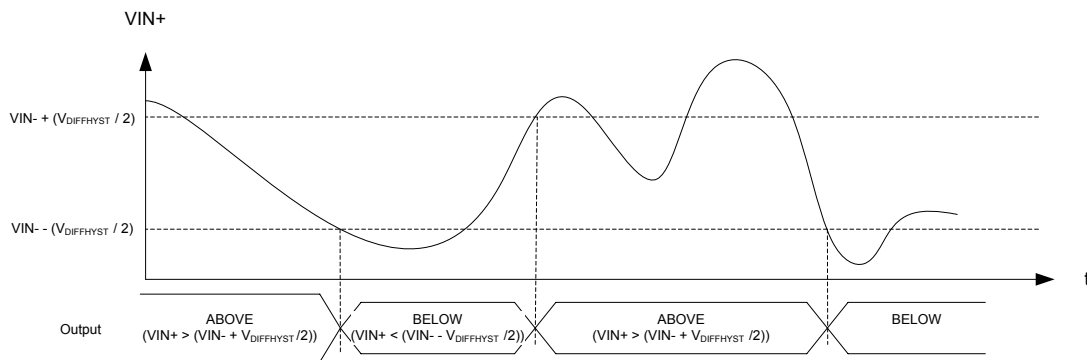


Figure 45: Hysteresis enabled in differential mode

7.1.7.3 Single-ended mode

In single-ended mode, V_{IN-} is derived from the reference ladder.

Before enabling the comparator via the [ENABLE](#) register, the following registers must be configured for the single-ended mode:

- [PSEL](#)
- [MODE](#)
- [REFSEL](#)
- [EXTREFSEL](#)
- [TH](#)

The reference ladder uses the reference voltage (V_{REF}) to derive two new voltage references, V_{UP} and V_{DOWN} . V_{UP} and V_{DOWN} are configured using TH_{UP} and TH_{DOWN} respectively in the [TH](#) register. V_{REF}

can be derived from any of the available reference sources, configured using the [EXTREFSEL](#) and [REFSEL](#) registers as illustrated in [Figure 46: Comparator in single-ended mode](#) on page 172. When AREF is selected in the [REFSEL](#) register, the [EXTREFSEL](#) register is used to select one of the AIN0-AIN7 analog input pins as reference input. The selected analog pins will be acquired by the comparator once it is enabled.

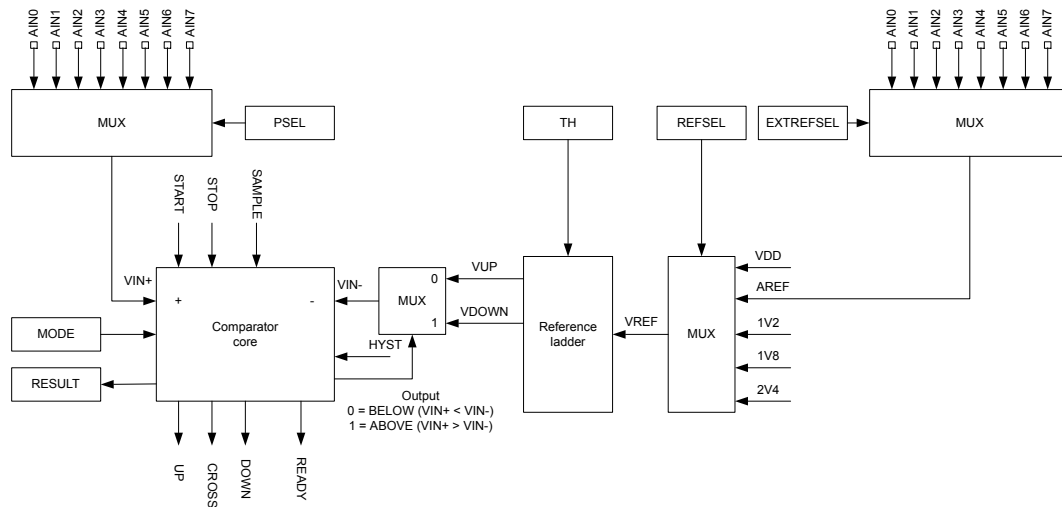


Figure 46: Comparator in single-ended mode

Note: Depending on the device, not all the analog inputs may be available for each MUX. See definitions for [PSEL](#) and [EXTREFSEL](#) for more information about which analog pins are available on a particular device.

When the comparator core detects that $VIN+ > VIN-$, i.e. ABOVE as per the [RESULT](#) register, $VIN-$ will switch to $VDOWN$. When $VIN+$ falls below $VIN-$ again, $VIN-$ will be switched back to VUP . By specifying VUP larger than $VDOWN$, a hysteresis can be generated as illustrated in [Figure 47: Hysteresis example where \$VIN+\$ starts below \$VUP\$](#) on page 172 and [Figure 48: Hysteresis example where \$VIN+\$ starts above \$VUP\$](#) on page 173.

Writing to [HYST](#) has no effect in single-ended mode, and the content of this register is ignored.

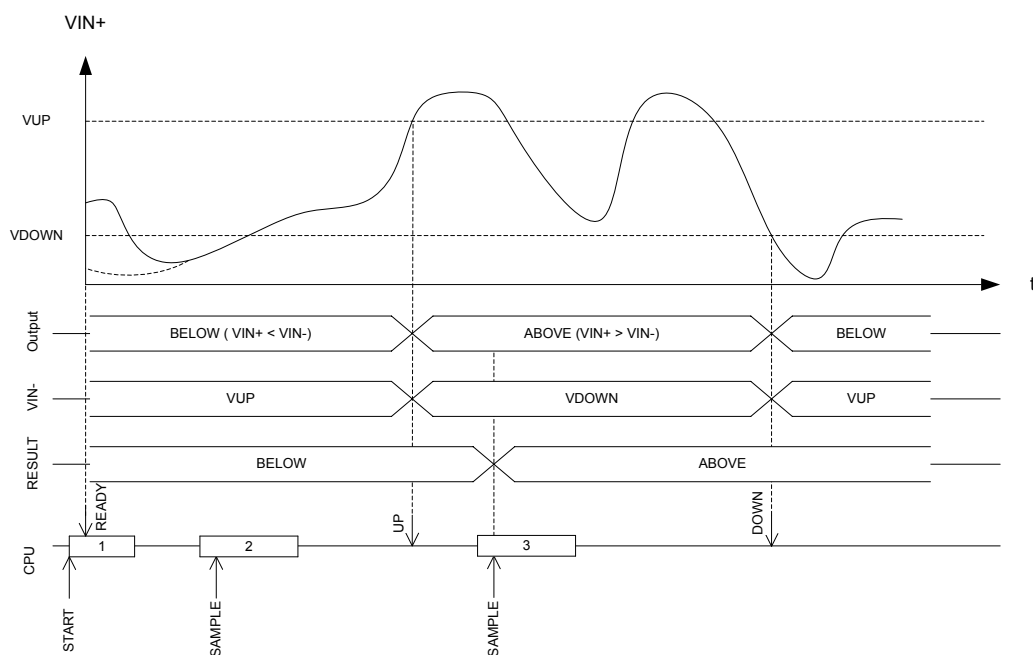


Figure 47: Hysteresis example where $VIN+$ starts below VUP

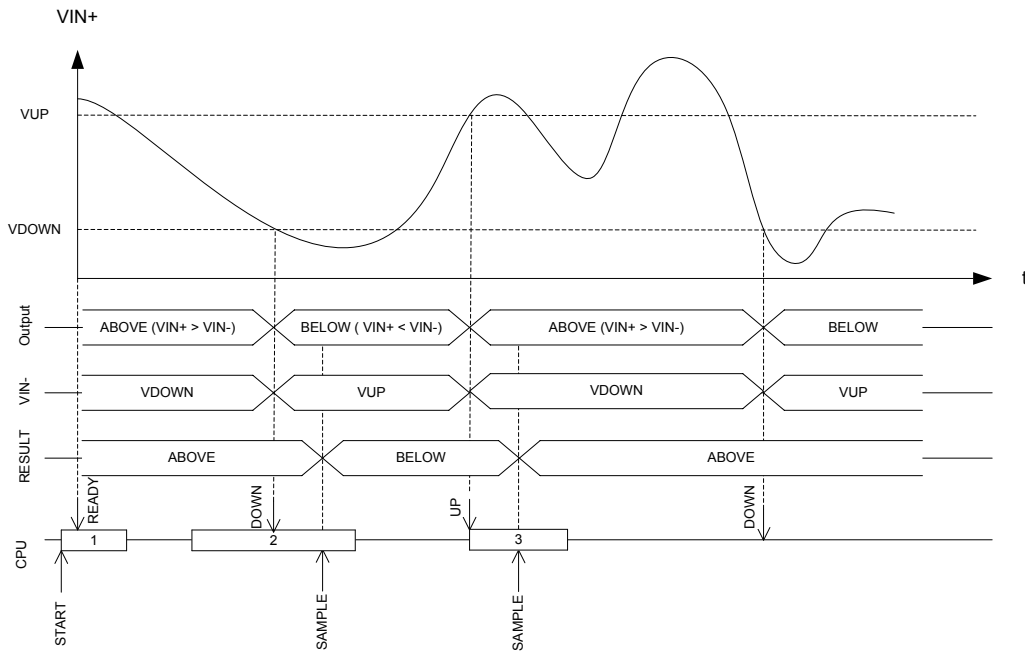


Figure 48: Hysteresis example where VIN+ starts above VUP

7.1.7.4 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x5001A000	APPLICATION	COMP	COMP : S	US	NA	Comparator	
0x4001A000			COMP : NS				

Table 61: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Start comparator
TASKS_STOP	0x004		Stop comparator
TASKS_SAMPLE	0x008		Sample comparator value
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
SUBSCRIBE_SAMPLE	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task SAMPLE
EVENTS_READY	0x100		COMP is ready and output is valid
EVENTS_DOWN	0x104		Downward crossing
EVENTS_UP	0x108		Upward crossing
EVENTS_CROSS	0x10C		Downward or upward crossing
PUBLISH_READY	0x180		Publish configuration for event READY
PUBLISH_DOWN	0x184		Publish configuration for event DOWN
PUBLISH_UP	0x188		Publish configuration for event UP
PUBLISH_CROSS	0x18C		Publish configuration for event CROSS
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
RESULT	0x400		Compare result
ENABLE	0x500		COMP enable
PSEL	0x504		Pin select
REFSEL	0x508		Reference source select for single-ended mode

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EXTREFSEL	0x50C		External reference select
TH	0x530		Threshold configuration for hysteresis unit
MODE	0x534		Mode configuration
HYST	0x538		Comparator hysteresis enable
ISOURCE	0x53C		Current source select on analog input

Table 62: Register overview

7.1.7.4.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Start comparator

Bit number					31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																					A
Reset 0x00000000					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	W	TASKS_START			Start comparator																																
			Trigger	1	Trigger task																																

7.1.7.4.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x004

Stop comparator

Bit number					31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																					A
Reset 0x00000000					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	W	TASKS_STOP			Stop comparator																																
			Trigger	1	Trigger task																																

7.1.7.4.3 TASKS_SAMPLE

Address offset: 0x008

Sample comparator value

Bit number					31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																					A
Reset 0x00000000					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	W	TASKS_SAMPLE			Sample comparator value																																
			Trigger	1	Trigger task																																

7.1.7.4.4 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task **START**

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID			B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task START will subscribe to																																
B	RW EN																																				
		Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																
		Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																

7.1.7.4.5 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																																						
B	RW EN																																												
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																						
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																						

7.1.7.4.6 SUBSCRIBE_SAMPLE

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task **SAMPLE**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task SAMPLE will subscribe to																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																		

7.1.7.4.7 EVENTS_READY

Address offset: 0x100

COMP is ready and output is valid

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID																																						A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_READY			COMP is ready and output is valid																																		
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1		Event generated																																		

7.1.7.4.8 EVENTS_DOWN

Address offset: 0x104

Downward crossing

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_DOWN		Downward crossing																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.7.4.9 EVENTS_UP

Address offset: 0x108

Upward crossing

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW		EVENTS_UP				Upward crossing																																				
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																				
			Generated		1		Event generated																																				

7.1.7.4.10 EVENTS_CROSS

Address offset: 0x10C

Downward or upward crossing

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_CROSS		Downward or upward crossing																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.7.4.11 PUBLISH_READY

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event [READY](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event READY will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.7.4.12 PUBLISH_DOWN

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event **DOWN**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event DOWN will publish to.																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																																											
			Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																																											

7.1.7.4.13 PUBLISH_UP

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event **UP**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event UP will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																	

7.1.7.4.14 PUBLISH_CROSS

Address offset: 0x18C

Publish configuration for event **CROSS**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that event CROSS will publish to.																																						
B	RW EN																																												
			Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																						
			Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																						

7.1.7.4.15 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																	
ID			E D C B A																																	
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																	
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	READY_SAMPLE			Shortcut between event READY and task SAMPLE																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
B	RW	READY_STOP			Shortcut between event READY and task STOP																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
C	RW	DOWN_STOP			Shortcut between event DOWN and task STOP																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
D	RW	UP_STOP			Shortcut between event UP and task STOP																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
E	RW	CROSS_STOP			Shortcut between event CROSS and task STOP																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															

7.1.7.4.16 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
D	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW READY			Enable or disable interrupt for event READY																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
B	RW DOWN			Enable or disable interrupt for event DOWN																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
C	RW UP			Enable or disable interrupt for event UP																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
D	RW CROSS			Enable or disable interrupt for event CROSS																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														

7.1.7.4.17 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	READY			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event READY																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
B	RW	DOWN			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event DOWN																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C	RW	UP			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event UP																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
D	RW	CROSS			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CROSS																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.7.4.18 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	READY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event READY																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
B	RW	DOWN			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event DOWN																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C	RW	UP			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event UP																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
D	RW	CROSS			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CROSS																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.7.4.19 RESULT

Address offset: 0x400

Compare result

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	R	RESULT				Result of last compare. Decision point SAMPLE task.																																	
		Below		0		Input voltage is below the threshold (VIN+ < VIN-)																																	
		Above		1		Input voltage is above the threshold (VIN+ > VIN-)																																	

7.1.7.4.20 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

COMP enable

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																						A	A					
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW	ENABLE				Enable or disable COMP																																						
		Disabled		0		Disable																																						
		Enabled		2		Enable																																						

7.1.7.4.21 PSEL

Address offset: 0x504

Pin select

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	PSEL				Analog pin select																																
			AnalogInput0		0	AIN0 selected as analog input																																
			AnalogInput1		1	AIN1 selected as analog input																																
			AnalogInput2		2	AIN2 selected as analog input																																
			AnalogInput3		3	AIN3 selected as analog input																																
			AnalogInput4		4	AIN4 selected as analog input																																
			AnalogInput5		5	AIN5 selected as analog input																																
			AnalogInput6		6	AIN6 selected as analog input																																
			AnalogInput7		7	AIN7 selected as analog input																																

7.1.7.4.22 REFSEL

Address offset: 0x508

Reference source select for single-ended mode

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A																															
Reset 0x00000004			0 1 0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW REFSEL			Reference select																														
		Int1V2	0	VREF = internal 1.2 V reference (VDD >= 1.7 V)																														
		Int1V8	1	VREF = internal 1.8 V reference (VDD >= VREF + 0.2 V)																														
		Int2V4	2	VREF = internal 2.4 V reference (VDD >= VREF + 0.2 V)																														
		VDD	4	VREF = VDD																														
		ARef	5	VREF = AREF																														

7.1.7.4.23 EXTREFSEL

Address offset: 0x50C

External reference select

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A A A																																			
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	EXTREFSEL		External analog reference select																																		
		AnalogReference0	0	Use AIN0 as external analog reference																																		
		AnalogReference1	1	Use AIN1 as external analog reference																																		
		AnalogReference2	2	Use AIN2 as external analog reference																																		
		AnalogReference3	3	Use AIN3 as external analog reference																																		
		AnalogReference4	4	Use AIN4 as external analog reference																																		
		AnalogReference5	5	Use AIN5 as external analog reference																																		
		AnalogReference6	6	Use AIN6 as external analog reference																																		
		AnalogReference7	7	Use AIN7 as external analog reference																																		

7.1.7.4.24 TH

Address offset: 0x530

Threshold configuration for hysteresis unit

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																						B	B	B	B	B	B										
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW THDOWN		[63:0]	VDOWN = (THDOWN+1)/64*VREF																																	
B	RW THUP		[63:0]	VUP = (THUP+1)/64*VREF																																	

7.1.7.4.25 MODE

Address offset: 0x534

Mode configuration

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A	RW	SP				Speed and power modes																												
			Low	0	Low-power mode																													
			Normal	1	Normal mode																													
			High	2	High-speed mode																													
B	RW	MAIN				Main operation modes																												
			SE	0	Single-ended mode																													
			Diff	1	Differential mode																													

7.1.7.4.26 HYST

Address offset: 0x538

Comparator hysteresis enable

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW HYST			Comparator hysteresis																														
		NoHyst	0	Comparator hysteresis disabled																														
		Hyst50mV	1	Comparator hysteresis enabled																														

7.1.7.4.27 ISOURCE

Address offset: 0x53C

Current source select on analog input

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW ISOURCE			Comparator hysteresis																														
		Off	0	Current source disabled																														
		Ien2mA5	1	Current source enabled (+/- 2.5 uA)																														
		Ien5mA	2	Current source enabled (+/- 5 uA)																														
		Ien10mA	3	Current source enabled (+/- 10 uA)																														

7.1.7.5 Electrical specification

7.1.7.5.1 COMP Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{\text{PROPDL},\text{LP}}$	Propagation delay, low-power mode ¹	..	..	..	μS
$t_{\text{PROPDL},\text{N}}$	Propagation delay, normal mode ¹	..	..	..	μS
$t_{\text{PROPDL},\text{HS}}$	Propagation delay, high-speed mode ¹	..	..	..	μS
V_{DIFFHYST}	Optional hysteresis applied to differential input	..	..	..	mV

¹ Propagation delay is with 10 mV overdrive.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{VDD-VREF}$	Required difference between VDD and a selected VREF, VDD > VREF	..	..	..	V
$t_{INT_REF,START}$	Startup time for the internal bandgap reference	..	..	..	μ S
E_{INT_REF}	Internal bandgap reference error	..	..	..	%
$V_{INPUTOFFSET}$	Input offset	..	..	..	mV
$t_{COMP,START}$	Startup time for the comparator core	..	..	..	μ S

7.1.8 CRYPTOCELL — ARM TrustZone CryptoCell 312

ARM TrustZone CryptoCell 312 (CRYPTOCELL) is a security subsystem which provides root of trust (RoT) and cryptographic services for a device.

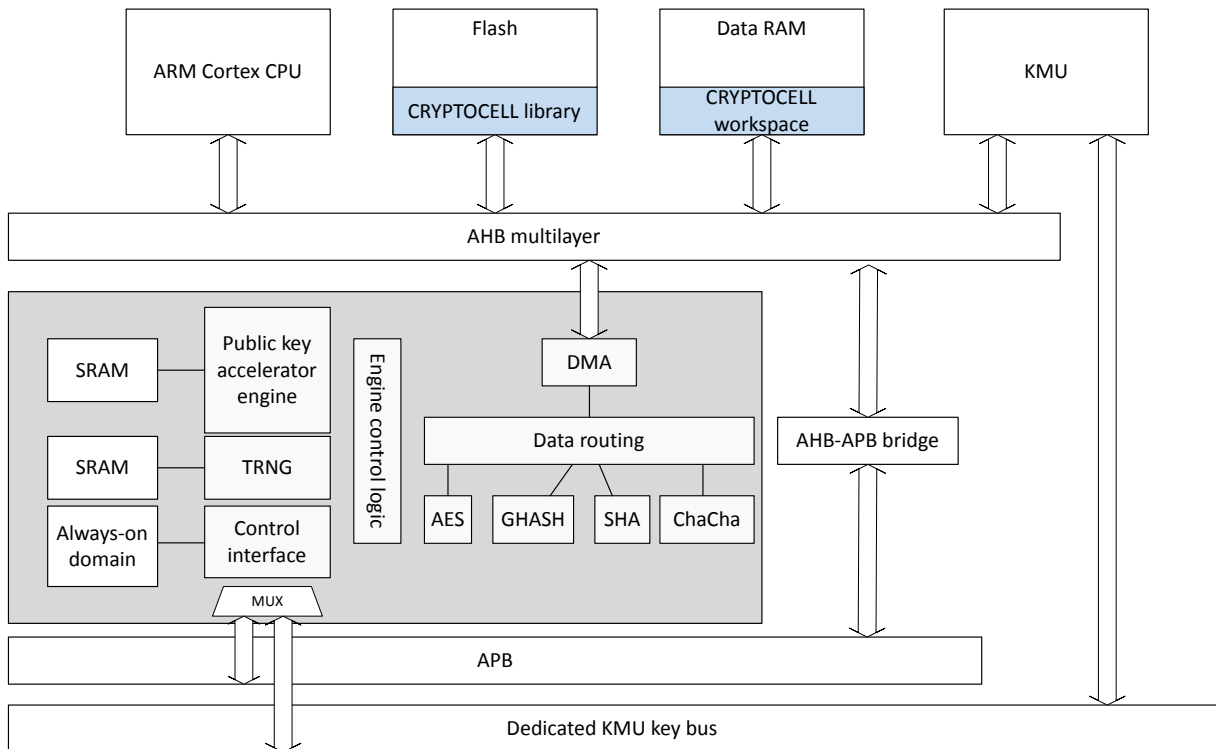


Figure 49: Block diagram for CRYPTOCELL

The following cryptographic features are provided:

- True random number generator (TRNG) compliant with NIST 800-90B, AIS-31, and FIPS 140-2
- Pseudorandom number generator (PRNG) using underlying AES engine compliant with NIST 800-90A
- RSA public key cryptography
 - Up to 3072-bit key size
 - PKCS#1 v2.1/v1.5
 - Optional CRT support
- Elliptic curve cryptography (ECC)
 - NIST FIPS 186-4 recommended curves using pseudorandom parameters, up to 521 bits:
 - Prime field: P-192, P-224, P-256, P-384, P-521
 - SEC 2 recommended curves using pseudorandom parameters, up to 521 bits:
 - Prime field: secp160r1, secp192r1, secp224r1, secp256r1, secp384r1, secp521r1
 - Koblitz curves using fixed parameters, up to 256 bits:

- Prime field: secp160k1, secp192k1, secp224k1, secp256k1
- Edwards/Montgomery curves:
 - Ed25519, Curve25519
- ECDH/ECDSA support
- Secure remote password protocol (SRP)
 - Up to 3072-bit operations
- Hashing functions
 - SHA-1, SHA-2 up to 256 bits
 - Keyed-hash message authentication code (HMAC)
- AES symmetric encryption
 - General purpose AES engine (encrypt/decrypt, sign/verify)
 - Supported key size: 128 and 256 bits
 - Supported encryption modes: ECB, CBC, CMAC/CBC-MAC, CTR, CCM/CCM*, GCM
- ChaCha20/Poly1305 symmetric encryption
 - Supported key size: 128 and 256 bits
 - Authenticated encryption with associated data (AEAD) mode

7.1.8.1 Usage

The CRYPTOCELL state is controlled via a register interface. The cryptographic functions of CRYPTOCELL are accessible by using a software library provided in the device SDK, not directly via a register interface.

To enable CRYPTOCELL, use register [ENABLE](#) on page 186.

WARNING: Keeping the CRYPTOCELL subsystem enabled will prevent the device from reaching the System ON, All Idle state.

7.1.8.2 Direct memory access (DMA)

The CRYPTOCELL features a direct access memory (DMA) to allow cryptographic operations on memory mapped regions without involving the CPU.

The maximum DMA transaction size is limited to $2^{16}-1$ bytes. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for information about what memories are accessible through the CRYPTOCELL DMA.

The CRYPTOCELL DMA can configure the security setting used for bus transactions.

Any data stored in memory type(s) not accessible by the CRYPTOCELL DMA engine must be copied to a memory type accessible by the direct memory before it can be processed by the CRYPTOCELL subsystem.

7.1.8.3 Standards

ARM TrustZone CryptoCell 312 (CRYPTOCELL) is compliant with the following protocol specifications and standards.

Algorithm family	Identification code	Document title
TRNG	NIST SP 800-90B	<i>Recommendation for the Entropy Sources Used for Random Bit Generation</i>
	AIS-31	<i>A proposal for: Functionality classes and evaluation methodology for physical random number generators</i>
	FIPS 140-2	<i>Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules</i>
PRNG	NIST SP 800-90A	<i>Recommendation for Random Number Generation Using Deterministic Random Bit Generators</i>
Stream cipher	Chacha	<i>ChaCha, a variant of Salsa20</i> , Daniel J. Bernstein, January 28th 2008
MAC	Poly1305	<i>The Poly1305-AES message-authentication code</i> , Daniel J. Bernstein
		<i>Cryptography in NaCl</i> , Daniel J. Bernstein
Key agreement	SRP	<i>The Secure Remote Password Protocol</i> , Thomas Wu, November 11th 1997
Key derivation	NIST SP 800-108	<i>Recommendation for Key Derivation Using Pseudorandom Functions</i> . Compliant with section 5.1
AES	FIPS-197	<i>Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)</i> . Compliant with 128-bit and 256-bit key size only
	NIST SP 800-38A	<i>Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation - Methods and Techniques</i> . Compliant with sections 6.1, 6.2, 6.4, and 6.5.
	NIST SP 800-38B	<i>Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: The CMAC Mode for Authentication</i>
	NIST SP 800-38C	<i>Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: The CCM Mode for Authentication and Confidentiality</i>
	ISO/IEC 9797-1	AES CBC-MAC per ISO/IEC 9797-1 MAC algorithm 1
	IEEE 802.15.4-2011	<i>IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks - Part 15.4: Low-Rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (LR-WPANs)</i> , Annex B.4: <i>Specification of generic CCM* mode of operation</i>
Hash	FIPS 180-3	Secure Hash Standard (SHA1, SHA-224, SHA-256)
	RFC2104	<i>HMAC: Keyed-Hashing for Message Authentication</i>
RSA	PKCS#1	<i>Public-Key Cryptography Standards (PKCS) #1: RSA Cryptography Specifications v1.5/2.1</i>
Diffie-Hellman	ANSI X9.42	<i>Public Key Cryptography for the Financial Services Industry: Agreement of Symmetric Keys Using Discrete Logarithm Cryptography</i>
	PKCS#3	<i>Diffie-Hellman Key-Agreement Standard</i>
ECC	ANSI X9.63	<i>Public Key Cryptography for the Financial Services Industry - Key Agreement and Key Transport Using Elliptic Curve Cryptography</i>
	IEEE 1363	<i>Standard Specifications for Public-Key Cryptography</i>
	ANSI X9.62	<i>Public Key Cryptography For The Financial Services Industry: The Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA)</i>
	Ed25519	Edwards-curve, <i>Ed25519: high-speed high-security signatures</i> , Daniel J. Bernstein, Niels Duif, Tanja Lange, Peter Schwabe, and Bo-Yin Yang
	Curve25519	Montgomery curve, <i>Curve25519: new Diffie-Hellman speed records</i> , Daniel J. Bernstein
	FIPS 186-4	<i>Digital Signature Standard (DSS)</i> . Compliant with sections 5.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, B.1.2, B.2.2, B.3.6, B.4.2, C.3.1, C.3.3, C.3.5, C.9, and D.1.2.
	SEC 2	<i>Recommended Elliptic Curve Domain Parameters</i> , Certicom Research
	NIST SP 800-56A rev. 2	<i>Recommendation for Pair-Wise Key Establishment Schemes Using Discrete Logarithm Cryptography</i>

Table 63: CRYPTOCELL cryptography standards

7.1.8.4 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50844000	APPLICATION	CRYPTOCELL	CRYPTOCELL	S	NSA	CryptoCell subsystem control interface	

Table 64: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
ENABLE	0x500		Enable CRYPTOCELL subsystem.

Table 65: Register overview

7.1.8.4.1 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable CRYPTOCELL subsystem.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																						A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value		ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	ENABLE						Enable or disable the CRYPTOCELL subsystem.																														
			Disabled		0			CRYPTOCELL subsystem disabled.																														
			Enabled		1			CRYPTOCELL subsystem enabled.																														
								When enabled, the CRYPTOCELL subsystem can be initialized and controlled through the CryptoCell firmware API.																														

7.1.9 DCNF — Domain configuration

The domain configuration (DCNF) module provides a way to identify the CPU by its CPU ID in the device (CPUID). It also provides protection of the AHB multilayer interconnect (AMLI).

To provide for the AMLI protection, the DCNF contains configuration registers that can be used to block some paths from the AHB masters to their respective AHB slaves in the AMLI.

For an illustration of how the AHB masters and slaves are connected through the AMLI, see [Memory](#) on page 18.

7.1.9.1 Protection

The DCNF protection involves blocking of paths from AHB masters in an external core to the AHB slaves in the local core's AMLI. This way, the local core's internal resources can be blocked from masters in an external core. A set of configuration registers is used to control this behavior.

See [Memory](#) on page 18 to get an overview of the AMLI.

The DCNF configuration registers that are enabling the DCNF protection are listed below.

- [EXTPERI\[n\].PROTECT](#)
- [EXTRAM\[n\].PROTECT](#)
- [EXTCODE\[n\].PROTECT](#)

An attempt to access the blocked resources will trigger a BusFault or a HardFault exception, depending on the value of the BUSFAULTENA bit in the ARM Cortex-M33 SHCSR (system handler control and state register), described in the *ARM Cortex-M33 Devices Generic User Guide*.

RAM protection

The protection of RAM regions is configured through the SLAVE-bits of the corresponding master ports' register [EXTRAM\[n\].PROTECT](#).

Peripheral protection

The protection of peripheral memory regions is configured through the SLAVE-bits of the corresponding master ports' register [EXTPERI\[n\].PROTECT](#).

Code protection

The protection of code memory regions is configured through the SLAVE-bits of the corresponding master ports' register `EXTCODE[0].PROTECT`.

7.1.9.2 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50000000	APPLICATION	DCNF	DCNF : S	US	NA	Domain configuration	CPUID value is 0x00000000
0x40000000			DCNF : NS				
0x41000000	NETWORK	DCNF	DCNF	NS	NA	Domain configuration	Registers EXTPERI[n].PROTECT, EXTRAM[n].PROTECT and EXTCODE[n].PROTECT not available for network core. CPUID value is 0x00000001

Table 66: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
CPUID	0x420		CPU ID of this subsystem
EXTPERI[n].PROTECT	0x440		Control access for master connected to AMLI master port EXTPERI[n]
EXTRAM[n].PROTECT	0x460		Control access from master connected to AMLI master port EXTRAM[n]
EXTCODE[n].PROTECT	0x480		Control access from master connected to AMLI master port EXTCODE[n]

Table 67: Register overview

7.1.9.2.1 CPUID

Address offset: 0x420

CPU ID of this subsystem

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A								
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	R	CPUID			CPU ID																																						

7.1.9.2.2 EXTPERI[n].PROTECT (n=0..0)

Address offset: 0x440 + (n × 0x4)

Control access for master connected to AMLI master port EXTPERI[n]

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																				A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																															
A-A	RW	SLAVE[i] (i=0..0)				Control access to slave i of master EXTPERI[n]																															
			Allowed		0	Access to slave is allowed																															
			Blocked		1	Access to slave is blocked																															

7.1.9.2.3 EXTRAM[n].PROTECT (n=0..0)

Address offset: $0x460 + (n \times 0x4)$

Control access from master connected to AMLI master port EXTRAM[n]

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																														H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A							
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A-H	RW	SLAVE[i] (i=0..7)						Control access to slave i of master EXTRAM[n]																																				
			Allowed		0		Access to slave is allowed																																					
			Blocked		1		Access to slave is blocked																																					

7.1.9.2.4 EXTCODE[n].PROTECT (n=0..0)

Address offset: $0x480 + (n \times 0x4)$

Control access from master connected to AMLI master port EXTCODE[n]

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-A	RW SLAVE[i] (i=0..0)			Control access to slave i of master EXTCODE[n]																															
		Allowed	0	Access to slave is allowed																															
		Blocked	1	Access to slave is blocked																															

7.1.10 DPPI - Distributed programmable peripheral interconnect

The distributed programmable peripheral interconnect (DPPI) enables peripherals to interact autonomously with each other by using tasks and events, without any intervention from the CPU. DPPI allows precise synchronization between peripherals when real-time application constraints exist, and eliminates the need for CPU involvement to implement behavior which can be predefined using the DPPI.

Note: Read [Peripheral interface](#) on page 136 to get familiarized with tasks, events, publish/subscribe, interrupts and other concepts.

The DPPI has the following features:

- Peripheral tasks can subscribe to channels
- Peripheral events can be published on channels
- Publish/subscribe pattern enabling multiple connection options that include the following:
 - One-to-one
 - One-to-many
 - Many-to-one
 - Many-to-many

The DPPI consists of several PPIBus modules, which are connected to a fixed number of DPPI channels and a DPPI configuration (DPPIC).

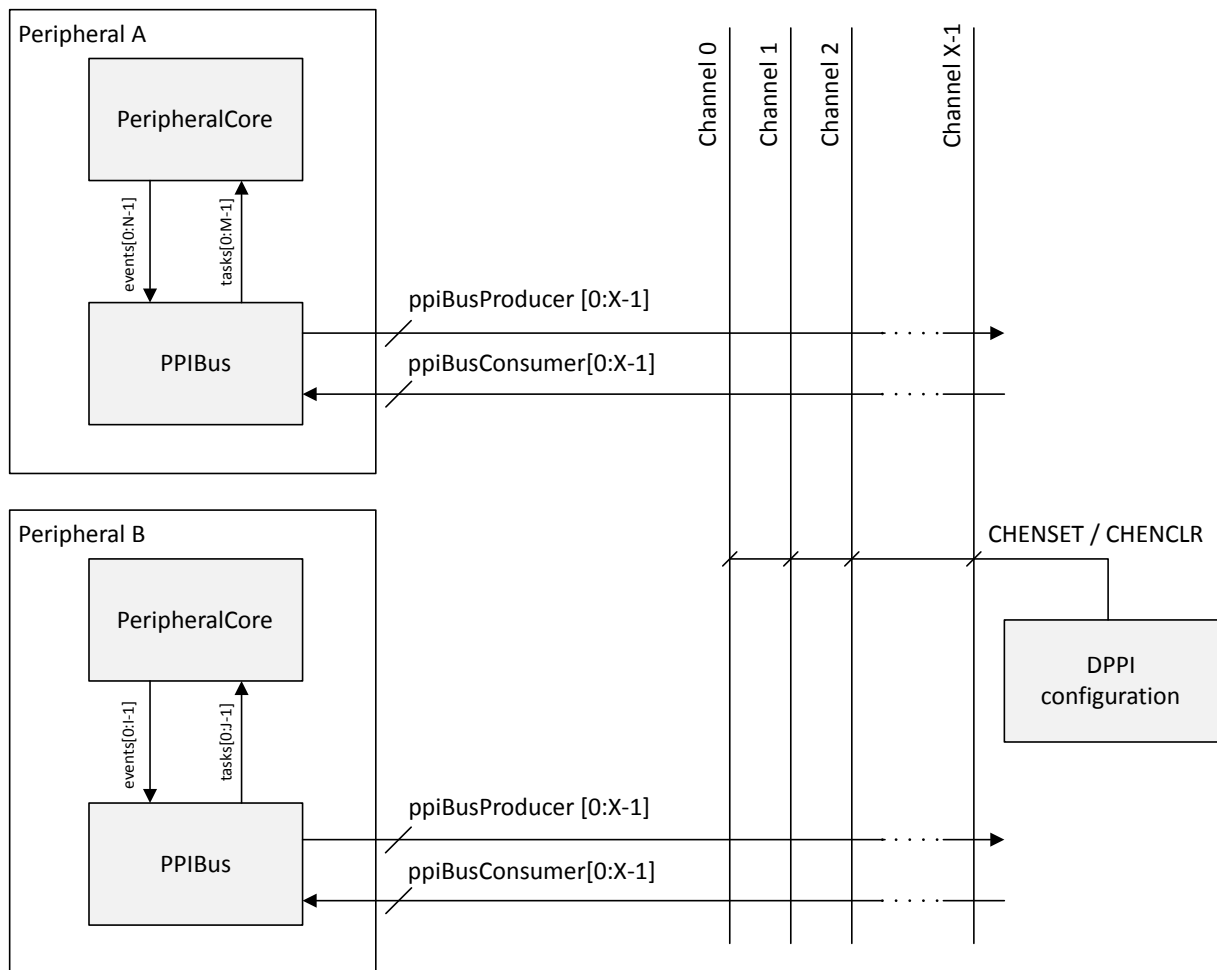


Figure 50: DPPI overview

7.1.10.1 Subscribing to and publishing on channels

The PPIBus can route peripheral events onto the channels (publishing), or route events from the channels into peripheral tasks (subscribing).

All peripherals include:

- One subscribe register per task
- One publish register per event

Publish and subscribe registers use a channel index field to determine the channel to which the event is published or tasks subscribed. In addition, there is an enable bit for the subscribe and publish registers that needs to be enabled before the subscription or publishing takes effect.

Writing non-existing channel index (CHIDX) numbers into a peripheral's publish or subscribe registers will yield unexpected results.

One event can trigger multiple tasks by subscribing different tasks to the same channel. Similarly, one task can be triggered by multiple events by publishing different events to the same channel. For advanced use cases, multiple events and multiple tasks can connect to the same channel forming a many-to-many connection. If multiple events are published on the same channel at the same time, the events are merged and only one event is routed through the DPPI.

How peripheral events are routed onto different channels based on publish registers is illustrated in the following figure.

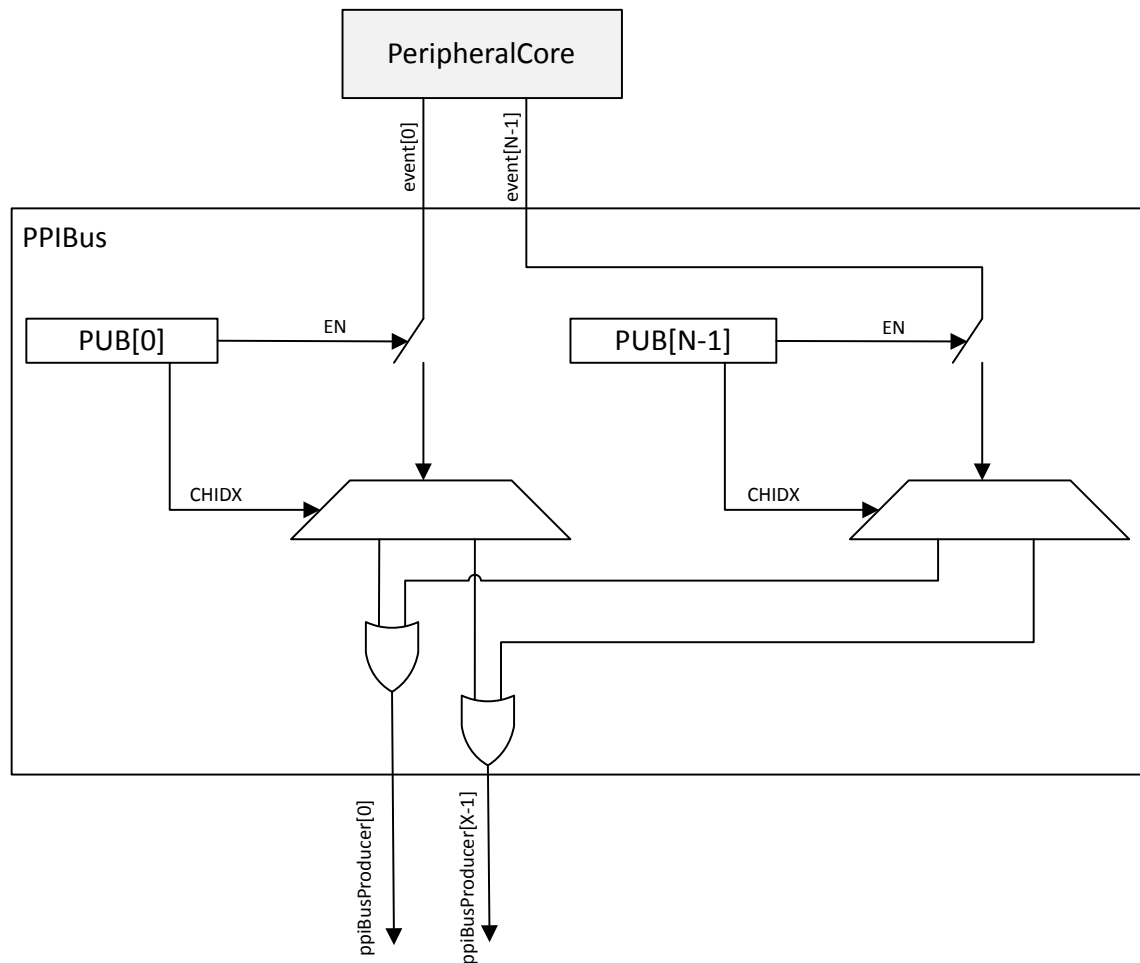


Figure 51: DPPI events flow

How peripheral tasks are triggered from different channels based on subscribe registers is illustrated in the following figure.

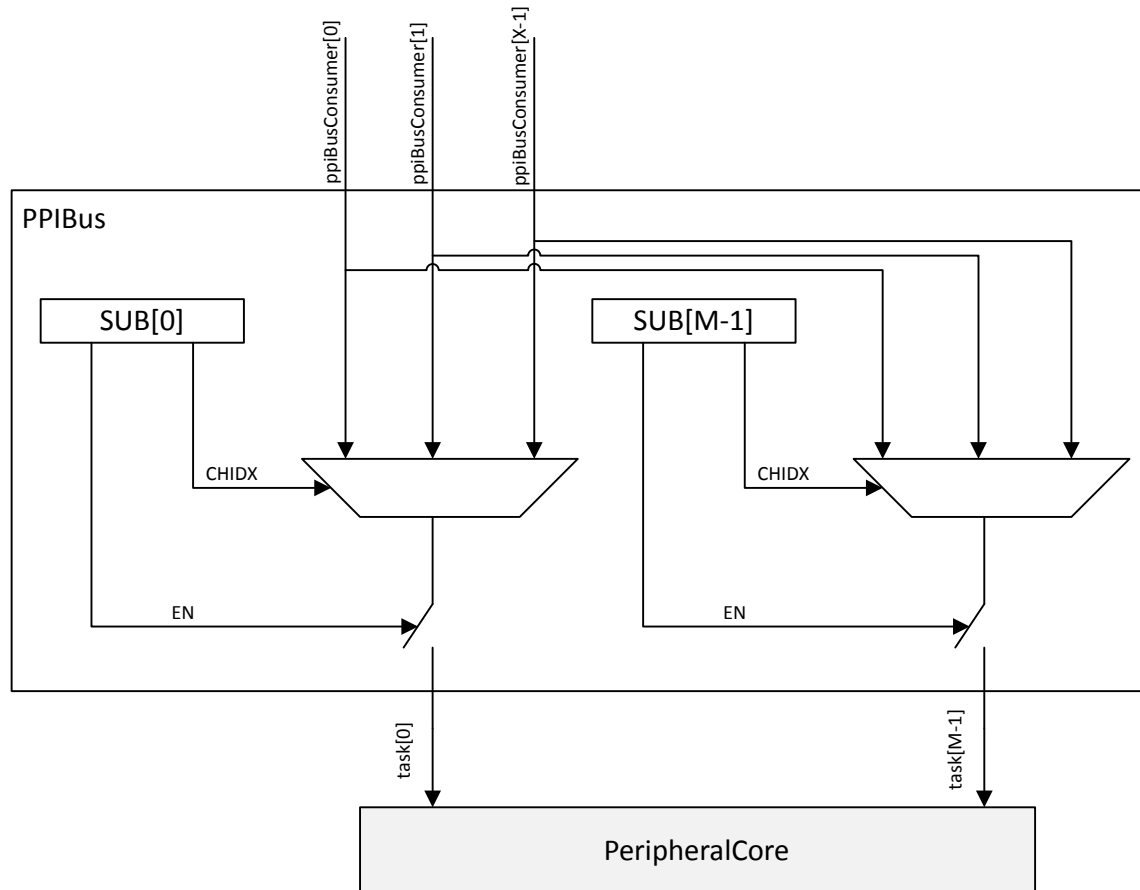


Figure 52: DPPI tasks flow

7.1.10.2 DPPI configuration (DPPIC)

Enabling and disabling of channels globally is handled through the DPPI configuration (DPPIC). Connection (connect/disconnect) between a channel and a peripheral is handled locally by the PPIBus.

There are two ways of enabling and disabling global channels using the DPPI configuration:

- Enable or disable channels individually using registers CHEN, CHENSET, and CHENCLR
- Enable or disable channels in channel groups using the groups' tasks ENABLE and DISABLE. It needs to be defined which channels belong to which channel groups before these tasks are triggered.

Note: ENABLE tasks are prioritized over DISABLE tasks. When a channel belongs to two or more groups, for example group m and n, and the tasks CHG[m].EN and CHG[n].DIS occur simultaneously (m and n can be equal or different), the CHG[m].EN task on that channel is prioritized.

The DPPI configuration tasks (for example CHG[0].EN) can be triggered through DPPI like any other task, which means they can be linked to a DPPI channel through the subscribe registers.

In order to write to CHG[x], the corresponding CHG[x].EN and CHG[x].DIS subscribe registers must be disabled. Writes to CHG[x] are ignored if any of the two subscribe registers are enabled.

7.1.10.3 Connection examples

DPPI offers several connection options. Examples are given for how to create one-to-one and many-to-many connections.

One-to-one connection

This example shows how to create a one-to-one connection between TIMER compare register and SAADC start task.

The channel configuration is set up first. TIMER0 will publish its COMPARE0 event on channel 0, and SAADC will subscribe its START task to events on the same channel. After that, the channel is enabled through the DPPIC.

```
NRF_TIMER0->PUBLISH_COMPARE0 = (DPPI_PUB_CHIDX_Ch0) |
                                (DPPI_PUB_EN_Msk);
NRF_SAADC->SUBSCRIBE_START    = (DPPI_SUB_CHIDX_Ch0) |
                                (DPPI_SUB_EN_Msk);

NRF_DPPIC->CHENSET = (DPPI_CHENSET_CH0_Set << DPPI_CHENSET_CH0_Pos);
```

Many-to-many connection

The example shows how to create a many-to-many connection, showcasing the DPPIC's channel group functionality.

A channel group that includes only channel 0 is set up first. Then the GPIOTE and TIMER0 configure their IN0 and COMPARE0 events respectively to be published on channel 0, while the SAADC configures its START task to subscribe to events on channel 0. Through DPPIC, the CHG0 DISABLE task is configured to subscribe to events on channel 0. After an event is received on channel 0 it will be disabled. Finally, channel 0 is enabled using the DPPIC task to enable a channel group.

```
NRF_DPPIC->CHG[0] = (DPPI_CHG_CH0_Included << PPI_CHG_CH0_Pos);

NRF_GPIOTE->PUBLISH_IN0      = (DPPI_PUB_CHIDX_Ch0) |
                                (DPPI_PUB_EN_Msk);
NRF_TIMER0->PUBLISH_COMPARE0 = (DPPI_PUB_CHIDX_Ch0) |
                                (DPPI_PUB_EN_Msk);
NRF_SAADC->SUBSCRIBE_START    = (DPPI_SUB_CHIDX_Ch0) |
                                (DPPI_SUB_EN_Msk);
NRF_DPPIC->SUBSCRIBE_CHG[0].DIS = (DPPI_SUB_CHIDX_Ch0) |
                                (DPPI_SUB_EN_Msk);

NRF_DPPIC->TASK_CHG[0].EN = 1;
```

7.1.10.4 Special considerations for a system implementing TrustZone for Cortex-M processors

DPPI is implemented with split security, meaning it handles both secure and non-secure accesses. In a system implementing the TrustZone for Cortex-M technology, DPPI channels can be defined as secure or non-secure using the SPU.

A peripheral configured as non-secure will only be able to subscribe to or publish on non-secure DPPI channels. A peripheral configured as secure will be able to access all DPPI channels. DPPI handles both secure and non-secure accesses, but behaves differently depending on the access type:

- A non-secure peripheral access can only configure and control the DPPI channels defined as non-secure in the SPU.DPPI.PERM[] register(s)

- A secure peripheral access can control all the DPPI channels, independently of the SPU.DPPI.PERM[] register(s)

A group of channels can be created, making it possible to simultaneously enable or disable all channels within the group. The security attribute of a group of channels (secure or non-secure) is defined as follows:

- If all channels (enabled or not) within a group are non-secure, then the group is considered non-secure
- If at least one of the channels (enabled or not) within the group is secure, then the group is considered secure

A non-secure access to a DPPI register, or a bit field, controlling a channel marked as secure in SPU.DPPI[].PERM register(s) will be ignored. Write accesses will have no effect, and read accesses will always return a zero value.

No exceptions are triggered when non-secure accesses target a register or a bit field controlling a secure channel. For example, if the bit i is set in the SPU.DPPI[0].PERM register (declaring DPPI channel i as secure), then:

- Non-secure write accesses to registers CHEN, CHENSET, and CHENCLR cannot write bit i of these registers
- Non-secure write accesses to TASK_CHG[j].EN and TASK_CHG[j].DIS registers are ignored if the channel group j contains at least one channel defined as secure (it can be the channel i itself or any channel declared as secure)
- Non-secure read accesses to registers CHEN, CHENSET, and CHENCLR always read 0 for the bit at position i

For the channel configuration registers (CHG[]), access from non-secure code is only possible if the included channels are all non-secure, whether the channels are enabled or not. If a CHG[g] register included one or more secure channel(s), then the group g is considered as secure, and only secure transfers can read to or write from CHG[g]. A non-secure write access is ignored, and a non-secure read access returns 0.

The DPPI can subscribe to secure and non-secure channels through the SUBSCRIBE_CHG[] registers, in order to trigger the task for enabling or disabling groups of channels. An event from a non-secure channel will be ignored if the group subscribing to this channel is secure. An event from a secure channel can trigger both secure and non-secure tasks.

7.1.10.5 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50017000	APPLICATION	DPPIC	DPPIC : S	SPLIT	NA	DPPI controller	Application core
0x40017000			DPPIC : NS				implements 32 DPPI channels
0x4100F000	NETWORK	DPPIC	DPPIC	NS	NA	DPPI controller	Network core implements 16 DPPI channels

Table 68: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_CHG[n].EN	0x000		Enable channel group n
TASKS_CHG[n].DIS	0x004		Disable channel group n
SUBSCRIBE_CHG[n].EN	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task CHG[n].EN
SUBSCRIBE_CHG[n].DIS	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task CHG[n].DIS
CHEN	0x500		Channel enable register
CHENSET	0x504		Channel enable set register
CHENCLR	0x508		Channel enable clear register
CHG[n]	0x800		Channel group n
Note: Writes to this register are ignored if either SUBSCRIBE_CHG[n].EN or SUBSCRIBE_CHG[n].DIS is enabled			

Table 69: Register overview

7.1.10.5.1 TASKS_CHG[n].EN (n=0..5)

Address offset: 0x000 + (n × 0x8)

Enable channel group n

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	W	EN			Enable channel group n																														
			Trigger	1	Trigger task																														

7.1.10.5.2 TASKS_CHG[n].DIS (n=0..5)

Address offset: 0x004 + (n × 0x8)

Disable channel group n

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W DIS			Disable channel group n																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.10.5.3 SUBSCRIBE_CHG[n].EN (n=0..5)

Address offset: 0x080 + (n × 0x8)

Subscribe configuration for task CHG[n].EN

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task CHG[n].EN will subscribe to																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.10.5.4 SUBSCRIBE_CHG[n].DIS (n=0..5)

Address offset: 0x084 + (n × 0x8)

Subscribe configuration for task CHG[n].DIS

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task CHG[n].DIS will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.10.5.5 CHEN

Address offset: 0x500

Channel enable register

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				f e d c b a Z Y X W V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-f	RW	CH[i] (i=0..31)		Enable or disable channel i																															
		Disabled	0	Disable channel																															
		Enabled	1	Enable channel																															

7.1.10.5.6 CHENSET

Address offset: 0x504

Channel enable set register

Read: Reads value of CH{i} field in CHEN register

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			f e d c b a Z Y X W V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A-f	RW	CH[i] (i=0..31)		Channel i enable set register. Writing 0 has no effect.																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Channel disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Channel enabled																														
		Set	1	Write: Enable channel																														

7.1.10.5.7 CHENCLR

Address offset: 0x508

Channel enable clear register

Read: Reads value of CH{i} field in CHEN register

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A-f	RW	CH[i] (i=0..31)		Channel i enable clear register. Writing 0 has no effect.																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Channel disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Channel enabled																														
		Clear	1	Write: Disable channel																														

7.1.10.5.8 CHG[n] (n=0..5)

Address offset: 0x800 + (n × 0x4)

Channel group n

Note: Writes to this register are ignored if either SUBSCRIBE_CHG[n].EN or SUBSCRIBE_CHG[n].DIS is enabled

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A				
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value			Description																																
A-f	RW	CH[i] (i=0..31)				Include or exclude channel i																																
		Excluded	0			Exclude																																
		Included	1			Include																																

7.1.11 ECB — AES electronic codebook mode encryption

The AES electronic codebook mode encryption (ECB) can be used for a range of cryptographic functions like hash generation, digital signatures, and keystream generation for data encryption/decryption. The ECB encryption block supports 128 bit AES encryption (encryption only, not decryption).

AES ECB operates with EasyDMA access to system Data RAM for in-place operations on cleartext and ciphertext during encryption. ECB uses the same AES core as the CCM and AAR blocks and is an asynchronous operation which may not complete if the AES core is busy.

AES ECB features:

- 128 bit AES encryption
- Supports standard AES ECB block encryption
- Memory pointer support
- DMA data transfer

AES ECB performs a 128 bit AES block encrypt. At the STARTECB task, data and key is loaded into the algorithm by EasyDMA. When output data has been written back to memory, the ENDECB event is triggered.

AES ECB can be stopped by triggering the STOPECB task.

7.1.11.1 Shared resources

The ECB, CCM, and AAR share the same AES module. The ECB will always have lowest priority and if there is a sharing conflict during encryption, the ECB operation will be aborted and an ERRORECB event will be generated.

7.1.11.2 EasyDMA

The ECB implements an EasyDMA mechanism for reading and writing to the Data RAM. This DMA cannot access the program memory or any other parts of the memory area except RAM.

If the ECBDATAPTR is not pointing to the Data RAM region, an EasyDMA transfer may result in a HardFault or RAM corruption. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information about the different memory regions.

The EasyDMA will have finished accessing the Data RAM when the ENDECB or ERRORECB is generated.

7.1.11.3 ECB data structure

Input to the block encrypt and output from the block encrypt are stored in the same data structure. ECBDATAPTR should point to this data structure before STARTECB is initiated.

Property	Address offset	Description
KEY	0	16 byte AES key
CLEARTEXT	16	16 byte AES cleartext input block
CIPHERTEXT	32	16 byte AES ciphertext output block

Table 70: ECB data structure overview

7.1.11.4 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x4100D000	NETWORK	ECB	ECB	NS	NA	AES ECB mode encryption	

Table 71: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_STARTECB	0x000		Start ECB block encrypt
TASKS_STOPECB	0x004		Abort a possible executing ECB operation
SUBSCRIBE_STARTECB	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task STARTECB
SUBSCRIBE_STOPECB	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOPECB
EVENTS_ENDECB	0x100		ECB block encrypt complete
EVENTS_ERRORECB	0x104		ECB block encrypt aborted because of a STOPECB task or due to an error
PUBLISH_ENDECB	0x180		Publish configuration for event ENDECB
PUBLISH_ERRORECB	0x184		Publish configuration for event ERRORECB
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
ECBDATAPTR	0x504		ECB block encrypt memory pointers

Table 72: Register overview

7.1.11.4.1 TASKS_STARTECB

Address offset: 0x000

Start ECB block encrypt

If a crypto operation is already running in the AES core, the STARTECB task will not start a new encryption and an ERRORECB event will be triggered

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	W	TASKS_STARTECB			Start ECB block encrypt																														
					If a crypto operation is already running in the AES core, the STARTECB task will not start a new encryption and an ERRORECB event will be triggered																														
			Trigger	1	Trigger task																														

7.1.11.4.2 TASKS_STOPECB

Address offset: 0x004

Abort a possible executing ECB operation

If a running ECB operation is aborted by STOPECB, the ERRORECB event is triggered.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	W	TASKS_STOPECB				Abort a possible executing ECB operation																													
						If a running ECB operation is aborted by STOPECB, the ERRORECB event is triggered.																													
			Trigger	1		Trigger task																													

7.1.11.4.3 SUBSCRIBE_STARTECB

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task [STARTECB](#)

If a crypto operation is already running in the AES core, the STARTECB task will not start a new encryption and an ERRORECB event will be triggered

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0								
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A												
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																							
A	RW	CHIDX						[255..0]			Channel that task STARTECB will subscribe to																																						
B	RW	EN																																															
					Disabled			0			Disable subscription																																						
					Enabled			1			Enable subscription																																						

7.1.11.4.4 SUBSCRIBE_STOPECB

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task [STOPECB](#)

If a running ECB operation is aborted by STOPECB, the ERRORECB event is triggered.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task STOPECB will subscribe to																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																																										
			Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																																										

7.1.11.4.5 EVENTS_ENDECB

Address offset: 0x100

ECB block encrypt complete

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW EVENTS_ENDECB			ECB block encrypt complete																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.11.4.6 EVENTS_ERRORECB

Address offset: 0x104

ECB block encrypt aborted because of a STOPECB task or due to an error

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_ERRORECB			ECB block encrypt aborted because of a STOPECB task or due to an error																														
			NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
			Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.11.4.7 PUBLISH_ENDECB

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event **ENDECB**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value		Description																																																								
A	RW CHIDX					[255..0]		Channel that event ENDECB will publish to.																																																								
B	RW EN																																																															
				Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																																								
				Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																																								

7.1.11.4.8 PUBLISH_ERRORCB

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event [ERRORCB](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event ERRORCB will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.11.4.9 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW ENDECB			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDECB																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW ERRORCB			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ERRORCB																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.11.4.10 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW ENDECB			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDECB																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW ERRORCB			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ERRORCB																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.11.4.11 ECBDATAPTR

Address offset: 0x504

ECB block encrypt memory pointers

Bit number					31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID					A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW ECBDATAPTR				Pointer to the ECB data structure (see Table 1 ECB data structure overview)																															

7.1.11.5 Electrical specification

7.1.11.5.1 ECB Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t _{ECB}	Run time per 16 byte block in all modes	..	..	..	µs

7.1.12 EGU — Event generator unit

Event generator unit (EGU) provides support for interlayer signaling. This means providing support for atomic triggering of both CPU execution and hardware tasks, from both firmware (by CPU) and hardware (by PPI). This feature can, for instance, be used for triggering CPU execution at a lower priority execution from a higher priority execution, or to handle a peripheral's interrupt service routine (ISR) execution at a lower priority for some of its events. However, triggering any priority from any priority is possible.

Listed here are the main EGU features:

- Software-enabled interrupt triggering
- Separate interrupt vectors for every EGU instance
- Up to 16 separate event flags per interrupt for multiplexing

Each instance of EGU implements a set of tasks which can individually be triggered to generate the corresponding event, for example, the corresponding event for TASKS_TRIGGER[n] is EVENTS_TRIGGERED[n]. See [Table 73: Instances](#) on page 202 for a list of EGU instances.

7.1.12.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x5001B000	APPLICATION	EGU	EGU0 : S	US	NA	Event generator unit 0	
0x4001B000			EGU0 : NS				
0x5001C000	APPLICATION	EGU	EGU1 : S	US	NA	Event generator unit 1	
0x4001C000			EGU1 : NS				
0x5001D000	APPLICATION	EGU	EGU2 : S	US	NA	Event generator unit 2	
0x4001D000			EGU2 : NS				
0x5001E000	APPLICATION	EGU	EGU3 : S	US	NA	Event generator unit 3	
0x4001E000			EGU3 : NS				
0x5001F000	APPLICATION	EGU	EGU4 : S	US	NA	Event generator unit 4	
0x4001F000			EGU4 : NS				
0x50020000	APPLICATION	EGU	EGU5 : S	US	NA	Event generator unit 5	
0x40020000			EGU5 : NS				
0x41014000	NETWORK	EGU	EGU0	NS	NA	Event generator unit 0	

Table 73: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_TRIGGER[n]	0x000		Trigger n for triggering the corresponding TRIGGERED[n] event
SUBSCRIBE_TRIGGER[n]	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task TRIGGER[n]
EVENTS_TRIGGERED[n]	0x100		Event number n generated by triggering the corresponding TRIGGER[n] task
PUBLISH_TRIGGERED[n]	0x180		Publish configuration for event TRIGGERED[n]
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt

Table 74: Register overview

7.1.12.1.1 TASKS_TRIGGER[n] (n=0..15)

Address offset: 0x000 + (n × 0x4)

Trigger n for triggering the corresponding TRIGGERED[n] event

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Description
A	W	TASKS_TRIGGER	Trigger n for triggering the corresponding TRIGGERED[n] event
		Trigger	1
			Trigger task

7.1.12.1.2 SUBSCRIBE_TRIGGER[n] (n=0..15)

Address offset: 0x080 + (n × 0x4)

Subscribe configuration for task TRIGGER[n]

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value				Description																																				
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]				Channel that task TRIGGER[n] will subscribe to																																				
B	RW EN																																												
			Disabled		0				Disable subscription																																				
			Enabled		1				Enable subscription																																				

7.1.12.1.3 EVENTS_TRIGGERED[n] (n=0..15)

Address offset: $0x100 + (n \times 0x4)$

Event number n generated by triggering the corresponding **TRIGGER[n]** task

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW		EVENTS_TRIGGERED				Event number n generated by triggering the corresponding TRIGGER[n] task																																					
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																					
			Generated		1		Event generated																																					

7.1.12.1.4 PUBLISH_TRIGGERED[n] (n=0..15)

Address offset: $0x180 + (n \times 0x4)$

Publish configuration for event **TRIGGERED[n]**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A											
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event TRIGGERED[n] will publish to.																																	
B	RW EN																																						
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																			
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																			

7.1.12.1.5 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-P	RW	TRIGGERED[i] (i=0..15)		Enable or disable interrupt for event TRIGGERED[i]																															
		Disabled	0	Disable																															
		Enabled	1	Enable																															

7.1.12.1.6 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-P	RW	TRIGGERED[i] (i=0..15)			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event TRIGGERED[i]																															
			Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															

7.1.12.1.7 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A-P	RW	TRIGGERED[i] (i=0..15)		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TRIGGERED[i]																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.12.2 Electrical specification

7.1.12.2.1 EGU Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t _{EGU,EVT}	Latency between setting an EGU event flag and the system setting an interrupt	..	..	..	cycles

7.1.13 FPU - Floating point unit (FPU) exceptions

The ARM Cortex-M33 has FPU signals that indicate mathematical errors that cause floating-point exceptions.

The FPU signals are routed to the following event registers:

- FPUIOC: INVALIDOPERATION
- FPUIDC: DENORMALINPUT
- FPUOFC: OVERFLOW
- FPUUFC: UNDERFLOW
- FPUDZC: DIVIDEBYZERO
- FPUIXC: INEXACT

To clear the FPU exception source, write a 0 to the ARM Cortex-M33 FPSCR (floating-point status control register), as described in the *ARM Cortex-M33 Devices Generic User Guide*.

7.1.13.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50000000	APPLICATION	FPU	FPU : S	US	NA	Floating Point unit	
0x40000000			FPU : NS			interrupt control	

Table 75: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EVENTS_INVALIDOPERATION	0x100		An FPUIOC exception triggered by an invalid operation has occurred in the FPU
EVENTS_DIVIDEBYZERO	0x104		An FPUDZC exception triggered by a floating-point divide-by-zero operation has occurred in the FPU
EVENTS_OVERFLOW	0x108		An FPUOFC exception triggered by a floating-point overflow has occurred in the FPU
EVENTS_UNDERFLOW	0x10C		An FPUUFC exception triggered by a floating-point underflow has occurred in the FPU
EVENTS_INEXACT	0x110		An FPUIXC exception triggered by an inexact floating-point operation has occurred in the FPU
EVENTS_DENORMALINPUT	0x114		An FPUIDC exception triggered by a denormal floating-point input has occurred in the FPU
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt

Table 76: Register overview

7.1.13.1.1 EVENTS_INVALIDOPERATION

Address offset: 0x100

An FPUIOC exception triggered by an invalid operation has occurred in the FPU

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A
Reset 0x00000000		0																															0
ID	Acces Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	EVENTS_INVALIDOPERATION				An FPUIOC exception triggered by an invalid operation has occurred in the FPU																											
		NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																											
		Generated		1		Event generated																											

7.1.13.1.2 EVENTS_DIVIDEBYZERO

Address offset: 0x104

An FPUDZC exception triggered by a floating-point divide-by-zero operation has occurred in the FPU

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_DIVIDEZERO			An FPUDZC exception triggered by a floating-point divide-by-zero operation has occurred in the FPU																																		
			NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
			Generated	1	Event generated																																		

7.1.13.1.3 EVENTS_OVERFLOW

Address offset: 0x108

An FPUOFC exception triggered by a floating-point overflow has occurred in the FPU

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_OVERFLOW		An FPUOFC exception triggered by a floating-point overflow has occurred in the FPU																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.13.1.4 EVENTS_UNDERFLOW

Address offset: 0x10C

An FPUUFC exception triggered by a floating-point underflow has occurred in the FPU

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_UNDERFLOW		An FPUUFC exception triggered by a floating-point underflow has occurred in the FPU																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.13.1.5 EVENTS_INEXACT

Address offset: 0x110

An FPUIXC exception triggered by an inexact floating-point operation has occurred in the FPU

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A																																		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_INEXACT		An FPUIXC exception triggered by an inexact floating-point operation has occurred in the FPU																																		
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1	Event generated																																		

7.1.13.1.6 EVENTS_DENORMALINPUT

Address offset: 0x114

An FPUIDC exception triggered by a denormal floating-point input has occurred in the FPU

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																						A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_DENORMALINPUT		An FPUIDC exception triggered by a denormal floating-point input has occurred in the FPU																																		
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1	Event generated																																		

7.1.13.1.7 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																F	E	D	C	B	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	INVALIDOPERATION				Enable or disable interrupt for event INVALIDOPERATION																																
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
B	RW	DIVIDEBYZERO				Enable or disable interrupt for event DIVIDEBYZERO																																
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
C	RW	OVERFLOW				Enable or disable interrupt for event OVERFLOW																																
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
D	RW	UNDERFLOW				Enable or disable interrupt for event UNDERFLOW																																
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
E	RW	INEXACT				Enable or disable interrupt for event INEXACT																																
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
F	RW	DENORMALINPUT				Enable or disable interrupt for event DENORMALINPUT																																
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	

7.1.13.1.8 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																													F	E	D	C	B	A				
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW	INVALIDOPERATION			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event INVALIDOPERATION																																	

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW DIVIDEBYZERO			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event DIVIDEBYZERO																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW OVERFLOW			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event OVERFLOW																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
D	RW UNDERFLOW			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event UNDERFLOW																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
E	RW INEXACT			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event INEXACT																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
F	RW DENORMALINPUT			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event DENORMALINPUT																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.13.1.9 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A	RW	INVALIDOPERATION				Write '1' to disable interrupt for event INVALIDOPERATION																												
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
B	RW	DIVIDEBYZERO				Write '1' to disable interrupt for event DIVIDEBYZERO																												
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C	RW	OVERFLOW				Write '1' to disable interrupt for event OVERFLOW																												
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
D	RW	UNDERFLOW				Write '1' to disable interrupt for event UNDERFLOW																												
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				F E D C B A																																		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
E	RW	INEXACT				Write '1' to disable interrupt for event INEXACT																																
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
F	RW	DENORMALINPUT				Write '1' to disable interrupt for event DENORMALINPUT																																
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	

7.1.14 GPIO — General purpose input/output

The general purpose input/output pins (GPIOs) are grouped as one or more ports with each port having up to 32 GPIOs.

The number of ports and GPIOs per port may vary with product variant and package. Refer to [Registers](#) on page 215 and [Pin assignments](#) on page 764 for more information about the number of GPIOs that are supported.

GPIO has the following user-configurable features:

- Up to 32 GPIO pins per GPIO port
- Configurable output drive strength
- Internal pull-up and pull-down resistors
- Wake-up from high or low level triggers on all pins
- Trigger interrupt on state changes on any pin
- All pins can be used by the PPI task/event system
- One or more GPIO outputs can be controlled through PPI and GPIOTE channels
- All pins can be individually mapped to interface blocks for layout flexibility
- GPIO state changes captured on SENSE signal can be stored by LATCH register
- Pin sharing in multi-MCU system
- Support for secure and non-secure attributes for pins in conjunction with the system protection unit ([SPU — System protection unit](#) on page 568)

[Figure 53: GPIO port and the GPIO pin details](#) on page 210 illustrates the GPIO port containing 32 individual pins, where `PIN0` is illustrated in more detail as a reference. All signals on the left side in the illustration are used by other peripherals in the system and therefore not directly available to the CPU.

7.1.14.1 Assigning pins to MCUs and Subsystems

The pins accessible by each MCU are listed in [Table 77: Instances](#) on page 215.

- Application MCU
- Network MCU
- Peripheral with dedicated pins
- Trace and Debug Subsystem

The GPIO peripheral instantiated in the Application MCU will control which pin(s) another Subsystem can access. By default, all pins are assigned to the Application MCU. Pins can be assigned to a different Subsystem than the Application MCU by using the MCUSEL bitfiled in the `PIN_CNFI` register as shown in [Figure 54: Pin allocation in multiple-MCU systems](#) on page 211. If a pin is allocated to a Subsystem that can not access it, the pin stays under control of the Application MCU GPIO peripheral.

- for the GPIO peripheral instantiated in the Application MCU:
 - all write operations to bitfields or registers related to this pin will be ignored, except for the LATCH register and the `PIN_CNF[p].MCUSEL`, `PIN_CNF[p].SENSE` bitfields.
 - read operation will return 0 for the bitfields or the registers associated to this pin, except for LATCH, `PIN_CNF[p].MCUSEL` and `PIN_CNF[p].SENSE` bitfields.
- if the Subsystem is another MCU, for the GPIO peripherals instantiated in this MCU:
 - write operations will update the internal registers of the GPIO peripheral independently of the content of the `PIN_CNF[p].MCUSEL` bitfield of the Application MCU's GPIO peripheral.
 - the pin state will only be affected if this pin has been assigned to this MCU. Pins not assigned to this MCU will be read as zero in this MCU.
- if the Subsystem is a Peripheral with dedicated pins or the Trace and Debug Subsystem, for the pins assigned to this Subsystem:
 - the pin state will only be affected if this pin has been assigned to this Subsystem

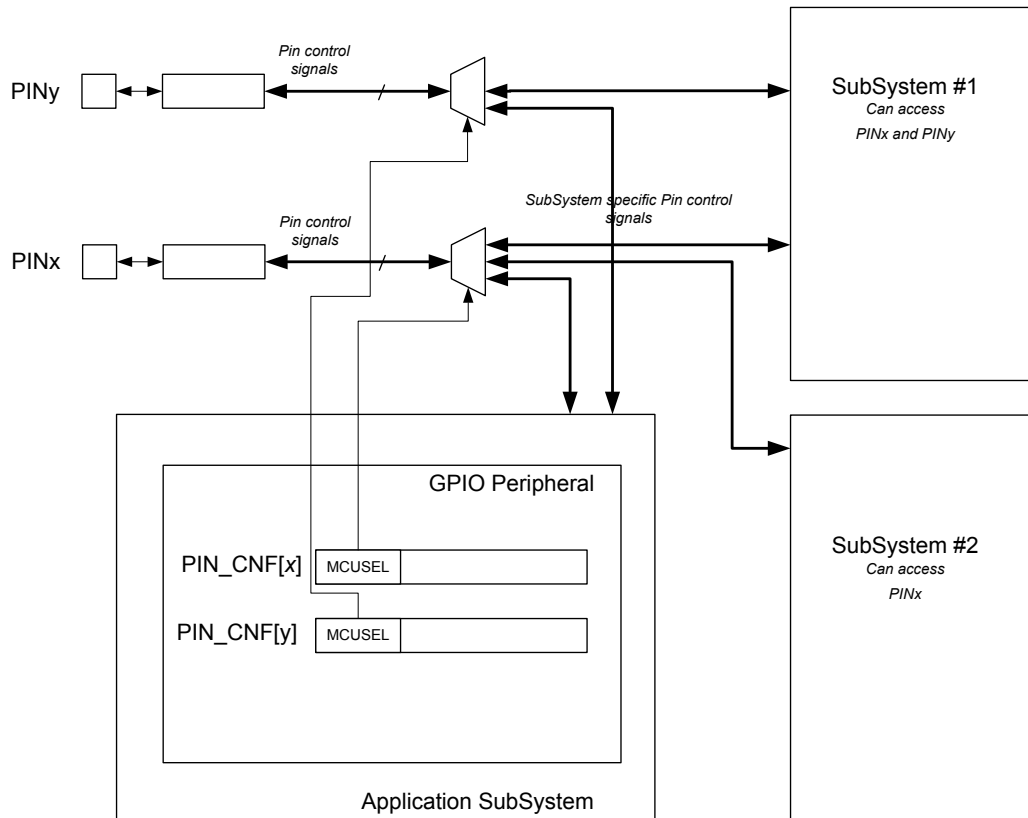


Figure 54: Pin allocation in multiple-MCU systems

As explained before, only the Application MCU can assign pins. GPIO peripherals instantiated in other MCUs than the Application MCU don't have the `PIN_CNF[]`.MCUSEL bitfield.

Changing the MCUSEL bitfield for a pin may induce glitches, therefore it is recommended that peripherals using this pin are disabled before updating MCUSEL.

7.1.14.2 Pin configuration

The GPIO port peripheral implements up to 32 pins, `PIN0` through `PIN31`. Each of these pins can be individually configured in the `PIN_CNF[n]` registers ($n=0..31$).

Note: Refer to [Assigning pins to MCUs and Subsystems](#) on page 210 for pin assignment and corresponding effect of read and write operations of GPIO registers

The following parameters can be configured through these registers:

- Direction
- Drive strength
- Enabling of pull-up and pull-down resistors
- Pin sensing
- Input buffer disconnect
- Analog input (for selected pins)

Note: All write-capable registers are retained registers. See [POWER — Power control](#) on page 36 chapter for more information about retained registers.

The input buffer of a GPIO pin can be disconnected from the pin to enable power savings when the pin is not used as an input, see [Figure 53: GPIO port and the GPIO pin details](#) on page 210. Inputs must be

connected to get a valid input value in the [IN](#) register, and for the sense mechanism to get access to the pin.

Other peripherals in the system can connect to GPIO pins and override their output value and configuration, or read their analog or digital input value. See [Figure 53: GPIO port and the GPIO pin details](#) on page 210.

Selected pins also support analog input signals, see ANAIN in [Figure 53: GPIO port and the GPIO pin details](#) on page 210. The assignment of the analog pins can be found in [Pin assignments](#) on page 764.

The following delays should be taken into considerations:

- There is 2 CPU clock cycles delay from the GPIO pad to the [IN](#) register
- The GPIO pad must be low (or high depending on the SENSE polarity) for 3 CPU clock cycles after DETECT has gone high in order to generate a new DETECT signal

Note: When a pin is configured as digital input, care has been taken to minimize increased current consumption when the input voltage is between V_{IL} and V_{IH} . However, it is a good practice to ensure that the external circuitry does not drive that pin to levels between V_{IL} and V_{IH} for a long period of time.

7.1.14.3 Pin sense mechanism

Pins sensitivity can be individually configured, through the SENSE field in the PIN_CNF[n] register, to detect either a high level or a low level on their input.

Note: Refer to [Assigning pins to MCUs and Subsystems](#) on page 210 for pin assignment and corresponding effect of read and write operations of GPIO registers

When the correct level is detected on any such configured pin, the sense mechanism will set the DETECT signal high. Each pin has a separate DETECT signal. Default behavior, defined by the DETECTMODE register, is that the DETECT signals from all pins in the GPIO port are combined into one common DETECT signal that is routed throughout the system, which then can be utilized by other peripherals. This mechanism is functional in both System ON and System OFF modes.

DETECTMODE and DETECTMODE_SEC are provided to handle secure and non-secure pins. DETECTMODE_SEC register is available to control the behavior associated to pin marked as secure, while the DETECTMODE register is restricted to pin marked as non-secure. Please refer to [GPIO security](#) on page 213 for more details.

Make sure that a pin is in a level that cannot trigger the sense mechanism before enabling it. The DETECT signal will go high immediately if the SENSE condition configured in the PIN_CNF registers is met when the sense mechanism is enabled. This will trigger a PORT event if the DETECT signal was low before enabling the sense mechanism.

The DETECT signal is also used by power and clock management system to exit from System OFF mode, and by GPIOTE to generate the PORT event. In addition GPIOTE_SEC is used for PORT event related to secure pins). See [POWER — Power control](#) on page 36 and [GPIOTE — GPIO tasks and events](#) on page 220 for more information about how the DETECT signal is used.

When a pin's PINx.DETECT signal goes high, a flag will be set in the [LATCH](#) register. For example, when the PIN0.DETECT signal goes high, bit 0 in the [LATCH](#) register will be set to '1'. If the CPU performs a clear operation on a bit in the [LATCH](#) register when the associated PINx.DETECT signal is high, the bit in the [LATCH](#) register will not be cleared. The [LATCH](#) register will only be cleared if the CPU explicitly clears it by writing a '1' to the bit that shall be cleared, i.e. the [LATCH](#) register will not be affected by a PINx.DETECT signal being set low.

The LDETECT signal will be set high when one or more bits in the [LATCH](#) register are '1'. The LDETECT signal will be set low when all bits in the [LATCH](#) register are successfully cleared to '0'.

If one or more bits in the **LATCH** register are '1' after the CPU has performed a clear operation on the **LATCH** registers, a rising edge will be generated on the LDETECT signal. This is illustrated in [Figure 55: DETECT signal behavior](#) on page 213.

Note: The CPU can read the **LATCH** register at any time to check if a SENSE condition has been met on one or more of the the GPIO pins, even if that condition is no longer met at the time the CPU queries the **LATCH** register. This mechanism will work even if the LDETECT signal is not used as the DETECT signal.

The LDETECT signal is by default not connected to the GPIO port's DETECT signal, but via the DETECTMODE register it is possible to change from default behavior to DETECT signal being derived directly from the LDETECT signal instead. See [Figure 53: GPIO port and the GPIO pin details](#) on page 210. [Figure 55: DETECT signal behavior](#) on page 213 illustrates the DETECT signal behavior for these two alternatives.

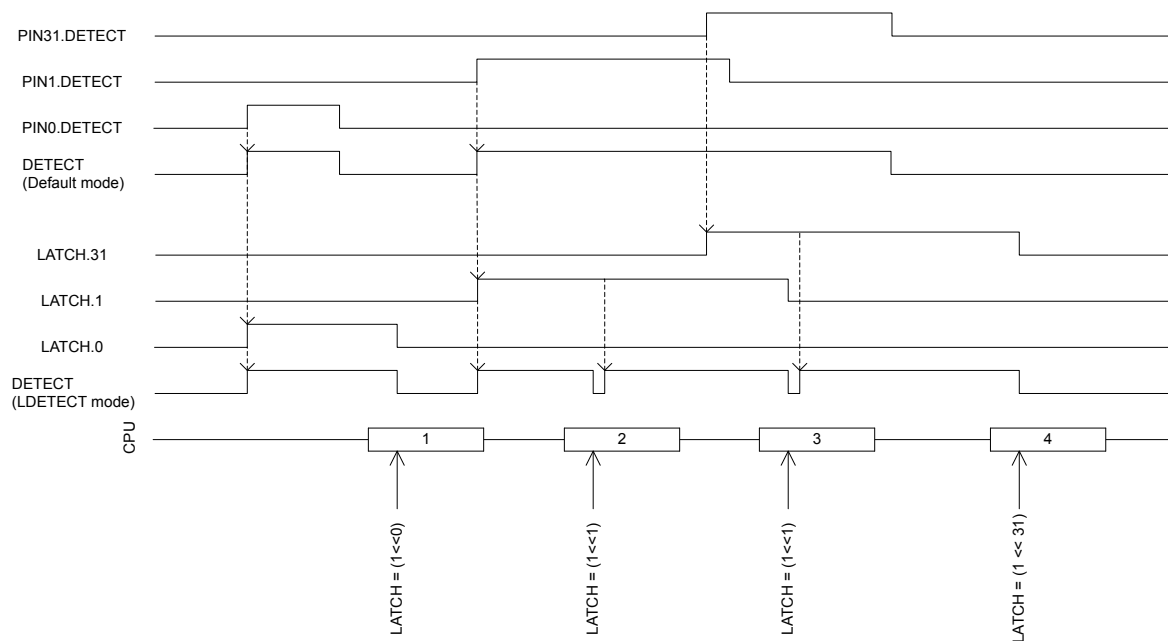


Figure 55: DETECT signal behavior

7.1.14.4 GPIO security

The general purpose input/output peripheral (GPIO) is implemented as a "split-security" peripheral. If marked as non-secure, it can be access by both secure and non-secure accesses but will behave differently depending of the access type.

Note: Refer to [Assigning pins to MCUs and Subsystems](#) on page 210 for pin assignment and corresponding effect of read and write operations of GPIO registers

A non-secure peripheral access will only be able to configure and control pins defined as non-secure in the system protection unit (SPU) GPIOPORT.PERM[] register(s).

A non-secure access to a register or a bitfield controlling a pin marked as secure in GPIO.PERM[] register(s) will be ignored:

- write accesses will have no effect
- read accesses will always return a zero value

No exception is triggered when a non-secure access targets a register or bitfield controlling a secure pin.

For example, if the bit i is set in the SPU.GPIO.PERM[0] register (declaring Pin P0. i as secure), then

- non-secure write accesses to OUT, OUTSET, OUTCLR, DIR, DIRSET, DIRCLR and LATCH registers will not be able to write to bit i of those registers
- non-secure write accesses to registers PIN[i].OUT and PIN_CNF[i] will be ignored
- non-secure read accesses to registers OUT, OUTSET, OUTCLR, IN, DIR, DIRSET, DIRCLR and LATCH will always read a 0 for the bit at position i
- non-secure read accesses to registers PIN[i].OUT, PIN[i].IN and PIN_CNF[i] will always return 0

The GPIO.DETECTMODE and GPIO.DETECTMODE_SEC registers are handled differently than the other registers mentioned before. When accessed by a secure access, the DETECTMODE_SEC register controls the source for the DETECT_SEC signal for the pins marked as secure. When accessed by a non-secure access, the DETECTMODE_SEC is read as zero and write accesses are ignored. The GPIO.DETECTMODE register controls the source for the DETECT_NSEC signal for the pins defined as non-secure.

The DETECT_NSEC signal is routed to the GPIOTE peripheral, allowing generation of events and interrupts from pins marked as non-secure. The DETECT_SEC signal is routed to the GPIOTESEC peripheral, allowing generation of events and interrupts from pins marked as secure. [Figure 56: Principle of direct pin access](#) on page 214 illustrates how the DETECT_NSEC and DETECT_SEC signals are generated from the GPIO PIN[i].DETECT signals.

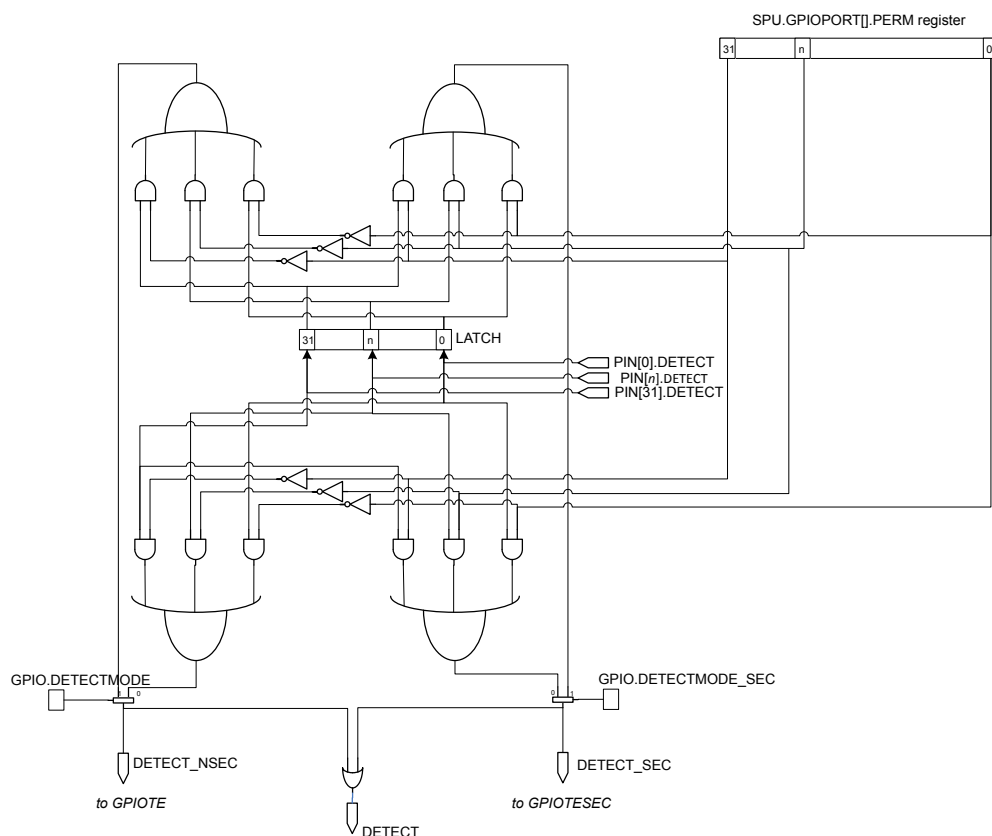


Figure 56: Principle of direct pin access

7.1.14.5 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50842500	APPLICATION	GPIO	P0 : S	SPLIT	NA	General purpose input and output, port 0	P0.00 to P0.31 implemented
0x40842500			P0 : NS				
0x50842800	APPLICATION	GPIO	P1 : S	SPLIT	NA	General purpose input and output, port 1	P1.00 to P1.16 implemented
0x40842800			P1 : NS				
0x418C0500	NETWORK	GPIO	P0	NS	NA	General purpose input and output	P0.00 to P0.31 implemented
0x418C0800	NETWORK	GPIO	P1	NS	NA	General purpose input and output	P1.00 to P1.16 implemented

Table 77: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description	
OUT	0x004		Write GPIO port	Retained
OUTSET	0x008		Set individual bits in GPIO port	
OUTCLR	0x00C		Clear individual bits in GPIO port	
IN	0x010		Read GPIO port	
DIR	0x014		Direction of GPIO pins	Retained
DIRSET	0x018		DIR set register	
DIRCLR	0x01C		DIR clear register	
LATCH	0x020		Latch register indicating what GPIO pins that have met the criteria set in the PIN_CNF[n].SENSE registers	Retained
DETECTMODE	0x024		Select between default DETECT signal behavior and LDETECT mode (For non-secure pin only)	Retained
DETECTMODE_SEC	0x028		Select between default DETECT signal behavior and LDETECT mode (For secure pin only)	Retained
PIN_CNF[n]	0x200		Configuration of GPIO pins	Retained

Table 78: Register overview

7.1.14.5.1 OUT (Retained)

Address offset: 0x004

This register is a retained register

Write GPIO port

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																											
ID		f e d c b a Z Y X W V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																											
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																											
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value	Description																									
A-f	RW	PIN[i] (i=0..31)		Pin i																									
		Low	0	Pin driver is low																									
		High	1	Pin driver is high																									

7.1.14.5.2 OUTSET

Address offset: 0x008

Set individual bits in GPIO port

Read: reads value of OUT register.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A				
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A-f	RW	PIN[i] (i=0..31)		Pin i																																		
		Low	0	Read: pin driver is low																																		
		High	1	Read: pin driver is high																																		
		Set	1	Write: writing a '1' sets the pin high; writing a '0' has no effect																																		

7.1.14.5.3 OUTCLR

Address offset: 0x00C

Clear individual bits in GPIO port

Read: reads value of OUT register.

Bit number								31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID								f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
Reset 0x00000000								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A-f	RW	PIN[i] (i=0..31)				Pin i																																		
		Low		0		Read: pin driver is low																																		
		High		1		Read: pin driver is high																																		
		Clear		1		Write: writing a '1' sets the pin low; writing a '0' has no effect																																		

7.1.14.5.4 IN

Address offset: 0x010

Read GPIO port

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A-f	R	PIN[i] (i=0..31)						Pin i																																				
				Low		0	Pin input is low																																					
				High		1	Pin input is high																																					

7.1.14.5.5 DIR (Retained)

Address offset: 0x014

This register is a retained register

Direction of GPIO pins

Bit number								31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID								f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
Reset 0x00000000								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A-f	RW	PIN[i] (i=0..31)				Pin i																																		
		Input	0	Pin set as input																																				
		Output	1	Pin set as output																																				

7.1.14.5.6 DIRSET

Address offset: 0x018

DIR set register

Read: reads value of DIR register.

Bit number								31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID								f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
Reset 0x00000000								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																		
A-f	RW	PIN[i] (i=0..31)				Set as output pin i																																		
			Input	0	Read: pin set as input																																			
			Output	1	Read: pin set as output																																			
			Set	1	Write: writing a '1' sets pin to output; writing a '0' has no effect																																			

7.1.14.5.7 DIRCLR

Address offset: 0x01C

DIR clear register

Read: reads value of DIR register.

Bit number								31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID								f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
Reset 0x00000000								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																	
A-f	RW	PIN[i] (i=0..31)				Set as input pin i																																		
				Input		0		Read: pin set as input																																
				Output		1		Read: pin set as output																																
				Clear		1		Write: writing a '1' sets pin to input; writing a '0' has no effect																																

7.1.14.5.8 LATCH (Retained)

Address offset: 0x020

This register is a retained register

Latch register indicating what GPIO pins that have met the criteria set in the PIN_CNF[n].SENSE registers

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A-f	RW	PIN[i] (i=0..31)				Status on whether PINi has met criteria set in PIN_CNFi.SENSE register. Write '1' to clear.																																
			NotLatched	0		Criteria has not been met																																
			Latched	1		Criteria has been met																																

7.1.14.5.9 DETECTMODE (Retained)

Address offset: 0x024

This register is a retained register

Select between default DETECT signal behavior and LDETECT mode (For non-secure pin only)

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	DETECTMODE				Select between default DETECT signal behavior and LDETECT mode																													
			Default	0		DETECT directly connected to PIN DETECT signals																													
			LDETECT	1		Use the latched LDETECT behavior																													

7.1.14.5.10 DETECTMODE_SEC (Retained)

Address offset: 0x028

This register is a retained register

Select between default DETECT signal behavior and LDETECT mode (For secure pin only)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field		Value	ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW DETECTMODE						Select between default DETECT signal behavior and LDETECT mode																																
			Default	0			DETECT directly connected to PIN DETECT signals																																
			LDETECT	1			Use the latched LDETECT behavior																																

7.1.14.5.11 PIN_CNFi[n] (n=0..31) (Retained)

Address offset: 0x200 + (n × 0x4)

This register is a retained register

Configuration of GPIO pins

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				G			G	G													E		E	D				D	D	D					C	C	B	A
Reset 0x00000002				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value	ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW	DIR					Pin direction. Same physical register as DIR register																															

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			G	G	G																		E	E	D				D	D	D	C	C	B	A			
Reset 0x00000002			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
B	RW	INPUT	Input	0	Configure pin as an input pin																																	
		Output	1	Configure pin as an output pin																																		
		Connect	0	Connect input buffer																																		
		Disconnect	1	Disconnect input buffer																																		
C	RW	PULL			Pull configuration																																	
		Disabled	0	No pull																																		
		Pulldown	1	Pull down on pin																																		
		Pullup	3	Pull up on pin																																		
D	RW	DRIVE			Drive configuration																																	
		S0S1	0	Standard '0', standard '1'																																		
		H0S1	1	High drive '0', standard '1'																																		
		S0H1	2	Standard '0', high drive '1'																																		
		H0H1	3	High drive '0', high 'drive '1''																																		
		D0S1	4	Disconnect '0', standard '1' (normally used for wired-or connections)																																		
		D0H1	5	Disconnect '0', high drive '1' (normally used for wired-or connections)																																		
		S0D1	6	Standard '0', disconnect '1' (normally used for wired-and connections)																																		
		H0D1	7	High drive '0', disconnect '1' (normally used for wired-and connections)																																		
		E0S1	9	Extra high drive '0', standard '1'																																		
		S0E1	10	Standard '0', extra high drive '1'																																		
		E0E1	11	Extra high drive '0', extra high drive '1'																																		
		D0E1	13	Disconnect '0', extra high drive '1' (normally used for wired-or connections)																																		
E	RW	SENSE			Pin sensing mechanism																																	
		Disabled	0	Disabled																																		
		High	2	Sense for high level																																		
		Low	3	Sense for low level																																		
G	RW	MCUSEL			Select which MCU/Subsystem controls this pin																																	
				Note: this field is only accessible from secure code.																																		
		AppMCU	0x0	Application MCU																																		
		NetworkMCU	0x1	Network MCU																																		
		Peripheral	0x3	Peripheral with dedicated pins																																		
		TND	0x7	Trace and Debug Subsystem																																		

7.1.14.6 Electrical specification

7.1.14.6.1 GPIO Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V _{IH}	Input high voltage	..	..	..	V
V _{IL}	Input low voltage	..	..	..	V
V _{OH,SD}	Output high voltage, standard drive, 0.5 mA, VDD ≥ 1.7	..	..	..	V
V _{OH,HDL}	Output high voltage, high drive, 5 mA, VDD ≥ 2.7 V	..	..	..	V

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{OH,HDL}$	Output high voltage, high drive, 3 mA, $V_{DD} \geq 1.7$ V	..	..	..	V
$V_{OL,SD}$	Output low voltage, standard drive, 0.5 mA, $V_{DD} \geq 1.7$ V	..	..	..	V
$V_{OL,HDH}$	Output low voltage, high drive, 5 mA, $V_{DD} \geq 2.7$ V	..	..	..	V
$V_{OL,HDL}$	Output low voltage, high drive, 3 mA, $V_{DD} \geq 1.7$ V	..	..	..	V
$I_{OL,SD}$	Current at $V_{SS}+0.4$ V, output set low, standard drive, $V_{DD} \geq 1.7$ V	..	..	..	mA
$I_{OL,HDH}$	Current at $V_{SS}+0.4$ V, output set low, high drive, $V_{DD} \geq 2.7$ V	..	..	..	mA
$I_{OL,HDL}$	Current at $V_{SS}+0.4$ V, output set low, high drive, $V_{DD} \geq 1.7$ V	..	..	..	mA
$I_{OH,SD}$	Current at $V_{DD}-0.4$ V, output set high, standard drive, $V_{DD} \geq 1.7$ V	..	..	..	mA
$I_{OH,HDH}$	Current at $V_{DD}-0.4$ V, output set high, high drive, $V_{DD} \geq 2.7$ V	..	..	..	mA
$I_{OH,HDL}$	Current at $V_{DD}-0.4$ V, output set high, high drive, $V_{DD} \geq 1.7$ V	..	..	..	mA
$t_{RF,15pF}$	Rise/fall time, standard drive mode, 10-90%, 15 pF load ¹	..	..	..	ns
$t_{RF,25pF}$	Rise/fall time, standard drive mode, 10-90%, 25 pF load ¹	..	..	..	ns
$t_{RF,50pF}$	Rise/fall time, standard drive mode, 10-90%, 50 pF load ¹	..	..	..	ns
$t_{HRF,15pF}$	Rise/Fall time, high drive mode, 10-90%, 15 pF load ¹	..	..	..	ns
$t_{HRF,25pF}$	Rise/Fall time, high drive mode, 10-90%, 25 pF load ¹	..	..	..	ns
$t_{HRF,50pF}$	Rise/Fall time, high drive mode, 10-90%, 50 pF load ¹	..	..	..	ns
R_{PU}	Pull-up resistance	..	..	..	k Ω
R_{PD}	Pull-down resistance	..	..	..	k Ω
C_{PAD}	Pad capacitance	..	..	..	pF
C_{PAD_NFC}	Pad capacitance on NFC pads	..	..	..	pF
I_{NFC_LEAK}	Leakage current between NFC pads when driven to different states	..	..	..	μ A

7.1.15 GPIOTE — GPIO tasks and events

The GPIO tasks and events (GPIOTE) module provides functionality for accessing GPIO pins using tasks and events. Each GPIOTE channel can be assigned to one pin.

A GPIOTE block enables GPIOs to generate events on pin state change which can be used to carry out tasks through the PPI system. A GPIO can also be driven to change state on system events using the PPI system. Tasks and events are briefly introduced in [Peripheral interface](#) on page 136, and GPIO is described in more detail in [GPIO — General purpose input/output](#) on page 209.

Low power detection of pin state changes is possible when in System ON or System OFF.

Instance	Number of GPIOTE channels
GPIOTE	8

Table 79: GPIOTE properties

Up to three tasks can be used in each GPIOTE channel for performing write operations to a pin. Two tasks are fixed (SET and CLR), and one (OUT) is configurable to perform following operations:

- Set
- Clear

¹ Rise and fall times based on simulations

- Toggle

An event can be generated in each GPIOTE channel from one of the following input conditions:

- Rising edge
- Falling edge
- Any change

7.1.15.1 Pin events and tasks

The GPIOTE module has a number of tasks and events that can be configured to operate on individual GPIO pins.

The secure instance of the GPIOTE peripheral is able to operate on all GPIO pins configured in `GPIOTE.CONFIG[n].PSEL`.

The non-secure instance of the GPIOTE peripheral is able to operate only on non-secure GPIO pins. The field `GPIOTE.CONFIG[n].PSEL` can only select a non-secure pin.

The tasks `SET[n]`, `CLR[n]`, and `OUT[n]` can write to individual pins, and events `IN[n]` can be generated from input changes of individual pins.

The SET task will set the pin selected in `GPIOTE.CONFIG[n].PSEL` to high. The CLR task will set the pin low.

The effect of the OUT task on the pin is configurable in `CONFIG[n].POLARITY`. It can set the pin high, set it low, or toggle it.

Tasks and events are configured using the `CONFIG[n]` registers. One `CONFIG[n]` register is associated with a set of `SET[n]`, `CLR[n]`, and `OUT[n]` tasks and `IN[n]` events.

As long as a `SET[n]`, `CLR[n]`, and `OUT[n]` task or an `IN[n]` event is configured to control pin `n`, the pin's output value will only be updated by the GPIOTE module. The pin's output value, as specified in the GPIO, will therefore be ignored as long as the pin is controlled by GPIOTE. Attempting to write to the pin as a normal GPIO pin will have no effect. When the GPIOTE is disconnected from a pin, the associated pin gets the output and configuration values specified in the GPIO module, see `MODE` field in `CONFIG[n]` register.

When conflicting tasks are triggered simultaneously (i.e. during the same clock cycle) in one channel, the priority of the tasks is as described in the following table.

Priority	Task
1	OUT
2	CLR
3	SET

Table 80: Task priorities

When setting the `CONFIG[n]` registers, `MODE=Disabled` does not have the same effect as `MODE=Task` and `POLARITY=None`. In the latter case, a CLR or SET task occurring at the exact same time as OUT will end up with no change on the pin, based on the priorities described in the table above.

When a GPIOTE channel is configured to operate on a pin as a task, the initial value of that pin is configured in the `OUTINIT` field of `CONFIG[n]`.

7.1.15.2 Port event

PORT is an event that can be generated from multiple input pins using the GPIO DETECT signal.

The event will be generated on the rising edge of the DETECT signal. See [GPIO — General purpose input/output](#) on page 209 for more information about the DETECT signal.

There are two DETECT signals that come from the [GPIO](#) peripheral. The secure DETECT_SEC, for the secure instance of the GPIOTE peripheral, and the non-secure DETECT_NONSEC, for the non-secure instance of the GPIOTE peripheral.

The GPIO DETECT signal will not wake the system up again if the system is put into System ON IDLE while the DETECT signal is high. Make sure to clear all DETECT sources before entering sleep. If the LATCH register is used as a source, a new rising edge will be generated on DETECT if any bit in LATCH is still high after clearing all or part of the register. This could occur if one of the PINx.DETECT signals is still high, for example. See [Pin sense mechanism](#) on page 212 for more information.

Setting the system to System OFF while DETECT is high will cause a wakeup from System OFF reset.

This feature is always enabled even if the peripheral itself appears to be IDLE, meaning no clocks or other power intensive infrastructure have to be requested to keep this feature enabled. This feature can therefore be used to wake up the CPU from a WFI or WFE type sleep in System ON when all peripherals and the CPU are idle, meaning the lowest power consumption in System ON mode.

In order to prevent spurious interrupts from the PORT event while configuring the sources, the following must be performed:

1. Disable interrupts on the PORT event (through INTENCLR.PORT).
2. Configure the sources (PIN_CNF[n].SENSE).
3. Clear any potential event that could have occurred during configuration (write '0' to EVENTS_PORT).
4. Enable interrupts (through INTENSET.PORT).

7.1.15.3 Tasks and events pin configuration

Each GPIOTE channel is associated with one physical GPIO pin through the CONFIG.PSEL field.

When Event mode is selected in CONFIG.MODE, the pin specified by CONFIG.PSEL will be configured as an input, overriding the DIR setting in GPIO. Similarly, when Task mode is selected in CONFIG.MODE, the pin specified by CONFIG.PSEL will be configured as an output overriding the DIR setting and OUT value in GPIO. When Disabled is selected in CONFIG.MODE, the pin specified by CONFIG.PSEL will use its configuration from the PIN[n].CNF registers in GPIO. CONFIG.MODE must be disabled in order to be able to change the value of the PSEL field.

Note: A pin can only be assigned to one GPIOTE channel at a time. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

7.1.15.4 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x5000D000	APPLICATION	GPIOTE	GPIOTE0	S	NA	GPIO tasks and events	
0x4002F000	APPLICATION	GPIOTE	GPIOTE1	NS	NA	GPIO tasks and events	
0x4100A000	NETWORK	GPIOTE	GPIOTE	NS	NA	GPIO tasks and events	

Table 81: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_OUT[n]	0x000		Task for writing to pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL. Action on pin is configured in CONFIG[n].POLARITY.
TASKS_SET[n]	0x030		Task for writing to pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL. Action on pin is to set it high.
TASKS_CLR[n]	0x060		Task for writing to pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL. Action on pin is to set it low.
SUBSCRIBE_OUT[n]	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task OUT[n]
SUBSCRIBE_SET[n]	0x0B0		Subscribe configuration for task SET[n]
SUBSCRIBE_CLR[n]	0x0E0		Subscribe configuration for task CLR[n]

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EVENTS_IN[n]	0x100		Event generated from pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL
EVENTS_PORT	0x17C		Event generated from multiple input GPIO pins with SENSE mechanism enabled
PUBLISH_IN[n]	0x180		Publish configuration for event IN[n]
PUBLISH_PORT	0x1FC		Publish configuration for event PORT
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
CONFIG[n]	0x510		Configuration for OUT[n], SET[n], and CLR[n] tasks and IN[n] event

Table 82: Register overview

7.1.15.4.1 TASKS_OUT[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x000 + (n \times 0x4)$

Task for writing to pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL. Action on pin is configured in CONFIG[n].POLARITY.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	W	TASKS_OUT								Task for writing to pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL. Action on pin is configured in CONFIG[n].POLARITY.																																	
		Trigger			1					Trigger task																																	

7.1.15.4.2 TASKS_SET[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x030 + (n \times 0x4)$

Task for writing to pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL. Action on pin is to set it high.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	W	TASKS_SET						Task for writing to pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL. Action on pin is to set it high.																																			
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																					

7.1.15.4.3 TASKS_CLR[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x060 + (n \times 0x4)$

Task for writing to pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL. Action on pin is to set it low.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										A																																	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	W TASKS_CLR									Task for writing to pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL. Action on pin is to set it low.																																	
				Trigger			1			Trigger task																																	

7.1.15.4.4 SUBSCRIBE_OUT[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x080 + (n \times 0x4)$

Subscribe configuration for task OUT[n]

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that task OUT[n] will subscribe to																											
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0				Disable subscription																											
		Enabled	1				Enable subscription																											

7.1.15.4.5 SUBSCRIBE_SET[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x0B0 + (n × 0x4)

Subscribe configuration for task SET[n]

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task SET[n] will subscribe to																															
B	RW EN																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																															
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																															

7.1.15.4.6 SUBSCRIBE_CLR[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x0E0 + (n × 0x4)

Subscribe configuration for task CLR[n]

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task CLR[n] will subscribe to																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.15.4.7 EVENTS_IN[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x100 + (n × 0x4)

Event generated from pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_IN		Event generated from pin specified in CONFIG[n].PSEL																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.15.4.8 EVENTS_PORT

Address offset: 0x17C

Event generated from multiple input GPIO pins with SENSE mechanism enabled

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID			A																																
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_PORT			Event generated from multiple input GPIO pins with SENSE mechanism enabled																														
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																														
		Generated	1		Event generated																														

7.1.15.4.9 PUBLISH_IN[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x180 + (n × 0x4)

Publish configuration for event IN[n]

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event IN[n] will publish to.																																
B	RW	EN																																				
		Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																
		Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.15.4.10 PUBLISH_PORT

Address offset: 0x1FC

Publish configuration for event PORT

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID			B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW	CHIDX	[255..0]		Channel that event PORT will publish to.																																
B	RW	EN																																			
		Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																
		Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.15.4.11 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A-H	RW	IN[i] (i=0..7)		Write '1' to enable interrupt for event IN[i]																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
I	RW	PORT		Write '1' to enable interrupt for event PORT																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.15.4.12 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A-H	RW	IN[i] (i=0..7)			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event IN[i]																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
I	RW	PORT			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event PORT																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.15.4.13 CONFIG[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x510 + (n × 0x4)

Configuration for OUT[n], SET[n], and CLR[n] tasks and IN[n] event

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			E																D D		C B B B				A A									
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	MODE		Mode																														
		Disabled	0	Disabled. Pin specified by PSEL will not be acquired by the GPIOTE module.																														
		Event	1	Event mode																														
				The pin specified by PSEL will be configured as an input and the IN[n] event will be generated if operation specified in POLARITY occurs on the pin.																														

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			E D D C B B B B																A A															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
			Task	3	Task mode																													
					The GPIO specified by PSEL will be configured as an output and triggering the SET[n], CLR[n] or OUT[n] task will perform the operation specified by POLARITY on the pin. When enabled as a task the GPIOTE module will acquire the pin and the pin can no longer be written as a regular output pin from the GPIO module.																													
B	RW	PSEL		[0..31]	GPIO number associated with SET[n], CLR[n], and OUT[n] tasks and IN[n] event																													
C	RW	PORT		[0..1]	Port number																													
D	RW	POLARITY			When In task mode: Operation to be performed on output when OUT[n] task is triggered. When In event mode: Operation on input that shall trigger IN[n] event.																													
			None	0	Task mode: No effect on pin from OUT[n] task. Event mode: no IN[n] event generated on pin activity.																													
			LoToHi	1	Task mode: Set pin from OUT[n] task. Event mode: Generate IN[n] event when rising edge on pin.																													
			HiToLo	2	Task mode: Clear pin from OUT[n] task. Event mode: Generate IN[n] event when falling edge on pin.																													
			Toggle	3	Task mode: Toggle pin from OUT[n]. Event mode: Generate IN[n] when any change on pin.																													
E	RW	OUTINIT			When in task mode: Initial value of the output when the GPIOTE channel is configured. When in event mode: No effect.																													
			Low	0	Task mode: Initial value of pin before task triggering is low																													
			High	1	Task mode: Initial value of pin before task triggering is high																													

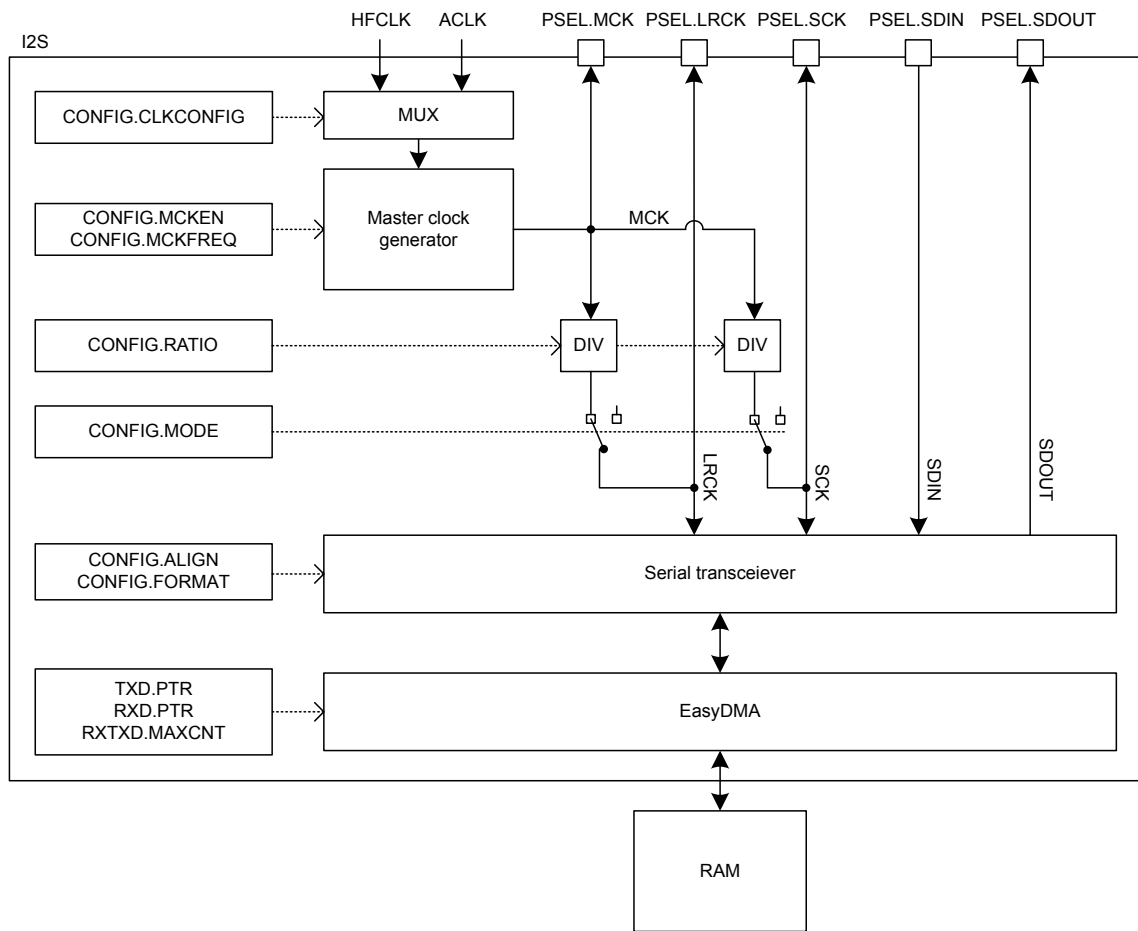
7.1.15.5 Electrical specification

7.1.16 I²S — Inter-IC sound interface

The I²S (Inter-IC Sound) module, supports the original two-channel I²S format, and left- or right-aligned formats. It implements EasyDMA for sample transfer directly to and from RAM without CPU intervention.

The I²S peripheral has the following main features:

- Master and Slave mode
- Simultaneous bidirectional (TX and RX) audio streaming
- Original I²S and left- or right-aligned format
- 32, 24, 16 and 8-bit sample widths
- Separate sample and word widths
- Low-jitter master clock generator
- Various sample rates

Figure 57: I²S master

7.1.16.1 Mode

The I²S protocol specification defines two modes of operation, Master and Slave.

The I²S mode decides which of the two sides (master or slave) shall provide the clock signals LRCK and SCK, and these signals are always supplied by the master to the slave.

7.1.16.2 Transmitting and receiving

The I²S module supports both transmission (TX) and reception (RX) of serial data. In both cases the serial data is shifted synchronously to the clock signals SCK and LRCK.

TX data is written to the SDOUT pin on the falling edge of SCK, and RX data is read from the SDIN pin on the rising edge of SCK. The most significant bit (MSB) is always transmitted first.

TX and RX are available in both Master and Slave modes and can be enabled/disabled independently in the [CONFIG.TXEN](#) on page 245 and [CONFIG.RXEN](#) on page 245.

Transmission and/or reception is started by triggering the [START](#) task. With transmission enabled in [CONFIG.TXEN](#), the [TXPTRUPD](#) event will be generated for every number of transmitted data words given by [RXTXD.MAXCNT](#) on page 250. Each data word contains one or more samples. The [TXPTRUPD](#) event is generated just before [MAXCNT](#) number of data words have been transmitted. Similarly, with reception enabled in [CONFIG.RXEN](#), the [RXPTRUPD](#) event will be generated for every received data word given by [RXTXD.MAXCNT](#) on page 250. The [RXPTRUPD](#) event is generated just after [MAXCNT](#) number of data bytes have been received.

The **FRAMESTART** event is generated synchronously to the active LRCK edge at the beginning of a frame after transmitting **RXTXD.MAXCNT** data words. The initial **FRAMESTART** event is generated at the first active edge of LRCK after the **START** task has been triggered.

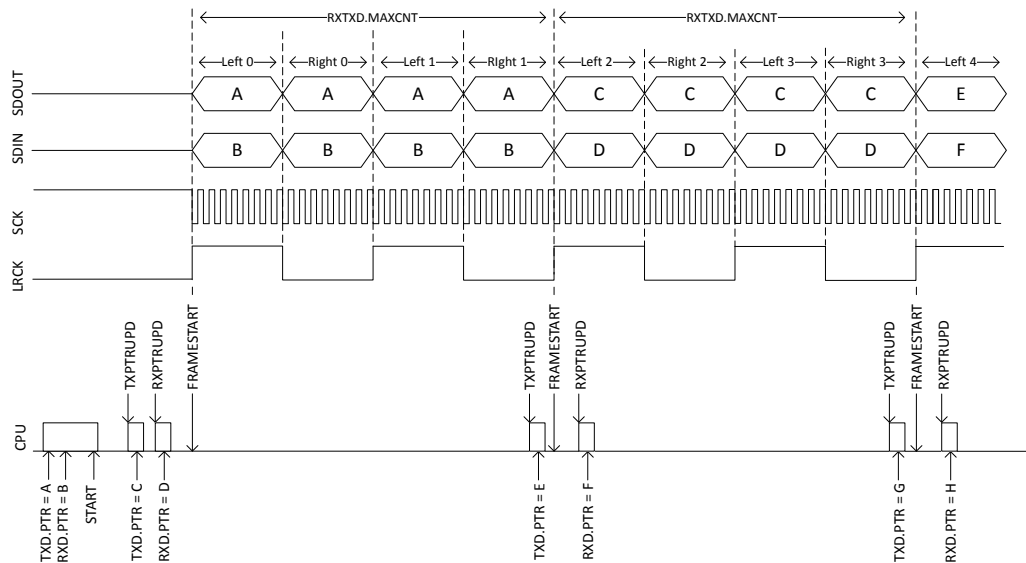


Figure 58: Transmitting and receiving. *CONFIG.FORMAT = Aligned, CONFIG.SWIDTH = 8Bit, CONFIG.CHANNELS = Stereo, RXTXD.MAXCNT = 1*

7.1.16.3 Left right clock (LRCK)

The left right clock (LRCK), often referred to as word clock, sample clock, or word select in I²S context, is the clock defining the frames in serial bitstreams sent and received on SDOUT and SDIN, respectively.

In I2S format, each frame contains one left and/or right sample pair. The left sample is transferred during the low half period of LRCK, followed by the right sample being transferred during the high half period of LRCK.

In Aligned format, each frame contains one left and/or right sample pair. The left sample is transferred during the high half period of LRCK, followed by the right sample being transferred during the low half period of LRCK.

For mono, the frame will contain only zeros for the unused half period of LRCK.

Consequently, the LRCK frequency is equivalent to the audio sample rate.

When operating in Master mode, the LRCK is generated from the MCK, and the frequency of LRCK is then given as:

$$\text{LRCK} = \text{MCK} / \text{CONFIG.RATIO}$$

LRCK always toggles around the falling edge of the serial clock SCK.

7.1.16.4 Serial clock (SCK)

The serial clock (SCK), often referred to as the serial bit clock, pulses once for each data bit being transferred on the serial data lines SDIN and SDOUT.

When operating in Master mode, the SCK is generated from the MCK, and the frequency of SCK is then given as:

$$\text{SCK} = 2 * \text{LRCK} * \text{CONFIG.SWIDTH}$$

The falling edge of the SCK falls on the toggling edge of LRCK.

When operating in Slave mode, SCK is provided by the external I²S master.

7.1.16.5 Master clock (MCK)

The master clock (MCK) is the clock from which LRCK and SCK are derived when operating in Master mode.

The master clock generator always needs to be enabled when in Master mode, but the generator can also be enabled when in Slave mode. Enabling the generator when in Slave mode can be useful in the case where the external master is not able to generate its own master clock.

MCK is generated from the clock source selected in the [CONFIG.CLKCONFIG](#) and [CONFIG.MCKFREQ](#) registers.

The following equation can be used to calculate the value of [CONFIG.MCKFREQ](#) for given MCK and clock source frequency:

$$MCKFREQ = 4096 \cdot \left\lceil \frac{f_{MCK} \cdot 1048576}{f_{source} + \frac{f_{MCK}}{2}} \right\rceil$$

Figure 59: MCK clock frequency equation

The parameter f_{MCK} is the requested MCK clock frequency in Hz, and f_{source} is the frequency of the selected clock source in Hz. Because of rounding errors, an accurate MCK clock may not be achievable. The equation does not take into account the maximum register value of [CONFIG.MCKFREQ](#) on page 246.

The actual MCK frequency can be calculated using the equation below.

$$f_{actual} = \frac{f_{source}}{\left\lceil \frac{1048576 \cdot 4096}{MCKFREQ} \right\rceil}$$

Figure 60: Actual MCK clock frequency

The clock error can be calculated using the equation below. The error e is the percentage difference from the requested f_{MCK} frequency.

$$e = 100 \cdot \frac{f_{actual} - f_{MCK}}{f_{MCK}} = 100 \cdot \frac{\frac{f_{source}}{\left\lceil \frac{1048576 \cdot 4096}{MCKFREQ} \right\rceil} - f_{MCK}}{f_{MCK}}$$

Figure 61: MCK frequency error equation

The master clock generator does not add any jitter to the clock source chosen.

The master clock generator is enabled/disabled using [CONFIG.MCKEN](#) on page 246, and the generator is started or stopped by the [START](#) or [STOP](#) tasks respectively.

The MCK frequency can be adjusted on-the-fly:

- For PCLK32M, by using [MCKFREQ](#)
- For ACLK, by adjusting the audio clock source, see [CLOCK — Clock control](#) on page 61.

In Master mode, the LRCK and the SCK frequencies are closely related as both are derived from MCK and set indirectly through [CONFIG.RATIO](#) on page 247 and [CONFIG.SWIDTH](#) on page 248.

When configuring these registers, the user is responsible for fulfilling the following requirements:

1. The SCK frequency can never exceed the MCK frequency.
2. The MCK/LRCK ratio shall be a multiple of $2 \cdot \text{CONFIG.SWIDTH}$.

The MCK signal can be routed to an output pin (specified in [PSEL.MCK](#)) to supply external I²S devices that require the MCK to be supplied from the outside.

When operating in Slave mode, the I²S module does not use the MCK and the MCK generator does not need to be enabled.

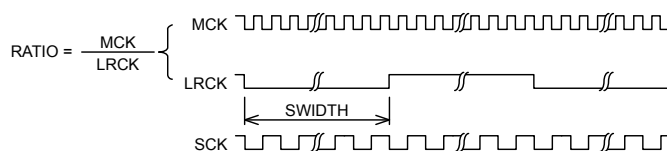


Figure 62: Relation between RATIO, MCK and LRCK

7.1.16.5.1 Clock source selection

The clock source for the master clock generator can be selected in the register [CONFIG.CLKCONFIG](#) on page 249. Choose one of the following clocks as the clock source:

- 32 MHz peripheral clock (PCLK32M), synchronous to HFCLK.
- Audio PLL clock (ACLK) with configurable frequency.

To improve the master clock accuracy and jitter performance, it is recommended (but not mandatory) that the source is running off the HFXO instead of the HFINT oscillator. See [CLOCK — Clock control](#) on page 61 for more information about starting HFXO for the relevant clock source.

The master clock generator can be bypassed so the MCK clock is derived directly from the input source. This can be configured in the BYPASS field of register [CONFIG.CLKCONFIG](#) on page 249.

7.1.16.5.2 Configuration examples

Table 83: Configuration examples for [CLKCONFIG = PCLK32M](#) on page 231 and Table 84: Configuration examples for [CLKCONFIG = ACLK](#) on page 232 show some configuration examples for popular sample rates, using both the 32 MHz master clock and the Audio PLL clock source.

Source frequency [Hz]	Requested LRCK [Hz]	Requested RATIO	Requested MCK [Hz]	MCKFREQ	MCK [Hz]	LRCK [Hz]	LRCK error [%]
32000000	16000	32	512000	68173824	507936	15873	-0.8
32000000	16000	64	1024000	135274496	1032258	16129	0.8
32000000	16000	256	4096000	516685824	4000000	15625	-2.3
32000000	32000	32	1024000	135274496	1032258	32258	0.8
32000000	32000	64	2048000	266350592	2000000	31250	-2.3
32000000	32000	256	8192000	974741504	8000000	31250	-2.3
32000000	44100	32	1411200	185319424	1391304	43478	-1.4
32000000	44100	64	2822400	362815488	2909090	45455	3.1
32000000	48000	32	1536000	201326592	1523809	47619	-0.8
32000000	48000	64	3072000	393428992	3200000	50000	4.2
32000000	96000	32	3072000	393428992	3200000	100000	4.2
32000000	96000	64	6144000	752402432	6400000	100000	4.2

Table 83: Configuration examples for [CLKCONFIG = PCLK32M](#)

Source frequency [Hz]	Requested LRCK [Hz]	RATIO	Requested MCK [Hz]	MCKFREQ	MCK [Hz]	LRCK [Hz]	LRCK error [%]
11289600	44100	32	1411200	505286656	1411200	44100	0
11289600	44100	64	2822400	954433536	2822400	44100	0
12288000	16000	32	510000	175304704	512000	16000	0
12288000	16000	64	1024000	343597056	1024000	16000	0
12288000	32000	32	1024000	343597056	1024000	32000	0
12288000	32000	64	2048000	660762624	2048000	32000	0
12288000	48000	32	1536000	505286656	1536000	48000	0
12288000	48000	64	3072000	954433536	3072000	48000	0
12288000	96000	32	3072000	954433536	3072000	96000	0

Table 84: Configuration examples for CLKCONFIG = ACLK

7.1.16.6 Width, alignment and format

The register `CONFIG.SWIDTH` on page 248 defines the sample width of the data read and written to memory, as well as the number of SCK clock cycles per half-frame. Figure [Figure 63: Aligned format, with CONFIG.SWIDTH configured to 16 bit samples in a 16 bit half-frame](#) on page 232 illustrates a configuration with identical sample and half-frame widths. The number of SCK pulses matches the number of sample bits. Figure [Figure 64: Aligned format, with CONFIG.SWIDTH configured to 16-bit samples in a 24-bit half-frame](#) on page 232 illustrates a configuration with greater half-frame width than sample width. The number of SCK pulses are greater than the number of sample bits, with the sample being left-aligned in the half-frame.

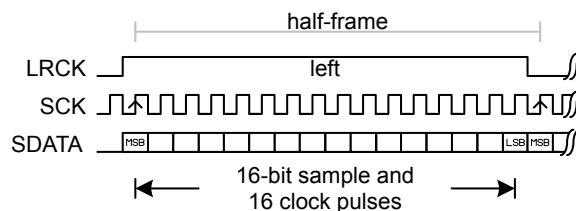


Figure 63: Aligned format, with CONFIG.SWIDTH configured to 16 bit samples in a 16 bit half-frame

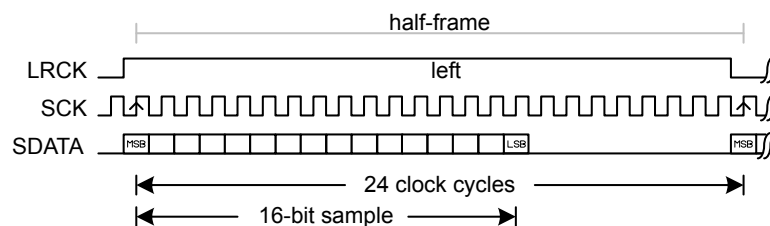


Figure 64: Aligned format, with CONFIG.SWIDTH configured to 16-bit samples in a 24-bit half-frame

The register `CONFIG.FORMAT` on page 248 is used to choose whether a word shall be aligned on the LRCK edge, or be delayed one bit period after this edge:

- When using Aligned format, the first bit in a half-frame gets sampled on the first rising edge of SCK following a LRCK edge, as illustrated in [Figure 65: Aligned format. Identical sample width and half-frame width. Left sample on high level of LRCK](#) on page 233. The left sample is transferred during the high half period of LRCK.
- When using I²S format, the first bit in a half-frame (containing one left or right sample) gets sampled on the second rising edge of the SCK after a LRCK edge, as illustrated in [Figure 66: I²S format. Identical](#)

sample width and half-frame width. Left sample on low level of LRCK on page 233. The left sample is transferred during the low half period of LRCK.

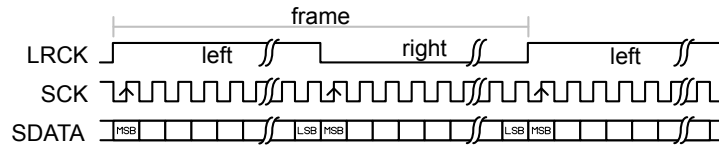


Figure 65: Aligned format. Identical sample width and half-frame width. Left sample on high level of LRCK

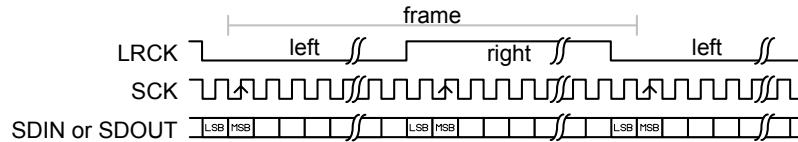


Figure 66: I²S format. Identical sample width and half-frame width. Left sample on low level of LRCK

If the half-frame width differs from the sample width, the sample value can be either right or left-aligned inside a half-frame, as specified in [CONFIG.ALIGN](#) on page 248

- When using left-alignment, each half-frame starts with the MSB of the sample value, as illustrated by [Figure 67: CONFIG.ALIGN set to left justified](#) on page 233.
- When using right-alignment, each half-frame ends with the LSB of the sample value. This is illustrated in [Figure 68: CONFIG.ALIGN set to right justified](#) on page 233.

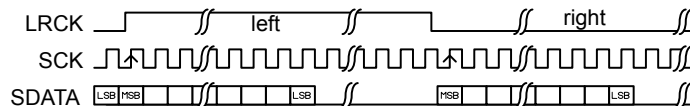


Figure 67: CONFIG.ALIGN set to left justified

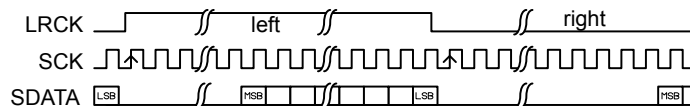


Figure 68: CONFIG.ALIGN set to right justified

Slave mode considerations

In Slave mode, the sample width does not need to equal the half-frame width, or even frame size. This means that there can be extra or fewer SCK pulses per half-frame than what the sample and half-frame widths specified in [CONFIG.SWIDTH](#) on page 248 require.

In cases where **left-alignment** is used, and the number of SCK pulses per half-frame is **higher** than the configured width, the following will apply:

- For data received on SDIN, all bits after the least significant bit (LSB) of the word value will be discarded.
- For data sent on SDOUT, all bits after the LSB of the word value will be 0.

In cases where **left-alignment** is used, and the number of SCK pulses per frame is **lower** than the word width, the following will apply:

- Data sent and received on SDOUT and SDIN will be truncated with the LSBs being removed first.

In cases where **right-alignment** is used, and the number of SCK pulses per frame is **higher** than the configured width, the following will apply:

- For data received on SDIN, all bits before the MSB of the word value will be discarded.

- For data sent on SDOUT, all bits after the LSB of the word value will be 0 (same behavior as for left-alignment).

In cases where **right-alignment** is used, and the number of SCK pulses per frame is **lower** than the configured width, the following will apply:

- Data received on SDIN will be sign-extended to the same number of bits as the sample width before being written to memory.
- Data sent on SDOUT will be truncated with the LSBs being removed first (same behavior as for left-alignment).

7.1.16.7 EasyDMA

The I²S module implements EasyDMA for accessing internal Data RAM without CPU intervention.

The source and destination pointers for the TX and RX data are configured in [TXD.PTR](#) on page 249 and [RXD.PTR](#) on page 249. The memory pointed to by these pointers will only be read or written when TX or RX are enabled in [CONFIG.TXEN](#) on page 245, and [CONFIG.RXEN](#) on page 245.

The addresses written to the pointer registers [TXD.PTR](#) on page 249 and [RXD.PTR](#) on page 249 are double-buffered in hardware. These double buffers are updated for every number of transmitted data words given by [RXTXD.MAXCNT](#) on page 250 read from/written to memory. The events TXPTRUPD and RXPTRUPD are generated whenever the TXD.PTR and RXD.PTR are transferred to these double buffers.

If [TXD.PTR](#) on page 249 is not pointing to the Data RAM region when transmission is enabled, or [RXD.PTR](#) on page 249 is not pointing to the Data RAM region when reception is enabled, an EasyDMA transfer may result in a HardFault and/or memory corruption. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information about the different memory regions.

Due to the nature of I²S, where the number of transmitted samples always equals the number of received samples (at least when both TX and RX are enabled), one common register [RXTXD.MAXCNT](#) on page 250 is used for specifying the sizes of these two memory buffers. The size of the buffers is specified in a number of 32-bit words. Such a 32-bit memory word can either contain one 32-bit sample, one right-aligned 24-bit sample sign extended to 32-bit, two 16-bit samples or four 8-bit samples.

In Stereo mode ([CONFIG.CHANNELS](#) on page 248=Stereo), the samples are stored as left and right sample pairs in memory. [Figure 69: Memory mapping for 8-bit stereo](#). [CONFIG.SWIDTH = 8Bit](#), [CONFIG.CHANNELS = Stereo](#). on page 235, [Figure 71: Memory mapping for 16-bit stereo](#). [CONFIG.SWIDTH = 16Bit](#), [CONFIG.CHANNELS = Stereo](#). on page 235 and [Figure 73: Memory mapping for 24-bit stereo](#). [CONFIG.SWIDTH = 24Bit](#), [CONFIG.CHANNELS = Stereo](#). on page 236 show how the samples are mapped to memory in this mode. The mapping is valid for both RX and TX.

In Mono mode ([CONFIG.CHANNELS](#) on page 248=Left or Right), RX sample from only one channel in the frame is stored in memory, the other channel sample is ignored. [Figure 70: Memory mapping for 8-bit mono](#). [CONFIG.SWIDTH = 8Bit](#), [CONFIG.CHANNELS = Left](#). on page 235, [Figure 72: Memory mapping for 16-bit mono, left channel only](#). [CONFIG.SWIDTH = 16Bit](#), [CONFIG.CHANNELS = Left](#). on page 235 and [Figure 74: Memory mapping for 24-bit mono, left channel only](#). [CONFIG.SWIDTH = 24Bit](#), [CONFIG.CHANNELS = Left](#). on page 236 show how RX samples are mapped to memory in this mode. For TX, the same outgoing sample read from memory is transmitted on both left and right in a frame, resulting in a mono output stream.

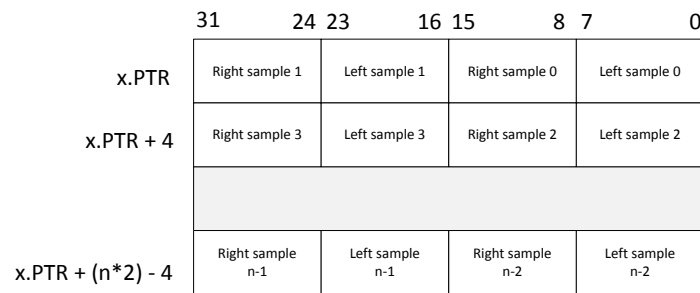


Figure 69: Memory mapping for 8-bit stereo. CONFIG.SWIDTH = 8Bit, CONFIG.CHANNELS = Stereo.

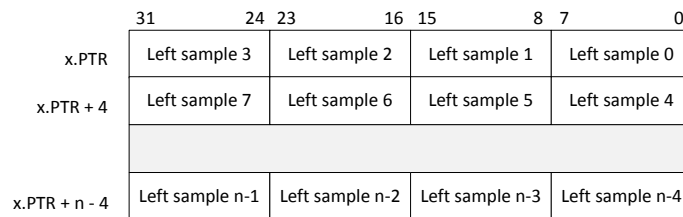


Figure 70: Memory mapping for 8-bit mono. CONFIG.SWIDTH = 8Bit, CONFIG.CHANNELS = Left.

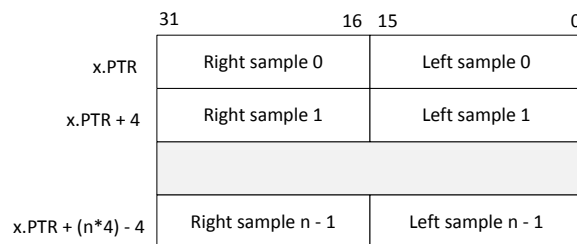


Figure 71: Memory mapping for 16-bit stereo. CONFIG.SWIDTH = 16Bit, CONFIG.CHANNELS = Stereo.

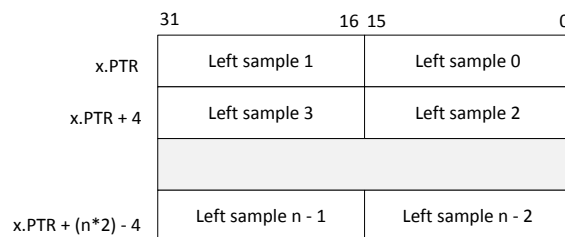


Figure 72: Memory mapping for 16-bit mono, left channel only. CONFIG.SWIDTH = 16Bit, CONFIG.CHANNELS = Left.

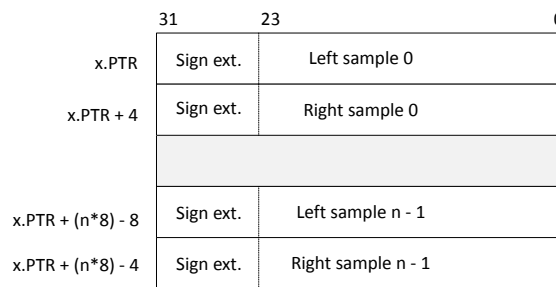


Figure 73: Memory mapping for 24-bit stereo. CONFIG.SWIDTH = 24Bit, CONFIG.CHANNELS = Stereo.

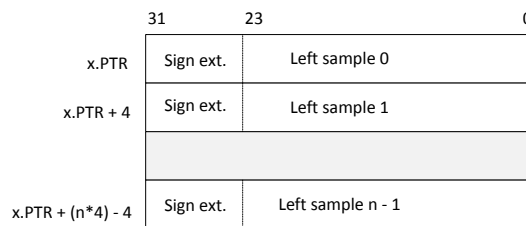


Figure 74: Memory mapping for 24-bit mono, left channel only. CONFIG.SWIDTH = 24Bit, CONFIG.CHANNELS = Left.

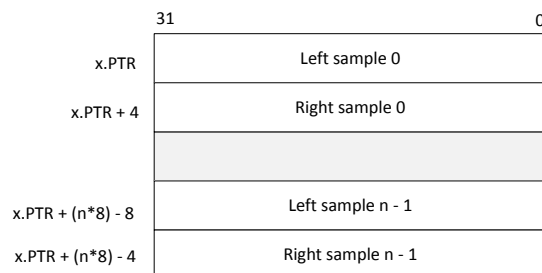


Figure 75: Memory mapping for 32-bit stereo. CONFIG.SWIDTH = 32Bit, CONFIG.CHANNELS = Stereo.

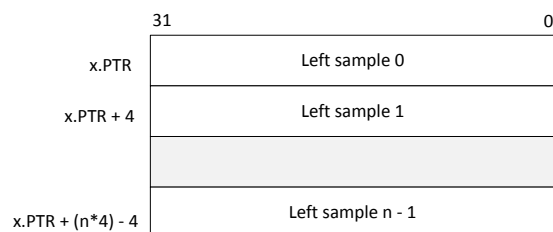


Figure 76: Memory mapping for 32-bit mono, left channel only. CONFIG.SWIDTH = 32Bit, CONFIG.CHANNELS = Left.

7.1.16.8 Module operation

Described here is a typical operating procedure for the I²S module.

1. Configure the I²S module using the CONFIG registers

```
// Enable reception
NRF_I2S->CONFIG.RXEN = (I2S_CONFIG_RXEN_RXEN_Enabled <<
                        I2S_CONFIG_RXEN_RXEN_Pos);

// Enable transmission
NRF_I2S->CONFIG.TXEN = (I2S_CONFIG_TXEN_TXEN_Enabled <<
                        I2S_CONFIG_TXEN_TXEN_Pos);

// Enable MCK generator
NRF_I2S->CONFIG.MCKEN = (I2S_CONFIG_MCKEN_MCKEN_Enabled <<
                        I2S_CONFIG_MCKEN_MCKEN_Pos);

// MCKFREQ = 4 MHz
NRF_I2S->CONFIG.MCKFREQ = I2S_CONFIG_MCKFREQ_MCKFREQ_32MDIV8 <<
                        I2S_CONFIG_MCKFREQ_MCKFREQ_Pos;

// Ratio = 256
NRF_I2S->CONFIG.RATIO = I2S_CONFIG_RATIO_RATIO_256X <<
                        I2S_CONFIG_RATIO_RATIO_Pos;

// MCKFREQ = 4 MHz and Ratio = 256 gives sample rate = 15.625 ks/s
// Sample width = 16 bit
NRF_I2S->CONFIG.SWIDTH = I2S_CONFIG_SWIDTH_SWIDTH_16Bit <<
                        I2S_CONFIG_SWIDTH_SWIDTH_Pos;

// Alignment = Left
NRF_I2S->CONFIG.ALIGN = I2S_CONFIG_ALIGN_ALIGN_Left <<
                        I2S_CONFIG_ALIGN_ALIGN_Pos;

// Format = I2S
NRF_I2S->CONFIG.FORMAT = I2S_CONFIG_FORMAT_FORMAT_I2S <<
                        I2S_CONFIG_FORMAT_FORMAT_Pos;

// Use stereo
NRF_I2S->CONFIG.CHANNELS = I2S_CONFIG_CHANNELS_CHANNELS_Stereo <<
                        I2S_CONFIG_CHANNELS_CHANNELS_Pos;
```

2. Map IO pins using the PINSEL registers

```
// MCK routed to pin 0
NRF_I2S->PSEL.MCK = (0 << I2S_PSEL_MCK_PIN_Pos) |
                    (I2S_PSEL_MCK_CONNECT_Connected <<
                     I2S_PSEL_MCK_CONNECT_Pos);

// SCK routed to pin 1
NRF_I2S->PSEL.SCK = (1 << I2S_PSEL_SCK_PIN_Pos) |
                    (I2S_PSEL_SCK_CONNECT_Connected <<
                     I2S_PSEL_SCK_CONNECT_Pos);

// LRCK routed to pin 2
NRF_I2S->PSEL.LRCK = (2 << I2S_PSEL_LRCK_PIN_Pos) |
                     (I2S_PSEL_LRCK_CONNECT_Connected <<
                      I2S_PSEL_LRCK_CONNECT_Pos);

// SDOUT routed to pin 3
NRF_I2S->PSEL.SDOUT = (3 << I2S_PSEL_SDOUT_PIN_Pos) |
                      (I2S_PSEL_SDOUT_CONNECT_Connected <<
                       I2S_PSEL_SDOUT_CONNECT_Pos);

// SDIN routed on pin 4
NRF_I2S->PSEL.SDIN = (4 << I2S_PSEL_SDIN_PIN_Pos) |
                     (I2S_PSEL_SDIN_CONNECT_Connected <<
                      I2S_PSEL_SDIN_CONNECT_Pos);
```

3. Configure TX and RX data pointers using the TXD, RXD and RXTXD registers

```
NRF_I2S->TXD.PTR = my_tx_buf;
NRF_I2S->RXD.PTR = my_rx_buf;
NRF_I2S->TXD.MAXCNT = MY_BUF_SIZE;
```

4. Enable the I²S module using the ENABLE register

```
NRF_I2S->ENABLE = 1;
```

5. Start audio streaming using the START task

```
NRF_I2S->TASKS_START = 1;
```

6. Handle received and transmitted data when receiving the TXPTRUPD and RXPTRUPD events

```
if (NRF_I2S->EVENTS_TXPTRUPD != 0)
{
    NRF_I2S->TXD.PTR = my_next_tx_buf;
    NRF_I2S->EVENTS_TXPTRUPD = 0;
}

if (NRF_I2S->EVENTS_RXPTRUPD != 0)
{
    NRF_I2S->RXD.PTR = my_next_rx_buf;
    NRF_I2S->EVENTS_RXPTRUPD = 0;
}
```

7.1.16.9 Pin configuration

The MCK, SCK, LRCK, SDIN and SDOUT signals associated with the I²S module are mapped to physical pins according to the pin numbers specified in the PSEL.x registers.

These pins are acquired whenever the I²S module is enabled through the register [ENABLE](#) on page 245.

When a pin is acquired by the I²S module, the direction of the pin (input or output) will be configured automatically, and any pin direction setting done in the GPIO module will be overridden. The directions for the various I²S pins are shown below in [Table 85: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral \(Master mode\)](#) on page 238 and [Table 86: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral \(Slave mode\)](#) on page 239.

To secure correct signal levels on the pins in System OFF mode, and when the I²S module is disabled, these pins must be configured in the GPIO peripheral directly.

I ² S signal	I ² S pin	Direction	Output value	Comment
MCK	As specified in PSEL.MCK	Output	0	
LRCK	As specified in PSEL.LRCK	Output	0	
SCK	As specified in PSEL.SCK	Output	0	
SDIN	As specified in PSEL.SDIN	Input	Not applicable	
SDOUT	As specified in PSEL.SDOUT	Output	0	

Table 85: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral (Master mode)

I ² S signal	I ² S pin	Direction	Output value	Comment
MCK	As specified in PSEL.MCK	Output	0	
LRCK	As specified in PSEL.LRCK	Input	Not applicable	
SCK	As specified in PSEL.SCK	Input	Not applicable	
SDIN	As specified in PSEL.SDIN	Input	Not applicable	
SDOUT	As specified in PSEL.SDOUT	Output	0	

Table 86: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral (Slave mode)

7.1.16.10 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50028000	APPLICATION	I2S	I2S0 : S	US	SA	Inter-IC sound interface	
0x40028000			I2S0 : NS				

Table 87: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Starts continuous I2S transfer. Also starts MCK generator when this is enabled
TASKS_STOP	0x004		Stops I2S transfer. Also stops MCK generator. Triggering this task will cause the event STOPPED to be generated.
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
EVENTS_RXPTRUPD	0x104		The RXD.PTR register has been copied to internal double-buffers. When the I2S module is started and RX is enabled, this event will be generated for every RXTXD.MAXCNT words received on the SDIN pin.
EVENTS_STOPPED	0x108		I2S transfer stopped.
EVENTS_TXPTRUPD	0x114		The TDX.PTR register has been copied to internal double-buffers. When the I2S module is started and TX is enabled, this event will be generated for every RXTXD.MAXCNT words that are sent on the SDOUT pin.
EVENTS_FRAMESTART	0x11C		Frame start event, generated on the active edge of LRCK
PUBLISH_RXPTRUPD	0x184		Publish configuration for event RXPTRUPD
PUBLISH_STOPPED	0x188		Publish configuration for event STOPPED
PUBLISH_TXPTRUPD	0x194		Publish configuration for event TXPTRUPD
PUBLISH_FRAMESTART	0x19C		Publish configuration for event FRAMESTART
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
ENABLE	0x500		Enable I2S module
CONFIG.MODE	0x504		I2S mode
CONFIG.RXEN	0x508		Reception (RX) enable
CONFIG.TXEN	0x50C		Transmission (TX) enable
CONFIG.MCKEN	0x510		Master clock generator enable
CONFIG.MCKFREQ	0x514		I2S clock generator control
CONFIG.RATIO	0x518		MCK / LRCK ratio
CONFIG.SWIDTH	0x51C		Sample width
CONFIG.ALIGN	0x520		Alignment of sample within a frame
CONFIG.FORMAT	0x524		Frame format
CONFIG.CHANNELS	0x528		Enable channels
CONFIG.CLKCONFIG	0x52C		Clock source selection for the I2S module
RXD.PTR	0x538		Receive buffer RAM start address.
TXD.PTR	0x540		Transmit buffer RAM start address
RXTXD.MAXCNT	0x550		Size of RXD and TXD buffers

Register	Offset	Security	Description
PSEL.MCK	0x560		Pin select for MCK signal
PSEL.SCK	0x564		Pin select for SCK signal
PSEL.LRCK	0x568		Pin select for LRCK signal
PSEL.SDIN	0x56C		Pin select for SDIN signal
PSEL.SDOUT	0x570		Pin select for SDOUT signal

Table 88: Register overview

7.1.16.10.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Starts continuous I2S transfer. Also starts MCK generator when this is enabled

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	W	TASKS_START				Starts continuous I2S transfer. Also starts MCK generator when this is enabled																													
		Trigger	1			Trigger task																													

7.1.16.10.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x004

Stops I2S transfer. Also stops MCK generator. Triggering this task will cause the event **STOPPED** to be generated.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID			A																																				
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	W	TASKS_STOP		Stops I2S transfer. Also stops MCK generator. Triggering this task will cause the event STOPPED to be generated.																																			
		Trigger	1		Trigger task																																		

7.1.16.10.3 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task **START**

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID			B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																	
Reset 0x00000000			0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																																									
A	RW	CHIDX	[255..0]		Channel that task START will subscribe to																																																									
B	RW	EN																																																												
		Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																																									
		Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																																									

7.1.16.10.4 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.16.10.5 EVENTS_RXPTRUPD

Address offset: 0x104

The RXD.PTR register has been copied to internal double-buffers. When the I2S module is started and RX is enabled, this event will be generated for every RXTXD.MAXCNT words received on the SDIN pin.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_RXPTRUPD		The RXD.PTR register has been copied to internal double-buffers. When the I2S module is started and RX is enabled, this event will be generated for every RXTXD.MAXCNT words received on the SDIN pin.																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.16.10.6 EVENTS_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x108

I2S transfer stopped.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_STOPPED		I2S transfer stopped.																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.16.10.7 EVENTS_TXPTRUPD

Address offset: 0x114

The TDX.PTR register has been copied to internal double-buffers. When the I2S module is started and TX is enabled, this event will be generated for every RXTXD.MAXCNT words that are sent on the SDOUT pin.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																			A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_TXPTRUPD		The TDX.PTR register has been copied to internal double-buffers. When the I2S module is started and TX is enabled, this event will be generated for every RXTXD.MAXCNT words that are sent on the SDOUT pin.																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.16.10.8 EVENTS_FRAMESTART

Address offset: 0x11C

Frame start event, generated on the active edge of LRCK

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_FRAMESTART		Frame start event, generated on the active edge of LRCK																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.16.10.9 PUBLISH_RXPTRUPD

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event RXPTRUPD

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																							
A	RW		CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event RXPTRUPD will publish to.																																							
B	RW		EN																																											
			Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																							
			Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																							

7.1.16.10.10 PUBLISH_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event STOPPED

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A																	
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value		Description																																																								
A	RW CHIDX					[255..0]		Channel that event STOPPED will publish to.																																																								
B	RW EN																																																															
				Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																																								
				Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																																								

7.1.16.10.11 PUBLISH_TXPTRUPD

Address offset: 0x194

Publish configuration for event **TXPTRUPD**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																	
ID				B																								A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A																								
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																																Description																															
A	RW	CHIDX			[255..0]																																Channel that event TXPTRUPD will publish to.																															
B	RW	EN																																																																		
			Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																																															
			Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																																															

7.1.16.10.12 PUBLISH_FRAMESTART

Address offset: 0x19C

Publish configuration for event **FRAMESTART**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value		Description																																																								
A	RW CHIDX					[255..0]		Channel that event FRAMESTART will publish to.																																																								
B	RW EN																																																															
				Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																																								
				Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																																								

7.1.16.10.13 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																											H		F				C	B	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																														
B	RW RXPTRUPD				Enable or disable interrupt for event RXPTRUPD																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																															
		Enabled	1	Enable																															
C	RW STOPPED				Enable or disable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																															
		Enabled	1	Enable																															
F	RW TXPTRUPD				Enable or disable interrupt for event TXPTRUPD																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																															
		Enabled	1	Enable																															
H	RW FRAMESTART				Enable or disable interrupt for event FRAMESTART																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																															
		Enabled	1	Enable																															

7.1.16.10.14 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																															H	F	C	B
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
B	RW RXPTRUPD			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RXPTRUPD																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW STOPPED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
F	RW TXPTRUPD			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event TXPTRUPD																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
H	RW FRAMESTART			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event FRAMESTART																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.16.10.15 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																															H	F	C	B
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
B	RW	RXPTRUPD			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RXPTRUPD																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C	RW	STOPPED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STOPPED																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
F	RW	TXPTRUPD			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TXPTRUPD																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
H	RW	FRAMESTART			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event FRAMESTART																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.16.10.16 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable I2S module

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW ENABLE			Enable I2S module																															
		Disabled	0	Disable																															
		Enabled	1	Enable																															

7.1.16.10.17 CONFIG.MODE

Address offset: 0x504

I2S mode

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW MODE			I2S mode																														
		Master	0	Master mode. SCK and LRCK generated from internal master clkck (MCK) and output on pins defined by PSEL.xxx.																														
		Slave	1	Slave mode. SCK and LRCK generated by external master and received on pins defined by PSEL.xxx																														

7.1.16.10.18 CONFIG.RXEN

Address offset: 0x508

Reception (RX) enable

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW RXEN			Reception (RX) enable																															
		Disabled	0	Reception disabled and now data will be written to the RXD.PTR address.																															
		Enabled	1	Reception enabled.																															

7.1.16.10.19 CONFIG.TXEN

Address offset: 0x50C

Transmission (TX) enable

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																				A	
Reset 0x00000001				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	TXEN				Transmission (TX) enable																															
		Disabled	0			Transmission disabled and now data will be read from the RXD.TXD address.																															
		Enabled	1			Transmission enabled.																															

7.1.16.10.20 CONFIG.MCKEN

Address offset: 0x510

Master clock generator enable

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID			A																																
Reset 0x00000001			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	MCKEN		Master clock generator enable																															
		Disabled	0	Master clock generator disabled and PSEL.MCK not connected(available as GPIO).																															
		Enabled	1	Master clock generator running and MCK output on PSEL.MCK.																															

7.1.16.10.21 CONFIG.MCKFREQ

Address offset: 0x514

I2S clock generator control

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A				
Reset 0x20000000			0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value			Description																																
		32MDIV10	0x18000000			32 MHz / 10 = 3.2 MHz																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																
		32MDIV11	0x16000000			32 MHz / 11 = 2.9090909 MHz																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																
		32MDIV15	0x11000000			32 MHz / 15 = 2.1333333 MHz																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																
		32MDIV16	0x10000000			32 MHz / 16 = 2.0 MHz																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																
		32MDIV21	0x0C000000			32 MHz / 21 = 1.5238095																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																
		32MDIV23	0x0B000000			32 MHz / 23 = 1.3913043 MHz																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																
		32MDIV30	0x08800000			32 MHz / 30 = 1.0666667 MHz																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																
		32MDIV31	0x08400000			32 MHz / 31 = 1.0322581 MHz																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																
		32MDIV32	0x08000000			32 MHz / 32 = 1.0 MHz																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																
		32MDIV42	0x06000000			32 MHz / 42 = 0.7619048 MHz																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																
		32MDIV63	0x04100000			32 MHz / 63 = 0.5079365 MHz																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																
		32MDIV125	0x020C0000			32 MHz / 125 = 0.256 MHz																																
						Deprecated, use MCKFREQ equation.																																

7.1.16.10.22 CONFIG.RATIO

Address offset: 0x518

MCK / LRCK ratio

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000006			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW	RATIO			MCK / LRCK ratio																															
		32X	0		LRCK = MCK / 32																															
		48X	1		LRCK = MCK / 48																															
		64X	2		LRCK = MCK / 64																															
		96X	3		LRCK = MCK / 96																															
		128X	4		LRCK = MCK / 128																															
		192X	5		LRCK = MCK / 192																															
		256X	6		LRCK = MCK / 256																															
		384X	7		LRCK = MCK / 384																															
		512X	8		LRCK = MCK / 512																															

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				A A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	CHANNELS			Enable channels																															
			Stereo	0	Stereo.																															
			Left	1	Left only.																															
			Right	2	Right only.																															

7.1.16.10.27 CONFIG.CLKCONFIG

Address offset: 0x52C

Clock source selection for the I2S module

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CLKSRC			Clock source selection																														
		PCLK32M	0	32MHz peripheral clock																														
		ACLK	1	Audio PLL clock																														
B	RW BYPASS			Bypass clock generator. MCK will be equal to source input.																														
				If bypass is enabled the MCKFREQ setting has no effect.																														
		Disable	0	Disable bypass																														
		Enable	1	Enable bypass																														

7.1.16.10.28 RXD.PTR

Address offset: 0x538

Receive buffer RAM start address.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW PTR			Receive buffer Data RAM start address. When receiving, words containing samples will be written to this address. This address is a word aligned Data RAM address.																															

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.16.10.29 TXD.PTR

Address offset: 0x540

Transmit buffer RAM start address

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW PTR					Transmit buffer Data RAM start address. When transmitting, words containing samples will be fetched from this address. This address is a word aligned Data RAM address.																																

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.16.10.30 RXTXD.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x550

Size of RXD and TXD buffers

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0												
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0											
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																																							
A	RW MAXCNT							Size of RXD and TXD buffers in number of 32 bit words																																							

7.1.16.10.31 PSEL.MCK

Address offset: 0x560

Pin select for MCK signal

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				C																								B				A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW PIN		[0..31]	Pin number																																
B	RW PORT		[0..1]	Port number																																
C	RW CONNECT			Connection																																
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																																
		Connected	0	Connect																																

7.1.16.10.32 PSEL.SCK

Address offset: 0x564

Pin select for SCK signal

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID				C																								B					A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																													
A	RW PIN			[0..31]				Pin number																													
B	RW PORT			[0..1]				Port number																													
C	RW CONNECT							Connection																													
			Disconnected	1				Disconnect																													
			Connected	0				Connect																													

7.1.16.11 Electrical specification

7.1.16.11.1 I2S timing specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t_{S_SDIN}	SDIN setup time before SCK rising	..	..	..	ns
t_{H_SDIN}	SDIN hold time after SCK rising	..	..	..	ns
t_{S_SDOUT}	SDOUT setup time after SCK falling	..	..	..	ns
t_{H_SDOUT}	SDOUT hold time before SCK falling	..	..	..	ns
t_{SCK_LRCK}	SCLK falling to LRCK edge	..	..	..	ns
f_{MCK}	MCK frequency	..	..	..	kHz
f_{LRCK}	LRCK frequency	..	..	..	kHz
f_{SCK}	SCK frequency	..	..	..	kHz
DC_{CK}	Clock duty cycle (MCK, LRCK, SCK)	..	..	..	%

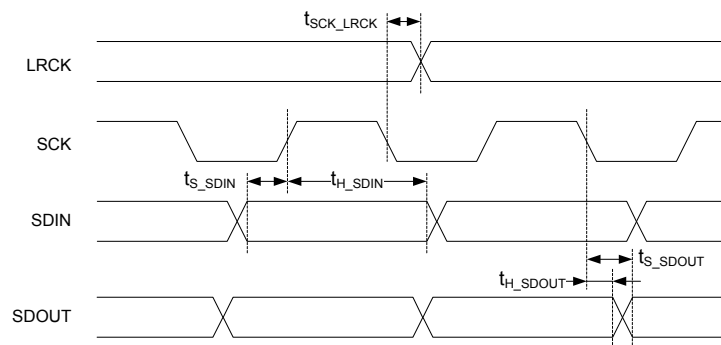


Figure 77: I2S timing diagram

7.1.17 IPC — Interprocessor communication

The interprocessor communication (IPC) peripheral is used to send and receive events between MCUs in the system.

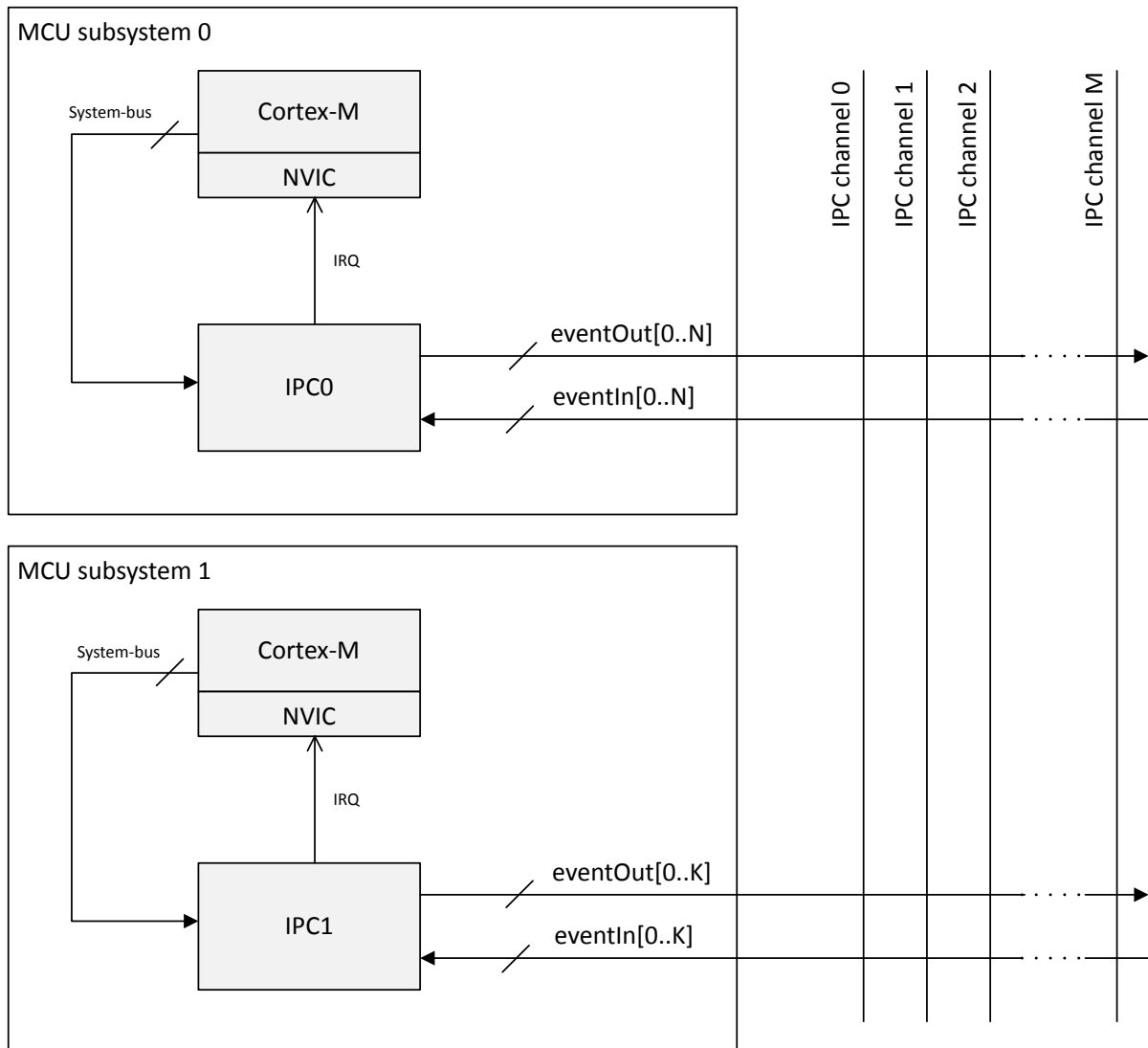


Figure 78: IPC block diagram

Functional description

Figure 78: IPC block diagram on page 253 illustrates the interprocessor communication (IPC) peripheral. In a multi-MCU system, each MCU has one dedicated IPC peripheral. The IPC peripheral can be used to send and receive events to and from other IPC peripherals. An instance of the IPC peripheral can have multiple SEND tasks and RECEIVE events. A single SEND task can be configured to signal an event on one or more IPC channels, and a RECEIVE event can be configured to listen on one or more IPC channels. The IPC channels that are triggered in a SEND task can be configured through the [SEND_CNF](#) registers, and the IPC channels that trigger a RECEIVE event are configured through the [RECEIVE_CNF](#) registers. The figure below illustrates how the [SEND_CNF](#) and [RECEIVE_CNF](#) registers work. Both the SEND task and the RECEIVE event can be connected to all IPC channels.

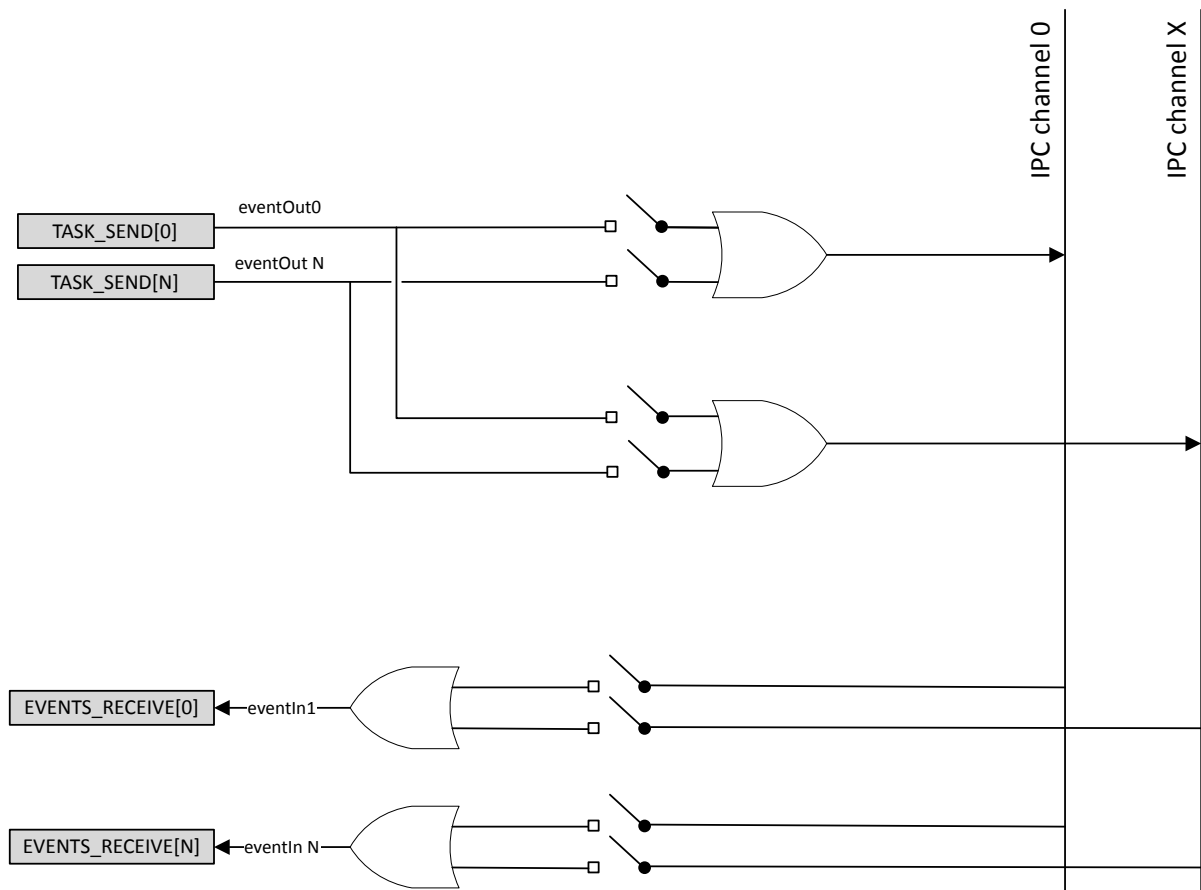


Figure 79: IPC registers *SEND_CNF* and *RECEIVE_CNF*

A SEND task can be viewed as broadcasting events onto one or more IPC channels, and a RECEIVE event can be seen as subscribing to a subset of IPC channels. It is possible for multiple IPCs to trigger events onto the same channel at the same time. When two or more events on the same channel occur within t_{IPC} , the events may be merged into a single event seen from the IPC receiver. One of the events can therefore be lost. To prevent this, the user must ensure that events on the same IPC channel do not occur within t_{IPC} of each other. When implementing firmware data structures, such as queues or mailboxes, this can be done by using one channel for acknowledgements.

An IPC event often does not contain any data itself, it is used to signal other MCUs that something has occurred. Data can be shared through shared memory, for example in the form of a software implemented mailbox, or command/event queues. It is up to software to assign a logical functionality to an IPC channel. For instance, one IPC channel can be used to signal that a command is ready to be executed, and any processor in the system can subscribe to that particular channel and decode/execute the command.

General purpose memory

The **GP**MEM registers can be used freely to store information. These registers are accessed like any other of the IPC peripheral's registers.

7.1.17.1 IPC and PPI connections

The IPC SEND tasks and RECEIVE events can be connected through PPI channels. This makes it possible to relay events from peripherals in one MCU to another, without CPU involvement.

Figure below illustrates a timer COMPARE event that is relayed from one MCU to IPC using PPI, then back into a timer CAPTURE event in another MCU.

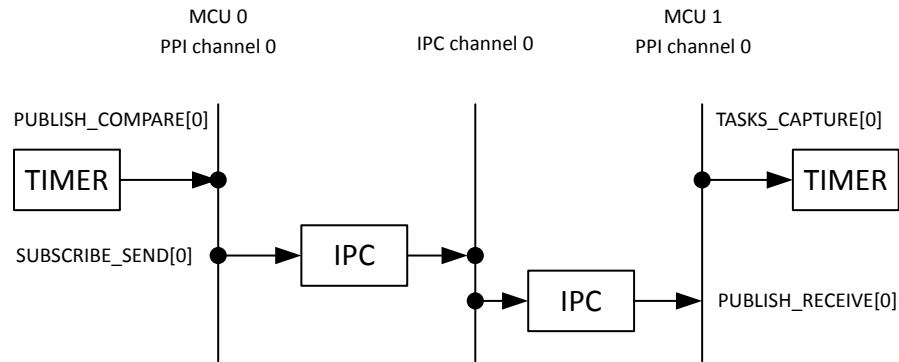


Figure 80: Example of PPI and IPC connections

7.1.17.2 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x5002A000	APPLICATION	IPC	IPC : S	US	NA	Interprocessor communication	
0x4002A000			IPC : NS				
0x41012000	NETWORK	IPC	IPC	NS	NA	Interprocessor communication	

Table 89: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_SEND[n]	0x000		Trigger events on IPC channel enabled in SEND_CNF[n]
SUBSCRIBE_SEND[n]	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task SEND[n]
EVENTS_RECEIVE[n]	0x100		Event received on one or more of the enabled IPC channels in RECEIVE_CNF[n]
PUBLISH_RECEIVE[n]	0x180		Publish configuration for event RECEIVE[n]
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
INTPEND	0x30C		Pending interrupts
SEND_CNF[n]	0x510		Send event configuration for TASKS_SEND[n]
RECEIVE_CNF[n]	0x590		Receive event configuration for EVENTS_RECEIVE[n]
GPMEM[n]	0x610		General purpose memory

Table 90: Register overview

7.1.17.2.1 TASKS_SEND[n] (n=0..15)

Address offset: 0x000 + (n × 0x4)

Trigger events on IPC channel enabled in SEND_CNF[n]

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_SEND		Trigger events on IPC channel enabled in SEND_CNF[n]																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.17.2.2 SUBSCRIBE_SEND[n] (n=0..15)

Address offset: $0x080 + (n \times 0x4)$

Subscribe configuration for task `SEND[n]`

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that task SEND[n] will subscribe to																											
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0				Disable subscription																											
		Enabled	1				Enable subscription																											

7.1.17.2.3 EVENTS_RECEIVE[n] (n=0..15)

Address offset: $0x100 + (n \times 0x4)$

Event received on one or more of the enabled IPC channels in `RECEIVE_CNF[n]`

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_RECEIVE		Event received on one or more of the enabled IPC channels in RECEIVE_CNF[n]																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.17.2.4 PUBLISH_RECEIVE[n] (n=0..15)

Address offset: $0x180 + (n \times 0x4)$

Publish configuration for event `RECEIVE[n]`

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that event RECEIVE[n] will publish to.																											
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0				Disable publishing																											
		Enabled	1				Enable publishing																											

7.1.17.2.5 INTEN

Address offset: $0x300$

Enable or disable interrupt

Send event configuration for TASKS_SEND[n]

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-P	RW CHEN[i] (i=0..15)			Enable broadcasting on IPC channel i																															
		Disable	0	Disable broadcast																															
		Enable	1	Enable broadcast																															

7.1.17.2.10 RECEIVE_CNF[n] (n=0..15)

Address offset: 0x590 + (n × 0x4)

Receive event configuration for EVENTS_RECEIVE[n]

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-P	RW CHEN[i] (i=0..15)			Enable subscription to IPC channel i																															
		Disable	0	Disable events																															
		Enable	1	Enable events																															

7.1.17.2.11 GPMEM[n] (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x610 + (n × 0x4)

General purpose memory

Retained only in System ON mode

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	GPMEM					General purpose memory																											

7.1.17.3 Electrical specification

7.1.17.3.1 IPC Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t _{IPC}	Minimum IPC event spacing before events are merged	..	..	..	µs

7.1.18 KMU — Key management unit

The key management unit (KMU) enforces access policies to a subset region of user information configuration register (UICR). This subset region is used for storing cryptographic key values inside the key slots, which the CPU has no access to.

In total there are 128 key slots available, where each key slot can store one 128-bit key value together with an access policy and a destination address for the key value. Multiple key slots can be combined in order

to support key sizes larger than 128 bits. The access policy of a key slot governs if and how a key value can be used, while the destination address determines where in the memory map the KMU pushes the key value upon a request from the CPU.

Key slots can be configured to be pushed directly into write-only key registers in cryptographic accelerators, like e.g. CryptoCell, without exposing the key value itself to the CPU. This enables the CPU to use the key values stored inside the key slots for cryptographic operations without being exposed to the key value.

Access to the KMU, and the key slots in the UICR, is only allowed from secure mode.

7.1.18.1 Functional view

From a functional view the UICR is divided into two different regions, one-time programmable (OTP) memory and key storage.

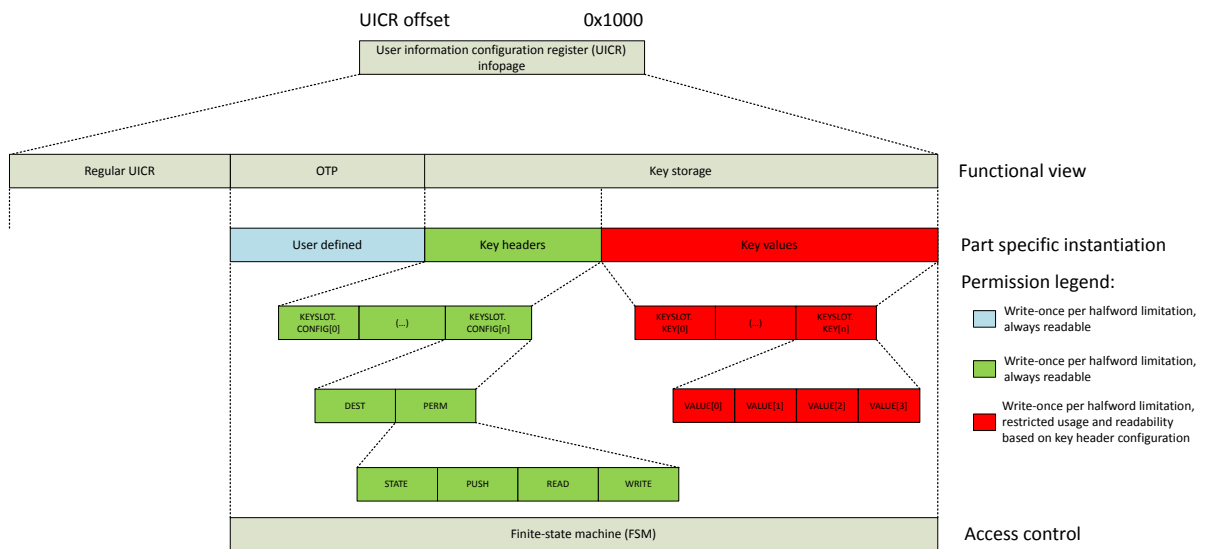


Figure 81: Memory map overview

OTP

One-time programmable (OTP) memory is typically used for holding values that are written once, and then never to be changed again throughout the product lifetime. The OTP region of UICR is emulated by placing a write-once per halfword limitation on registers defined here.

Key storage

The key storage region contains multiple key slots, where each slot consists of a key header and an associated key value. The key value is limited to 128 bits. Any key size greater than 128 bits must be divided and distributed over multiple key slot instances.

Key headers are allocated an address range of 0x400 in the UICR memory map, allowing a total of 128 keys to be addressable inside the key storage region.

Note: The use of the key storage region in UICR should be limited to keys with a certain life span, and not per-session derived keys where the CPU is involved in the key exchange.

7.1.18.2 Access control

Access control to the underlying UICR infopage in flash is enforced by a hardware finite-state machine (FSM). The FSM can allow or block transactions, depending both on the security of the transaction (secure or non-secure) and on the type of register being written and/or read.

Access type	Key headers	Key values
Read	Allowed	Restricted
Write	Restricted	Restricted

Table 91: Access control

Any restricted access requires an explicit key slot selection through the KMU register interface. Any illegal access to restricted key slot registers will be blocked and word `0xDEADDEAD` will be returned on the AHB.

The OTP region has individual access control behavior, while access control to the key storage region is configured on a per key slot basis. The KMU FSM operates on only one key slot instance at a time, and the permissions and the usage restriction for a key value associated with a key slot can be configured individually.

Note: Even if the KMU can be configured as non-secure, all non-secure transactions will be blocked.

7.1.18.3 Protecting the UICR content

The UICR content can be protected against device-internal NVMC.ERASEALL requests, in addition to device-external ERASEALL requests, through the CTRL-AP interface. This feature is useful if the firmware designers want to prevent the OTP region from being erased.

Since enabling this step will permanently disable erase for the UICR, the procedure requires an implementation defined 32-bit word to be written into the UICR's ERASEPROTECT register.

In case of a field return handling, it is still possible to erase the UICR even if the ERASEPROTECT is set. If this functionality is desired, the secure boot code must implement a secure communication channel over the CTRL-AP mailbox interface. Upon successful authentication of the external party, the secure boot code can temporarily re-enable the CTRL-AP ERASEALL functionality.

7.1.18.4 Usage

This section describes the specific KMU and UICR behavior in more detail, to help the reader get a better overview of KMU's features and the intended usage.

7.1.18.4.1 OTP

The OTP region of the UICR contains a user-defined static configuration of the device. The KMU emulates the OTP functionality by placing a write-once per halfword limitation of registers defined in this region, i.e. only halfwords containing all '1's can be written.

An OTP write transaction must consist of a full 32-bit word. Both halfwords can either be written simultaneously or one at a time. The KMU FSM will block any write to a halfword in the OTP region, if the initial value of this halfword is not `0xFFFF`. When writing halfwords one at a time, the non-active halfword must be masked as `0xFFFF`, otherwise the request will be blocked. For example, writing `0x1234XXXX` to an OTP destination address which already contains the value `0xFFFFAABB`, must be configured as `0x1234FFFF`. The OTP destination address will contain the value `0x1234AABB` after both write transactions have been processed.

The KMU will also only allow secure AHB write transactions into the OTP region of the UICR. Any AHB write transaction to this region that does not satisfy the above requirements will be ignored, and the `STATUS.BLOCKED` register will be set to '1'.

7.1.18.4.2 Key storage

The key storage region of the UICR can contain multiple keys of different type, including symmetrical keys, hashes, public/private key pairs and other device secrets. One of the key features of the KMU, is that these

device secrets can be installed and made available for use in cryptographic operations without revealing the actual secret values.

Keys in this region will typically have a certain life span. The region is not designed to be used for per-session derived keys where the non-secure side (i.e. application) is participating in the key exchange.

All key storage is done through the concept of multiple key slots, where each key slot instance consists of one key header and an associated key value. Each key header supports the configuration of usage permissions and an optional secure destination address.

The key header secure destination address option enables the KMU to push the associated key value over a dedicated secure APB to a pre-configured secure location within the memory map. Such locations typically include a write-only key register of the hardware cryptographic accelerator, allowing the KMU to distribute keys within the system without compromising the key values.

One key slot instance can store a key value of maximum 128 bits. If a key size exceeds this limit, the key value itself must be split over multiple key slot instances.

The following usage and read permissions scheme is applicable for each key slot:

State	Push	Read	Write	Description
Active (1)	Enabled (1)	Enabled (1)	Enabled (1)	Default flash erase value. Key slot cannot be pushed, write is enabled.
Active (1)	Enabled (1)	Enabled (1)	Disabled (0)	Key slot is active, push is enabled. Key slot VALUE registers can be read, but write is disabled.
Active (1)	Enabled (1)	Disabled (0)	Disabled (0)	Key slot is active, push is enabled. Read and write to key slot VALUE registers are disabled.
Active (1)	Disabled (0)	Enabled (1)	Disabled (0)	Key slot is active, push is disabled. Key slot VALUE registers can be read, but write is disabled.
Revoked (0)	-	-	-	Key slot is revoked and key value is set to zero. Cannot be read or pushed over secure APB regardless of the permission settings.

Table 92: Valid key slot permission schemes

7.1.18.4.2.1 Selecting a key slot

The KMU FSM is designed to process only one key slot at a time, effectively operating as a memory protection unit for the key storage region. Whenever a key slot is selected, the KMU will allow access to writing, reading, and/or pushing the associated key value according to the selected slot configuration.

A key slot must be selected prior to use, by writing the key slot ID into the KMU SELECTKEYSLOT register. Because the reset value of this register is 0x00000000, there is no key slot associated with ID=0 and no slot is selected by default. All key slots are addressed using IDs from 1 to 128.

SELECTED status is set when a key slot is selected, and a read or write access to that keyslot occurs.

BLOCKED status is set when any illegal access to key slot registers is detected.

When the use of the particular key slot is stopped, the key slot selection in SELECTKEYSLOT must be set back to '0'.

By default, all KMU key slots will consist of a 128-bit key value of '1's, where the key headers have no secure destination address, or any usage and read restrictions.

7.1.18.4.2.2 Writing to a key slot

Writing a key slot into UICR is a five-step process.

1. Select which key slot the KMU shall operate on by writing the desired key slot ID into KMU->SELECTKEYSLOT. The selected key slot must be empty in order to add a new entry to UICR.
2. If the key value shall be pushable over secure APB, the destination address of the recipient must be configured in register KEYSLOT.CONFIG[ID-1].DEST.

3. Write the 128-bit key value into KEYSLOT.KEY[ID-1].VALUE[0-3].
4. Write the desired key slot permissions into KEYSLOT.CONFIG[ID-1].PERM, including any applicable usage restrictions.
5. Select key slot 0.

In case the total key size is greater than 128 bits, the key value itself must be split into 128-bit segments and written to multiple key slot instances. Steps 1 through 5 above must be repeated for the entire key size.

Note: If a key slot is configured as readable, and KEYSLOT.CONFIG[ID-1].DEST is not to be used, it is recommended to disable the push bit in KEYSLOT.CONFIG[ID-1].PERM when configuring key slot permissions.

Note: A key value distributed over multiple key slots should use the same key slot configuration in its key headers, but the secure destination address for each key slot instance must be incremented by 4 words (128 bits) for each key slot instance spanned.

Note: Write to flash must be enabled in NVMC->CONFIG prior to writing keys to flash, and subsequently disabled once writing is complete.

Steps 1 through 5 above will be blocked if any of the following violations are detected:

- No key slot selected
- Non-empty key slot selected
- NVM destination address not empty
- AHB write to KEYSLOT.KEY[ID-1].VALUE[0-3] registers not belonging to selected key slot

7.1.18.4.2.3 Reading a key value

Key slots that are configured as readable can have their key value read directly from the UICR memory map by the CPU.

Readable keys are typically used during the secure boot sequence, where the CPU is involved in falsifying or verifying the integrity of the system. Since the CPU is involved in this decision process, it makes little sense not to trust the CPU having access to the actual key value but ultimately trust the decision of the integrity check. Another use-case for readable keys is if the key type in question does not have a HW peripheral in the platform that is able to accept such keys over secure APB.

Reading a key value from the UICR is a three-step process:

1. Select the key slot which the KMU shall operate on by writing the desired key slot ID into KMU->SELECTKEYSLOT.
2. If STATE and READ permission requirements are fulfilled as defined in KEYSLOT.CONFIG[ID-1].PERM, the key value can be read from region KEYSLOT.KEY[ID-1].VALUE[0-3] for selected key slot.
3. Select key slot 0.

Step 2 will be blocked and word 0xDEADDEAD will be returned on AHB if any of the following violations are detected:

- No key slot selected
- Key slot not configured as readable
- Key slot is revoked
- AHB read to KEYSLOT.KEY[ID-1].VALUE[0-3] registers not belonging to selected key slot

7.1.18.4.2.4 Push over secure APB

Key slots that are configured as non-readable cannot be read by the CPU regardless of the mode the system is in, and must be pushed over secure APB in order to use the key value for cryptographic operations.

The secure APB destination address is set in the key slot configuration DEST register. Such destination addresses are typically write-only key registers in a hardware cryptographic accelerators memory map. The secure APB allows key slots to be utilized by the software side, without exposing the key value itself.

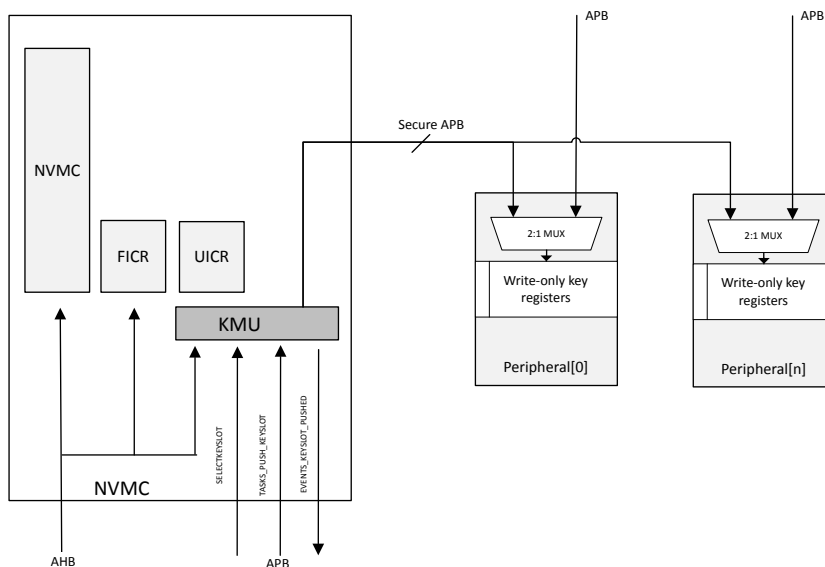


Figure 82: Tasks and events pattern for key slots

Pushing a key slot over secure APB is a four-step process:

1. Select the key slot on which the KMU shall operate by writing the desired key slot ID into KMU->SELECTKEYSLOT.
2. Start TASKS_PUSH_KEYSL0T to initiate a secure APB transaction, writing the 128-bit key value associated with the selected key slot into address defined in KEYSLOT.CONFIG[ID-1].DEST.
3. After completing the secure APB transaction, the 128-bit key value is ready for use by the peripheral and EVENTS_KEYSL0T_PUSHED is triggered.
4. Select key slot 0.

Note: If a key value is distributed over multiple key slots due to its key size, exceeding the maximum 128-bit key value limitation, then each distributed key slot must be pushed individually in order to transfer the entire key value over secure APB.

Step 3 will trigger other events than EVENTS_KEYSL0T_PUSHED if the following violations are detected:

- EVENTS_KEYSL0T_ERROR:
 - If no key slot is selected
 - If a key slot has no destination address configured
 - If when pushing a key slot, flash or peripheral returns an error
 - If pushing a key slot when push permissions are disabled
 - If attempting to push a key slot with default permissions
- EVENTS_KEYSL0T_REVOKED if a key slot is marked as revoked in its key header configuration

7.1.18.4.2.5 Revoking the key slots

All key slots within the key storage area can be marked as revoked.

To revoke any key slots, write to the STATE field in the KEYSLOT.CONFIG[ID-1].PERM register. The following rules apply to keys that have been revoked:

1. Key slots that have the PUSH field enabled in PERM register can no longer be pushed. If a revoked key slot is selected and task TASKS_PUSH_KEYSLLOT is started, the event EVENTS_KEYSLLOT_REVOKED is triggered.
2. Key slots that have the READ field enabled in PERM register can no longer be read. Any read operation to a revoked key value will return word 0xDEADDEAD.
3. Previously pushed key values stored in a peripheral write-only key register are not affected by key revocation. If secure code wants to enforce that a revoked key is no longer usable by a peripheral for cryptographic operations, the secure code should disable or reset the peripheral in question.

Note: If a key slot is revoked, the KMU will automatically zeroize the associated VALUE registers.

7.1.18.4.3 STATUS register

The KMU uses a STATUS register to indicate its status of operation. The SELECTED bit will be asserted whenever the currently selected key slot is successfully read from or written to.

All read or write operations to other key slots than what is currently selected in KMU->SELECTKEYSLOT will assert the BLOCKED bit. The BLOCKED bit will also be asserted if the KMU fails to select a key slot, or if a request has been blocked due to an access violation. Normal operation using the KMU should never trigger the BLOCKED bit. If this bit is triggered during the development phase, it indicates that the code is using the KMU incorrectly.

The STATUS register is reset every time register SELECTKEYSLOT is written.

7.1.18.5 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50039000	APPLICATION	KMU	KMU : S	SPLIT	NA	Key management unit	
0x40039000			KMU : NS				

Table 93: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_PUSH_KEYSLLOT	0x0000		Push a key slot over secure APB
EVENTS_KEYSLLOT_PUSHED	0x100		Key slot successfully pushed over secure APB
EVENTS_KEYSLLOT_REVOKED	0x104		Key slot has been revoked and cannot be tasked for selection
EVENTS_KEYSLLOT_ERROR	0x108		No key slot selected, no destination address defined, or error during push operation
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
INTPEND	0x30C		Pending interrupts
STATUS	0x40C		Status bits for KMU operation
SELECTKEYSLOT	0x500		Select key slot to be read over AHB or pushed over secure APB when TASKS_PUSH_KEYSLLOT is started

Table 94: Register overview

7.1.18.5.1 TASKS_PUSH_KEYSLOT

Address offset: 0x0000

Push a key slot over secure APB

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																																	
A	W	TASKS_PUSH_KEYSLOT							Push a key slot over secure APB																																		
		Trigger		1					Trigger task																																		

7.1.18.5.2 EVENTS_KEYSLOT_PUSHED

Address offset: 0x100

Key slot successfully pushed over secure APB

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_KEYSLOT_PUSHED		Key slot successfully pushed over secure APB																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.18.5.3 EVENTS_KEYSLOT_REVOKED

Address offset: 0x104

Key slot has been revoked and cannot be tasked for selection

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	EVENTS_KEYSLOT_REVOKED				Key slot has been revoked and cannot be tasked for selection																													
			NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
			Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.18.5.4 EVENTS_KEYSLOT_ERROR

Address offset: 0x108

No key slot selected, no destination address defined, or error during push operation

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW		EVENTS_KEYSLLOT_ERROR				No key slot selected, no destination address defined, or error during push operation																																				
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																				
			Generated		1		Event generated																																				

7.1.18.5.5 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	KEYSLOT_PUSHED			Enable or disable interrupt for event KEYSLOT_PUSHED																																	
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
B	RW	KEYSLOT_REVOKED			Enable or disable interrupt for event KEYSLOT_REVOKED																																	
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
C	RW	KEYSLOT_ERROR			Enable or disable interrupt for event KEYSLOT_ERROR																																	
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	

7.1.18.5.6 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID		C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	KEYSLOT_PUSHED		Write '1' to enable interrupt for event KEYSLOT_PUSHED																													
		Set	1	Enable																													
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
B	RW	KEYSLOT_REVOKED		Write '1' to enable interrupt for event KEYSLOT_REVOKED																													
		Set	1	Enable																													
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C	RW	KEYSLOT_ERROR		Write '1' to enable interrupt for event KEYSLOT_ERROR																													
		Set	1	Enable																													
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.18.5.7 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	KEYSLOT_PUSHED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event KEYSLOT_PUSHED																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
B	RW	KEYSLOT_REVOKED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event KEYSLOT_REVOKED																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C	RW	KEYSLOT_ERROR			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event KEYSLOT_ERROR																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.18.5.8 INTPEND

Address offset: 0x30C

Pending interrupts

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	KEYSLOT_PUSHED		Read pending status of interrupt for event KEYSLOT_PUSHED																														
			NotPending	0	Read: Not pending																													
			Pending	1	Read: Pending																													
B	R	KEYSLOT_REVOKED		Read pending status of interrupt for event KEYSLOT_REVOKED																														
			NotPending	0	Read: Not pending																													
			Pending	1	Read: Pending																													
C	R	KEYSLOT_ERROR		Read pending status of interrupt for event KEYSLOT_ERROR																														
			NotPending	0	Read: Not pending																													
			Pending	1	Read: Pending																													

7.1.18.5.9 STATUS

Address offset: 0x40C

Status bits for KMU operation

This register is reset and re-written by the KMU whenever SELECTKEYSLOT is written

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID																																							B	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	R	SELECTED			Key slot ID successfully selected by the KMU																																			
		Disabled	0	No key slot ID selected by KMU																																				
		Enabled	1	Key slot ID successfully selected by KMU																																				
B	R	BLOCKED			Violation status																																			
		Disabled	0	No access violation detected																																				
		Enabled	1	Access violation detected and blocked																																				

7.1.18.5.10 SELECTKEYSLOT

Address offset: 0x500

Select key slot to be read over AHB or pushed over secure APB when TASKS_PUSH_KEYSLOT is started

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0															
ID																												A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A												
Reset 0x00000000				0																								0				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																																											
A	RW	ID					Select key slot ID to be read over AHB, or pushed over secure APB, when TASKS_PUSH_KEYSLOT is started. NOTE: ID=0 is not a valid key slot ID. The 0 ID should be used when the KMU is idle or not in use. NOTE: Index N in UICR->KEYSLOT.KEY[N] and UICR->KEYSLOT.CONFIG[N] corresponds to KMU key slot ID=N+1.																																											

7.1.19 LPCOMP — Low-power comparator

Low-power comparator (LPCOMP) compares an input voltage against a reference voltage.

Listed here are the main features of LPCOMP:

- 0 - VDD input range
- Ultra-low power
- Eight input options (**AIN0** to **AIN7**)
- Reference voltage options:
 - Two external analog reference inputs, or
 - 15-level internal reference ladder (VDD/16)
- Optional hysteresis enable on input
- Can be used as a wakeup source from System OFF mode

In System ON, the LPCOMP can generate separate events on rising and falling edges of a signal, or sample the current state of the pin as being above or below the selected reference. The block can be configured to use any of the analog inputs on the device. Additionally, the low-power comparator can be used as an analog wakeup source from System OFF or System ON. The comparator threshold can be programmed to a range of fractions of the supply voltage.

Note: LPCOMP cannot be used (STARTed) at the same time as COMP. Only one comparator can be used at a time.

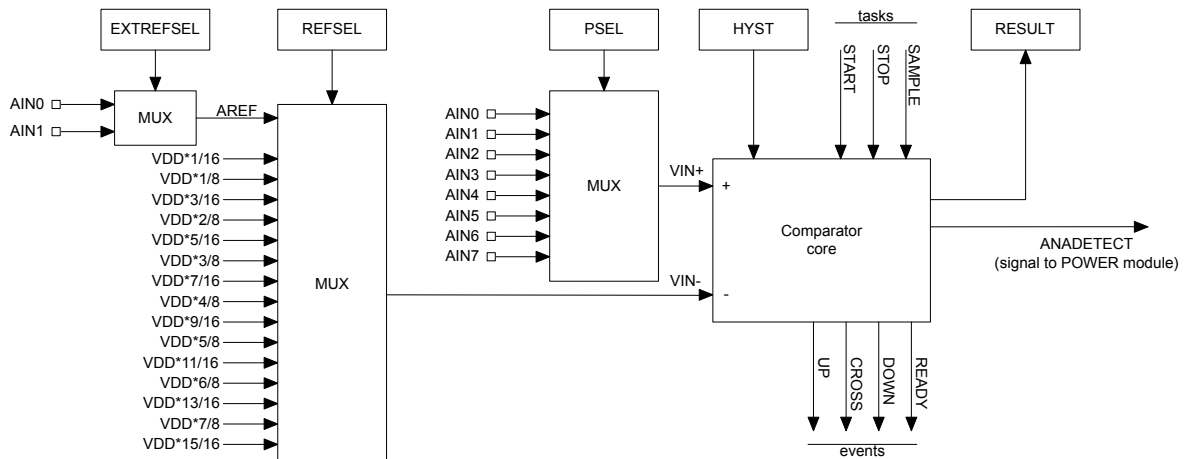


Figure 83: Low-power comparator

The wakeup comparator (LPCOMP) compares an input voltage (VIN+), which comes from an analog input pin selected via the PSEL register, against a reference voltage (VIN-) selected via registers REFSEL on page 277 and EXTREFSEL.

The PSEL, REFSEL, and EXTREFSEL registers must be configured before the LPCOMP is enabled through the ENABLE register.

The HYST register allows enabling an optional hysteresis in the comparator core. This hysteresis shall prevent noise on the signal to create unwanted events. Figure below illustrates the effect of an active hysteresis on a noisy input signal. It is disabled by default, and shall be configured before enabling LPCOMP as well.

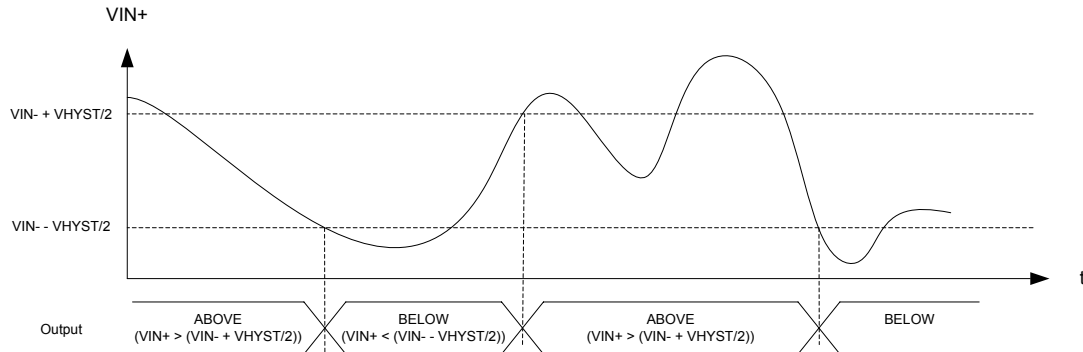


Figure 84: Effect of hysteresis on a noisy input signal

The LPCOMP is started by triggering the START task. After a startup time of $t_{\text{LPCOMP,STARTUP}}$, the LPCOMP will generate a READY event to indicate that the comparator is ready to use and the output of the LPCOMP is correct. The LPCOMP will generate events every time VIN+ crosses VIN-. More specifically, every time VIN+ rises above VIN- (upward crossing) an UP event is generated along with a CROSS event. Every time VIN+ falls below VIN- (downward crossing), a DOWN event is generated along with a CROSS event. When hysteresis is enabled, the upward crossing level becomes $(\text{VIN-} + \text{VHYST}/2)$, and the downward crossing level becomes $(\text{VIN-} - \text{VHYST}/2)$.

The LPCOMP is stopped by triggering the STOP task.

LPCOMP will be operational in both System ON and System OFF mode when it is enabled through the ENABLE register. See [POWER — Power control](#) on page 36 for more information about power modes. Note that it is not allowed to go to System OFF when a READY event is pending to be generated.

All LPCOMP registers, including ENABLE, are classified as retained registers when the LPCOMP is enabled. However, when the device wakes up from System OFF, all LPCOMP registers will be reset.

The LPCOMP can wake up the system from System OFF by asserting the ANADETECT signal. The ANADETECT signal can be derived from any of the event sources that generate the UP, DOWN and CROSS events. In case of wakeup from System OFF, no events will be generated, only the ANADETECT signal. See the ANADETECT register ([ANADETECT](#) on page 278) for more information on how to configure the ANADETECT signal.

The immediate value of the LPCOMP can be sampled to [RESULT](#) on page 276 by triggering the SAMPLE task.

See [RESETREAS](#) on page 59 for more information on how to detect a wakeup from LPCOMP.

7.1.19.1 Shared resources

The LPCOMP shares analog resources with SAADC. While it is possible to use the SAADC at the same time as the LPCOMP, selecting the same analog input pin for both modules is not supported.

Additionally, LPCOMP shares registers and other resources with other peripherals that have the same ID as the LPCOMP. See [Peripherals with shared ID](#) on page 138 for more information.

The LPCOMP peripheral shall not be disabled (by writing to the ENABLE register) before the peripheral has been stopped. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

7.1.19.2 Pin configuration

You can use the LPCOMP.PSEL register to select one of the analog input pins, **AIN0** through **AIN7**, as the analog input pin for the LPCOMP.

See [GPIO — General purpose input/output](#) on page 209 for more information about the pins. Similarly, you can use [EXTREFSEL](#) on page 277 to select one of the analog reference input pins, **AIN0** and **AIN1**, as input for AREF in case AREF is selected in [EXTREFSEL](#) on page 277. The selected analog pins will be acquired by the LPCOMP when it is enabled through [ENABLE](#) on page 276.

7.1.19.3 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x5001A000	APPLICATION	LPCOMP	LPCOMP : S	US	NA	Low-power comparator	
0x4001A000			LPCOMP : NS				

Table 95: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Start comparator
TASKS_STOP	0x004		Stop comparator
TASKS_SAMPLE	0x008		Sample comparator value
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
SUBSCRIBE_SAMPLE	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task SAMPLE
EVENTS_READY	0x100		LPCOMP is ready and output is valid
EVENTS_DOWN	0x104		Downward crossing
EVENTS_UP	0x108		Upward crossing
EVENTS_CROSS	0x10C		Downward or upward crossing
PUBLISH_READY	0x180		Publish configuration for event READY
PUBLISH_DOWN	0x184		Publish configuration for event DOWN
PUBLISH_UP	0x188		Publish configuration for event UP
PUBLISH_CROSS	0x18C		Publish configuration for event CROSS
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt

Register	Offset	Security	Description
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
RESULT	0x400		Compare result
ENABLE	0x500		Enable LPCOMP
PSEL	0x504		Input pin select
REFSEL	0x508		Reference select
EXTREFSEL	0x50C		External reference select
ANADETECT	0x520		Analog detect configuration
HYST	0x538		Comparator hysteresis enable

Table 96: Register overview

7.1.19.3.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Start comparator

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W TASKS_START			Start comparator																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.19.3.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x004

Stop comparator

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W TASKS_STOP			Stop comparator																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.19.3.3 TASKS_SAMPLE

Address offset: 0x008

Sample comparator value

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_SAMPLE		Sample comparator value																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.19.3.4 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task **START**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A					A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task START will subscribe to																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																		

7.1.19.3.5 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																																						
B	RW EN																																												
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																						
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																						

7.1.19.3.6 SUBSCRIBE_SAMPLE

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task **SAMPLE**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																								A					A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task SAMPLE will subscribe to																																	
B	RW EN																																						
			Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																	
			Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																	

7.1.19.3.7 EVENTS_READY

Address offset: 0x100

LPCOMP is ready and output is valid

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_READY		LPCOMP is ready and output is valid																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.19.3.8 EVENTS_DOWN

Address offset: 0x104

Downward crossing

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW EVENTS_DOWN			Downward crossing																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.19.3.9 EVENTS_UP

Address offset: 0x108

Upward crossing

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW		EVENTS_UP				Upward crossing																																				
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																				
			Generated		1		Event generated																																				

7.1.19.3.10 EVENTS_CROSS

Address offset: 0x10C

Downward or upward crossing

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_CROSS		Downward or upward crossing																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.19.3.11 PUBLISH_READY

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event [READY](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event READY will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.19.3.12 PUBLISH_DOWN

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event **DOWN**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event DOWN will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.19.3.13 PUBLISH_UP

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event **UP**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event UP will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.19.3.14 PUBLISH_CROSS

Address offset: 0x18C

Publish configuration for event **CROSS**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																									
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event CROSS will publish to.																																																									
B	RW EN																																																														
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																																									
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																																									

7.1.19.3.15 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																	
ID			E D C B A																																	
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																	
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	READY_SAMPLE			Shortcut between event READY and task SAMPLE																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
B	RW	READY_STOP			Shortcut between event READY and task STOP																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
C	RW	DOWN_STOP			Shortcut between event DOWN and task STOP																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
D	RW	UP_STOP			Shortcut between event UP and task STOP																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
E	RW	CROSS_STOP			Shortcut between event CROSS and task STOP																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															

7.1.19.3.16 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	READY			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event READY																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
B	RW	DOWN			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event DOWN																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C	RW	UP			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event UP																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
D	RW	CROSS			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CROSS																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.19.3.17 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	READY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event READY																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
B	RW	DOWN			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event DOWN																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C	RW	UP			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event UP																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
D	RW	CROSS			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CROSS																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.19.3.18 RESULT

Address offset: 0x400

Compare result

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	RESULT		Result of last compare. Decision point SAMPLE task.																														
		Below	0	Input voltage is below the reference threshold (VIN+ < VIN-)																														
		Above	1	Input voltage is above the reference threshold (VIN+ > VIN-)																														

7.1.19.3.19 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable LPCOMP

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				A A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	ENABLE			Enable or disable LPCOMP																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															

7.1.19.3.20 PSEL

Address offset: 0x504

Input pin select

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	PSEL			Analog pin select																													
			AnalogInput0	0	AIN0 selected as analog input																													
			AnalogInput1	1	AIN1 selected as analog input																													
			AnalogInput2	2	AIN2 selected as analog input																													
			AnalogInput3	3	AIN3 selected as analog input																													
			AnalogInput4	4	AIN4 selected as analog input																													
			AnalogInput5	5	AIN5 selected as analog input																													
			AnalogInput6	6	AIN6 selected as analog input																													
			AnalogInput7	7	AIN7 selected as analog input																													

7.1.19.3.21 REFSEL

Address offset: 0x508

Reference select

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				A A A A																																
Reset 0x00000004				0 1 0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	REFSEL			Reference select																															
			Ref1_8Vdd	0	VDD * 1/8 selected as reference																															
			Ref2_8Vdd	1	VDD * 2/8 selected as reference																															
			Ref3_8Vdd	2	VDD * 3/8 selected as reference																															
			Ref4_8Vdd	3	VDD * 4/8 selected as reference																															
			Ref5_8Vdd	4	VDD * 5/8 selected as reference																															
			Ref6_8Vdd	5	VDD * 6/8 selected as reference																															
			Ref7_8Vdd	6	VDD * 7/8 selected as reference																															
			ARef	7	External analog reference selected																															
			Ref1_16Vdd	8	VDD * 1/16 selected as reference																															
			Ref3_16Vdd	9	VDD * 3/16 selected as reference																															
			Ref5_16Vdd	10	VDD * 5/16 selected as reference																															
			Ref7_16Vdd	11	VDD * 7/16 selected as reference																															
			Ref9_16Vdd	12	VDD * 9/16 selected as reference																															
			Ref11_16Vdd	13	VDD * 11/16 selected as reference																															
			Ref13_16Vdd	14	VDD * 13/16 selected as reference																															
			Ref15_16Vdd	15	VDD * 15/16 selected as reference																															

7.1.19.3.22 EXTREFSEL

Address offset: 0x50C

External reference select

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW	EXTREFSEL				External analog reference select																																						
				AnalogReference0		0	Use AIN0 as external analog reference																																					
				AnalogReference1		1	Use AIN1 as external analog reference																																					

7.1.19.3.23 ANADETECT

Address offset: 0x520

Analog detect configuration

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																				A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW	ANADETECT				Analog detect configuration																															
		Cross		0		Generate ANADETECT on crossing, both upward crossing and downward crossing																															
		Up		1		Generate ANADETECT on upward crossing only																															
		Down		2		Generate ANADETECT on downward crossing only																															

7.1.19.3.24 HYST

Address offset: 0x538

Comparator hysteresis enable

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	HYST		Comparator hysteresis enable																																			
		Disabled	0	Comparator hysteresis disabled																																			
		Enabled	1	Comparator hysteresis enabled																																			

7.1.19.4 Electrical specification

7.1.19.4.1 LPCOMP Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{LPCANADET}$	Time from VIN crossing (≥ 50 mV above threshold) to ANADETECT signal generated	..	..	..	μ s
$V_{INOFFSET}$	Input offset including reference ladder error	..	..	..	mV
V_{HYST}	Optional hysteresis	..	..	..	mV
$t_{STARTUP}$	Startup time for LPCOMP	..	..	..	μ s

7.1.20 MUTEX — Mutual exclusive peripheral

The MUTEX peripheral uses mutual exclusion to support locking a resource that is shared between different CPUs in the system. The shared resource can only be used by one of these cores during the duration that it is locked.

The MUTEX peripheral includes several mutex registers. Each mutex register contains one bit which indicates if it is in a locked or unlocked state. Reading or writing to a mutex register may impact its state.

When a mutex is read, the following conditions apply:

- If the state is locked, the MUTEX[i] state is unchanged (remains in a locked state) and returns a value equal to 1.
- If the state is unlocked, the MUTEX[i] state changes to the locked state and returns a value equal to 0.

When writing '0' to a mutex, the following occurs:

- If the state is unlocked, the MUTEX[i] state is unchanged (remains in unlocked state) and the store is ignored.
- If the state is locked, the MUTEX[i] state changes to the unlocked state.

Note: Faults are not managed by the peripheral. If a mutex is locked and a fault occurs, it is the responsibility of the fault handler to release the mutex. If a fault handler is not managing the mutex release, the mutex will stay locked.

The following figure illustrates the mutex state transitions.

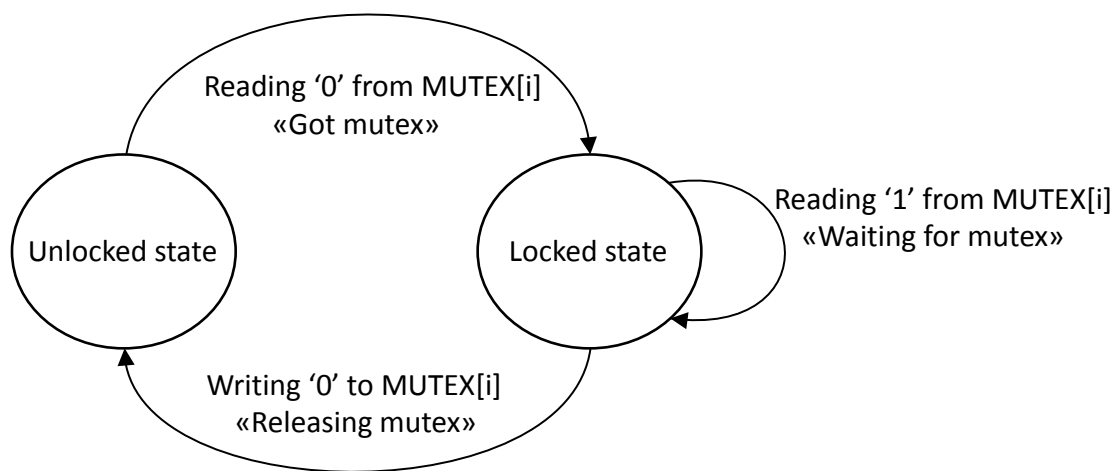


Figure 85: MUTEX - state transitions

The following code is an example of how a mutex can be used by two different CPUs:

```
// CPU0 Polling the MUX[0] register
while (NRF_MUX->MUX[0]){ // Read MUX[0]
    // If a 0 is read, the mutex will lock
    // If a 1 is read, polling will continue
}
// CPU0 working on shared data related to the mutex
...
NRF_MUX->MUX[0] = 0; // Release the mutex
```

```
// CPU1 Polling the MUX[0] register
while (NRF_MUX->MUX[0]){ // Read MUX[0]
    // If a 0 is read, the mutex will lock
    // If a 1 is read, polling will continue
}
// CPU1 working on shared data related to the mutex
...
NRF_MUX->MUX[0] = 0; // Release the mutex
```

Only one CPU can access the mutex at a time, meaning the mutex must be released before being accessed by the another CPU. If the load operation occurs at the same time, a bus arbitration mechanism will ensure only one CPU gets the mutex.

7.1.20.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50030000	APPLICATION	MUTEX	MUTEX : S	US	NA	Mutual exclusive hardware support	
0x40030000			MUTEX : NS				
0x50030000	NETWORK	MUTEX	APPMUTEX : S	US	NA	Mutex control	
0x40030000			APPMUTEX :				
			NS				

Table 97: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
MUX[n]	0x400		Mutex register

Table 98: Register overview

7.1.20.1.1 MUX[n] (n=0..15)

Address offset: $0x400 + (n \times 0x4)$

Mutex register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																				A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW MUTEX					Mutex register n																															
			Unlocked	0		Mutex n is in unlocked state																															
			Locked	1		Mutex n is in locked state																															

7.1.21 NFCT — Near field communication tag

The NFCT peripheral is an implementation of an NFC Forum compliant listening device NFC-A.

With appropriate software, the NFCT peripheral can be used as the listening device NFC-A as specified by the [NFC Forum](#).

Listed here are the main features for the NFCT peripheral:

- NFC-A listen mode operation
 - 13.56 MHz input frequency
 - Bit rate 106 kbps
- Wake-on-field low power field detection (SENSE) mode
- Frame assemble and disassemble for the NFC-A frames specified by the NFC Forum
- Programmable frame timing controller
- Integrated automatic collision resolution, cyclic redundancy check (CRC), and parity functions

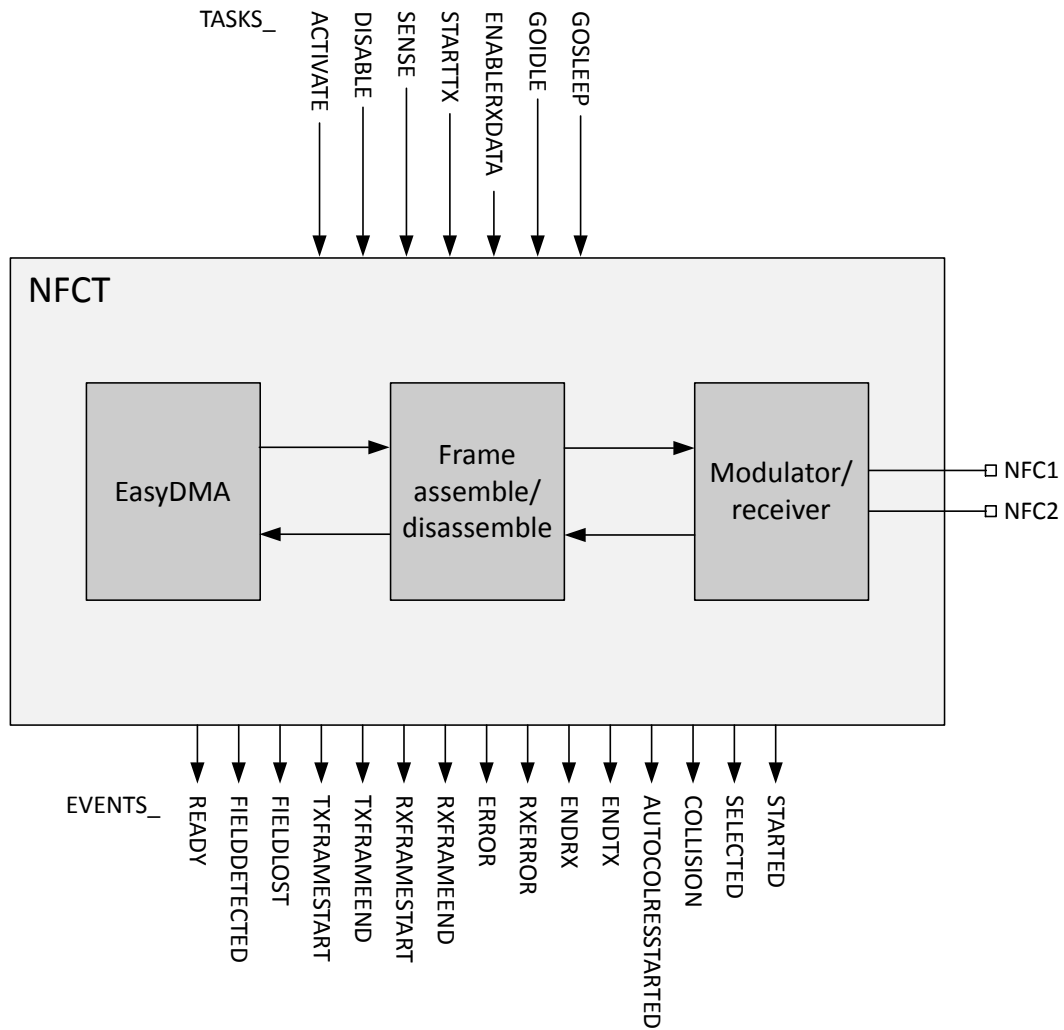


Figure 86: NFCT block diagram

7.1.21.1 Overview

The NFCT peripheral contains a 13.56 MHz AM receiver and a 13.56 MHz load modulator with 106 kbps data rate as defined by the NFC Forum.

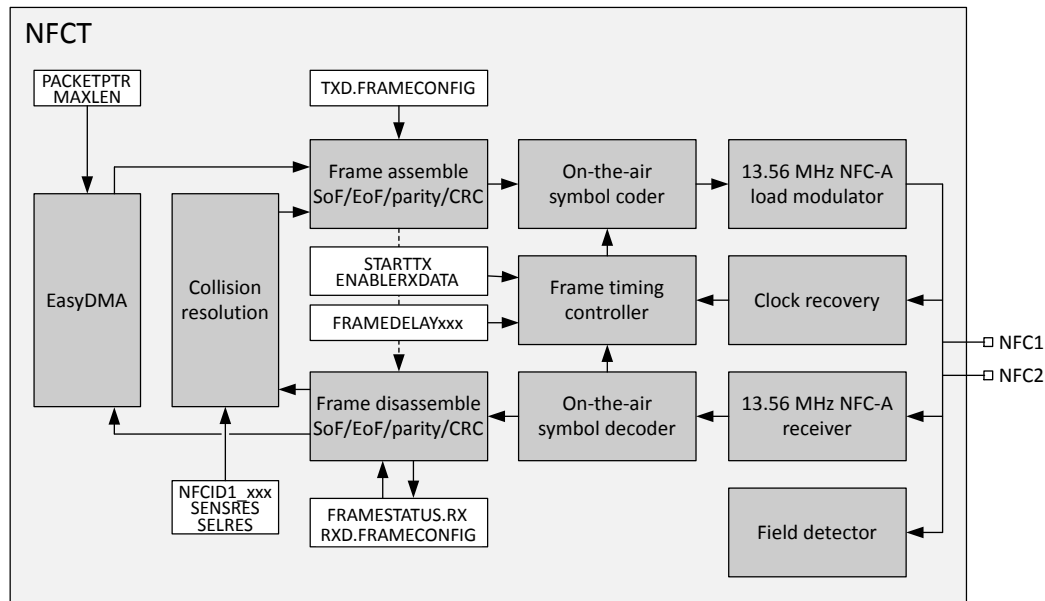


Figure 87: NFCT overview

When transmitting, the frame data will be transferred directly from RAM and transmitted with configurable frame type and delay timing. The system will be notified by an event whenever a complete frame is received or sent. The received frames will be automatically disassembled and the data part of the frame transferred to RAM.

The NFCT peripheral also supports the collision detection and resolution ("anticollision") as defined by the NFC Forum.

Wake-on-field is supported in SENSE mode while the device is either in System OFF or System ON mode. When the antenna enters an NFC field, an event will be triggered notifying the system to activate the NFCT functionality for incoming frames. In System ON, if the energy detected at the antenna increases beyond a threshold value, the module will generate a **FIELDDETECTED** event. When the strength of the field no longer supports NFC communication, the module will generate a **FIELDLOST** event. For the Low Power Field Detect threshold values, refer to **NFCT Electrical Specification** on page 317.

In System OFF, the NFCT Low Power Field Detect function can wake the system up through a reset. See **RESETREAS** on page 59 for more information on how to detect a wakeup from NFCT.

If the system is put into System OFF mode while a field is already present, the NFCT Low Power Field Detect function will wake the system up right away and generate a reset.

Important: As a consequence of a reset, NFCT is disabled, and therefore the reset handler will have to activate NFCT again and set it up properly.

The HFXO must be running before the NFCT peripheral goes into ACTIVATED state. Note that the NFCT peripheral calibration is automatically done on **ACTIVATE** task. The HFXO can be turned off when the NFCT peripheral goes into SENSE mode. The shortcut **FIELDDETECTED_ACTIVATE** can be used when the HFXO is already running while in SENSE mode.

Outgoing data will be collected from RAM with the EasyDMA function and assembled according to the **TXD.FRAMECONFIG** on page 313 register. Incoming data will be disassembled according to the **RXD.FRAMECONFIG** register and the data section in the frame will be written to RAM via the EasyDMA function.

The NFCT peripheral includes a frame timing controller that can be used to accurately control the inter-frame delay between the incoming frame and a corresponding outgoing frame. It also includes optional CRC functionality.

7.1.21.2 Operating states

Tasks and events are used to control the operating state of the peripheral. The module can change state by triggering a task, or when specific operations are finalized. Events and tasks allow software to keep track of and change the current state.

See [Figure 86: NFCT block diagram](#) on page 282 and [Figure 88: NFCT state diagram, automatic collision resolution enabled](#) on page 284 for more information. See *NFC Forum, NFC Activity Technical Specification* for description on NFCT operating states.

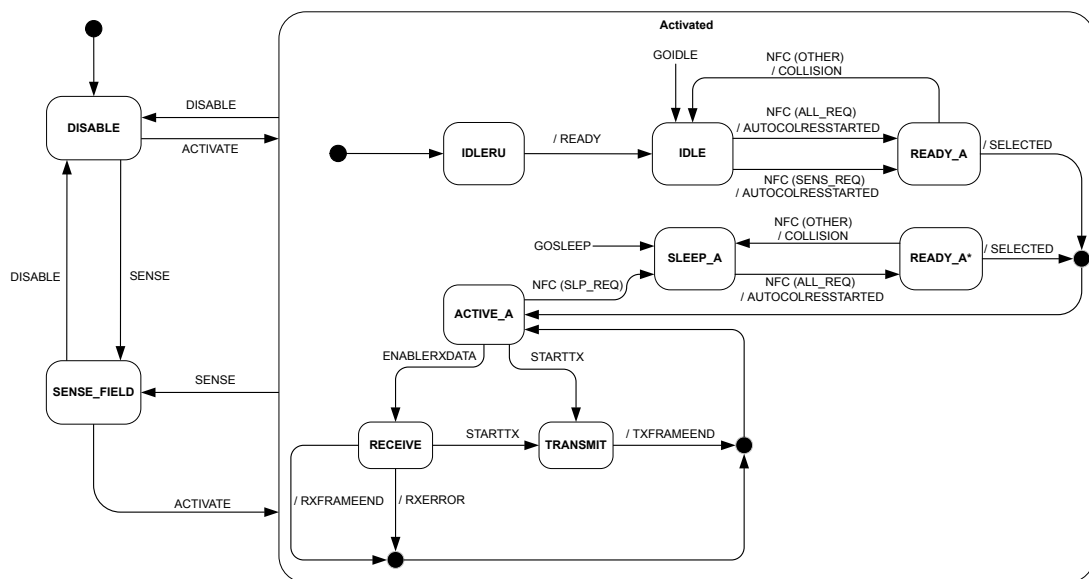


Figure 88: NFCT state diagram, automatic collision resolution enabled

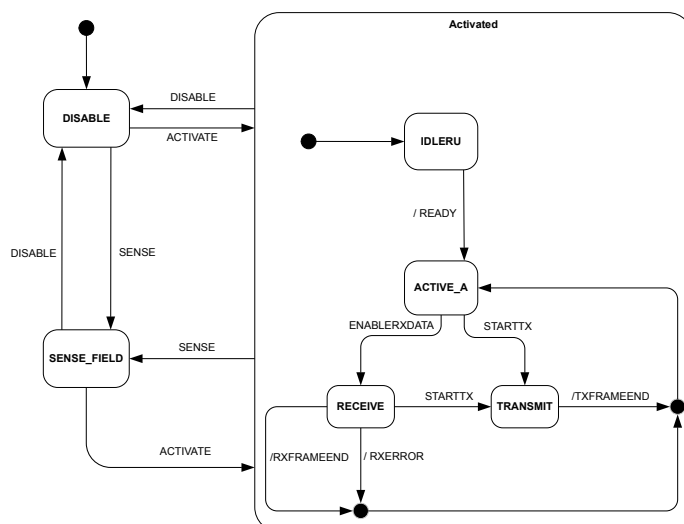


Figure 89: NFCT state diagram, automatic collision resolution disabled

Important:

- FIELDLOST event is not generated in SENSE mode.
- Sending SENSE task while field is still present does not generate **FIELDDETECTED** event.
- If the FIELDDETECTED event is cleared before sending the **ACTIVATE** task, then the FIELDDETECTED event shows up again after sending the ACTIVATE task. The shortcut FIELDDETECTED_ACTIVATE can be used to avoid this condition.

7.1.21.3 Pin configuration

NFCT uses two pins to connect the antenna and these pins are shared with GPIOs.

The PROTECT field in the NFCPINS register in UICR defines the usage of these pins and their protection level against excessive voltages. The content of the NFCPINS register is reloaded at every reset. See [Pin assignments](#) on page 764 for the pins used by the NFCT peripheral.

When NFCPINS.PROTECT=NFC, a protection circuit will be enabled on the dedicated pins, preventing the chip from being damaged in the presence of a strong NFC field. The protection circuit will short the two pins together if voltage difference exceeds approximately 2V. The GPIO function on those pins will also be disabled.

When NFCPINS.PROTECT=Disabled, the device will not be protected against strong NFC field damages caught by a connected NFCT antenna, and the NFCT peripheral will not operate as expected, as it will never leave the DISABLE state.

The pins dedicated to the NFCT antenna function will have some limitation when the pins are configured for normal GPIO operation. The pin capacitance will be higher on those (refer to C_{PAD_NFC} in the Electrical Specification of [GPIO — General purpose input/output](#) on page 209), and some increased leakage current between the two pins is to be expected if they are used in GPIO mode, and are driven to different logical values. To save power, the two pins should always be set to the same logical value whenever entering one of the device power saving modes. For details, refer to I_{NFC_LEAK} in the Electrical Specification of [GPIO — General purpose input/output](#) on page 209.

7.1.21.4 EasyDMA

The NFCT peripheral implements EasyDMA for reading and writing of data packets from and to the Data RAM.

The NFCT EasyDMA utilizes a pointer called [PACKETPTR](#) on page 312 for receiving and transmitting packets.

The NFCT peripheral uses EasyDMA to read or write RAM, but not both at the same time. The event [RXFRAMESTART](#) indicates that the EasyDMA has started writing to the RAM for a receive frame and the event [RXFRAMEEND](#) indicates that the EasyDMA has completed writing to the RAM. Similarly, the event [TXFRAMESTART](#) indicates that the EasyDMA has started reading from the RAM for a transmit frame and the event [TXFRAMEEND](#) indicates that the EasyDMA has completed reading from the RAM. If a transmit and a receive operation is issued at the same time, the transmit operation would be prioritized.

Starting a transmit operation while the EasyDMA is writing a receive frame to the RAM will result in unpredictable behavior. Starting an EasyDMA operation when there is an ongoing EasyDMA operation may result in unpredictable behavior. It is recommended to wait for the TXFRAMEEND or RXFRAMEEND event for the ongoing transmit or receive before starting a new receive or transmit operation.

The [MAXLEN](#) on page 313 register determines the maximum number of bytes that can be read from or written to the RAM. This feature can be used to ensure that the NFCT peripheral does not overwrite, or read beyond, the RAM assigned to a packet. Note that if the [RXD.AMOUNT](#) or [TXD.AMOUNT](#) register indicates longer data packets than set in MAXLEN, the frames sent to or received from the physical layer

will be incomplete. In that situation, in RX, the **OVERRUN** bit in the **FRAMESTATUS.RX** register will be set and an **RXERROR** event will be triggered.

Important: The **RXD.AMOUNT** and **TXD.AMOUNT** define a frame length in bytes and bits excluding start of frame (SoF), end of frame (EoF), and parity, but including CRC for **RXD.AMOUNT** only. Make sure to take potential additional bits into account when setting **MAXLEN**.

Only sending task **ENABLERXDATA** ensures that a new value in **PACKETPTR** pointing to the RX buffer in Data RAM is taken into account.

If **PACKETPTR** is not pointing to the Data RAM region, an EasyDMA transfer may result in a hard fault or RAM corruption. For more information about the different memory regions, see Chapter **Memory** on page 18.

The NFCT peripherals normally do alternative receive and transmit frames. Therefore, to prepare for the next frame, the **PACKETPTR**, **MAXLEN**, **TXD.FRAMECONFIG** and **TXD.AMOUNT** can be updated while the receive is in progress, and, similarly, the **PACKETPTR**, **MAXLEN** and **RXD.FRAMECONFIG** can be updated while the transmit is in progress. They can be updated and prepared for the next NFC frame immediately after the **STARTED** event of the current frame has been received. Updating the **TXD.FRAMECONFIG** and **TXD.AMOUNT** during the current transmit frame or updating **RXD.FRAMECONFIG** during current receive frame may cause unpredictable behaviour.

In accordance with *NFC Forum, NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification*, the least significant bit (LSB) from the least significant byte (LSByte) is sent on air first. The bytes are stored in increasing order, starting at the lowest address in the EasyDMA buffer in RAM.

7.1.21.5 Frame assembler

The NFCT peripheral implements a frame assembler in hardware.

When the NFCT peripheral is in the **ACTIVE_A** state, the software can decide to enter RX or TX mode. For RX, see **Frame disassembler** on page 287. For TX, the software must indicate the address of the source buffer in Data RAM and its size through programming the **PACKETPTR** and **MAXLEN** registers respectively, then issuing a **STARTTX** task.

MAXLEN must be set so that it matches the size of the frame to be sent.

The **STARTED** event indicates that the **PACKETPTR** and **MAXLEN** registers have been captured by the frame assembler EasyDMA.

When asserting the **STARTTX** task, the frame assembler module will start reading **TXD.AMOUNT.TXDATABYTES** bytes (plus one additional byte if **TXD.AMOUNT.TXDATABITS** > 0) from the RAM position set by the **PACKETPTR**.

The NFCT peripheral transmits the data as read from RAM, adding framing and the CRC calculated on the fly if set in **TXD.FRAMECONFIG**. The NFCT peripheral will take $(8 * \text{TXD.AMOUNT.TXDATABYTES} + \text{TXD.AMOUNT.TXDATABITS})$ bits and assemble a frame according to the settings in **TXD.FRAMECONFIG**. Both short frames, standard frames, and bit-oriented SDD frames as specified in the *NFC Forum, NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification* can be assembled by the correct setting of the **TXD.FRAMECONFIG** register.

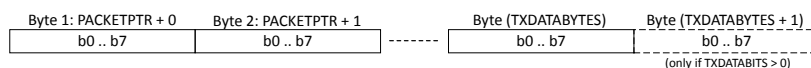
The bytes will be transmitted on air in the same order as they are read from RAM with a rising bit order within each byte, least significant bit (LSB) first. That is, b0 will be transmitted on air before b1, and so on. The bits read from RAM will be coded into symbols as defined in the *NFC Forum, NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification*.

Important: Some NFC Forum documents, such as *NFC Forum*, *NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification*, define bit numbering in a byte from b1 (LSB) to b8 (most significant bit (MSB)), while most other technical documents from the NFC Forum, and also the Nordic Semiconductor documentation, traditionally number them from b0 to b7. The present document uses the b0–b7 numbering scheme. Be aware of this when comparing the *NFC Forum*, *NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification* to others.

The frame assembler can be configured in TXD.FRAMECONFIG to add SoF symbol, calculate and add parity bits, and calculate and add CRC to the data read from RAM when assembling the frame. The total frame will then be longer than what is defined by TXD.AMOUNT.TXDATABYTES. TXDATABITS. DISCARDMODE will select if the first bits in the first byte read from RAM or the last bits in the last byte read from RAM will be discarded if TXD.AMOUNT.TXDATABITS are not equal to zero. Note that if TXD.FRAMECONFIG.PARITY = Parity and TXD.FRAMECONFIG.DISCARDMODE=DiscardStart, a parity bit will be included after the non-complete first byte. No parity will be added after a non-complete last byte.

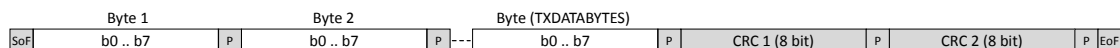
The frame assemble operation is illustrated in [Figure 90: Frame assemble illustration](#) on page 287 for different settings in TXD.FRAMECONFIG. All shaded bit fields are added by the frame assembler. Some of these bits are optional and appearances are configured in TXD.FRAMECONFIG. Note that the frames illustrated do not necessarily comply with the NFC specification. The figure is only to illustrate the behavior of the NFCT peripheral.

Data from RAM



Frame on air

PARITY = Parity
TXDATABITS = 0
CRCMODETX = CRC16TX



PARITY = Parity
TXDATABITS = 4
CRCMODETX = NoCRCTX
DISCARDMODE = DiscardStart



PARITY = Parity
TXDATABITS = 0
CRCMODETX = NoCRCTX



Figure 90: Frame assemble illustration

The accurate timing for transmitting the frame on air is set using the frame timing controller settings.

7.1.21.6 Frame disassembler

The NFCT peripheral implements a frame disassembler in hardware.

When the NFCT peripheral is in the ACTIVE_A state, the software can decide to enter RX or TX mode. For TX, see [Frame assembler](#) on page 286. For RX, the software must indicate the address and size of the destination buffer in Data RAM through programming the [PACKETPTR](#) and [MAXLEN](#) registers before issuing an [ENABLERXDATA](#) task.

The [STARTED](#) event indicates that the [PACKETPTR](#) and [MAXLEN](#) registers have been captured by the frame disassembler EasyDMA.

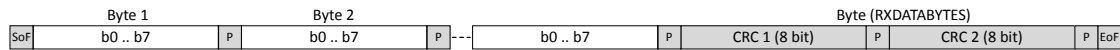
When an incoming frame starts, the [RXFRAMESTART](#) event will get issued and data will be written to the buffer in Data RAM. The frame disassembler will verify and remove any parity bits, start of frame (SoF) and

end of frame (EoF) symbols on the fly based on [RXD.FRAMECONFIG](#) register configuration. It will, however, verify and transfer the CRC bytes into RAM, if the CRC is enabled through [RXD.FRAMECONFIG](#).

When an EoF symbol is detected, the NFCT peripheral will assert the [RXFRAMEEND](#) event and write the [RXD.AMOUNT](#) register to indicate numbers of received bytes and bits in the data packet. The module does not interpret the content of the data received from the remote NFC device, except for SoF, EoF, parity, and CRC checking, as described above. The frame disassemble operation is illustrated below.

Frame on air

PARITY = Parity
RXDATABITS = 0
CRCMODERX = CRC16RX



PARITY = Parity
CRCMODERX = NoCRCTR
RXDATABITS = 4



PARITY = NoParity
CRCMODERX = NoCRCRX
RXDATABITS = 0



Data to RAM

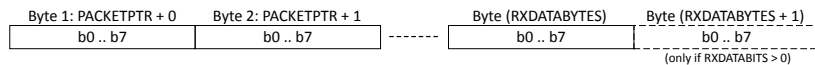


Figure 91: Frame disassemble illustration

Per NFC specification, the time between EoF to the next SoF can be as short as 86 μ s, and therefore care must be taken that PACKETPTR and MAXLEN are ready and ENABLERXDATA is issued on time after the end of previous frame. The use of a PPI shortcut from [TXFRAMEEND](#) to ENABLERXDATA is recommended.

7.1.21.7 Frame timing controller

The NFCT peripheral includes a frame timing controller that continuously keeps track of the number of the 13.56 MHz RF carrier clock periods since the end of the EoF of the last received frame.

The NFCT peripheral can be programmed to send a responding frame within a time window or at an exact count of RF carrier periods. In case of [FRAMEDELAYMODE](#) = Window, a [STARTTX](#) task triggered before the frame timing controller counter is equal to [FRAMEDELAYMIN](#) will force the transmission to halt until the counter is equal to [FRAMEDELAYMIN](#). If the counter is within [FRAMEDELAYMIN](#) and [FRAMEDELAYMAX](#) when the [STARTTX](#) task is triggered, the NFCT peripheral will start the transmission straight away. In case of [FRAMEDELAYMODE](#) = ExactVal, a [STARTTX](#) task triggered before the frame delay counter is equal to [FRAMEDELAYMAX](#) will halt the actual transmission start until the counter is equal to [FRAMEDELAYMAX](#).

In case of [FRAMEDELAYMODE](#) = WindowGrid, the behaviour is similar to the [FRAMEDELAYMODE](#) = Window, but the actual transmission between [FRAMEDELAYMIN](#) and [FRAMEDELAYMAX](#) starts on a bit grid as defined for NFC-A Listen frames (slot duration of 128 RF carrier periods).

An [ERROR](#) event (with [FRAMEDELAYTIMEOUT](#) cause in [ERRORSTATUS](#)) will be asserted if the frame timing controller counter reaches [FRAMEDELAYMAX](#) without any [STARTTX](#) task triggered. This may happen even when the response is not required as per *NFC Forum, NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification*. Any commands handled by the automatic collision resolution that don't involve a response being generated may also result in an [ERROR](#) event (with [FRAMEDELAYTIMEOUT](#) cause in [ERRORSTATUS](#)). The [FRAMEDELAYMIN](#) and [FRAMEDELAYMAX](#) values shall only be updated before the [STARTTX](#) task is triggered. Failing to do so may cause unpredictable behaviour.

The frame timing controller operation is illustrated in [Figure 92: Frame timing controller \(FRAMEDELAYMODE=Window\)](#) on page 289. The frame timing controller automatically adjusts the frame timing counter based on the last received data bit according to NFC-A technology in the *NFC Forum, NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification*.

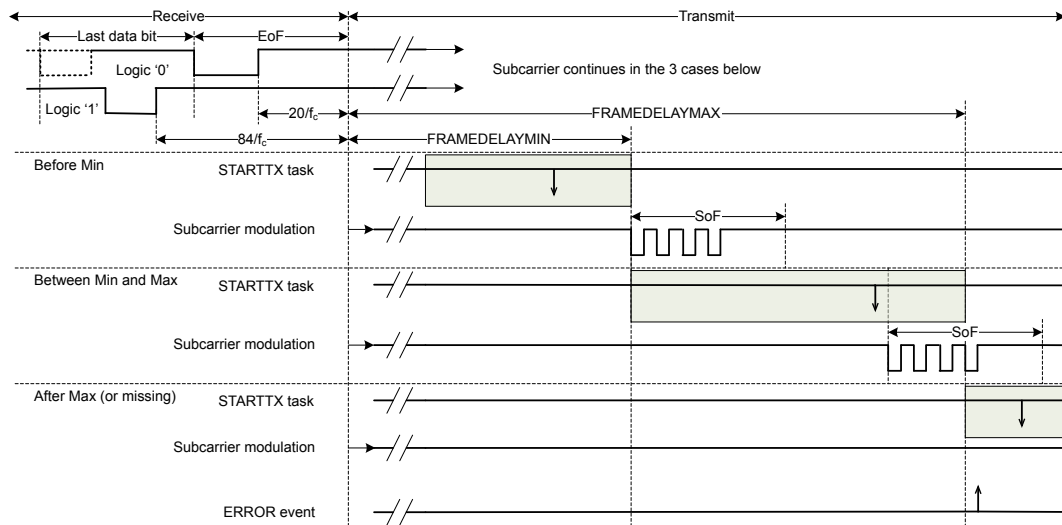


Figure 92: Frame timing controller (FRAMEDELAYMODE=Window)

7.1.21.8 Collision resolution

The NFCT peripheral implements an automatic collision resolution function as defined by the NFC Forum.

Automatic collision resolution is enabled by default, and it is recommended that the feature is used since it is power efficient and reduces the complexity of software handling the collision resolution sequence. This feature can be disabled through the MODE field in the [AUTOCOLRESCONFIG](#) register. When the automatic collision resolution is disabled, all commands will be sent over EasyDMA as defined in frame disassembler.

The [SENSRES](#) and [SELRES](#) registers need to be programmed upfront in order for the collision resolution to behave correctly. Depending on the NFCIDSIZE field in SENSRES, the following registers also need to be programmed upfront:

- NFCID1_LAST if NFCID1SIZE=NFCID1Single (ID = 4 bytes);
- NFCID1_2ND_LAST and NFCID1_LAST if NFCID1SIZE=NFCID1Double (ID = 7 bytes);
- NFCID1_3RD_LAST, NFCID1_2ND_LAST and NFCID1_LAST if NFCID1SIZE=NFCID1Triple (ID = 10 bytes);

A pre-defined set of registers, NFC.TAGHEADER0..3, containing a valid NFCID1 value, is available in FICR and can be used by software to populate the NFCID1_3RD_LAST, NFCID1_2ND_LAST, and NFCID1_LAST registers.

[Table 99: NFCID1 byte allocation \(top sent first on air\)](#) on page 290 explains the position of the ID bytes in NFCID1_3RD_LAST, NFCID1_2ND_LAST, and NFCID1_LAST, depending on the ID size, and as compared to the definition used in the *NFC Forum, NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification*.

ID = 4 bytes	ID = 7 bytes	ID = 10 bytes
NFCID1_Q		nfcid1 ₀
NFCID1_R		nfcid1 ₁
NFCID1_S		nfcid1 ₂
NFCID1_T	nfcid1 ₀	nfcid1 ₃
NFCID1_U	nfcid1 ₁	nfcid1 ₄
NFCID1_V	nfcid1 ₂	nfcid1 ₅
NFCID1_W	nfcid1 ₀	nfcid1 ₆
NFCID1_X	nfcid1 ₁	nfcid1 ₇
NFCID1_Y	nfcid1 ₂	nfcid1 ₈
NFCID1_Z	nfcid1 ₃	nfcid1 ₉

Table 99: NFCID1 byte allocation (top sent first on air)

The hardware implementation can handle the states from IDLE to ACTIVE_A automatically as defined in the *NFC Forum, NFC Activity Technical Specification*, and the other states are to be handled by software. The software keeps track of the state through events. The collision resolution will trigger an **AUTOCOLRESSTARTED** event when it has started. Reaching the ACTIVE_A state is indicated by the **SELECTED** event.

If collision resolution fails, a **COLLISION** event is triggered. Note that errors occurring during automatic collision resolution may also cause **ERROR** and/or **RXERROR** events to be generated. Other events may also get generated. It is recommended that the software ignores any event except COLLISION, SELECTED and FIELDLOST during automatic collision resolution. Software shall also make sure that any unwanted SHORT or PPI shortcut is disabled during automatic collision resolution.

The automatic collision resolution will be restarted, if the packets are received with CRC or parity errors while in ACTIVE_A state. The automatic collision resolution feature can be disabled while in ACTIVE_A state to avoid this.

The SLP_REQ is automatically handled by the NFCT peripheral when the automatic collision resolution is enabled. However, this results in an ERROR event (with FRAMEDELAYTIMEOUT cause in ERRORSTATUS) since the SLP_REQ has no response. This error must be ignored until the SELECTED event is triggered and this error should be cleared by the software when the SELECTED event is triggered.

7.1.21.9 Antenna interface

In ACTIVATED state, an amplitude regulator will adjust the voltage swing on the antenna pins to a value that is within the V_{swing} limit.

Refer to **NFCT Electrical Specification** on page 317.

7.1.21.10 NFCT antenna recommendations

The NFCT antenna coil must be connected differential between **NFC1** and **NFC2** pins of the device.

Two external capacitors should be used to tune the resonance of the antenna circuit to 13.56 MHz.

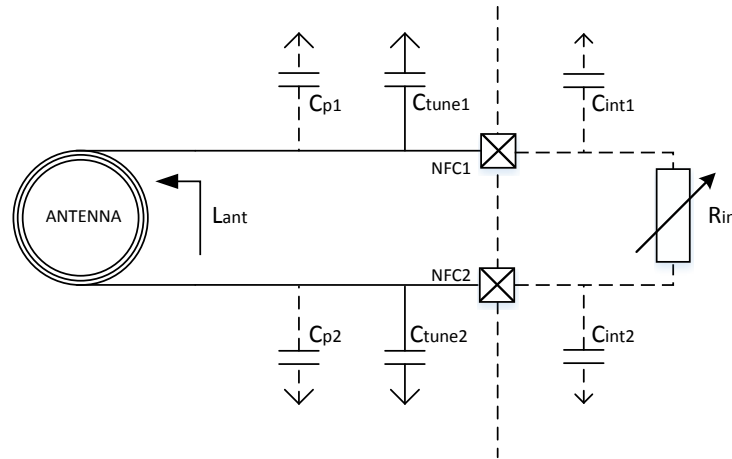


Figure 93: NFCT antenna recommendations

The required tuning capacitor value is given by the below equations:

$$C'_{tune} = \frac{1}{(2\pi \cdot 13.56 \text{ MHz})^2 \cdot L_{ant}} \quad \text{where } C'_{tune} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (C_p + C_{int} + C_{tune})$$

$$\text{and } C_{tune1} = C_{tune2} = C_{tune} \quad C_{p1} = C_{p2} = C_p \quad C_{int1} = C_{int2} = C_{int}$$

$$C_{tune} = \frac{2}{(2\pi \cdot 13.56 \text{ MHz})^2 \cdot L_{ant}} - C_p - C_{int}$$

An antenna inductance of $L_{ant} = 2 \mu\text{H}$ will give tuning capacitors in the range of 130 pF on each pin. The total capacitance on **NFC1** and **NFC2** must be matched.

7.1.21.11 Battery protection

If the antenna is exposed to a strong NFC field, current may flow in the opposite direction on the supply due to parasitic diodes and ESD structures.

If the battery used does not tolerate return current, a series diode must be placed between the battery and the device in order to protect the battery.

7.1.21.12 References

NFC Forum, NFC Analog Specification version 1.0, www.nfc-forum.org

NFC Forum, NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification version 1.1, www.nfc-forum.org

NFC Forum, NFC Activity Technical Specification version 1.1, www.nfc-forum.org

7.1.21.13 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x5002D000	APPLICATION	NFCT	NFCT : S	US	SA	Near field communication tag	
0x4002D000			NFCT : NS				

Table 100: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_ACTIVATE	0x000		Activate NFCT peripheral for incoming and outgoing frames, change state to activated
TASKS_DISABLE	0x004		Disable NFCT peripheral
TASKS_SENSE	0x008		Enable NFC sense field mode, change state to sense mode
TASKS_STARTTX	0x00C		Start transmission of an outgoing frame, change state to transmit
TASKS_ENABLERXDATA	0x01C		Initializes the EasyDMA for receive.
TASKS_GOIDLE	0x024		Force state machine to IDLE state
TASKS_GOSLEEP	0x028		Force state machine to SLEEP_A state
SUBSCRIBE_ACTIVATE	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task ACTIVATE
SUBSCRIBE_DISABLE	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task DISABLE
SUBSCRIBE_SENSE	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task SENSE
SUBSCRIBE_STARTTX	0x08C		Subscribe configuration for task STARTTX
SUBSCRIBE_ENABLERXDATA	0x09C		Subscribe configuration for task ENABLERXDATA
SUBSCRIBE_GOIDLE	0x0A4		Subscribe configuration for task GOIDLE
SUBSCRIBE_GOSLEEP	0x0A8		Subscribe configuration for task GOSLEEP
EVENTS_READY	0x100		The NFCT peripheral is ready to receive and send frames
EVENTS_FIELDDETECTED	0x104		Remote NFC field detected
EVENTS_FIELDLOST	0x108		Remote NFC field lost
EVENTS_TXFRAMESTART	0x10C		Marks the start of the first symbol of a transmitted frame
EVENTS_TXFRAMEEND	0x110		Marks the end of the last transmitted on-air symbol of a frame
EVENTS_RXFRAMESTART	0x114		Marks the end of the first symbol of a received frame
EVENTS_RXFRAMEEND	0x118		Received data has been checked (CRC, parity) and transferred to RAM, and EasyDMA has ended accessing the RX buffer
EVENTS_ERROR	0x11C		NFC error reported. The ERRORSTATUS register contains details on the source of the error.
EVENTS_RXERROR	0x128		NFC RX frame error reported. The FRAMESTATUS.RX register contains details on the source of the error.
EVENTS_ENDRX	0x12C		RX buffer (as defined by PACKETPTR and MAXLEN) in Data RAM full.
EVENTS_ENDTX	0x130		Transmission of data in RAM has ended, and EasyDMA has ended accessing the TX buffer
EVENTS_AUTOCOLRESSTAR	0x138		Auto collision resolution process has started
EVENTS_COLLISION	0x148		NFC auto collision resolution error reported.
EVENTS_SELECTED	0x14C		NFC auto collision resolution successfully completed
EVENTS_STARTED	0x150		EasyDMA is ready to receive or send frames.
PUBLISH_READY	0x180		Publish configuration for event READY
PUBLISH_FIELDDETECTED	0x184		Publish configuration for event FIELDDETECTED
PUBLISH_FIELDLOST	0x188		Publish configuration for event FIELDLOST
PUBLISH_TXFRAMESTART	0x18C		Publish configuration for event TXFRAMESTART
PUBLISH_TXFRAMEEND	0x190		Publish configuration for event TXFRAMEEND
PUBLISH_RXFRAMESTART	0x194		Publish configuration for event RXFRAMESTART
PUBLISH_RXFRAMEEND	0x198		Publish configuration for event RXFRAMEEND
PUBLISH_ERROR	0x19C		Publish configuration for event ERROR
PUBLISH_RXERROR	0x1A8		Publish configuration for event RXERROR
PUBLISH_ENDRX	0x1AC		Publish configuration for event ENDRX

Register	Offset	Security	Description
PUBLISH_ENDTX	0x1B0		Publish configuration for event ENDTX
PUBLISH_AUTOCOLRESSTART	0x1B8		Publish configuration for event AUTOCOLRESSTARTED
PUBLISH_COLLISION	0x1C8		Publish configuration for event COLLISION
PUBLISH_SELECTED	0x1CC		Publish configuration for event SELECTED
PUBLISH_STARTED	0x1D0		Publish configuration for event STARTED
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
ERRORSTATUS	0x404		NFC Error Status register
FRAMESTATUS.RX	0x40C		Result of last incoming frame
NFCTAGSTATE	0x410		NfcTag state register
SLEEPSTATE	0x420		Sleep state during automatic collision resolution
FIELDPRESENT	0x43C		Indicates the presence or not of a valid field
FRAMEDELAYMIN	0x504		Minimum frame delay
FRAMEDELAYMAX	0x508		Maximum frame delay
FRAMEDELAYMODE	0x50C		Configuration register for the Frame Delay Timer
PACKETPTR	0x510		Packet pointer for TXD and RXD data storage in Data RAM
MAXLEN	0x514		Size of the RAM buffer allocated to TXD and RXD data storage each
TXD.FRAMECONFIG	0x518		Configuration of outgoing frames
TXD.AMOUNT	0x51C		Size of outgoing frame
RXD.FRAMECONFIG	0x520		Configuration of incoming frames
RXD.AMOUNT	0x524		Size of last incoming frame
MODULATIONCTRL	0x52C		Enables the modulation output to a GPIO pin which can be connected to a second external antenna.
MODULATIONPSEL	0x538		Pin select for Modulation control.
NFCID1_LAST	0x590		Last NFCID1 part (4, 7 or 10 bytes ID)
NFCID1_2ND_LAST	0x594		Second last NFCID1 part (7 or 10 bytes ID)
NFCID1_3RD_LAST	0x598		Third last NFCID1 part (10 bytes ID)
AUTOCOLRESCONFIG	0x59C		Controls the auto collision resolution function. This setting must be done before the NFCT peripheral is activated.
SENSRES	0x5A0		NFC-A SENS_RES auto-response settings
SELRES	0x5A4		NFC-A SEL_RES auto-response settings

Table 101: Register overview

7.1.21.13.1 TASKS_ACTIVATE

Address offset: 0x000

Activate NFCT peripheral for incoming and outgoing frames, change state to activated

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID		A																																			
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	W	TASKS_ACTIVATE		Activate NFCT peripheral for incoming and outgoing frames, change state to activated																																	
			Trigger	1	Trigger task																																

7.1.21.13.2 TASKS_DISABLE

Address offset: 0x004

Disable NFCT peripheral

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_DISABLE						Disable NFCT peripheral																																				
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																						

7.1.21.13.3 TASKS_SENSE

Address offset: 0x008

Enable NFC sense field mode, change state to sense mode

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	W	TASKS_SENSE						Enable NFC sense field mode, change state to sense mode																																			
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																					

7.1.21.13.4 TASKS_STARTTX

Address offset: 0x00C

Start transmission of an outgoing frame, change state to transmit

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_STARTTX		Start transmission of an outgoing frame, change state to transmit																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.21.13.5 TASKS_ENABLERXDATA

Address offset: 0x01C

Initializes the EasyDMA for receive.

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID		A																															
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	W	TASKS_ENABLERXDATA		1		Initializes the EasyDMA for receive.																											
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																											

7.1.21.13.6 TASKS_GOIDLE

Address offset: 0x024

Force state machine to IDLE state

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	W	TASKS_GOIDLE		1		Force state machine to IDLE state																											
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																											

7.1.21.13.7 TASKS_GOSLEEP

Address offset: 0x028

Force state machine to SLEEP_A state

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																		
A	W	TASKS_GOSLEEP									Force state machine to SLEEP_A state																																	
				Trigger			1			Trigger task																																		

7.1.21.13.8 SUBSCRIBE_ACTIVATE

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task [ACTIVATE](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																									
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task ACTIVATE will subscribe to																																																									
B	RW	EN																																																													
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																																								
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																																								

7.1.21.13.9 SUBSCRIBE_DISABLE

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task [DISABLE](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																									
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task DISABLE will subscribe to																																																									
B	RW	EN																																																													
			Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																																										
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																																										

7.1.21.13.10 SUBSCRIBE_SENSE

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task [SENSE](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A					A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task SENSE will subscribe to																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																		

7.1.21.13.11 SUBSCRIBE_STARTTX

Address offset: 0x08C

Subscribe configuration for task **STARTTX**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task STARTTX will subscribe to																																						
B	RW EN																																												
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																						
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																						

7.1.21.13.12 SUBSCRIBE_ENABLERXDATA

Address offset: 0x09C

Subscribe configuration for task **ENABLERXDATA**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																													A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task ENABLERXDATA will subscribe to																																	
B	RW	EN																																					
			Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																		
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																		

7.1.21.13.13 SUBSCRIBE_GOIDLE

Address offset: 0x0A4

Subscribe configuration for task **GOIDLE**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task GOIDLE will subscribe to																																						
B	RW EN																																												
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																						
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																						

7.1.21.13.14 SUBSCRIBE_GOSLEEP

Address offset: 0x0A8

Subscribe configuration for task **GOSLEEP**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task GOSLEEP will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.21.13.15 EVENTS_READY

Address offset: 0x100

The NFCT peripheral is ready to receive and send frames

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_READY			The NFCT peripheral is ready to receive and send frames																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.21.13.16 EVENTS_FIELDDETECTED

Address offset: 0x104

Remote NFC field detected

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_FIELDDETECTED		Remote NFC field detected																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.21.13.17 EVENTS_FIELDLOST

Address offset: 0x108

Remote NFC field lost

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_FIELDLOST		Remote NFC field lost																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.21.13.18 EVENTS_TXFRAMESTART

Address offset: 0x10C

Marks the start of the first symbol of a transmitted frame

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_TXFRAMESTART		Marks the start of the first symbol of a transmitted frame																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.21.13.19 EVENTS_TXFRAMEEND

Address offset: 0x110

Marks the end of the last transmitted on-air symbol of a frame

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	EVENTS_TXFRAMEEND			Marks the end of the last transmitted on-air symbol of a frame																													
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																													
		Generated	1		Event generated																													

7.1.21.13.20 EVENTS_RXFRAMESTART

Address offset: 0x114

Marks the end of the first symbol of a received frame

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_RXFRAMESTART		Marks the end of the first symbol of a received frame																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.21.13.21 EVENTS_RXFRAMEEND

Address offset: 0x118

Received data has been checked (CRC, parity) and transferred to RAM, and EasyDMA has ended accessing the RX buffer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW		EVENTS_RXFRAMEEND				Received data has been checked (CRC, parity) and transferred to RAM, and EasyDMA has ended accessing the RX buffer																																				
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																				
			Generated		1		Event generated																																				

7.1.21.13.22 EVENTS_ERROR

Address offset: 0x11C

NFC error reported. The ERRORSTATUS register contains details on the source of the error.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				A																																			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	EVENTS_ERROR			NFC error reported. The ERRORSTATUS register contains details on the source of the error.																																		
			NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
			Generated	1	Event generated																																		

7.1.21.13.23 EVENTS_RXERROR

Address offset: 0x128

NFC RX frame error reported. The FRAMESTATUS.RX register contains details on the source of the error.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A																																			
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_RXERROR		NFC RX frame error reported. The FRAMESTATUS.RX register contains details on the source of the error.																																		
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1	Event generated																																		

7.1.21.13.24 EVENTS_ENDRX

Address offset: 0x12C

RX buffer (as defined by PACKETPTR and MAXLEN) in Data RAM full.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW		EVENTS_ENDRX				RX buffer (as defined by PACKETPTR and MAXLEN) in Data RAM full.																																					
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																					
			Generated		1		Event generated																																					

7.1.21.13.25 EVENTS_ENDTX

Address offset: 0x130

Transmission of data in RAM has ended, and EasyDMA has ended accessing the TX buffer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW		EVENTS_ENDTX				Transmission of data in RAM has ended, and EasyDMA has ended accessing the TX buffer																																					
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																					
			Generated		1		Event generated																																					

7.1.21.13.26 EVENTS_AUTOCOLRESSTARTED

Address offset: 0x138

Auto collision resolution process has started

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_AUTOCOLRESSTARTED		Auto collision resolution process has started																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.21.13.27 EVENTS_COLLISION

Address offset: 0x148

NFC auto collision resolution error reported.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_COLLISION		NFC auto collision resolution error reported.																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.21.13.28 EVENTS_SELECTED

Address offset: 0x14C

NFC auto collision resolution successfully completed

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_SELECTED			NFC auto collision resolution successfully completed																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.21.13.29 EVENTS_STARTED

Address offset: 0x150

EasyDMA is ready to receive or send frames.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW EVENTS_STARTED			EasyDMA is ready to receive or send frames.																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.21.13.30 PUBLISH_READY

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event [READY](#)

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event READY will publish to.																															
B	RW EN																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																															
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																															

7.1.21.13.31 PUBLISH_FIELDDETECTED

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event [FIELDDETECTED](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event FIELDDETECTED will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.21.13.32 PUBLISH_FIELDLOST

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event **FIELDLOST**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event FIELDLOST will publish to.																																	
B	RW EN																																						
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																	
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																	

7.1.21.13.33 PUBLISH_TXFRAMESTART

Address offset: 0x18C

Publish configuration for event **TXFRAMESTART**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event TXFRAMESTART will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.21.13.34 PUBLISH_TXFRAMEEND

Address offset: 0x190

Publish configuration for event **TXFRAMEEND**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW	CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that event TXFRAMEEND will publish to.																																					
B	RW	EN		Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																					
				Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																					

7.1.21.13.35 PUBLISH_RXFRAMESTART

Address offset: 0x194

Publish configuration for event [RXFRAMESTART](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event RXFRAMESTART will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.21.13.36 PUBLISH_RXFRAMEEND

Address offset: 0x198

Publish configuration for event [RXFRAMEEND](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event RXFRAMEEND will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.21.13.37 PUBLISH_ERROR

Address offset: 0x19C

Publish configuration for event [ERROR](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that event ERROR will publish to.																											
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0				Disable publishing																											
		Enabled	1				Enable publishing																											

7.1.21.13.38 PUBLISH_RXERROR

Address offset: 0x1A8

Publish configuration for event [RXERROR](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0							
ID				B																								A								A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event RXERROR will publish to.																																						
B	RW EN																																									
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																						
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																						

7.1.21.13.39 PUBLISH_ENDRX

Address offset: 0x1AC

Publish configuration for event **ENDRX**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event ENDRX will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.21.13.40 PUBLISH_ENDTX

Address offset: 0x1B0

Publish configuration for event **ENDTX**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event ENDTX will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																	

7.1.21.13.41 PUBLISH_AUTOCOLRESSTARTED

Address offset: 0x1B8

Publish configuration for event **AUTOCOLRESSTARTED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event AUTOCOLRESSTARTED will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																
		Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.21.13.42 PUBLISH_COLLISION

Address offset: 0x1C8

Publish configuration for event **PUBLISH_COLLISION**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event COLLISION will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.21.13.43 PUBLISH_SELECTED

Address offset: 0x1CC

Publish configuration for event **PUBLISH_SELECTED**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event SELECTED will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.21.13.44 PUBLISH_STARTED

Address offset: 0x1D0

Publish configuration for event **PUBLISH_STARTED**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event STARTED will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.21.13.45 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200


Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

4406_456 v0.5

306



NORDIC

 SEMICONDUCTOR

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID													T	S	R						N	M			L	K						H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
M	RW	ENDTX	Enabled	1	Enable																																		
			Disabled	0	Disable																																		
			Enabled	1	Enable																																		
N	RW	AUTOCOLRESSTARTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event AUTOCOLRESSTARTED																																		
			Disabled	0	Disable																																		
			Enabled	1	Enable																																		
R	RW	COLLISION			Enable or disable interrupt for event COLLISION																																		
			Disabled	0	Disable																																		
			Enabled	1	Enable																																		
S	RW	SELECTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event SELECTED																																		
			Disabled	0	Disable																																		
			Enabled	1	Enable																																		
T	RW	STARTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event STARTED																																		
			Disabled	0	Disable																																		
			Enabled	1	Enable																																		

7.1.21.13.47 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			T S R																N				M L K				H G F E D C B A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	READY			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event READY																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
B	RW	FIELDDETECTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event FIELDDETECTED																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C	RW	FIELDLOST			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event FIELDLOST																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
D	RW	TXFRAMESTART			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event TXFRAMESTART																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
E	RW	TXFRAMEEND			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event TXFRAMEEND																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
F	RW	RXFRAMESTART			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RXFRAMESTART																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			T S R																N				M L K				H G F E D C B A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
G	RW RXFRAMEEND			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RXFRAMEEND																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
H	RW ERROR			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ERROR																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
K	RW RXERROR			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RXERROR																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
L	RW ENDRX			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDRX																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
M	RW ENDTX			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDTX																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
N	RW AUTOCOLRESSTARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event AUTOCOLRESSTARTED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
R	RW COLLISION			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event COLLISION																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
S	RW SELECTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event SELECTED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
T	RW STARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STARTED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.21.13.48 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																		
ID																				T S R							N		M L K						H G F E		D C B A	
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW READY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event READY																																		

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				T S R																N					M L K				H G F E D C B A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	B	RW	FIELDDETECTED		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event FIELDDETECTED																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	C	RW	FIELDLOST		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event FIELDLOST																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	D	RW	TXFRAMESTART		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TXFRAMESTART																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	E	RW	TXFRAMEEND		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TXFRAMEEND																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	F	RW	RXFRAMESTART		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RXFRAMESTART																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	G	RW	RXFRAMEEND		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RXFRAMEEND																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	H	RW	ERROR		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ERROR																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	K	RW	RXERROR		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RXERROR																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	L	RW	ENDRX		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDRX																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	M	RW	ENDTX		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDTX																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	N	RW	AUTOCOLRESSTARTED		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event AUTOCOLRESSTARTED																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
	R	RW	COLLISION		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event COLLISION																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															

Write a bit to '1' to clear it. Writing '0' has no effect.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	FRAMEDELAYTIMEOUT						No STARTTX task triggered before expiration of the time set in FRAMEDELAYMAX																										

Write a bit to '1' to clear it. Writing '0' has no effect.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A	RW	CRCERROR				No valid end of frame (EOF) detected																												
		CRCCorrect	0			Valid CRC detected																												
		CRCError	1			CRC received does not match local check																												
B	RW	PARITYSTATUS				Parity status of received frame																												
		ParityOK	0			Frame received with parity OK																												
		ParityError	1			Frame received with parity error																												
C	RW	OVERRUN				Overrun detected																												
		NoOverrun	0			No overrun detected																												
		Overrun	1			Overrun error																												

NfcTag state register

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A A A																																			
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID		Value		Description																															
A	R	NFCTAGSTATE			NfcTag state																																	
			Disabled		0		Disabled or sense																															
			RampUp		2		RampUp																															
			Idle		3		Idle																															
			Receive		4		Receive																															
			FrameDelay		5		FrameDelay																															
			Transmit		6		Transmit																															

7.1.21.13.52 SLEEPSTATE

Address offset: 0x420

Sleep state during automatic collision resolution

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	SLEEPSTATE		Reflects the sleep state during automatic collision resolution. Set to IDLE by a GOIDLE task. Set to SLEEP_A when a valid SLEEP_REQ frame is received or by a GOSLEEP task.																														
		Idle	0	State is IDLE.																														
		SleepA	1	State is SLEEP_A.																														

7.1.21.13.53 FIELDPRESENT

Address offset: 0x43C

Indicates the presence or not of a valid field

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	FIELDPRESENT			Indicates if a valid field is present. Available only in the activated state.																													
			NoField	0	No valid field detected																													
			FieldPresent	1	Valid field detected																													
B	R	LOCKDETECT			Indicates if the low level has locked to the field																													
			NotLocked	0	Not locked to field																													
			Locked	1	Locked to field																													

7.1.21.13.54 FRAMEDELAYMIN

Address offset: 0x504

Minimum frame delay

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000480				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																													
A	RW		FRAMEDELAYMIN					Minimum frame delay in number of 13.56 MHz clocks																													

7.1.21.13.55 FRAMEDELAYMAX

Address offset: 0x508

Maximum frame delay

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															

7.1.21.13.56 FRAMEDELAYMODE

Address offset: 0x50C

Configuration register for the Frame Delay Timer

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A																																			A
Reset 0x00000001			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	FRAMEDELAYMODE				Configuration register for the Frame Delay Timer																																
			FreeRun	0		Transmission is independent of frame timer and will start when the STARTTX task is triggered. No timeout.																																
			Window	1		Frame is transmitted between FRAMEDELAYMIN and FRAMEDELAYMAX																																
			ExactVal	2		Frame is transmitted exactly at FRAMEDELAYMAX																																
			WindowGrid	3		Frame is transmitted on a bit grid between FRAMEDELAYMIN and FRAMEDELAYMAX																																

7.1.21.13.57 PACKETPTR

Address offset: 0x510

Packet pointer for TXD and RXD data storage in Data RAM

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW PTR							Packet pointer for TXD and RXD data storage in Data RAM. This address is a byte-aligned RAM address.																											

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.21.13.58 MAXLEN

Address offset: 0x514

Size of the RAM buffer allocated to TXD and RXD data storage each

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	MAXLEN			[0..257]		Size of the RAM buffer allocated to TXD and RXD data storage each																													

7.1.21.13.59 TXD.FRAMECONFIG

Address offset: 0x518

Configuration of outgoing frames

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																				D	C	B	A
Reset 0x00000017				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1			
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	PARITY			Indicates if parity is added to the frame																																		
			NoParity	0	Parity is not added to TX frames																																		
			Parity	1	Parity is added to TX frames																																		
B	RW	DISCARDMODE			Discarding unused bits at start or end of a frame																																		
			DiscardEnd	0	Unused bits are discarded at end of frame (EoF)																																		
			DiscardStart	1	Unused bits are discarded at start of frame (SoF)																																		
C	RW	SOF			Adding SoF or not in TX frames																																		
			NoSoF	0	SoF symbol not added																																		
			SoF	1	SoF symbol added																																		
D	RW	CRCMODETX			CRC mode for outgoing frames																																		
			NoCRCTX	0	CRC is not added to the frame																																		
			CRC16TX	1	16 bit CRC added to the frame based on all the data read from RAM that is used in the frame																																		

7.1.21.13.60 TXD.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x51C

Size of outgoing frame

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				B B B B B B B B B B A A A A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	TXDATABITS		[0..7]	<p>Number of bits in the last or first byte read from RAM that shall be included in the frame (excluding parity bit).</p> <p>The DISCARDMODE field in FRAMECONFIG.TX selects if unused bits is discarded at the start or at the end of a frame. A value of 0 data bytes and 0 data bits is invalid.</p>																															
B	RW	TXDATABYTES		[0..257]	<p>Number of complete bytes that shall be included in the frame, excluding CRC, parity and framing</p>																															

Address offset: 0x538

Pin select for Modulation control.

Address offset: 0x590

Last NFCID1 part (4, 7 or 10 bytes ID)

Address offset: 0x594

Second last NFCID1 part (7 or 10 bytes ID)



NORDIC
SEMICONDUCTOR

7.1.21.13.67 NFCID1_3RD_LAST

Address offset: 0x598

Third last NFCID1 part (10 bytes ID)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID														C	C	C	C	C	C	C	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																												
A	RW	NFCID1_S					NFCID1 byte S																												
B	RW	NFCID1_R					NFCID1 byte R																												
C	RW	NFCID1_Q					NFCID1 byte Q																												

7.1.21.13.68 AUTOCOLRESCONFIG

Address offset: 0x59C

Controls the auto collision resolution function. This setting must be done before the NFCT peripheral is activated.

When modifying this register bit 1 must be written to '1'.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000002				0 1 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	MODE		Enables/disables auto collision resolution																															
		Enabled	0	Auto collision resolution enabled																															
		Disabled	1	Auto collision resolution disabled																															

7.1.21.13.69 SENSRES

Address offset: 0x5A0

NFC-A SENS_RES auto-response settings

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID			E E E E D D D C C B A A A A A																																		
Reset 0x00000001			0 1																																		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	BITFRAMESDD				Bit frame SDD as defined by the b5:b1 of byte 1 in SENS_RES response in the NFC Forum, NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification																															
			SDD00000	0		SDD pattern 00000																															
			SDD00001	1		SDD pattern 00001																															
			SDD00010	2		SDD pattern 00010																															
			SDD00100	4		SDD pattern 00100																															
			SDD01000	8		SDD pattern 01000																															
			SDD10000	16		SDD pattern 10000																															
B	RW	RFU5				Reserved for future use. Shall be 0.																															
C	RW	NFCIDSIZE				NFCID1 size. This value is used by the auto collision resolution engine.																															
			NFCID1Single	0		NFCID1 size: single (4 bytes)																															
			NFCID1Double	1		NFCID1 size: double (7 bytes)																															

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																				E	E	E	E	D	D	D	D	C	C	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000001				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																
			NFCID1Triple	2		NFCID1 size: triple (10 bytes)																																
D	RW	PLATFORMCONFIG			Tag platform configuration as defined by the b4:b1 of byte 2 in SENS_RES response in the NFC Forum, NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification																																	
E	RW	RFU74			Reserved for future use. Shall be 0.																																	

7.1.21.13.70 SELRES

Address offset: 0x5A4

NFC-A SEL_RES auto-response settings

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				E D D C C B A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	RFU10				Reserved for future use. Shall be 0.																													
B	RW	CASCADE				Cascade as defined by the b3 of SEL_RES response in the NFC Forum, NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification (controlled by hardware, shall be 0)																													
C	RW	RFU43				Reserved for future use. Shall be 0.																													
D	RW	PROTOCOL				Protocol as defined by the b7:b6 of SEL_RES response in the NFC Forum, NFC Digital Protocol Technical Specification																													
E	RW	RFU7				Reserved for future use. Shall be 0.																													

7.1.21.14 Electrical specification

7.1.21.14.1 NFCT Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
f_c	Frequency of operation	..	..	..	MHz
C_{MI}	Carrier modulation index	..	..	..	%
DR	Data Rate	..	..	..	kbps
V_{sense}	Peak differential Field detect threshold level on NFC1-NFC2 ¹²	..	..	..	Vp
I_{max}	Maximum input current on NFCT pins	..	..	..	mA

7.1.21.14.2 NFCT Timing Parameters

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{activate}$	Time from task_ACTIVATE in SENSE or DISABLE state to ACTIVATE_A or IDLE state ¹³	..	..	..	μs
t_{sense}	Time from remote field is present in SENSE mode to FIELDDETECTED event is asserted	..	..	..	μs

¹² Input is high impedance in sense mode

¹³ Does not account for voltage supply and oscillator startup times

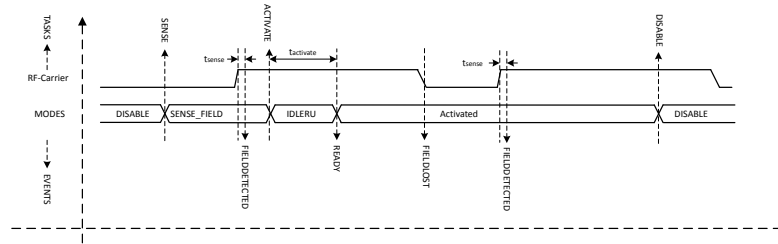


Figure 94: NFCT timing parameters (Shortcuts for FIELDDETECTED and FIELDLOST are disabled)

7.1.22 NVMC — Non-volatile memory controller

The non-volatile memory controller (NVMC) is used for writing and erasing of the internal flash memory and the user information configuration register (UICR).

The NVMC is a split security peripheral. This means that when the NVMC is configured as non-secure, only a subset of the registers is available from the non-secure code. See [SPU — System protection unit](#) on page 568 and [Registers](#) on page 321 for more details.

When the NVMC is configured to be a secure peripheral, only secure code has access.

Before a write can be performed, the NVMC must be enabled for writing in CONFIG.WEN. Similarly, before an erase can be performed, the NVMC must be enabled for erasing in CONFIG.EEN, see [CONFIG](#) on page 322. The user must make sure that writing and erasing are not enabled at the same time. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

7.1.22.1 Writing to flash

When writing is enabled, in CONFIG register for secure region, or in CONFIGNS register for non-secure region, flash is written by writing a full 32-bit word to a word-aligned address in flash.

Secure code has access to both secure and non-secure regions, by using the appropriate configuration of CONFIG and CONFIGNS registers. Non-secure code, in contrast, has access to non-secure regions only. Thus, non-secure code only needs CONFIGNS.

The NVMC is only able to write '0' to erased bits in flash, that is bits set to '1'. It cannot write a bit back to '1'.

As illustrated in [Memory](#) on page 18, flash is divided into multiple pages. The same address in flash can only be written n_{WRITE} number of times before a page erase must be performed.

Only full 32-bit words can be written to flash using the NVMC interface. To write less than 32 bits to flash, write the data as a word, and set all the bits that should remain unchanged in the word to '1'. Note that the restriction about the number of writes (see above) still applies in this case.

The time it takes to write a word to flash is specified by t_{WRITE} . If CPU executes code from flash while the NVMC is writing to flash, the CPU will be stalled.

Only word-aligned writes are allowed. Byte or half-word-aligned writes will result in a bus fault.

7.1.22.2 Erasing a secure page in flash

When secure region erase is enabled (in CONFIG register), a flash page can be erased by writing 0xFFFFFFFF into the first 32-bit word in a flash page.

Page erase is only applicable to the code area in the flash and does not work with UICR.

After erasing a flash page, all bits in the page are set to '1'. The time it takes to erase a page is specified by $t_{\text{ERASEPAGE}}$. The CPU is stalled if the CPU executes code from the flash while the NVMC performs the erase operation.

See [Partial erase of a page in flash](#) for information on splitting the erase time in smaller chunks.

7.1.22.3 Erasing a non-secure page in flash

When non-secure region erase is enabled, a non-secure flash page can be erased by writing 0xFFFFFFFF into the first 32-bit word of the flash page.

Page erase is only applicable to the code area in the flash and does not work with UICR.

After erasing a flash page, all bits in the page are set to '1'. The time it takes to erase a page is specified by $t_{\text{ERASEPAGE}}$. The CPU is stalled if the CPU executes code from the flash while the NVMC performs the erase operation.

7.1.22.4 Writing to user information configuration registers (UICR)

User information configuration registers (UICR) are written in the same way as flash. After UICR has been written, the new UICR configuration will only take effect after a reset.

UICR is only accessible by secure code. Any write from non-secure code will be faulted. In order to lock the chip after uploading non-secure code, non-secure debugger needs to use the WRITEUICRNS register inside the NVMC in order to set APPROTECT (APPROTECT will be written to 0x00000000).

UICR can only be written n_{WRITE} number of times before an erase must be performed using [ERASEALL](#).

The time it takes to write a word to the UICR is specified by t_{WRITE} . The CPU is stalled if the CPU executes code from the flash while the NVMC is writing to the UICR.

7.1.22.5 Erase all

When erase is enabled, the whole flash and UICR can be erased in one operation by using the [ERASEALL](#) register. [ERASEALL](#) will not erase the factory information configuration registers (FICR).

This functionality can be blocked by some configuration of the UICR protection bits, see the table [Table 102: NVMC protection \(1 - Enabled, 0 - Disabled, X - Don't care\)](#) on page 320.

The time it takes to perform an [ERASEALL](#) on page 322 command is specified by t_{ERASEALL} . The CPU is stalled if the CPU executes code from the flash while the NVMC performs the erase operation.

7.1.22.6 NVMC protection mechanisms

This chapter describes the different protection mechanisms for the non-volatile memory.

7.1.22.6.1 NVMC blocking

UICR integrity is assured through use of multiple levels of protection. UICR protection bits can be configured to allow or block certain operations.

The table below shows the different status of UICR protection bits, and which operations are allowed or blocked.

UICR protection bit status			NVMC protection	
SECUREAPPROTECT	APPROTECT	ERASEPROTECT	CTRL-AP ERASEALL	NVMC ERASEALL
0	0	0	Available	Available
1	X	0	Available	Blocked
X	1	0	Available	Blocked
X	X	1	Blocked	Blocked

Table 102: NVMC protection (1 - Enabled, 0 - Disabled, X - Don't care)

Note: Erase can still be performed through CTRL-AP, regardless of the above settings. See [CTRL-AP - Control access port](#) on page 739 for more information.

Uploading code with secure debugging blocked

Non-secure code can program non-secure flash regions. In order to perform these operations, the NVMC has the following non-secure registers: CONFIGS, READY and READYNEXT.

Register [CONFIGS](#) on page 323 works as the CONFIG register but it is used only for non-secure transactions. Both page erase and writing inside the flash require a write transaction (see [Erasing a secure page in flash](#) on page 318 or [Erasing a non-secure page in flash](#) on page 319). Because of this, the [SPU — System protection unit](#) on page 568 will guarantee that the non-secure code cannot write inside a secure page, since the transaction will never reach the NVMC controller.

7.1.22.6.2 NVMC power failure protection

NVMC power failure protection is possible through use of power-fail comparator that is monitoring power supply.

If the power-fail comparator is enabled, and the power supply voltage is below V_{POF} threshold, the power-fail comparator will prevent the NVMC from performing erase or write operations in non-volatile memory (NVM).

If a power failure warning is present at the start of an NVM write or erase operation, the NVMC will block the operation and a bus error will be signalled. If a power failure warning occurs during an ongoing NVM write operation, the NVMC will try to finish the operation. And if the power failure warning persists, consecutive NVM write operations will be blocked by the NVMC, and a bus error will be signalled.

7.1.22.7 Cache

An instruction cache (I-Cache) can be enabled for the ICODE bus in the NVMC.

See [Memory](#) on page 18 for the location of flash.

A cache hit is an instruction fetch from the cache, and it has a 0 wait-state delay. The number of wait-states for a cache miss, where the instruction is not available in the cache and needs to be fetched from flash, depends on the processor frequency, see CPU parameter `W_FLASHCACHE`.

Enabling the cache can increase the CPU performance, and reduce power consumption by reducing the number of wait cycles and the number of flash accesses. This will depend on the cache hit rate. Cache draws current when enabled. If the reduction in average current due to reduced flash accesses is larger than the cache power requirement, the average current to execute the program code will be reduced.

When disabled, the cache does not draw current and its content is not retained.

It is possible to enable cache profiling to analyze the performance of the cache for your program using the register `ICACHECNF`. When profiling is enabled, registers `IHIT` and `IMISS` are incremented for every instruction cache hit or miss respectively.

7.1.22.8 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50039000 0x40039000	APPLICATION	NVMC	NVMC : S	SPLIT	NA	Non-volatile memory controller	ICACHECNF, IHIT and IMISS registers not supported
			NVMC : NS				
0x41080000	NETWORK	NVMC	NVMC	NS	NA	Non-Volatile Memory Controller	CONFIGNS and WRITEUICRNS not supported.

Table 103: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
READY	0x400	NS	Ready flag
READYNEXT	0x408	NS	Ready flag
CONFIG	0x504	S	Configuration register
ERASEALL	0x50C	S	Register for erasing all non-volatile user memory
ERASEPAGEPARTIALCFG	0x51C	S	Register for partial erase configuration
ICACHECNF	0x540	S	I-code cache configuration register
IHIT	0x548	S	I-code cache hit counter
IMISS	0x54C	S	I-code cache miss counter
CONFIGNS	0x584	NS	
WRITEUICRNS	0x588	NS	Non-secure APPROTECT enable register

Table 104: Register overview

7.1.22.8.1 READY

Address offset: 0x400

Ready flag

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				A																																
Reset 0x00000001				0 1																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	R	READY			NVMC is ready or busy																															
			Busy	0	NVMC is busy (on-going write or erase operation)																															
			Ready	1	NVMC is ready																															

7.1.22.8.2 READYNEXT

Address offset: 0x408

Ready flag

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000001				0 1																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	READYNEXT				NVMC can accept a new write operation																													
			Busy	0		NVMC cannot accept any write operation																													
			Ready	1		NVMC is ready																													

7.1.22.8.3 CONFIG

Address offset: 0x504

Configuration register

This register is one hot

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW WEN			Program memory access mode. It is strongly recommended to only activate erase and write modes when they are actively used.																														
				Enabling write or erase will invalidate the cache and keep it invalidated.																														
		Ren	0	Read only access																														
		Wen	1	Write enabled																														
		Een	2	Erase enabled																														
		PEen	4	Partial erase enabled																														

7.1.22.8.4 ERASEALL

Address offset: 0x50C

Register for erasing all non-volatile user memory

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	W	ERASEALL		Erase all non-volatile memory including UICR registers.																														
				Note that erasing must be enabled by setting CONFIG.WEN = Een before the non-volatile memory can be erased.																														
		NoOperation	0	No operation																														
		Erase	1	Start chip erase																														

7.1.22.8.5 ERASEPAGEPARTIALCFG

Address offset: 0x51C

Register for partial erase configuration

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x0000000A			0 1 0 1 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	DURATION		Duration of the partial erase in milliseconds																														
				The user must ensure that the total erase time is long enough for a complete erase of the flash page																														

7.1.22.8.6 ICACHECNF

Address offset: 0x540

I-code cache configuration register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																												B				A						
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	CACHEEN			Cache enable																																	
			Disabled	0	Disable cache. Invalidates all cache entries.																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable cache																																	
B	RW	CACHEPROFEN			Cache profiling enable																																	
			Disabled	0	Disable cache profiling																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable cache profiling																																	

7.1.22.8.7 IHIT

Address offset: 0x548

I-code cache hit counter

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																													
A	RW HITS												Number of cache hits																													
										Write zero to clear																																

7.1.22.8.8 IMISS

Address offset: 0x54C

I-code cache miss counter

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	MISSES		Number of cache misses																															
				Write zero to clear																															

7.1.22.8.9 CONFIGNS

Address offset: 0x584

This register is one hot

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				A	A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW	WEN			Program memory access mode. It is strongly recommended to only activate erase and write modes when they are actively used. Enabling write or erase will invalidate the cache and keep it invalidated.																																	
			Ren	0			Read only access																															
			Wen	1			Write enabled																															
			Een	2			Erase enabled																															

7.1.22.8.10 WRITEUICRNS

Address offset: 0x588

Non-secure APPROTECT enable register

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																					
A	W	SET	Set	1		Allow non-secure code to set APPROTECT																																					
						Set value																																					
B	W	KEY	Keyvalid	0xAFBE5A7		Key to write in order to validate the write operation																																					
						Key value																																					

7.1.22.9 Electrical specification

7.1.22.9.1 Flash programming

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
n_{WRITE}	Number of times a 32-bit word can be written before erase	..	..	..
$n_{\text{ENDURANCE}}$	Erase cycles per page	..	..	..
t_{WRITE}	Time to write one 32-bit word	..	..	..	μs
$t_{\text{ERASEPAGE}}$	Time to erase one page	..	..	..	ms
t_{ERASEALL}	Time to erase all flash	..	..	..	ms
$t_{\text{ERASEPAGEPARTIAL,setup}}$	Setup time for one partial erase	..	..	..	ms

7.1.22.9.2 Cache size

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$\text{Size}_{\text{ICODE}}$	I-Code cache size	..	..	..	Bytes

7.1.23 PDM — Pulse density modulation interface

The pulse density modulation (PDM) module enables input of pulse density modulated signals from external audio frontends, for example, digital microphones. The PDM module generates the PDM clock and supports single-channel or dual-channel (left and right) data input. Data is transferred directly to RAM buffers using EasyDMA.

Listed here are the main features for PDM:

- Up to two PDM microphones configured as a left/right pair using the same data input
- 16 kHz output sample rate, 16-bit samples
- EasyDMA support for sample buffering
- HW decimation filters
- Selectable ratio of 64 or 80 between PDM_CLK and output sample rate

The PDM module illustrated below is interfacing up to two digital microphones with the PDM interface. EasyDMA is implemented to relieve the real-time requirements associated with controlling of the PDM slave from a low priority CPU execution context. It also includes all the necessary digital filter elements to produce pulse code modulation (PCM) samples. The PDM module allows continuous audio streaming.

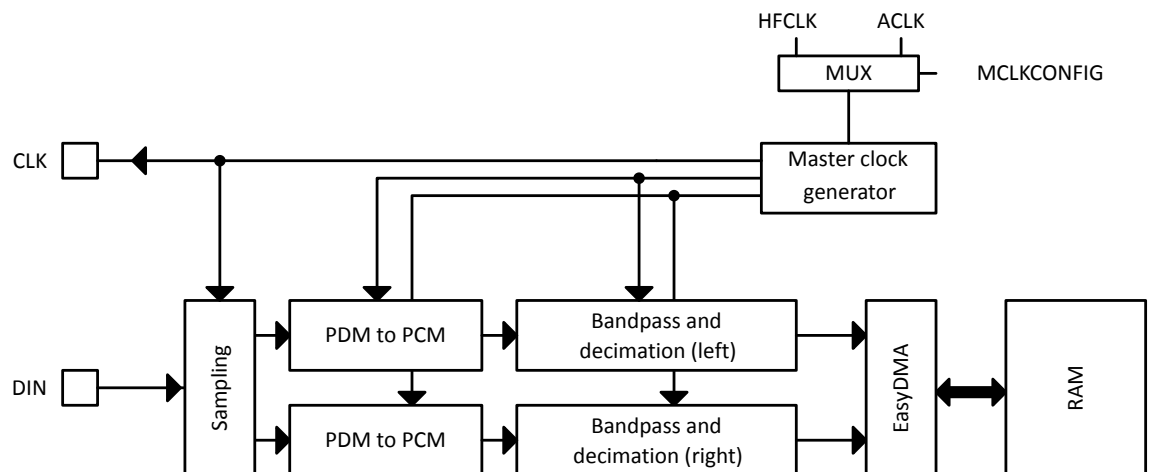


Figure 95: PDM module

7.1.23.1 Master clock source selection

The master clock source can be configured in register [MCLKCONFIG](#) on page 337. Choose one of the following as the master clock source:

- 32 MHz peripheral clock (PCLK32M), synchronous to HFCLK.
- Audio PLL clock (ACLK) with configurable frequency.

The peripheral must be stopped before selecting the master clock source. The use of the STOP task and the STOPPED event is described in [Module operation](#) on page 326.

To improve the master clock accuracy and jitter performance, it is recommended (but not mandatory) that the source is running off the HFXO instead of the HFINT oscillator. See [CLOCK — Clock control](#) on page 61 for more information about starting HFXO for the relevant clock source.

7.1.23.2 Master clock generator

The master clock generator's PDMCLKCTRL register allows adjusting the PDM clock's frequency.

The master clock generator does not add any jitter to the HFCLK source chosen. It is recommended (but not mandatory) to use the Xtal as HFCLK source.

The following equation can be used to calculate the value of the PDMCLKCTRL register for a given PDM clock- and master clock source frequency:

$$PDMCLKCTRL = 4096 \cdot \left\lfloor \frac{f_{pdm} \cdot 1048576}{f_{source} + \frac{f_{pdm}}{2}} \right\rfloor$$

Figure 96: PDM clock frequency equation

Where f_{pdm} is the requested PDM clock frequency in Hz, and f_{source} is the master clock generator source in Hz. Because of rounding errors, an accurate PDM clock may not be achievable. The actual PDM frequency can be calculated using the equation below.

$$f_{actual} = \frac{f_{source}}{\left\lfloor \frac{1048576 \cdot 4096}{PDMCLKCTRL} \right\rfloor}$$

Figure 97: Actual PDM frequency

The clock error can be calculated using the equation below. The error e is the percentage difference from the requested f_{pdm} frequency.

$$e = 100 \cdot \frac{f_{actual} - f_{pdm}}{f_{pdm}} = 100 \cdot \frac{\frac{f_{source}}{\left\lfloor \frac{1048576 \cdot 4096}{PDMCLKCTRL} \right\rfloor} - f_{pdm}}{f_{pdm}}$$

Figure 98: PDM frequency error equation

The PDM frequency can be adjusted on-the-fly:

- For PCLK32M, by using PDMCLKCTRL
- For ACLK, by adjusting the audio clock source, see [CLOCK — Clock control](#) on page 61.

Requested PDM frequency f_{pdm} [Hz]	f_{source} [Hz]	RATIO	PDMCLKCTRL	Actual PDM frequency f_{actual} [Hz]	Sample frequency [Hz]	Error [%]
1024000	32000000 (PCLK32M)	64	135274496	1032258.1	16129.0	0.81
1280000	32000000 (PCLK32M)	80	168427520	1280000	16000	0
1024000	12288000 (ACLK)	64	343597056	1024000	16000	0

Table 105: Configuration examples

7.1.23.3 Module operation

By default, bits from the left PDM microphone are sampled on PDM_CLK falling edge, and bits for the right are sampled on the rising edge of PDM_CLK, resulting in two bitstreams. Each bitstream is fed into a digital filter which converts the PDM stream into 16-bit PCM samples, then filters and down-samples them to reach the appropriate sample rate.

The EDGE field in the MODE register allows swapping left and right, so that left will be sampled on rising edge, and right on falling.

The PDM module uses EasyDMA to store the samples coming out from the filters into one buffer in RAM. Depending on the mode chosen in the OPERATION field in the MODE register, memory either contains alternating left and right 16-bit samples (Stereo), or only left 16-bit samples (Mono). To ensure continuous PDM sampling, it is up to the application to update the EasyDMA destination address pointer as the previous buffer is filled.

The continuous transfer can be started or stopped by sending the START and STOP tasks. STOP becomes effective after the current frame has finished transferring, which will generate the STOPPED event. The STOPPED event indicates that all activity in the module is finished, and that the data is available in RAM (EasyDMA has finished transferring as well). Attempting to restart before receiving the STOPPED event may result in unpredictable behavior.

7.1.23.4 Decimation filter

In order to convert the incoming data stream into PCM audio samples, a decimation filter is included in the PDM interface module.

The input of the filter is the two-channel PDM serial stream (with left channel on clock high, right channel on clock low). Depending on the **RATIO** selected, its output is 2×16 -bit PCM samples at a sample rate either 64 times or 80 times (depending on the **RATIO** register) lower than the PDM clock rate.

The filter stage of each channel is followed by a digital volume control, to attenuate or amplify the output samples in a range of -20 dB to +20 dB around the default (reset) setting, defined by $G_{PDM, default}$. The gain is controlled by the **GAINL** and **GAINR** registers.

As an example, if the goal is to achieve 2500 RMS output samples (16-bit) with a 1 kHz 90 dBA signal into a -26 dBFS sensitivity PDM microphone, do the following:

- Sum the PDM module's default gain ($G_{PDM, default}$) and the gain introduced by the microphone and acoustic path of his implementation (an attenuation would translate into a negative gain)
- Adjust **GAINL** and **GAINR** by the above summed amount. Assuming that only the PDM module influences the gain, **GAINL** and **GAINR** must be set to $-G_{PDM, default}$ dB to achieve the requirement.

With $G_{PDM, default}=3.2$ dB, and as **GAINL** and **GAINR** are expressed in 0.5 dB steps, the closest value to program would be 3.0 dB, which can be calculated as:

```
GAINL = GAINR = (DefaultGain - (2 * 3))
```

Remember to check that the resulting values programmed into **GAINL** and **GAINR** fall within **MinGain** and **MaxGain**.

7.1.23.5 EasyDMA

Samples will be written directly to RAM, and EasyDMA must be configured accordingly.

The address pointer for the EasyDMA channel is set in **SAMPLE.PTR** register. If the destination address set in **SAMPLE.PTR** is not pointing to the Data RAM region, an EasyDMA transfer may result in a **HardFault** or RAM corruption. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information about the different memory regions.

DMA supports Stereo (Left+Right 16-bit samples) and Mono (Left only) data transfer, depending on the setting in the **OPERATION** field in the **MODE** register. The samples are stored little endian.

MODE.OPERATION	Bits per sample	Result stored per RAM word	Physical RAM allocated (32-bit words)	Result boundary indexes in RAM	Note
Stereo	32 (2x16)	L+R	$\text{ceil}(\text{SAMPLE.MAXCNT}/2)$	$R0=[31:16]; L0=[15:0]$	Default
Mono	16	2xL	$\text{ceil}(\text{SAMPLE.MAXCNT}/2)$	$L1=[31:16]; L0=[15:0]$	

Table 106: DMA sample storage

The destination buffer in RAM consists of one block, the size of which is set in **SAMPLE.MAXCNT** register. Format is number of 16-bit samples. The physical RAM allocated is always:

```
(RAM allocation, in bytes) = SAMPLE.MAXCNT * 2;
```

(but the mapping of the samples depends on **MODE.OPERATION**).

If **OPERATION**=Stereo, RAM will contain a succession of left and right samples.

If **OPERATION**=Mono, RAM will contain a succession of left only samples.

For a given value of `SAMPLE.MAXCNT`, the buffer in RAM can contain half the stereo sampling time as compared to the mono sampling time.

The PDM acquisition can be started by the `START` task, after the `SAMPLE.PTR` and `SAMPLE.MAXCNT` registers have been written. When starting the module, it will take some time for the filters to start outputting valid data. Transients from the PDM microphone itself may also occur. The first few samples (typically around 50) might hence contain invalid values or transients. It is therefore advised to discard the first few samples after a PDM start.

As soon as the `STARTED` event is received, the firmware can write the next `SAMPLE.PTR` value (this register is double-buffered), to ensure continuous operation.

When the buffer in RAM is filled with samples, an `END` event is triggered. The firmware can start processing the data in the buffer. Meanwhile, the PDM module starts acquiring data into the new buffer pointed to by `SAMPLE.PTR`, and sends a new `STARTED` event, so that the firmware can update `SAMPLE.PTR` to the next buffer address.

7.1.23.6 Hardware example

PDM can be configured with a single microphone (mono), or with two microphones.

When a single microphone is used, connect the microphone clock to `CLK`, and data to `DIN`.

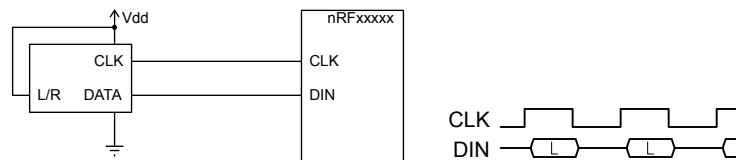


Figure 99: Example of a single PDM microphone, wired as left

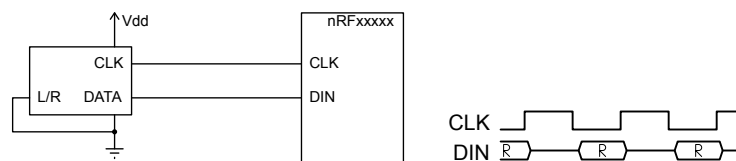


Figure 100: Example of a single PDM microphone, wired as right

Note that in a single-microphone (mono) configuration, depending on the microphone's implementation, either the left or the right channel (sampled at falling or rising CLK edge respectively) will contain reliable data.

If two microphones are used, one of them has to be set as left, the other as right (L/R pin tied high or to GND on the respective microphone). It is strongly recommended to use two microphones of exactly the same brand and type so that their timings in left and right operation match.

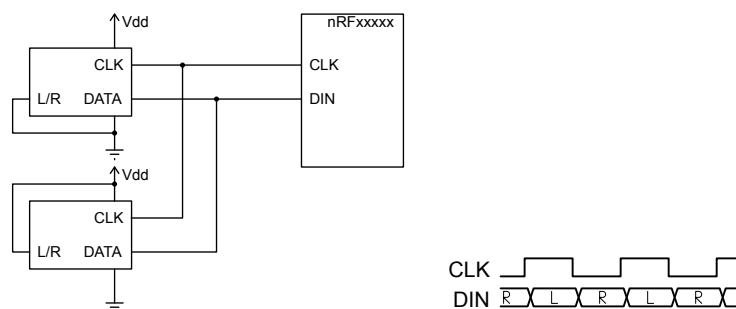


Figure 101: Example of two PDM microphones

7.1.23.7 Pin configuration

The CLK and DIN signals associated to the PDM module are mapped to physical pins according to the configuration specified in the PSEL.CLK and PSEL.DIN registers respectively. If the CONNECT field in any PSEL register is set to Disconnected, the associated PDM module signal will not be connected to the required physical pins, and will not operate properly.

The PSEL.CLK and PSEL.DIN registers and their configurations are only used as long as the PDM module is enabled, and retained only as long as the device is in System ON mode. See [POWER — Power control](#) on page 36 for more information about power modes. When the peripheral is disabled, the pins will behave as regular GPIOs, and use the configuration in their respective OUT bit field and PIN_CNF[n] register.

To ensure correct behavior in the PDM module, the pins used by the PDM module must be configured in the GPIO peripheral as described in [Table 107: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral](#) on page 329 before enabling the PDM module. This is to ensure that the pins used by the PDM module are driven correctly if the PDM module itself is temporarily disabled or the device temporarily enters System OFF. This configuration must be retained in the GPIO for the selected I/Os as long as the PDM module is supposed to be connected to an external PDM circuit.

Only one peripheral can be assigned to drive a particular GPIO pin at a time. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

PDM signal	PDM pin	Direction	Output value	Comment
CLK	As specified in PSEL.CLK	Output	0	
DIN	As specified in PSEL.DIN	Input	Not applicable	

Table 107: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral

7.1.23.8 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50026000	APPLICATION	PDM	PDM0 : S	US	SA	Pulse density modulation	
0x40026000			PDM0 : NS			(digital microphone) interface	

Table 108: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Starts continuous PDM transfer
TASKS_STOP	0x004		Stops PDM transfer
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
EVENTS_STARTED	0x100		PDM transfer has started
EVENTS_STOPPED	0x104		PDM transfer has finished
EVENTS_END	0x108		The PDM has written the last sample specified by SAMPLE.MAXCNT (or the last sample after a STOP task has been received) to Data RAM
PUBLISH_STARTED	0x180		Publish configuration for event STARTED
PUBLISH_STOPPED	0x184		Publish configuration for event STOPPED
PUBLISH_END	0x188		Publish configuration for event END
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
ENABLE	0x500		PDM module enable register
PDMCLKCTRL	0x504		PDM clock generator control
MODE	0x508		Defines the routing of the connected PDM microphones' signals

Register	Offset	Security	Description
GAINL	0x518		Left output gain adjustment
GAINR	0x51C		Right output gain adjustment
RATIO	0x520		Selects the ratio between PDM_CLK and output sample rate. Change PDMCLKCTRL accordingly.
PSEL.CLK	0x540		Pin number configuration for PDM CLK signal
PSEL.DIN	0x544		Pin number configuration for PDM DIN signal
MCLKCONFIG	0x54C		Master clock generator configuration
SAMPLE.PTR	0x560		RAM address pointer to write samples to with EasyDMA
SAMPLE.MAXCNT	0x564		Number of samples to allocate memory for in EasyDMA mode

Table 109: Register overview

7.1.23.8.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Starts continuous PDM transfer

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_START		Starts continuous PDM transfer																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.23.8.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x004

Stops PDM transfer

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_STOP		Stops PDM transfer																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.23.8.3 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task [START](#)

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																																			
ID				B																																A				A				A				A				A			
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																																			
ID	Acce Field			Value ID	Value			Description																																															
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]			Channel that task START will subscribe to																																															
B	RW EN																																																						
				Disabled	0			Disable subscription																																															
				Enabled	1			Enable subscription																																															

7.1.23.8.4 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.23.8.5 EVENTS_STARTED

Address offset: 0x100

PDM transfer has started

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_STARTED			PDM transfer has started																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.23.8.6 EVENTS_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x104

PDM transfer has finished

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW EVENTS_STOPPED			PDM transfer has finished																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.23.8.7 EVENTS_END

Address offset: 0x108

The PDM has written the last sample specified by **SAMPLE.MAXCNT** (or the last sample after a **STOP** task has been received) to Data RAM

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID			A																																
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_END			The PDM has written the last sample specified by SAMPLE.MAXCNT (or the last sample after a STOP task has been received) to Data RAM																														
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																														
		Generated	1		Event generated																														

7.1.23.8.8 PUBLISH_STARTED

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event **STARTED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event STARTED will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.23.8.9 PUBLISH_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event **STOPPED**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID										B																				A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																																				
A	RW	CHIDX				[255..0]					Channel that event STOPPED will publish to.																																			
B	RW	EN																																												
				Disabled		0					Disable publishing																																			
				Enabled		1					Enable publishing																																			

7.1.23.8.10 PUBLISH_END

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event **END**

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event END will publish to.																															
B	RW EN																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																															
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																															

7.1.23.8.11 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	STARTED		Enable or disable interrupt for event STARTED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
B	RW	STOPPED		Enable or disable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
C	RW	END		Enable or disable interrupt for event END																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														

7.1.23.8.12 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
D	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW STARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STARTED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW STOPPED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW END			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event END																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.23.8.13 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW STARTED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STARTED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID			C B A																																			
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
B	RW STOPPED	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																		
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																		
		Clear	1	Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STOPPED																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable																																		
		Enabled	1	Read: Disabled																																		
C	RW END	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																		
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																		
		Clear	1	Write '1' to disable interrupt for event END																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable																																		
		Enabled	1	Read: Disabled																																		

7.1.23.8.14 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

PDM module enable register

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW ENABLE			Enable or disable PDM module																																
		Disabled	0	Disable																																
		Enabled	1	Enable																																

7.1.23.8.15 PDMCLKCTRL

Address offset: 0x504

PDM clock generator control

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															

7.1.23.8.16 MODE

Address offset: 0x508

Defines the routing of the connected PDM microphones' signals

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	B	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW OPERATION			Mono or stereo operation																														
		Stereo	0	Sample and store one pair (left + right) of 16-bit samples per RAM word R=[31:16]; L=[15:0]																														
		Mono	1	Sample and store two successive left samples (16 bits each) per RAM word L1=[31:16]; L0=[15:0]																														
B	RW EDGE			Defines on which PDM_CLK edge left (or mono) is sampled																														
		LeftFalling	0	Left (or mono) is sampled on falling edge of PDM_CLK																														
		LeftRising	1	Left (or mono) is sampled on rising edge of PDM_CLK																														

7.1.23.8.17 GAINL

Address offset: 0x518

Left output gain adjustment

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID			A A A A A A A A																																
Reset 0x00000028			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	GAINL			Left output gain adjustment, in 0.5 dB steps, around the default module gain (see electrical parameters)																														
					0x00 -20 dB gain adjust																														
					0x01 -19.5 dB gain adjust																														
					(…)																														
					0x27 -0.5 dB gain adjust																														
					0x28 0 dB gain adjust																														
					0x29 +0.5 dB gain adjust																														
					(…)																														
					0x4F +19.5 dB gain adjust																														
					0x50 +20 dB gain adjust																														
		MinGain	0x00	-20 dB gain adjustment (minimum)																															
		DefaultGain	0x28	0 dB gain adjustment																															
		MaxGain	0x50	+20 dB gain adjustment (maximum)																															

7.1.23.8.18 GAINR

Address offset: 0x51C

Right output gain adjustment

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															

7.1.23.8.19 RATIO

Address offset: 0x520

Selects the ratio between PDM_CLK and output sample rate. Change PDMCLKCTRL accordingly.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW RATIO			Selects the ratio between PDM_CLK and output sample rate																														
		Ratio64	0	Ratio of 64																														
		Ratio80	1	Ratio of 80																														

7.1.23.8.20 PSEL.CLK

Address offset: 0x540

Pin number configuration for PDM CLK signal

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A A A A A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW PIN		[0..31]	Pin number																														
B	RW PORT		[0..1]	Port number																														
C	RW CONNECT			Connection																														
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																														
		Connected	0	Connect																														

7.1.23.8.21 PSEL.DIN

Address offset: 0x544

Pin number configuration for PDM DIN signal

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A A A A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value																Description															
A	RW PIN		[0..31]																Pin number															
B	RW PORT		[0..1]																Port number															
C	RW CONNECT																		Connection															
		Disconnected	1																Disconnect															
		Connected	0																Connect															

7.1.23.8.22 MCLKCONFIG

Address offset: 0x54C

Master clock generator configuration

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Description
A	RW SRC		Master clock source selection
		PCLK32M	32 MHz peripheral clock
		ACLK	Audio PLL clock

7.1.23.8.23 SAMPLE.PTR

Address offset: 0x560

RAM address pointer to write samples to with EasyDMA

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		A A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Description
A	RW SAMPLEPTR		Address to write PDM samples to over DMA

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.23.8.24 SAMPLE.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x564

Number of samples to allocate memory for in EasyDMA mode

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		A A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Description
A	RW BUFFSIZE		Length of DMA RAM allocation in number of samples

7.1.23.9 Electrical specification

7.1.23.9.1 PDM Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$f_{\text{PDM,CLK},64}$	PDM clock speed. PDMCLKCTRL = Default (Setting needed for 16 MHz sample frequency @ RATIO = Ratio64)	..	..	..	MHz
$f_{\text{PDM,CLK},80}$	PDM clock speed. PDMCLKCTRL = 1280K (Setting needed for 16 MHz sample frequency @ RATIO = Ratio80)	..	..	..	MHz
$t_{\text{PDM,JITTER}}$	Jitter in PDM clock output	..	..	..	ns
$T_{\text{dPDM,CLK}}$	PDM clock duty cycle	..	..	..	%
$t_{\text{PDM,DATA}}$	Decimation filter delay	..	..	..	ms

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{PDM,cv}$	Allowed clock edge to data valid	..	..	..	ns
$t_{PDM,ci}$	Allowed (other) clock edge to data invalid	..	..	..	ns
$t_{PDM,s}$	Data setup time at $f_{PDM,CLK}=1.024$ MHz or 1.280 MHz	..	..	..	ns
$t_{PDM,h}$	Data hold time at $f_{PDM,CLK}=1.024$ MHz or 1.280 MHz	..	..	..	ns
$G_{PDM,default}$	Default (reset) absolute gain of the PDM module	..	..	..	dB

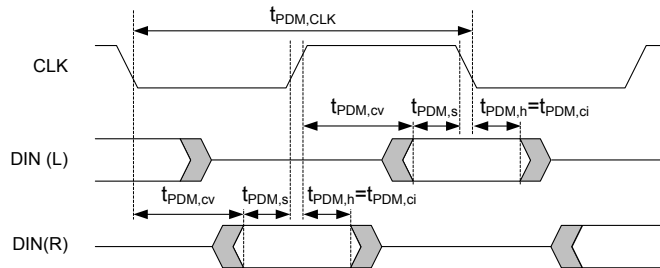


Figure 102: PDM timing diagram

7.1.24 PWM — Pulse width modulation

The pulse with modulation (PWM) module enables the generation of pulse width modulated signals on GPIO. The module implements an up or up-and-down counter with four PWM channels that drive assigned GPIOs.

The following are the main features of a PWM module:

- Programmable PWM frequency
- Up to four PWM channels with individual polarity and duty cycle values
- Edge or center-aligned pulses across PWM channels
- Multiple duty cycle arrays (sequences) defined in RAM
- Autonomous and glitch-free update of duty cycle values directly from memory through EasyDMA (no CPU involvement)
- Change of polarity, duty cycle, and base frequency possibly on every PWM period
- RAM sequences can be repeated or connected into loops

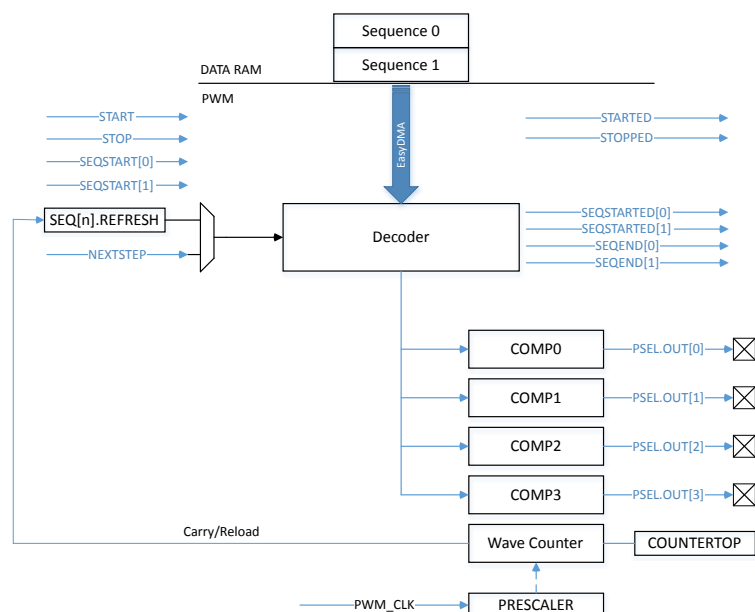


Figure 103: PWM module

7.1.24.1 Wave counter

The wave counter is responsible for generating the pulses at a duty cycle that depends on the compare values, and at a frequency that depends on COUNTERTOP.

There is one common 15-bit counter with four compare channels. Thus, all four channels will share the same period (PWM frequency), but can have individual duty cycle and polarity. The polarity is set by a value read from RAM (see figure [Figure 106: Decoder memory access modes](#) on page 342). Whether the counter counts up, or up and down, is controlled by the MODE register.

The timer top value is controlled by the COUNTERTOP register. This register value, in conjunction with the selected PRESCALER of the PWM_CLK, will result in a given PWM period. A COUNTERTOP value smaller than the compare setting will result in a state where no PWM edges are generated. OUT[n] is held high, given that the polarity is set to FallingEdge. All compare registers are internal and can only be configured through decoder presented later. COUNTERTOP can be safely written at any time.

Sampling follows the START task. If DECODER.LOAD=WaveForm, the register value is ignored and taken from RAM instead (see section [Decoder with EasyDMA](#) on page 342 for more details). If DECODER.LOAD is anything else than the WaveForm, it is sampled following a STARTSEQ[n] task and when loading a new value from RAM during a sequence playback.

The following figure shows the counter operating in up mode (MODE=PWM_MODE_Up), with three PWM channels with the same frequency but different duty cycle:

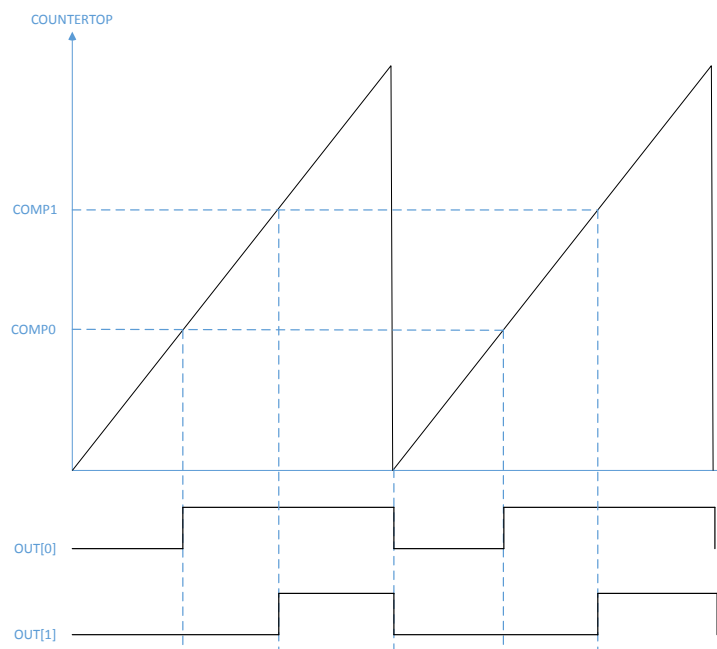


Figure 104: PWM counter in up mode example - FallingEdge polarity

The counter is automatically reset to zero when COUNTERTOP is reached and OUT[n] will invert. OUT[n] is held low if the compare value is 0 and held high if set to COUNTERTOP, given that the polarity is set to

FallingEdge. Counter running in up mode results in pulse widths that are edge-aligned. The following is the code for the counter in up mode example:

```
uint16_t pwm_seq[4] = {PWM_CH0_DUTY, PWM_CH1_DUTY, PWM_CH2_DUTY, PWM_CH3_DUTY};
NRF_PWM0->PSEL.OUT[0] = (first_pin << PWM_PSEL_OUT_PIN_Pos) |
                        (PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Connected <<
                         PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->PSEL.OUT[1] = (second_pin << PWM_PSEL_OUT_PIN_Pos) |
                        (PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Connected <<
                         PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->ENABLE      = (PWM_ENABLE_ENABLE_Enabled << PWM_ENABLE_ENABLE_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->MODE        = (PWM_MODE_UPDOWN_Up << PWM_MODE_UPDOWN_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->PRESCALER   = (PWM_PRESCALER_PRESCALER_DIV_1 <<
                         PWM_PRESCALER_PRESCALER_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->COUNTERTOP  = (16000 << PWM_COUNTERTOP_COUNTERTOP_Pos); //1 msec
NRF_PWM0->LOOP        = (PWM_LOOP_CNT_Disabled << PWM_LOOP_CNT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->DECODER     = (PWM_DECODER_LOAD_Individual << PWM_DECODER_LOAD_Pos) |
                        (PWM_DECODER_MODE_RefreshCount << PWM_DECODER_MODE_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].PTR  = ((uint32_t)(pwm_seq) << PWM_SEQ_PTR_PTR_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].CNT  = ((sizeof(pwm_seq) / sizeof(uint16_t)) <<
                         PWM_SEQ_CNT_CNT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].REFRESH = 0;
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].ENDDELAY = 0;
NRF_PWM0->TASKS_SEQSTART[0] = 1;
```

When the counter is running in up mode, the following formula can be used to compute the PWM period and the step size:

PWM period: $T_{PWM(Up)} = T_{PWM_CLK} * COUNTERTOP$

Step width/Resolution: $T_{steps} = T_{PWM_CLK}$

The following figure shows the counter operating in up-and-down mode (MODE=PWM_MODE_UpAndDown), with two PWM channels with the same frequency but different duty cycle and output polarity:

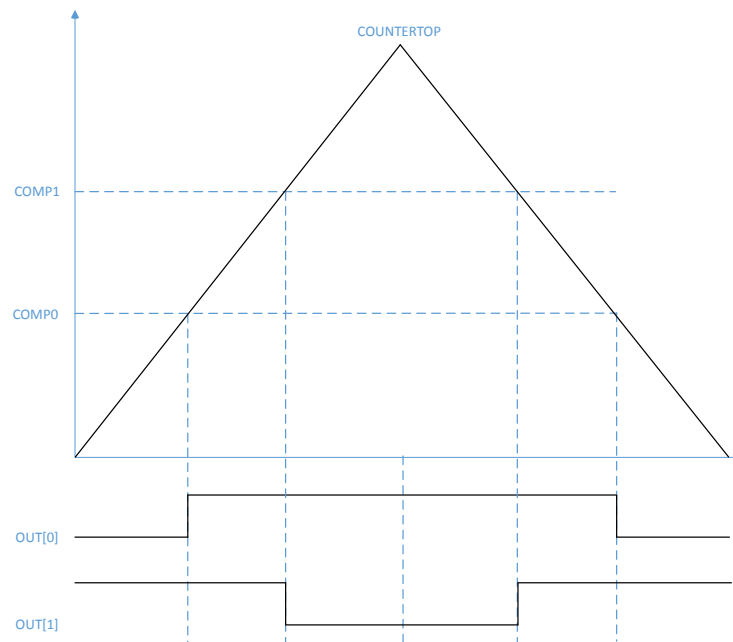


Figure 105: PWM counter in up-and-down mode example

The counter starts decrementing to zero when COUNTERTOP is reached and will invert the OUT[n] when compare value is hit for the second time. This results in a set of pulses that are center-aligned. The following is the code for the counter in up-and-down mode example:

```
uint16_t pwm_seq[4] = {PWM_CH0_DUTY, PWM_CH1_DUTY, PWM_CH2_DUTY, PWM_CH3_DUTY};
NRF_PWM0->PSEL.OUT[0] = (first_pin << PWM_PSEL_OUT_PIN_Pos) |
    (PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Connected <<
        PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->PSEL.OUT[1] = (second_pin << PWM_PSEL_OUT_PIN_Pos) |
    (PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Connected <<
        PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->ENABLE = (PWM_ENABLE_ENABLE_Enabled << PWM_ENABLE_ENABLE_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->MODE = (PWM_MODE_UPDOWN_UpAndDown << PWM_MODE_UPDOWN_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->PRESCALER = (PWM_PRESCALER_PRESCALER_DIV_1 <<
    PWM_PRESCALER_PRESCALER_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->COUNTERTOP = (16000 << PWM_COUNTERTOP_COUNTERTOP_Pos); //1 msec
NRF_PWM0->LOOP = (PWM_LOOP_CNT_Disabled << PWM_LOOP_CNT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->DECODER = (PWM_DECODER_LOAD_Individual << PWM_DECODER_LOAD_Pos) |
    (PWM_DECODER_MODE_RefreshCount << PWM_DECODER_MODE_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].PTR = ((uint32_t)(pwm_seq) << PWM_SEQ_PTR_PTR_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].CNT = ((sizeof(pwm_seq) / sizeof(uint16_t)) <<
    PWM_SEQ_CNT_CNT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].REFRESH = 0;
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].ENDDELAY = 0;
NRF_PWM0->TASKS_SEQSTART[0] = 1;
```

When the counter is running in up-and-down mode, the following formula can be used to compute the PWM period and the step size:

$$T_{\text{PWM(Up And Down)}} = T_{\text{PWM_CLK}} * 2 * \text{COUNTERTOP}$$

$$\text{Step width/Resolution: } T_{\text{steps}} = T_{\text{PWM_CLK}} * 2$$

PWM parameters are organized into a sequence containing at least one half word (16 bit). Its most significant bit[15] denotes the polarity of the OUT[n] while bit[14:0] is the 15-bit compare value.

The DECODER register controls how the RAM content is interpreted and loaded into the internal compare registers. The LOAD field controls if the RAM values are loaded to all compare channels, or to update a group or all channels with individual values. The following figure illustrates how parameters stored in RAM are organized and routed to various compare channels in different modes:



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The register `SEQ[n].REFRESH=N` (one per sequence $n=0$ or 1) will instruct a new RAM stored pulse width value on every $(N+1)^{\text{th}}$ PWM period. Setting the register to zero will result in a new duty cycle update every PWM period, as long as the minimum PWM period is observed.

Note that registers `SEQ[n].REFRESH` and `SEQ[n].ENDDELAY` are ignored when `DECODER.MODE=NextStep`. The next value is loaded upon every received `NEXTSTEP` task.

`SEQ[n].PTR` is the pointer used to fetch `COMPARE` values from RAM. If the `SEQ[n].PTR` is not pointing to a RAM region, an EasyDMA transfer may result in a HardFault or RAM corruption. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information about the different memory regions. After the `SEQ[n].PTR` is set to the desired RAM location, the `SEQ[n].CNT` register must be set to number of 16-bit half words in the sequence. It is important to observe that the Grouped mode requires one half word per group, while the Single mode requires one half word per channel, thus increasing the RAM size occupation. If PWM generation is not running when the `SEQSTART[n]` task is triggered, the task will load the first value from RAM and then start the PWM generation. A `SEQSTARTED[n]` event is generated as soon as the EasyDMA has read the first PWM parameter from RAM and the wave counter has started executing it. When `LOOP.CNT=0`, sequence $n=0$ or 1 is played back once. After the last value in the sequence has been loaded and started executing, a `SEQEND[n]` event is generated. The PWM generation will then continue with the last loaded value. The following figure illustrates an example of such simple playback:

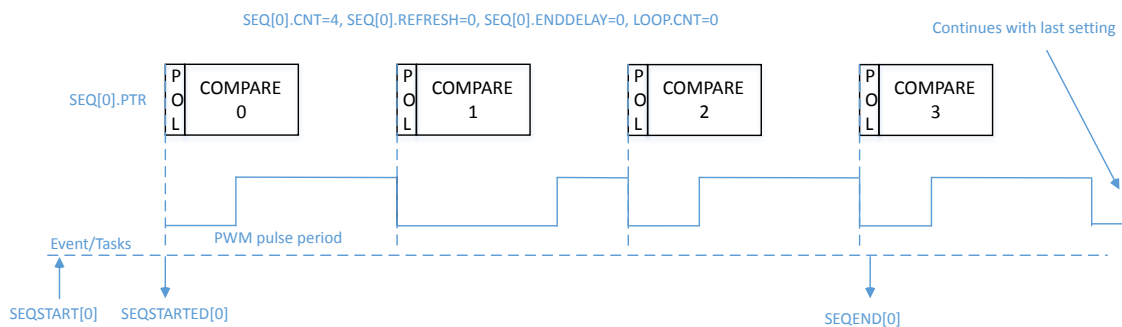


Figure 107: Simple sequence example

Figure depicts the source code used for configuration and timing details in a sequence where only sequence 0 is used and only run once with a new PWM duty cycle for each period.

```

NRF_PWM0->PSEL.OUT[0] = (first_pin << PWM_PSEL_OUT_PIN_Pos) |
                        (PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Connected <<
                          PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->ENABLE      = (PWM_ENABLE_ENABLE_Enabled << PWM_ENABLE_ENABLE_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->MODE        = (PWM_MODE_UPDOWN_Up << PWM_MODE_UPDOWN_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->PRESCALER   = (PWM_PRESCALER_PRESCALER_DIV_1 <<
                          PWM_PRESCALER_PRESCALER_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->COUNTERTOP  = (16000 << PWM_COUNTERTOP_COUNTERTOP_Pos); //1 msec
NRF_PWM0->LOOP        = (PWM_LOOP_CNT_Disabled << PWM_LOOP_CNT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->DECODER     = (PWM_DECODER_LOAD_Common << PWM_DECODER_LOAD_Pos) |
                        (PWM_DECODER_MODE_RefreshCount << PWM_DECODER_MODE_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].PTR  = ((uint32_t)(seq0_ram) << PWM_SEQ_PTR_PTR_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].CNT  = ((sizeof(seq0_ram) / sizeof(uint16_t)) <<
                          PWM_SEQ_CNT_CNT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].REFRESH = 0;
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].ENDDELAY = 0;
NRF_PWM0->TASKS_SEQSTART[0] = 1;

```

To completely stop the PWM generation and force the associated pins to a defined state, a STOP task can be triggered at any time. A STOPPED event is generated when the PWM generation has stopped at the end of currently running PWM period, and the pins go into their idle state as defined in GPIO OUT register. PWM generation can then only be restarted through a SEQSTART[n] task. SEQSTART[n] will resume PWM generation after having loaded the first value from the RAM buffer defined in the SEQ[n].PTR register.

The table below indicates when specific registers get sampled by the hardware. Care should be taken when updating these registers to avoid that values are applied earlier than expected.

Register	Taken into account by hardware	Recommended (safe) update
SEQ[n].PTR	When sending the SEQSTART[n] task	After having received the SEQSTARTED[n] event
SEQ[n].CNT	When sending the SEQSTART[n] task	After having received the SEQSTARTED[n] event
SEQ[0].ENDDELAY	When sending the SEQSTART[0] task	Before starting sequence [0] through a SEQSTART[0] task
	Every time a new value from sequence [0] has been loaded from RAM and gets applied to the Wave Counter (indicated by the PWMPERIODEND event)	When no more value from sequence [0] gets loaded from RAM (indicated by the SEQEND[0] event)
		At any time during sequence [1] (which starts when the SEQSTARTED[1] event is generated)
SEQ[1].ENDDELAY	When sending the SEQSTART[1] task	Before starting sequence [1] through a SEQSTART[1] task
	Every time a new value from sequence [1] has been loaded from RAM and gets applied to the Wave Counter (indicated by the PWMPERIODEND event)	When no more value from sequence [1] gets loaded from RAM (indicated by the SEQEND[1] event)
		At any time during sequence [0] (which starts when the SEQSTARTED[0] event is generated)
SEQ[0].REFRESH	When sending the SEQSTART[0] task	Before starting sequence [0] through a SEQSTART[0] task
	Every time a new value from sequence [0] has been loaded from RAM and gets applied to the Wave Counter (indicated by the PWMPERIODEND event)	At any time during sequence [1] (which starts when the SEQSTARTED[1] event is generated)
SEQ[1].REFRESH	When sending the SEQSTART[1] task	Before starting sequence [1] through a SEQSTART[1] task
	Every time a new value from sequence [1] has been loaded from RAM and gets applied to the Wave Counter (indicated by the PWMPERIODEND event)	At any time during sequence [0] (which starts when the SEQSTARTED[0] event is generated)
COUNTERTOP	In DECODER.LOAD=WaveForm: this register is ignored. In all other LOAD modes: at the end of current PWM period (indicated by the PWMPERIODEND event)	Before starting PWM generation through a SEQSTART[n] task After a STOP task has been triggered, and the STOPPED event has been received.
MODE	Immediately	Before starting PWM generation through a SEQSTART[n] task After a STOP task has been triggered, and the STOPPED event has been received.
DECODER	Immediately	Before starting PWM generation through a SEQSTART[n] task After a STOP task has been triggered, and the STOPPED event has been received.
PRESCALER	Immediately	Before starting PWM generation through a SEQSTART[n] task After a STOP task has been triggered, and the STOPPED event has been received.
LOOP	Immediately	Before starting PWM generation through a SEQSTART[n] task After a STOP task has been triggered, and the STOPPED event has been received.
PSEL.OUT[n]	Immediately	Before enabling the PWM instance through the ENABLE register

Table 110: When to safely update PWM registers

Note: SEQ[n].REFRESH and SEQ[n].ENDDELAY are ignored at the end of a complex sequence, indicated by a LOOPSDONE event. The reason for this is that the last value loaded from RAM is maintained until further action from software (restarting a new sequence, or stopping PWM generation).

A more complex example, where LOOP.CNT>0, is shown in the following figure:

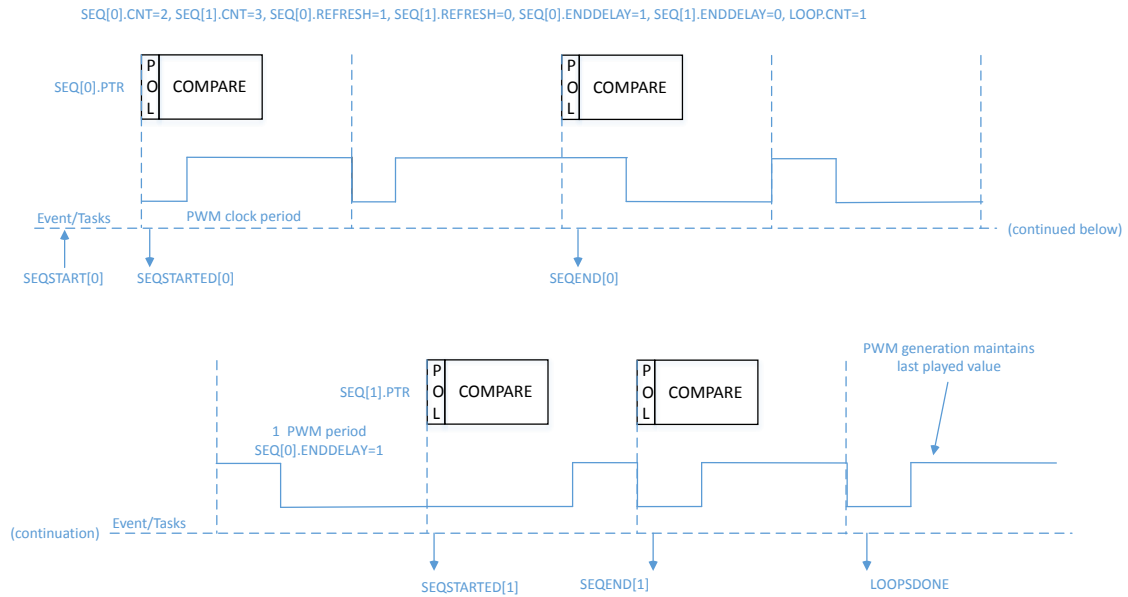


Figure 108: Example using two sequences

In this case, an automated playback takes place, consisting of SEQ[0], delay 0, SEQ[1], delay 1, then again SEQ[0], etc. The user can choose to start a complex playback with SEQ[0] or SEQ[1] through sending the SEQSTART[0] or SEQSTART[1] task. The complex playback always ends with delay 1.

The two sequences 0 and 1 are defined by the addresses of value tables in RAM (pointed to by SEQ[n].PTR) and the buffer size (SEQ[n].CNT). The rate at which a new value is loaded is defined individually for each sequence by SEQ[n].REFRESH. The chaining of sequence 1 following the sequence 0 is implicit, the LOOP.CNT register allows the chaining of sequence 1 to sequence 0 for a determined number of times. In other words, it allows to repeat a complex sequence a number of times in a fully automated way.

In the following code example, sequence 0 is defined with SEQ[0].REFRESH set to 1, meaning that a new PWM duty cycle is pushed every second PWM period. This complex sequence is started with the SEQSTART[0] task, so SEQ[0] is played first. Since SEQ[0].ENDDelay=1 there will be one PWM period delay between last period on sequence 0 and the first period on sequence 1. Since SEQ[1].ENDDelay=0 there is no delay 1, so SEQ[0] would be started immediately after the end of SEQ[1]. However, as LOOP.CNT is

1, the playback stops after having played SEQ[1] only once, and both SEQEND[1] and LOOPSDONE are generated (their order is not guaranteed in this case).

```

NRF_PWM0->PSEL.OUT[0] = (first_pin << PWM_PSEL_OUT_PIN_Pos) |
                        (PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Connected <<
                          PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->ENABLE      = (PWM_ENABLE_ENABLE_Enabled << PWM_ENABLE_ENABLE_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->MODE        = (PWM_MODE_UPDOWN_Up << PWM_MODE_UPDOWN_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->PRESCALER   = (PWM_PRESCALER_PRESCALER_DIV_1 <<
                          PWM_PRESCALER_PRESCALER_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->COUNTERTOP  = (16000 << PWM_COUNTERTOP_COUNTERTOP_Pos); //1 msec
NRF_PWM0->LOOP        = (1 << PWM_LOOP_CNT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->DECODER     = (PWM_DECODER_LOAD_Common << PWM_DECODER_LOAD_Pos) |
                        (PWM_DECODER_MODE_RefreshCount << PWM_DECODER_MODE_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].PTR   = ((uint32_t)(seq0_ram) << PWM_SEQ_PTR_PTR_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].CNT   = ((sizeof(seq0_ram) / sizeof(uint16_t)) <<
                          PWM_SEQ_CNT_CNT_Pos);

NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].REFRESH = 1;
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[0].ENDDELAY = 1;
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[1].PTR   = ((uint32_t)(seq1_ram) << PWM_SEQ_PTR_PTR_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[1].CNT   = ((sizeof(seq1_ram) / sizeof(uint16_t)) <<
                          PWM_SEQ_CNT_CNT_Pos);

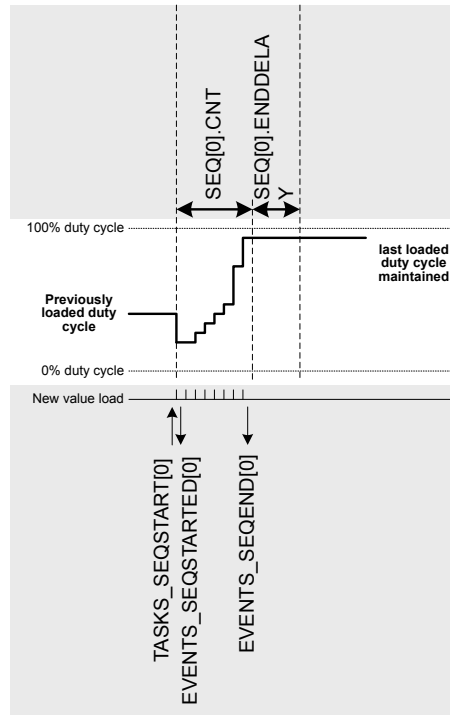
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[1].REFRESH = 0;
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[1].ENDDELAY = 0;
NRF_PWM0->TASKS_SEQSTART[0] = 1;

```

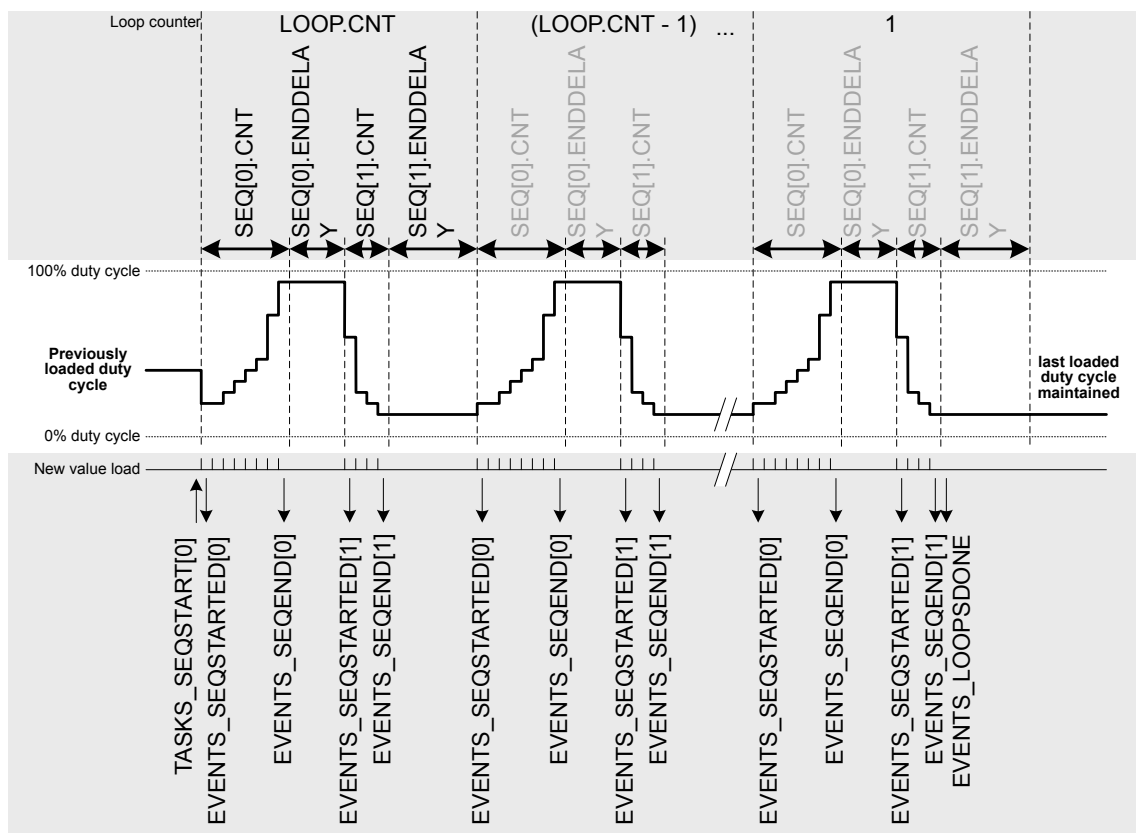
The decoder can also be configured to asynchronously load new PWM duty cycle. If the DECODER.MODE register is set to NextStep, then the NEXTSTEP task will cause an update of internal compare registers on the next PWM period.

The following figures provide an overview of each part of an arbitrary sequence, in various modes (LOOP.CNT=0 and LOOP.CNT>0). In particular, the following are represented:

- Initial and final duty cycle on the PWM output(s)
- Chaining of SEQ[0] and SEQ[1] if LOOP.CNT>0
- Influence of registers on the sequence
- Events generated during a sequence
- DMA activity (loading of next value and applying it to the output(s))

Figure 109: Single shot ($LOOP.CNT=0$)

Note: The single-shot example also applies to $SEQ[1]$. Only $SEQ[0]$ is represented for simplicity.

Figure 110: Complex sequence ($LOOP.CNT > 0$) starting with $SEQ[0]$

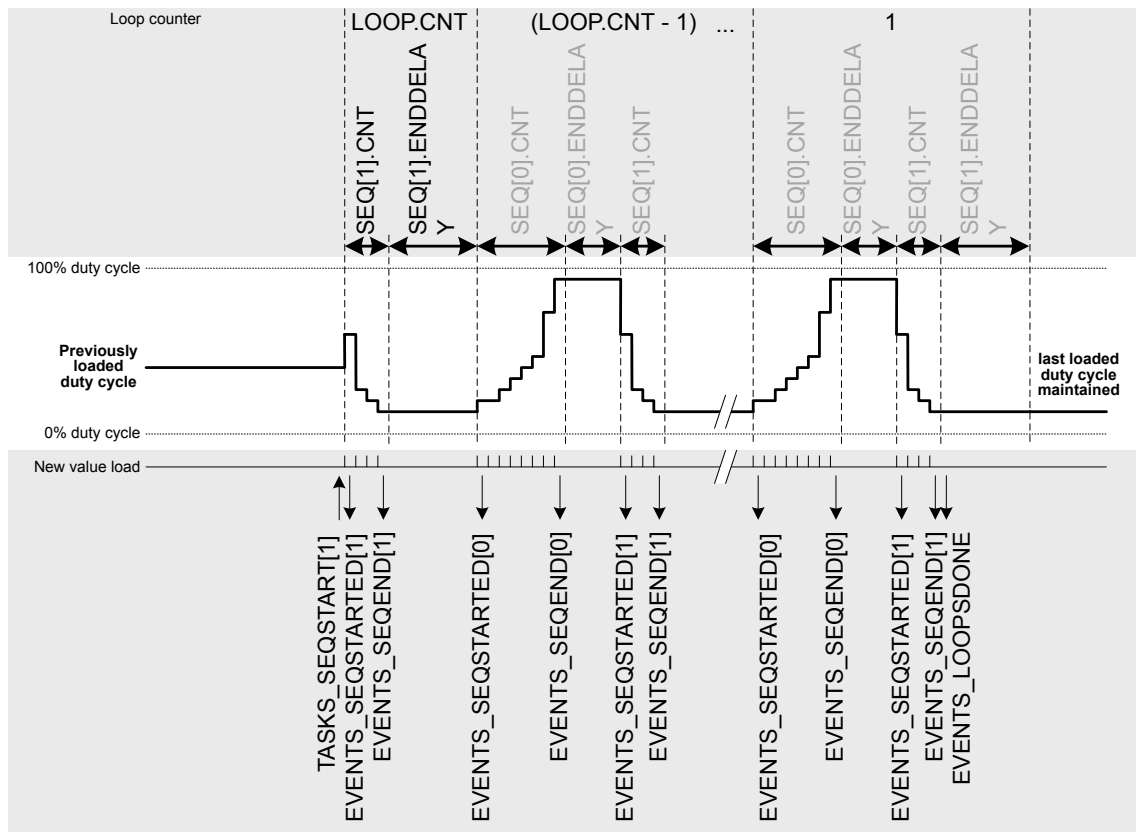


Figure 111: Complex sequence ($LOOP.CNT > 0$) starting with $SEQ[1]$

Note: If a sequence is in use in a simple or complex sequence, it must have a length of $SEQ[n].CNT > 0$.

This example shows how the PWM module can be configured to repeat a single sequence until stopped.

```
NRF_PWM0->PSEL.OUT[0] = (first_pin << PWM_PSEL_OUT_PIN_Pos) |
                        (PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Connected <<
                          PWM_PSEL_OUT_CONNECT_Pos);

NRF_PWM0->ENABLE       = (PWM_ENABLE_ENABLE_Enabled << PWM_ENABLE_ENABLE_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->MODE         = (PWM_MODE_UPDOWN_Up << PWM_MODE_UPDOWN_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->PRESCALER    = (PWM_PRESCALER_PRESCALER_DIV_1 <<
                          PWM_PRESCALER_PRESCALER_Pos);

NRF_PWM0->COUNTERTOP   = (16000 << PWM_COUNTERTOP_COUNTERTOP_Pos); //1 msec
// Enable the shortcut from LOOPSDONE event to SEQSTART1 task for infinite loop
NRF_PWM0->SHORTS       = (PWM_SHORTS_LOOPSDONE_SEQSTART1_Enabled <<
                          PWM_SHORTS_LOOPSDONE_SEQSTART1_Pos);

// LOOP_CNT must be greater than 0 for the LOOPSDONE event to trigger and enable looping
NRF_PWM0->LOOP         = (1 << PWM_LOOP_CNT_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->DECODER      = (PWM_DECODER_LOAD_Common << PWM_DECODER_LOAD_Pos) |
                        (PWM_DECODER_MODE_RefreshCount << PWM_DECODER_MODE_Pos);

// To repeat a single sequence until stopped, it must be configured in SEQ[1]
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[1].PTR   = ((uint32_t)(seq0_ram) << PWM_SEQ_PTR_PTR_Pos);
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[1].CNT   = ((sizeof(seq0_ram) / sizeof(uint16_t)) <<
                          PWM_SEQ_CNT_CNT_Pos);

NRF_PWM0->SEQ[1].REFRESH = 0;
NRF_PWM0->SEQ[1].ENDDELAY = 0;
NRF_PWM0->TASKS_SEQSTART[1] = 1;
```

7.1.24.3 Limitations

Previous compare value is repeated if the PWM period is shorter than the time it takes for the EasyDMA to retrieve from RAM and update the internal compare registers. This is to ensure a glitch-free operation even for very short PWM periods.

Only SEQ[1] can trigger the **LOOPSDONE** event upon completion, not SEQ[0]. This requires looping to be enabled (**LOOP** > 0) and **SEQ[1].CNT** > 0 when sequence playback starts.

7.1.24.4 Pin configuration

The OUT[n] (n=0..3) signals associated with each PWM channel are mapped to physical pins according to the configuration of PSEL.OUT[n] registers. If PSEL.OUT[n].CONNECT is set to Disconnected, the associated PWM module signal will not be connected to any physical pins.

The PSEL.OUT[n] registers and their configurations are used as long as the PWM module is enabled and the PWM generation active (wave counter started). They are retained only as long as the device is in System ON mode (see section **POWER** for more information about power modes).

To ensure correct behavior in the PWM module, the pins that are used must be configured in the GPIO peripheral in the following way before the PWM module is enabled:

PWM signal	PWM pin	Direction	Output value	Comment
OUT[n]	As specified in PSEL.OUT[n] (n=0..3)	Output	0	Idle state defined in GPIO OUT register

Table 111: Recommended GPIO configuration before starting PWM generation

The idle state of a pin is defined by the OUT register in the GPIO module, to ensure that the pins used by the PWM module are driven correctly. If PWM generation is stopped by triggering a STOP task, the PWM module itself is temporarily disabled or the device temporarily enters System OFF. This configuration must be retained in the GPIO for the selected pins (I/Os) for as long as the PWM module is supposed to be connected to an external PWM circuit.

Only one peripheral can be assigned to drive a particular GPIO pin at a time. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

7.1.24.5 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50021000	APPLICATION	PWM	PWM0 : S	US	SA	Pulse width modulation unit 0	
0x40021000			PWM0 : NS				
0x50022000	APPLICATION	PWM	PWM1 : S	US	SA	Pulse width modulation unit 1	
0x40022000			PWM1 : NS				
0x50023000	APPLICATION	PWM	PWM2 : S	US	SA	Pulse width modulation unit 2	
0x40023000			PWM2 : NS				

Table 112: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_STOP	0x004		Stops PWM pulse generation on all channels at the end of current PWM period, and stops sequence playback
TASKS_SEQSTART[n]	0x008		Loads the first PWM value on all enabled channels from sequence n, and starts playing that sequence at the rate defined in SEQ[n].REFRESH and/or DECODER.MODE. Causes PWM generation to start if not running.

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_NEXTSTEP	0x010		Steps by one value in the current sequence on all enabled channels if DECODER.MODE=NextStep. Does not cause PWM generation to start if not running.
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
SUBSCRIBE_SEQSTART[n]	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task SEQSTART[n]
SUBSCRIBE_NEXTSTEP	0x090		Subscribe configuration for task NEXTSTEP
EVENTS_STOPPED	0x104		Response to STOP task, emitted when PWM pulses are no longer generated
EVENTS_SEQSTARTED[n]	0x108		First PWM period started on sequence n
EVENTS_SEQEND[n]	0x110		Emitted at end of every sequence n, when last value from RAM has been applied to wave counter
EVENTS_PWMPERIODEND	0x118		Emitted at the end of each PWM period
EVENTS_LOOPSDONE	0x11C		Concatenated sequences have been played the amount of times defined in LOOP.CNT
PUBLISH_STOPPED	0x184		Publish configuration for event STOPPED
PUBLISH_SEQSTARTED[n]	0x188		Publish configuration for event SEQSTARTED[n]
PUBLISH_SEQEND[n]	0x190		Publish configuration for event SEQEND[n]
PUBLISH_PWMPERIODEND	0x198		Publish configuration for event PWMPERIODEND
PUBLISH_LOOPSDONE	0x19C		Publish configuration for event LOOPSDONE
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
ENABLE	0x500		PWM module enable register
MODE	0x504		Selects operating mode of the wave counter
COUNTERTOP	0x508		Value up to which the pulse generator counter counts
PRESCALER	0x50C		Configuration for PWM_CLK
DECODER	0x510		Configuration of the decoder
LOOP	0x514		Number of playbacks of a loop
SEQ[n].PTR	0x520		Beginning address in RAM of this sequence
SEQ[n].CNT	0x524		Number of values (duty cycles) in this sequence
SEQ[n].REFRESH	0x528		Number of additional PWM periods between samples loaded into compare register
SEQ[n].ENDEDELAY	0x52C		Time added after the sequence
PSEL.OUT[n]	0x560		Output pin select for PWM channel n

Table 113: Register overview

7.1.24.5.1 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x004

Stops PWM pulse generation on all channels at the end of current PWM period, and stops sequence playback

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID			A																																				
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	W	TASKS_STOP			Stops PWM pulse generation on all channels at the end of current PWM period, and stops sequence playback																																		
		Trigger	1		Trigger task																																		

7.1.24.5.2 TASKS_SEQSTART[n] (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x008 + (n × 0x4)

Loads the first PWM value on all enabled channels from sequence n, and starts playing that sequence at the rate defined in SEQ[n]REFRESH and/or DECODER.MODE. Causes PWM generation to start if not running.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	W	TASKS_SEQSTART				Loads the first PWM value on all enabled channels from sequence n, and starts playing that sequence at the rate defined in SEQ[n]REFRESH and/or DECODER.MODE. Causes PWM generation to start if not running.																													
			Trigger	1	Trigger task																														

7.1.24.5.3 TASKS_NEXTSTEP

Address offset: 0x010

Steps by one value in the current sequence on all enabled channels if DECODER.MODE=NextStep. Does not cause PWM generation to start if not running.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	W	TASKS_NEXTSTEP				Steps by one value in the current sequence on all enabled channels if DECODER.MODE=NextStep. Does not cause PWM generation to start if not running.																													
		Trigger			1	Trigger task																													

7.1.24.5.4 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task STOP

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX						[255..0]			Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																																		
B	RW EN																																											
				Disabled			0			Disable subscription																																		
				Enabled			1			Enable subscription																																		

7.1.24.5.5 SUBSCRIBE_SEQSTART[n] (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x088 + (n × 0x4)

Subscribe configuration for task SEQSTART[n]

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																																												
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task SEQSTART[n] will subscribe to																																																												
B	RW EN																																																															
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																																												
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																																												

7.1.24.5.6 SUBSCRIBE_NEXTSTEP

Address offset: 0x090

Subscribe configuration for task **NEXTSTEP**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A					
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task NEXTSTEP will subscribe to																																					
B	RW EN																																											
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																					
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																					

7.1.24.5.7 EVENTS_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x104

Response to STOP task, emitted when PWM pulses are no longer generated

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_STOPPED		Response to STOP task, emitted when PWM pulses are no longer generated																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.24.5.8 EVENTS_SEQSTARTED[n] (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x108 + (n × 0x4)

First PWM period started on sequence n

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_SEQSTARTED		First PWM period started on sequence n																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.24.5.9 EVENTS_SEQEND[n] (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x110 + (n × 0x4)

Emitted at end of every sequence n, when last value from RAM has been applied to wave counter

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	EVENTS_SEQEND		Emitted at end of every sequence n, when last value from RAM has been applied to wave counter																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.24.5.10 EVENTS_PWMPERIODEND

Address offset: 0x118

Emitted at the end of each PWM period

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID				A																																				
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	RW		EVENTS_PWMPERIODEND		Emitted at the end of each PWM period																																			
			NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																																		
			Generated	1		Event generated																																		

7.1.24.5.11 EVENTS_LOOPSDONE

Address offset: 0x11C

Concatenated sequences have been played the amount of times defined in LOOP.CNT

This event triggers after the last SEQ[1] completion of the loop, and only if looping was enabled (LOOP > 0) when the sequence playback was started.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A																																			
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_LOOPSDONE		Concatenated sequences have been played the amount of times defined in LOOP.CNT																																		
				This event triggers after the last SEQ[1] completion of the loop, and only if looping was enabled (LOOP > 0) when the sequence playback was started.																																		
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1	Event generated																																		

7.1.24.5.12 PUBLISH_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event STOPPED

Publish configuration for event `SEQSTARTED[n]`

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																	
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																																									
A	RW	CHIDX	[255..0]			Channel that event SEQSTARTED[n] will publish to.																																																									
B	RW	EN																																																													
		Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																																										
		Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																																										

Address offset: $0x190 + (n \times 0x4)$

Publish configuration for event SEQEND[n]

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event SEQEND[n] will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																

Address offset: 0x198

Publish configuration for event **PWMPERIODEND**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0																																		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	CHIDX	[255..0]			Channel that event PWMPERIODEND will publish to.																																
B	RW	EN																																				
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.24.5.16 PUBLISH_LOOPSDONE

Address offset: 0x19C

Publish configuration for event [LOOPSDONE](#)

This event triggers after the last SEQ[1] completion of the loop, and only if looping was enabled (LOOP > 0) when the sequence playback was started.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event LOOPSDONE will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.24.5.17 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW SEQEND0_STOP			Shortcut between event SEQEND[0] and task STOP																														
		Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																														
		Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																														
B	RW SEQEND1_STOP			Shortcut between event SEQEND[1] and task STOP																														
		Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																														
		Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																														
C	RW LOOPSDONE_SEQSTART0			Shortcut between event LOOPSDONE and task SEQSTART[0]																														
		Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																														
		Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																														
D	RW LOOPSDONE_SEQSTART1			Shortcut between event LOOPSDONE and task SEQSTART[1]																														
		Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																														
		Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																														
E	RW LOOPSDONE_STOP			Shortcut between event LOOPSDONE and task STOP																														
		Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																														
		Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																														

7.1.24.5.18 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID																												H G F E D C B								
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
B	RW	STOPPED			Enable or disable interrupt for event STOPPED																															

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																												H	G	F	E	D	C	B				
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
			C-D	RW	SEQSTARTED[i] (i=0..1)		Enable or disable interrupt for event SEQSTARTED[i]																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
			E-F	RW	SEQEND[i] (i=0..1)		Enable or disable interrupt for event SEQEND[i]																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
			G	RW	PWMPERIODEND		Enable or disable interrupt for event PWMPERIODEND																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	
			H	RW	LOOPSDONE		Enable or disable interrupt for event LOOPSDONE																															
					This event triggers after the last SEQ[1] completion of the loop, and only if looping was enabled (LOOP > 0) when the sequence playback was started.																																	
			Disabled	0	Disable																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable																																	

7.1.24.5.19 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																															H G F E D C B			
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
B	RW	STOPPED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STOPPED																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C-D	RW	SEQSTARTED[i] (i=0..1)			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event SEQSTARTED[i]																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
E-F	RW	SEQEND[i] (i=0..1)			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event SEQEND[i]																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
G	RW	PWMPERIODEND			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event PWMPERIODEND																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
H	RW	LOOPSDONE			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event LOOPSDONE																													
					This event triggers after the last SEQ[1] completion of the loop, and only if looping was enabled (LOOP > 0) when the sequence playback was started.																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID																												H					G	F	E	D	C	B																									
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																																																							
Enabled				1				Read: Enabled																																																							

7.1.24.5.20 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			H G F E D C B																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
B	RW	STOPPED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STOPPED																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C-D	RW	SEQSTARTED[i] (i=0..1)			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event SEQSTARTED[i]																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
E-F	RW	SEQEND[i] (i=0..1)			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event SEQEND[i]																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
G	RW	PWMPERIODEND			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event PWMPERIODEND																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
H	RW	LOOPSDONE			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event LOOPSDONE																													
					This event triggers after the last SEQ[1] completion of the loop, and only if looping was enabled (LOOP > 0) when the sequence playback was started.																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.24.5.21 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

PWM module enable register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				A		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW ENABLE					Enable or disable PWM module																																
			Disabled	0		Disabled																																
			Enabled	1		Enable																																

7.1.24.5.22 MODE

Address offset: 0x504

Selects operating mode of the wave counter

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Description
A	RW UPDOWN		Selects up mode or up-and-down mode for the counter
		Up	Up counter, edge-aligned PWM duty cycle
		UpAndDown	Up and down counter, center-aligned PWM duty cycle

7.1.24.5.23 COUNTERTOP

Address offset: 0x508

Value up to which the pulse generator counter counts

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		A A	
Reset 0x000003FF		0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Description
A	RW COUNTERTOP		[3..32767] Value up to which the pulse generator counter counts. This register is ignored when DECODER.MODE=WaveForm and only values from RAM are used.

7.1.24.5.24 PRESCALER

Address offset: 0x50C

Configuration for PWM_CLK

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		A A A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Description
A	RW PRESCALER		Prescaler of PWM_CLK
		DIV_1	Divide by 1 (16 MHz)
		DIV_2	Divide by 2 (8 MHz)
		DIV_4	Divide by 4 (4 MHz)
		DIV_8	Divide by 8 (2 MHz)
		DIV_16	Divide by 16 (1 MHz)
		DIV_32	Divide by 32 (500 kHz)
		DIV_64	Divide by 64 (250 kHz)
		DIV_128	Divide by 128 (125 kHz)

7.1.24.5.25 DECODER

Address offset: 0x510

Configuration of the decoder

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A	RW	LOAD				How a sequence is read from RAM and spread to the compare register																												
			Common	0	1st half word (16-bit) used in all PWM channels 0..3																													
			Grouped	1	1st half word (16-bit) used in channel 0..1; 2nd word in channel 2..3																													
			Individual	2	1st half word (16-bit) in ch.0; 2nd in ch.1; ...; 4th in ch.3																													
			WaveForm	3	1st half word (16-bit) in ch.0; 2nd in ch.1; ...; 4th in COUNTERTOP																													
B	RW	MODE			Selects source for advancing the active sequence																													
			RefreshCount	0	SEQ[n].REFRESH is used to determine loading internal compare registers																													
			NextStep	1	NEXTSTEP task causes a new value to be loaded to internal compare registers																													

7.1.24.5.26 LOOP

Address offset: 0x514

Number of playbacks of a loop

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	CNT		Number of playbacks of pattern cycles																															
			Disabled	0	Looping disabled (stop at the end of the sequence)																														

7.1.24.5.27 SEQ[n].PTR (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x520 + (n × 0x20)

Beginning address in RAM of this sequence

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																		
ID				A A																																		
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value								Description																							
A	RW PTR			Beginning address in RAM of this sequence																																		

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.24.5.28 SEQ[n].CNT (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x524 + (n × 0x20)

Number of values (duty cycles) in this sequence

The sample period and accumulation are configurable to match application requirements. The QDEC provides the following:

- Decoding of digital waveform from off-chip quadrature encoder.
- Sample accumulation eliminating hard real-time requirements to be enforced on application.
- Optional input de-bounce filters.
- Optional LED output signal for optical encoders.

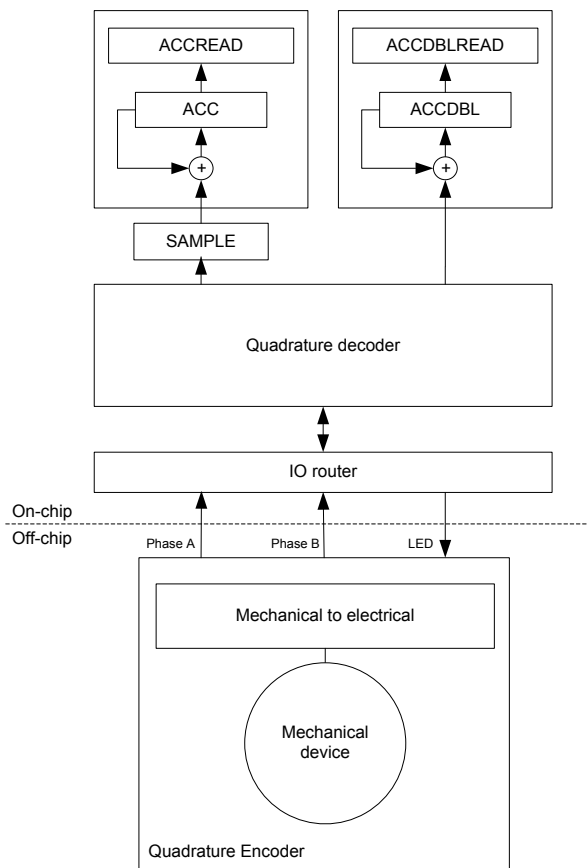


Figure 112: Quadrature decoder configuration

7.1.25.1 Sampling and decoding

The QDEC decodes the output from an incremental motion encoder by sampling the QDEC phase input pins (A and B).

The off-chip quadrature encoder is an incremental motion encoder outputting two waveforms, phase A and phase B. The two output waveforms are always 90 degrees out of phase, meaning that one always changes level before the other. The direction of movement is indicated by which of these two waveforms that changes level first. Invalid transitions may occur, that is when the two waveforms switch simultaneously. This may occur if the wheel rotates too fast relative to the sample rate set for the decoder.

The QDEC decodes the output from the off-chip encoder by sampling the QDEC phase input pins (A and B) at a fixed rate as specified in the SAMPLEPER register.

If the SAMPLEPER value needs to be changed, the QDEC shall be stopped using the STOP task. SAMPLEPER can be then changed upon receiving the STOPPED event, and QDEC can be restarted using the START task. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behaviour.

It is good practice to change other registers (LEDPOL, REPORTPER, DBFEN and LEDPRE) only when the QDEC is stopped.

When started, the decoder continuously samples the two input waveforms and decodes these by comparing the current sample pair (n) with the previous sample pair (n-1).

The decoding of the sample pairs is described in the table below.

Previous sample pair(n-1)		Current samples pair(n)		SAMPLE register	ACC operation	ACCDBL operation	Description
A	B	A	B				
0	0	0	0	0	No change	No change	No movement
0	0	0	1	1	Increment	No change	Movement in positive direction
0	0	1	0	-1	Decrement	No change	Movement in negative direction
0	0	1	1	2	No change	Increment	Error: Double transition
0	1	0	0	-1	Decrement	No change	Movement in negative direction
0	1	0	1	0	No change	No change	No movement
0	1	1	0	2	No change	Increment	Error: Double transition
0	1	1	1	1	Increment	No change	Movement in positive direction
1	0	0	0	1	Increment	No change	Movement in positive direction
1	0	0	1	2	No change	Increment	Error: Double transition
1	0	1	0	0	No change	No change	No movement
1	0	1	1	-1	Decrement	No change	Movement in negative direction
1	1	0	0	2	No change	Increment	Error: Double transition
1	1	0	1	-1	Decrement	No change	Movement in negative direction
1	1	1	0	1	Increment	No change	Movement in positive direction
1	1	1	1	0	No change	No change	No movement

Table 114: Sampled value encoding

7.1.25.2 LED output

The LED output follows the sample period, and the LED is switched on a given period before sampling and switched off immediately after the inputs are sampled. The period the LED is switched on before sampling is given in the LEDPRE register.

The LED output pin polarity is specified in the LEDPOL register.

For using off-chip mechanical encoders not requiring a LED, the LED output can be disabled by writing value 'Disconnected' to the CONNECT field of the PSEL.LED register. In this case the QDEC will not acquire access to a LED output pin and the pin can be used for other purposes by the CPU.

7.1.25.3 Debounce filters

Each of the two-phase inputs have digital debounce filters.

When enabled through the DBFEN register, the filter inputs are sampled at a fixed 1 MHz frequency during the entire sample period (which is specified in the SAMPLEPER register), and the filters require all of the samples within this sample period to equal before the input signal is accepted and transferred to the output of the filter.

As a result, only input signal with a steady state longer than twice the period specified in SAMPLEPER are guaranteed to pass through the filter, and any signal with a steady state shorter than SAMPLEPER will always be suppressed by the filter. (This is assumed that the frequency during the debounce period never exceeds 500 kHz (as required by the Nyquist theorem when using a 1 MHz sample frequency).

The LED will always be ON when the debounce filters are enabled, as the inputs in this case will be sampled continuously.

Note that when the debounce filters are enabled, displacements reported by the QDEC peripheral are delayed by one SAMPLEPER period.

7.1.25.4 Accumulators

The quadrature decoder contains two accumulator registers, ACC and ACCDBL, that accumulate respectively valid motion sample values and the number of detected invalid samples (double transitions).

The ACC register will accumulate all valid values (1/-1) written to the SAMPLE register. This can be useful for preventing hard real-time requirements from being enforced on the application. When using the ACC register the application does not need to read every single sample from the SAMPLE register, but can instead fetch the ACC register whenever it fits the application. The ACC register will always hold the relative movement of the external mechanical device since the previous clearing of the ACC register. Sample values indicating a double transition (2) will not be accumulated in the ACC register.

An ACCOF event will be generated if the ACC receives a SAMPLE value that would cause the register to overflow or underflow. Any SAMPLE value that would cause an ACC overflow or underflow will be discarded, but any samples not causing the ACC to overflow or underflow will still be accepted.

The accumulator ACCDBL accumulates the number of detected double transitions since the previous clearing of the ACCDBL register.

The ACC and ACCDBL registers can be cleared by the READCLRACC and subsequently read using the ACCREAD and ACCDBLREAD registers.

The ACC register can be separately cleared by the RDCLRACC and subsequently read using the ACCREAD registers.

The ACCDBL register can be separately cleared by the RDCLRDBL and subsequently read using the ACCDBLREAD registers.

The REPORTPER register allows automating the capture of several samples before it can send out a REPORTRDY event in case a non-null displacement has been captured and accumulated, and a DBLRDY event in case one or more double-displacements have been captured and accumulated. The REPORTPER field in this register selects after how many samples the accumulators contents are evaluated to send (or not) REPORTRDY and DBLRDY events.

Using the RDCLRACC task (manually sent upon receiving the event, or using the DBLRDY_RDCLRACC shortcut), ACCREAD can then be read.

In case at least one double transition has been captured and accumulated, a DBLRDY event is sent. Using the RDCLRDBL task (manually sent upon receiving the event, or using the DBLRDY_RDCLRDBL shortcut), ACCDBLREAD can then be read.

7.1.25.5 Output/input pins

The QDEC uses a three-pin interface to the off-chip quadrature encoder.

These pins will be acquired when the QDEC is enabled in the ENABLE register. The pins acquired by the QDEC cannot be written by the CPU, but they can still be read by the CPU.

The pin numbers to be used for the QDEC are selected using the PSEL.n registers.

7.1.25.6 Pin configuration

The Phase A, Phase B, and LED signals are mapped to physical pins according to the configuration specified in the PSEL.A, PSEL.B, and PSEL.LED registers respectively.

If the CONNECT field value 'Disconnected' is specified in any of these registers, the associated signal will not be connected to any physical pin. The PSEL.A, PSEL.B, and PSEL.LED registers and their configurations are only used as long as the QDEC is enabled, and retained only as long as the device is in ON mode.

When the peripheral is disabled, the pins will behave as regular GPIOs, and use the configuration in their respective OUT bit field and PIN_CNF[n] register.

To secure correct behavior in the QDEC, the pins used by the QDEC must be configured in the GPIO peripheral as described in [Table 115: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral](#) on page 365 before enabling the QDEC. This configuration must be retained in the GPIO for the selected IOs as long as the QDEC is enabled.

Only one peripheral can be assigned to drive a particular GPIO pin at a time. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

QDEC signal	QDEC pin	Direction	Output value	Comment
Phase A	As specified in PSEL.A	Input	Not applicable	
Phase B	As specified in PSEL.B	Input	Not applicable	
LED	As specified in PSEL.LED	Input	Not applicable	

Table 115: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral

7.1.25.7 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50033000	APPLICATION	QDEC	QDEC : S	US	NA	Quadrature decoder	
0x40033000			QDEC : NS				

Table 116: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Task starting the quadrature decoder
TASKS_STOP	0x004		Task stopping the quadrature decoder
TASKS_READCLRACC	0x008		Read and clear ACC and ACCDBL
TASKS_RDCLRACC	0x00C		Read and clear ACC
TASKS_RDCLRDBL	0x010		Read and clear ACCDBL
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
SUBSCRIBE_READCLRACC	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task READCLRACC
SUBSCRIBE_RDCLRACC	0x08C		Subscribe configuration for task RDCLRACC
SUBSCRIBE_RDCLRDBL	0x090		Subscribe configuration for task RDCLRDBL
EVENTS_SAMPLERDY	0x100		Event being generated for every new sample value written to the SAMPLE register
EVENTS_REPORTRDY	0x104		Non-null report ready
EVENTS_ACCOF	0x108		ACC or ACCDBL register overflow
EVENTS_DBLRDY	0x10C		Double displacement(s) detected
EVENTS_STOPPED	0x110		QDEC has been stopped
PUBLISH_SAMPLERDY	0x180		Publish configuration for event SAMPLERDY
PUBLISH_REPORTRDY	0x184		Publish configuration for event REPORTRDY
PUBLISH_ACCOF	0x188		Publish configuration for event ACCOF
PUBLISH_DBLRDY	0x18C		Publish configuration for event DBLRDY
PUBLISH_STOPPED	0x190		Publish configuration for event STOPPED
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
ENABLE	0x500		Enable the quadrature decoder
LEDPOL	0x504		LED output pin polarity
SAMPLEPER	0x508		Sample period
SAMPLE	0x50C		Motion sample value

Register	Offset	Security	Description
REPORTPER	0x510		Number of samples to be taken before REPORTRDY and DBLRDY events can be generated
ACC	0x514		Register accumulating the valid transitions
ACCREAD	0x518		Snapshot of the ACC register, updated by the READCLRACC or RDCLRACC task
PSEL.LED	0x51C		Pin select for LED signal
PSEL.A	0x520		Pin select for A signal
PSEL.B	0x524		Pin select for B signal
DBFEN	0x528		Enable input debounce filters
LEDPRE	0x540		Time period the LED is switched ON prior to sampling
ACCDL	0x544		Register accumulating the number of detected double transitions
ACCDLREAD	0x548		Snapshot of the ACCDL, updated by the READCLRACC or RDCLRDL task

Table 117: Register overview

7.1.25.7.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Task starting the quadrature decoder

When started, the SAMPLE register will be continuously updated at the rate given in the SAMPLEPER register.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID																																							A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																		
A	W	TASKS_START					Task starting the quadrature decoder																																	
						When started, the SAMPLE register will be continuously updated at the rate given in the SAMPLEPER register.																																		
			Trigger	1		Trigger task																																		

7.1.25.7.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x004

Task stopping the quadrature decoder

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	TASKS_STOP						Task stopping the quadrature decoder																											
		Trigger		1				Trigger task																											

7.1.25.7.3 TASKS_READCLRACC

Address offset: 0x008

Read and clear ACC and ACCDL

Task transferring the content of ACC to ACCREAD and the content of ACCDL to ACCDLREAD, and then clearing the ACC and ACCDL registers. These read-and-clear operations will be done atomically.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	W	TASKS_READCLRACC				Read and clear ACC and ACCDBL																													
						Task transferring the content of ACC to ACCREAD and the content of ACCDBL to ACCDBLREAD, and then clearing the ACC and ACCDBL registers. These read-and-clear operations will be done atomically.																													
				Trigger	1	Trigger task																													

7.1.25.7.4 TASKS_RDCLRACC

Address offset: 0x00C

Read and clear ACC

Task transferring the content of ACC to ACCREAD, and then clearing the ACC register. This read-and-clear operation will be done atomically.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																				A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	W	TASKS_RDCLRACC				Read and clear ACC																															
						Task transferring the content of ACC to ACCREAD, and then clearing the ACC register. This read-and-clear operation will be done atomically.																															
				Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.25.7.5 TASKS_RDCLRDBL

Address offset: 0x010

Read and clear ACCDBL

Task transferring the content of ACCDBL to ACCDBLREAD, and then clearing the ACCDBL register. This read-and-clear operation will be done atomically.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																				A			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	W	TASKS_RDCLRDBL				Read and clear ACCDBL																																	
						Task transferring the content of ACCDBL to ACCDBLREAD, and then clearing the ACCDBL register. This read-and-clear operation will be done atomically.																																	
				Trigger	1	Trigger task																																	

7.1.25.7.6 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task [START](#)

When started, the SAMPLE register will be continuously updated at the rate given in the SAMPLEPER register.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																					
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																																		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																																					
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																																		Description																																	
A	RW	CHIDX			[255..0]																																		Channel that task START will subscribe to																																	
B	RW	EN																																																																						
			Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																																																			
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																																																			

7.1.25.7.7 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0												
ID				B																								A				A				A				A				A			
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																											
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																									
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																																									
B	RW EN																																														
			Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																										
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																										

7.1.25.7.8 SUBSCRIBE_READCLRACC

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task **READCLRACC**

Task transferring the content of ACC to ACCREAD and the content of ACCDBL to ACCDBLREAD, and then clearing the ACC and ACCDBL registers. These read-and-clear operations will be done atomically.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																									
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task READCLRACC will subscribe to																																																									
B	RW EN																																																														
		Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																																									
		Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																																									

7.1.25.7.9 SUBSCRIBE_RDCLRACC

Address offset: 0x08C

Subscribe configuration for task **RDCLRACC**

Task transferring the content of ACC to ACCREAD, and then clearing the ACC register. This read-and-clear operation will be done atomically.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task RDCLRACC will subscribe to																																	
B	RW EN																																				
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																	
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																	

7.1.25.7.10 SUBSCRIBE_RDCLRDBL

Address offset: 0x090

Subscribe configuration for task **RDCLRDBL**

Task transferring the content of ACCDBL to ACCDBLREAD, and then clearing the ACCDBL register. This read-and-clear operation will be done atomically.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task RDCLRDBL will subscribe to																																						
B	RW EN																																												
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																						
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																						

7.1.25.7.11 EVENTS_SAMPLERDY

Address offset: 0x100

Event being generated for every new sample value written to the SAMPLE register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A																																		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_SAMPLERDY		Event being generated for every new sample value written to the SAMPLE register																																		
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1	Event generated																																		

7.1.25.7.12 EVENTS_REPORTRDY

Address offset: 0x104

Non-null report ready

Event generated when REPORTPER number of samples has been accumulated in the ACC register and the content of the ACC register is not equal to 0. (Thus, this event is only generated if a motion is detected since the previous clearing of the ACC register).

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_REPORTRDY		Non-null report ready																														
				Event generated when REPORTPER number of samples has been accumulated in the ACC register and the content of the ACC register is not equal to 0. (Thus, this event is only generated if a motion is detected since the previous clearing of the ACC register).																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.25.7.13 EVENTS_ACCOF

Address offset: 0x108

ACC or ACCDBL register overflow

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID				A																																			
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_ACCOF		ACC or ACCDBL register overflow																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.25.7.14 EVENTS_DBLRDY

Address offset: 0x10C

Double displacement(s) detected

Event generated when REPORTPER number of samples has been accumulated and the content of the ACCDBL register is not equal to 0. (Thus, this event is only generated if a double transition is detected since the previous clearing of the ACCDBL register).

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_DBLRDY		Double displacement(s) detected																														
				Event generated when REPORTPER number of samples has been accumulated and the content of the ACCDBL register is not equal to 0. (Thus, this event is only generated if a double transition is detected since the previous clearing of the ACCDBL register).																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.25.7.15 EVENTS_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x110

QDEC has been stopped

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_STOPPED		QDEC has been stopped																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.25.7.16 PUBLISH_SAMPLERDY

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event [SAMPLERDY](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event SAMPLERDY will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.25.7.17 PUBLISH_REPORTRDY

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event [REPORTRDY](#)

Event generated when REPORTPER number of samples has been accumulated in the ACC register and the content of the ACC register is not equal to 0. (Thus, this event is only generated if a motion is detected since the previous clearing of the ACC register).

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event REPORTRDY will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																
		Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.25.7.18 PUBLISH_ACCOF

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event [ACCOF](#)

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value				Description																																			
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]				Channel that event ACCOF will publish to.																																			
B	RW EN																																											
			Disabled		0				Disable publishing																																			
			Enabled		1				Enable publishing																																			

7.1.25.7.19 PUBLISH_DBLRDY

Address offset: 0x18C

Publish configuration for event **DBLRDY**

Event generated when REPORTPER number of samples has been accumulated and the content of the ACCDBL register is not equal to 0. (Thus, this event is only generated if a double transition is detected since the previous clearing of the ACCDBL register).

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A					A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event DBLRDY will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																	

7.1.25.7.20 PUBLISH_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x190

Publish configuration for event **STOPPED**

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID			B																								A					A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event STOPPED will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																				
		Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																
		Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.25.7.21 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																											G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	REPORTRDY_READCLRACC			Shortcut between event REPORTRDY and task READCLRACC																													
		Disabled	0		Disable shortcut																													

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID			G F E D C B A																																			
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
B	RW SAMPLERDY_STOP	Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																																		
		Disabled	0	Shortcut between event SAMPLERDY and task STOP																																		
		Enabled	1	Disable shortcut																																		
C	RW REPORTRDY_RDCLRACC	Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																																		
		Disabled	0	Shortcut between event REPORTRDY and task RDCLRACC																																		
		Enabled	1	Disable shortcut																																		
D	RW REPORTRDY_STOP	Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																																		
		Disabled	0	Shortcut between event REPORTRDY and task STOP																																		
		Enabled	1	Disable shortcut																																		
E	RW DBLRDY_RDCLRDBL	Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																																		
		Disabled	0	Shortcut between event DBLRDY and task RDCLRDBL																																		
		Enabled	1	Disable shortcut																																		
F	RW DBLRDY_STOP	Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																																		
		Disabled	0	Shortcut between event DBLRDY and task STOP																																		
		Enabled	1	Disable shortcut																																		
G	RW SAMPLERDY_READCLRACC	Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																																		
		Disabled	0	Shortcut between event SAMPLERDY and task READCLRACC																																		
		Enabled	1	Disable shortcut																																		

7.1.25.7.22 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW SAMPLERDY			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event SAMPLERDY																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW REPORTRDY			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event REPORTRDY																														
				Event generated when REPORTPER number of samples has been accumulated in the ACC register and the content of the ACC register is not equal to 0. (Thus, this event is only generated if a motion is detected since the previous clearing of the ACC register).																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
C	RW ACCOF	Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
				Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ACCOF																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
D	RW DBLRDY			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event DBLRDY																														
				Event generated when REPORTPER number of samples has been accumulated and the content of the ACCDBL register is not equal to 0. (Thus, this event is only generated if a double transition is detected since the previous clearing of the ACCDBL register).																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
E	RW STOPPED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.25.7.23 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID		E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW SAMPLERDY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event SAMPLERDY																													
		Clear	1	Disable																													
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
B	RW REPORTRDY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event REPORTRDY																													
				Event generated when REPORTPER number of samples has been accumulated in the ACC register and the content of the ACC register is not equal to 0. (Thus, this event is only generated if a motion is detected since the previous clearing of the ACC register).																													
		Clear	1	Disable																													
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
C	RW ACCOF			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ACCOF																													
		Clear	1	Disable																													
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
D	RW DBLRDY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event DBLRDY																													
				Event generated when REPORTPER number of samples has been accumulated and the content of the ACCDBL register is not equal to 0. (Thus, this event is only generated if a double transition is detected since the previous clearing of the ACCDBL register).																													
		Clear	1	Disable																													
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
E	RW STOPPED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.25.7.24 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable the quadrature decoder

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID																																			A
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	ENABLE		Enable or disable the quadrature decoder																															
				When enabled the decoder pins will be active. When disabled the quadrature decoder pins are not active and can be used as GPIO .																															
		Disabled	0	Disable																															
		Enabled	1	Enable																															

7.1.25.7.25 LEDPOL

Address offset: 0x504

LED output pin polarity

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW LEDPOL			LED output pin polarity																															
		ActiveLow	0	Led active on output pin low																															
		ActiveHigh	1	Led active on output pin high																															

7.1.25.7.26 SAMPLEPER

Address offset: 0x508

Sample period

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID																																				A A A A			
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	SAMPLEPER		Sample period. The SAMPLE register will be updated for every new sample																																			
		128us	0	128 us																																			

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																															A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
		256us	1		256 us																													
		512us	2		512 us																													
		1024us	3		1024 us																													
		2048us	4		2048 us																													
		4096us	5		4096 us																													
		8192us	6		8192 us																													
		16384us	7		16384 us																													
		32ms	8		32768 us																													
		65ms	9		65536 us																													
		131ms	10		131072 us																													

7.1.25.7.27 SAMPLE

Address offset: 0x50C

Motion sample value

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value					Description																																
A	R	SAMPLE			[-1..2]					Last motion sample																																		

The value is a 2's complement value, and the sign gives the direction of the motion. The value '2' indicates a double transition.

7.1.25.7.28 REPORTPER

Address offset: 0x510

Number of samples to be taken before REPORTRDY and DBLRDY events can be generated

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID			A A A A																																																											
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																																											
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																																										
A	RW	REPORTPER		<p>Specifies the number of samples to be accumulated in the ACC register before the REPORTRDY and DBLRDY events can be generated</p> <p>The report period in [us] is given as: $RPUS = SP * RP$ Where RPUS is the report period in [us/report], SP is the sample period in [us/sample] specified in SAMPLEPER, and RP is the report period in [samples/report] specified in REPORTPER .</p> <table><tr><td>10Smpl</td><td>0</td><td>10 samples / report</td></tr><tr><td>40Smpl</td><td>1</td><td>40 samples / report</td></tr><tr><td>80Smpl</td><td>2</td><td>80 samples / report</td></tr><tr><td>120Smpl</td><td>3</td><td>120 samples / report</td></tr><tr><td>160Smpl</td><td>4</td><td>160 samples / report</td></tr><tr><td>200Smpl</td><td>5</td><td>200 samples / report</td></tr><tr><td>240Smpl</td><td>6</td><td>240 samples / report</td></tr><tr><td>280Smpl</td><td>7</td><td>280 samples / report</td></tr><tr><td>1Smpl</td><td>8</td><td>1 sample / report</td></tr></table>																																10Smpl	0	10 samples / report	40Smpl	1	40 samples / report	80Smpl	2	80 samples / report	120Smpl	3	120 samples / report	160Smpl	4	160 samples / report	200Smpl	5	200 samples / report	240Smpl	6	240 samples / report	280Smpl	7	280 samples / report	1Smpl	8	1 sample / report
10Smpl	0	10 samples / report																																																												
40Smpl	1	40 samples / report																																																												
80Smpl	2	80 samples / report																																																												
120Smpl	3	120 samples / report																																																												
160Smpl	4	160 samples / report																																																												
200Smpl	5	200 samples / report																																																												
240Smpl	6	240 samples / report																																																												
280Smpl	7	280 samples / report																																																												
1Smpl	8	1 sample / report																																																												

7.1.25.7.29 ACC

Address offset: 0x514

Register accumulating the valid transitions

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	R	ACC	[-1024..1023]		Register accumulating all valid samples (not double transition) read from the SAMPLE register																														
Double transitions (SAMPLE = 2) will not be accumulated in this register. The value is a 32 bit 2's complement value.																																			
If a sample that would cause this register to overflow or underflow is received, the sample will be ignored and an overflow event (ACCOF) will be generated. The ACC register is cleared by triggering the READCLRACC or the RDCLRACC task.																																			

7.1.25.7.30 ACCREAD

Address offset: 0x518

Snapshot of the ACC register, updated by the READCLRACC or RDCLRACC task

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	ACCREAD		[-1024..1023]				Snapshot of the ACC register.																											
								The ACCREAD register is updated when the READCLRACC or RDCLRACC task is triggered																											

7.1.25.7.31 PSEL.LED

Address offset: 0x51C

Pin select for LED signal

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A A A A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW PIN		[0..31]	Pin number																														
B	RW PORT		[0..1]	Port number																														
C	RW CONNECT			Connection																														
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																														
		Connected	0	Connect																														

7.1.25.7.32 PSEL.A

Address offset: 0x520

Pin select for A signal

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW PIN		[0..31]	Pin number																														
B	RW PORT		[0..1]	Port number																														
C	RW CONNECT			Connection																														
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																														
		Connected	0	Connect																														

7.1.25.7.33 PSEL.B

Address offset: 0x524

Pin select for B signal

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C																								B A A A A A							
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW PIN		[0..31]	Pin number																														
B	RW PORT		[0..1]	Port number																														
C	RW CONNECT			Connection																														
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																														
		Connected	0	Connect																														

7.1.25.7.34 DBFEN

Address offset: 0x528

Enable input debounce filters

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW	DBFEN					Enable input debounce filters																																				
			Disabled		0		Debounce input filters disabled																																				
			Enabled		1		Debounce input filters enabled																																				

7.1.25.7.35 LEDPRE

Address offset: 0x540

Time period the LED is switched ON prior to sampling

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0						
ID																														A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A								
Reset 0x00000010										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																					
A	RW LEDPRE						[1..511]			Period in us the LED is switched on prior to sampling																																					

7.1.25.7.36 ACCDBL

Address offset: 0x544

Register accumulating the number of detected double transitions

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	R	ACCDBL	[0..15]	<p>Register accumulating the number of detected double or illegal transitions. (SAMPLE = 2).</p> <p>When this register has reached its maximum value the accumulation of double / illegal transitions will stop. An overflow event (ACCOF) will be generated if any double or illegal transitions are detected after the maximum value was reached. This field is cleared by triggering the READCLRACC or RDCLRDBL task.</p>																															

7.1.25.7.37 ACCDBLREAD

Address offset: 0x548

Snapshot of the ACCDBL, updated by the READCLRACC or RDCLRDBL task

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																				A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																															
A	R	ACCDLREAD		[0..15]				Snapshot of the ACCDBL register. This field is updated when the READCLRACC or RDCLRDBL task is triggered.																															

7.1.25.8 Electrical specification

7.1.25.8.1 QDEC Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t_{SAMPLE}	Time between sampling signals from quadrature decoder	..	..	..	μs
t_{LED}	Time from LED is turned on to signals are sampled	..	..	..	μs

7.1.26 QSPI — Quad serial peripheral interface

The QSPI peripheral provides support for communicating with an external flash memory device using SPI.

Listed here are the main features for the QSPI peripheral:

- Single/dual/quad SPI input/output
- 6–96 MHz configurable clock frequency
- Single-word read/write access from/to external flash
- EasyDMA for block read and write transfers
- Up to 48 MB/sec EasyDMA read rate
- Execute in place (XIP) for executing program directly from external flash
- XIP access can optionally be disabled
- On-the-fly encryption and decryption, including EasyDMA and XIP

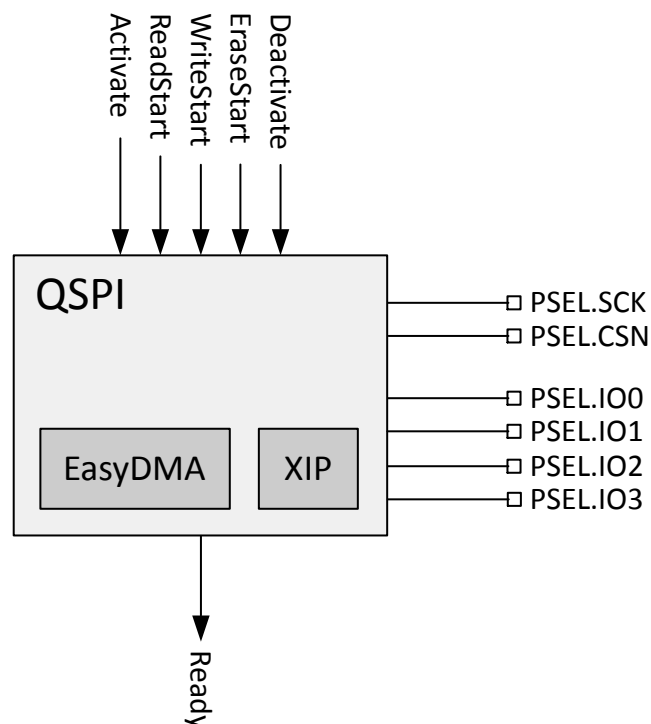


Figure 113: Block diagram

7.1.26.1 Configuring peripheral

Before any data can be transferred to or from the external flash memory, the peripheral needs to be configured.

1. Select input/output pins in [PSEL.SCK](#) on page 398, [PSEL.CSN](#) on page 398, [PSEL.IO0](#) on page 399, [PSEL.IO1](#) on page 399, [PSEL.IO2](#) on page 399, and [PSEL.IO3](#) on page 399. See [Reference circuitry](#) on page 768 for the recommended pins.
2. To ensure stable operation, set the GPIO drive strength to “high drive”. See the [GPIO — General purpose input/output](#) on page 209 chapter for details on how to configure GPIO drive strength.
3. Configure the interface towards the external flash memory using [IFCONFIG0](#) on page 400, [IFCONFIG1](#) on page 405, and [ADDRCONF](#) on page 406.
4. Enable the QSPI peripheral and acquire I/O pins using [ENABLE](#) on page 396.
5. Activate the external flash memory interface using the ACTIVATE task. The READY event will be generated when the interface has been activated and the external flash memory is ready for access.

Important:

If the [IFCONFIG0](#) on page 400 register is configured to use the quad mode, the external flash device also needs to be set in the quad mode before any data transfers can take place.

This can be done by sending custom instructions to the external flash device, as described in [Sending custom instructions](#) on page 383.

7.1.26.2 Write operation

A write operation to the external flash is configured using the [WRITE.DST](#) on page 397, [WRITE.SRC](#) on page 397, and [WRITE.CNT](#) on page 397 registers and started using the WRITESTART task.

The READY event is generated when the transfer is complete.

The QSPI peripheral automatically takes care of splitting DMA transfers into page writes.

7.1.26.3 Read operation

A read operation from the external flash is configured using the [READ.SRC](#) on page 396, [READ.DST](#) on page 396, and [READ.CNT](#) on page 397 registers and started using the READSTART task.

The READY event is generated when the transfer is complete.

7.1.26.4 Erase operation

Erase of pages/blocks of the external flash is configured using the [ERASE.PTR](#) on page 397 and [ERASE.LEN](#) on page 398 registers and started using the ERASESTART task.

The READY event is generated when the erase operation has been started.

Note that in this case the READY event will not indicate that the erase operation of the flash has been completed, but it only signals that the erase operation has been started. The actual status of the erase operation can normally be read from the external flash using a custom instruction, see [Sending custom instructions](#) on page 383.

7.1.26.5 Execute in place

Execute in place (XIP) allows the CPU to execute program code directly from the external flash.

After the external flash has been configured, the CPU can execute code from the external flash by accessing the XIP memory region. See the figure below and [Memory](#) on page 18 for details.

Note that the XIP memory region is read-only, writing to it will result in a bus error.

When accessing the XIP memory region, the start address of this XIP memory region will map to the address [XIPOFFSET](#) on page 400 of the external flash.

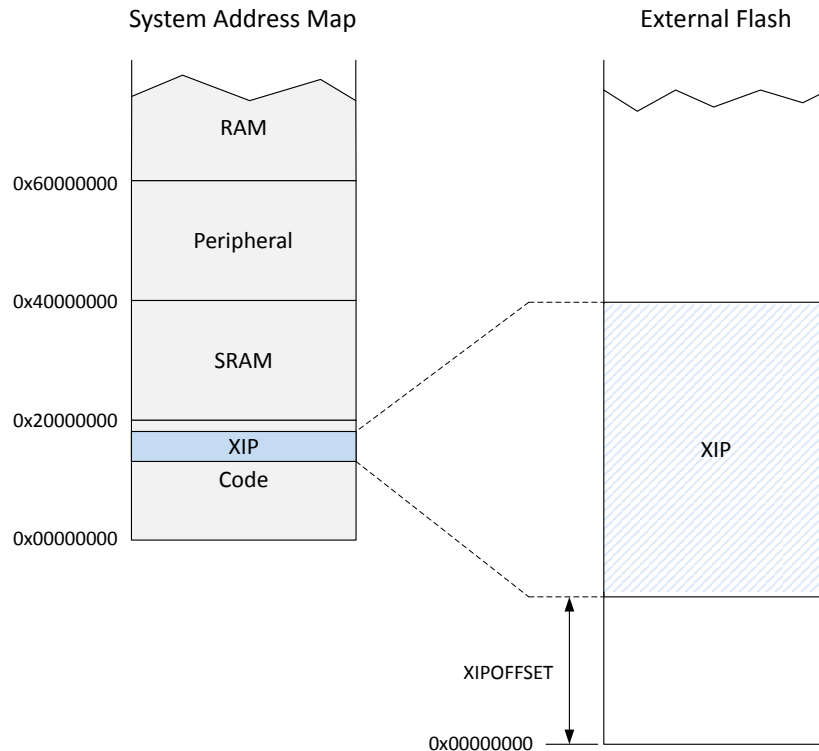


Figure 114: XIP memory map

7.1.26.6 Encryption

The contents of an external flash memory can be protected using stream cipher encryption. Encryption can be configured and enabled independently for XIP and EasyDMA, with separate keys and nonce.

Once configured and enabled, the stream cipher operates between the AHB bus and the external flash, encrypting and decrypting data passing through.

Figure [Figure 115: Stream cipher](#) on page 382 shows the stream cipher block with the three configuration registers. The stream cipher uses an AES 128 encryption operation to form the keystream from key, nonce and external memory address. The keystream then combines each 32-bit plaintext digit one at a time with the corresponding digit of the keystream.

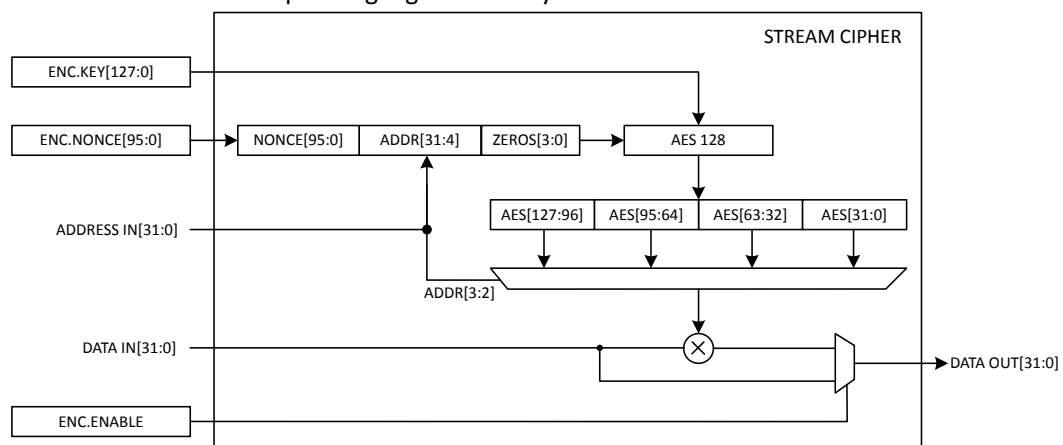


Figure 115: Stream cipher

Note: The same nonce and key must be used for both encryption and decryption of the same memory address.

The memory address used for encryption is the external flash memory address and thus independent of [XIPOFFSET](#) on page 400. This means a second firmware image can be encrypted and written using EasyDMA, then [XIPOFFSET](#) on page 400 set to point to the new firmware image before executing from it.

Note: Stream ciphers are symmetric. They do not differentiate between encrypting or decrypting, reading or writing. Thus, if the contents of a plain text external flash is read when stream cipher is enabled, the data provided to the MCU are encrypted.

Execute in place (XIP)

Stream cipher for QSPI XIP is enabled by

1. Configuring keys using [XIP_ENC.KEY0](#) on page 401 through [XIP_ENC.KEY3](#) on page 402
2. Configuring nonce using [XIP_ENC.NONCE0](#) on page 402 through [XIP_ENC.NONCE2](#) on page 402
3. Setting [XIP_ENC.ENABLE](#) on page 403

Any instructions or data read from the XIP interface will now pass through the stream cipher.

EasyDMA

Stream cipher for QSPI EasyDMA is enabled by

1. Configuring keys using [DMA_ENC.KEY0](#) on page 403 through [DMA_ENC.KEY3](#) on page 403
2. Configuring nonce using [DMA_ENC.NONCE0](#) on page 404 through [DMA_ENC.NONCE2](#) on page 404
3. Setting [DMA_ENC.ENABLE](#) on page 404

Any data read from, or written to, the external flash over the EasyDMA interface will now pass through the stream cipher.

7.1.26.7 Sending custom instructions

Custom instructions can be sent to the external flash using the [CINSTRCONF](#) on page 407, [CINSTRDAT0](#) on page 407, and [CINSTRDAT1](#) on page 408 registers. It is possible to send an instruction consisting of a one-byte opcode and up to 8 bytes of additional data and to read its response.

A custom instruction is prepared by first writing the data to be sent to [CINSTRDAT0](#) on page 407 and [CINSTRDAT1](#) on page 408 before writing the opcode and other configurations to the [CINSTRCONF](#) on page 407 register.

The custom instruction is sent when the [CINSTRCONF](#) on page 407 register is written and it is always sent on a single data line SPI interface.

The READY event will be generated when the custom instruction has been sent.

After a custom instruction has been sent, the [CINSTRDAT0](#) on page 407 and [CINSTRDAT1](#) on page 408 will contain the response bytes from the custom instruction.

Data of custom instructions are not part of the stream cipher encryption.

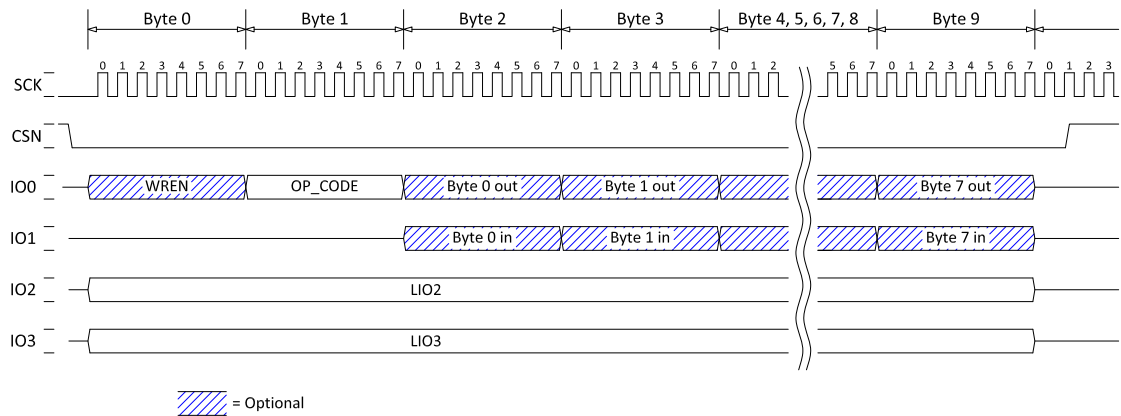


Figure 116: Sending custom instruction

7.1.26.7.1 Long frame mode

The LFEN and LFSTOP fields in the [CINSTRCONF](#) on page 407 control the operation of the custom instruction long frame mode. The long frame mode is a mechanism that permits arbitrary byte length custom instructions. While in long frame mode a long custom instruction sequence is split in multiple writes to the [CINSTRDAT0](#) on page 407 and [CINSTRDAT1](#) on page 408 registers.

To enable the long frame mode every write to the [CINSTRCONF](#) on page 407 register must have the LFEN field set to 1. The contents of the OP_CODE field will be transmitted after the first write to [CINSTRCONF](#) on page 407 and will be omitted in every subsequent write to this register. For subsequent writes the number of data bytes as specified in the LENGTH field are transferred (that is the value of LENGTH - 1 data bytes). The values of the LIO2 and LIO3 fields are set in the first write to [CINSTRCONF](#) on page 407 and will apply for the entire custom instruction transmission until the long frame is finalized.

To finalize a long frame transmission, the LFSTOP field in [CINSTRCONF](#) on page 407 must be set to 1 in the last write to this register.

7.1.26.8 Deep power-down mode

The external flash memory can be put in deep power-down mode (DPM) to minimize its current consumption when there is no need to access the memory.

DPM is enabled in the [IFCONFIG0](#) on page 400 register and configured in the [DPM DUR](#) on page 406 register. The DPM status of the external memory can be read in the [STATUS](#) on page 405 register. The DPM DUR register has to be configured according to the external flash specification to get the information in the STATUS register and the timing of the READY event correct.

Entering/exiting DPM is controlled using the [IFCONFIG1](#) on page 405 register.

7.1.26.9 Instruction set

The table below shows the instruction set being used by the QSPI peripheral when communicating with an external flash device.

Instruction	Opcode	Description
WREN	0x06	Write enable
RDSR	0x05	Read status register
WRSR	0x01	Write status register
FASTREAD	0x0B	Read bytes at higher speed
READ2O	0x3B	Dual-read output
READ2IO	0xBB	Dual-read input/output
READ4O	0x6B	Quad-read output
READ4IO	0xEB	Quad-read input/output
PP	0x02	Page program
PP2O	0xA2	Dual-page program output
PP4O	0x32	Quad-page program output
PP4IO	0x38	Quad-page program input/output
SE	0x20	Sector erase
BE	0xD8	Block erase
CE	0xC7	Chip erase
DP	0xB9	Enter deep power-down mode
DPE	0xAB	Exit deep power-down mode
EN4B	Specified in the ADDRCONF on page 406 register	Enable 32 bit address mode

Table 118: Instruction set

7.1.26.10 Interface description

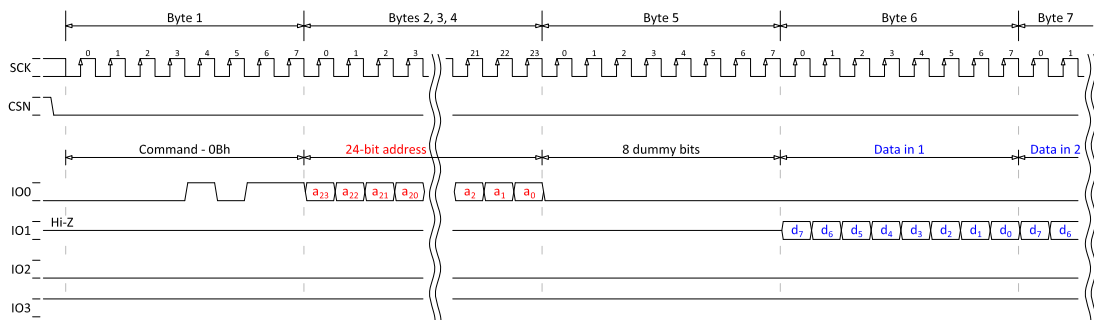


Figure 117: 24-bit FASTREAD, SPI MODE = MODE0

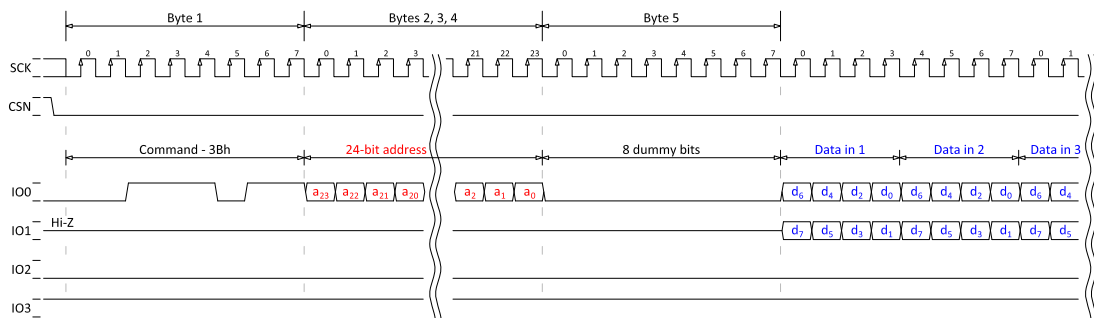


Figure 118: 24-bit READ2O (dual-read output), SPI MODE = MODE0

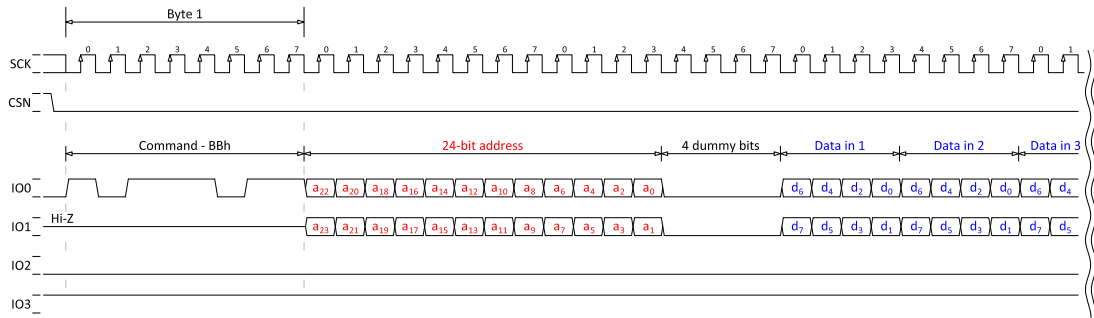


Figure 119: 24-bit READ2IO (dual read input/output), SPIMODE = MODE0

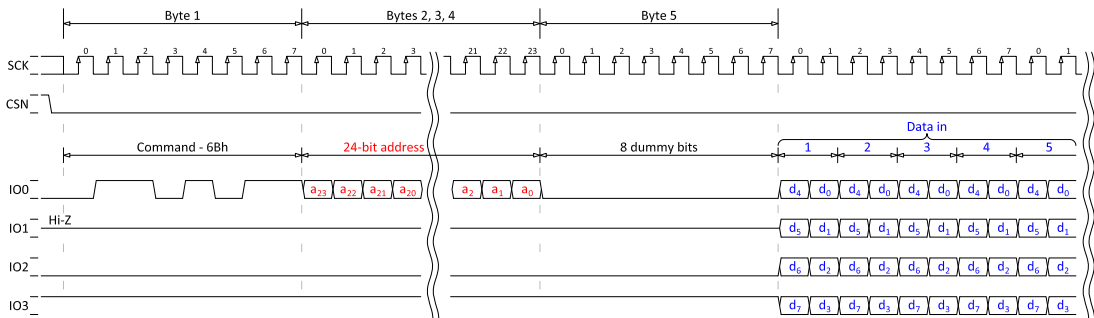


Figure 120: 24-bit READ4O (quad-read output), SPIMODE = MODE0

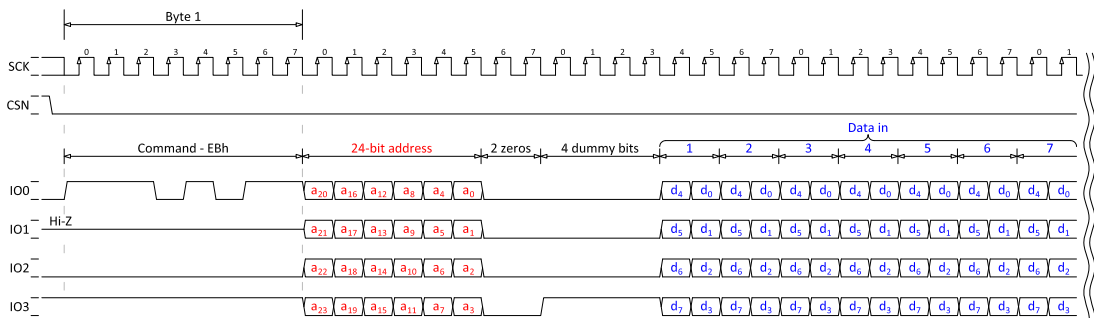


Figure 121: 24-bit READ4IO (quad-read input/output), SPIMODE = MODE0

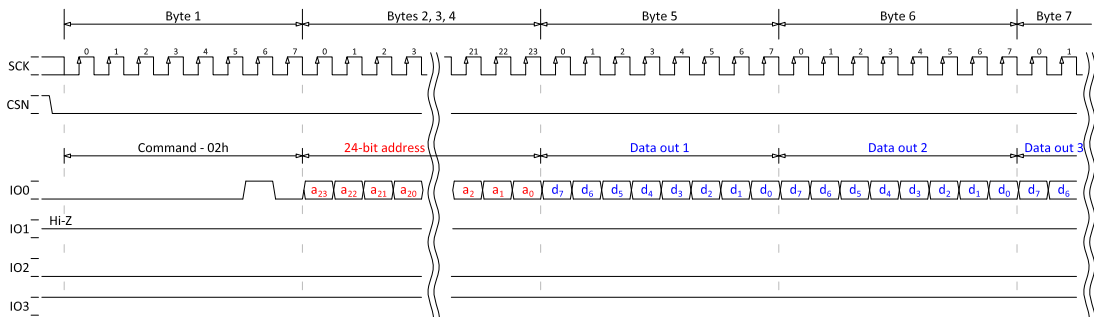
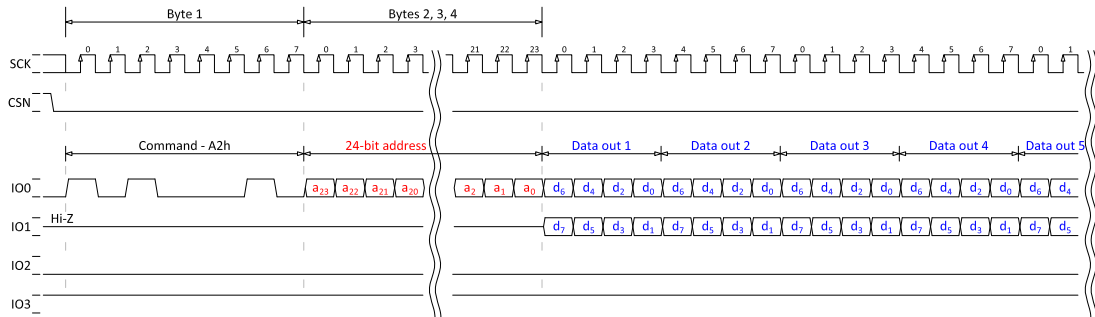
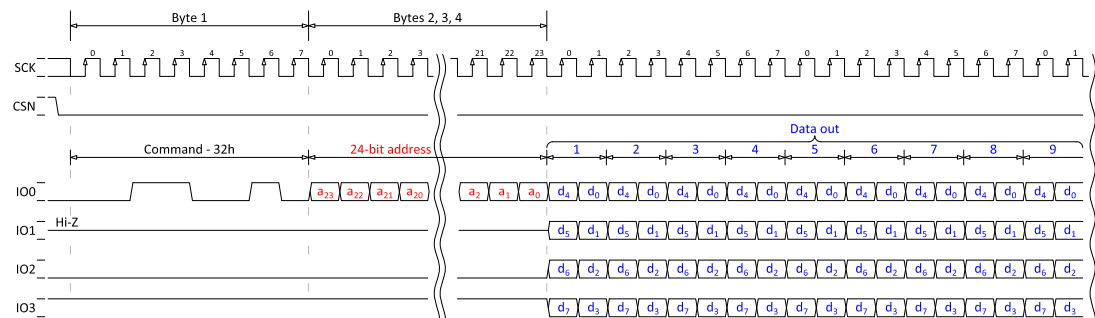
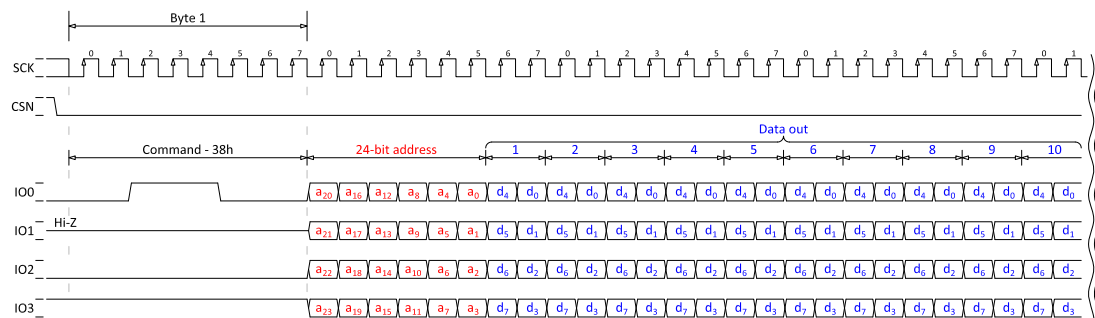
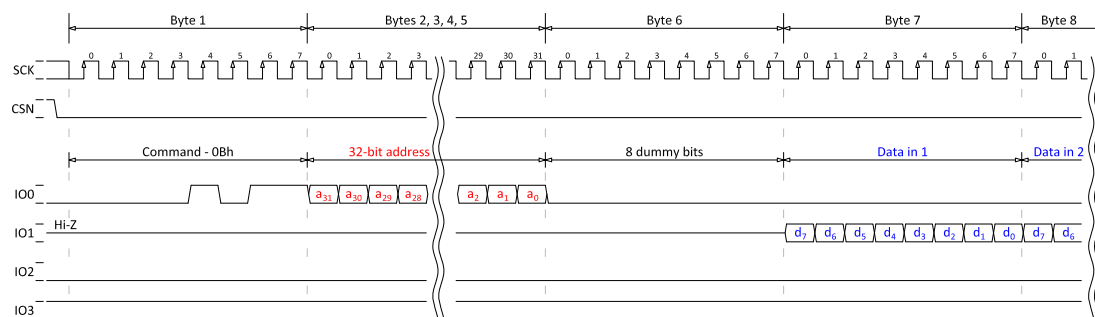


Figure 122: 24-bit PP (page program), SPIMODE = MODE0

Figure 123: 24-bit PP2O (dual-page program output), $SPI\text{MODE} = \text{MODE0}$ Figure 124: 24-bit PP4O (quad page program output), $SPI\text{MODE} = \text{MODE0}$ Figure 125: 24-bit PP4IO (quad page program input/output), $SPI\text{MODE} = \text{MODE0}$ Figure 126: 32-bit FASTREAD, $SPI\text{MODE} = \text{MODE0}$

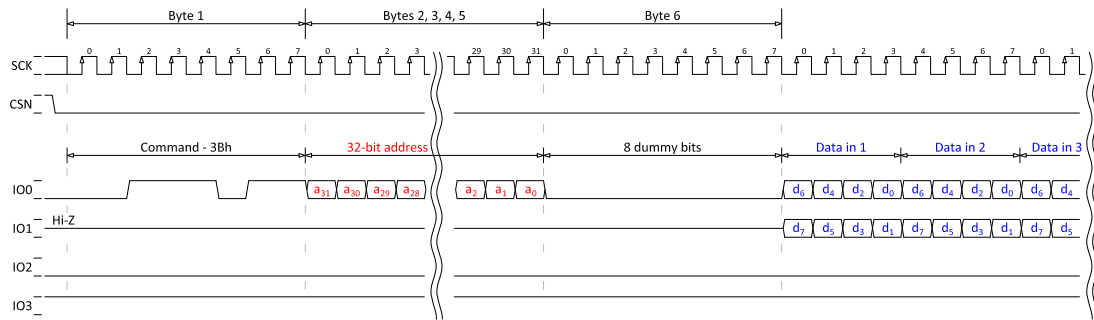


Figure 127: 32-bit READ2O (dual-read output), SPIMODE = MODE0

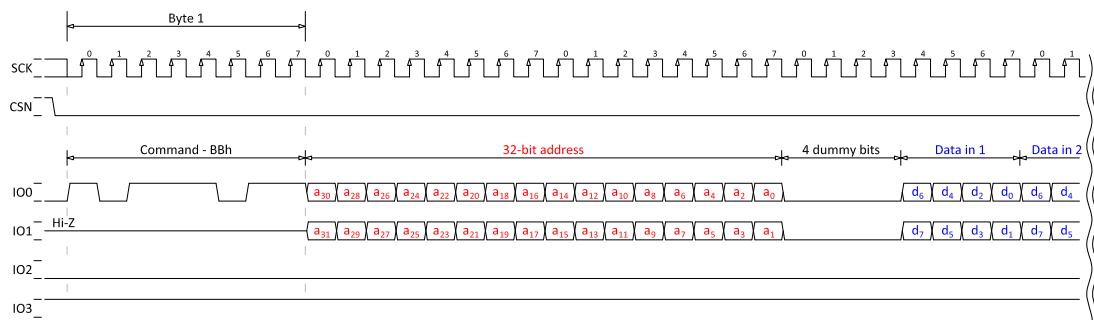


Figure 128: 32-bit READ2IO (dual read input/output), SPIMODE = MODE0

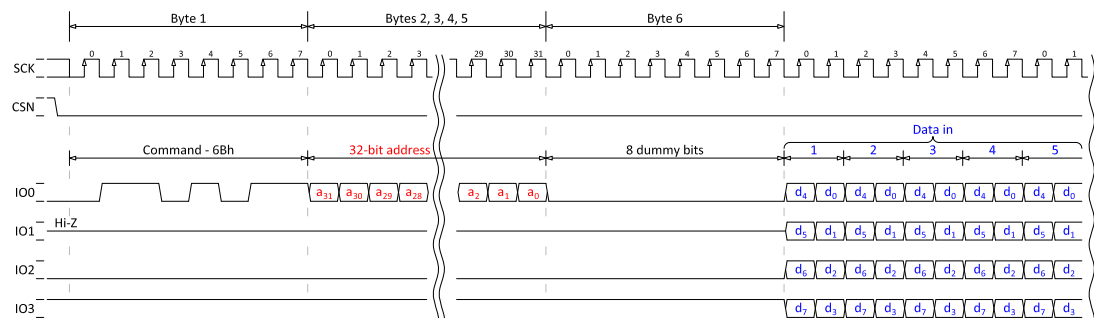


Figure 129: 32-bit READ4O (quad-read output), SPIMODE = MODE0

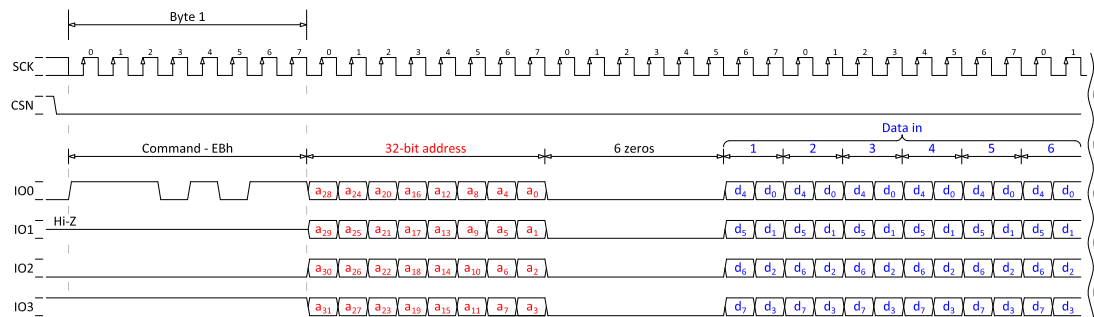


Figure 130: 32-bit READ4IO (quad-read input/output), SPIMODE = MODE0

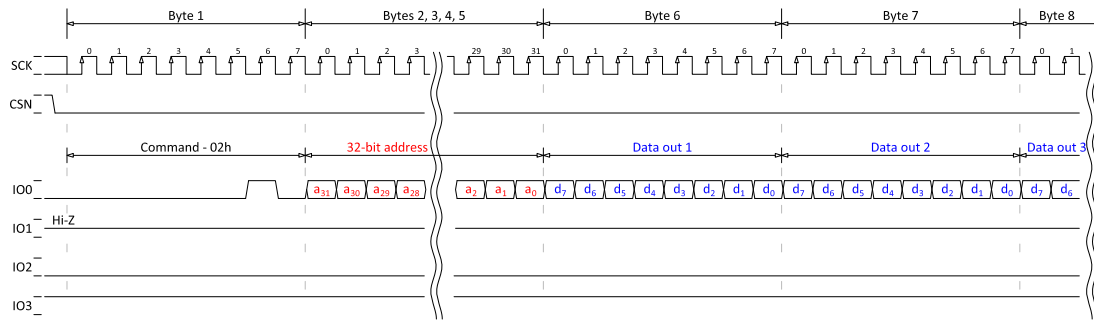


Figure 131: 32-bit PP (page program), SPI MODE = MODE0

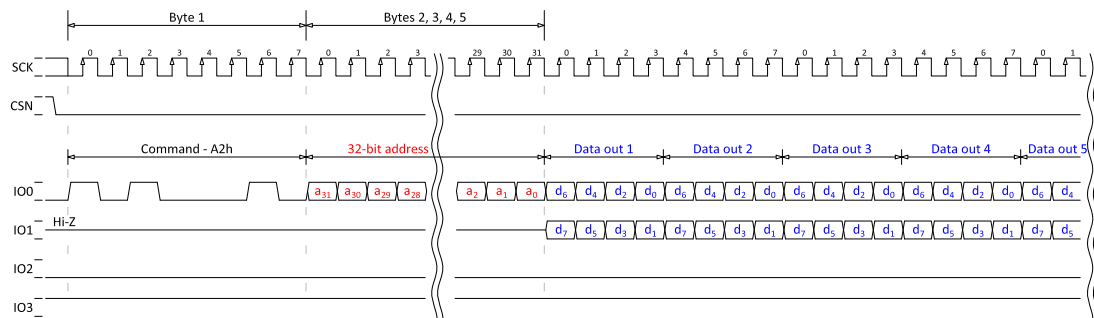


Figure 132: 32-bit PP2O (dual-page program output), SPI MODE = MODE0

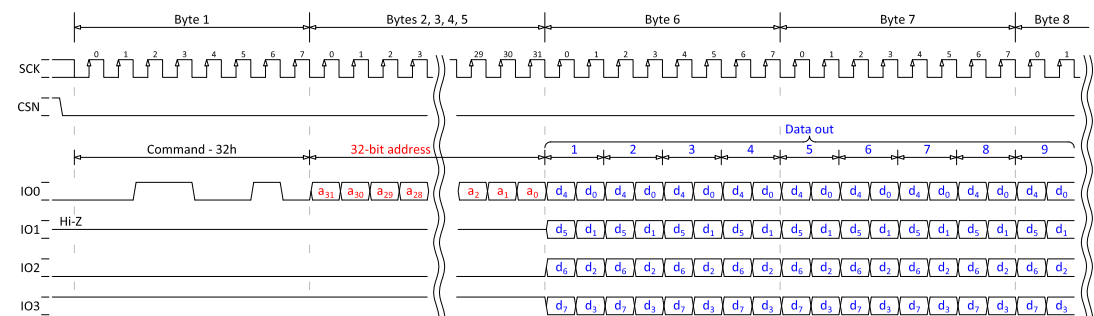


Figure 133: 32-bit PP4O (quad-page program output), SPI MODE = MODE0

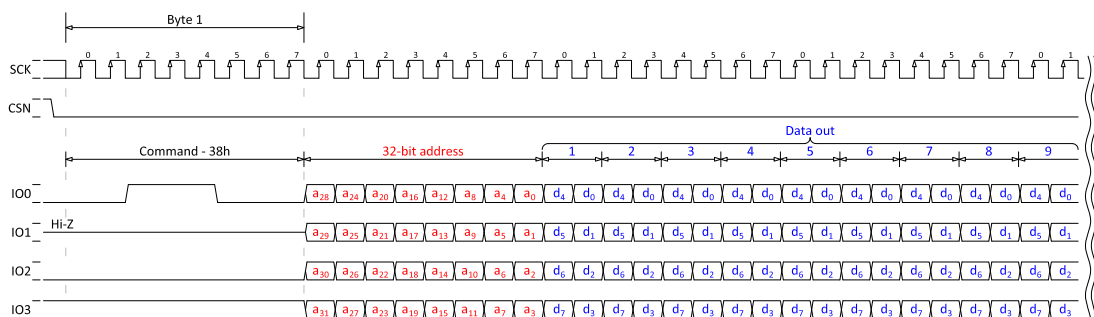


Figure 134: 32-bit PP4IO (quad page program input/output), SPI MODE = MODE0

7.1.26.11 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x5002B000	APPLICATION	QSPI	QSPI : S	US	SA	External memory (quad serial peripheral) interface	Supports 192 MHz and 96 MHz PCLK192M frequency
0x4002B000			QSPI : NS				

Table 119: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_ACTIVATE	0x000		Activate QSPI interface
TASKS_READSTART	0x004		Start transfer from external flash memory to internal RAM
TASKS_WRITESTART	0x008		Start transfer from internal RAM to external flash memory
TASKS_ERASESTART	0x00C		Start external flash memory erase operation
TASKS_DEACTIVATE	0x010		Deactivate QSPI interface
SUBSCRIBE_ACTIVATE	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task ACTIVATE
SUBSCRIBE_READSTART	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task READSTART
SUBSCRIBE_WRITESTART	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task WRITESTART
SUBSCRIBE_ERASESTART	0x08C		Subscribe configuration for task ERASESTART
SUBSCRIBE_DEACTIVATE	0x090		Subscribe configuration for task DEACTIVATE
EVENTS_READY	0x100		QSPI peripheral is ready. This event will be generated as a response to any QSPI task.
PUBLISH_READY	0x180		Publish configuration for event READY
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
ENABLE	0x500		Enable QSPI peripheral and acquire the pins selected in PSELn registers
READ.SRC	0x504		Flash memory source address
READ.DST	0x508		RAM destination address
READ.CNT	0x50C		Read transfer length
WRITE.DST	0x510		Flash destination address
WRITE.SRC	0x514		RAM source address
WRITE.CNT	0x518		Write transfer length
ERASE.PTR	0x51C		Start address of flash block to be erased
ERASE.LEN	0x520		Size of block to be erased.
PSEL.SCK	0x524		Pin select for serial clock SCK
PSEL.CSN	0x528		Pin select for chip select signal CSN.
PSEL.IO0	0x530		Pin select for serial data MOSI/IO0.
PSEL.IO1	0x534		Pin select for serial data MISO/IO1.
PSEL.IO2	0x538		Pin select for serial data IO2.
PSEL.IO3	0x53C		Pin select for serial data IO3.
XIPOFFSET	0x540		Address offset into the external memory for Execute in Place operation.
IFCONFIG0	0x544		Interface configuration.
XIPEN	0x54C		Enable Execute in Place operation.
XIP_ENC.KEY0	0x560		Bits 31:0 of XIP AES KEY
XIP_ENC.KEY1	0x564		Bits 63:32 of XIP AES KEY
XIP_ENC.KEY2	0x568		Bits 95:64 of XIP AES KEY
XIP_ENC.KEY3	0x56C		Bits 127:96 of XIP AES KEY
XIP_ENC.NONCE0	0x570		Bits 31:0 of XIP NONCE
XIP_ENC.NONCE1	0x574		Bits 63:32 of XIP NONCE
XIP_ENC.NONCE2	0x578		Bits 95:64 of XIP NONCE
XIP_ENC.ENABLE	0x57C		Enable stream cipher for XIP
DMA_ENC.KEY0	0x580		Bits 31:0 of DMA AES KEY
DMA_ENC.KEY1	0x584		Bits 63:32 of DMA AES KEY

Register	Offset	Security	Description
DMA_ENC.KEY2	0x588		Bits 95:64 of DMA AES KEY
DMA_ENC.KEY3	0x58C		Bits 127:96 of DMA AES KEY
DMA_ENC.NONCE0	0x590		Bits 31:0 of DMA NONCE
DMA_ENC.NONCE1	0x594		Bits 63:32 of DMA NONCE
DMA_ENC.NONCE2	0x598		Bits 95:64 of DMA NONCE
DMA_ENC.ENABLE	0x59C		Enable stream cipher for XIP
IFCONFIG1	0x600		Interface configuration.
STATUS	0x604		Status register.
DPMDUR	0x614		Set the duration required to enter/exit deep power-down mode (DPM).
ADDRCONF	0x624		Extended address configuration.
CINSTRCONF	0x634		Custom instruction configuration register.
CINSTRDAT0	0x638		Custom instruction data register 0.
CINSTRDAT1	0x63C		Custom instruction data register 1.
IFTIMING	0x640		SPI interface timing.

Table 120: Register overview

7.1.26.11.1 TASKS_ACTIVATE

Address offset: 0x000

Activate QSPI interface

Triggering this task activates the external flash memory interface and initiates communication with the external memory. The READY event is generated when the activation has been completed.

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID		A																																			
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	W	TASKS_ACTIVATE		Activate QSPI interface																																	
				Triggering this task activates the external flash memory interface and initiates communication with the external memory. The READY event is generated when the activation has been completed.																																	
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																																	

7.1.26.11.2 TASKS_READSTART

Address offset: 0x004

Start transfer from external flash memory to internal RAM

Start transfer from external flash memory to internal RAM. The READY event will be generated when transfer is complete.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																				A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	W	TASKS_READSTART				Start transfer from external flash memory to internal RAM																															
						Start transfer from external flash memory to internal RAM. The READY event will be generated when transfer is complete.																															
			Trigger	1		Trigger task																															

7.1.26.11.3 TASKS_WRITESTART

Address offset: 0x008

Start transfer from internal RAM to external flash memory

Start transfer from internal RAM to external flash memory. The READY event will be generated when transfer is complete.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				A		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																															
A	W	TASKS_WRITESTART					Start transfer from internal RAM to external flash memory																															
							Start transfer from internal RAM to external flash memory.																															
							The READY event will be generated when transfer is																															
							complete.																															
		Trigger			1		Trigger task																															

7.1.26.11.4 TASKS_ERASESTART

Address offset: 0x00C

Start external flash memory erase operation

Start external flash memory erase operation. The READY event will be generated when the erase operation has been started. Note, generation of the READY event does not imply that the erase operation is completed.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_ERASESTART			Start external flash memory erase operation																															
					Start external flash memory erase operation. The READY event will be generated when the erase operation has been started. Note, generation of the READY event does not imply that the erase operation is completed.																															
			Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.26.11.5 TASKS_DEACTIVATE

Address offset: 0x010

Deactivate QSPI interface

Deactivate QSPI interface. This task might be needed to optimize current consumption in case there are any added current consumption when QSPI interface is activated, but idle.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	W	TASKS_DEACTIVATE			Deactivate QSPI interface																														
					Deactivate QSPI interface. This task might be needed to optimize current consumption in case there are any added current consumption when QSPI interface is activated, but idle.																														
Trigger					1	Trigger task																													

7.1.26.11.6 SUBSCRIBE_ACTIVATE

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task [ACTIVATE](#)

Triggering this task activates the external flash memory interface and initiates communication with the external memory. The READY event is generated when the activation has been completed.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																	
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																														
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																																Description																															
A	RW	CHIDX			[255..0]																																Channel that task ACTIVATE will subscribe to																															
B	RW	EN																																																																		
			Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																																															
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																																															

7.1.26.11.7 SUBSCRIBE_READSTART

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task [READSTART](#)

Start transfer from external flash memory to internal RAM. The READY event will be generated when transfer is complete.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																									
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task READSTART will subscribe to																																																									
B	RW	EN																																																													
		Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																																									
		Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																																									

7.1.26.11.8 SUBSCRIBE_WRITESTART

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task [WRITESTART](#)

Start transfer from internal RAM to external flash memory. The READY event will be generated when transfer is complete.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task WRITESTART will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0		Disable subscription																													
		Enabled	1		Enable subscription																													

7.1.26.11.9 SUBSCRIBE_ERASESTART

Address offset: 0x08C

Subscribe configuration for task **ERASESTART**

Start external flash memory erase operation. The READY event will be generated when the erase operation has been started. Note, generation of the READY event does not imply that the erase operation is completed.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task ERASESTART will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.26.11.10 SUBSCRIBE_DEACTIVATE

Address offset: 0x090

Subscribe configuration for task **DEACTIVATE**

Deactivate QSPI interface. This task might be needed to optimize current consumption in case there are any added current consumption when QSPI interface is activated, but idle.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task DEACTIVATE will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.26.11.11 EVENTS_READY

Address offset: 0x100

QSPI peripheral is ready. This event will be generated as a response to any QSPI task.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW EVENTS_READY			QSPI peripheral is ready. This event will be generated as a response to any QSPI task.																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.26.11.12 PUBLISH_READY

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event [READY](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0											
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																								
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event READY will publish to.																																								
B	RW EN																																													
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																								
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																								

7.1.26.11.13 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW READY			Enable or disable interrupt for event READY																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														

7.1.26.11.14 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW READY			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event READY																															
		Set	1	Enable																															
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															

7.1.26.11.15 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW READY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event READY																															
		Clear	1	Disable																															
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															

7.1.26.11.16 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable QSPI peripheral and acquire the pins selected in PSELn registers

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID				A																																			
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW ENABLE			Enable or disable QSPI																																			
		Disabled	0	Disable QSPI																																			
		Enabled	1	Enable QSPI																																			

7.1.26.11.17 READ.SRC

Address offset: 0x504

Flash memory source address

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value								Description																							
A	RW SRC		Word-aligned flash memory source address.																															

7.1.26.11.18 READ.DST

Address offset: 0x508

RAM destination address

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value																Description															
A	RW DST		Word-aligned RAM destination address.																															

7.1.26.11.19 READ.CNT

Address offset: 0x50C

Read transfer length

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	CNT					Read transfer length in number of bytes. The length must be a multiple of 4 bytes.																														

7.1.26.11.20 WRITE.DST

Address offset: 0x510

Flash destination address

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW DST							Word-aligned flash destination address.																											

7.1.26.11.21 WRITE.SRC

Address offset: 0x514

RAM source address

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																														
A	RW SRC								Word-aligned RAM source address.																																		

7.1.26.11.22 WRITE.CNT

Address offset: 0x518

Write transfer length

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value																Description															
A	RW	CNT	Write transfer length in number of bytes. The length must be a multiple of 4 bytes.																															

7.1.26.11.23 ERASE.PTR

Address offset: 0x51C

Start address of flash block to be erased

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW PTR							Word-aligned start address of block to be erased.																											

7.1.26.11.24 ERASE.LEN

Address offset: 0x520

Size of block to be erased.

Bit number										31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID										A A																															
Reset 0x00000000										0 0																															
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																															
A	RW LEN									LEN																															
				4KB			0			Erase 4 kB block (flash command 0x20)																															
				64KB			1			Erase 64 kB block (flash command 0xD8)																															
				All			2			Erase all (flash command 0xC7)																															

7.1.26.11.25 PSEL.SCK

Address offset: 0x524

Pin select for serial clock SCK

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID				C																								B					A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]		Pin number																														
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]		Port number																														
C	RW	CONNECT					Connection																														
			Disconnected		1		Disconnect																														
			Connected		0		Connect																														

7.1.26.11.26 PSEL.CSN

Address offset: 0x528

Pin select for chip select signal CSN.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				C																								B				A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]		Pin number																													
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]		Port number																													
C	RW	CONNECT					Connection																													
			Disconnected		1		Disconnect																													
			Connected		0		Connect																													

7.1.26.11.27 PSEL.IO0

Address offset: 0x530

Pin select for serial data MOSI/IO0.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0									
ID				C																								B												A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																																					
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]		Pin number																																					
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]		Port number																																					
C	RW	CONNECT					Connection																																					
			Disconnected		1		Disconnect																																					
			Connected		0		Connect																																					

7.1.26.11.28 PSEL.IO1

Address offset: 0x534

Pin select for serial data MISO/IO1.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0									
ID				C																								B												A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																																					
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]		Pin number																																					
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]		Port number																																					
C	RW	CONNECT					Connection																																					
			Disconnected		1		Disconnect																																					
			Connected		0		Connect																																					

7.1.26.11.29 PSEL.IO2

Address offset: 0x538

Pin select for serial data IO2.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										C																				B										A	A	A	A	
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF										1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																		
A	RW PIN						[0..31]			Pin number																																		
B	RW PORT						[0..1]			Port number																																		
C	RW CONNECT									Connection																																		
				Disconnected			1			Disconnect																																		
				Connected			0			Connect																																		

7.1.26.11.30 PSEL.IO3

Address offset: 0x53C

Pin select for serial data IO3.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			C																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value																Description															
A	RW PIN		[0..31]																Pin number															
B	RW PORT		[0..1]																Port number															
C	RW CONNECT																		Connection															
		Disconnected	1																Disconnect															
		Connected	0																Connect															

7.1.26.11.31 XIPOFFSET

Address offset: 0x540

Address offset into the external memory for Execute in Place operation.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															

7.1.26.11.32 IFCONFIG0

Address offset: 0x544

Interface configuration.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				G																D C B B B A A A															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	READOC				Configure number of data lines and opcode used for reading.																													
			FASTREAD	0	Single data line SPI. FAST_READ (opcode 0x0B).																														
			READ2O	1	Dual data line SPI. READ2O (opcode 0x3B).																														
			READ2IO	2	Dual data line SPI. READ2IO (opcode 0xBB).																														
			READ4O	3	Quad data line SPI. READ4O (opcode 0x6B).																														
			READ4IO	4	Quad data line SPI. READ4IO (opcode 0xEB).																														
B	RW	WRITEOC				Configure number of data lines and opcode used for writing.																													
			PP	0	Single data line SPI. PP (opcode 0x02).																														
			PP2O	1	Dual data line SPI. PP2O (opcode 0xA2).																														
			PP4O	2	Quad data line SPI. PP4O (opcode 0x32).																														
			PP4IO	3	Quad data line SPI. PP4IO (opcode 0x38).																														
			C	RW	ADDRMODE				Addressing mode.																										
24BIT	0	24-bit addressing.																																	
32BIT	1	32-bit addressing.																																	
D	RW	DPMENABLE				Enable deep power-down mode (DPM) feature.																													
			Disable	0	Disable DPM feature.																														
			Enable	1	Enable DPM feature.																														
G	RW	PPSIZE				Page size for commands PP, PP2O, PP4O and PP4IO.																													
			256Bytes	0	256 bytes.																														

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																
ID																				G										D										C	B	B	B	A	A	A	A																										
Reset 0x00000000										0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																																																		
512Bytes					1		512 bytes.																																																																		

7.1.26.11.33 XIPEN

Address offset: 0x54C

Enable Execute in Place operation.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																				A	
Reset 0x00000001				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																																Description
A	RW	XIPEN																																			Enable XIP AHB Slave interface and access to XIP memory range
																																					When disabled, access to external memory is only available through EasyDMA and custom instructions. Access to disabled XIP interface will cause a Bus Error, and the value read is all zeros.
			Disable	0																																	Disable XIP interface
			Enable	1																																	Enable XIP interface

7.1.26.11.34 XIP_ENC.KEY0

Address offset: 0x560

Bits 31:0 of XIP AES KEY

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																		
A	W KEY0									Bits 31:0 of XIP AES KEY																																		

7.1.26.11.35 XIP_ENC.KEY1

Address offset: 0x564

Bits 63:32 of XIP AES KEY

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	KEY1						Bits 63:32 of XIP AES KEY																											

7.1.26.11.36 XIP_ENC.KEY2

Address offset: 0x568

Bits 95:64 of XIP AES KEY

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	KEY2						Bits 95:64 of XIP AES KEY																											

7.1.26.11.37 XIP_ENC.KEY3

Address offset: 0x56C

Bits 127:96 of XIP AES KEY

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	KEY3						Bits 127:96 of XIP AES KEY																											

7.1.26.11.38 XIP_ENC.NONCE0

Address offset: 0x570

Bits 31:0 of XIP NONCE

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	NONCE0						Bits 31:0 of XIP NONCE																											

7.1.26.11.39 XIP_ENC.NONCE1

Address offset: 0x574

Bits 63:32 of XIP NONCE

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	W	NONCE1				Bits 63:32 of XIP NONCE																													

7.1.26.11.40 XIP_ENC.NONCE2

Address offset: 0x578

Bits 95:64 of XIP NONCE

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	NONCE2						Bits 95:64 of XIP NONCE																											

7.1.26.11.41 XIP_ENC.ENABLE

Address offset: 0x57C

Enable stream cipher for XIP

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	ENABLE				Enable or disable stream cipher for XIP																													
			Disabled		0	Disable stream cipher for QSPI XIP																													
			Enabled		1	Enable stream cipher for QSPI XIP																													

7.1.26.11.42 DMA_ENC.KEY0

Address offset: 0x580

Bits 31:0 of DMA AES KEY

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	KEY0						Bits 31:0 of DMA AES KEY																											

7.1.26.11.43 DMA_ENC.KEY1

Address offset: 0x584

Bits 63:32 of DMA AES KEY

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	KEY1						Bits 63:32 of DMA AES KEY																											

7.1.26.11.44 DMA_ENC.KEY2

Address offset: 0x588

Bits 95:64 of DMA AES KEY

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W KEY2		Bits 95:64 of DMA AES KEY																															

7.1.26.11.45 DMA_ENC.KEY3

Address offset: 0x58C

Bits 127:96 of DMA AES KEY

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	KEY3						Bits 127:96 of DMA AES KEY																											

7.1.26.11.46 DMA_ENC.NONCE0

Address offset: 0x590

Bits 31:0 of DMA NONCE

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	NONCE0					Bits 31:0 of DMA NONCE																											

7.1.26.11.47 DMA_ENC.NONCE1

Address offset: 0x594

Bits 63:32 of DMA NONCE

Bit number									31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID									A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID			Value			Description																																
A	W	NONCE1					Bits 63:32 of DMA NONCE																																		

7.1.26.11.48 DMA_ENC.NONCE2

Address offset: 0x598

Bits 95:64 of DMA NONCE

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	NONCE2						Bits 95:64 of DMA NONCE																											

7.1.26.11.49 DMA_ENC.ENABLE

Address offset: 0x59C

Enable stream cipher for XIP

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																		A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	ENABLE			Enable or disable stream cipher for XIP																														
		Disabled	0	Disable stream cipher for QSPI XIP																															
		Enabled	1	Enable stream cipher for QSPI XIP																															

7.1.26.11.50 IFCONFIG1

Address offset: 0x600

Interface configuration.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			G G G G				E D																		A A A A A A A A									
Reset 0x00040480			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	SCKDELAY			[0..255]		Minimum amount of time that the CSN pin must stay high before it can go low again. Value is specified in number of 16 MHz periods (62.5 ns).																											
D	RW	DPMEN					Enter/exit deep power-down mode (DPM) for external flash memory.																											
			Exit		0		Exit DPM.																											
			Enter		1		Enter DPM.																											
E	RW	SPIMODE					Select SPI mode.																											
			MODE0		0		Mode 0: Data are captured on the clock rising edge and data is output on a falling edge. Base level of clock is 0 (CPOL=0, CPHA=0).																											
			MODE3		1		Mode 3: Data are captured on the clock falling edge and data is output on a rising edge. Base level of clock is 1 (CPOL=1, CPHA=1).																											
G	RW	SCKFREQ			[0..15]		SCK frequency is given as 96 MHz / (SCKFREQ + 1).																											

7.1.26.11.51 STATUS

Address offset: 0x604

Status register.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F																							D	C			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
C	R	DPM			Deep power-down mode (DPM) status of external flash.																																	
			Disabled	0	External flash is not in DPM.																																	
			Enabled	1	External flash is in DPM.																																	
D	R	READY			Ready status.																																	
			READY	1	QSPI peripheral is ready. It is allowed to trigger new tasks, writing custom instructions or enter/exit DPM.																																	
			BUSY	0	QSPI peripheral is busy. It is not allowed to trigger any new tasks, writing custom instructions or enter/exit DPM.																																	
F	R	SREG			Value of external flash device Status Register. When the external flash has two bytes status register this field includes the value of the low byte.																																	

7.1.26.11.52 DPMDUR

Address offset: 0x614

Set the duration required to enter/exit deep power-down mode (DPM).

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW ENTER		[0..0xFFFF]				Duration needed by external flash to enter DPM. Duration is given as ENTER * 256 * 62.5 ns.																											
B	RW EXIT		[0..0xFFFF]				Duration needed by external flash to exit DPM. Duration is given as EXIT * 256 * 62.5 ns.																											

7.1.26.11.53 ADDRCONF

Address offset: 0x624

Extended address configuration.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				F E D D C C C C C C C C B B B B B B A A A A A A A A																																		
Reset 0x000000B7				0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1																																		
D	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																																	Description
A	RW	OPCODE	[0xFF..0]		Opcode that enters the 32-bit addressing mode.																																	
B	RW	BYTE0	[0xFF..0]		Byte 0 following opcode.																																	
C	RW	BYTE1	[0xFF..0]		Byte 1 following byte 0.																																	
D	RW	MODE			Extended addressing mode.																																	
		NoInstr	0		Do not send any instruction.																																	
		Opcode	1		Send opcode.																																	
		OpByte0	2		Send opcode, byte0.																																	
		All	3		Send opcode, byte0, byte1.																																	
E	RW	WIPWAIT			Wait for write complete before sending command.																																	
		Disable	0		No wait.																																	
		Enable	1		Wait.																																	
F	RW	WREN			Send WREN (write enable opcode 0x06) before instruction.																																	
		Disable	0		Do not send WREN.																																	

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0							
ID				F																E	D	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x000000B7				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1					
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																						
		Enable	1	Send WREN.																																						

7.1.26.11.54 CINSTRCONF

Address offset: 0x634

Custom instruction configuration register.

A new custom instruction is sent every time this register is written. The READY event will be generated when the custom instruction has been sent.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				H G F E D C B B B B A A A A A A A A																																
Reset 0x00002000				0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	OPCODE		[0..255]	Opcode of Custom instruction.																															
B	RW	LENGTH			Length of custom instruction in number of bytes.																															
			1B	1	Send opcode only.																															
			2B	2	Send opcode, CINSTRDAT0.BYTE0.																															
			3B	3	Send opcode, CINSTRDAT0.BYTE0 -> CINSTRDAT0.BYTE1.																															
			4B	4	Send opcode, CINSTRDAT0.BYTE0 -> CINSTRDAT0.BYTE2.																															
			5B	5	Send opcode, CINSTRDAT0.BYTE0 -> CINSTRDAT0.BYTE3.																															
			6B	6	Send opcode, CINSTRDAT0.BYTE0 -> CINSTRDAT1.BYTE4.																															
			7B	7	Send opcode, CINSTRDAT0.BYTE0 -> CINSTRDAT1.BYTE5.																															
			8B	8	Send opcode, CINSTRDAT0.BYTE0 -> CINSTRDAT1.BYTE6.																															
			9B	9	Send opcode, CINSTRDAT0.BYTE0 -> CINSTRDAT1.BYTE7.																															
C	RW	LIO2		[0..1]	Level of the IO2 pin (if connected) during transmission of custom instruction.																															
D	RW	LIO3		[0..1]	Level of the IO3 pin (if connected) during transmission of custom instruction.																															
E	RW	WIPWAIT			Wait for write complete before sending command.																															
			Disable	0	No wait.																															
			Enable	1	Wait.																															
F	RW	WREN			Send WREN (write enable opcode 0x06) before instruction.																															
			Disable	0	Do not send WREN.																															
			Enable	1	Send WREN.																															
G	RW	LFEN			Enable long frame mode. When enabled, a custom instruction transaction has to be ended by writing the LFSTOP field.																															
			Disable	0	Long frame mode disabled																															
			Enable	1	Long frame mode enabled																															
H	RW	LFSTOP			Stop (finalize) long frame transaction																															
			Stop	1	Stop																															

7.1.26.11.55 CINSTRDAT0

Address offset: 0x638

Custom instruction data register 0.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value				Description																																		
A	RW BYTE0				[0..0xFF]				Data byte 0																																		
B	RW BYTE1				[0..0xFF]				Data byte 1																																		
C	RW BYTE2				[0..0xFF]				Data byte 2																																		
D	RW BYTE3				[0..0xFF]				Data byte 3																																		

7.1.26.11.56 CINSTRDAT1

Address offset: 0x63C

Custom instruction data register 1.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID				Value				Description																																	
A	RW	BYTE4					[0..0xFF]				Data byte 4																																	
B	RW	BYTE5					[0..0xFF]				Data byte 5																																	
C	RW	BYTE6					[0..0xFF]				Data byte 6																																	
D	RW	BYTE7					[0..0xFF]				Data byte 7																																	

7.1.26.11.57 IFTIMING

Address offset: 0x640

SPI interface timing.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C C C																															
Reset 0x00000200			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
C	RW RXDELAY		[7..0]	Timing related to sampling of the input serial data. The value of RXDELAY specifies the number of 192 MHz cycles (5.208 ns) delay from the the rising edge of the SPI Clock (SCK) until the input serial data is sampled. As en example, if set to 0 the input serial data is sampled on the rising edge of SCK.																														

7.1.26.12 Electrical specification

7.1.26.12.1 Timing specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
F _{QSPI,CLK}	SCK frequency	..	..	..	MHz
DC _{QSPI,CLK}	SCK duty cycle	..	..	..	%
F _{QSPI,XIP,16}	XIP fetch frequency for 16 bit instructions	..	..	..	MHz
F _{QSPI,XIP,32}	XIP fetch frequency for 32 bit instructions	..	..	..	MHz

7.1.27 RADIO — 2.4 GHz radio

The 2.4 GHz radio transceiver is compatible with multiple radio standards such as 1 Mbps and 2 Mbps *Bluetooth* Low Energy modes, Long Range (125 kbps and 500 kbps) *Bluetooth* Low Energy modes, IEEE 802.15.4 250 kbps mode, as well as Nordic's proprietary 1 Mbps and 2 Mbps modes.

Listed here are main features for the RADIO:

- Multidomain 2.4 GHz radio transceiver
 - 1 Mbps and 2 Mbps *Bluetooth* Low Energy modes
 - Long Range (125 kbps and 500 kbps) *Bluetooth* Low Energy modes
 - Angle-of-arrival (AoA) and angle-of-departure (AoD) direction finding using *Bluetooth* Low Energy
 - IEEE 802.15.4 250 kbps mode
 - 1 Mbps and 2 Mbps Nordic proprietary modes
- Best in class link budget and low power operation
- Efficient data interface with EasyDMA support
- Automatic address filtering and pattern matching

EasyDMA, in combination with an automated packet assembler, packet disassembler, automated CRC generator and CRC checker, makes it easy to configure and use the RADIO. See the following figure for details.

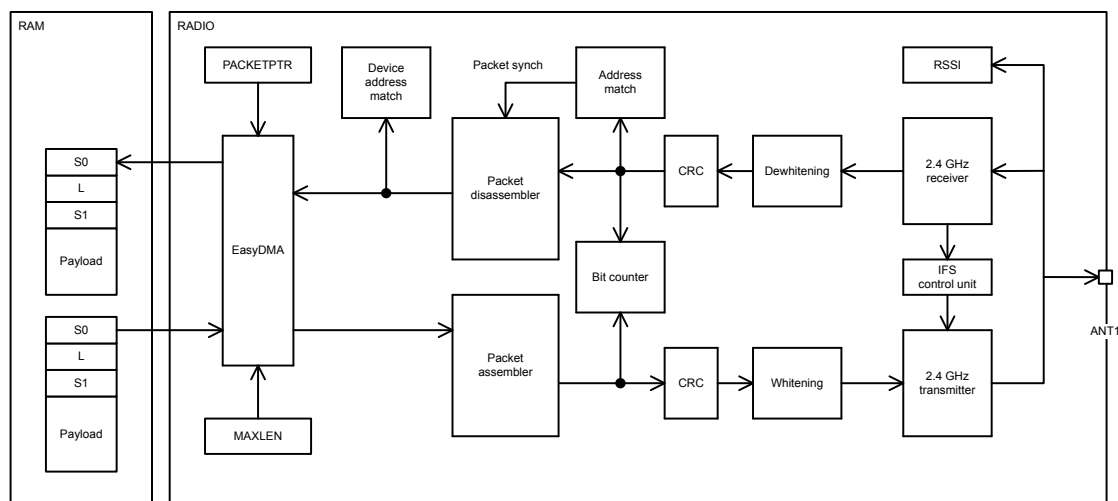


Figure 135: RADIO block diagram

The RADIO includes a device address match unit and an interframe spacing control unit that can be utilized to simplify address whitelisting and interframe spacing respectively in *Bluetooth* low energy and similar applications.

The RADIO also includes a received signal strength indicator (RSSI) and a bit counter. The bit counter generates events when a preconfigured number of bits are sent or received by the RADIO.

7.1.27.1 Packet configuration

A RADIO packet contains the fields PREAMBLE, ADDRESS, S0, LENGTH, S1, PAYLOAD, and CRC. For Long Range (125 kbps and 500 kbps) *Bluetooth* Low Energy modes, fields CI, TERM1 and TERM2 are also included.

The content of a RADIO packet is illustrated in the figures below. The RADIO sends the fields in the packet according to the order illustrated in the figures, starting on the left.

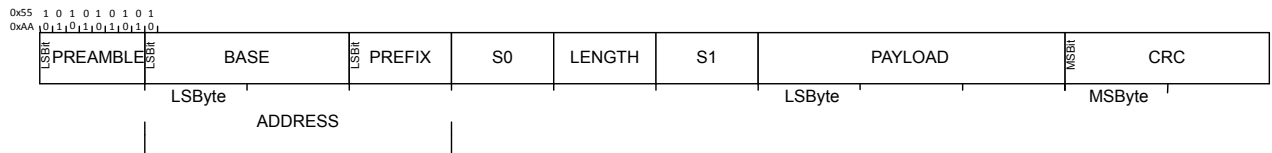


Figure 136: On-air packet layout

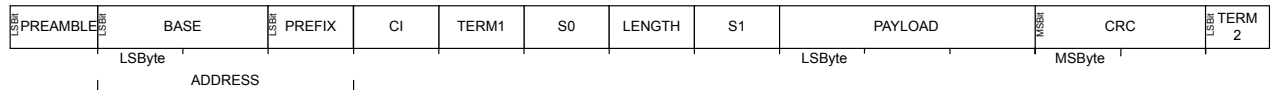


Figure 137: On-air packet layout for Long Range (125 kbps and 500 kbps) Bluetooth Low Energy modes

Not shown in the figures is the static payload add-on (the length of which is defined in [PCNF1.STATLEN](#), and which is 0 bytes in a standard BLE packet). The static payload add-on is sent between PAYLOAD and CRC fields. The RADIO sends the different fields in the packet in the order they are illustrated above, from left to right.

PREAMBLE is sent with least significant bit first on air. The size of the PREAMBLE depends on the mode selected in the [MODE](#) register:

- The PREAMBLE is one byte for [MODE](#) = Ble_1Mbit as well as all Nordic proprietary operating modes ([MODE](#) = Nrf_1Mbit and [MODE](#) = Nrf_2Mbit), and [PCNF0.PLEN](#) has to be set accordingly. If the first bit of the ADDRESS is 0, the preamble will be set to 0xAA. Otherwise the PREAMBLE will be set to 0x55.
- For [MODE](#) = Ble_2Mbit, the PREAMBLE must be set to 2 byte through [PCNF0.PLEN](#). If the first bit of the ADDRESS is 0, the preamble will be set to 0xAAAA. Otherwise the PREAMBLE will be set to 0x5555.
- For [MODE](#) = Ble_LR125Kbit and [MODE](#) = Ble_LR500Kbit, the PREAMBLE is 10 repetitions of 0x3C.
- For [MODE](#) = leee802154_250Kbit, the PREAMBLE is 4 bytes and set to all zeros.

Radio packets are stored in memory inside instances of a RADIO packet data structure as illustrated below. The PREAMBLE, ADDRESS, CI, TERM1, TERM2, and CRC fields are omitted in this data structure. Fields S0, LENGTH, and S1 are optional.

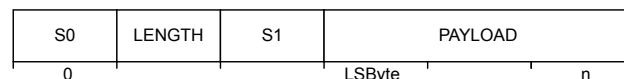


Figure 138: In-RAM representation of RADIO packet

The byte ordering on air is always least significant byte first for the ADDRESS and PAYLOAD fields, and most significant byte first for the CRC field. The ADDRESS fields are always transmitted and received least significant bit first. The CRC field is always transmitted and received most significant bit first. The endianness, i.e. the order in which the bits are sent and received, of the S0, LENGTH, S1, and PAYLOAD fields can be configured via [PCNF1.ENDIAN](#).

The sizes of the S0, LENGTH and S1 fields can be individually configured via SOLEN, LFLEN, and S1LEN in [PCNF0](#) respectively. If any of these fields are configured to be less than 8 bits, the least significant bits of the fields are used.

If S0, LENGTH, or S1 are specified with zero length, their fields will be omitted in memory. Otherwise each field will be represented as a separate byte, regardless of the number of bits in their on-air counterpart.

Independent of the configuration of [PCNF1.MAXLEN](#), the combined length of S0, LENGTH, S1, and PAYLOAD cannot exceed 258 bytes.

7.1.27.2 Address configuration

The on-air radio ADDRESS field is composed of two parts, the base address field and the address prefix field.

The size of the base address field is configurable via **PCNF1.BALEN**. The base address is truncated from the least significant byte if the **PCNF1.BALEN** is less than 4. See [Table 121: Definition of logical addresses](#) on page 411.

Logical address	Base address	Prefix byte
0	BASE0	PREFIX0.AP0
1	BASE1	PREFIX0.AP1
2	BASE1	PREFIX0.AP2
3	BASE1	PREFIX0.AP3
4	BASE1	PREFIX1.AP4
5	BASE1	PREFIX1.AP5
6	BASE1	PREFIX1.AP6
7	BASE1	PREFIX1.AP7

Table 121: Definition of logical addresses

The on-air addresses are defined in the **BASE0/BASE1** and **PREFIX0/PREFIX1** registers. It is only when writing these registers that the user must relate to the actual on-air addresses. For other radio address registers, such as the **TXADDRESS**, **RXADDRESSES**, and **RXMATCH** registers, logical radio addresses ranging from 0 to 7 are being used. The relationship between the on-air radio addresses and the logical addresses is described in [Table 121: Definition of logical addresses](#) on page 411.

7.1.27.3 Data whitening

The RADIO is able to do packet whitening and de-whitening, enabled in **PCNF1.WHITEEN**. When enabled, whitening and de-whitening will be handled by the RADIO automatically as packets are sent and received.

The whitening word is generated using polynomial $g(D) = D^7 + D^4 + 1$, which then is XORed with the data packet that is to be whitened, or de-whitened. See the figure below.

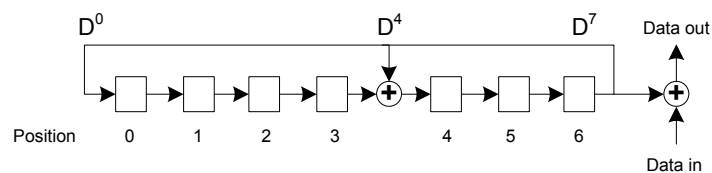


Figure 139: Data whitening and de-whitening

Whitening and de-whitening will be performed over the whole packet except for the preamble and the address fields.

Including the address field in CRC check (**CRCNF.SKIPADDR=Include**) is not supported for whitened packets.

The linear feedback shift register in the figure above is initialized via **DATAWHITEIV**.

7.1.27.4 CRC

The CRC generator in the RADIO calculates the CRC over the whole packet excluding the preamble. If desirable, the address field can be excluded from the CRC calculation as well.

See [CRCCNF](#) register for more information.

The CRC polynomial is configurable as illustrated in the following figure, where bit 0 in the [CRCPOLY](#) register corresponds to X^0 and bit 1 corresponds to X^1 etc. See [CRCPOLY](#) on page 467 for more information.

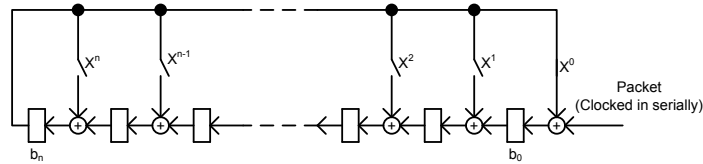


Figure 140: CRC generation of an n bit CRC

The figure shows that the CRC is calculated by feeding the packet serially through the CRC generator. Before the packet is clocked through the CRC generator, the CRC generator's latches b_0 through b_n will be initialized with a predefined value specified in the [CRCINIT](#) register. After the whole packet has been clocked through the CRC generator, b_0 through b_n will hold the resulting CRC. This value will be used by the RADIO during both transmission and reception. Latches b_0 through b_n are not available to be read by the CPU at any time. However, a received CRC can be read by the CPU via the [RXCRC](#) register.

The length (n) of the CRC is configurable, see [CRCCNF](#) for more information.

Once the entire packet, including the CRC, has been received and no errors were detected, the RADIO generates a [CRCOK](#) event. If CRC errors were detected, a [CRCERROR](#) event is generated.

The status of the CRC check can be read from the [CRCSTATUS](#) register after a packet has been received.

7.1.27.5 Radio states

Tasks and events are used to control the operating state of the RADIO.

The RADIO can enter the states described the table below.

State	Description
DISABLED	No operations are going on inside the RADIO and the power consumption is at a minimum
RXRU	The RADIO is ramping up and preparing for reception
RXIDLE	The RADIO is ready for reception to start
RX	Reception has been started and the addresses enabled in the RXADDRESSES register are being monitored
TXRU	The RADIO is ramping up and preparing for transmission
TXIDLE	The RADIO is ready for transmission to start
TX	The RADIO is transmitting a packet
RXDISABLE	The RADIO is disabling the receiver
TXDISABLE	The RADIO is disabling the transmitter

Table 122: RADIO state diagram

A state diagram showing an overview of the RADIO is shown in the following figure.

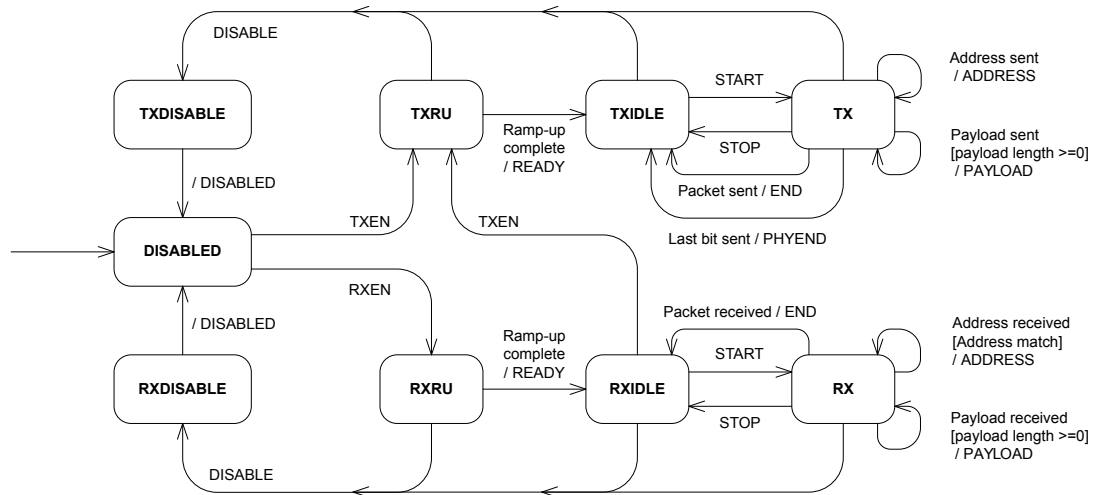


Figure 141: Radio states

This figure shows how the tasks and events relate to the RADIO's operation. The RADIO does not prevent a task from being triggered from the wrong state. If a task is triggered from the wrong state, for example if the **RXEN** task is triggered from the **RXDISABLE** state, this may lead to incorrect behavior. The **PAYLOAD** event is always generated even if the payload is zero.

The END to START shortcut should not be used with IEEE 802.15.4 250 kbps mode. Use the PHYEND to START shortcut instead.

The END to START shortcut should not be used with Long Range (125 kbps and 500 kbps) *Bluetooth* Low Energy modes. Use the PHYEND to START shortcut instead.

7.1.27.6 Transmit sequence

Before the RADIO is able to transmit a packet, it must first ramp-up in TX mode. See TXRU in [Figure 141: Radio states](#) on page 413 and [Figure 142: Transmit sequence](#) on page 414. A TXRU ramp-up sequence is initiated when the **TXEN** task is triggered. After the RADIO has successfully ramped up it will generate the **READY** event indicating that a packet transmission can be initiated. A packet transmission is initiated by triggering the **START** task. The **START** task can first be triggered after the RADIO has entered into the TXIDLE state.

The following figure illustrates a single packet transmission where the CPU manually triggers the different tasks needed to control the flow of the RADIO, i.e. no shortcuts are used. If shortcuts are not used, a certain amount of delay caused by CPU execution is expected between **READY** and **START**, and between **END** and **DISABLE**. As illustrated in [Figure 142: Transmit sequence](#) on page 414 the RADIO will by default transmit '1's between **READY** and **START**, and between **END** and **DISABLE**. What is transmitted can be programmed through the DTX field in the **MODECNFO** register.

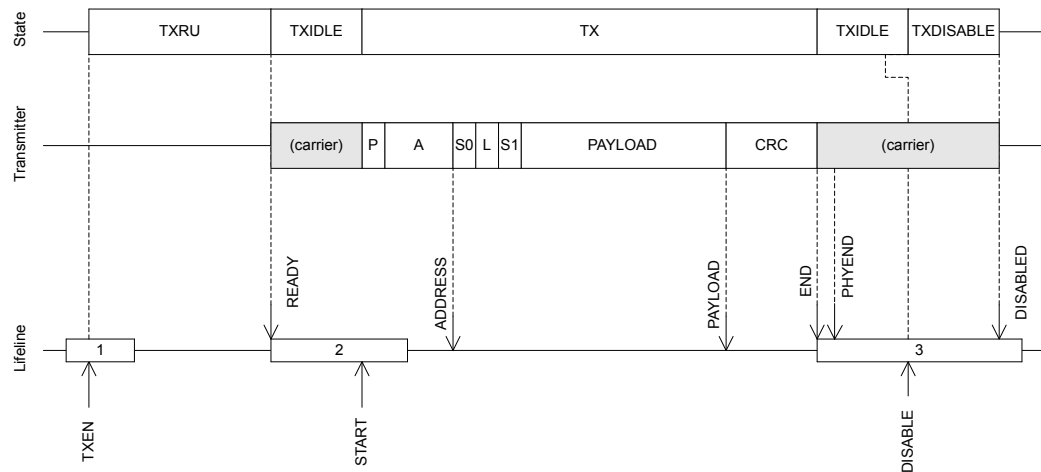


Figure 142: Transmit sequence

The following figure shows a slightly modified version of the transmit sequence where the RADIO is configured to use shortcuts between **READY** and **START**, and between **END** and **DISABLE**, which means that no delay is introduced.

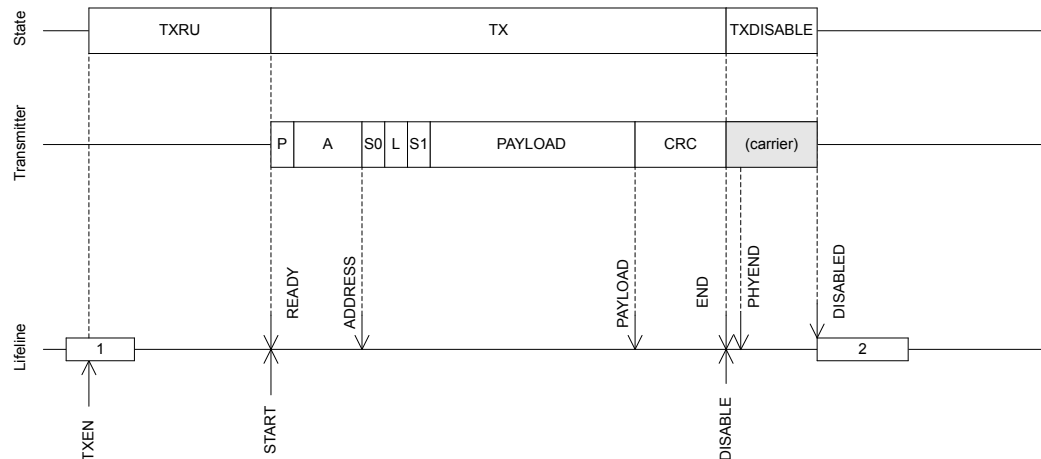


Figure 143: Transmit sequence using shortcuts to avoid delays

The RADIO is able to send multiple packets one after the other without having to disable and re-enable the RADIO between packets, as illustrated in the following figure.

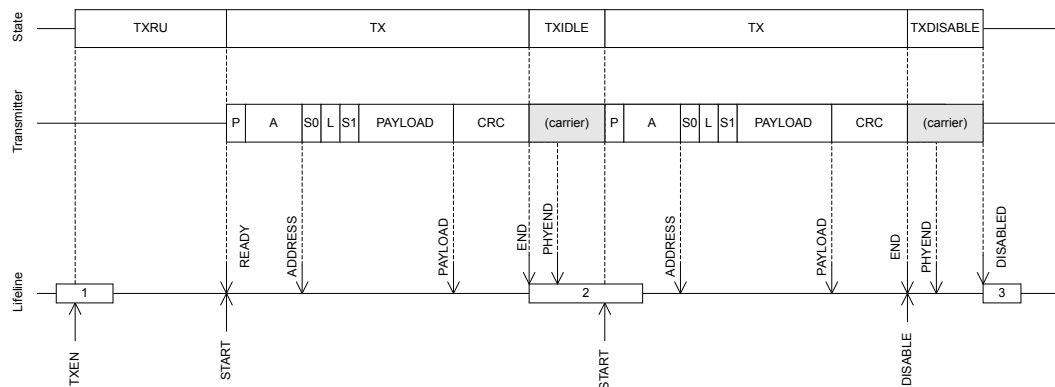


Figure 144: Transmission of multiple packets

7.1.27.7 Receive sequence

Before the RADIO is able to receive a packet, it must first ramp up in RX mode, see RXRU in [Figure 141: Radio states](#) on page 413 and [Figure 145: Receive sequence](#) on page 415.

An RXRU ramp up sequence is initiated when the **RXEN** task is triggered. After the RADIO has successfully ramped up it will generate the **READY** event indicating that a packet reception can be initiated. A packet reception is initiated by triggering the **START** task. As illustrated in [Figure 141: Radio states](#) on page 413, the **START** task can first be triggered after the RADIO has entered into the RXIDLE state.

The following figure shows a single packet reception where the CPU manually triggers the different tasks needed to control the flow of the RADIO, i.e. no shortcuts are used. If shortcuts are not used, a certain amount of delay caused by CPU execution is expected between **READY** and **START**, and between **END** and **DISABLE**. The RADIO will be listening and possibly receiving undefined data, represented with an 'X', from **START** and until a packet with valid preamble (P) is received.

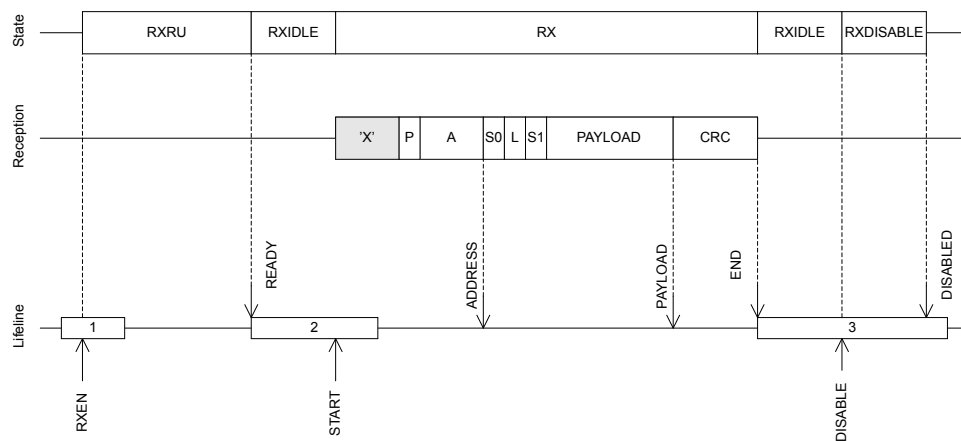


Figure 145: Receive sequence

The following figure shows a slightly modified version of the receive sequence, where the RADIO is configured to use shortcuts between **READY** and **START**, and between **END** and **DISABLE**, which means that no delay is introduced.

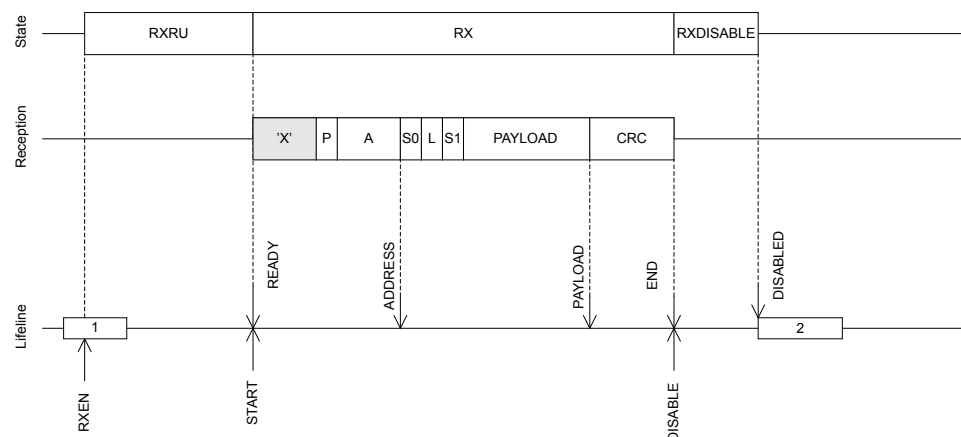


Figure 146: Receive sequence using shortcuts to avoid delays

The RADIO is able to receive consecutive packets without having to disable and re-enable the RADIO between packets, as illustrated in the figure below.

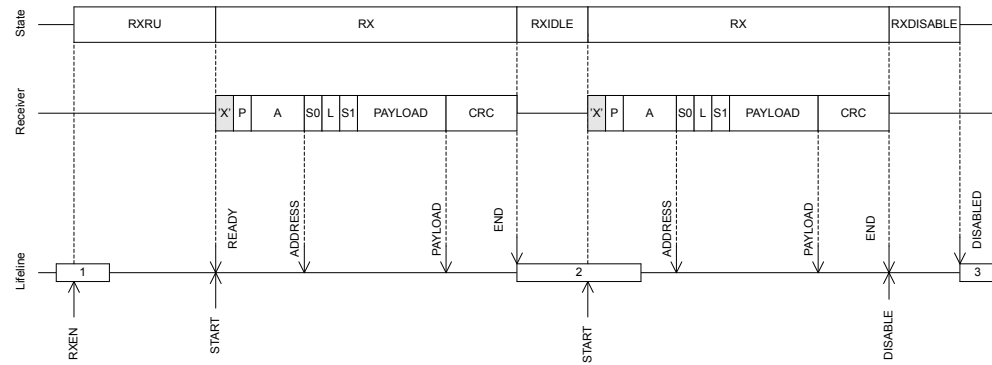


Figure 147: Reception of multiple packets

7.1.27.8 Received signal strength indicator (RSSI)

The RADIO implements a mechanism for measuring the power in the received signal. This feature is called received signal strength indicator (RSSI).

The RSSI is measured continuously and the value filtered using a single-pole IIR filter. After a signal level change, the RSSI will settle after approximately `RSSISETTLE`.

Sampling of the received signal strength is started by using the `RSSISTART` task. The sample can be read from the `RSSISAMPLE` register.

The sample period of the RSSI is defined by `RSSIPERIOD`. The `RSSISAMPLE` will hold the filtered received signal strength after this sample period.

For the RSSI sample to be valid, the RADIO has to be enabled in receive mode (`RXEN` task) and the reception has to be started (`READY` event followed by `START` task).

7.1.27.9 Interframe spacing (IFS)

Interframe spacing (IFS) is defined as the time, in microseconds, between two consecutive packets, starting from when the end of the last bit of the previous packet is received, to the beginning of the first bit of the subsequent packet that is transmitted. The RADIO is able to enforce this interval, as specified in the `TIFS` register, as long as the `TIFS` is not specified to be shorter than the RADIO's turnaround time, i.e. the time needed to switch off the receiver, and then switch the transmitter back on. The `TIFS` register can be written any time before the last bit on air is received.

This timing is illustrated in the figure below.

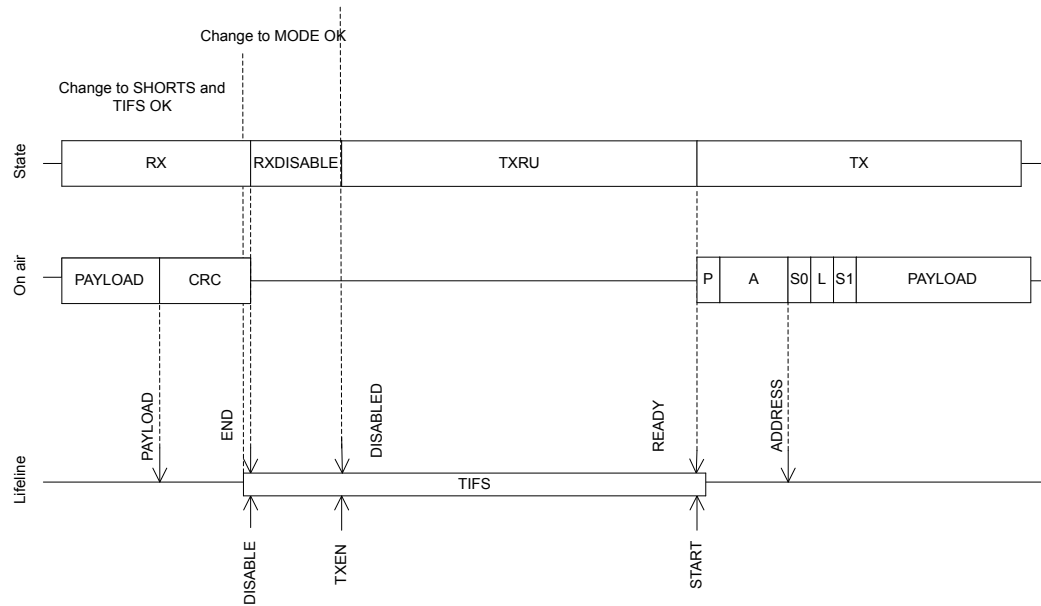


Figure 148: IFS timing detail

The TIFS duration starts after the last bit on air (just before the **END** event), and elapses with first bit being transmitted on air (just after **READY** event).

TIFS is only enforced if the shortcuts **END** to **DISABLE** and **DISABLED** to **TXEN** or **END** to **DISABLE** and **DISABLED** to **RXEN** are enabled.

TIFS is qualified for use in IEEE 802.15.4 250kbps mode, Long Range (125 kbps and 500 kbps) *Bluetooth* Low Energy modes, 1 Mbps and 2 Mbps *Bluetooth* Low Energy modes, using the default ramp-up mode.

SHORTS and **TIFS** registers are not double-buffered, and can be updated at any point before the last bit on air is received. The **MODE** register is double-buffered and sampled at the **TXEN** or **RXEN** task.

7.1.27.10 Device address match

The device address match feature is tailored for address whitelisting in *Bluetooth* low energy and similar implementations.

This feature enables on-the-fly device address matching while receiving a packet on air. This feature only works in receive mode and when the RADIO is configured for little endian, see **PCNF1.ENDIAN**.

The device address match unit assumes that the first 48 bits of the payload are the device address and that bit number 6 in S0 is the TxAdd bit. See the *Bluetooth* Core Specification for more information about device addresses, TxAdd, and whitelisting.

The RADIO is able to listen for eight different device addresses at the same time. These addresses are specified in a DAB/DAP register pair, one pair per address, in addition to a TxAdd bit configured in the DACNF register. The DAB register specifies the 32 least significant bits of the device address, while the DAP register specifies the 16 most significant bits of the device address.

Each of the device addresses can be individually included or excluded from the matching mechanism. This is configured in the **DACNF** register.

7.1.27.11 Bit counter

The RADIO implements a simple counter that can be configured to generate an event after a specific number of bits have been transmitted or received.

By using shortcuts, this counter can be started from different events generated by the RADIO and count relative to these.

The bit counter is started by triggering the **BCSTART** task, and stopped by triggering the **BCSTOP** task. A **BCMATCH** event will be generated when the bit counter has counted the number of bits specified in the **BCC** register. The bit counter will continue to count bits until the **DISABLED** event is generated or until the **BCSTOP** task is triggered. The CPU can therefore, after a **BCMATCH** event, reconfigure the **BCC** value for new **BCMATCH** events within the same packet.

The bit counter can only be started after the RADIO has received the **ADDRESS** event.

The bit counter will stop and reset on either the **BCSTOP**, **STOP**, or **DISABLE** task, or the **END** event.

The figure below illustrates how the bit counter can be used to generate a **BCMATCH** event in the beginning of the packet payload, and again generate a second **BCMATCH** event after sending 2 bytes (16 bits) of the payload.

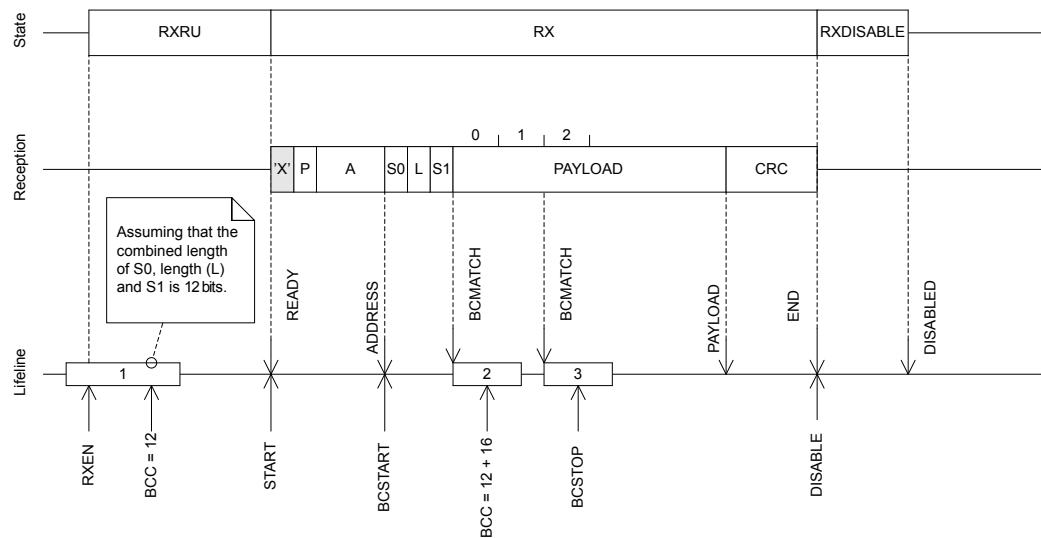


Figure 149: Bit counter example

7.1.27.12 Direction finding

The RADIO implements the Angle-of-Arrival (AoA) and Angle-of-Departure (AoD) Bluetooth Low Energy feature, which can be used to determine the direction of a peer device. The feature is available for the BLE 1 Mbps and BLE 2 Mbps modes.

When using this feature, the transmitter sends a packet with a continuous tone extension (CTE) appended to the packet, after the CRC. During the CTE, the receiver can take IQ samples of the incoming signal.

An antenna array is employed at the transmitter (AoD) or at the receiver (AoA). The AoD transmitter, or AoA receiver, switches between the antennas, in order to collect IQ samples from the different antenna pairs. The IQ samples can be used to calculate the relative path lengths between the antenna pairs, which can be used to estimate the direction of the transmitter.

7.1.27.12.1 CTE format

The CTE is from 16 μ s to 160 μ s and consists of an unwhitened sequence of 1's, equivalent to a continuous tone nominally offset from the carrier by +250 kHz for the 1 Mbps PHY and +500 kHz for the 2 Mbps BLE PHYs. The format of the CTE, when switching and/or sampling, is shown below.

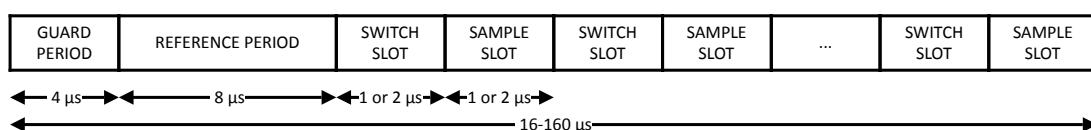


Figure 150: Constant tone extension (CTE) structure

Antenna switching is performed during switch slots and the guard period. The AoA/AoD feature requires that one IQ sample is taken for each microsecond within the reference period, and once for each sample slot. Oversampling is possible by changing the sample spacing as described in [IQ sampling](#) on page 422. The switch slot and sample slot durations are either 1 or 2 μ s, but must be equal. The format of the CTE and switching and sampling procedures may be configured prior to, or during, packet transmission and reception. Alternatively, during packet reception, these operations can be configured by reading specific fields of the packet contents.

7.1.27.12.2 Mode

Depending on the [DFEMODE](#), the device performs the following procedures:

		DFEMODE			
		AOA		AOD	
		TX	RX	TX	RX
AoA/AoD Procedure	Generating and transmitting CTE	x		x	
	Receiving, interpreting, and sampling CTE		x		x
	Antenna switching		x	x	

Table 123: AoA/AoD Procedures performed as a function of DFEMODE and TX/RX mode

7.1.27.12.3 Inline configuration

When inline configuration is enabled during RX, further configuration of the AoA/AoD procedures is performed based on the values of the CP bit and the CTEInfo octet within the packet. This is enabled by setting [CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINCTRLIN](#). The CTEInfo octet is present only if the CP bit is set. The position of the CP bit and CTEInfo octet depends on whether the packet has a *Data Channel PDU* ([CTEINLINECONF.CTEINFOINS1=InS1](#)), or an *Advertising Channel PDU* ([CTEINLINECONF.CTEINFOINS1=NotInS1](#)).

Data channel PDU

For Data Channel PDUs, [PCNF0.SOLEN](#) must be 1 byte, and [PCNF0.LFLEN](#) must be 8 bits. To determine if S1 is present, the registers [CTEINLINECONF.SOMASK](#) and [CTEINLINECONF.SOCONF](#) forms a bitwise mask-and-test for the S0 field. If the bitwise AND between S0 and SOMASK equals SOCONF, then S1 is determined to be present. When present, the value of [PCNF0.S1LEN](#) will be ignored, as this is decided by the CP bit in the the following figure.

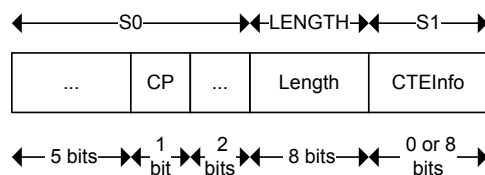


Figure 151: Data channel PDU header

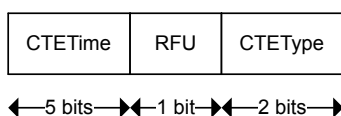
When encrypting and decrypting BLE packets using the [CCM](#) peripheral, it is also required to set [PCNF0.S1INCL=1](#). The CCM mode must be configured to use an 8-bit length field. The value of the CP bit is included in the calculation of the MIC, while the S1 field is ignored by the CCM calculation.

Advertising channel PDU

For advertising channel PDUs, the CTEInfo Flag replaces the CP bit. The CTEInfo Flag is within the extended header flag field in some of the advertising PDUs that employ the common extended advertising payload format (i.e. [AUX_SYNC_IND](#), [AUX_CHAIN_IND](#)). The format of such packets is shown in the following figure.

The `CTEINLINECONF.S0CONF` and `CTEINLINECONF.S0MASK` fields can be configured to accept only certain advertising PDU Types. If the extended header length is non-zero, the CTEInfo extended header flag is checked to determine whether CTEInfo is present. If a bit before the CTEInfo flag within the extended header flags is set, then the CTEInfo position is postponed 6 octets.

The CTEInfo field is shown in the following figure.



The CTETIME field defines the length of the CTE in 8 μ s units. The valid upper bound of values can be adjusted using [CTEINLINECONF.CTETIMEVALIDRANGE](#), including allowing use of the RFU bit within this field. If the CTETIME field is an invalid value of either 0 or 1, the CTE is assumed to be the minimum valid length of 16 μ s. The slot duration is determined by the CTEType field. In RX this determines whether the sample spacing as defined in [CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINERXMODE1US](#) or [CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINERXMODE2US](#) is used.

CTEType	Description	TX switch spacing	RX sample spacing during reference period	Sample spacing RX during reference period
0	AoA, no switching	-	TSAMPLESPACING1	TSAMPLESPACING2
1	AoD, 1 μ s slots	2 μ s	TSAMPLESPACING1	CTEINLINERXMODE1US
2	AoD, 2 μ s slots	4 μ s	TSAMPLESPACING1	CTEINLINERXMODE2US
3	Reserved for future use			

Table 124: Switching and sampling spacing based on CTEType

If [CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINETLEN](#) is not set, then the packet is not parsed to determine the CTE parameters, and the antenna switching and sampling is controlled by other registers, see [Antenna switching](#) on page 421. The length of the CTE is given in 8 μ s units by [DFECTRL1.NUMBEROF8US](#). The start of the antenna switching and/or sampling (denoted as an AoA/AoD procedure), can be configured to start at some trigger with an additional offset. Using [DFECTRL1.DFEINEXTENSION](#), the trigger can be configured to be the end of the CRC, or alternatively, the ADDRESS event. The additional offset for antenna switching is configured using [DFECTRL2.TSWITCHOFFSET](#). Similarly, the additional offset for antenna sampling is configured using [DFECTRL2.TSAMPLEOFFSET](#).

The addition of the CTE to the transmitted packet is illustrated in the following figure.

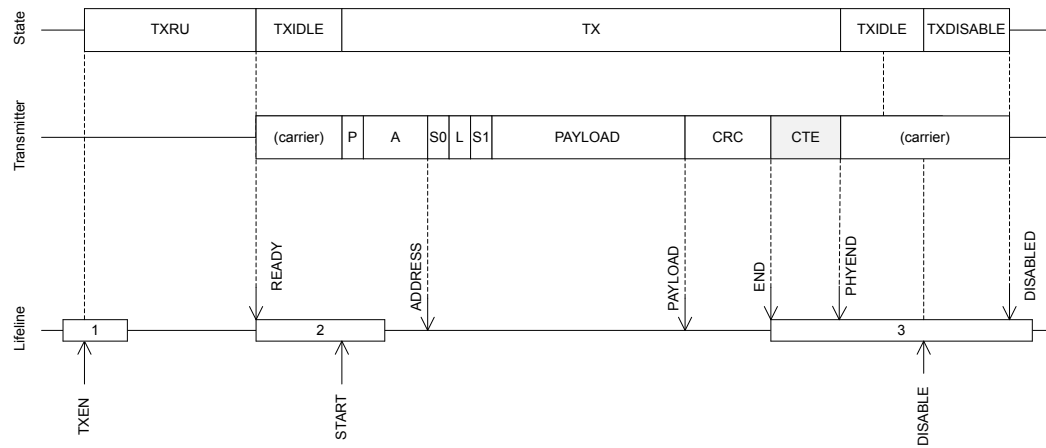


Figure 154: Transmit sequence with DFE

The presence of CTE within a received packet is signalled by the **CTEPRESENT** and **CTEWARNING** events illustrated in the figure below.

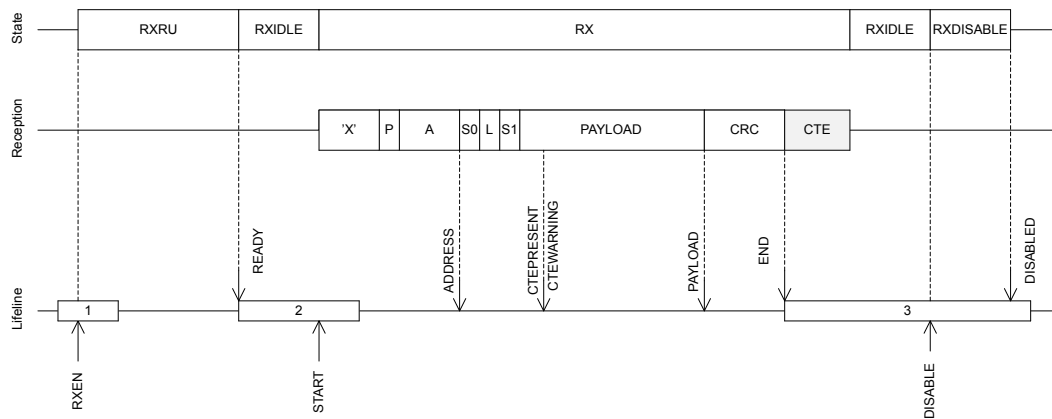


Figure 155: Receive sequence with DFE

7.1.27.12.6 Antenna switching

The RADIO can control up to 8 GPIO pins in order to control external antenna switches used in direction finding.

Pin configuration

The eight antenna selection signals are mapped to physical pins according to the pin numbers specified in the **PSEL.DFEGPIO[n]** registers. Only pins that have the **PSEL.DFEGPIO[n].CONNECTED** field set to *Connected* will be controlled by the RADIO. Pins that are *Disconnected* will be controlled by GPIO.

During transmission in AoD TX mode or reception in AoA RX mode, the RADIO automatically acquires the pins as needed. At times when the RADIO does not use the pin, the pin is released to its default state and controlled by the **GPIO** configuration. Thus, the pin must be configured using the **GPIO** peripheral.

Pin acquired by RADIO	Direction	Value	Comment
Yes	Output	Specified in SWITCHPATTERN	Pin acquired by RADIO, and in use for DFE.
No	Specified by GPIO	Specified by GPIO	DFE not in progress. Pin has not been acquired by RADIO, but is available for DFE use.

Table 125: Pin configuration matrix for a connected and enabled pin [n]

Switch pattern configuration

The values of the GPIOs while switching during the CTE are configured by writing successively to the **SWITCHPATTERN** register. The first write to **SWITCHPATTERN** is the GPIO pattern applied from the call of **TASKS_TXEN** or **TASKS_RXEN** until the first antenna switch is triggered. The second write sets the pattern for the reference period and is applied at the start of the guard period. The following writes set the pattern for the remaining switch slots and are applied at the start of each switch slot. If writing beyond the total number of antenna slots, the pattern will wrap to **SWITCHPATTERN[2]** and start over again. During operation, when the end of the **SWITCHPATTERN** buffer is reached, the RADIO cycles back to **SWITCHPATTERN[2]**. At the end of the AoA/AoD procedure, **SWITCHPATTERN[0]** is applied to **DFECTRL1.TSWITCHSPACING** after the previous antenna switch. The **SWITCHPATTERN** buffer can be erased/cleared using **CLEARPATTERN**.

A minimum number of three patterns must be written to the **SWITCHPATTERN** register.

If **CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINECTRLLEN** is not set, then the antenna switch spacing is determined by **DFECTRL1.TSWITCHSPACING** (otherwise described by [Table 124: Switching and sampling spacing based on CTEType](#) on page 420). **DFECTRL2.TSWITCHOFFSET** determines the position of the first switch compared to the configurable start of CTE (see **DFECTRL1.DFEINEXTENSION**).

7.1.27.12.7 IQ sampling

The RADIO uses DMA to write IQ samples recorded during the CTE to RAM. Alternatively, the magnitude and phase of the samples can be recorded using the **DFECTRL1.SAMPLETYPE** field. The samples are written to the location in RAM specified by **DFEPACKET.PTR**. The maximum number of samples to transfer are specified by **DFEPACKET.MAXCNT** and the number of samples transferred are given in **DFEPACKET.AMOUNT**. The IQ samples are recorded with respect to the RX carrier frequency. The format of the samples is provided in the following table.

SAMPLETYPE	Field	Bits	Description
0: I_Q (default)	Q	31:16	12 bits signed, sign extended to 16 bits
	I	15:0	
1: MagPhase	reserved	31:29	Always zero
	magnitude	28:16	13 bits unsigned. Equals $1.646756 \cdot \sqrt{I^2 + Q^2}$
	phase	15:0	9 bits signed, sign extended to 16 bits. Equals $64 \cdot \text{atan2}(Q, I)$ in the range [-201,201]

Table 126: Format of samples

Oversampling is configured separately for the reference period and for the time after the reference period. During the reference period, the sample spacing is determined by **DFECTRL1.TSAMPLESPACINGREF**. **DFECTRL2.TSAMPLEOFFSET** determines the position of the first sample relative to the end of the last bit of the CRC.

For the time after the reference period, if **CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINECTRLLEN** is disabled, the sample spacing is set in **DFECTRL1.TSAMPLESPACING**. However, when **CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINECTRLLEN** is enabled, the sample spacing are determined by two different registers, depending on whether the device is in AoA or AoD RX-mode, as follows.

For AoD RX mode, the sample spacing after the reference period is determined by the CTEType in the packet, as listed in the table below.

CTEType	Sample spacing
AoD 1 μ s slots	CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINERXMODE1US
AoD 2 μ s slots	CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINERXMODE2US
Other	DFECTRL1.TSAMPLESPACING

Table 127: Sample spacing when **CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINECTRLLEN** is set and the device is in AoD RX mode

For AoA RX mode, the sample spacing after the reference period is determined by [DFECTRL1.TSWITCHSPACING](#), as listed in the table below.

DFECTRL1.TSWITCHSPACING	Sample spacing
2 μ s	CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINERXMODE1US
4 μ s	CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINERXMODE2US
Other	DFECTRL1.TSAMPLESPACING

Table 128: Sample spacing when [CTEINLINECONF.CTEINLINECTRLLEN](#) is set and the device is in AoA RX mode

For the reference- and switching periods, [DFECTRL1.TSAMPLESPACINGREF](#) and [DFECTRL1.TSAMPLESPACING](#) can be used to achieve oversampling.

7.1.27.13 IEEE 802.15.4 operation

With the [MODE=ieee802154_250kbit](#) the RADIO will comply with the IEEE 802.15.4-2006 standard implementing its 250 kbps, 2450 MHz, O-QPSK PHY.

The IEEE 802.15.4 standard differs from Nordic's proprietary and *Bluetooth* low energy modes. Notable differences include modulation scheme, channel structure, packet structure, security, and medium access control.

The main features of the IEEE 802.15.4 mode are:

- Ultra-low power 250 kbps, 2450 MHz, IEEE 802.15.4-2006 compliant link
- Clear channel assessment
- Energy detection scan
- CRC generation

7.1.27.13.1 Packet structure

The IEEE 802.15.4 standard defines an on-the-air frame/packet that is different from what is used in BLE mode.

The following figure provides an overview of the physical frame structure and its timing.

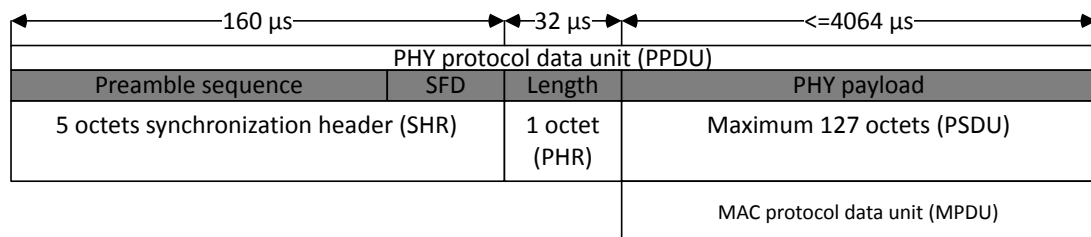


Figure 156: IEEE 802.15.4 frame format (PPDU)

The standard uses the term *octet* for an 8-bit storage unit within the PPDU. For timing, the value *symbol* is used, and it has a duration of 16 μ s.

The total usable payload (PSDU) is 127 octets, but when CRC is in use, this is reduced to 125 octets of usable payload.

The preamble sequence consists of four octets that are all zero, and are used for synchronizing the RADIO's receiver. Following the preamble is the single octet *start of frame delimiter (SFD)*, with a fixed value of 0xA7. An alternate SFD can be programmed through the [SFD](#) register, providing an initial level of frame filtering for those who choose non-standard compliance. It is a valuable feature when operating in a congested or private network. The preamble sequence and the SFD are generated by the RADIO, and are not programmed by the user into the frame buffer.

Following the five octet *synchronization header (SHR)* is the single octet *phy header (PHR)*. The least significant seven bits of PHR denote the frame length of the following PSDU. The most significant bit is reserved and is set to zero for frames that are standard compliant. The RADIO reports all eight bits which can be used to carry additional information. The PHR is the first byte written to the frame data memory pointed to by [PACKETPTR](#). Frames with zero length are discarded, and the [FRAMESTART](#) event is not generated in this case.

The next N octets carry the data of the PHY packet, where N equals the value of the PHR. For an implementation also using the IEEE 802.15.4 MAC layer, the PHY data is a MAC frame of N-2 octets, since two octets occupy a CRC field.

As illustrated in the figure below, an IEEE 802.15.4 MAC layer frame always consists of

- A header:
 - The frame control field (FCF)
 - The sequence number
 - Addressing fields
- A payload
- The 16-bit frame control sequence (FCS)

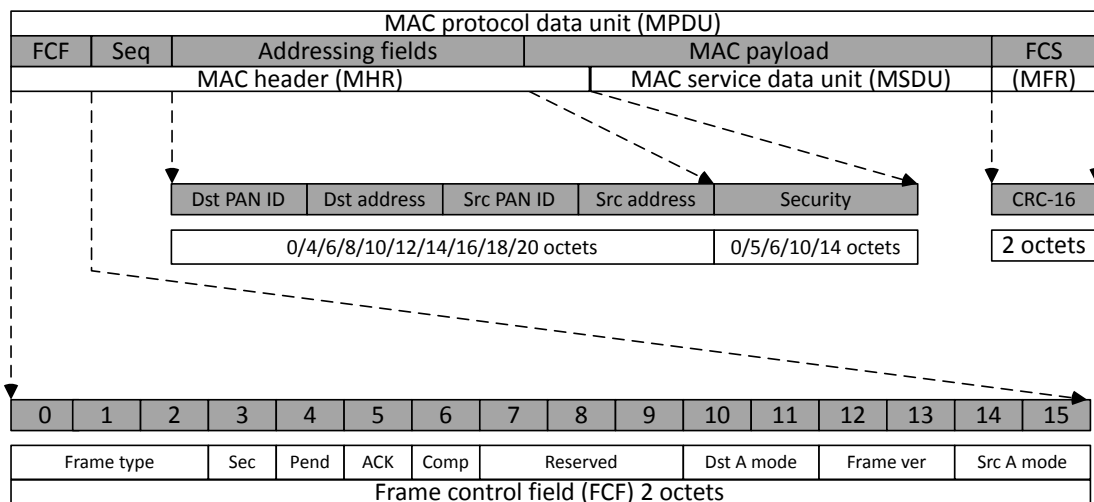


Figure 157: IEEE 802.15.4 frame format (MPDU)

The two FCF octets contain information about the frame type, addressing, and other control flags. This field is decoded when using the assisted operating modes offered by the RADIO.

The sequence number is a single octet in size and is unique for a frame. It is used in the associated acknowledgement frame sent upon successful frame reception.

The addressing field can be zero (acknowledgement frame) or up to 20 octets in size. The field is used to direct packets to the correct recipient and denote its origin. IEEE 802.15.4 bases its addressing on networks being organized in PANs with 16-bit identifier and nodes having a 16-bit or 64-bit address. In the assisted receive mode, these parameters are analyzed for address matching and acknowledgement.

The MAC payload carries the data of the next higher layer, or in the case of a MAC command frame, information used by the MAC layer itself.

The two last octets contain the 16-bit ITU-T CRC. The FCS is calculated over the MAC header (MHR) and MAC payload (MSDU) parts of the frame. This field is calculated automatically when sending a frame, or indicated in the [CRCSTATUS](#) register when a frame is received. If configured, this feature is taken care of autonomously by the CRC module.

7.1.27.13.2 Operating frequencies

The IEEE 802.15.4 standard defines 16 channels, 11 - 26, of 5 MHz each, in the 2450 MHz frequency band.

To choose the correct channel center frequency, the **FREQUENCY** register must be programmed according to the table below.

IEEE 802.15.4 channel	Center frequency (MHz)	FREQUENCY setting
Channel 11	2405	5
Channel 12	2410	10
Channel 13	2415	15
Channel 14	2420	20
Channel 15	2425	25
Channel 16	2430	30
Channel 17	2435	35
Channel 18	2440	40
Channel 19	2445	45
Channel 20	2450	50
Channel 21	2455	55
Channel 22	2460	60
Channel 23	2465	65
Channel 24	2470	70
Channel 25	2475	75
Channel 26	2480	80

Table 129: IEEE 802.15.4 center frequency definition

7.1.27.13.3 Energy detection (ED)

As required by the IEEE 802.15.4 standard, it must be possible to sample the received signal power within the bandwidth of a channel, for the purpose of determining presence of activity.

To prevent the channel signal from being decoded, the shortcut between the **READY** event and the **START** task should be disabled before putting the RADIO in receive mode. The energy detection (ED) measurement time, where RSSI samples are averaged, is 8 symbol periods, corresponding to 128 μ s. The standard further specifies the measurement to be a number between 0 and 255, where 0 shall indicate received power less than 10 dB above the selected receiver sensitivity. The power range of the ED values must be at least a 40 dB linear mapping with accuracy of ± 6 dB. See section 6.9.7 *Receiver ED* in the IEEE 802.15.4 standard for further details.

The following example shows how to perform a single energy detection measurement and convert to IEEE 802.15.4 scale.

IEEE 802.15.4 ED measurement example

```
#define ED_RSSISCALE 4 // From electrical specifications
uint8_t sample_ed(void)
{
    int val;
    NRF_RADIO->TASKS_EDSTART = 1; // Start
    while (NRF_RADIO->EVENTS_EDEND != 1) {
        // CPU can sleep here or do something else
        // Use of interrupts are encouraged
    }
    val = NRF_RADIO->EDSAMPLE; // Read level
    return (uint8_t)(val > 63 ? 255 : val * ED_RSSISCALE); // Convert to IEEE 802.15.4 scale
}
```

For scaling between hardware value and dBm, see equation [Figure 159: Conversion between hardware value and dBm](#) on page 427.

The `mlme-scan.req` primitive of the MAC layer uses the ED measurement to detect channels where there might be wireless activity. To assist this primitive, a tailored mode of operation is available where the ED measurement runs for a defined number of iterations keeping track of the maximum ED level. This is engaged by writing the `EDCNT` register to a value different from 0, where it will run the specified number of iterations and report the maximum energy measurement in the `EDSAMPLE` register. The scan is started with `EDSTART` task and its end indicated with the `EDEND` event. This significantly reduces the interrupt frequency and therefore power consumption. The following figure shows how the ED measurement will operate depending on the `EDCNT` register.

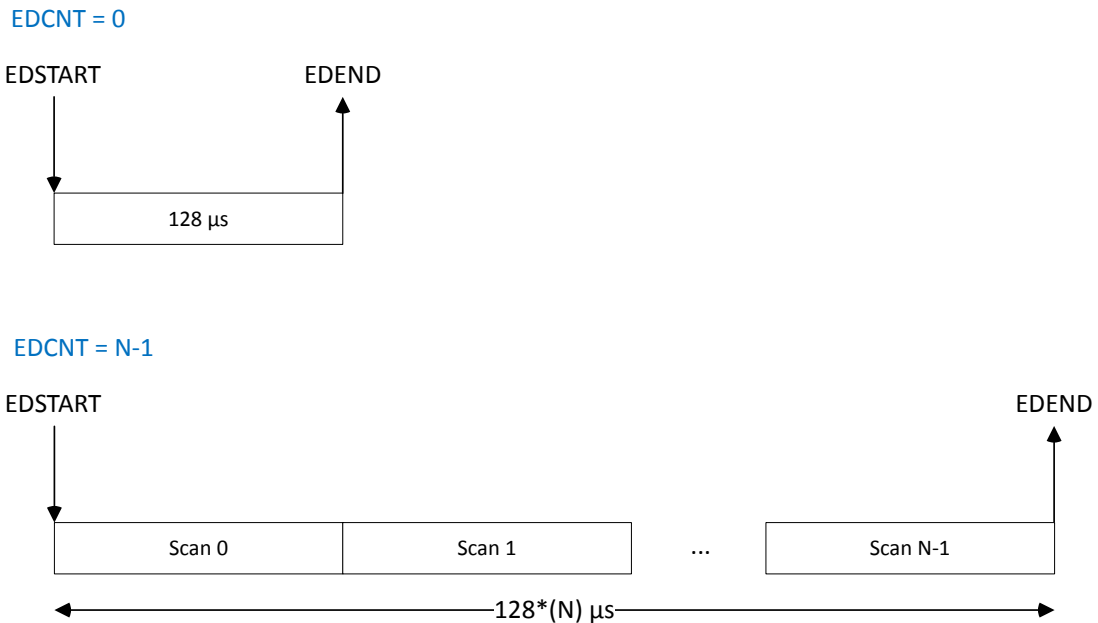


Figure 158: Energy detection measurement examples

The scan is stopped by writing the `EDSTOP` task. It will be followed by the `EDSTOPPED` event when the module has terminated.

7.1.27.13.4 Clear channel assessment (CCA)

IEEE 802.15.4 implements a listen-before-talk channel access method to avoid collisions when transmitting, known as *carrier sense multiple access with collision avoidance (CSMA-CA)*. The key part of this is measuring if the wireless medium is busy or not.

The following clear channel assesment modes are supported:

- **CCA Mode 1** (energy above threshold): The medium is reported busy upon detecting any energy above the ED threshold.
- **CCA Mode 2** (carrier sense only): The medium is reported busy upon detection of a signal compliant with the IEEE 802.15.4 standard with the same modulation and spreading characteristics.
- **CCA Mode 3** (carrier sense with energy above threshold): The medium is reported busy using a logical combination (AND/OR) between the results from CCA Mode 1 and CCA Mode 2.

The clear channel assessment should survey a period equal to 8 symbols or $128\ \mu\text{s}$.

The RADIO must be in receive mode and be able to receive correct packets when performing the CCA. The shortcut between `READY` and `START` must be disabled if baseband processing is not to be performed while the measurement is running.

CCA Mode 1

CCA Mode 1 is enabled by first configuring the field `CCACTRL.CCAMODE`=EdMode and writing the `CCACTRL.CCAEDTHRES` field to a chosen value. Once the `CCASTART` task is written, the RADIO will

perform a ED measurement for 8 symbols and compare the measured level with that found in the `CCACTRL.CCAEDTHRES` field. If the measured value is higher than or equal to this threshold, the `CCABUSY` event is generated. If the measured level is less than the threshold, the `CCAIDLE` event is generated.

CCA Mode 2

CCA Mode 2 is enabled by configuring `CCACTRL.CCAMODE=CarrierMode`. The RADIO will sample to see if a valid SFD is found during the 8 symbols. If a valid SFD is detected, the `CCABUSY` event is generated and the device should not send any data. The `CCABUSY` event is also generated if the scan was performed during an ongoing frame reception. In the case where the measurement period completes with no SFD detection, the `CCAIDLE` event is generated. With `CCACTRL.CCACORRCNT` not being zero, the algorithm will look at the correlator output in addition to the SFD detection signal. If a SFD is reported during the scan period, it will terminate immediately indicating busy medium. Similarly, if the number of peaks above `CCACTRL.CCACORRTHRES` crosses the `CCACTRL.CCACORRCNT`, the `CCACTRL.CCABUSY` event is generated. If less than `CCACORRCOUNT` crossings are found and no SFD is reported, the `CCAIDLE` event will be generated and the device can send data.

CCA Mode 3

CCA Mode 3 is enabled by configuring `CCACTRL.CCAMODE=CarrierAndEdMode` or `CCACTRL.CCAMODE=CarrierOrEdMode`, performing the required logical combination of the result from CCA Mode 1 and 2. The `CCABUSY` or `CCAIDLE` events are generated by ANDing or ORing the *energy above threshold* and *carrier detection* scans.

Shortcuts

An ongoing CCA can always be stopped by issuing the `CCASTOP` task. This will trigger the associated `CCASTOPPED` event.

For CCA mode automation, a number of shortcuts are available.

- To automatically switch between RX (when performing the CCA) and to TX where the packet is sent, the shortcut between `CCAIDLE` and `TXEN`, in conjunction with the short between `CCAIDLE` and `STOP` must be used.
- To automatically disable the RADIO whenever the CCA reports a busy medium, the shortcut between `CCABUSY` and `DISABLE` can be used.
- To immediately start a CCA after ramping up into RX mode, the shortcut between `RXREADY` and `CCASTART` can be used.

Conversion

The conversion from a `CCAEDTHRES`, `CCA`, or `EDLEVEL` value to dBm can be done with the following equation, where `VALHARDWARE` is the hardware-reported values, being either `CCAEDTHRES`, `CCA` or `EDLEVEL`, and constants `ED_RSSISCALE` and `ED_RSSIOFFS` are from electrical specifications.

$$P_{RF}[\text{dBm}] = \text{ED_RSSIOFFS} + \text{ED_RSSISCALE} \times \text{VAL}_{\text{HARDWARE}}$$

Figure 159: Conversion between hardware value and dBm

7.1.27.13.5 Cyclic redundancy check (CRC)

IEEE 802.15.4 uses a 16-bit ITU-T cyclic redundancy check (CRC) calculated over the MAC header (MHR) and MAC service data unit (MSDU).

The standard defines the following generator polynomial:

$$G(x) = x^{16} + x^{12} + x^5 + 1$$

In receive mode the RADIO will trigger the CRC module when the first octet after the frame length (PHR) is received. The CRC will then update on each consecutive octet received. When a complete frame is received the **CRCSTATUS** register will be updated accordingly and the **CRCOK** or **CRCERROR** events generated. When the CRC module is enabled it will not write the two last octets (CRC) to the frame Data RAM. When transmitting, the CRC will be computed on the fly, starting with the first octet after PHR, and inserted as the two last octets in the frame. The EasyDMA will fetch frame length minus 2 octets from RAM and insert the CRC octets insitu.

Below is a code snippet for configuring the CRC module for correct operation when in IEEE 802.15.4 mode. The **CRCNCF** is written to 16-bit CRC and the **CRCPOLY** is written to 0x11021. The start value used by IEEE 802.15.4 is zero and **CRCINIT** is configured to reflect this.

```
/* 16-bit CRC with ITU-T polynomial with 0 as start condition*/
NRF_RADIO->CRCCNF = ((RADIO_CRCCNF_SKIPADDR_Ieee802154 << RADIO_CRCCNF_SKIPADDR_Pos) |
                    (RADIO_CRCCNF_LEN_Two << RADIO_CRCCNF_LEN_Pos));
NRF_RADIO->CRCPOLY = 0x11021;
NRF_RADIO->CRCINIT = 0;
```

The ENDIANESS subregister must be set to little-endian since the FCS field is transmitted from left bit to right.

7.1.27.13.6 Transmit sequence

The transmission is started by first putting the RADIO in receive mode and triggering the **RXEN** task.

An outline of the IEEE 802.15.4 transmission is illustrated in the figure below.

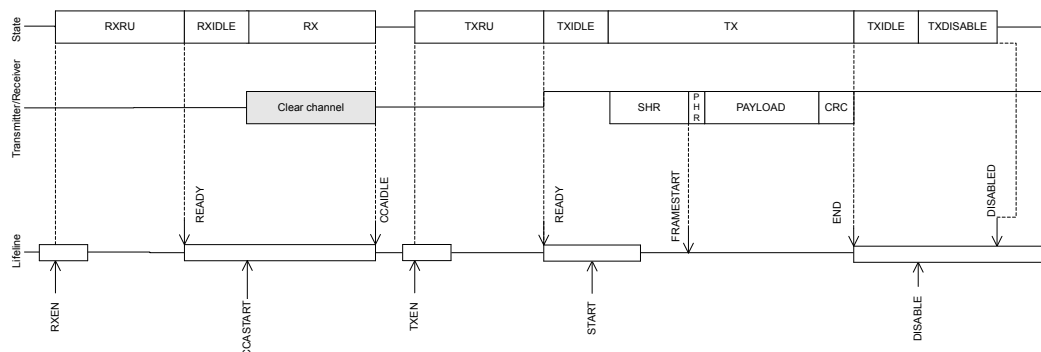


Figure 160: IEEE 802.15.4 transmit sequence

The receiver will ramp up and enter the RXIDLE state where the **READY** event is generated. Upon receiving the ready event, the CCA is started by triggering the **CCASTART** task. The chosen mode of assessment (**CCACTRL.CCAMODE** register) will be performed and signal the **CCAIDLE** or **CCABUSY** event 128 µs later. If the **CCABUSY** event is received, the RADIO will have to retry the CCA after a specific back-off period. This is outlined in the *IEEE 802.15.4 standard, Figure 69 in section 7.5.1.4 The CSMA-CA algorithm*.

If the **CCAIDLE** event is generated, a write to the **TXEN** task register enters the RADIO in TXRU state. The **READY** event will be generated when the RADIO is in TXIDLE state and ready to transmit. With the **PACKETPTR** pointing to the length (PHR) field of the frame, the **START** task can be written. The RADIO will send the four octet preamble sequence followed by the start of frame delimiter (**SFD** register). The first byte read from the Data RAM is the length field (PHR) followed by the transmission of the number of bytes indicated as the frame length. If the CRC module is configured it will run for PHR-2 octets. The last two octets will be substituted with the results from running the CRC. The necessary CRC parameters are sampled on the **START** task. The FCS field of the frame is little endian.

In addition to the already available shortcuts, one is provided between **READY** event and **CCASTART** task so that a CCA can automatically start when the receiver is ready. A second shortcut has been added between

CCAIDLE event and the TXEN task, so that upon detecting a clear channel the RADIO can immediately enter transmit mode.

7.1.27.13.7 Receive sequence

The reception is started by first putting the RADIO in receive mode. After writing to the RXEN task, the RADIO will start ramping up and enter the RXRU state.

When the READY event is generated, the RADIO enters the RXIDLE mode. For the baseband processing to be enabled, the START task must be written. An outline of the IEEE 802.15.4 reception can be found in the figure below.

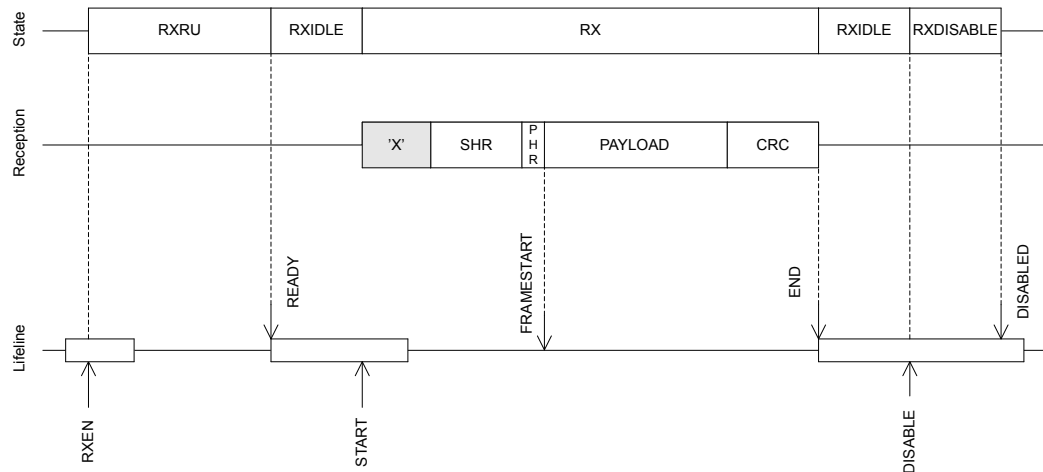


Figure 161: IEEE 802.15.4 receive sequence

When a valid SHR is received the RADIO will start storing future octets (starting with PHR) to the data memory pointed to by PACKETPTR. After the SFD octet is received the FRAMESTART event is generated. If the CRC module is enabled it will start updating with the second byte received (first byte in payload) and run for the full frame length. The two last bytes in the frame are not written to RAM when CRC is configured. However, if the result of the CRC after running the full frame is zero, the CRCOK event will be generated. The END event is generated when the last octet has been received and is available in data memory.

When a packet is received a link quality indicator (LQI) is also generated and appended immediately after the last received octet. When using an IEEE 802.15.4 compliant frame, this will be just after the MSDU since the FCS is not reported. In the case of a non-compliant frame it will be appended after the full frame. The LQI reported by hardware must be converted to IEEE 802.15.4 range by an 8-bit saturating multiplication by 4, as shown in IEEE 802.15.4 ED measurement example on page 425. The LQI is only valid for frames equal to or longer than three octets. When receiving a frame the RSSI (reported as negative dB) will be measured at three points during the reception. These three values will be sorted and the middle one selected (median 3) to be remapped within the LQI range. The following figure illustrates the LQI measurement and how the data is arranged in data memory.

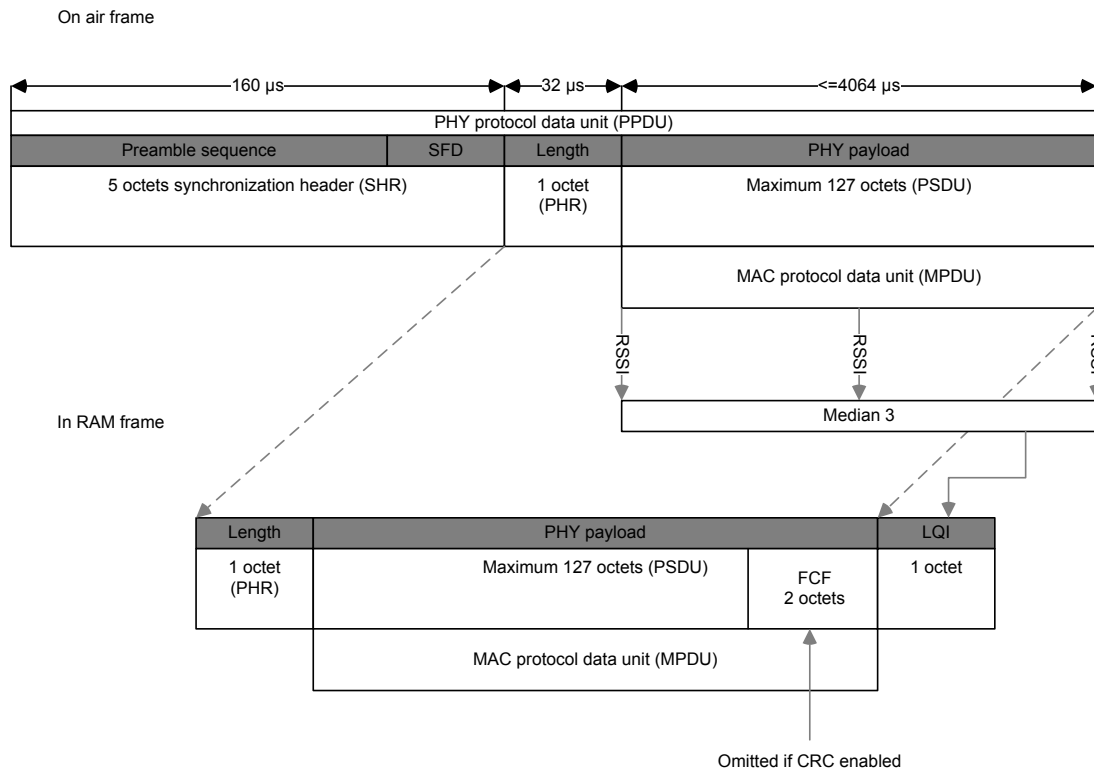


Figure 162: IEEE 802.15.4 frame in data memory

A shortcut has been added between the **FRAMESTART** event and the **BCSTART** task. This can be used to trigger a **BCMATCH** event after N bits, such as when inspecting the MAC addressing fields.

7.1.27.13.8 Interframe spacing (IFS)

The IEEE 802.15.4 standard defines a specific time that is allotted for the MAC sublayer to process received data. Interframe spacing (IFS) is used to prevent that two frames are transmitted too close together. If the transmission is requesting an acknowledgement, the space before the second frame shall be at least one IFS period.

The IFS is determined to be one of the following:

- IFS equals `macMinSIFSPeriod` (12 symbols) if the MPDU is less than or equal to `aMaxSIFSFrameSize` (18 octets) octets
- IFS equals `macMinLIFSPeriod` (40 symbols) if the MPDU is larger than `aMaxSIFSFrameSize`

Using the efficient assisted modes in the RADIO, the **TIFS** will be programmed with the correct value based on the frame being transmitted. If the assisted modes are not being used the user must update the **TIFS** register manually. The figure below provides details on what IFS period is valid in both acknowledged and unacknowledged transmissions.

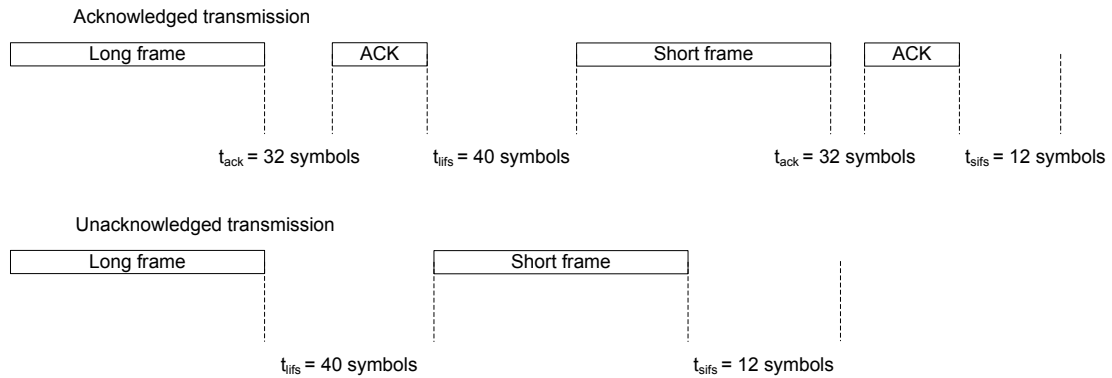


Figure 163: Interframe spacing examples

7.1.27.14 EasyDMA

The RADIO uses EasyDMA to read and write packets to RAM without CPU involvement.

As illustrated in [Figure 135: RADIO block diagram](#) on page 409, the RADIO's EasyDMA utilizes the same [PACKETPTR](#) for receiving and transmitting packets. This pointer should be reconfigured by the CPU each time before RADIO is started by the [START](#) task. The [PACKETPTR](#) register is double-buffered, meaning that it can be updated and prepared for the next transmission.

The [END](#) event indicates that the last bit has been processed by the RADIO. The [DISABLED](#) event is issued to acknowledge that a [DISABLE](#) task is done.

The structure of a packet is described in detail in [Packet configuration](#) on page 409. The data that is stored in Data RAM and transported by EasyDMA consists of the following fields:

- S0
- LENGTH
- S1
- PAYLOAD

In addition, a static add-on is sent immediately after the payload.

The size of each of the above fields in the frame is configurable (see [Packet configuration](#) on page 409), and the space occupied in RAM depends on these settings. The size of the field can be zero, as long as the resulting frame complies with the chosen RF protocol.

All fields are extended in size to align with a byte boundary in RAM. For instance, a 3-bit long field on air will occupy 1 byte in RAM while a 9-bit long field will be extended to 2 bytes.

The packet's elements can be configured as follows:

- CI, TERM1, and TERM2 fields are only present in *Bluetooth* Low Energy Long Range mode
- S0 is configured through the [PCNF0.SOLEN](#) field
- LENGTH is configured through the [PCNF0.LFLEN](#) field
- S1 is configured through the [PCNF0.S1LEN](#) field
- Payload size is configured through the value in RAM corresponding to the LENGTH field
- Static add-on size is configured through the [PCNF1.STATLEN](#) field

The [PCNF1.MAXLEN](#) field configures the maximum packet payload plus add-on size in number of bytes that can be transmitted or received by the RADIO. This feature can be used to ensure that the RADIO does not overwrite, or read beyond, the RAM assigned to the packet payload. This means that if the LENGTH field of the packet payload exceeds [PCNF1.STATLEN](#), and the LENGTH field in the packet specifies a packet larger than configured in [PCNF1.MAXLEN](#), the payload will be truncated to the length specified in [PCNF1.MAXLEN](#).

Note: The `PCNF1.MAXLEN` field includes the payload and the add-on, but excludes the size occupied by the `S0`, `LENGTH`, and `S1` fields. This has to be taken into account when allocating RAM.

If the payload and add-on length is specified larger than `PCNF1.MAXLEN`, the RADIO will still transmit or receive in the same way as before, except the payload is now truncated to `PCNF1.MAXLEN`. The packet's `LENGTH` field will not be altered when the payload is truncated. The RADIO will calculate CRC as if the packet length is equal to `PCNF1.MAXLEN`.

Note: If `PACKETPTR` is not pointing to the Data RAM region, an EasyDMA transfer may result in a HardFault or RAM corruption. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information about the different memory regions.

The `END` event indicates that the last bit has been processed by the RADIO. The `DISABLED` event is issued to acknowledge that an `DISABLE` task is done.

7.1.27.15 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x41008000	NETWORK	RADIO	RADIO	NS	NA	2.4 GHz radio	

Table 130: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
<code>TASKS_TXEN</code>	0x000		Enable RADIO in TX mode
<code>TASKS_RXEN</code>	0x004		Enable RADIO in RX mode
<code>TASKS_START</code>	0x008		Start RADIO
<code>TASKS_STOP</code>	0x00C		Stop RADIO
<code>TASKS_DISABLE</code>	0x010		Disable RADIO
<code>TASKS_RSSISTART</code>	0x014		Start the RSSI and take one single sample of the receive signal strength
<code>TASKS_RSSISTOP</code>	0x018		Stop the RSSI measurement
<code>TASKS_BCSTART</code>	0x01C		Start the bit counter
<code>TASKS_BCSTOP</code>	0x020		Stop the bit counter
<code>TASKS_EDSTART</code>	0x024		Start the energy detect measurement used in IEEE 802.15.4 mode
<code>TASKS_EDSTOP</code>	0x028		Stop the energy detect measurement
<code>TASKS_CCASTART</code>	0x02C		Start the clear channel assessment used in IEEE 802.15.4 mode
<code>TASKS_CCASTOP</code>	0x030		Stop the clear channel assessment
<code>SUBSCRIBE_TXEN</code>	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task <code>TXEN</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_RXEN</code>	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task <code>RXEN</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_START</code>	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task <code>START</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_STOP</code>	0x08C		Subscribe configuration for task <code>STOP</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_DISABLE</code>	0x090		Subscribe configuration for task <code>DISABLE</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_RSSISTART</code>	0x094		Subscribe configuration for task <code>RSSISTART</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_RSSISTOP</code>	0x098		Subscribe configuration for task <code>RSSISTOP</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_BCSTART</code>	0x09C		Subscribe configuration for task <code>BCSTART</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_BCSTOP</code>	0x0A0		Subscribe configuration for task <code>BCSTOP</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_EDSTART</code>	0x0A4		Subscribe configuration for task <code>EDSTART</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_EDSTOP</code>	0x0A8		Subscribe configuration for task <code>EDSTOP</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_CCASTART</code>	0x0AC		Subscribe configuration for task <code>CCASTART</code>
<code>SUBSCRIBE_CCASTOP</code>	0x0B0		Subscribe configuration for task <code>CCASTOP</code>
<code>EVENTS_READY</code>	0x100		RADIO has ramped up and is ready to be started
<code>EVENTS_ADDRESS</code>	0x104		Address sent or received
<code>EVENTS_PAYLOAD</code>	0x108		Packet payload sent or received
<code>EVENTS_END</code>	0x10C		Packet sent or received

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EVENTS_DISABLED	0x110		RADIO has been disabled
EVENTS_DEVMATCH	0x114		A device address match occurred on the last received packet
EVENTS_DEVMISS	0x118		No device address match occurred on the last received packet
EVENTS_RSSIEND	0x11C		Sampling of receive signal strength complete
EVENTS_BCMATCH	0x128		Bit counter reached bit count value
EVENTS_CRCOK	0x130		Packet received with CRC ok
EVENTS_CRCERROR	0x134		Packet received with CRC error
EVENTS_FRAMESTART	0x138		IEEE 802.15.4 length field received
EVENTS_EDEND	0x13C		Sampling of energy detection complete. A new ED sample is ready for readout from the RADIO.EDSAMPLE register
EVENTS_EDSTOPPED	0x140		The sampling of energy detection has stopped
EVENTS_CCAIDLE	0x144		Wireless medium in idle - clear to send
EVENTS_CCABUSY	0x148		Wireless medium busy - do not send
EVENTS_CCASTOPPED	0x14C		The CCA has stopped
EVENTS_RATEBOOST	0x150		Ble_LR CI field received, receive mode is changed from Ble_LR125Kbit to Ble_LR500Kbit.
EVENTS_TXREADY	0x154		RADIO has ramped up and is ready to be started TX path
EVENTS_RXREADY	0x158		RADIO has ramped up and is ready to be started RX path
EVENTS_MHRMATCH	0x15C		MAC header match found
EVENTS_PHYEND	0x16C		Generated when last bit is sent on air
EVENTS_CTEPRESENT	0x170		CTE is present (early warning right after receiving CTEInfo byte)
PUBLISH_READY	0x180		Publish configuration for event READY
PUBLISH_ADDRESS	0x184		Publish configuration for event ADDRESS
PUBLISH_PAYLOAD	0x188		Publish configuration for event PAYLOAD
PUBLISH_END	0x18C		Publish configuration for event END
PUBLISH_DISABLED	0x190		Publish configuration for event DISABLED
PUBLISH_DEVMATCH	0x194		Publish configuration for event DEVMATCH
PUBLISH_DEVMISS	0x198		Publish configuration for event DEVMISS
PUBLISH_RSSIEND	0x19C		Publish configuration for event RSSIEND
PUBLISH_BCMATCH	0x1A8		Publish configuration for event BCMATCH
PUBLISH_CRCOK	0x1B0		Publish configuration for event CRCOK
PUBLISH_CRCERROR	0x1B4		Publish configuration for event CRCERROR
PUBLISH_FRAMESTART	0x1B8		Publish configuration for event FRAMESTART
PUBLISH_EDEND	0x1BC		Publish configuration for event EDEND
PUBLISH_EDSTOPPED	0x1C0		Publish configuration for event EDSTOPPED
PUBLISH_CCAIDLE	0x1C4		Publish configuration for event CCAIDLE
PUBLISH_CCABUSY	0x1C8		Publish configuration for event CCABUSY
PUBLISH_CCASTOPPED	0x1CC		Publish configuration for event CCASTOPPED
PUBLISH_RATEBOOST	0x1D0		Publish configuration for event RATEBOOST
PUBLISH_TXREADY	0x1D4		Publish configuration for event TXREADY
PUBLISH_RXREADY	0x1D8		Publish configuration for event RXREADY
PUBLISH_MHRMATCH	0x1DC		Publish configuration for event MHRMATCH
PUBLISH_PHYEND	0x1EC		Publish configuration for event PHYEND
PUBLISH_CTEPRESENT	0x1F0		Publish configuration for event CTEPRESENT
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
CRCSTATUS	0x400		CRC status
RXMATCH	0x408		Received address
RXCRC	0x40C		CRC field of previously received packet
DAI	0x410		Device address match index
PDUSTAT	0x414		Payload status
CTESTATUS	0x44C		CTEInfo parsed from received packet

Register	Offset	Security	Description
DFESTATUS	0x458		DFE status information
PACKETPTR	0x504		Packet pointer
FREQUENCY	0x508		Frequency
TXPOWER	0x50C		Output power
MODE	0x510		Data rate and modulation
PCNF0	0x514		Packet configuration register 0
PCNF1	0x518		Packet configuration register 1
BASE0	0x51C		Base address 0
BASE1	0x520		Base address 1
PREFIX0	0x524		Prefixes bytes for logical addresses 0-3
PREFIX1	0x528		Prefixes bytes for logical addresses 4-7
TXADDRESS	0x52C		Transmit address select
RXADDRESSES	0x530		Receive address select
CRCCNF	0x534		CRC configuration
CRCPOLY	0x538		CRC polynomial
CRCINIT	0x53C		CRC initial value
TIFS	0x544		Interframe spacing in μ s
RSSISAMPLE	0x548		RSSI sample
STATE	0x550		Current radio state
DATAWHITEIV	0x554		Data whitening initial value
BCC	0x560		Bit counter compare
DAB[n]	0x600		Device address base segment n
DAP[n]	0x620		Device address prefix n
DACNF	0x640		Device address match configuration
MHRMATCHCONF	0x644		Search pattern configuration
MHRMATCHMAS	0x648		Pattern mask
MODECNF0	0x650		Radio mode configuration register 0
SFD	0x660		IEEE 802.15.4 start of frame delimiter
EDCNT	0x664		IEEE 802.15.4 energy detect loop count
EDSAMPLE	0x668		IEEE 802.15.4 energy detect level
CCACTRL	0x66C		IEEE 802.15.4 clear channel assessment control
DFEMODE	0x900		Whether to use Angle-of-Arrival (AOA) or Angle-of-Departure (AOD)
CTEINLINECONF	0x904		Configuration for CTE inline mode
DFECTRL1	0x910		Various configuration for Direction finding
DFECTRL2	0x914		Start offset for Direction finding
SWITCHPATTERN	0x928		GPIO patterns to be used for each antenna
CLEARPATTERN	0x92C		Clear the GPIO pattern array for antenna control
PSEL.DFEGPIO[n]	0x930		Pin select for DFE pin n
DFEPACKET.PTR	0x950		Data pointer
DFEPACKET.MAXCNT	0x954		Maximum number of buffer words to transfer
DFEPACKET.AMOUNT	0x958		Number of samples transferred in the last transaction
POWER	0xFFC		Peripheral power control

Table 131: Register overview

7.1.27.15.1 TASKS_TXEN

Address offset: 0x000

Enable RADIO in TX mode

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	W	TASKS_TXEN						Enable RADIO in TX mode																																			
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																					

7.1.27.15.2 TASKS_RXEN

Address offset: 0x004

Enable RADIO in RX mode

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	W	TASKS_RXEN						Enable RADIO in RX mode																																			
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																					

7.1.27.15.3 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x008

Start RADIO

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_START						Start RADIO																																				
				Trigger	1		Trigger task																																					

7.1.27.15.4 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x00C

Stop RADIO

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_STOP						Stop RADIO																																				
		Trigger		1				Trigger task																																				

7.1.27.15.5 TASKS_DISABLE

Address offset: 0x010

Disable RADIO

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_DISABLE						Disable RADIO																																				
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																						

7.1.27.15.6 TASKS_RSSISTART

Address offset: 0x014

Start the RSSI and take one single sample of the receive signal strength

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_RSSISTART		Start the RSSI and take one single sample of the receive signal strength																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.27.15.7 TASKS_RSSISTOP

Address offset: 0x018

Stop the RSSI measurement

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_RSSISTOP						Stop the RSSI measurement																																				
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																						

7.1.27.15.8 TASKS_BCSTART

Address offset: 0x01C

Start the bit counter

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID		A																															
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	W	TASKS_BCSTART				Start the bit counter																											
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																											

7.1.27.15.9 TASKS_BCSTOP

Address offset: 0x020

Stop the bit counter

Address offset: 0x024

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A
Reset 0x00000000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A	W	TASKS_EDSTART			Start the energy detect measurement used in IEEE 802.15.4 mode																												
		Trigger	1		Trigger task																												

Address offset: 0x028

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																			A
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																														
A	W	TASKS_EDSTOP			Stop the energy detect measurement																														
		Trigger	1		Trigger task																														

Address offset: 0x02C

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID			A																																	
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	W	TASKS_CCASTART			Start the clear channel assessment used in IEEE 802.15.4 mode																															
		Trigger	1		Trigger task																															

Address offset: 0x030

4406_456 v0.5

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	W	TASKS_CCASTOP				Stop the clear channel assessment																											
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																											

7.1.27.15.14 SUBSCRIBE_TXEN

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task **TXEN**

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		B																															A A A A A A A A
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task TXEN will subscribe to																											
B	RW	EN	Disabled		0		Disable subscription																										
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																										

7.1.27.15.15 SUBSCRIBE_RXEN

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task **RXEN**

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		B																															A A A A A A A A
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task RXEN will subscribe to																											
B	RW	EN	Disabled		0		Disable subscription																										
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																										

7.1.27.15.16 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task **START**

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		B																															A A A A A A A A
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task START will subscribe to																											
B	RW	EN	Disabled		0		Disable subscription																										
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																										

7.1.27.15.17 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x08C

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0		Disable subscription																													
		Enabled	1		Enable subscription																													

7.1.27.15.18 SUBSCRIBE_DISABLE

Address offset: 0x090

Subscribe configuration for task **DISABLE**

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task DISABLE will subscribe to																															
B	RW EN																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																															
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																															

7.1.27.15.19 SUBSCRIBE_RSSISTART

Address offset: 0x094

Subscribe configuration for task **RSSISTART**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task RSSISTART will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0		Disable subscription																													
		Enabled	1		Enable subscription																													

7.1.27.15.20 SUBSCRIBE_RSSISTOP

Address offset: 0x098

Subscribe configuration for task **RSSISTOP**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																																												
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task RSSISTOP will subscribe to																																																												
B	RW EN																																																															
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																																												
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																																												

7.1.27.15.21 SUBSCRIBE_BCSTART

Address offset: 0x09C

Subscribe configuration for task **BCSTART**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A							
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task BCSTART will subscribe to																																					
B	RW EN																																											
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																					
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																					

7.1.27.15.22 SUBSCRIBE_BCSTOP

Address offset: 0x0A0

Subscribe configuration for task **BCSTOP**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task BCSTOP will subscribe to																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																		

7.1.27.15.23 SUBSCRIBE_EDSTART

Address offset: 0x0A4

Subscribe configuration for task **EDSTART**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task EDSTART will subscribe to																																																										
B	RW	EN																																																														
				Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																																										
				Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																																										

7.1.27.15.24 SUBSCRIBE_EDSTOP

Address offset: 0x0A8

Subscribe configuration for task **EDSTOP**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task EDSTOP will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.27.15.25 SUBSCRIBE_CCASTART

Address offset: 0x0AC

Subscribe configuration for task **CCASTART**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task CCASTART will subscribe to																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.27.15.26 SUBSCRIBE_CCASTOP

Address offset: 0x0B0

Subscribe configuration for task **CCASTOP**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task CCASTOP will subscribe to																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.27.15.27 EVENTS_READY

Address offset: 0x100

RADIO has ramped up and is ready to be started

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_READY		RADIO has ramped up and is ready to be started																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.27.15.28 EVENTS_ADDRESS

Address offset: 0x104

Address sent or received

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_ADDRESS		Address sent or received																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.27.15.29 EVENTS_PAYLOAD

Address offset: 0x108

Packet payload sent or received

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_PAYLOAD		Packet payload sent or received																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.27.15.30 EVENTS_END

Address offset: 0x10C

Packet sent or received

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_END		Packet sent or received																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.27.15.31 EVENTS_DISABLED

Address offset: 0x110

RADIO has been disabled

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_DISABLED		RADIO has been disabled																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.27.15.32 EVENTS_DEVMATCH

Address offset: 0x114

A device address match occurred on the last received packet

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW		EVENTS_DEVMATCH				A device address match occurred on the last received packet																																					
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																					
			Generated		1		Event generated																																					

7.1.27.15.33 EVENTS_DEVMISS

Address offset: 0x118

No device address match occurred on the last received packet

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				A																																			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	EVENTS_DEVMISS				No device address match occurred on the last received packet																																	
			NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																																	
			Generated	1		Event generated																																	

7.1.27.15.34 EVENTS_RSSIEND

Address offset: 0x11C

Sampling of receive signal strength complete

A new RSSI sample is ready for readout from the RADIO.RSSISAMPLE register

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID																																						A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_RSSIEND		Sampling of receive signal strength complete																																			
				A new RSSI sample is ready for readout from the RADIO.RSSISAMPLE register																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.27.15.35 EVENTS_BCMATCH

Address offset: 0x128

Bit counter reached bit count value

Bit counter value is specified in the RADIO.BCC register

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_BCMATCH		Bit counter reached bit count value																														
				Bit counter value is specified in the RADIO.BCC register																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.27.15.36 EVENTS_CRCOK

Address offset: 0x130

Packet received with CRC ok

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_CRCOK		Packet received with CRC ok																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.27.15.37 EVENTS_CRCERROR

Address offset: 0x134

Packet received with CRC error

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_CRCERROR		Packet received with CRC error																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.27.15.38 EVENTS_FRAMESTART

Address offset: 0x138

IEEE 802.15.4 length field received

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_FRAMESTART		IEEE 802.15.4 length field received																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.27.15.39 EVENTS_EDEND

Address offset: 0x13C

Sampling of energy detection complete. A new ED sample is ready for readout from the RADIO.EDSAMPLE register

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	EVENTS_EDEND		Sampling of energy detection complete. A new ED sample is ready for readout from the RADIO.EDSAMPLE register																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.27.15.40 EVENTS_EDSTOPPED

Address offset: 0x140

The sampling of energy detection has stopped

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_EDSTOPPED		The sampling of energy detection has stopped																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.27.15.41 EVENTS_CCAIDLE

Address offset: 0x144

Wireless medium in idle - clear to send

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_CCAIDLE		Wireless medium in idle - clear to send																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.27.15.42 EVENTS_CCABUSY

Address offset: 0x148

Wireless medium busy - do not send

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_CCABUSY			Wireless medium busy - do not send																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.27.15.43 EVENTS_CCASTOPPED

Address offset: 0x14C

The CCA has stopped

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_CCASTOPPED			The CCA has stopped																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.27.15.44 EVENTS_RATEBOOST

Address offset: 0x150

Ble_LR CI field received, receive mode is changed from Ble_LR125Kbit to Ble_LR500Kbit.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_RATEBOOST		Ble_LR CI field received, receive mode is changed from Ble_LR125Kbit to Ble_LR500Kbit.																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.27.15.45 EVENTS_TXREADY

Address offset: 0x154

RADIO has ramped up and is ready to be started TX path

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW EVENTS_TXREADY			RADIO has ramped up and is ready to be started TX path																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.27.15.46 EVENTS_RXREADY

Address offset: 0x158

RADIO has ramped up and is ready to be started RX path

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_RXREADY		RADIO has ramped up and is ready to be started RX path																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.27.15.47 EVENTS_MHRMATCH

Address offset: 0x15C

MAC header match found

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_MHRMATCH		MAC header match found																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.27.15.48 EVENTS_PHYEND

Address offset: 0x16C

Generated when last bit is sent on air

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_PHYEND		Generated when last bit is sent on air																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.27.15.49 EVENTS_CTEPRESENT

Address offset: 0x170

CTE is present (early warning right after receiving CTEInfo byte)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				A																																			
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	EVENTS_CTEPRESENT				CTE is present (early warning right after receiving CTEInfo byte)																																	
			NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																																	
			Generated	1		Event generated																																	

7.1.27.15.50 PUBLISH_READY

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event [READY](#)

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event READY will publish to.																																						
B	RW	EN		Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																				
				Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																				

7.1.27.15.51 PUBLISH_ADDRESS

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event [ADDRESS](#)

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																			
A	RW CHIDX						[255..0]			Channel that event ADDRESS will publish to.																																			
B	RW EN																																												
				Disabled			0			Disable publishing																																			
				Enabled			1			Enable publishing																																			

7.1.27.15.52 PUBLISH_PAYLOAD

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event [PAYLOAD](#)

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																			
A	RW	CHIDX						[255..0]			Channel that event PAYLOAD will publish to.																																		
B	RW	EN																																											
				Disabled			0			Disable publishing																																			
				Enabled			1			Enable publishing																																			

7.1.27.15.53 PUBLISH_END

Address offset: 0x18C

Publish configuration for event **END**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event END will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.27.15.54 PUBLISH_DISABLED

Address offset: 0x190

Publish configuration for event **DISABLED**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event DISABLED will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.27.15.55 PUBLISH_DEVMATCH

Address offset: 0x194

Publish configuration for event **DEVMATCH**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event DEVMATCH will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.27.15.56 PUBLISH_DEVMISS

Address offset: 0x198

Publish configuration for event **DEVMISS**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event DEVMISS will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.27.15.57 PUBLISH_RSSIEND

Address offset: 0x19C

Publish configuration for event [RSSIEND](#)

A new RSSI sample is ready for readout from the RADIO.RSSISAMPLE register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value		Description																																																							
A	RW CHIDX					[255..0]		Channel that event RSSIEND will publish to.																																																							
B	RW EN			Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																																							
				Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																																							

7.1.27.15.58 PUBLISH_BCMATCH

Address offset: 0x1A8

Publish configuration for event [BCMATCH](#)

Bit counter value is specified in the RADIO.BCC register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																									
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event BCMATCH will publish to.																																																									
B	RW EN																																																														
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																																									
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																																									

7.1.27.15.59 PUBLISH_CRCOK

Address offset: 0x1B0

Publish configuration for event [CRCOK](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event CRCOK will publish to.																																	
B	RW EN																																				
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																	
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																	

7.1.27.15.60 PUBLISH_CRCERROR

Address offset: 0x1B4

Publish configuration for event [CRCERROR](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event CRCERROR will publish to.																																	
B	RW EN																																				
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																	
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																	

7.1.27.15.61 PUBLISH_FRAMESTART

Address offset: 0x1B8

Publish configuration for event [FRAMESTART](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event FRAMESTART will publish to.																															
B	RW EN		Disabled	0		Disable publishing																															
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																															

7.1.27.15.62 PUBLISH_EDEND

Address offset: 0x1BC

Publish configuration for event [EDEND](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event EDEND will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.27.15.63 PUBLISH_EDSTOPPED

Address offset: 0x1C0

Publish configuration for event **EDSTOPPED**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event EDSTOPPED will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0		Disable publishing																													
		Enabled	1		Enable publishing																													

7.1.27.15.64 PUBLISH_CCAIDLE

Address offset: 0x1C4

Publish configuration for event **CCAIDLE**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event CCAIDLE will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0		Disable publishing																													
		Enabled	1		Enable publishing																													

7.1.27.15.65 PUBLISH_CCABUSY

Address offset: 0x1C8

Publish configuration for event **CCABUSY**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event CCABUSY will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.27.15.66 PUBLISH_CCASTOPPED

Address offset: 0x1CC

Publish configuration for event **CCASTOPPED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event CCASTOPPED will publish to.																																	
B	RW EN																																				
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																	
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																	

7.1.27.15.67 PUBLISH_RATEBOOST

Address offset: 0x1D0

Publish configuration for event **RATEBOOST**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event RATEBOOST will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.27.15.68 PUBLISH_TXREADY

Address offset: 0x1D4

Publish configuration for event **TXREADY**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																	
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event TXREADY will publish to.																															
B	RW EN																																				
		Disabled		0		Disable publishing																															
		Enabled		1		Enable publishing																															

7.1.27.15.69 PUBLISH_RXREADY

Address offset: 0x1D8

Publish configuration for event **RXREADY**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event RXREADY will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.27.15.70 PUBLISH_MHRMATCH

Address offset: 0x1DC

Publish configuration for event [MHRMATCH](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event MHRMATCH will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.27.15.71 PUBLISH_PHYEND

Address offset: 0x1EC

Publish configuration for event [PHYEND](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event PHYEND will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.27.15.72 PUBLISH_CTEPRESENT

Address offset: 0x1F0

Publish configuration for event [CTEPRESENT](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that event CTEPRESENT will publish to.																											
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0				Disable publishing																											
		Enabled	1				Enable publishing																											

7.1.27.15.73 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				U T S R Q P O N M L K H G F E D C B A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	READY_START			Shortcut between event READY and task START																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
B	RW	END_DISABLE			Shortcut between event END and task DISABLE																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
C	RW	DISABLED_TXEN			Shortcut between event DISABLED and task TXEN																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
D	RW	DISABLED_RXEN			Shortcut between event DISABLED and task RXEN																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
E	RW	ADDRESS_RSSISTART			Shortcut between event ADDRESS and task RSSISTART																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
F	RW	END_START			Shortcut between event END and task START																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
G	RW	ADDRESS_BCSTART			Shortcut between event ADDRESS and task BCSTART																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
H	RW	DISABLED_RSSISTOP			Shortcut between event DISABLED and task RSSISTOP																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
K	RW	RXREADY_CCASTART			Shortcut between event RXREADY and task CCASTART																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
L	RW	CCAIDLE_TXEN			Shortcut between event CCAIDLE and task TXEN																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
M	RW	CCABUSY_DISABLE			Shortcut between event CCABUSY and task DISABLE																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
N	RW	FRAMESTART_BCSTART			Shortcut between event FRAMESTART and task BCSTART																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
O	RW	READY_EDSTART			Shortcut between event READY and task EDSTART																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
P	RW	EDEND_DISABLE			Shortcut between event EDEND and task DISABLE																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
Q	RW	CCAIDLE_STOP			Shortcut between event CCAIDLE and task STOP																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
R	RW	TXREADY_START			Shortcut between event TXREADY and task START																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															
S	RW	RXREADY_START			Shortcut between event RXREADY and task START																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																	
ID				U																T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	H																G	F	E	D	C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																															
T	RW	PHYEND_DISABLE	Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																																															
			Disabled	0	Shortcut between event PHYEND and task DISABLE																																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																																															
U	RW	PHYEND_START	Disabled	0	Shortcut between event PHYEND and task START																																															
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																																															
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																																															

7.1.27.15.74 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			a Z V U T S R Q P O N M L K I																H G F E D C B A															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW READY			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event READY																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW ADDRESS			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ADDRESS																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW PAYLOAD			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event PAYLOAD																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
D	RW END			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event END																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
E	RW DISABLED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event DISABLED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
F	RW DEVMATCH			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event DEVMATCH																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
G	RW DEVMISS			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event DEVMISS																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
H	RW RSSIEND			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RSSIEND																														
				A new RSSI sample is ready for readout from the RADIO.RSSISAMPLE register																														
		Set	1	Enable																														

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				a Z								V U T S R Q P O N M L K								I								H G F E D C B A								
Reset 0x00000000				0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0								0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0								0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0								0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0								
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
I	RW	BCMATCH	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event BCMATCH																															
					Bit counter value is specified in the RADIO.BCC register																															
			Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CRCOK																															
K	RW	CRCOK	Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CRCOK																															
L	RW	CRCERROR	Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CRCERROR																															
M	RW	FRAMESTART	Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event FRAMESTART																															
N	RW	EDEND	Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event EDEND																															
O	RW	EDSTOPPED	Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event EDSTOPPED																															
P	RW	CCAIDLE	Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CCAIDLE																															
Q	RW	CCABUSY	Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CCABUSY																															
R	RW	CCASTOPPED	Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CCASTOPPED																															
S	RW	RATEBOOST	Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RATEBOOST																															
T	RW	TXREADY	Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
					Write '1' to enable interrupt for event TXREADY																															
U	RW	RXREADY	Set	1	Enable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																	
ID			a Z				V U T S R Q P O N M L K																I				H G F E D C B A									
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																															
		Enabled	1		Read: Enabled																															
V	RW	MHRMATCH		Write '1' to enable interrupt for event MHRMATCH																																
		Set	1	Enable																																
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																
Z	RW	PHYEND		Write '1' to enable interrupt for event PHYEND																																
		Set	1	Enable																																
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																
a	RW	CTEPRESENT		Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CTEPRESENT																																
		Set	1	Enable																																
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																

7.1.27.15.75 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				a Z								V U T S R Q P O N M L K								I								H G F E D C B A								
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	READY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event READY																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
B	RW	ADDRESS			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ADDRESS																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
C	RW	PAYLOAD			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event PAYLOAD																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
D	RW	END			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event END																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
E	RW	DISABLED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event DISABLED																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
F	RW	DEVMATCH			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event DEVMATCH																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
G	RW	DEVMISS			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event DEVMISS																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				a	Z				V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K				I				H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
H	RW	RSSIEND	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RSSIEND																																			
			A new RSSI sample is ready for readout from the RADIO.RSSISAMPLE register																																			
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
I	RW	BCMATCH	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event BCMATCH																																			
			Bit counter value is specified in the RADIO.BCC register																																			
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
K	RW	CRCOK	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CRCOK																																			
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
L	RW	CRCERROR	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CRCERROR																																			
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
M	RW	FRAMESTART	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event FRAMESTART																																			
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
N	RW	EDEND	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event EDEND																																			
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
O	RW	EDSTOPPED	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event EDSTOPPED																																			
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
P	RW	CCAIDLE	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CCAIDLE																																			
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
Q	RW	CCABUSY	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CCABUSY																																			
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
R	RW	CCASTOPPED	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CCASTOPPED																																			
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
S	RW	RATEBOOST	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RATEBOOST																																			
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
T	RW	TXREADY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TXREADY																																	

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID	a Z V U T S R Q P O N M L K I H G F E D C B A																																	
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
U	RW	RXREADY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RXREADY																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
V	RW	MHRMATCH			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event MHRMATCH																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
Z	RW	PHYEND			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event PHYEND																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
a	RW	CTEPRESENT			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CTEPRESENT																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.27.15.76 CRCSTATUS

Address offset: 0x400

CRC status

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	R	CRCSTATUS			CRC status of packet received																															
			CRCErr	0	Packet received with CRC error																															
			CRCOk	1	Packet received with CRC ok																															

7.1.27.15.77 RXMATCH

Address offset: 0x408

Received address

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	RXMATCH					Received address																											
			Logical address of which previous packet was received																															

7.1.27.15.78 RXCRC

Address offset: 0x40C

CRC field of previously received packet

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		A A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Description
A	R	RXCRC	CRC field of previously received packet
			CRC field of previously received packet

7.1.27.15.79 DAI

Address offset: 0x410

Device address match index

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		A A A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Description
A	R	DAI	Device address match index
			Index (n) of device address, see DAB[n] and DAP[n], that got an address match

7.1.27.15.80 PDUSTAT

Address offset: 0x414

Payload status

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		B B A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Description
A	R	PDUSTAT	Status on payload length vs. PCNF1.MAXLEN
		LessThan	Payload less than PCNF1.MAXLEN
		GreaterThan	Payload greater than PCNF1.MAXLEN
B	R	CISTAT	Status on what rate packet is received with in Long Range
		LR125kbit	Frame is received at 125 kbps
		LR500kbit	Frame is received at 500 kbps

7.1.27.15.81 CTESTATUS

Address offset: 0x44C

CTEInfo parsed from received packet

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
ID		C C B A A A A A	
Reset 0x00000000		0 0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Description
A	R	CTETIME	CTETime parsed from packet
B	R	RFU	RFU parsed from packet
C	R	CTETYPE	CTEType parsed from packet

7.1.27.15.82 DFESTATUS

Address offset: 0x458

DfE status information

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	SWITCHINGSTATE			Internal state of switching state machine																														
			Idle	0	Switching state Idle																														
			Offset	1	Switching state Offset																														
			Guard	2	Switching state Guard																														
			Ref	3	Switching state Ref																														
			Switching	4	Switching state Switching																														
			Ending	5	Switching state Ending																														
B	R	SAMPLINGSTATE			Internal state of sampling state machine																														
			Idle	0	Sampling state Idle																														
			Sampling	1	Sampling state Sampling																														

7.1.27.15.83 PACKETPTR

Address offset: 0x504

Packet pointer

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x01000000			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	PACKETPTR					Packet pointer																											

Packet address to be used for the next transmission or reception. When transmitting, the packet pointed to by this address will be transmitted and when receiving, the received packet will be written to this address. This address is a byte aligned RAM address.

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.27.15.84 FREQUENCY

Address offset: 0x508

Frequency

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																												B	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000002			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	FREQUENCY	[0..100]		Radio channel frequency																													
					Frequency = 2400 + FREQUENCY (MHz).																													
B	RW	MAP			Channel map selection.																													
		Default	0		Channel map between 2400 MHz .. 2500 MHz																													
					Frequency = 2400 + FREQUENCY (MHz)																													
		Low	1		Channel map between 2360 MHz .. 2460 MHz																													
					Frequency = 2360 + FREQUENCY (MHz)																													

7.1.27.15.85 TXPOWER

Address offset: 0x50C

Output power

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																											
ID			A A A A A A A A																																											
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																											
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																										
A	RW	TXPOWER		<p>RADIO output power</p> <p>Output power in number of dBm, i.e. if the value -20 is specified the output power will be set to -20 dBm.</p> <p>When the radio is operated on 1.2V, the output power is increased by 3 dBm, i.e. if the value -20 is specified, the output power will be set to -17 dBm.</p> <p>See VREQCTRL - Voltage request control on page 54 for how to control voltage.</p> <table><tr><td>0dBm</td><td>0x0</td><td>0 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg1dBm</td><td>0xFF</td><td>-1 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg2dBm</td><td>0xFE</td><td>-2 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg3dBm</td><td>0xFD</td><td>-3 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg4dBm</td><td>0xFC</td><td>-4 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg5dBm</td><td>0xFB</td><td>-5 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg6dBm</td><td>0xFA</td><td>-6 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg7dBm</td><td>0xF9</td><td>-7 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg8dBm</td><td>0xF8</td><td>-8 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg12dBm</td><td>0xF4</td><td>-12 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg16dBm</td><td>0xF0</td><td>-16 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg20dBm</td><td>0xEC</td><td>-20 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg30dBm</td><td>0xE2</td><td>-40 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Neg40dBm</td><td>0xD8</td><td>-40 dBm</td></tr></table>	0dBm	0x0	0 dBm	Neg1dBm	0xFF	-1 dBm	Neg2dBm	0xFE	-2 dBm	Neg3dBm	0xFD	-3 dBm	Neg4dBm	0xFC	-4 dBm	Neg5dBm	0xFB	-5 dBm	Neg6dBm	0xFA	-6 dBm	Neg7dBm	0xF9	-7 dBm	Neg8dBm	0xF8	-8 dBm	Neg12dBm	0xF4	-12 dBm	Neg16dBm	0xF0	-16 dBm	Neg20dBm	0xEC	-20 dBm	Neg30dBm	0xE2	-40 dBm	Neg40dBm	0xD8	-40 dBm
0dBm	0x0	0 dBm																																												
Neg1dBm	0xFF	-1 dBm																																												
Neg2dBm	0xFE	-2 dBm																																												
Neg3dBm	0xFD	-3 dBm																																												
Neg4dBm	0xFC	-4 dBm																																												
Neg5dBm	0xFB	-5 dBm																																												
Neg6dBm	0xFA	-6 dBm																																												
Neg7dBm	0xF9	-7 dBm																																												
Neg8dBm	0xF8	-8 dBm																																												
Neg12dBm	0xF4	-12 dBm																																												
Neg16dBm	0xF0	-16 dBm																																												
Neg20dBm	0xEC	-20 dBm																																												
Neg30dBm	0xE2	-40 dBm																																												
Neg40dBm	0xD8	-40 dBm																																												

Deprecated

Deprecated

7.1.27.15.86 MODE

Address offset: 0x510

Data rate and modulation

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																A	A	A	A			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	MODE				Radio data rate and modulation setting. The radio supports frequency-shift keying (FSK) modulation.																																
		Nrf_1Mbit	0			1 Mbps Nordic proprietary radio mode																																
		Nrf_2Mbit	1			2 Mbps Nordic proprietary radio mode																																
		Ble_1Mbit	3			1 Mbps BLE																																
		Ble_2Mbit	4			2 Mbps BLE																																
		Ble_LR125Kbit	5			Long range 125 kbps TX, 125 kbps and 500 kbps RX																																
		Ble_LR500Kbit	6			Long range 500 kbps TX, 125 kbps and 500 kbps RX																																
		leee802154_250Kbit	15			IEEE 802.15.4-2006 250 kbps																																

7.1.27.15.87 PCNF0

Address offset: 0x514

Packet configuration register 0

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0								
ID				J	J			I	H	H	G	G		F	E	E	E	E											C											A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																																				
A	RW	LFLen					Length on air of LENGTH field in number of bits.																																				
C	RW	SOLen					Length on air of S0 field in number of bytes.																																				
E	RW	S1Len					Length on air of S1 field in number of bits.																																				
F	RW	S1INCL					Include or exclude S1 field in RAM																																				
			Automatic	0	Include S1 field in RAM only if S1LEN > 0																																						
			Include	1	Always include S1 field in RAM independent of S1LEN																																						
G	RW	CILen					Length of code indicator - long range																																				
H	RW	PLEN					Length of preamble on air. Decision point: TASKS_START task																																				
			8bit	0	8-bit preamble																																						
			16bit	1	16-bit preamble																																						
			32bitZero	2	32-bit zero preamble - used for IEEE 802.15.4																																						
			LongRange	3	Preamble - used for BLE long range																																						
I	RW	CRCINC					Indicates if LENGTH field contains CRC or not																																				
			Exclude	0	LENGTH does not contain CRC																																						
			Include	1	LENGTH includes CRC																																						
J	RW	TERMLen					Length of TERM field in Long Range operation																																				

7.1.27.15.88 PCNF1

Address offset: 0x518

Packet configuration register 1

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				E D																C C C B B B B B B B A A A A A A A A															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	MAXLEN		[0..255]	Maximum length of packet payload. If the packet payload is larger than MAXLEN, the radio will truncate the payload to MAXLEN.																														
B	RW	STATLEN		[0..255]	Static length in number of bytes The static length parameter is added to the total length of the payload when sending and receiving packets, e.g. if the static length is set to N the radio will receive or send N bytes more than what is defined in the LENGTH field of the packet.																														
C	RW	BALEN		[2..4]	Base address length in number of bytes The address field is composed of the base address and the one byte long address prefix, e.g. set BALEN=2 to get a total address of 3 bytes.																														
D	RW	ENDIAN			On-air endianness of packet, this applies to the S0, LENGTH, S1, and the PAYLOAD fields.																														
			Little	0	Least significant bit on air first																														
			Big	1	Most significant bit on air first																														
E	RW	WHITEEN			Enable or disable packet whitening Including the address field to CRC check is not supported for whitened packets.																														
			Disabled	0	Disable																														
			Enabled	1	Enable																														

7.1.27.15.89 BASE0

Address offset: 0x51C

Base address 0

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																												
A	RW	BASE0						Base address 0																												

7.1.27.15.90 BASE1

Address offset: 0x520

Base address 1

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																															
A	RW				BASE1				Base address 1																																			

7.1.27.15.91 PREFIX0

Address offset: 0x524

Prefixes bytes for logical addresses 0-3

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			D	D	D	D	D	D	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A-D	RW	AP[i] (i=0..3)					Address prefix i.																											

7.1.27.15.92 PREFIX1

Address offset: 0x528

Prefixes bytes for logical addresses 4-7

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			D	D	D	D	D	D	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A-D	RW	AP[i] (i=4..7)					Address prefix i.																											

7.1.27.15.93 TXADDRESS

Address offset: 0x52C

Transmit address select

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																															A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	TXADDRESS					Transmit address select																											
			Logical address to be used when transmitting a packet																															

7.1.27.15.94 RXADDRESSES

Address offset: 0x530

Receive address select

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																														H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A							
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																																							
A-H	RW	ADDR[i] (i=0..7)			Enable or disable reception on logical address i.																																							
			Disabled	0	Disable																																							
			Enabled	1	Enable																																							

7.1.27.15.95 CRCCNF

Address offset: 0x534

CRC configuration

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	CRCPOLY					CRC polynomial																													

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															

Interframe spacing in μ s

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	TIFS					Interframe spacing in μ s																											
							Interframe space is the time interval between two consecutive packets. It is defined as the time, in microseconds, from the end of the last bit of the previous packet to the start of the first bit of the subsequent packet.																											

7.1.27.15.99 RSSISAMPLE

Address offset: 0x548

RSSI sample

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	RSSISAMPLE	[0..127]				RSSI sample																											
							RSSI sample result. The value of this register is read as a positive value while the actual received signal strength is a negative value. Actual received signal strength is therefore as follows: received signal strength = -A dBm																											

7.1.27.15.100 STATE

Address offset: 0x550

Current radio state

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	STATE		Current radio state																														
		Disabled	0	RADIO is in the Disabled state																														
		RxRu	1	RADIO is in the RXRU state																														
		RxIdle	2	RADIO is in the RXIDLE state																														
		Rx	3	RADIO is in the RX state																														
		RxDisable	4	RADIO is in the RXDISABLED state																														
		TxRu	9	RADIO is in the TXRU state																														
		TxIdle	10	RADIO is in the TXIDLE state																														
		Tx	11	RADIO is in the TX state																														
		TxDisable	12	RADIO is in the TXDISABLED state																														

7.1.27.15.101 DATAWHITEIV

Address offset: 0x554

Data whitening initial value

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																			P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A-H	RW	ENA[i] (i=0..7)		Enable or disable device address matching using device address i																														
		Disabled	0	Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Enabled																														
I-P	RW	TXADD[i] (i=0..7)		TxAdd for device address i																														

7.1.27.15.106 MHRMATCHCONF

Address offset: 0x644

Search pattern configuration

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																												
A	RW	MHRMATCHCONF						Search pattern configuration																												

7.1.27.15.107 MHRMATCHMAS

Address offset: 0x648

Pattern mask

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	MHRMATCHMAS						Pattern mask																											

7.1.27.15.108 MODECNF0

Address offset: 0x650

Radio mode configuration register 0

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID																															C		C				A	
Reset 0x00000200			0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW	RU			Radio ramp-up time																																	
			Default		0		Default ramp-up time (tRXEN and tTXEN), compatible with firmware written for nRF51																															
			Fast		1		Fast ramp-up (tRXEN,FAST and tTXEN,FAST), see electrical specification for more information																															
							When enabled, TIFS is not enforced by hardware and software needs to control when to turn on the Radio.																															

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				C C A																															
Reset 0x00000200				0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
C	RW	DTX			Default TX value																														
					Specifies what the RADIO will transmit when it is not started, i.e. between:																														
					RADIO.EVENTS_READY and RADIO.TASKS_START																														
					RADIO.EVENTS_END and RADIO.TASKS_START																														
					RADIO.EVENTS_END and RADIO.EVENTS_DISABLED																														
					Note: For IEEE 802.15.4 250 kbps mode only Center is a valid setting																														
					Note: For Bluetooth Low Energy Long Range mode only Center is a valid setting																														
			B1	0	Transmit '1'																														
			B0	1	Transmit '0'																														
			Center	2	Transmit center frequency																														
					When tuning the crystal for center frequency, the RADIO must be set in DTX = Center mode to be able to achieve the expected accuracy																														

7.1.27.15.109 SFD

Address offset: 0x660

IEEE 802.15.4 start of frame delimiter

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A									
Reset 0x000000A7										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW		SFD		IEEE 802.15.4 start of frame delimiter																																								

7.1.27.15.110 EDCNT

Address offset: 0x664

IEEE 802.15.4 energy detect loop count

Number of iterations to perform an ED scan. If set to 0 one scan is performed, otherwise the specified number + 1 of ED scans will be performed and the max ED value tracked in EDSAMPLE.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW	EDCNT				IEEE 802.15.4 energy detect loop count																																

7.1.27.15.111 EDSAMPLE

Address offset: 0x668

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																														A	A												
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW	DFEOPMODE					Direction finding operation mode																																				
			Disabled	0	Direction finding mode disabled																																						
			AoD	2	Direction finding mode set to AoD																																						
			AoA	3	Direction finding mode set to AoA																																						

7.1.27.15.114 CTEINLINECONF

Address offset: 0x904

Configuration for CTE inline mode

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			I	I	I	I	I	I	I	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	G	G	G	F	F	F	F	E	E	C	B	A										
Reset 0x00002800			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID		Value	Description																																
A	RW	CTEINLINECTRLIN				Enable parsing of CTEInfo from received packet in BLE modes																																
			Enabled		1	Parsing of CTEInfo is enabled																																
			Disabled		0	Parsing of CTEInfo is disabled																																
B	RW	CTEINFOINS1				CTEInfo is S1 byte or not																																
			InS1		1	CTEInfo is in S1 byte (data PDU)																																
			NotInS1		0	CTEInfo is NOT in S1 byte (advertising PDU)																																
C	RW	CTEERRORHANDLING				Sampling/switching if CRC is not OK																																
			Yes		1	Sampling and antenna switching also when CRC is not OK																																
			No		0	No sampling and antenna switching when CRC is not OK																																
E	RW	CTETIMEVALIDRANGE				Max range of CTETime																																
						<div>Note: Valid range is 2-20 in BLE core spec. If larger than 20, it can be an indication of an error in the received packet.</div>																																
			20		0	20 in 8us unit (default)																																
						Set to 20 if parsed CTETime is larger han 20																																
			31		1	31 in 8us unit																																
F	RW	CTEINLINERXMODE1US	63		2	63 in 8us unit																																
						Spacing between samples for the samples in the SWITCHING period when CTEINLINEMODE is set																																
						When the device is in AoD mode, this is used when the received CTEType is "AoD 1 us". When in AoA mode, this is used when TSWITCHSPACING is 2 us.																																
			4us		1	4us																																
			2us		2	2us																																
1us		3	1us																																			
500ns		4	0.5us																																			
250ns		5	0.25us																																			
125ns		6	0.125us																																			

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	G	G	G	F	F	F	F	E	E	C	B	A									
Reset 0x00002800			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
G	RW	CTEINLINERXMODE2US				Spacing between samples for the samples in the SWITCHING period when CTEINLINEMODE is set																																
						When the device is in AoD mode, this is used when the received CTType is "AoD 2 us". When in AoA mode, this is used when TSWITCHSPACING is 4 us.																																
			4us	1	4us																																	
			2us	2	2us																																	
			1us	3	1us																																	
			500ns	4	0.5us																																	
			250ns	5	0.25us																																	
			125ns	6	0.125us																																	
H	RW	S0CONF				S0 bit pattern to match																																
						The least significant bit always corresponds to the first bit of S0 received.																																
I	RW	S0MASK				S0 bit mask to set which bit to match																																
						The least significant bit always corresponds to the first bit of S0 received.																																

7.1.27.15.115 DFECTRL1

Address offset: 0x910

Various configuration for Direction finding

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID													I	I	I	I	H	H	H	H	G	G	G	F	E	E	E	C	C	C	B	A	A	A	A	A			
Reset 0x00023282			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	NUMBEROF8US		Length of the AoA/AoD procedure in number of 8 us units																																			
				Always used in TX mode, but in RX mode only when CTEINLINECTRLLEN is 0																																			
B	RW	DFEINEXTENSION		Add CTE extension and do antenna switching/sampling in this extension																																			
			CRC	1	AoA/AoD procedure triggered at end of CRC																																		
			Payload	0	Antenna switching/sampling is done in the packet payload																																		
C	RW	TSWITCHSPACING		Interval between every time the antenna is changed in the SWITCHING state																																			
			4us	1	4us																																		
			2us	2	2us																																		
			1us	3	1us																																		
E	RW	TSAMPLESPACINGREF		Interval between samples in the REFERENCE period																																			
			4us	1	4us																																		
			2us	2	2us																																		
			1us	3	1us																																		
			500ns	4	0.5us																																		
			250ns	5	0.25us																																		
	125ns	6	0.125us																																				
F	RW	SAMPLETYPE		Whether to sample I/Q or magnitude/phase																																			
			IQ	0	Complex samples in I and Q																																		

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			I I I I H H H H G G G F E E E C C C B A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00023282			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0																															
ID	Access	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
			MagPhase	1	Complex samples as magnitude and phase																													
G	RW	TSAMPLESPACING			Interval between samples in the SWITCHING period when CTEINLINECTRLN is 0																													
					Note: Not used when CTEINLINECTRLN is set. Then either CTEINLINERXMODE1US or CTEINLINERXMODE2US are used.																													
			4us	1	4us																													
			2us	2	2us																													
			1us	3	1us																													
			500ns	4	0.5us																													
			250ns	5	0.25us																													
			125ns	6	0.125us																													
H	RW	REPEATPATTERN			Repeat every antenna pattern N times.																													
			NoRepeat	0	Do not repeat (1 time in total)																													
I	RW	AGCBACKOFFGAIN			Gain will be lowered by the specified number of gain steps at the start of CTE																													
					Note: First LNAGAIN gain drops, then MIXGAIN, then AAFGAIN																													

7.1.27.15.116 DFCTRL2

Address offset: 0x914

Start offset for Direction finding

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B B B B B B B B B B B B B B																A A A A A A A A A A A A A A															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	TSWITCHOFFSET					Signed value offset after the end of the CRC before starting switching in number of 16M cycles																											
B	RW	TSAMPLEOFFSET					Signed value offset before starting sampling in number of 16M cycles relative to the beginning of the REFERENCE state - 12 us after switching start																											

7.1.27.15.117 SWITCHPATTERN

Address offset: 0x928

GPIO patterns to be used for each antenna

Maximum 8 GPIOs can be controlled. To secure correct signal levels on the pins, the pins must be configured in the GPIO peripheral as described in Pin configuration.

If, during switching, the total number of antenna slots is bigger than the number of written patterns, the RADIO loops back to the pattern used after the reference pattern.

A minimum number of 3 patterns must be written.

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID		A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	SWITCHPATTERN				<p>Fill array of GPIO patterns for antenna control</p> <p>The GPIO pattern array size is 40 entries.</p> <p>When written, bit n corresponds to the GPIO configured in PSEL.DFEGPIO[n].</p> <p>When read, returns the number of GPIO patterns written since the last time the array was cleared. Use CLEARPATTERN to clear the array.</p>																											

7.1.27.15.118 CLEARPATTERN

Address offset: 0x92C

Clear the GPIO pattern array for antenna control

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A
Reset 0x00000000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	CLEARPATTERN				Clears GPIO pattern array for antenna control																											
				Clear	1	Clear the GPIO pattern																											

7.1.27.15.119 PSEL.DFEGPIO[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x930 + (n × 0x4)

Pin select for DFE pin n

Must be set before enabling the radio

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																		
ID				C																								B												A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1																																1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																																Description																																
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]																																Pin number																																
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]																																Port number																																
C	RW	CONNECT																																			Connection																																
			Disconnected		1																																	Disconnect																															
			Connected		0																																	Connect																															

7.1.27.15.120 DFEPACKET.PTR

Address offset: 0x950

Data pointer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																																		
A	RW PTR									Data pointer																																		

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.27.15.121 DFEPACKET.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x954

Maximum number of buffer words to transfer

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																							A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00001000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acces Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	MAXCNT				Maximum number of buffer words to transfer																											

7.1.27.15.122 DFEPACKET.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x958

Number of samples transferred in the last transaction

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																								A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acces Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	R	AMOUNT				Number of samples transferred in the last transaction																											

7.1.27.15.123 POWER

Address offset: 0xFFC

Peripheral power control

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000001			0 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	POWER		Peripheral power control. The peripheral and its registers will be reset to its initial state by switching the peripheral off and then back on again.																														
		Disabled	0	Peripheral is powered off																														
		Enabled	1	Peripheral is powered on																														

7.1.27.16 Electrical specification

7.1.27.16.1 General radio characteristics

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
f_{OP}	Operating frequencies	..	..	..	MHz
$f_{PLL,CH,SP}$	PLL channel spacing	..	..	..	MHz
$f_{DELTA,1M}$	Frequency deviation @ 1 Mbps	..	..	..	kHz
$f_{DELTA,BLE,1M}$	Frequency deviation @ BLE 1 Mbps	..	..	..	kHz
$f_{DELTA,2M}$	Frequency deviation @ 2 Mbps	..	..	..	kHz
$f_{DELTA,BLE,2M}$	Frequency deviation @ BLE 2 Mbps	..	..	..	kHz
f_{skBPS}	On-the-air data rate	..	..	..	kbps
$f_{chip, IEEE 802.15.4}$	Chip rate in IEEE 802.15.4 mode	..	..	..	kchip, s

7.1.27.16.2 Radio current consumption (transmitter)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$I_{TX,0dBm,DCDC}$	TX only run current (DC/DC, 3 V) $P_{RF} = 0$ dBm		3.2		mA
$I_{TX,0dBm}$	TX only run current $P_{RF} = 0$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS4dBm,DCDC}$	TX only run current DC/DC, 3 V $P_{RF} = -4$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS4dBm}$	TX only run current $P_{RF} = -4$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS8dBm,DCDC}$	TX only run current DC/DC, 3 V $P_{RF} = -8$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS8dBm}$	TX only run current $P_{RF} = -8$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS12dBm,DCDC}$	TX only run current DC/DC, 3 V $P_{RF} = -12$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS12dBm}$	TX only run current $P_{RF} = -12$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS16dBm,DCDC}$	TX only run current DC/DC, 3 V $P_{RF} = -16$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS16dBm}$	TX only run current $P_{RF} = -16$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS20dBm,DCDC}$	TX only run current DC/DC, 3 V $P_{RF} = -20$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS20dBm}$	TX only run current $P_{RF} = -20$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS40dBm,DCDC}$	TX only run current DC/DC, 3 V $P_{RF} = -40$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{TX,MINUS40dBm}$	TX only run current $P_{RF} = -40$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{START,TX,DCDC}$	TX start-up current DC/DC, 3 V, $P_{RF} = 4$ dBm	..	..	..	mA
$I_{START,TX}$	TX start-up current, $P_{RF} = 4$ dBm	..	..	..	mA

7.1.27.16.3 Radio current consumption (Receiver)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$I_{RX,1M,DCDC}$	RX only run current (DC/DC, 3 V) 1 Mbps/1 Mbps BLE		2.6		mA
$I_{RX,1M}$	RX only run current (LDO, 3 V) 1 Mbps/1 Mbps BLE		7.0		mA
$I_{RX,2M,DCDC}$	RX only run current (DC/DC, 3 V) 2 Mbps/2 Mbps BLE		3.0		mA
$I_{RX,2M}$	RX only run current (LDO, 3 V) 2 Mbps/2 Mbps BLE	..	..	..	mA
$I_{START,RX,1M,DCDC}$	RX start-up current (DC/DC, 3 V) 1 Mbps/1 Mbps BLE	..	..	..	mA
$I_{START,RX,1M}$	RX start-up current 1 Mbps/1 Mbps BLE	..	..	..	mA

7.1.27.16.4 Transmitter specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
P_{RF}	Maximum output power		3.0		dBm
P_{RFC}	RF power control range	..	..	..	dB
P_{RFCR}	RF power accuracy	..	..	..	dB

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$P_{RF1,1}$	1st Adjacent Channel Transmit Power 1 MHz (1 Mbps)	..	..	..	dBc
$P_{RF2,1}$	2nd Adjacent Channel Transmit Power 2 MHz (1 Mbps)	..	..	..	dBc
$P_{RF1,2}$	1st Adjacent Channel Transmit Power 2 MHz (2 Mbps)	..	..	..	dBc
$P_{RF2,2}$	2nd Adjacent Channel Transmit Power 4 MHz (2 Mbps)	..	..	..	dBc
E_{vm}	Error vector magnitude IEEE 802.15.4	..	..	..	%rms
$P_{harm2nd, IEEE 802.15.4}$	2nd harmonics in IEEE 802.15.4 mode	..	..	..	dBm
$P_{harm3rd, IEEE 802.15.4}$	3rd harmonics in IEEE 802.15.4	..	..	..	dBm

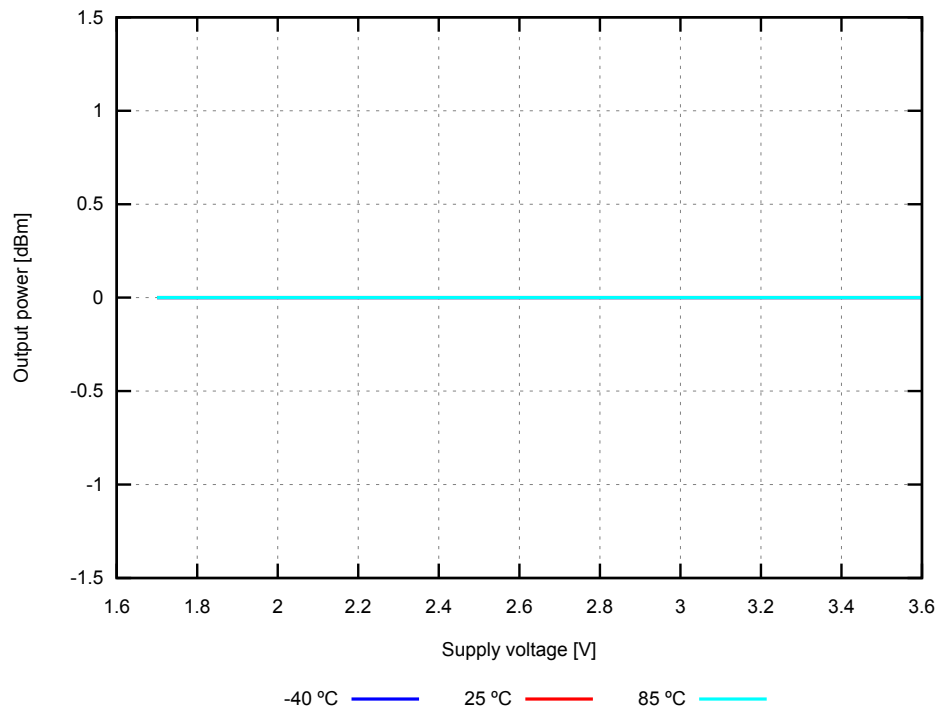


Figure 164: Output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy mode, at maximum TXPOWER setting (typical values)

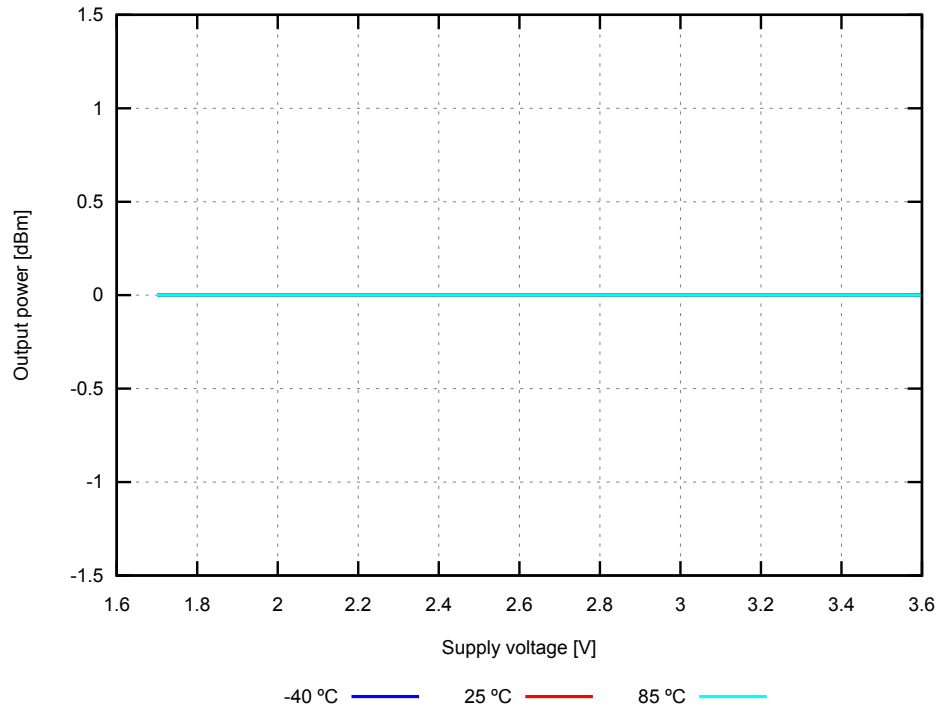


Figure 165: Output power, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy mode, at 0 dBm TXPOWER setting (typical values)

7.1.27.16.5 Receiver operation

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
P _{RX,MAX}	Maximum received signal strength at < 0.1% PER	..	..	..	dBm
P _{SENS,IT,1M}	Sensitivity, 1 Mbps nRF mode ideal transmitter ¹⁴	..	..	..	dBm
P _{SENS,IT,2M}	Sensitivity, 2 Mbps nRF mode ideal transmitter ¹⁵	..	..	..	dBm
P _{SENS,IT,SP,1M,BLE}	Sensitivity, 1 Mbps BLE ideal transmitter, packet length ≤ 37 bytes BER=1E-3 ¹⁶		-97.5		dBm
P _{SENS,IT,LP,1M,BLE}	Sensitivity, 1 Mbps BLE ideal transmitter, packet length ≥ 128 bytes BER=1E-4 ¹⁷	..	..	..	dBm
P _{SENS,IT,SP,2M,BLE}	Sensitivity, 2 Mbps BLE ideal transmitter, packet length ≤ 37 bytes		-94.3		dBm
P _{SENS,IT,BLE LE125k}	Sensitivity, 125 kbps BLE mode	..	..	..	dBm
P _{SENS,IT,BLE LE500k}	Sensitivity, 500 kbps BLE mode	..	..	..	dBm
P _{SENS,IEEE 802.15.4}	Sensitivity in IEEE 802.15.4 mode	..	..	..	dBm

¹⁴ Typical sensitivity applies when ADDR0 is used for receiver address correlation. When ADDR[1...7] are used for receiver address correlation, the typical sensitivity for this mode is degraded by 3 dB.

¹⁵ Typical sensitivity applies when ADDR0 is used for receiver address correlation. When ADDR[1..7] are used for receiver address correlation, the typical sensitivity for this mode is degraded by 3 dB.

¹⁶ As defined in the *Bluetooth Core Specification v4.0 Volume 6: Core System Package (Low Energy Controller Volume)*

¹⁷ Equivalent BER limit < 10E-04

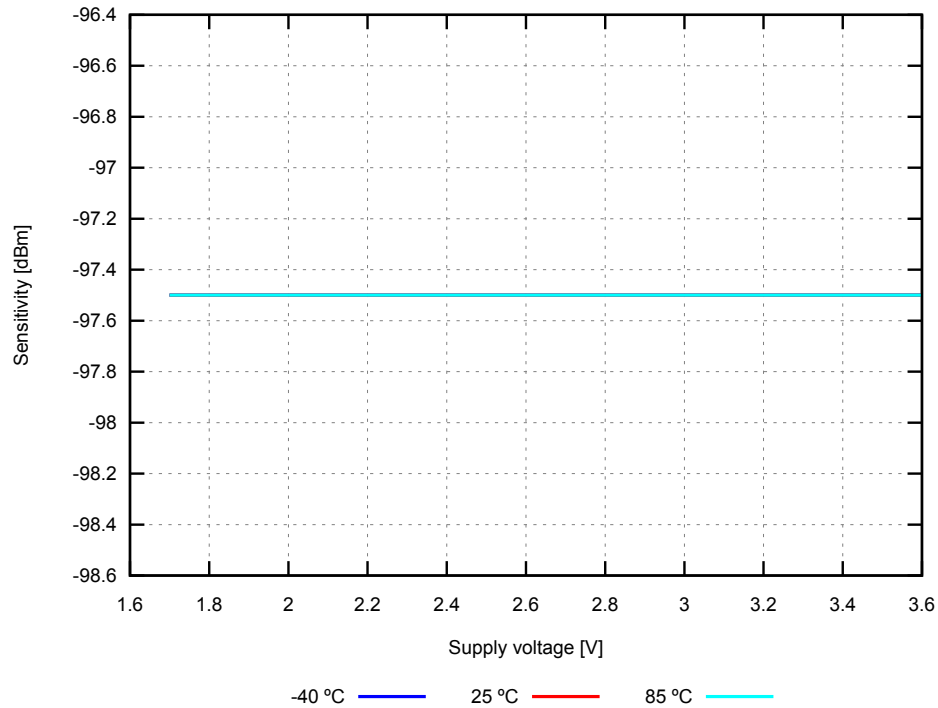


Figure 166: Sensitivity, 1 Mbps Bluetooth low energy mode, Regulator = LDO (typical values)

7.1.27.16.6 RX selectivity

RX selectivity with equal modulation on interfering signal¹⁸

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
C/I _{1M,co-channel}	1Mbps mode, Co-Channel interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1M,-1MHz}	1 Mbps mode, Adjacent (-1 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1M,+1MHz}	1 Mbps mode, Adjacent (+1 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1M,-2MHz}	1 Mbps mode, Adjacent (-2 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1M,+2MHz}	1 Mbps mode, Adjacent (+2 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1M,-3MHz}	1 Mbps mode, Adjacent (-3 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1M,+3MHz}	1 Mbps mode, Adjacent (+3 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1M,±6MHz}	1 Mbps mode, Adjacent (≥6 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1MBLE,co-channel}	1 Mbps BLE mode, Co-Channel interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1MBLE,-1MHz}	1 Mbps BLE mode, Adjacent (-1 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1MBLE,+1MHz}	1 Mbps BLE mode, Adjacent (+1 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1MBLE,-2MHz}	1 Mbps BLE mode, Adjacent (-2 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1MBLE,+2MHz}	1 Mbps BLE mode, Adjacent (+2 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1MBLE,>3MHz}	1 Mbps BLE mode, Adjacent (≥3 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1MBLE,image}	Image frequency interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{1MBLE,image,1MHz}	Adjacent (1 MHz) interference to in-band image frequency	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M,co-channel}	2 Mbps mode, Co-Channel interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M,-2MHz}	2 Mbps mode, Adjacent (-2 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M,+2MHz}	2 Mbps mode, Adjacent (+2 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M,-4MHz}	2 Mbps mode, Adjacent (-4 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M,+4MHz}	2 Mbps mode, Adjacent (+4 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB

¹⁸ Desired signal level at PIN = -67 dBm. One interferer is used, having equal modulation as the desired signal. The input power of the interferer where the sensitivity equals BER = 0.1% is presented

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
C/I _{2M,-6MHz}	2 Mbps mode, Adjacent (-6 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M,+6MHz}	2 Mbps mode, Adjacent (+6 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M,≥12MHz}	2 Mbps mode, Adjacent (≥12 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M BLE,co-channel}	2 Mbps BLE mode, Co-Channel interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M BLE,±2MHz}	2 Mbps BLE mode, Adjacent (±2 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M BLE,±4MHz}	2 Mbps BLE mode, Adjacent (±4 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M BLE,≥6MHz}	2 Mbps BLE mode, Adjacent (≥6 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M BLE,image}	Image frequency interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{2M BLE,image, 2MHz}	Adjacent (2 MHz) interference to in-band image frequency	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{125k BLE LR,co-channel}	125 kbps BLE LR mode, Co-Channel interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{125k BLE LR,-1MHz}	125 kbps BLE LR mode, Adjacent (-1 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{125k BLE LR,+1MHz}	125 kbps BLE LR mode, Adjacent (+1 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{125k BLE LR,-2MHz}	125 kbps BLE LR mode, Adjacent (-2 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{125k BLE LR,+2MHz}	125 kbps BLE LR mode, Adjacent (+2 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{125k BLE LR,≥3MHz}	125 kbps BLE LR mode, Adjacent (≥3 MHz) interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{125k BLE LR,image}	Image frequency interference	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{IEEE 802.15.4,-5MHz}	IEEE 802.15.4 mode, Adjacent (-5 MHz) rejection	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{IEEE 802.15.4,+5MHz}	IEEE 802.15.4 mode, Adjacent (+5 MHz) rejection	..	..	..	dB
C/I _{IEEE 802.15.4,|10MHz|}	IEEE 802.15.4 mode, Alternate (10 MHz) rejection	..	..	..	dB

7.1.27.16.7 RX intermodulation

RX intermodulation¹⁹

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
P _{IMD,5TH,1M}	IMD performance, 1 Mbps, 5th offset channel, packet length ≤ 37 bytes	..	..	..	dBm
P _{IMD,5TH,1M,BLE}	IMD performance, BLE 1 Mbps, 5th offset channel, packet length ≤ 37 bytes	..	..	..	dBm
P _{IMD,5TH,2M}	IMD performance, 2 Mbps, 5th offset channel, packet length ≤ 37 bytes	..	..	..	dBm
P _{IMD,5TH,2M,BLE}	IMD performance, BLE 2 Mbps, 5th offset channel, packet length ≤ 37 bytes	..	..	..	dBm

7.1.27.16.8 Radio timing

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t _{TXEN,BLE,1M}	Time between TXEN task and READY event after channel FREQUENCY configured (1 Mbps BLE and 150 μs TIFS)	..	..	..	μs
t _{TXEN,FAST,BLE,1M}	Time between TXEN task and READY event after channel FREQUENCY configured (1 Mbps BLE with fast ramp-up and 150 μs TIFS)	..	..	..	μs
t _{TXDIS,BLE,1M}	When in TX, delay between DISABLE task and DISABLED event for MODE = Nrf_1Mbit and MODE = Ble_1Mbit	..	..	..	μs
t _{RXEN,BLE,1M}	Time between the RXEN task and READY event after channel FREQUENCY configured (1 Mbps BLE)	..	..	..	μs

¹⁹ Desired signal level at PIN = -64 dBm. Two interferers with equal input power are used. The interferer closest in frequency is not modulated, the other interferer is modulated equal with the desired signal. The input power of the interferers where the sensitivity equals BER = 0.1% is presented.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{RXEN,FAST,BLE,1M}$	Time between the RXEN task and READY event after channel FREQUENCY configured (1 Mbps BLE with fast ramp-up)	..	..	..	μs
$t_{RXDIS,BLE,1M}$	When in RX, delay between DISABLE task and DISABLED event for MODE = Nrf_1Mbit and MODE = Ble_1Mbit	..	..	..	μs
$t_{TXDIS,BLE,2M}$	When in TX, delay between DISABLE task and DISABLED event for MODE = Nrf_2Mbit and MODE = Ble_2Mbit	..	..	..	μs
$t_{RXDIS,BLE,2M}$	When in RX, delay between DISABLE task and DISABLED event for MODE = Nrf_2Mbit and MODE = Ble_2Mbit	..	..	..	μs
$t_{TXEN,IEEE 802.15.4}$	Time between TXEN task and READY event after channel FREQUENCY configured (IEEE 802.15.4)	..	..	..	μs
$t_{TXEN,FAST,IEEE 802.15.4}$	Time between TXEN task and READY event after channel FREQUENCY configured (IEEE 802.15.4 with fast ramp-up)	..	..	..	μs
$t_{TXDIS,IEEE 802.15.4}$	When in TX, delay between DISABLE task and DISABLED event (IEEE 802.15.4)	..	..	..	μs
$t_{RXEN,IEEE 802.15.4}$	Time between the RXEN task and READY event after channel FREQUENCY configured (IEEE 802.15.4)	..	..	..	μs
$t_{RXEN,FAST,IEEE 802.15.4}$	Time between the RXEN task and READY event after channel FREQUENCY configured (IEEE 802.15.4 with fast ramp-up)	..	..	..	μs
$t_{RXDIS,IEEE 802.15.4}$	When in RX, delay between DISABLE task and DISABLED event (IEEE 802.15.4)	..	..	..	μs
$t_{RX-to-TX \text{ turnaround}}$	Maximum TX-to-RX or RX-to-TX turnaround time in IEEE 802.15.4 mode	..	..	..	μs

7.1.27.16.9 Received signal strength indicator (RSSI) specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$RSSI_{ACC}$	RSSI accuracy valid range -90 to -20 dBm	..	..	..	dB
$RSSI_{RESOLUTION}$	RSSI resolution	..	..	..	dB
$RSSI_{PERIOD}$	RSSI sampling time from RSSI_START task	..	..	..	μs
$RSSI_{SETTLE}$	RSSI settling time after signal level change	..	..	..	μs

7.1.27.16.10 Jitter

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{DISABLED/JITTER}$	Jitter on DISABLED event relative to END event when shortcut between END and DISABLE is enabled	..	..	..	μs
$t_{READY/JITTER}$	Jitter on READY event relative to TXEN and RXEN task	..	..	..	μs

7.1.27.16.11 IEEE 802.15.4 energy detection constants

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$ED_RSSISCALE$	Scaling value when converting between hardware-reported value and dBm	4	4	4	
$ED_RSSIOFFS$	Offset value when converting between hardware-reported value and dBm	-92	-92	-92	

7.1.28 RNG — Random number generator

The Random number generator (RNG) generates true non-deterministic random numbers based on internal thermal noise that are suitable for cryptographic purposes. The RNG does not require a seed value.

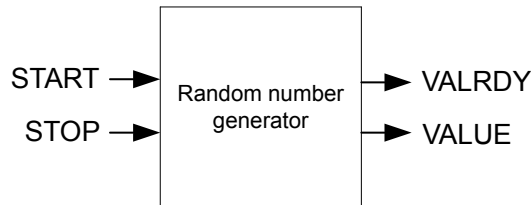


Figure 167: Random number generator

The RNG is started by triggering the START task and stopped by triggering the STOP task. When started, new random numbers are generated continuously and written to the VALUE register when ready. A VALRDY event is generated for every new random number that is written to the VALUE register. This means that after a VALRDY event is generated the CPU has the time until the next VALRDY event to read out the random number from the VALUE register before it is overwritten by a new random number.

7.1.28.1 Bias correction

A bias correction algorithm is employed on the internal bit stream to remove any bias toward '1' or '0'. The bits are then queued into an eight-bit register for parallel readout from the VALUE register.

It is possible to enable bias correction in the CONFIG register. This will result in slower value generation, but will ensure a statistically uniform distribution of the random values.

7.1.28.2 Speed

The time needed to generate one random byte of data is unpredictable, and may vary from one byte to the next. This is especially true when bias correction is enabled.

7.1.28.3 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x41009000	NETWORK	RNG	RNG	NS	NA	Random number generator	

Table 132: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Task starting the random number generator
TASKS_STOP	0x004		Task stopping the random number generator
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
EVENTS_VALRDY	0x100		Event being generated for every new random number written to the VALUE register
PUBLISH_VALRDY	0x180		Publish configuration for event VALRDY
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
CONFIG	0x504		Configuration register

Register	Offset	Security	Description
VALUE	0x508		Output random number

Table 133: Register overview

7.1.28.3.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Task starting the random number generator

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A																																		
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	W TASKS_START			Task starting the random number generator																																		
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																																		

7.1.28.3.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x004

Task stopping the random number generator

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W TASKS_STOP			Task stopping the random number generator																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.28.3.3 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task **START**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task START will subscribe to																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.28.3.4 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																																										
			Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																																										

7.1.28.3.5 EVENTS_VALRDY

Address offset: 0x100

Event being generated for every new random number written to the VALUE register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																				A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_VALRDY				Event being generated for every new random number written to the VALUE register																															
			NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																															
			Generated	1		Event generated																															

7.1.28.3.6 PUBLISH_VALRDY

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event VALRDY

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event VALRDY will publish to.																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																																										
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																																										

7.1.28.3.7 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW VALRDY_STOP			Shortcut between event VALRDY and task STOP																															
		Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
		Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															

7.1.28.3.8 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW VALRDY			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event VALRDY																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.28.3.9 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW VALRDY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event VALRDY																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.28.3.10 CONFIG

Address offset: 0x504

Configuration register

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW DERCEN				Bias correction																															
			Disabled	0	Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Enabled																															

7.1.28.3.11 VALUE

Address offset: 0x508

Output random number

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	R VALUE		[0..255]	Generated random number																															

7.1.28.4 Electrical specification

7.1.28.4.1 RNG Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{\text{RNG,START}}$	Time from setting the START task to generation begins. This is a one-time delay on START signal and does not apply between samples.	..	..	..	μs
$t_{\text{RNG,RAW}}$	Run time per byte without bias correction. Uniform distribution of 0 and 1 is not guaranteed.	..	..	..	μs
$t_{\text{RNG,BC}}$	Run time per byte with bias correction. Uniform distribution of 0 and 1 is guaranteed. Time to generate a byte cannot be guaranteed.	..	..	..	μs

7.1.29 RTC — Real-time counter

The real-time counter (RTC) module provides a generic, low-power timer on the low frequency clock source (LFCLK).

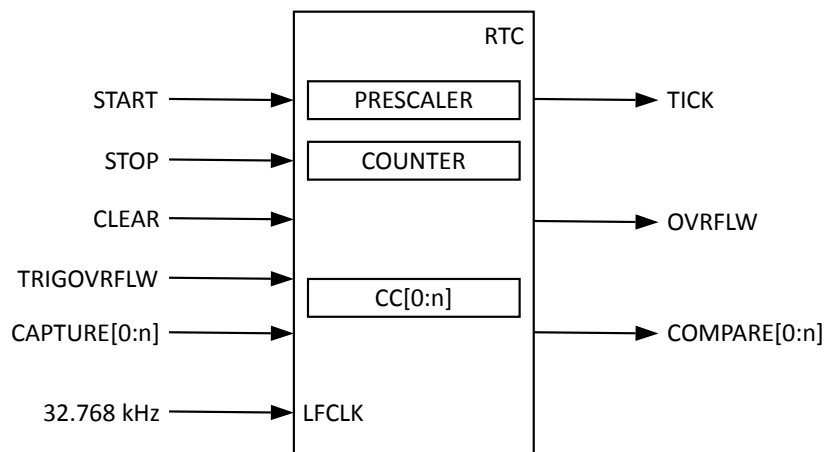


Figure 168: RTC block diagram

The RTC module features a 24-bit COUNTER, a 12-bit (1/X) prescaler, capture/compare registers, and a tick event generator.

7.1.29.1 Clock source

The RTC will run off the LFCLK.

When started, the RTC will automatically request the LFCLK source with RC oscillator if the LFCLK is not already running.

See [CLOCK — Clock control](#) on page 61 for more information about clock sources.

7.1.29.2 Resolution versus overflow and the prescaler

The relationship between the prescaler, counter resolution and overflow is summarized in the table below.

Prescaler	Counter resolution	Overflow
0	30.517 μ s	512 seconds
2^8-1	7812.5 μ s	131072 seconds
$2^{12}-1$	125 ms	582.542 hours

Table 134: RTC resolution versus overflow

The counter increment frequency is given by the following equation:

$$f_{\text{RTC}} [\text{kHz}] = 32.768 / (\text{PRESCALER} + 1)$$

The **PRESCALER** register can only be written when the RTC is stopped.

The prescaler is restarted on tasks **START**, **CLEAR** and **TRIGOVRFW**. That is, the prescaler value is latched to an internal register (<<PRESC>>) on these tasks.

Examples:

1. Desired COUNTER frequency 100 Hz (10 ms counter period)

$$\text{PRESCALER} = \text{round}(32.768 \text{ kHz} / 100 \text{ Hz}) - 1 = 327$$

$$f_{\text{RTC}} = 99.9 \text{ Hz}$$

$$10009.576 \mu\text{s counter period}$$

2. Desired COUNTER frequency 8 Hz (125 ms counter period)

$$\text{PRESCALER} = \text{round}(32.768 \text{ kHz} / 8 \text{ Hz}) - 1 = 4095$$

$$f_{\text{RTC}} = 8 \text{ Hz}$$

$$125 \text{ ms counter period}$$

7.1.29.3 Counter register

The internal <<COUNTER>> register increments on LFCLK when the internal **PRESCALER** register (<<PRESC>>) is 0x00. <<PRESC>> is reloaded from the **PRESCALER** register. If enabled, the **TICK** event occurs on each increment of the **COUNTER**.

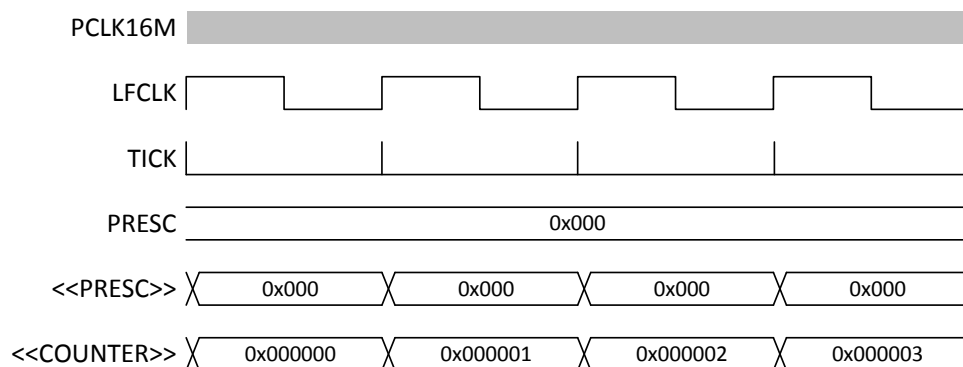


Figure 169: Timing diagram - COUNTER_PRESCALER_0

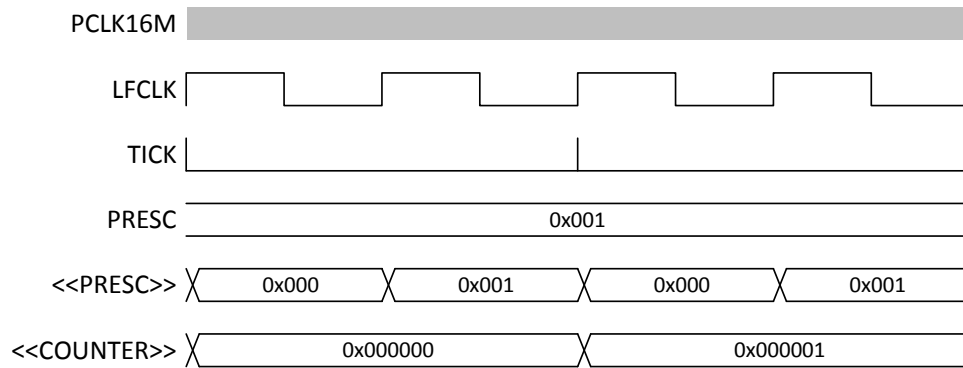


Figure 170: Timing diagram - COUNTER_PRESCALER_1

7.1.29.3.1 Reading the counter register

To read the COUNTER register, the internal <<COUNTER>> value is sampled.

To ensure that the <<COUNTER>> is safely sampled (considering that an LFCLK transition may occur during a read), the CPU and core memory bus are halted for four PCLK16M cycles. In addition, the read takes the CPU two PCLK16M cycles, resulting in the COUNTER register read taking maximum six PCLK16M clock cycles.

7.1.29.4 Overflow

An **OVRFLW** event is generated on **COUNTER** register overflow (overflowing from 0xFFFFF to 0).

The **TRIGOVFLW** task will set the **COUNTER** value to 0xFFFFF0, to allow software test of the overflow condition.

Note: The **OVRFLW** event is disabled by default.

7.1.29.5 Tick event

The **TICK** event enables low-power tickless RTOS implementation, as it optionally provides a regular interrupt source for an RTOS with no need for use of the ARM SysTick feature.

Using the **TICK** event, rather than the SysTick, allows the CPU to be powered down while keeping RTOS scheduling active.

Note: The **TICK** event is disabled by default.

7.1.29.6 Event control

To optimize the RTC power consumption, events in the RTC can be individually disabled to prevent PCLK16M and HFCLK from being requested when those events are triggered. This is managed using the **EVTEN** register. Especially important is the **TICK** event.

This means that the RTC implements a slightly different task and event system compared to the standard system described in [Peripheral interface](#) on page 136. The RTC task and event system is illustrated in the figure below.

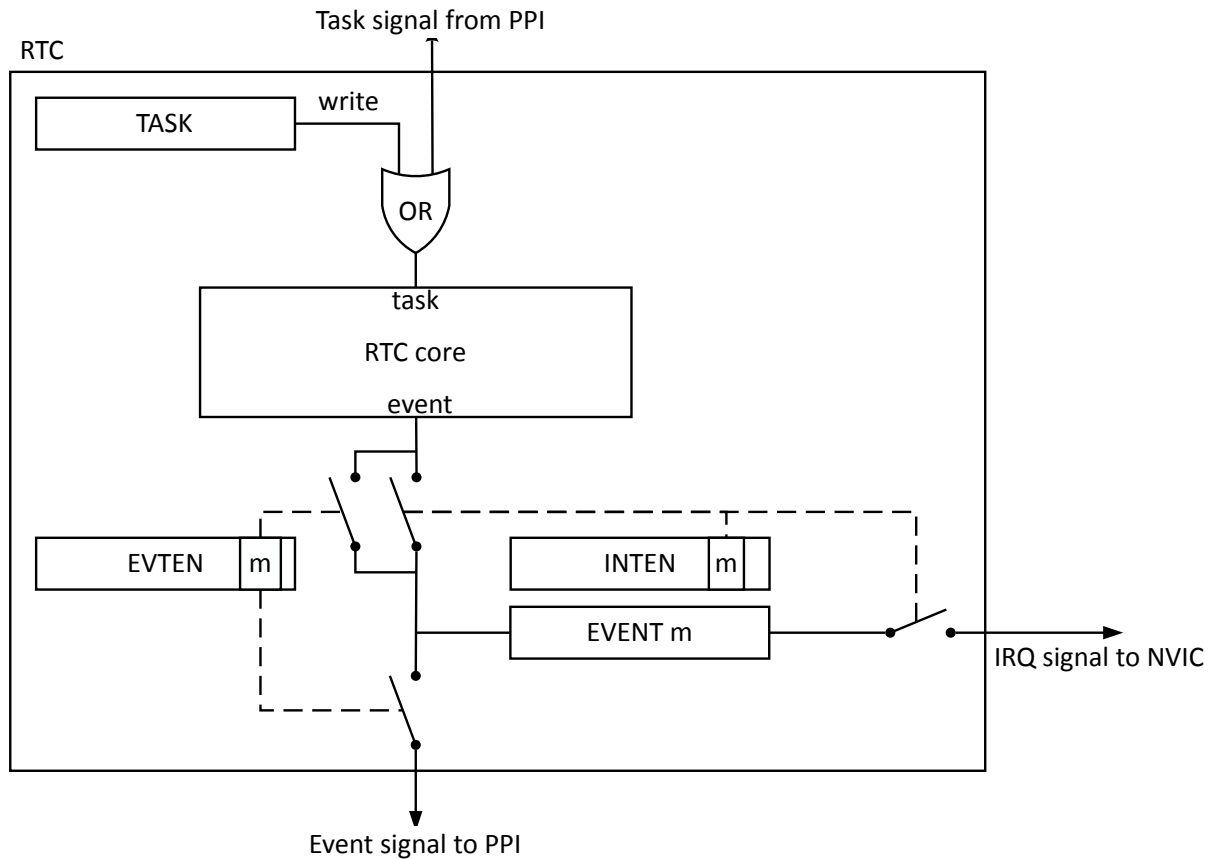


Figure 171: Tasks, events and interrupts in the RTC

7.1.29.7 Capture

The RTC implements one capture task for every available capture/compare register.

Every time `TASKS_CAPTURE[n]` is triggered, `<<COUNTER>>` is copied to the corresponding `CC[n]` register.

If the `CAPTURE` and `CLEAR` tasks are triggered at the same time, the `CAPTURE` task will be prioritized. This means that the `CC[n]` register for the corresponding `CAPTURE[n]` task will be set to the captured value before the counter is reset. There is a delay of 6 PCLK16M periods from when the `TASKS_CAPTURE[n]` is triggered until the corresponding `CC[n]` register is updated.

The `CAPTURE[n]` tasks will not generate `COMPARE[n]` events, even though `CC[n]` will then equal the COUNTER.

7.1.29.8 Compare

The RTC implements one `COMPARE` event for every available compare register.

When the `COUNTER` is incremented and then becomes equal to the value specified in the register `CC[n]`, the corresponding compare event `COMPARE[n]` is generated.

When writing a `CC[n]` register, the following behavior of the RTC `COMPARE` event should be noted:

- If a `CC` value is 0 when a `CLEARCLEAR` task is set, this will not trigger a `COMPARE` event.

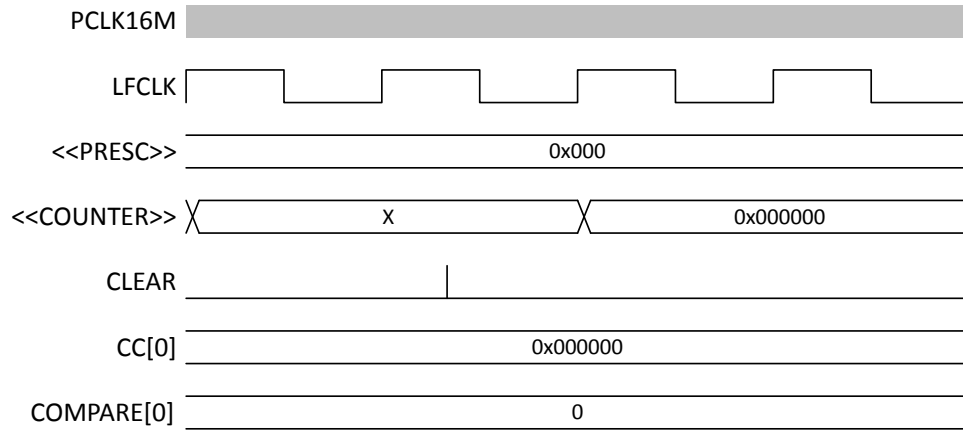


Figure 172: Timing diagram - COMPARE_CLEAR

- If a **CC** value is N, and the **COUNTER** value is N when the **START** task is set, this will not trigger a **COMPARE** event.

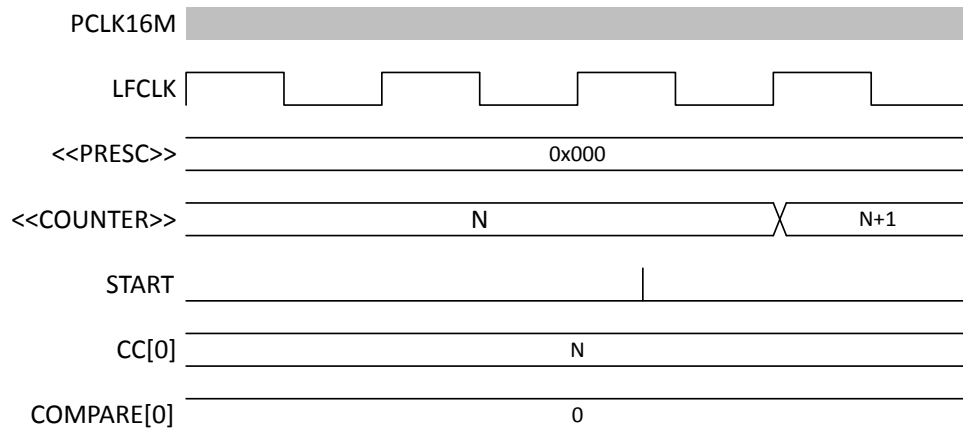


Figure 173: Timing diagram - COMPARE_START

- A **COMPARE** event occurs when a **CC** value is N, and the **COUNTER** value transitions from N-1 to N.

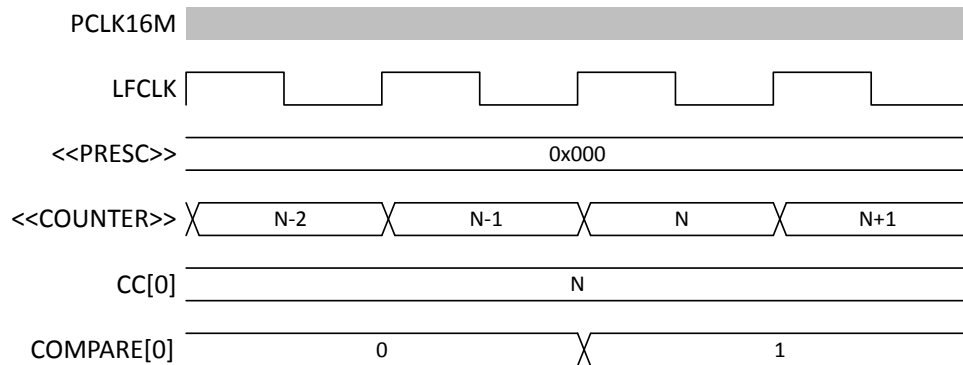


Figure 174: Timing diagram - COMPARE

- If the **COUNTER** value is N, writing N+2 to a **CC** register is guaranteed to trigger a **COMPARE** event at N+2.

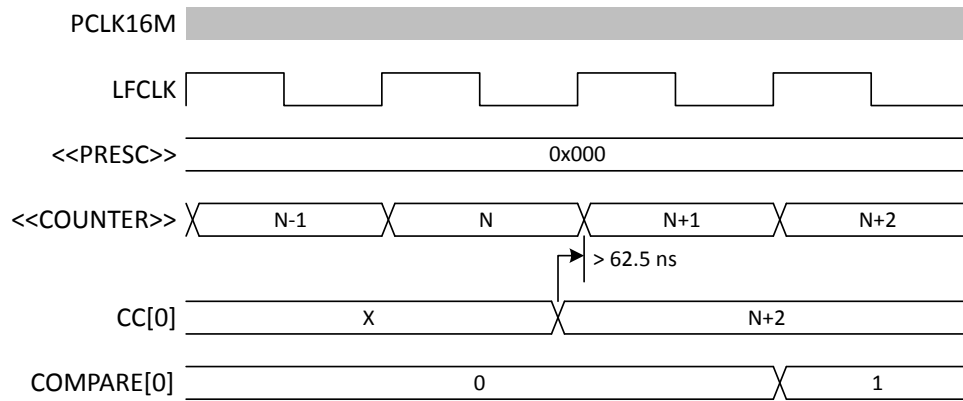


Figure 175: Timing diagram - COMPARE_N+2

- If the **COUNTER** value is N, writing N or N+1 to a **CC** register may not trigger a **COMPARE** event.

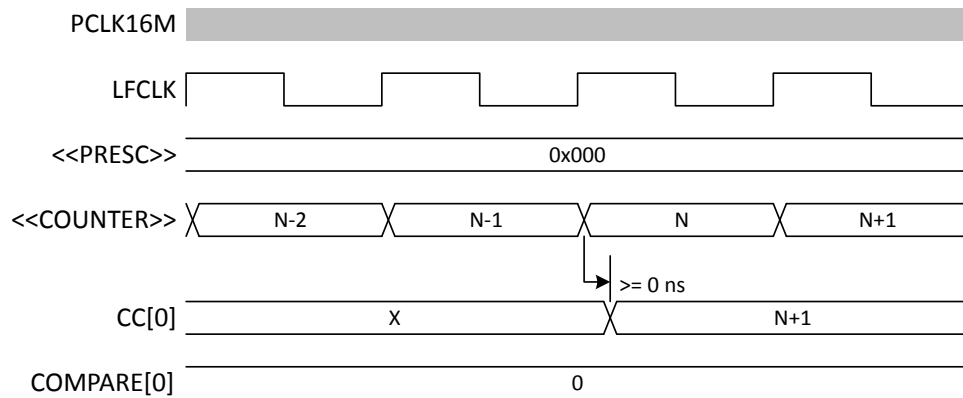


Figure 176: Timing diagram - COMPARE_N+1

- If the **COUNTER** value is N, and the current **CC** value is N+1 or N+2 when a new **CC** value is written, a match may trigger on the previous **CC** value before the new value takes effect. If the current **CC** value is greater than N+2 when the new value is written, there will be no event due to the old value.

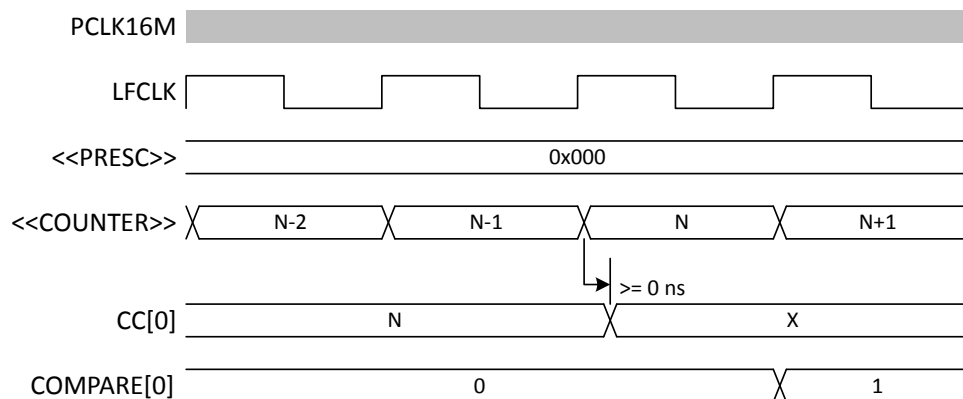


Figure 177: Timing diagram - COMPARE_N-1

- If the **COMPARE[i]_CLEAR** short is enabled, the **COUNTER** will be cleared one **LFCLK** after the **COMPARE** event.

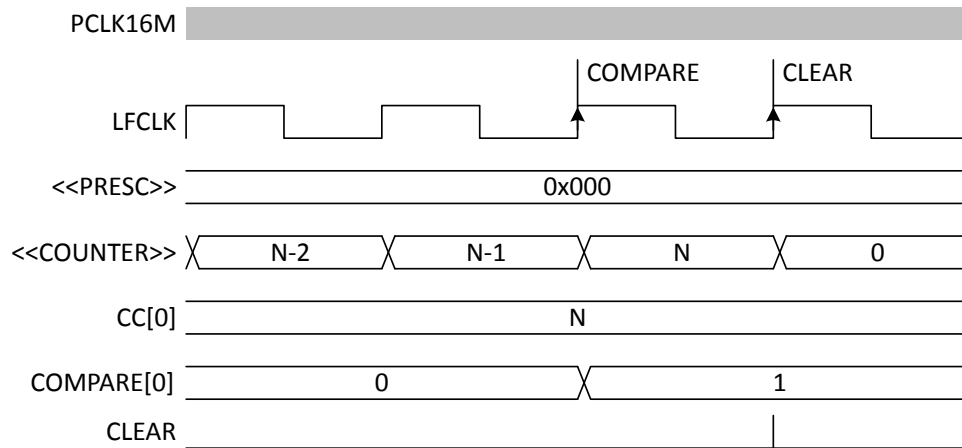


Figure 178: Timing diagram - COMPARE_CLEAR

7.1.29.9 Task and event jitter/delay

Jitter or delay in the RTC, is due to the peripheral clock being a low frequency clock (LFCLK), which is not synchronous to the faster PCLK16M.

Registers in the peripheral interface that are part of the PCLK16M domain, have a set of mirrored registers in the LFCLK domain. For example, the **COUNTER** value accessible from the CPU is in the PCLK16M domain, and is latched on a read from an internal COUNTER register in the LFCLK domain. The **COUNTER** register is modified each time the RTC ticks. The registers are synchronised between the two clock domains (PCLK16M and LFCLK).

1. **CLEAR** and **STOP** (and **TRIGOVFLW**, which is not shown) will be delayed as long as it takes for the peripheral to clock a falling edge and a rising edge of the LFCLK. This is between 15.2585 μ s and 45.7755 μ s – rounded to 15 μ s and 46 μ s for the remainder of the section.

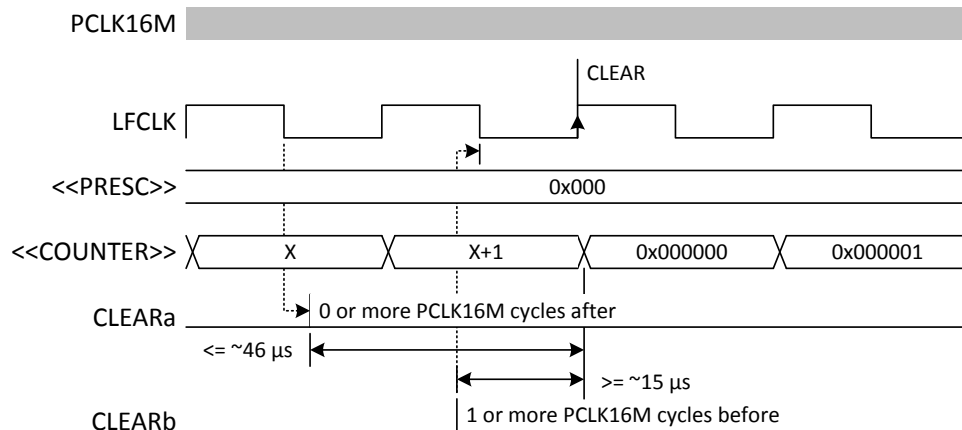


Figure 179: Timing diagram - DELAY_CLEAR

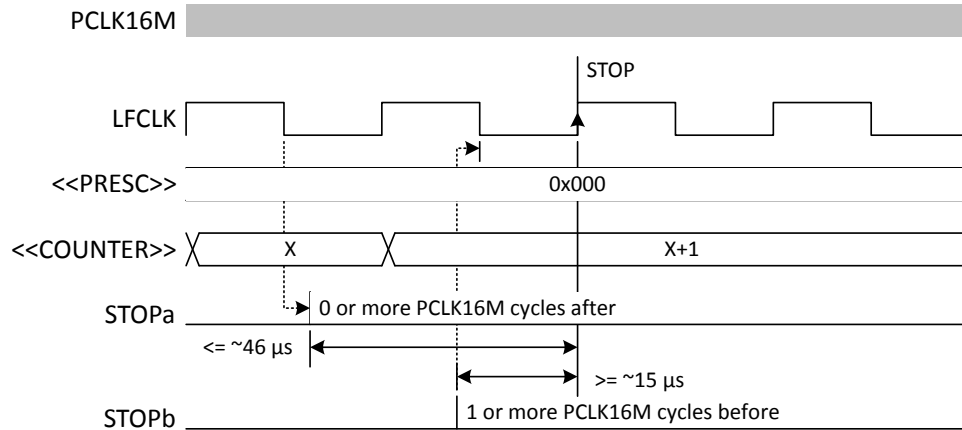


Figure 180: Timing diagram - DELAY_STOP

Note: When a **STOP** task is triggered, the PCLK16M domain will immediately prevent the generation of any EVENTS from the RTC. However, as seen in the figure above, the **COUNTER** value can still increment one final time.

- The **START** task will start the RTC. Assuming that the LFCLK was previously running and stable, the first increment of **COUNTER** (and instance of TICK event) will be typically after $30.5 \mu s \pm 15 \mu s$. Additional delay will occur if the RTC is started before the LFCLK is running, see **CLOCK — Clock control** on page 61 for LFLK startup times. The software should therefore wait for the first TICK if it has to make sure that the RTC is running. Sending a TRIGOVFLW task sets the **COUNTER** to a value close to overflow. However, since the update of **COUNTER** relies on a stable LFCLK, sending this task while LFCLK is not running will also add additional delay as described above. The figures show the smallest and largest delays on the **START** task, appearing as a $\pm 15 \mu s$ jitter on the first **COUNTER** increment.

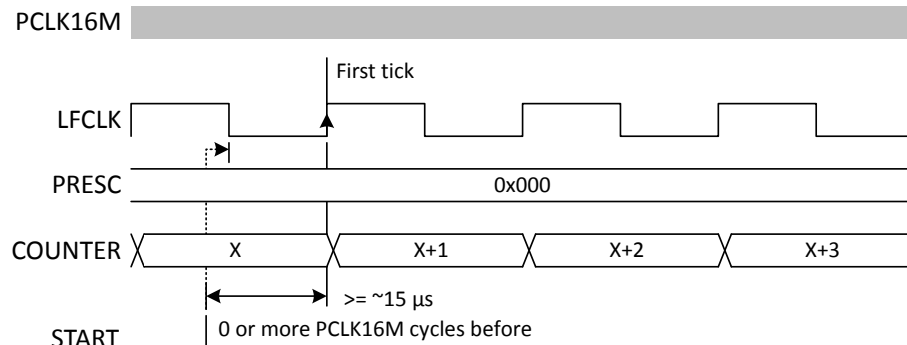


Figure 181: Timing diagram - JITTER_START-

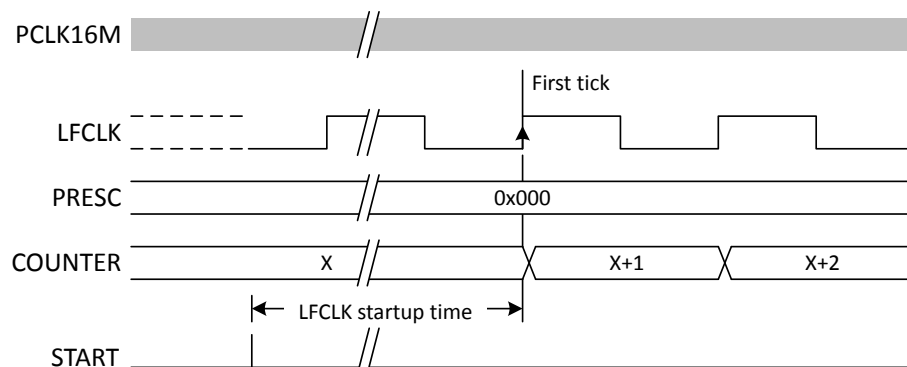


Figure 182: Timing diagram - JITTER_START+

Tables below summarize the jitter introduced on tasks and events.

Task	Delay
CAPTURE, CLEAR, START, STOP, TRIGOVRFLOW	+15 to 46 μ s

Table 135: RTC jitter magnitudes on tasks

Operation/Function	Jitter
START to COUNTER increment	+/- 15 μ s
COMPARE to COMPARE ²⁰	+/- 62.5 ns

Table 136: RTC jitter magnitudes on events

7.1.29.10 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50014000	APPLICATION	RTC	RTC0 : S	US	NA	Real time counter 0	
0x40014000			RTC0 : NS				
0x50015000	APPLICATION	RTC	RTC1 : S	US	NA	Real time counter 1	
0x40015000			RTC1 : NS				
0x41011000	NETWORK	RTC	RTC0	NS	NA	Real-time counter 0	
0x41016000	NETWORK	RTC	RTC1	NS	NA	Real-time counter 1	

Table 137: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Start RTC counter
TASKS_STOP	0x004		Stop RTC counter
TASKS_CLEAR	0x008		Clear RTC counter
TASKS_TRIGOVRFLOW	0x00C		Set counter to 0xFFFFF0
TASKS_CAPTURE[n]	0x040		Capture RTC counter to CC[n] register
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
SUBSCRIBE_CLEAR	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task CLEAR
SUBSCRIBE_TRIGOVRFLOW	0x08C		Subscribe configuration for task TRIGOVRFLOW
SUBSCRIBE_CAPTURE[n]	0x0C0		Subscribe configuration for task CAPTURE[n]
EVENTS_TICK	0x100		Event on counter increment
EVENTS_OVRFLOW	0x104		Event on counter overflow
EVENTS_COMPARE[n]	0x140		Compare event on CC[n] match
PUBLISH_TICK	0x180		Publish configuration for event TICK
PUBLISH_OVRFLOW	0x184		Publish configuration for event OVRFLOW
PUBLISH_COMPARE[n]	0x1C0		Publish configuration for event COMPARE[n]
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
EVTEN	0x340		Enable or disable event routing
EVTENSET	0x344		Enable event routing
EVTENCLR	0x348		Disable event routing
COUNTER	0x504		Current counter value

²⁰ Assumes RTC runs continuously between these events.

Note: 32.768 kHz clock jitter is additional to the numbers provided above.

Register	Offset	Security	Description
PRESALER	0x508		12-bit prescaler for counter frequency (32768/(PRESALER+1)). Must be written when RTC is stopped.
CC[n]	0x540		Compare register n

Table 138: Register overview

7.1.29.10.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Start RTC counter

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	W TASKS_START			Start RTC counter																														
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																														

7.1.29.10.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x004

Stop RTC counter

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	W TASKS_STOP			Stop RTC counter																														
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																														

7.1.29.10.3 TASKS_CLEAR

Address offset: 0x008

Clear RTC counter

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W TASKS_CLEAR			Clear RTC counter																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.29.10.4 TASKS_TRIGOVFLW

Address offset: 0x00C

Set counter to 0xFFFFF0

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	AccE Field	Value ID	Value																Description															
A	W	TASKS_TRIGOVRFWL																	Set counter to 0xFFFFF0															
		Trigger	1																Trigger task															

7.1.29.10.5 TASKS_CAPTURE[n] (n=0..3)

Address offset: $0x040 + (n \times 0x4)$

Capture RTC counter to CC[n] register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	W	TASKS_CAPTURE				Capture RTC counter to CC[n] register																													
			Trigger	1		Trigger task																													

7.1.29.10.6 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task **START**

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID			B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0x00000000			0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																																								
A	RW	CHIDX			[255..0]	Channel that task START will subscribe to																																																								
B	RW	EN																																																												
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																																										
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																																										

7.1.29.10.7 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task STOP

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																									
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																																																									
B	RW EN																																																														
			Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																																									
			Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																																									

7.1.29.10.8 SUBSCRIBE CLEAR

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task **CLEAR**

7.1.29.10.12 EVENTS_OVRFLW

Address offset: 0x104

Event on counter overflow

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_OVRFLW			Event on counter overflow																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.29.10.13 EVENTS_COMPARE[n] (n=0..3)

Address offset: 0x140 + (n × 0x4)

Compare event on CC[n] match

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW EVENTS_COMPARE			Compare event on CC[n] match																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.29.10.14 PUBLISH_TICK

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event TICK

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event TICK will publish to.																															
B	RW EN																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																															
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																															

7.1.29.10.15 PUBLISH_OVRFLW

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event OVRFLW

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event OVRFLW will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.29.10.16 PUBLISH_COMPARE[n] (n=0..3)

Address offset: 0x1C0 + (n × 0x4)

Publish configuration for event **COMPARE[n]**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A							
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that event COMPARE[n] will publish to.																																					
B	RW EN																																											
			Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																					
			Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																					

7.1.29.10.17 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-D	RW COMPARE[i]_CLEAR (i=0..3)			Shortcut between event COMPARE[i] and task CLEAR																															
		Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																															
		Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																															

7.1.29.10.18 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																		F	E	D	C															B	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	TICK			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event TICK																																
			Set	1	Enable																																
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																
B	RW	OVRFLW			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event OVRFLW																																
			Set	1	Enable																																

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
C-F	RW	COMPARE[i] (i=0..3)	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.29.10.19 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			F E D C																														B A	
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	TICK		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TICK																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW	OVRFLW		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event OVRFLW																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C-F	RW	COMPARE[i] (i=0..3)		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event COMPARE[i]																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.29.10.20 EVTEN

Address offset: 0x340

Enable or disable event routing

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																	
ID			F E D C																																B	A
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	TICK		Enable or disable event routing for event TICK																																
		Disabled	0	Disable																																
		Enabled	1	Enable																																
B	RW	OVRFLW		Enable or disable event routing for event OVRFLW																																
		Disabled	0	Disable																																
		Enabled	1	Enable																																
C-F	RW	COMPARE[i] (i=0..3)		Enable or disable event routing for event COMPARE[i]																																
		Disabled	0	Disable																																
		Enabled	1	Enable																																

Enable event routing

7.1.29.10.22 EVTENCLR

Disable event routing

7.1.29.10.23 COUNTER

Current counter value

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																															
A	R	COUNTER						Counter value																															

7.1.29.10.24 PRESCALER

Address offset: 0x508

12-bit prescaler for counter frequency $(32768 / (\text{PRESCALER} + 1))$. Must be written when RTC is stopped.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW PRESCALER							Prescaler value																											

7.1.29.10.25 CC[n] (n=0..3)

Address offset: $0x540 + (n \times 0x4)$

Compare register n

Bit number								31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		
Reset 0x00000000								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value				Description																																	
A	RW COMPARE								Compare value																																	

7.1.29.11 Electrical specification

7.1.30 SAADC — Successive approximation analog-to-digital converter

The SAADC is a differential successive approximation register (SAR) analog-to-digital converter.

Listed here are the main features of SAADC:

- 8/10/12-bit resolution, 14-bit resolution with oversampling
- Multiple analog inputs:
 - AIN0 to AIN7 pins
 - VDD pin
 - VDDH DIV5 (through VDDH pin)
- Up to eight input channels:
 - One channel per single-ended input and two channels per differential input
 - Scan mode can be configured with both single-ended channels and differential channels
 - Each channel can be configured to select any of the above analog inputs
- Full scale input range (0 to VDD)
- Sampling triggered via a task from software or a PPI channel for full flexibility on sample frequency source from low-power 32.768 kHz RTC or more accurate 1/16 MHz timers

- One-shot conversion mode to sample a single channel
- Scan mode to sample a series of channels in sequence with configurable sample delay
- Support for direct sample transfer to RAM using EasyDMA
- Interrupts on single sample and full buffer events
- Samples stored as 16-bit two's complement values for differential and single-ended sampling
- Continuous sampling without the need of an external timer
- Internal resistor string
- On-the-fly limit checking

7.1.30.1 Shared resources

The ADC can coexist with COMP and other peripherals using one of AIN0–AIN7, provided these are assigned to different pins.

It is not recommended to select the same analog input pin for both modules.

7.1.30.2 Overview

The ADC supports up to eight external analog input channels. It can be operated in One-shot mode with sampling under software control, or Continuous mode with a programmable sampling rate.

The analog inputs can be configured as eight single-ended inputs, four differential inputs or a combination of these. Each channel can be configured to select:

- AIN0 to AIN7 pins
- VDD pin
- VDDH DIV5 (through VDDH pin)

Channels can be sampled individually in one-shot or continuous sampling modes, or, using scan mode, multiple channels can be sampled in sequence. Channels can also be oversampled to improve noise performance.

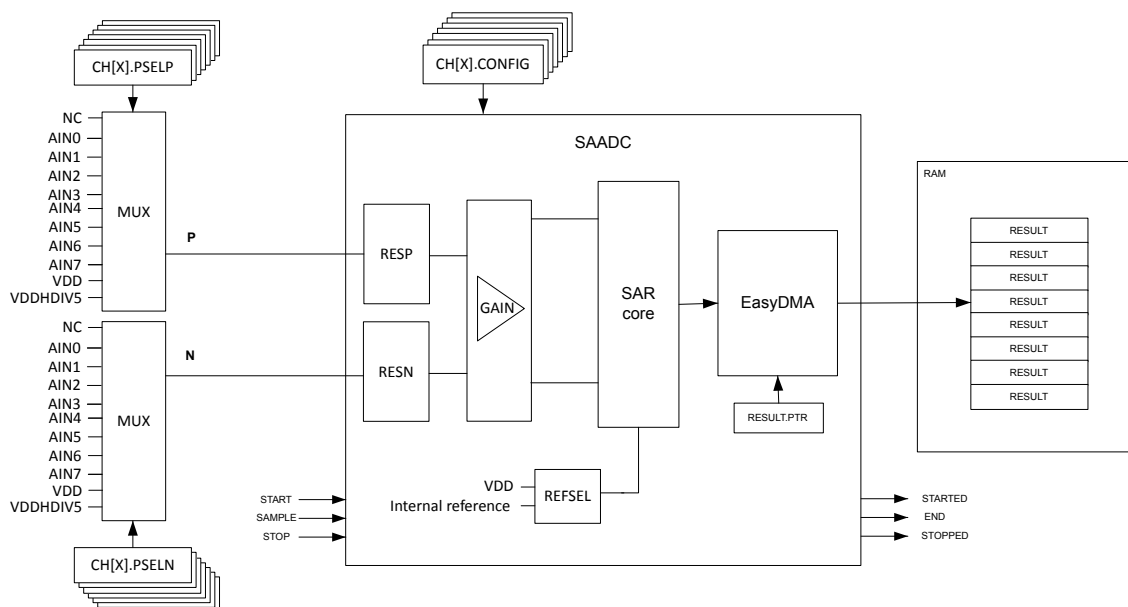


Figure 183: Simplified ADC block diagram

Internally, the ADC is always a differential analog-to-digital converter, but by default it is configured with single-ended input in the MODE field of the CH[n].CONFIG register. In single-ended mode, the negative input will be shorted to ground internally.

The assumption in single-ended mode is that the internal ground of the ADC is the same as the external ground that the measured voltage is referred to. The ADC is thus sensitive to ground bounce on the PCB in single-ended mode. If this is a concern we recommend using differential measurement.

7.1.30.3 Digital output

The output result of the ADC depends on the settings in the CH[n].CONFIG and RESOLUTION registers as follows:

$$\text{RESULT} = [V(P) - V(N)] * \text{GAIN/REFERENCE} * 2^{(\text{RESOLUTION} - m)}$$

where

V(P)

is the voltage at input P

V(N)

is the voltage at input N

GAIN

is the selected gain setting

m

is the mode setting. Use m=0 if CONFIG.MODE=SE, or m=1 if CONFIG.MODE=Diff

REFERENCE

is the selected reference voltage

The result generated by the ADC will deviate from the expected due DC errors like offset, gain, differential non-linearity (DNL), and integral non-linearity (INL). See [Electrical specification](#) for details on these parameters. The result can also vary due to AC errors like non-linearities in the GAIN block, settling errors due to high source impedance and sampling jitter. For battery measurement, the DC errors are most noticeable.

The ADC has a wide selection of gains controlled in the GAIN field of the CH[n].CONFIG register. If CH[n].CONFIG.REFSEL=0, the input range of the ADC core is nominally ± 0.6 V differential and the input must be scaled accordingly.

The ADC has a temperature dependent offset. If the ADC is to operate over a large temperature range, we recommend running CALIBRATEOFFSET at regular intervals. The CALIBRATEDONE event will be fired when the calibration has been completed. Note that the DONE and RESULTDONE events will also be generated.

7.1.30.4 Analog inputs and channels

Up to eight analog input channels, CH[n](n=0..7), can be configured.

See [Shared resources](#) on page 505 for shared input with comparators.

Any one of the available channels can be enabled for the ADC to operate in one-shot mode. If more than one CH[n] is configured, the ADC enters scan mode.

An analog input is selected as a positive converter input if CH[n].PSELP is set, setting CH[n].PSELP also enables the particular channel.

An analog input is selected as a negative converter input if CH[n].PSELN is set. The CH[n].PSELN register will have no effect unless differential mode is enabled, see MODE field in CH[n].CONFIG register.

If more than one of the CH[n].PSELP registers is set, the device enters scan mode. Input selections in scan mode are controlled by the CH[n].PSELP and CH[n].PSELN registers, where CH[n].PSELN is only used if the particular scan channel is specified as differential, see MODE field in CH[n].CONFIG register.

Important: Channels selected for COMP cannot be used at the same time for ADC sampling, though channels not selected for use by these blocks can be used by the ADC.

7.1.30.5 Operation modes

The ADC input configuration supports one-shot mode, continuous mode and scan mode.

Note: Scan mode and oversampling cannot be combined.

The ADC indicates a single ongoing conversion via the register [STATUS](#) on page 525. During scan mode, oversampling, or continuous modes, more than a single conversion take place in the ADC. As consequence, the value reflected in STATUS register will toggle at the end of each single conversion.

7.1.30.5.1 One-shot mode

One-shot operation is configured by enabling only one of the available channels defined by CH[n].PSEL, CH[n].PSELN, and CH[n].CONFIG registers.

Upon a SAMPLE task, the ADC starts to sample the input voltage. The CH[n].CONFIG.TACQ controls the acquisition time.

A DONE event signals that one sample has been taken.

In this mode, the RESULTDONE event has the same meaning as DONE when no oversampling takes place. Note that both events may occur before the actual value has been transferred into RAM by EasyDMA. For more information, see [EasyDMA](#) on page 509.

7.1.30.5.2 Continuous mode

Continuous sampling can be achieved by using the internal timer in the ADC, or triggering the SAMPLE task from one of the general purpose timers through the PPI system.

Care shall be taken to ensure that the sample rate fulfils the following criteria, depending on how many channels are active:

$$f_{\text{SAMPLE}} < 1 / (t_{\text{ACQ}} + t_{\text{conv}})$$

The SAMPLERATE register can be used as a local timer instead of triggering individual SAMPLE tasks. When SAMPLERATE.MODE is set to Timers, it is sufficient to trigger SAMPLE task only once in order to start the SAADC and triggering the STOP task will stop sampling. The SAMPLERATE.CC field controls the sample rate.

The SAMPLERATE timer mode cannot be combined with SCAN mode, and only one channel can be enabled in this mode.

A DONE event signals that one sample has been taken.

In this mode, the RESULTDONE event has the same meaning as DONE when no oversampling takes place. Note that both events may occur before the actual value has been transferred into RAM by EasyDMA.

7.1.30.5.3 Oversampling

An accumulator in the ADC can be used to average noise on the analog input. In general, oversampling improves the signal-to-noise ratio (SNR). Oversampling, however, does not improve the integral non-linearity (INL), or differential non-linearity (DNL).

Oversampling and scan should not be combined, since oversampling and scan will average over input channels.

The accumulator is controlled in the OVERSAMPLE register. The SAMPLE task must be set $2^{\text{OVERSAMPLE}}$ number of times before the result is written to RAM. This can be achieved by:

- Configuring a fixed sampling rate using the local timer or a general purpose timer and the PPI system to trigger a SAMPLE task
- Triggering SAMPLE $2^{\text{OVERSAMPLE}}$ times from software
- Enabling BURST mode

CH[n].CONFIG.BURST can be enabled to avoid setting SAMPLE task $2^{\text{OVERSAMPLE}}$ times. With BURST = 1 the ADC will sample the input $2^{\text{OVERSAMPLE}}$ times as fast as it can (actual timing: $<(t_{\text{ACQ}}+t_{\text{CONV}}) \times 2^{\text{OVERSAMPLE}}$). Thus, for the user it will just appear like the conversion took a bit longer time, but other than that, it is similar to one-shot mode.

A DONE event signals that one sample has been taken.

In this mode, the RESULTDONE event signals that enough conversions have taken place for an oversampled result to get transferred into RAM. Note that both events may occur before the actual value has been transferred into RAM by EasyDMA.

7.1.30.5.4 Scan mode

A channel is considered enabled if CH[n].PSEL is set. If more than one channel, CH[n], is enabled, the ADC enters scan mode.

In scan mode, one SAMPLE task will trigger one conversion per enabled channel. The time it takes to sample all channels is:

$$\text{Total time} < \text{Sum}(\text{CH}[x].t_{\text{ACQ}}+t_{\text{CONV}}), x=0..\text{enabled channels}$$

A DONE event signals that one sample has been taken.

In this mode, the RESULTDONE event signals has the same meaning as DONE when no oversampling takes place. Note that both events may occur before the actual values have been transferred into RAM by EasyDMA.

The figure below provides an example of results placement in Data RAM, with an even RESULT.MAXCNT. In this example, channels 1, 2 and 5 are enabled, all others are disabled.

	31	16	15	0
RESULT.PTR	CH[2] 1 st result		CH[1] 1 st result	
RESULT.PTR + 4	CH[1] 2 nd result		CH[5] 1 st result	
RESULT.PTR + 8	CH[5] 2 nd result		CH[2] 2 nd result	
	(...)			
RESULT.PTR + 2*(RESULT.MAXCNT - 2)	CH[5] last result		CH[2] last result	

Figure 184: Example of RAM placement (even RESULT.MAXCNT), channels 1, 2 and 5 enabled

The figure below provides an example of results placement in Data RAM, with an odd RESULT.MAXCNT. In this example, channels 1, 2 and 5 are enabled, all others are disabled. The last 32-bit word is populated only with one 16-bit result.

	31	16	15	0
RESULT.PTR	CH[2] 1 st result		CH[1] 1 st result	
RESULT.PTR + 4	CH[1] 2 nd result		CH[5] 1 st result	
RESULT.PTR + 8	CH[5] 2 nd result		CH[2] 2 nd result	
	(...)			
RESULT.PTR + 2*(RESULT.MAXCNT - 1)			CH[5] last result	

Figure 185: Example of RAM placement (odd RESULT.MAXCNT), channels 1, 2 and 5 enabled

7.1.30.6 EasyDMA

After configuring RESULT.PTR and RESULT.MAXCNT, the ADC resources are started by triggering the START task. The ADC is using EasyDMA to store results in a Result buffer in RAM.

The Result buffer is located at the address specified in the RESULT.PTR register. The RESULT.PTR register is double-buffered and it can be updated and prepared for the next START task immediately after the STARTED event is generated. The size of the Result buffer is specified in the RESULT.MAXCNT register and the ADC will generate an END event when it has filled up the Result buffer, see [Figure 186: ADC](#) on page 509. Results are stored in little-endian byte order in Data RAM. Every sample will be sign extended to 16 bit before stored in the Result buffer.

The ADC is stopped by triggering the STOP task. The STOP task will terminate an ongoing sampling. The ADC will generate a STOPPED event when it has stopped. If the ADC is already stopped when the STOP task is triggered, the STOPPED event will still be generated.

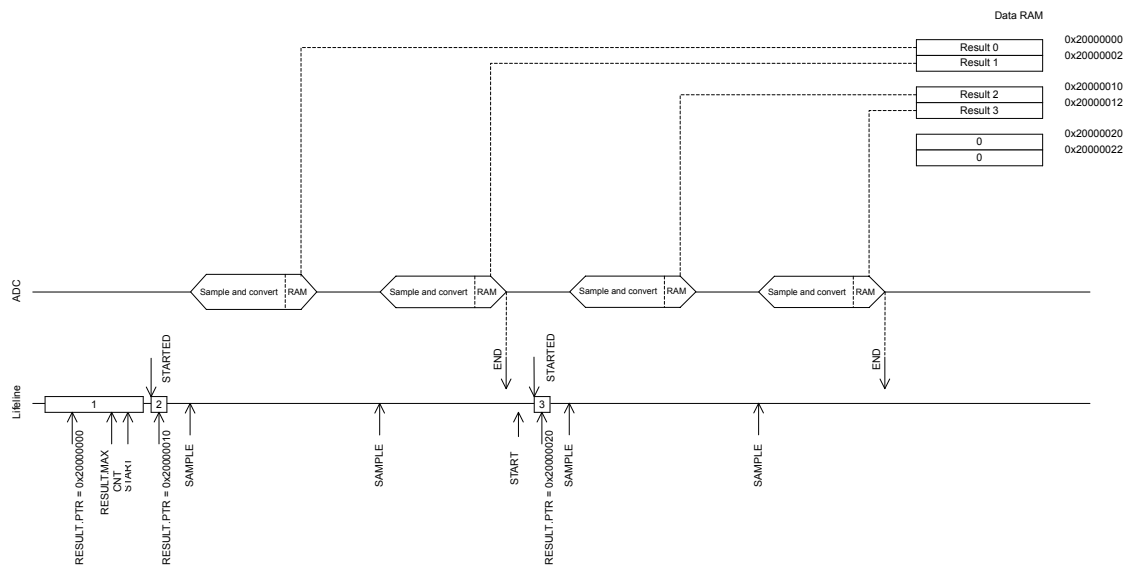


Figure 186: ADC

If the RESULT.PTR is not pointing to a RAM region accessible from the peripheral, an EasyDMA transfer may result in a HardFault and/or memory corruption. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information about the different memory regions.

The EasyDMA will have finished accessing the RAM when the END or STOPPED event has been generated.

The RESULT.AMOUNT register can be read following an END event or a STOPPED event to see how many results have been transferred to the Result buffer in RAM since the START task was triggered.

In scan mode, SAMPLE tasks can be triggered once the START task is triggered. The END event is generated when the number of samples transferred to memory reaches the value specified by RESULT.MAXCNT. After an END event, the START task needs to be triggered again before new samples can be taken. Also make sure that the size of the Result buffer is large enough to have space for minimum one result from each of the enabled channels, by specifying RESULT.MAXCNT \geq number of channels enabled. For more information about the scan mode, see [Scan mode](#) on page 508.

7.1.30.7 Resistor ladder

The ADC has an internal resistor string for positive and negative input.

See [Figure 187: Resistor ladder for positive input \(negative input is equivalent, using RESN instead of RESP\)](#) on page 510. The resistors are controlled in the CH[n].CONFIG.RESP and CH[n].CONFIG.RESN registers.

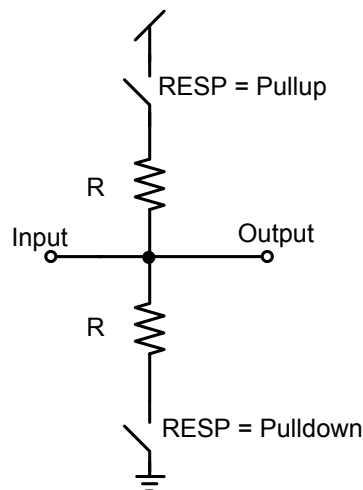


Figure 187: Resistor ladder for positive input (negative input is equivalent, using RESN instead of RESP)

7.1.30.8 Reference

The ADC can use two different references, controlled in the REFSEL field of the CH[n].CONFIG register.

These are:

- Internal reference
- VDD as reference

The internal reference results in an input range of ± 0.6 V on the ADC core. VDD as reference results in an input range of $\pm VDD/4$ on the ADC core. The gain block can be used to change the effective input range of the ADC.

$$\text{Input range} = (\pm 0.6 \text{ V or } \pm VDD/4) / \text{Gain}$$

For example, choosing VDD as reference, single ended input (grounded negative input), and a gain of 1/4 the input range will be:

$$\text{Input range} = (VDD/4) / (1/4) = VDD$$

With internal reference, single ended input (grounded negative input), and a gain of 1/6 the input range will be:

$$\text{Input range} = (0.6 \text{ V}) / (1/6) = 3.6 \text{ V}$$

The AIN0-AIN7 inputs cannot exceed VDD, or be lower than VSS.

7.1.30.9 Acquisition time

To sample the input voltage, the ADC connects a capacitor to the input.

For illustration, see [Figure 188: Simplified ADC sample network](#) on page 511. The acquisition time indicates how long the capacitor is connected, see TACQ field in CH[n].CONFIG register. The required acquisition time depends on the source (R_{source}) resistance. For high source resistance the acquisition time should be increased, see [Table 139: Acquisition time](#) on page 511.

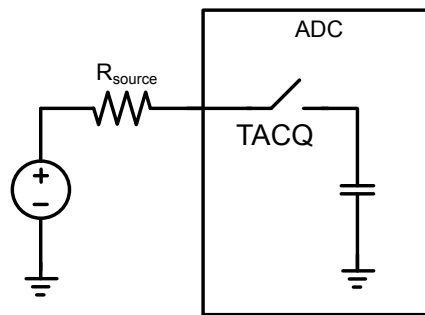


Figure 188: Simplified ADC sample network

TACQ [μ s]	Maximum source resistance [kOhm]
3	10
5	40
10	100
15	200
20	400
40	800

Table 139: Acquisition time

When using `VDDHDI5` as input, the acquisition time needs to be 10 μ s or higher.

7.1.30.10 Limits event monitoring

A channel can be event monitored by configuring limit register `CH[n].LIMIT`.

If the conversion result is higher than the defined high limit, or lower than the defined low limit, the appropriate event will get fired.

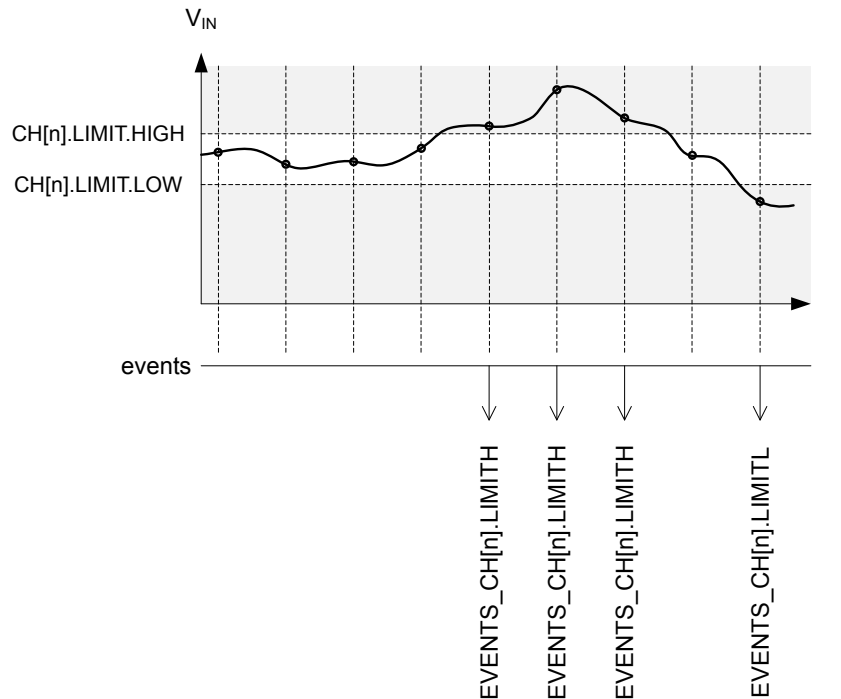


Figure 189: Example of limits monitoring on channel 'n'

Note that when setting the limits, CH[n].LIMIT.HIGH shall always be higher than or equal to CH[n].LIMIT.LOW. In other words, an event can be fired only when the input signal has been sampled outside of the defined limits. It is not possible to fire an event when the input signal is inside a defined range by swapping high and low limits.

The comparison to limits always takes place, there is no need to enable it. If comparison is not required on a channel, the software shall simply ignore the related events. In that situation, the value of the limits registers is irrelevant, so it does not matter if CH[n].LIMIT.LOW is lower than CH[n].LIMIT.HIGH or not.

7.1.30.11 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x5000E000	APPLICATION	SAADC	SAADC : S	US	SA	Successive approximation	
0x4000E000			SAADC : NS			analog-to-digital converter	

Table 140: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Start the ADC and prepare the result buffer in RAM
TASKS_SAMPLE	0x004		Take one ADC sample, if scan is enabled all channels are sampled
TASKS_STOP	0x008		Stop the ADC and terminate any on-going conversion
TASKS_CALIBRATEOFFSET	0x00C		Starts offset auto-calibration
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_SAMPLE	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task SAMPLE
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
SUBSCRIBE_CALIBRATEOFF	0x08C		Subscribe configuration for task CALIBRATEOFFSET
EVENTS_STARTED	0x100		The ADC has started
EVENTS_END	0x104		The ADC has filled up the Result buffer
EVENTS_DONE	0x108		A conversion task has been completed. Depending on the mode, multiple conversions might be needed for a result to be transferred to RAM.

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EVENTS_RESULTDONE	0x10C		A result is ready to get transferred to RAM.
EVENTS_CALIBRATEDONE	0x110		Calibration is complete
EVENTS_STOPPED	0x114		The ADC has stopped
EVENTS_CH[n].LIMITH	0x118		Last results is equal or above CH[n].LIMIT.HIGH
EVENTS_CH[n].LIMITL	0x11C		Last results is equal or below CH[n].LIMIT.LOW
PUBLISH_STARTED	0x180		Publish configuration for event STARTED
PUBLISH_END	0x184		Publish configuration for event END
PUBLISH_DONE	0x188		Publish configuration for event DONE
PUBLISH_RESULTDONE	0x18C		Publish configuration for event RESULTDONE
PUBLISH_CALIBRATEDONE	0x190		Publish configuration for event CALIBRATEDONE
PUBLISH_STOPPED	0x194		Publish configuration for event STOPPED
PUBLISH_CH[n].LIMITH	0x198		Publish configuration for event CH[n].LIMITH
PUBLISH_CH[n].LIMITL	0x19C		Publish configuration for event CH[n].LIMITL
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
STATUS	0x400		Status
ENABLE	0x500		Enable or disable ADC
CH[n].PSEL	0x510		Input positive pin selection for CH[n]
CH[n].PSELN	0x514		Input negative pin selection for CH[n]
CH[n].CONFIG	0x518		Input configuration for CH[n]
CH[n].LIMIT	0x51C		High/low limits for event monitoring a channel
RESOLUTION	0x5F0		Resolution configuration
OVERSAMPLE	0x5F4		Oversampling configuration. OVERSAMPLE should not be combined with SCAN. The RESOLUTION is applied before averaging, thus for high OVERSAMPLE a higher RESOLUTION should be used.
SAMPLERATE	0x5F8		Controls normal or continuous sample rate
RESULT.PTR	0x62C		Data pointer
RESULT.MAXCNT	0x630		Maximum number of buffer words to transfer
RESULT.AMOUNT	0x634		Number of buffer words transferred since last START

Table 141: Register overview

7.1.30.11.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Start the ADC and prepare the result buffer in RAM

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	W	TASKS_START			Start the ADC and prepare the result buffer in RAM																													
		Trigger	1		Trigger task																													

7.1.30.11.2 TASKS_SAMPLE

Address offset: 0x004

Take one ADC sample, if scan is enabled all channels are sampled

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	W	TASKS_SAMPLE				Take one ADC sample, if scan is enabled all channels are sampled																											
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																											

7.1.30.11.3 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x008

Stop the ADC and terminate any on-going conversion

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																								A					
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																			
A	W TASKS_STOP									Stop the ADC and terminate any on-going conversion																																			
				Trigger			1			Trigger task																																			

7.1.30.11.4 TASKS_CALIBRATEOFFSET

Address offset: 0x00C

Starts offset auto-calibration

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	W	TASKS_CALIBRATEOFFSET		Starts offset auto-calibration																																
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																																

7.1.30.11.5 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task [START](#)

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID		B																															A A A A A A A A
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task START will subscribe to																											
B	RW	EN	Disabled		0		Disable subscription																										
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																										

7.1.30.11.6 SUBSCRIBE_SAMPLE

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task [SAMPLE](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task SAMPLE will subscribe to																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																		

7.1.30.11.7 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																		

7.1.30.11.8 SUBSCRIBE_CALIBRATEOFFSET

Address offset: 0x08C

Subscribe configuration for task **CALIBRATEOFFSET**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task CALIBRATEOFFSET will subscribe to																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																
			Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																

7.1.30.11.9 EVENTS_STARTED

Address offset: 0x100

The ADC has started

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_STARTED		The ADC has started																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.30.11.10 EVENTS_END

Address offset: 0x104

The ADC has filled up the Result buffer

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	EVENTS_END				The ADC has filled up the Result buffer																																	
			NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																																	
			Generated	1		Event generated																																	

7.1.30.11.11 EVENTS_DONE

Address offset: 0x108

A conversion task has been completed. Depending on the mode, multiple conversions might be needed for a result to be transferred to RAM.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	EVENTS_DONE			A conversion task has been completed. Depending on the mode, multiple conversions might be needed for a result to be transferred to RAM.																													
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																													
		Generated	1		Event generated																													

7.1.30.11.12 EVENTS_RESULTDONE

Address offset: 0x10C

A result is ready to get transferred to RAM.

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																A	
Reset 0x00000000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value	Description																												
A	RW	EVENTS_RESULTDONE			A result is ready to get transferred to RAM.																												
		NotGenerated		0	Event not generated																												
		Generated		1	Event generated																												

7.1.30.11.13 EVENTS_CALIBRATEDONE

Address offset: 0x110

Calibration is complete

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_CALIBRATEDONE		Calibration is complete																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.30.11.14 EVENTS_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x114

The ADC has stopped

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_STOPPED		The ADC has stopped																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.30.11.15 EVENTS_CH[n].LIMITH (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x118 + (n × 0x8)

Last results is equal or above CH[n].LIMIT.HIGH

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW	LIMITH		Last results is equal or above CH[n].LIMIT.HIGH																																			
			NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
			Generated	1	Event generated																																		

7.1.30.11.16 EVENTS_CH[n].LIMITL (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x11C + (n × 0x8)

Last results is equal or below CH[n].LIMIT.LOW

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW	LIMITL				Last results is equal or below CH[n].LIMIT.LOW																																	
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.30.11.17 PUBLISH_STARTED

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event **STARTED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event STARTED will publish to.																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																																										
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																																										

7.1.30.11.18 PUBLISH_END

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event **END**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A								
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that event END will publish to.																																						
B	RW EN																																												
			Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																						
			Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																						

7.1.30.11.19 PUBLISH_DONE

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event **DONE**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event DONE will publish to.																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																																										
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																																										

7.1.30.11.20 PUBLISH_RESULTDONE

Address offset: 0x18C

Publish configuration for event **RESULTDONE**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event RESULTDONE will publish to.																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																																										
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																																										

7.1.30.11.21 PUBLISH_CALIBRATEDONE

Address offset: 0x190

Publish configuration for event **CALIBRATEDONE**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event CALIBRATEDONE will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.30.11.22 PUBLISH_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x194

Publish configuration for event **STOPPED**

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event STOPPED will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																		
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																													
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																													

7.1.30.11.23 PUBLISH_CH[n].LIMITH (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x198 + (n × 0x8)

Publish configuration for event **CH[n].LIMITH**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event CH[n].LIMITH will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.30.11.24 PUBLISH_CH[n].LIMITL (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x19C + (n × 0x8)

Publish configuration for event **CH[n].LIMITL**

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID			B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																	
Reset 0x00000000			0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																																																							
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that event CH[n].LIMITL will publish to.																																																							
B	RW EN																																																													
		Disabled	0				Disable publishing																																																							
		Enabled	1				Enable publishing																																																							

7.1.30.11.25 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	STARTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event STARTED																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															
B	RW	END			Enable or disable interrupt for event END																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															
C	RW	DONE			Enable or disable interrupt for event DONE																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															
D	RW	RESULTDONE			Enable or disable interrupt for event RESULTDONE																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															
E	RW	CALIBRATEDONE			Enable or disable interrupt for event CALIBRATEDONE																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															
F	RW	STOPPED			Enable or disable interrupt for event STOPPED																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															
G	RW	CH0LIMITH			Enable or disable interrupt for event CH0LIMITH																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															
H	RW	CH0LIMITL			Enable or disable interrupt for event CH0LIMITL																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															
I	RW	CH1LIMITH			Enable or disable interrupt for event CH1LIMITH																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															
J	RW	CH1LIMITL			Enable or disable interrupt for event CH1LIMITL																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															
K	RW	CH2LIMITH			Enable or disable interrupt for event CH2LIMITH																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															
			Enabled	1	Enable																															
L	RW	CH2LIMITL			Enable or disable interrupt for event CH2LIMITL																															
			Disabled	0	Disable																															

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
M	RW CH3LIMITH	Enabled	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
N	RW CH3LIMITL	Enabled	1	Enable or disable interrupt for event CH3LIMITH																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
O	RW CH4LIMITH	Enabled	1	Enable or disable interrupt for event CH4LIMITH																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
P	RW CH4LIMITL	Enabled	1	Enable or disable interrupt for event CH4LIMITL																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
Q	RW CH5LIMITH	Enabled	1	Enable or disable interrupt for event CH5LIMITH																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
R	RW CH5LIMITL	Enabled	1	Enable or disable interrupt for event CH5LIMITL																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
S	RW CH6LIMITH	Enabled	1	Enable or disable interrupt for event CH6LIMITH																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
T	RW CH6LIMITL	Enabled	1	Enable or disable interrupt for event CH6LIMITL																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
U	RW CH7LIMITH	Enabled	1	Enable or disable interrupt for event CH7LIMITH																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
V	RW CH7LIMITL	Enabled	1	Enable or disable interrupt for event CH7LIMITL																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														

7.1.30.11.26 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	STARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STARTED																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW	END			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event END																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
C	RW	DONE			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event DONE																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
D	RW	RESULTDONE			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RESULTDONE																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
E	RW	CALIBRATEDONE			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CALIBRATEDONE																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
F	RW	STOPPED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
G	RW	CH0LIMITH			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH0LIMITH																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
H	RW	CH0LIMITL			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH0LIMITL																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
I	RW	CH1LIMITH			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH1LIMITH																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
J	RW	CH1LIMITL			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH1LIMITL																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
K	RW	CH2LIMITH			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH2LIMITH																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
L	RW	CH2LIMITL			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH2LIMITL																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
M	RW	CH3LIMITH			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH3LIMITH																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
N	RW	CH3LIMITL			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH3LIMITL																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
O	RW	CH4LIMITH			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH4LIMITH																														
			Set	1	Enable																														

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
P	RW	CH4LIMITL	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Set	1	Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH4LIMITL																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
Q	RW	CH5LIMITH	Set	1	Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH5LIMITH																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
R	RW	CH5LIMITL	Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Set	1	Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH5LIMITL																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
S	RW	CH6LIMITH	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Set	1	Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH6LIMITH																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
T	RW	CH6LIMITL	Set	1	Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH6LIMITL																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
U	RW	CH7LIMITH	Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Set	1	Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH7LIMITH																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
V	RW	CH7LIMITL	Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Set	1	Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CH7LIMITL																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.30.11.27 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW STARTED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STARTED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW END			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event END																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW DONE			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event DONE																														

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
D	RW	RESULTDONE			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RESULTDONE																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
E	RW	CALIBRATEDONE			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CALIBRATEDONE																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
F	RW	STOPPED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STOPPED																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
G	RW	CH0LIMITH			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH0LIMITH																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
H	RW	CH0LIMITL			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH0LIMITL																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
I	RW	CH1LIMITH			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH1LIMITH																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
J	RW	CH1LIMITL			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH1LIMITL																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
K	RW	CH2LIMITH			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH2LIMITH																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
L	RW	CH2LIMITL			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH2LIMITL																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
M	RW	CH3LIMITH			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH3LIMITH																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
N	RW	CH3LIMITL			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH3LIMITL																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
O	RW	CH4LIMITH			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH4LIMITH																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
P	RW	CH4LIMITL	Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Clear	1	Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH4LIMITL																													
			Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Disabled																													
Q	RW	CH5LIMITH	Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Clear	1	Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH5LIMITH																													
			Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Disabled																													
R	RW	CH5LIMITL	Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Clear	1	Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH5LIMITL																													
			Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Disabled																													
S	RW	CH6LIMITH	Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Clear	1	Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH6LIMITH																													
			Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Disabled																													
T	RW	CH6LIMITL	Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Clear	1	Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH6LIMITL																													
			Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Disabled																													
U	RW	CH7LIMITH	Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Clear	1	Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH7LIMITH																													
			Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Disabled																													
V	RW	CH7LIMITL	Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
			Clear	1	Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CH7LIMITL																													
			Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Disabled																													

7.1.30.11.28 STATUS

Address offset: 0x400

Status

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	STATUS			Status																														
			Ready	0	ADC is ready. No on-going conversion.																														
			Busy	1	ADC is busy. Single conversion in progress.																														

7.1.30.11.29 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable or disable ADC

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																		A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	ENABLE		Enable or disable ADC																														
		Disabled	0	Disable ADC																														
		Enabled	1	Enable ADC																														
				When enabled, the ADC will acquire access to the analog input pins specified in the CH[n].PSELP and CH[n].PSELN registers.																														

7.1.30.11.30 CH[n].PSELP (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x510 + (n × 0x10)

Input positive pin selection for CH[n]

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW	PSELP			Analog positive input channel																																	
		NC	0		Not connected																																	
		AnalogInput0	1		AIN0																																	
		AnalogInput1	2		AIN1																																	
		AnalogInput2	3		AIN2																																	
		AnalogInput3	4		AIN3																																	
		AnalogInput4	5		AIN4																																	
		AnalogInput5	6		AIN5																																	
		AnalogInput6	7		AIN6																																	
		AnalogInput7	8		AIN7																																	
		VDD	9		VDD																																	
		VDDHDIV5	0xD		VDDH/5																																	

7.1.30.11.31 CH[n].PSELN (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x514 + (n × 0x10)

Input negative pin selection for CH[n]

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A A A A A																																		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	PSELN			Analog negative input, enables differential channel																																	
			NC	0	Not connected																																	
			AnalogInput0	1	AIN0																																	
			AnalogInput1	2	AIN1																																	
			AnalogInput2	3	AIN2																																	
			AnalogInput3	4	AIN3																																	
			AnalogInput4	5	AIN4																																	
			AnalogInput5	6	AIN5																																	
			AnalogInput6	7	AIN6																																	
			AnalogInput7	8	AIN7																																	

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Accs Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
		VDD	9	VDD																														
		VDDHDIV5	0xD	VDDH/5																														

7.1.30.11.32 CH[n].CONFIG (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x518 + (n \times 0x10)$

Input configuration for CH[n]

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																					
ID				G								F			E			E			D			C			C			B			B			A			A		
Reset 0x00020000				0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0																																					
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																				
A	RW	RESP			Positive channel resistor control																																				
			Bypass	0	Bypass resistor ladder																																				
			Pulldown	1	Pull-down to GND																																				
			Pullup	2	Pull-up to VDD																																				
			VDD1_2	3	Set input at VDD/2																																				
B	RW	RESN			Negative channel resistor control																																				
			Bypass	0	Bypass resistor ladder																																				
			Pulldown	1	Pull-down to GND																																				
			Pullup	2	Pull-up to VDD																																				
			VDD1_2	3	Set input at VDD/2																																				
C	RW	GAIN			Gain control																																				
			Gain1_6	0	1/6																																				
			Gain1_5	1	1/5																																				
			Gain1_4	2	1/4																																				
			Gain1_3	3	1/3																																				
			Gain1_2	4	1/2																																				
			Gain1	5	1																																				
			Gain2	6	2																																				
			Gain4	7	4																																				
D	RW	REFSEL			Reference control																																				
			Internal	0	Internal reference (0.6 V)																																				
			VDD1_4	1	VDD/4 as reference																																				
E	RW	TACQ			Acquisition time, the time the ADC uses to sample the input voltage																																				
			3us	0	3 us																																				
			5us	1	5 us																																				
			10us	2	10 us																																				
			15us	3	15 us																																				
			20us	4	20 us																																				
			40us	5	40 us																																				
F	RW	MODE			Enable differential mode																																				
			SE	0	Single ended, PSELN will be ignored, negative input to ADC shorted to GND																																				
			Diff	1	Differential																																				
G	RW	BURST			Enable burst mode																																				
			Disabled	0	Burst mode is disabled (normal operation)																																				

High/low limits for event monitoring a channel

Resolution configuration

Oversampling configuration. OVERSAMPLE should not be combined with SCAN. The RESOLUTION is applied before averaging, thus for high OVERSAMPLE a higher RESOLUTION should be used.



NORDIC
SEMICONDUCTOR

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																			A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value			Description																																
		Over32x	5			Oversample 32x																																
		Over64x	6			Oversample 64x																																
		Over128x	7			Oversample 128x																																
		Over256x	8			Oversample 256x																																

7.1.30.11.36 SAMPLERATE

Address offset: 0x5F8

Controls normal or continuous sample rate

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0							
ID																								B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																				
A	RW	CC	[80..2047]			Capture and compare value. Sample rate is 16 MHz/CC																																				
B	RW	MODE				Select mode for sample rate control																																				
		Task	0			Rate is controlled from SAMPLE task																																				
		Timers	1			Rate is controlled from local timer (use CC to control the rate)																																				

7.1.30.11.37 RESULT.PTR

Address offset: 0x62C

Data pointer

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW PTR							Data pointer																											

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.30.11.38 RESULT.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x630

Maximum number of buffer words to transfer

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																														
ID			A A																														
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																														
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value			Description																											
A	RW	MAXCNT				Maximum number of buffer words to transfer																											

7.1.30.11.39 RESULT.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x634

Number of buffer words transferred since last START

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																					A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																														
A	R	AMOUNT				Number of buffer words transferred since last START. This register can be read after an END or STOPPED event.																															

7.1.30.12 Electrical specification

7.1.30.12.1 SAADC Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
DNL ₁₀	Differential non-linearity, 10-bit resolution	..	..	..	LSB10b
INL ₁₀	Integral non-linearity, 10-bit resolution	..	..	..	LSB10b
V _{OS}	Differential offset error (calibrated), 10-bit resolution ^a	..	..	..	LSB10b
E _{VDDHDIV5}	Error on VDDHDIV5 input	..	..	..	%
C _{EG}	Gain error temperature coefficient	..	..	..	%/°C
f _{SAMPLE}	Maximum sampling rate	..	..	..	kHz
t _{ACQ,10k}	Acquisition time (configurable), source Resistance <= 10kOhm	..	..	..	μs
t _{ACQ,40k}	Acquisition time (configurable), source Resistance <= 40kOhm	..	..	..	μs
t _{ACQ,100k}	Acquisition time (configurable), source Resistance <= 100kOhm	..	..	..	μs
t _{ACQ,200k}	Acquisition time (configurable), source Resistance <= 200kOhm	..	..	..	μs
t _{ACQ,400k}	Acquisition time (configurable), source Resistance <= 400kOhm	..	..	..	μs
t _{ACQ,800k}	Acquisition time (configurable), source Resistance <= 800kOhm	..	..	..	μs
t _{CONV}	Conversion time	..	..	..	μs
E _{G1/6}	Error ^b for Gain = 1/6	..	..	..	%
E _{G1/4}	Error ^b for Gain = 1/4	..	..	..	%
E _{G1/2}	Error ^b for Gain = 1/2	..	..	..	%
E _{G1}	Error ^b for Gain = 1	..	..	..	%
C _{SAMPLE}	Sample and hold capacitance at maximum gain ²¹	..	..	..	pF
R _{INPUT}	Input resistance	..	..	..	MΩ
E _{NOB}	Effective number of bits, differential mode, 12-bit resolution, 1/1 gain, 3 μs acquisition time, HFXO, 200 ksp/s	..	..	..	Bit
S _{NDR}	Peak signal to noise and distortion ratio, differential mode, 12-bit resolution, 1/1 gain, 3 μs acquisition time, HFXO, 200 ksp/s	..	..	..	dB
S _{FDR}	Spurious free dynamic range, differential mode, 12-bit resolution, 1/1 gain, 3 μs acquisition time, HFXO, 200 ksp/s	..	..	..	dBc
R _{LADDER}	Ladder resistance	..	..	..	kΩ

^a Digital output code at zero volt differential input.

^b Does not include temperature drift

²¹ Maximum gain corresponds to highest capacitance.

7.1.30.13 Performance factors

Clock jitter, affecting sample timing accuracy, and circuit noise can affect ADC performance.

Jitter can be between START tasks or from START task to acquisition. START timer accuracy and startup times of regulators and references will contribute to variability. Sources of circuit noise may include CPU activity and the DC/DC regulator. Best ADC performance is achieved using START timing based on the TIMER module, HFXO clock source, and Constant Latency mode.

7.1.31 SPIM — Serial peripheral interface master with EasyDMA

The SPI master can communicate with multiple SPI slaves using individual chip select signals for each slave.

Listed here are the main features for the SPIM

- EasyDMA direct transfer to/from RAM
- SPI mode 0-3
- Individual selection of I/O pins
- Optional D/CX output line for distinguishing between command and data bytes

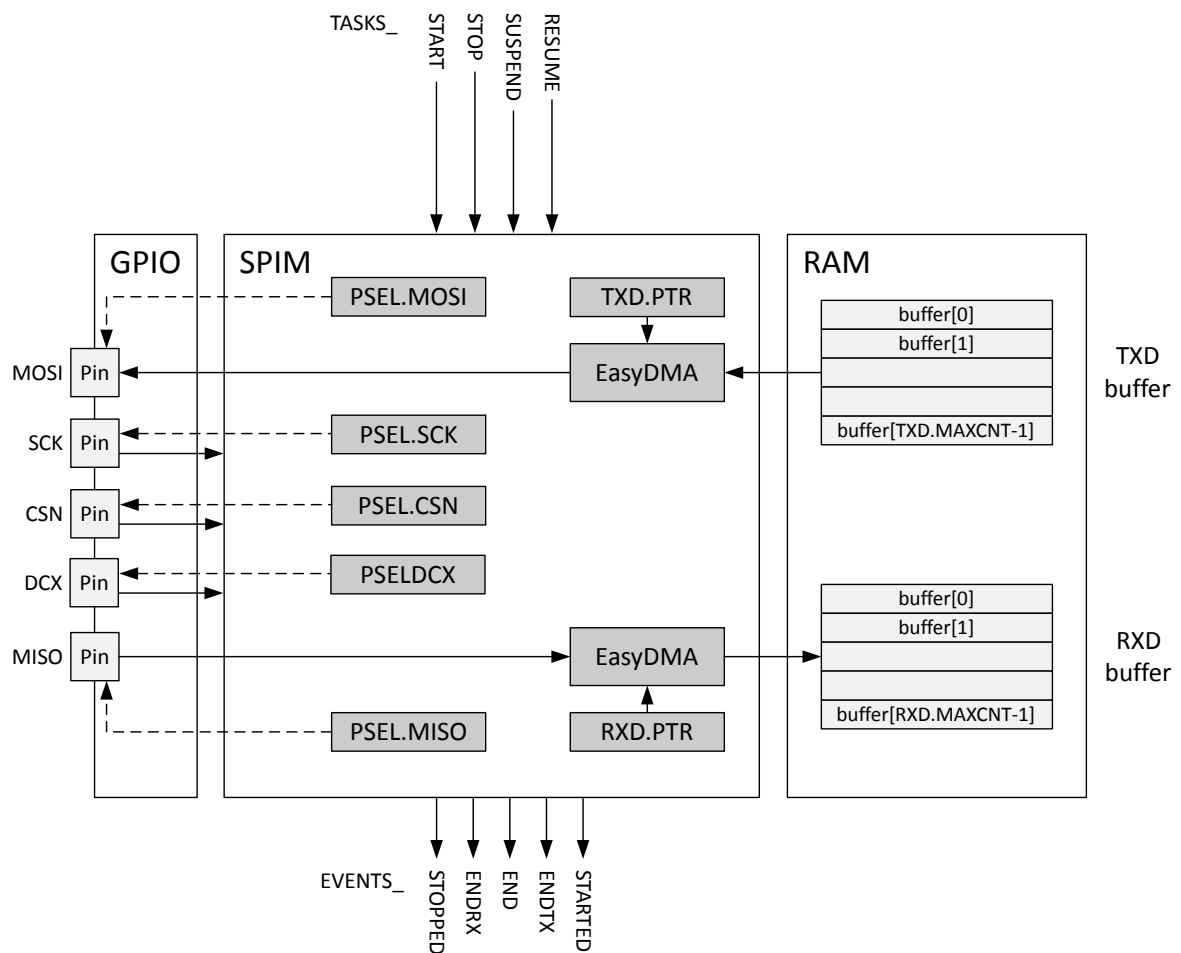


Figure 190: SPIM — SPI master with EasyDMA

7.1.31.1 SPI master transaction sequence

An SPI master transaction is started by triggering the START task. When started, a number of bytes will be transmitted/received on MOSI/MISO.

The following figure illustrates an SPI master transaction:

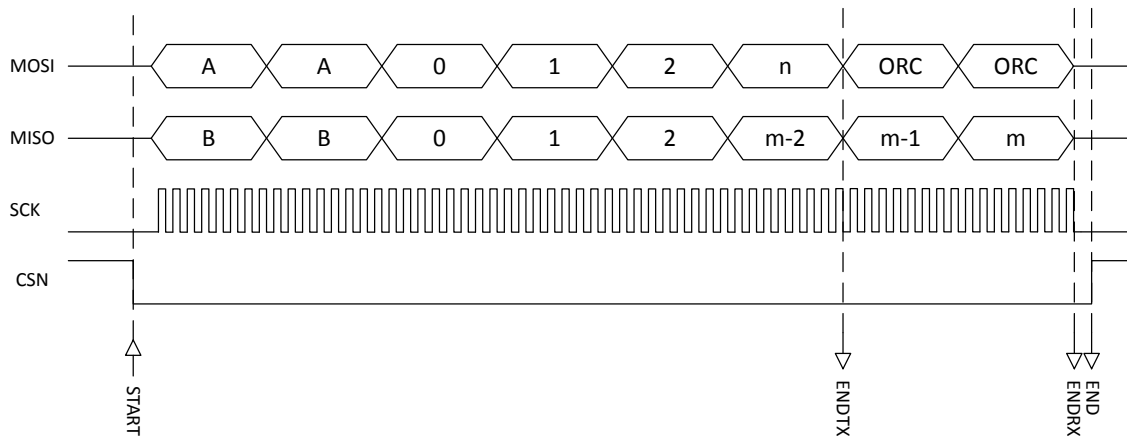


Figure 191: SPI master transaction

The ENDTX is generated when all bytes in buffer `TXD.PTR` on page 546 are transmitted. The number of bytes in the transmit buffer is specified in register `TXD.MAXCNT` on page 546. The ENDRX event will be generated when buffer `RXD.PTR` on page 545 is full, that is when the number of bytes specified in register `RXD.MAXCNT` on page 545 have been received. The transaction stops automatically after all bytes have been transmitted/received. When the maximum number of bytes in receive buffer is larger than the number of bytes in the transmit buffer, the contents of register `ORC` on page 549 will be transmitted after the last byte in the transmit buffer has been transmitted.

The END event will be generated after both the ENDRX and ENDTX events have been generated.

The SPI master can be stopped in the middle of a transaction by triggering the STOP task. When triggering the STOP task the SPIM will complete the transmission/reception of the current byte before stopping. A STOPPED event is generated when the SPI master has stopped.

If the ENDTX event has not already been generated when the SPI master has come to a stop, the ENDTX event will be generated even if all bytes in the buffer `TXD.PTR` on page 546 have not been transmitted.

If the ENDRX event has not already been generated when the SPI master has come to a stop, the ENDRX event will be generated even if the buffer `RXD.PTR` on page 545 is not full.

A transaction can be suspended and resumed using the SUSPEND and RESUME tasks, receptively. When the SUSPEND task is triggered the SPI master will complete transmitting and receiving the current ongoing byte before it is suspended.

7.1.31.2 D/CX functionality

Some SPI slaves, for example display drivers, require an additional signal from the SPI master to distinguish between command and data bytes. For display drivers this line is often called D/CX.

The SPIM provides support for such a D/CX output line. The D/CX line is set low during transmission of command bytes and high during transmission of data bytes.

The D/CX pin number is selected using `PSELDCX` on page 548 and the number of command bytes preceding the data bytes is configured using `DCXCNT` on page 548.

It is not allowed to write to the [DCXCNT](#) on page 548 during an ongoing transmission.

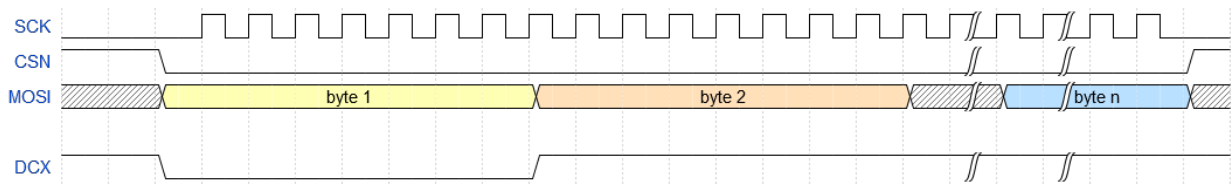


Figure 192: D/CX example. *SPIM.DCXCNT = 1.*

7.1.31.3 Pin configuration

The SCK, CSN, DCX, MOSI, and MISO signals associated with the SPIM are mapped to physical pins according to the configuration specified in the PSEL.n registers.

The contents of registers [PSEL.SCK](#) on page 543, [PSEL.CSN](#) on page 544, [PSELDCX](#) on page 548, [PSEL.MOSI](#) on page 543 and [PSEL.MISO](#) on page 544 are only used when the SPIM is enabled and retained only as long as the device is in System ON mode. The PSEL.n registers can only be configured when the SPIM is disabled. Enabling/disabling is done using register [ENABLE](#) on page 543.

To ensure correct behavior, the pins used by the SPIM must be configured in the GPIO peripheral as described in [Table 142: GPIO configuration](#) on page 533 before the SPIM is enabled.

Only one peripheral can be assigned to drive a particular GPIO pin at a time. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

SPI master signal	SPI master pin	Direction	Output value	Comments
SCK	As specified in PSEL.SCK on page 543	Output	Same as CONFIG.CPOL	
CSN	As specified in PSEL.CSN on page 544	Output	Same as CONFIG.CPOL	
DCX	As specified in PSELDCX on page 548	Output	1	
MOSI	As specified in PSEL.MOSI on page 543	Output	0	
MISO	As specified in PSEL.MISO on page 544	Input	Not applicable	

Table 142: GPIO configuration

Some SPIM instances do not support automatic control of CSN, and for those the available GPIO pins need to be used to control CSN directly. See [Table 145: Instances](#) on page 535 for information about what features are supported in the various SPIM instances.

The SPIM supports SPI modes 0 through 3. The clock polarity (CPOL) and the clock phase (CPHA) are configured in register [CONFIG](#) on page 547.

Mode	Clock polarity	Clock phase
	CPOL	CPHA
SPI_MODE0	0 (Active High)	0 (Leading)
SPI_MODE1	0 (Active High)	1 (Trailing)
SPI_MODE2	1 (Active Low)	0 (Leading)
SPI_MODE3	1 (Active Low)	1 (Trailing)

Table 143: SPI modes

7.1.31.4 Shared resources

The SPI shares registers and other resources with other peripherals that have the same ID as the SPI. Therefore, the user must disable all peripherals that have the same ID as the SPI before the SPI can be configured and used.

Disabling a peripheral that has the same ID as the SPI will not reset any of the registers that are shared with the SPI. It is therefore important to configure all relevant SPI registers explicitly to secure that it operates correctly.

See the Instantiation table in [Instantiation](#) on page 136 for details on peripherals and their IDs.

7.1.31.5 EasyDMA

The SPIM implements EasyDMA for accessing RAM without CPU involvement.

The SPIM peripheral implements the following EasyDMA channels:

Channel	Type	Register Cluster
TXD	READER	TXD
RXD	WRITER	RXD

Table 144: SPIM EasyDMA Channels

For detailed information regarding the use of EasyDMA, see [EasyDMA](#) on page 140.

The .PTR and .MAXCNT registers are double-buffered. They can be updated and prepared for the next transmission immediately after having received the STARTED event.

The SPI master will automatically stop transmitting after TXD.MAXCNT bytes have been transmitted and RXD.MAXCNT bytes have been received. If RXD.MAXCNT is larger than TXD.MAXCNT, the remaining transmitted bytes will contain the value defined in the ORC register. If TXD.MAXCNT is larger than RXD.MAXCNT, the superfluous received bytes will be discarded.

The ENDRX/ENDTX event indicate that EasyDMA has finished accessing respectively the RX/TX buffer in RAM. The END event gets generated when both RX and TX are finished accessing the buffers in RAM.

If several AHB bus masters try to access the same AHB slave at the same time, AHB bus congestion might occur, and the behaviour of the EasyDMA channel will depend on the SPIM instance. Refer to [Table 145: Instances](#) on page 535 for information about what behaviour is supported in the various instances.

7.1.31.6 Low power

When putting the system in low power and the peripheral is not needed, lowest possible power consumption is achieved by stopping, and then disabling the peripheral.

The STOP task may not be always needed (the peripheral might already be stopped), but if it is sent, software shall wait until the STOPPED event was received as a response before disabling the peripheral through the ENABLE register.

7.1.31.7 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50008000 0x40008000	APPLICATION	SPIM	SPIM0 : S	US	SA	SPI master 0	Not supported: > 8 Mbps data rate, IFTIMING.x registers, hardware CSN control (PSEL.CSN), stalling mechanism during AHB bus contention
			SPIM0 : NS				
0x50009000 0x40009000	APPLICATION	SPIM	SPIM1 : S	US	SA	SPI master 1	Not supported: > 8 Mbps data rate, IFTIMING.x registers, hardware CSN control (PSEL.CSN), stalling mechanism during AHB bus contention
			SPIM1 : NS				
0x5000A000 0x4000A000	APPLICATION	SPIM	SPIM2 : S	US	SA	SPI master 2 (high-speed)	Up to 32 Mbps SPI when using dedicated pins
			SPIM2 : NS				
0x41013000	NETWORK	SPIM	SPIM0	NS	NA	SPI master 0	> 8 Mbps data rate not supported IFTIMING.x registers not implemented Hardware CSN control (PSEL.CSN) not supported Stalling mechanism during AHB bus contention not supported

Table 145: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x010		Start SPI transaction
TASKS_STOP	0x014		Stop SPI transaction
TASKS_SUSPEND	0x01C		Suspend SPI transaction
TASKS_RESUME	0x020		Resume SPI transaction
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x090		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x094		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
SUBSCRIBE_SUSPEND	0x09C		Subscribe configuration for task SUSPEND
SUBSCRIBE_RESUME	0x0A0		Subscribe configuration for task RESUME
EVENTS_STOPPED	0x104		SPI transaction has stopped
EVENTS_ENDRX	0x110		End of RXD buffer reached
EVENTS_END	0x118		End of RXD buffer and TXD buffer reached
EVENTS_ENDTX	0x120		End of TXD buffer reached
EVENTS_STARTED	0x14C		Transaction started
PUBLISH_STOPPED	0x184		Publish configuration for event STOPPED
PUBLISH_ENDRX	0x190		Publish configuration for event ENDRX
PUBLISH_END	0x198		Publish configuration for event END
PUBLISH_ENDTX	0x1A0		Publish configuration for event ENDTX
PUBLISH_STARTED	0x1CC		Publish configuration for event STARTED
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt

Register	Offset	Security	Description
STALLSTAT	0x400		Stall status for EasyDMA RAM accesses. The fields in this register is set to STALL by hardware whenever a stall occurs and can be cleared (set to NOSTALL) by the CPU.
ENABLE	0x500		Enable SPIM
PSEL.SCK	0x508		Pin select for SCK
PSEL.MOSI	0x50C		Pin select for MOSI signal
PSEL.MISO	0x510		Pin select for MISO signal
PSEL.CSN	0x514		Pin select for CSN
FREQUENCY	0x524		SPI frequency. Accuracy depends on the HFCLK source selected.
RXD.PTR	0x534		Data pointer
RXD.MAXCNT	0x538		Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer
RXD.AMOUNT	0x53C		Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction
RXD.LIST	0x540		EasyDMA list type
TXD.PTR	0x544		Data pointer
TXD.MAXCNT	0x548		Number of bytes in transmit buffer
TXD.AMOUNT	0x54C		Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction
TXD.LIST	0x550		EasyDMA list type
CONFIG	0x554		Configuration register
IFTIMING.RXDELAY	0x560		Sample delay for input serial data on MISO
IFTIMING.CSNDUR	0x564		Minimum duration between edge of CSN and edge of SCK and minimum duration CSN must stay high between transactions
CSNPOL	0x568		Polarity of CSN output
PSELDCX	0x56C		Pin select for DCX signal
DCXCNT	0x570		DCX configuration
ORC	0x5C0		Byte transmitted after TXD.MAXCNT bytes have been transmitted in the case when RXD.MAXCNT is greater than TXD.MAXCNT

Table 146: Register overview

7.1.31.7.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x010

Start SPI transaction

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	TASKS_START						Start SPI transaction																											
		Trigger		1				Trigger task																											

7.1.31.7.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x014

Stop SPI transaction

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_STOP		Stop SPI transaction																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.31.7.3 TASKS_SUSPEND

Address offset: 0x01C

Suspend SPI transaction

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	W	TASKS_SUSPEND				Suspend SPI transaction																													
			Trigger	1		Trigger task																													

7.1.31.7.4 TASKS_RESUME

Address offset: 0x020

Resume SPI transaction

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_RESUME		Resume SPI transaction																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.31.7.5 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x090

Subscribe configuration for task [START](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task START will subscribe to																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.31.7.6 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x094

Subscribe configuration for task [STOP](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.31.7.7 SUBSCRIBE_SUSPEND

Address offset: 0x09C

Subscribe configuration for task **SUSPEND**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task SUSPEND will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.31.7.8 SUBSCRIBE_RESUME

Address offset: 0x0A0

Subscribe configuration for task **RESUME**

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task RESUME will subscribe to																															
B	RW EN																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																															
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																															

7.1.31.7.9 EVENTS_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x104

SPI transaction has stopped

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_STOPPED			SPI transaction has stopped																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.31.7.10 EVENTS_ENDRX

Address offset: 0x110

End of RXD buffer reached

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_ENDRX		End of RXD buffer reached																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.31.7.11 EVENTS_END

Address offset: 0x118

End of RXD buffer and TXD buffer reached

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_END		End of RXD buffer and TXD buffer reached																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.31.7.12 EVENTS_ENDTX

Address offset: 0x120

End of TXD buffer reached

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_ENDTX		End of TXD buffer reached																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.31.7.13 EVENTS_STARTED

Address offset: 0x14C

Transaction started

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A																																		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_STARTED		Transaction started																																		
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1	Event generated																																		

7.1.31.7.14 PUBLISH_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event STOPPED

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event STOPPED will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																	

7.1.31.7.15 PUBLISH_ENDRX

Address offset: 0x190

Publish configuration for event **ENDRX**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that event ENDRX will publish to.																																						
B	RW EN																																												
			Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																						
			Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																						

7.1.31.7.16 PUBLISH_END

Address offset: 0x198

Publish configuration for event **END**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event END will publish to.																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																																											
			Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																																											

7.1.31.7.17 PUBLISH_ENDTX

Address offset: 0x1A0

Publish configuration for event **ENDTX**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value		Description																																																								
A	RW CHIDX					[255..0]		Channel that event ENDTX will publish to.																																																								
B	RW EN																																																															
				Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																																								
				Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																																								

7.1.31.7.18 PUBLISH_STARTED

Address offset: 0x1CC

Publish configuration for event [STARTED](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event STARTED will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.31.7.19 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW END_START			Shortcut between event END and task START																														
		Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																														
		Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																														

7.1.31.7.20 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				E																D				C		B		A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	STOPPED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW	ENDRX			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDRX																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW	END			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event END																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
D	RW	ENDTX			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDTX																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			E																D		C	B		A														
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																	
E	RW	STARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STARTED																																	
		Set	1		Enable																																	
		Disabled	0		Read: Disabled																																	
		Enabled	1		Read: Enabled																																	

7.1.31.7.21 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				E																D				C		B		A								
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	STOPPED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STOPPED																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
B	RW	ENDRX			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDRX																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
C	RW	END			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event END																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
D	RW	ENDTX			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDTX																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															
E	RW	STARTED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STARTED																															
			Clear	1	Disable																															
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															

7.1.31.7.22 STALLSTAT

Address offset: 0x400

Stall status for EasyDMA RAM accesses. The fields in this register is set to STALL by hardware whenever a stall occurs and can be cleared (set to NOSTALL) by the CPU.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																																		
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW TX		[1..0]	Stall status for EasyDMA RAM reads																														
		NOSTALL	0	No stall																														
		STALL	1	A stall has occurred																														
B	RW RX		[1..0]	Stall status for EasyDMA RAM writes																														
		NOSTALL	0	No stall																														
		STALL	1	A stall has occurred																														

7.1.31.7.23 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable SPIM

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	ENABLE			Enable or disable SPIM																														
			Disabled	0	Disable SPIM																														
			Enabled	7	Enable SPIM																														

7.1.31.7.24 PSEL.SCK

Address offset: 0x508

Pin select for SCK

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW PIN		[0..31]	Pin number																														
B	RW PORT		[0..1]	Port number																														
C	RW CONNECT			Connection																														
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																														
		Connected	0	Connect																														

7.1.31.7.25 PSEL.MOSI

Address offset: 0x50C

Pin select for MOSI signal

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																					
ID				C																								B												A	A	A	A	A																												
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																																		Description																																	
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]										Pin number																																																									
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]										Port number																																																									
C	RW	CONNECT																																					Connection																																	
			Disconnected		1										Disconnect																																																									
			Connected		0										Connect																																																									

7.1.31.7.26 PSEL.MISO

Address offset: 0x510

Pin select for MISO signal

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0									
ID				C																								B												A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																																					
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]		Pin number																																					
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]		Port number																																					
C	RW	CONNECT					Connection																																					
			Disconnected		1		Disconnect																																					
			Connected		0		Connect																																					

7.1.31.7.27 PSEL.CSN

Address offset: 0x514

Pin select for CSN

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0									
ID				C																								B												A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																																					
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]		Pin number																																					
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]		Port number																																					
C	RW	CONNECT					Connection																																					
			Disconnected		1		Disconnect																																					
			Connected		0		Connect																																					

7.1.31.7.28 FREQUENCY

Address offset: 0x524

SPI frequency. Accuracy depends on the HFCLK source selected.

Bit number									31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID									A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x04000000									0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																	
A	RW	FREQUENCY		K125		0x02000000		SPI master data rate																																
				K250		0x04000000		250 kbps																																
				K500		0x08000000		500 kbps																																
				M1		0x10000000		1 Mbps																																
				M2		0x20000000		2 Mbps																																
				M4		0x40000000		4 Mbps																																
				M8		0x80000000		8 Mbps																																
				M16		0x0A000000		16 Mbps																																
				M32		0x14000000		32 Mbps																																

7.1.31.7.29 RXD.PTR

Address offset: 0x534

Data pointer

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.31.7.30 RXD.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x538

Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0												
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0											
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																																							
A	RW		MAXCNT	[1..0xffff]				Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer																																							

7.1.31.7.31 RXD.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x53C

Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																											
A	R	AMOUNT			[1..0xffff]			Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction																													

7.1.31.7.32 RXD.LIST

Address offset: 0x540

EasyDMA list type

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW LIST			List type																															
		Disabled	0	Disable EasyDMA list																															
		ArrayList	1	Use array list																															

7.1.31.7.33 TXD.PTR

Address offset: 0x544

Data pointer

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.31.7.34 TXD.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x548

Number of bytes in transmit buffer

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																																			
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	MAXCNT		[1..0xffff]	Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer																														

7.1.31.7.35 TXD.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x54C

Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID																																				
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	R	AMOUNT		[1..0xffff]	Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction																															

7.1.31.7.36 TXD.LIST

Address offset: 0x550

EasyDMA list type

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A	A		
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	RW LIST									List type																																	
				Disabled			0			Disable EasyDMA list																																	
				ArrayList			1			Use array list																																	

7.1.31.7.37 CONFIG

Address offset: 0x554

Configuration register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0						
ID				C																																B			A		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																			
A	RW	ORDER				Bit order																																			
			MsbFirst	0	Most significant bit shifted out first																																				
			LsbFirst	1	Least significant bit shifted out first																																				
B	RW	CPHA				Serial clock (SCK) phase																																			
			Leading	0	Sample on leading edge of clock, shift serial data on trailing edge																																				
			Trailing	1	Sample on trailing edge of clock, shift serial data on leading edge																																				
C	RW	CPOL				Serial clock (SCK) polarity																																			
			ActiveHigh	0	Active high																																				
			ActiveLow	1	Active low																																				

7.1.31.7.38 IFTIMING.RXDELAY

Address offset: 0x560

Sample delay for input serial data on MISO

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A																															
Reset 0x00000002				0 1 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW RXDELAY		[7..0]	Sample delay for input serial data on MISO. The value specifies the number of 64 MHz clock cycles (15.625 ns) delay from the the sampling edge of SCK (leading edge for CONFIG.CPHA = 0, trailing edge for CONFIG.CPHA = 1) until the input serial data is sampled. As an example, if RXDELAY = 0 and CONFIG.CPHA = 0, the input serial data is sampled on the rising edge of SCK.																															

7.1.31.7.39 IFTIMING.CSNDUR

Address offset: 0x564

Minimum duration between edge of CSN and edge of SCK and minimum duration CSN must stay high between transactions

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000002				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	CSNDUR	[0xFF..0]	Minimum duration between edge of CSN and edge of SCK and minimum duration CSN must stay high between transactions. The value is specified in number of 64 MHz clock cycles (15.625 ns).																															

7.1.31.7.40 CSNPOL

Address offset: 0x568

Polarity of CSN output

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	CSNPOL		Polarity of CSN output																																
		LOW	0	Active low (idle state high)																																
		HIGH	1	Active high (idle state low)																																

7.1.31.7.41 PSELDCX

Address offset: 0x56C

Pin select for DCX signal

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0									
ID				C																								B												A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value			Description																																				
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]			Pin number																																				
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]			Port number																																				
C	RW	CONNECT						Connection																																				
			Disconnected		1			Disconnect																																				
			Connected		0			Connect																																				

7.1.31.7.42 DCXCNT

Address offset: 0x570

DCX configuration

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																													
A	RW	DCXCNT	0x0..0xF				This register specifies the number of command bytes preceding the data bytes. The PSEL.DCX line will be low during transmission of command bytes and high during transmission of data bytes. Value 0xF indicates that all bytes are command bytes.																													

7.1.31.7.43 ORC

Address offset: 0x5C0

Byte transmitted after TXD.MAXCNT bytes have been transmitted in the case when RXD.MAXCNT is greater than TXD.MAXCNT

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																														
ID			A A																														

7.1.31.8 Electrical specification

7.1.31.8.1 Timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
f _{SPIM}	Bit rates for SPIM ²²	..	..	..	Mbps
t _{SPIM,START}	Time from START task to transmission started	..	..	..	μs
t _{SPIM,CCLK}	SCK period	..	..	..	ns
t _{SPIM,RSCK,LD}	SCK rise time, standard drive ²³	..	..	..
t _{SPIM,RSCK,HD}	SCK rise time, high drive ²³	..	..	..
t _{SPIM,FSCK,LD}	SCK fall time, standard drive ²³	..	..	..
t _{SPIM,FSCK,HD}	SCK fall time, high drive ²³	..	..	..
t _{SPIM,WHCK}	SCK high time ²³	..	..	..
t _{SPIM,WLCK}	SCK low time ²³	..	..	..
t _{SPIM,SUMI}	MISO to CLK edge setup time	..	..	..	ns
t _{SPIM,HMI}	CLK edge to MISO hold time	..	..	..	ns
t _{SPIM,VMO}	CLK edge to MOSI valid, SCK frequency <= 8 MHz	..	..	..	ns
t _{SPIM,VMO,HS}	CLK edge to MOSI valid, SCK frequency > 8 MHz	..	..	..	ns
t _{SPIM,HMO}	MOSI hold time after CLK edge	..	..	..	ns

²² High bit rates may require GPIOs to be set as High Drive, see GPIO chapter for more details.

²³ At 25pF load, including GPIO pin capacitance, see GPIO spec.

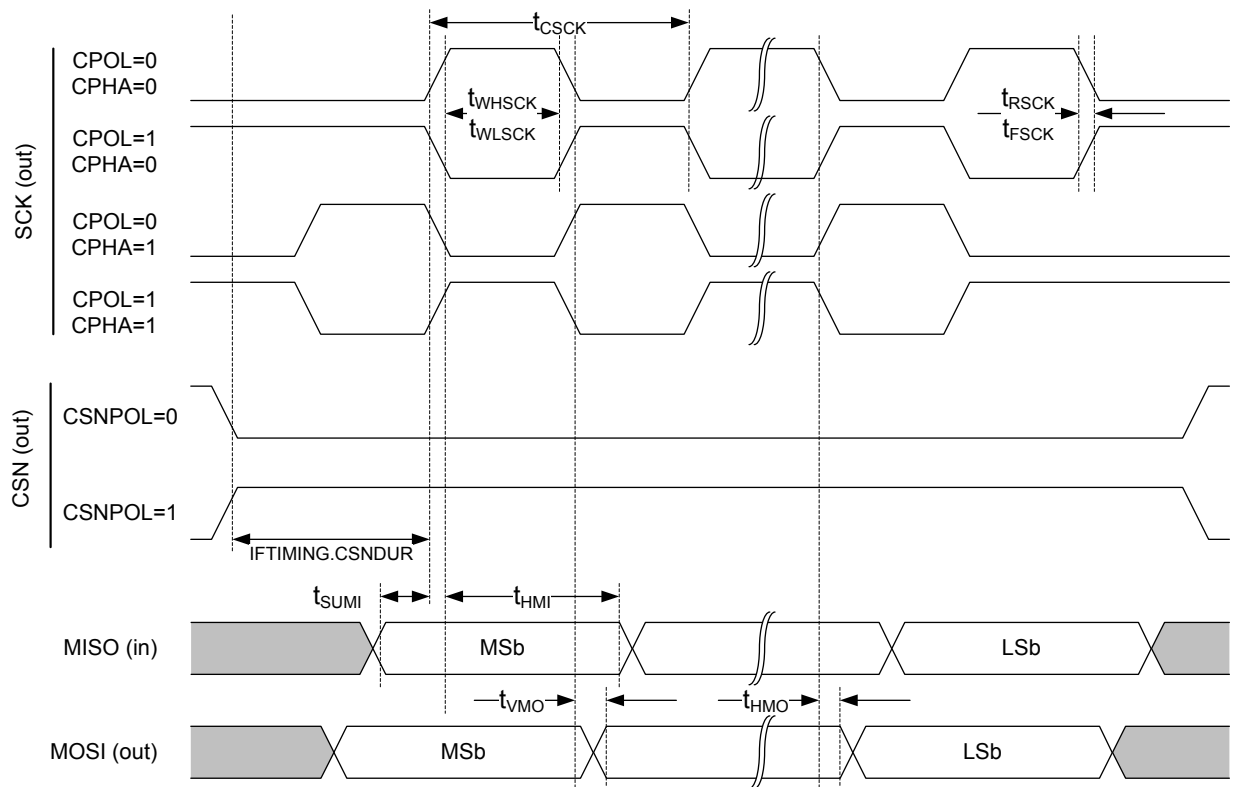


Figure 193: SPIM timing diagram

7.1.32 SPIS — Serial peripheral interface slave with EasyDMA

SPI slave (SPIS) is implemented with EasyDMA support for ultra low power serial communication from an external SPI master. EasyDMA in conjunction with hardware-based semaphore mechanisms removes all real-time requirements associated with controlling the SPI slave from a low priority CPU execution context.

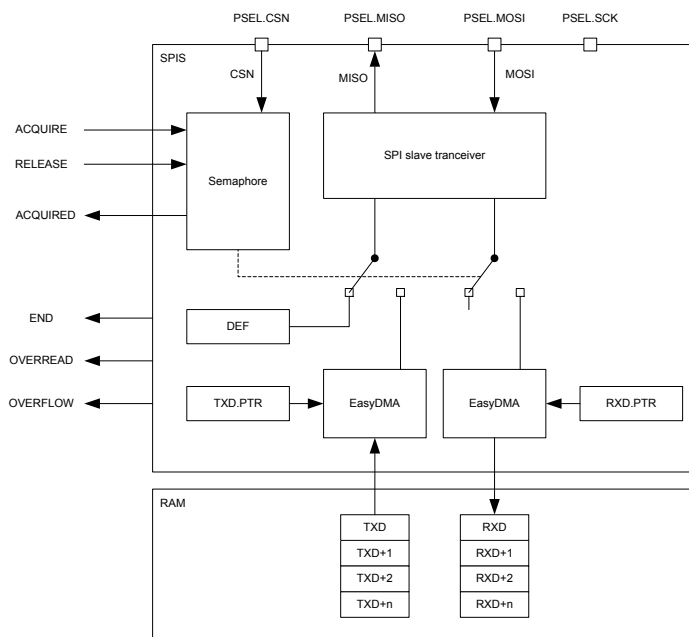


Figure 194: SPI slave

The SPIS supports SPI modes 0 through 3. The CONFIG register allows setting CPOL and CPHA appropriately.

Mode	Clock polarity	Clock phase
	CPOL	CPHA
SPI_MODE0	0 (Active High)	0 (Trailing Edge)
SPI_MODE1	0 (Active High)	1 (Leading Edge)
SPI_MODE2	1 (Active Low)	0 (Trailing Edge)
SPI_MODE3	1 (Active Low)	1 (Leading Edge)

Table 147: SPI modes

7.1.32.1 Shared resources

The SPI slave shares registers and other resources with other peripherals that have the same ID as the SPI slave. Therefore, you must disable all peripherals that have the same ID as the SPI slave before the SPI slave can be configured and used.

Disabling a peripheral that has the same ID as the SPI slave will not reset any of the registers that are shared with the SPI slave. It is important to configure all relevant SPI slave registers explicitly to secure that it operates correctly.

The Instantiation table in [Instantiation](#) on page 136 shows which peripherals have the same ID as the SPI slave.

7.1.32.2 EasyDMA

The SPIS implements EasyDMA for accessing RAM without CPU involvement.

The SPIS peripheral implements the following EasyDMA channels:

Channel	Type	Register Cluster
TXD	READER	TXD
RXD	WRITER	RXD

Table 148: SPIS EasyDMA Channels

For detailed information regarding the use of EasyDMA, see [EasyDMA](#) on page 140.

If RXD.MAXCNT is larger than TXD.MAXCNT, the remaining transmitted bytes will contain the value defined in the ORC register.

The END event indicates that EasyDMA has finished accessing the buffer in RAM.

7.1.32.3 SPI slave operation

SPI slave uses two memory pointers, RXD.PTR and TXD.PTR, that point to the RXD buffer (receive buffer) and TXD buffer (transmit buffer) respectively. Since these buffers are located in RAM, which can be accessed by both the SPI slave and the CPU, a hardware based semaphore mechanism is implemented to enable safe sharing.

See [Figure 195: SPI transaction when shortcut between END and ACQUIRE is enabled](#) on page 553.

Before the CPU can safely update the RXD.PTR and TXD.PTR pointers it must first acquire the SPI semaphore. The CPU can acquire the semaphore by triggering the ACQUIRE task and then receiving the ACQUIRED event. When the CPU has updated the RXD.PTR and TXD.PTR pointers the CPU must release the semaphore before the SPI slave will be able to acquire it. The CPU releases the semaphore by triggering

the RELEASE task. This is illustrated in [Figure 195: SPI transaction when shortcut between END and ACQUIRE is enabled](#) on page 553. Triggering the RELEASE task when the semaphore is not granted to the CPU will have no effect.

The semaphore mechanism does not, at any time, prevent the CPU from performing read or write access to the RXD.PTR register, the TXD.PTR registers, or the RAM that these pointers are pointing to. The semaphore is only telling when these can be updated by the CPU so that safe sharing is achieved.

The semaphore is by default assigned to the CPU after the SPI slave is enabled. No ACQUIRED event will be generated for this initial semaphore handover. An ACQUIRED event will be generated immediately if the ACQUIRE task is triggered while the semaphore is assigned to the CPU.

The SPI slave will try to acquire the semaphore when CSN goes low. If the SPI slave does not manage to acquire the semaphore at this point, the transaction will be ignored. This means that all incoming data on MOSI will be discarded, and the DEF (default) character will be clocked out on the MISO line throughout the whole transaction. This will also be the case even if the semaphore is released by the CPU during the transaction. In case of a race condition where the CPU and the SPI slave try to acquire the semaphore at the same time, as illustrated in lifeline item 2 in [Figure 195: SPI transaction when shortcut between END and ACQUIRE is enabled](#) on page 553, the semaphore will be granted to the CPU.

If the SPI slave acquires the semaphore, the transaction will be granted. The incoming data on MOSI will be stored in the RXD buffer and the data in the TXD buffer will be clocked out on MISO.

When a granted transaction is completed and CSN goes high, the SPI slave will automatically release the semaphore and generate the END event.

As long as the semaphore is available the SPI slave can be granted multiple transactions one after the other. If the CPU is not able to reconfigure the TXD.PTR and RXD.PTR between granted transactions, the same TX data will be clocked out and the RX buffers will be overwritten. To prevent this from happening, the END_ACQUIRE shortcut can be used. With this shortcut enabled the semaphore will be handed over to the CPU automatically after the granted transaction has completed, giving the CPU the ability to update the TXPTR and RXPTR between every granted transaction.

If the CPU tries to acquire the semaphore while it is assigned to the SPI slave, an immediate handover will not be granted. However, the semaphore will be handed over to the CPU as soon as the SPI slave has released the semaphore after the granted transaction is completed. If the END_ACQUIRE shortcut is enabled and the CPU has triggered the ACQUIRE task during a granted transaction, only one ACQUIRE request will be served following the END event.

The MAXRX register specifies the maximum number of bytes the SPI slave can receive in one granted transaction. If the SPI slave receives more than MAXRX number of bytes, an OVERFLOW will be indicated in the STATUS register and the incoming bytes will be discarded.

The MAXTX parameter specifies the maximum number of bytes the SPI slave can transmit in one granted transaction. If the SPI slave is forced to transmit more than MAXTX number of bytes, an OVERREAD will be indicated in the STATUS register and the ORC character will be clocked out.

The RXD.AMOUNT and TXD.AMOUNT registers are updated when a granted transaction is completed. The TXD.AMOUNT register indicates how many bytes were read from the TX buffer in the last transaction, that is, ORC (over-read) characters are not included in this number. Similarly, the RXD.AMOUNT register indicates how many bytes were written into the RX buffer in the last transaction.

The ENDRX event is generated when the RX buffer has been filled.

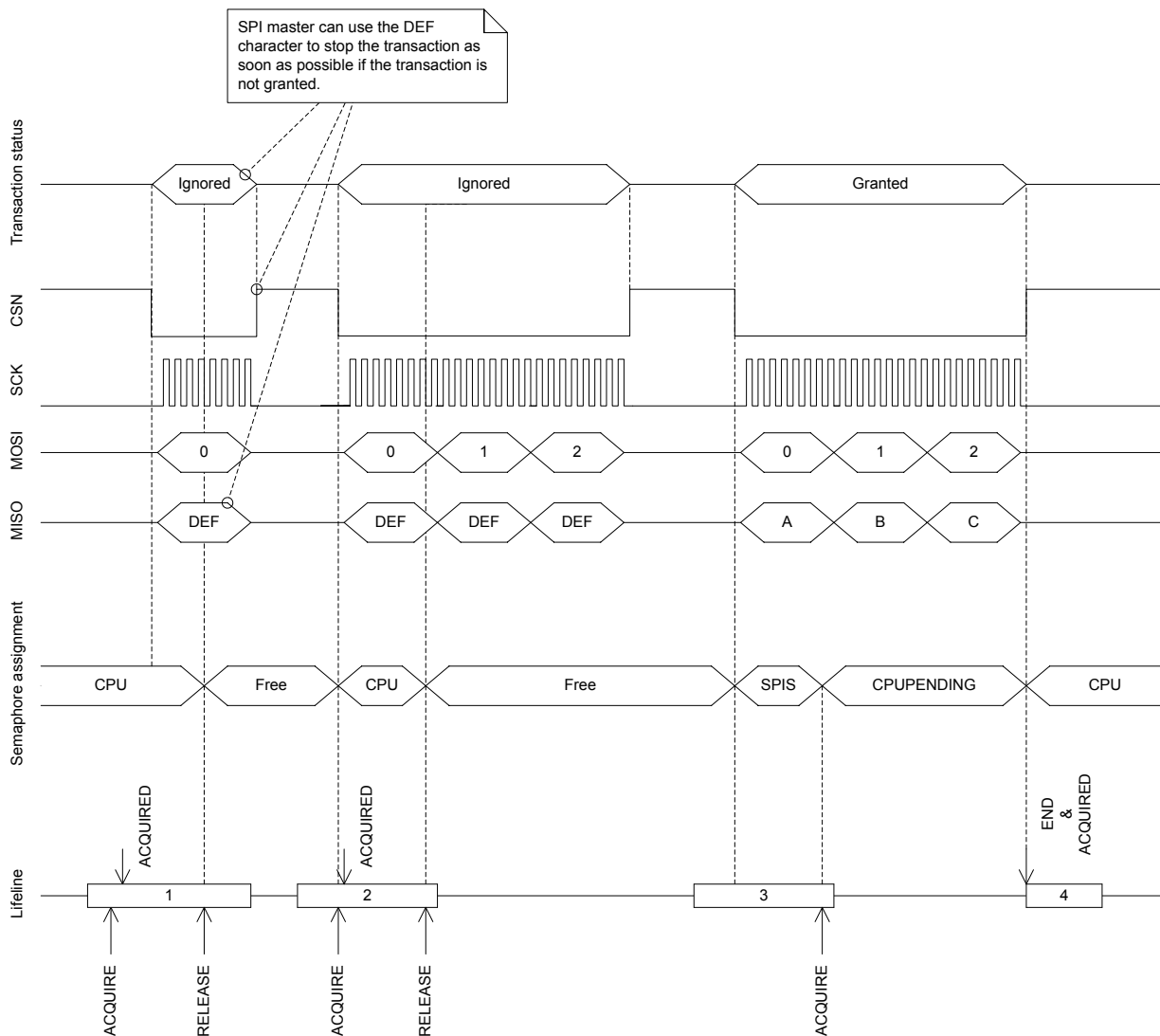


Figure 195: SPI transaction when shortcut between END and ACQUIRE is enabled

7.1.32.4 Pin configuration

The CSN, SCK, MOSI, and MISO signals associated with the SPI slave are mapped to physical pins according to the configuration specified in the PSEL.CSN, PSEL.SCK, PSEL.MOSI, and PSEL.MISO registers respectively. If the CONNECT field of any of these registers is set to Disconnected, the associated SPI slave signal will not be connected to any physical pins.

The PSEL.CSN, PSEL.SCK, PSEL.MOSI, and PSEL.MISO registers and their configurations are only used as long as the SPI slave is enabled, and retained only as long as the device is in System ON mode, see [POWER — Power control](#) on page 36 chapter for more information about power modes. When the peripheral is disabled, the pins will behave as regular GPIOs, and use the configuration in their respective OUT bit field and PIN_CNF[n] register. PSEL.CSN, PSEL.SCK, PSEL.MOSI, and PSEL.MISO must only be configured when the SPI slave is disabled.

To secure correct behavior in the SPI slave, the pins used by the SPI slave must be configured in the GPIO peripheral as described in [Table 149: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral](#) on page 554 before enabling the SPI slave. This is to secure that the pins used by the SPI slave are driven correctly if the SPI slave itself is temporarily disabled, or if the device temporarily enters System OFF. This configuration must be retained in the GPIO for the selected I/Os as long as the SPI slave is to be recognized by an external SPI master.

The MISO line is set in high impedance as long as the SPI slave is not selected with CSN.

Only one peripheral can be assigned to drive a particular GPIO pin at a time. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

SPI signal	SPI pin	Direction	Output value	Comment
CSN	As specified in PSEL.CSN	Input	Not applicable	
SCK	As specified in PSEL.SCK	Input	Not applicable	
MOSI	As specified in PSEL.MOSI	Input	Not applicable	
MISO	As specified in PSEL.MISO	Input	Not applicable	Emulates that the SPI slave is not selected.

Table 149: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral

7.1.32.5 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50008000	APPLICATION	SPIS	SPIS0 : S	US	SA	SPI slave 0	
0x40008000			SPIS0 : NS				
0x50009000	APPLICATION	SPIS	SPIS1 : S	US	SA	SPI slave 1	
0x40009000			SPIS1 : NS				
0x41013000	NETWORK	SPIS	SPIS0	NS	NA	SPI slave 0	

Table 150: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description	
TASKS_ACQUIRE	0x024		Acquire SPI semaphore	
TASKS_RELEASE	0x028		Release SPI semaphore, enabling the SPI slave to acquire it	
SUBSCRIBE_ACQUIRE	0x0A4		Subscribe configuration for task ACQUIRE	
SUBSCRIBE_RELEASE	0x0A8		Subscribe configuration for task RELEASE	
EVENTS_END	0x104		Granted transaction completed	
EVENTS_ENDRX	0x110		End of RXD buffer reached	
EVENTS_ACQUIRED	0x128		Semaphore acquired	
PUBLISH_END	0x184		Publish configuration for event END	
PUBLISH_ENDRX	0x190		Publish configuration for event ENDRX	
PUBLISH_ACQUIRED	0x1A8		Publish configuration for event ACQUIRED	
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks	
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt	
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt	
SEMSTAT	0x400		Semaphore status register	
STATUS	0x440		Status from last transaction	
ENABLE	0x500		Enable SPI slave	
PSEL_SCK	0x508		Pin select for SCK	
PSEL_MISO	0x50C		Pin select for MISO signal	
PSEL_MOSI	0x510		Pin select for MOSI signal	
PSEL_CSN	0x514		Pin select for CSN signal	
PSELSCK	0x508		Pin select for SCK	Deprecated
PSELMISO	0x50C		Pin select for MISO	Deprecated
PSELMOSI	0x510		Pin select for MOSI	Deprecated
PSELCSN	0x514		Pin select for CSN	Deprecated
RXDPTR	0x534		RXD data pointer	Deprecated
MAXRX	0x538		Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer	Deprecated
AMOUNTRX	0x53C		Number of bytes received in last granted transaction	Deprecated
RXD.PTR	0x534		RXD data pointer	
RXD.MAXCNT	0x538		Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer	
RXD.AMOUNT	0x53C		Number of bytes received in last granted transaction	

Register	Offset	Security	Description
RXD.LIST	0x540		EasyDMA list type
TXDPTR	0x544		TXD data pointer Deprecated
MAXTX	0x548		Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer Deprecated
AMOUNTTX	0x54C		Number of bytes transmitted in last granted transaction Deprecated
TXD.PTR	0x544		TXD data pointer
TXD.MAXCNT	0x548		Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer
TXD.AMOUNT	0x54C		Number of bytes transmitted in last granted transaction
TXD.LIST	0x550		EasyDMA list type
CONFIG	0x554		Configuration register
DEF	0x55C		Default character. Character clocked out in case of an ignored transaction.
ORC	0x5C0		Over-read character

Table 151: Register overview

7.1.32.5.1 TASKS_ACQUIRE

Address offset: 0x024

Acquire SPI semaphore

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_ACQUIRE		Acquire SPI semaphore																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.32.5.2 TASKS_RELEASE

Address offset: 0x028

Release SPI semaphore, enabling the SPI slave to acquire it

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_RELEASE		Release SPI semaphore, enabling the SPI slave to acquire it																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.32.5.3 SUBSCRIBE_ACQUIRE

Address offset: 0x0A4

Subscribe configuration for task **ACQUIRE**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task ACQUIRE will subscribe to																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.32.5.4 SUBSCRIBE_RELEASE

Address offset: 0x0A8

Subscribe configuration for task **RELEASE**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																									
ID			B																												A				A		A		A		A		A	
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																									
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																							
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task RELEASE will subscribe to																																							
B	RW EN																																											
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																								
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																								

7.1.32.5.5 EVENTS_END

Address offset: 0x104

Granted transaction completed

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_END			Granted transaction completed																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.32.5.6 EVENTS_ENDRX

Address offset: 0x110

End of RXD buffer reached

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_ENDRX		End of RXD buffer reached																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.32.5.7 EVENTS_ACQUIRED

Address offset: 0x128

Semaphore acquired

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_ACQUIRED		Semaphore acquired																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.32.5.8 PUBLISH_END

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event [END](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event END will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.32.5.9 PUBLISH_ENDRX

Address offset: 0x190

Publish configuration for event [ENDRX](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event ENDRX will publish to.																																
B	RW	EN																																				
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.32.5.10 PUBLISH_ACQUIRED

Address offset: 0x1A8

Publish configuration for event [ACQUIRED](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																									
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event ACQUIRED will publish to.																																																									
B	RW	EN																																																													
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																																											
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																																											

7.1.32.5.11 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																							
ID				A																																																																						
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																																							
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																																			Description																																		
A	RW	END_ACQUIRE																																						Shortcut between event END and task ACQUIRE																																		
			Disabled	0																																				Disable shortcut																																		
			Enabled	1																																				Enable shortcut																																		

7.1.32.5.12 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				C																								B			A							
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	END			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event END																																	
			Set	1	Enable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
B	RW	ENDRX			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDRX																																	
			Set	1	Enable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
C	RW	ACQUIRED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ACQUIRED																																	
			Set	1	Enable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	

7.1.32.5.13 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	END				Write '1' to disable interrupt for event END																													
			Clear	1	Disable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW	ENDRX				Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDRX																													
			Clear	1	Disable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0							
ID																											C						B						A		
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																				
C	RW	ACQUIRED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ACQUIRED																																				
		Clear	1		Disable																																				
		Disabled	0		Read: Disabled																																				
		Enabled	1		Read: Enabled																																				

7.1.32.5.14 SEMSTAT

Address offset: 0x400

Semaphore status register

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000001			0 1																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	SEMSTAT			Semaphore status																													
			Free	0	Semaphore is free																													
			CPU	1	Semaphore is assigned to CPU																													
			SPIS	2	Semaphore is assigned to SPI slave																													
			CPUPending	3	Semaphore is assigned to SPI but a handover to the CPU is pending																													

7.1.32.5.15 STATUS

Address offset: 0x440

Status from last transaction

Individual bits are cleared by writing a '1' to the bits that shall be cleared

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A	RW	OVERREAD				TX buffer over-read detected, and prevented																												
			NotPresent	0	Read: error not present																													
			Present	1	Read: error present																													
			Clear	1	Write: clear error on writing '1'																													
B	RW	OVERFLOW				RX buffer overflow detected, and prevented																												
			NotPresent	0	Read: error not present																													
			Present	1	Read: error present																													
			Clear	1	Write: clear error on writing '1'																													

7.1.32.5.16 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable SPI slave

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	ENABLE			Enable or disable SPI slave																														
			Disabled	0	Disable SPI slave																														
			Enabled	2	Enable SPI slave																														

7.1.32.5.17 PSEL.SCK

Address offset: 0x508

Pin select for SCK

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																					
ID			C																																B A A A A A					
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																																					
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																																	
A	RW PIN		[0..31]				Pin number																																	
B	RW PORT		[0..1]				Port number																																	
C	RW CONNECT						Connection																																	
		Disconnected	1				Disconnect																																	
		Connected	0				Connect																																	

7.1.32.5.18 PSEL.MISO

Address offset: 0x50C

Pin select for MISO signal

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A A A A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW PIN		[0..31]	Pin number																														
B	RW PORT		[0..1]	Port number																														
C	RW CONNECT			Connection																														
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																														
		Connected	0	Connect																														

7.1.32.5.19 PSEL.MOSI

Address offset: 0x510

Pin select for MOSI signal

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A A A A A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW PIN		[0..31]				Pin number																											
B	RW PORT		[0..1]				Port number																											
C	RW CONNECT						Connection																											
		Disconnected	1				Disconnect																											
		Connected	0				Connect																											

7.1.32.5.20 PSEL.CSN

Address offset: 0x514

Pin select for CSN signal

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																					
ID										C																												B				A	A	A	A																	
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF										1																												1				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																																				
A	RW PIN						[0..31]			Pin number																																																				
B	RW PORT						[0..1]			Port number																																																				
C	RW CONNECT									Connection																																																				
				Disconnected			1			Disconnect																																																				
				Connected			0			Connect																																																				

7.1.32.5.21 PSELSCK (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x508

Pin select for SCK

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	PSELCK	[0..31]				Pin number configuration for SPI SCK signal																											
		Disconnected	0xFFFFFFFF				Disconnect																											

7.1.32.5.22 PSELMISO (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x50C

Pin select for MISO

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A			
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
ID	Acces Field	Value ID	Value				Description																														
A	RW	PSELMISO	[0..31]				Pin number configuration for SPI MISO signal																														
		Disconnected	0xFFFFFFFF				Disconnect																														

7.1.32.5.23 PSELMOSI (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x510

Pin select for MOSI

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	PSELMOSI	[0..31]				Pin number configuration for SPI MOSI signal																											
		Disconnected	0xFFFFFFFF				Disconnect																											

7.1.32.5.24 PSELCSN (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x514

Pin select for CSN

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	PSELCSN	[0..31]	Pin number configuration for SPI CSN signal																															
		Disconnected	0xFFFFFFFF	Disconnect																															

7.1.32.5.25 RXDPTR (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x534

RXD data pointer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value				Description																																	
A	RW		RXDPTR						RXD data pointer																																	

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.32.5.26 MAXRX (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x538

Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															

7.1.32.5.27 AMOUNTRX (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x53C

Number of bytes received in last granted transaction

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																														
A	R	AMOUNTRX	[1..0xffff]		Number of bytes received in the last granted transaction																																

7.1.32.5.28 RXD.PTR

Address offset: 0x534

RXD data pointer

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	PTR					RXD data pointer																											

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.32.5.29 RXD.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x538

Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																													
A	RW	MAXCNT		[1..0xffff]				Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer																													

7.1.32.5.30 RXD.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x53C

Number of bytes received in last granted transaction

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	AMOUNT		[1..0xffff]				Number of bytes received in the last granted transaction																											

7.1.32.5.31 RXD.LIST

Address offset: 0x540

EasyDMA list type

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				A	A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																																Description	
A	RW	LIST																																			List type	
			Disabled		0																																Disable EasyDMA list	
			ArrayList		1																																Use array list	

7.1.32.5.32 TXDPTR (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x544

TXD data pointer

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW TXDPTR							TXD data pointer																											

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.32.5.33 MAXTX (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x548

Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																																		
A	RW MAXTX				[1..0xffff]					Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer																																		

7.1.32.5.34 AMOUNTTX (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x54C

Number of bytes transmitted in last granted transaction

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			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0x00000000										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0										0							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7.1.32.5.35 TXD.PTR

Address offset: 0x544

TXD data pointer

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW PTR							TXD data pointer																											

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.32.5.36 TXD.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x548

Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0							
ID																				A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value				Description																																							
A	RW	MAXCNT		[1..0xffff]				Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer																																								

7.1.32.5.37 TXD.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x54C

Number of bytes transmitted in last granted transaction

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0							
ID																				A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																						
A	R	AMOUNT			[1..0xffff]			Number of bytes transmitted in last granted transaction																																								

7.1.32.5.38 TXD.LIST

Address offset: 0x550

EasyDMA list type

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																		A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID		Value		Description																												
A	RW	LIST					List type																												
			Disabled		0		Disable EasyDMA list																												
			ArrayList		1		Use array list																												

7.1.32.5.39 CONFIG

Address offset: 0x554

Configuration register

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID			C B A																																	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW	ORDER			Bit order																															
		MsbFirst	0	Most significant bit shifted out first																																
		LsbFirst	1	Least significant bit shifted out first																																
B	RW	CPHA			Serial clock (SCK) phase																															
		Leading	0	Sample on leading edge of clock, shift serial data on trailing edge																																
		Trailing	1	Sample on trailing edge of clock, shift serial data on leading edge																																
C	RW	CPOL			Serial clock (SCK) polarity																															
		ActiveHigh	0	Active high																																
		ActiveLow	1	Active low																																

7.1.32.5.40 DEF

Address offset: 0x55C

Default character. Character clocked out in case of an ignored transaction.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	DEF				Default character. Character clocked out in case of an ignored transaction.																													

7.1.32.5.41 ORC

Address offset: 0x5C0

Over-read character

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															

7.1.32.6 Electrical specification

7.1.32.6.1 SPIS slave interface electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
f_{SPIS}	Bit rates for SPIS ²⁴	..	..	..	Mbps
$t_{\text{SPIS,START}}$	Time from RELEASE task to receive/transmit (CSN active)	..	..	..	μs

7.1.32.6.2 Serial Peripheral Interface Slave (SPIS) timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{\text{SPIS,CCKIN}}$	SCK input period	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{SPIS,RFCKIN}}$	SCK input rise/fall time	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{SPIS,WHCKIN}}$	SCK input high time	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{SPIS,WLCKIN}}$	SCK input low time	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{SPIS,SUCSN}}$	CSN to CLK setup time	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{SPIS,HCSN}}$	CLK to CSN hold time	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{SPIS,ASA}}$	CSN to MISO driven	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{SPIS,ASO}}$	CSN to MISO valid ^a	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{SPIS,DISSO}}$	CSN to MISO disabled ^a	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{SPIS,CWH}}$	CSN inactive time	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{SPIS,VSO}}$	CLK edge to MISO valid	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{SPIS,HSO}}$	MISO hold time after CLK edge	..	..	..	ns

²⁴ High bit rates may require GPIOs to be set as High Drive, see GPIO chapter for more details.

^a At 25pF load, including GPIO capacitance, see GPIO spec.

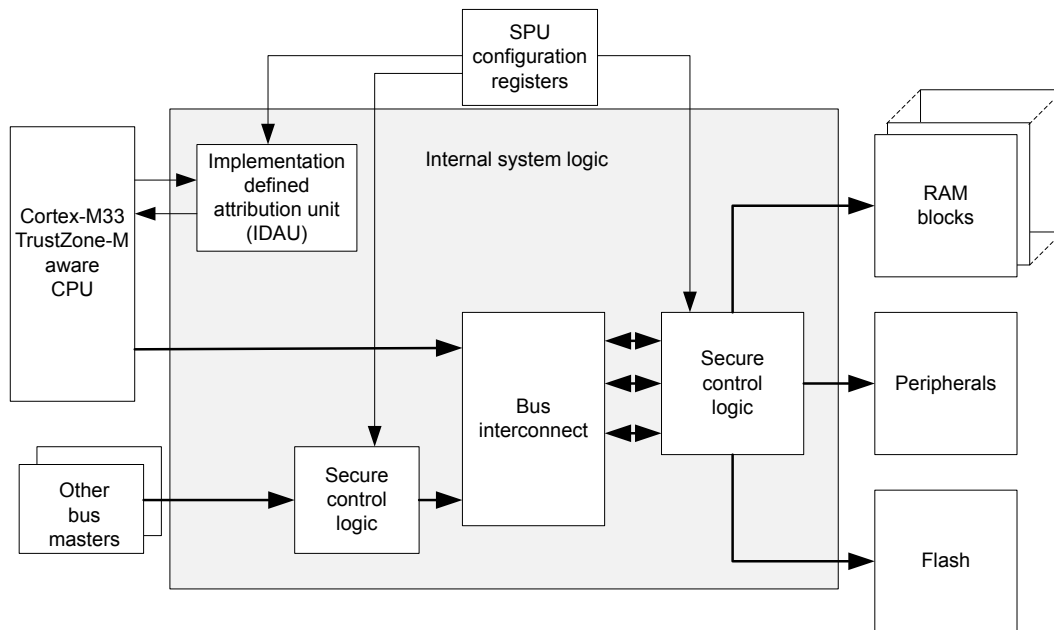


Figure 198: Simplified view of the protection of RAM, flash and peripherals using SPU

The protection logic implements a read-as-zero/write-ignore (RAZ/WI) policy:

- A blocked read operation will always return a zero value on the bus, preventing information leak
- A write operation to a forbidden region or peripheral will be ignored

An error is reported through dedicated error signals. For security state violations from an M33 master this will be a SecureFault exception, for other violations this will be an SPU event. The SPU event can be configured to generate an interrupt towards the CPU.

Other resources like pins and DPPI channels are protected by comparing the security attributes of the protected resource with the security attribute of the peripheral that wants to access it. The SPU is the only place where those security attributes can be configured.

7.1.33.1.1 Special considerations for ARM TrustZone for Cortex-M enabled system

For a ARM TrustZone for Cortex-M enabled CPU, the SPU also controls custom logic.

Custom logic is shown as the implementation defined attribution unit (IDAU) in figure [Figure 198: Simplified view of the protection of RAM, flash and peripherals using SPU](#) on page 569. Full support is provided for:

- ARM TrustZone for Cortex-M related instructions, like test target (TT) for reporting the security attributes of a region
- Non-secure callable (NSC) regions, to implement secure entry points from non-secure code

The SPU provides the necessary registers to configure the security attributes for memory regions and peripherals. However, as a requirement to use the SPU, the secure attribution unit (SAU) needs to be disabled and all memory set as non-secure in the ARM core. This will allow the SPU to control the IDAU and set the security attribution of all addresses as originally intended.

7.1.33.2 Flash access control

The flash memory space is divided in regions, each of them with configurable permissions settings.

The flash memory space is divided into 64 regions of 16 KiB.

For each region, four different types of permissions can be configured:

Read

Allows data read access to the region. Note that code fetch from this region is not controlled by the read permission but by the execute permission described below.

Write

Allows write or erase access to the region

Execute

Allows code fetch from this region, even if data read is disabled

Secure

Allows only bus accesses with the security attribute set to access the region

Permissions can be set independently. For example, it is possible to configure a flash region to be accessible only through secure transfer, being read-only (no write allowed) and non-executable (no code fetch allowed). For each region, permissions can be set and then locked by using the [FLASHREGION\[n\].PERM.LOCK](#) bit, to prevent subsequent modifications.

Note that the debugger is able to step through execute-protected memory regions.

The following figure shows the flash memory space and the divided regions:

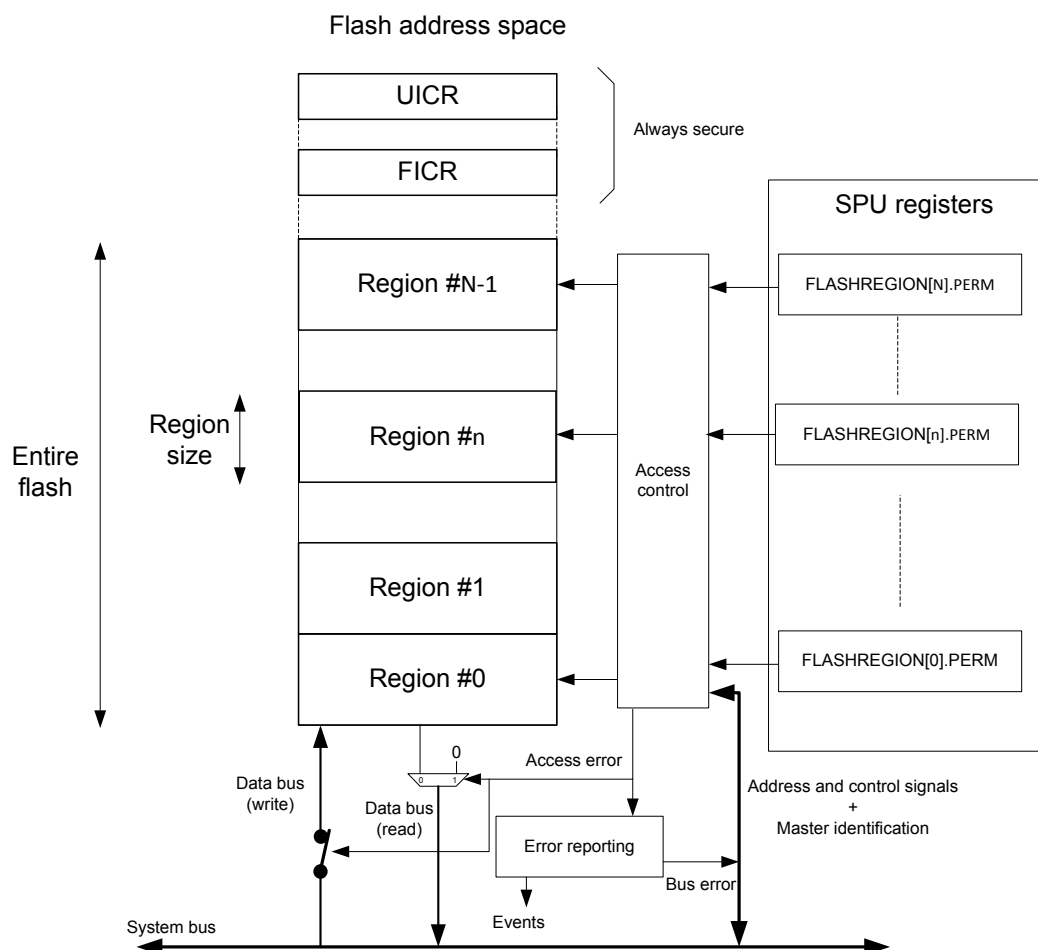


Figure 199: Definition of the N=64 regions, each of 16 KiB, in the flash memory space

7.1.33.2.1 Non-secure callable (NSC) region definition in flash

The SPU provides support for the definition of non-secure callable (NSC) sub-regions to allow non-secure to secure function calls.

A non-secure callable sub-region can only exist within an existing secure region and its definition is done using two registers:

- `FLASHNSC[n].REGION`, used to select the secure region that will contain the NSC sub-region
- `FLASHNSC[n].SIZE`, used to define the size of the NSC sub-region within the secure region

The NSC sub-region will be defined from the highest address in that region, going downwards. Figure below illustrates the NSC sub-regions and the registers used for their definition:

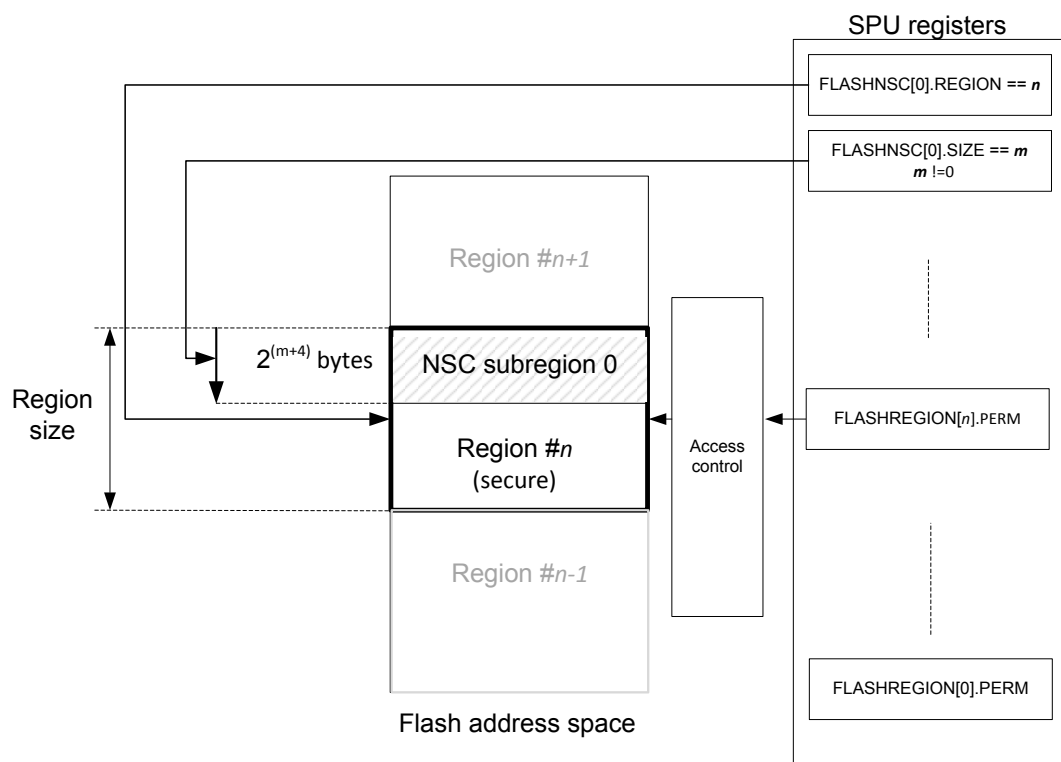


Figure 200: Non-secure callable region definition in the flash memory space

The NSC sub-region will only be defined if:

- `FLASHNSC[i].SIZE` value is non zero
- `FLASHNSC[i].REGION` defines a secure region

If `FLASHNSC[i].REGION` and `FLASHNSC[j].REGION` have the same value, there is only one sub-region defined as NSC, with the size given by the maximum of `FLASHNSC[i].SIZE` and `FLASHNSC[j].SIZE`.

If `FLASHNSC[i].REGION` defines a non-secure region, then there is no non-secure callable region defined and the selected region stays non-secure.

7.1.33.2.2 Flash access error reporting

The SPU and the logic controlled by it will respond with a certain behavior once an access violation is detected.

The following will happen once the logic controlled by the SPU detects an access violation on one of the flash ports:

- The faulty transfer will be blocked

- In case of a read transfer, the bus will be driven to zero
- Feedback will be sent to the master through specific bus error signals, if this is supported by the master. Moreover, the SPU will receive an event that can optionally trigger an interrupt towards the CPU.
- SecureFault exception will be triggered if security violation is detected for access from Cortex-M33
- BusFault exception will be triggered when read/write/execute protection violation is detected for Cortex-M33
- FLASHACCERR event will be triggered if any access violations are detected for all master types except for Cortex-M33 security violation

The following table summarizes the SPU behavior based on the type of initiator and access violation:

Master type	Security violation	Read/Write/Execute protection violation
Cortex-M33	SecureFault exception	BusFault exception, FLASHACCERR event
EasyDMA	RAZ/WI, FLASHACCERR event	RAZ/WI, FLASHACCERR event
Other masters	RAZ/WI, FLASHACCERR event	RAZ/WI, FLASHACCERR event

Table 152: Error reporting for flash access errors

For a Cortex-M33 master, the SecureFault exception will take precedence over the BusFault exception if a security violation occurs simultaneously with another type of violation.

7.1.33.2.3 UICR and FICR protections

The user information configuration registers (UICR) and factory information configuration registers (FICR) are always considered as secure. FICR registers are read-only. UICR registers can be read and written by secure code only.

Writing new values to user information configuration registers must follow the procedure described in [NVMC — Non-volatile memory controller](#) on page 318. Code execution from FICR and UICR address spaces will always be reported as access violation, an exception to this rule applies during a debug session.

7.1.33.3 RAM access control

The RAM memory space is divided in regions, each of them with configurable permissions settings.

The RAM memory space is divided into 64 regions of 8 KiB.

For each region, four different types of permissions can be configured:

Read

Allows data read access to the region. Code fetch from this region is not controlled by the read permission but by the execute permission described below.

Write

Allows write access to the region

Execute

Allows code fetch from this region

Secure

Allows only bus accesses with the security attribute set to access the region

Permissions can be set independently. For example, it is possible to configure a RAM region to be accessible only through secure transfer, being read-only (no write allowed) and non-executable (no

code fetch allowed). For each region, permissions can be set and then locked to prevent subsequent modifications by using the `RAMREGION[n].PERM.LOCK` bit.

The following figure shows the RAM memory space and the divided regions:

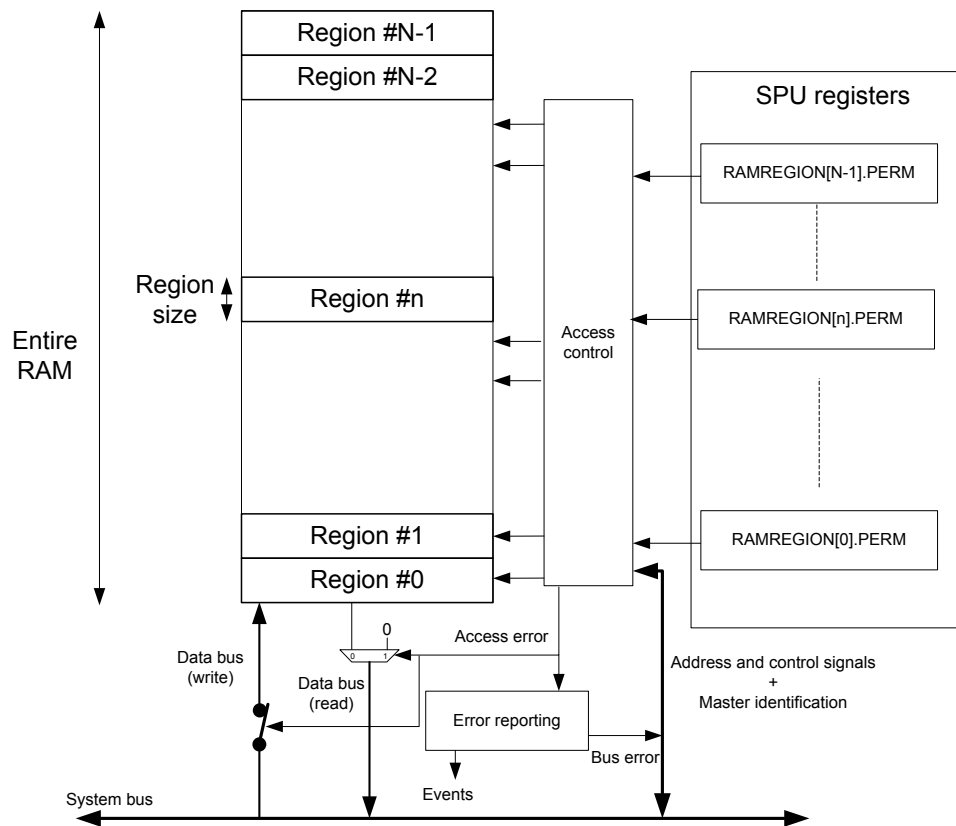


Figure 201: Definition of the $N=64$ regions, each of 8 KiB, in the RAM memory space

7.1.33.3.1 Non-secure callable (NSC) region definition in RAM

The SPU provides support for the definition of non-secure callable (NSC) sub-regions to allow non-secure to secure function calls.

A non-secure callable sub-region can only exist within an existing secure region and its definition is done using two registers:

- `RAMNSC[n].REGION`, used to select the secure region that will contain the NSC sub-region
- `RAMNSC[n].SIZE`, used to define the size of the NSC sub-region within the secure region

The NSC sub-region will be defined from the highest address in that region, going downwards. Figure below illustrates the NSC sub-regions and the registers used for their definition:

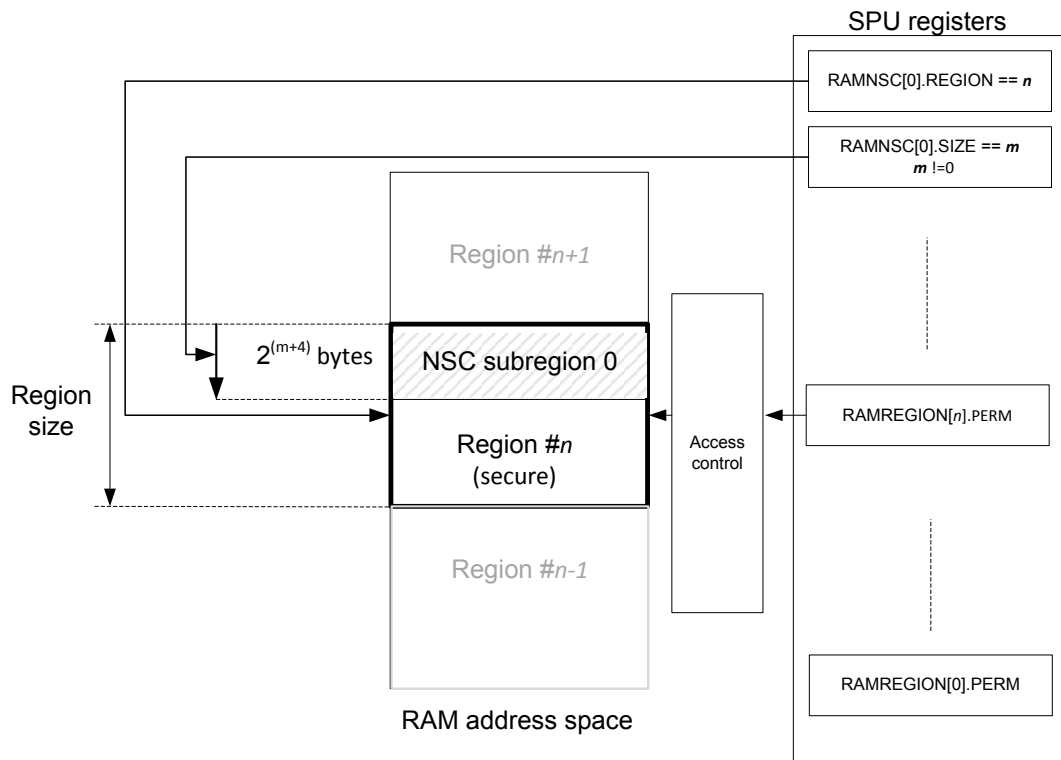


Figure 202: Non-secure callable region definition in the RAM memory space

The NSC sub-region will only be defined if:

- `RAMNSC[i].SIZE` value is non zero
- `RAMNSC[i].REGION` defines a secure region

If `RAMNSC[i].REGION` and `RAMNSC[j].REGION` have the same value, there is only one sub-region defined as NSC, with the size given by the maximum of `RAMNSC[i].SIZE` and `RAMNSC[j].SIZE`.

If `RAMNSC[i].REGION` defines a non-secure region, then there is no non-secure callable region defined and the selected region stays non-secure.

7.1.33.3.2 RAM access error reporting

The SPU and the logic controlled by it will respond with a certain behavior once an access violation is detected.

The following will happen once the logic controlled by the SPU detects an access violation on one of the RAM ports:

- The faulty transfer will be blocked
- In case of a read transfer, the bus will be driven to zero
- Feedback will be sent to the master through specific bus error signals, if this is supported by the master
- SecureFault exception will be triggered if security violation is detected for access from Cortex-M33
- BusFault exception will be triggered when read/write/execute protection violation is detected for Cortex-M33. The SPU will also generate an event that can optionally trigger an interrupt towards the CPU.
- `RAMACCERR` event will be triggered if any access violations are detected for all master types but for Cortex-M33 security violation

The following table summarizes the SPU behavior based on the type of initiator and access violation:

Master type	Security violation	Read/Write/Execute protection violation
Cortex-M33	SecureFault exception	BusFault exception, RAMACCERR event
EasyDMA	RAZ/WI, RAMACCERR event	RAZ/WI, RAMACCERR event
Other masters	RAZ/WI, RAMACCERR event	RAZ/WI, RAMACCERR event

Table 153: Error reporting for RAM access errors

For a Cortex-M33 master, the SecureFault exception will take precedence over the BusFault exception if a security violation occurs simultaneously with another type of violation.

7.1.33.4 Peripheral access control

Access controls are defined by the characteristics of the peripheral.

Peripherals can have their security attribute set as:

Always secure

For a peripheral related to system control

Always non-secure

For some general-purpose peripherals

Configurable

For general-purpose peripherals that may be configured for secure only access

The full list of peripherals and their corresponding security attributes can be found in [Memory](#) on page 18. For each peripheral with ID n , [PERIPHID\[n\].PERM](#) will show whether the security attribute for this peripheral is configurable or not.

If not hardcoded, the security attribute can be configured using the [PERIPHID\[id\].PERM](#).

At reset, all user-selectable and split security peripherals are set to be secure, with secure DMA where present.

Secure code can access both secure peripherals and non-secure peripherals.

7.1.33.4.1 Peripherals with split security

Peripherals with split security are defined to handle use-cases when both secure and non-secure code needs to control the same resource.

When peripherals with split security have their security attribute set to non-secure, access to specific registers and bitfields within some registers is dependent on the security attribute of the bus transfer. For example, some registers will not be accessible for a non-secure transfer.

When peripherals with split security have their security attribute set to secure, then only secure transfers can access their registers.

See [Instantiation](#) on page 136 for an overview of split security peripherals. Respective peripheral chapters explain the specific security behavior of each peripheral.

7.1.33.4.2 Peripheral address mapping

Peripherals that have non-secure security mapping have their address starting with 0x4XXX_XXXX. Peripherals that have secure security mapping have their address starting with 0x5XXX_XXXX.

Peripherals with a user-selectable security mapping are available at an address starting with:

- 0x4XXX_XXXX, if the peripheral security attribute is set to non-secure
- 0x5XXX_XXXX, if the peripheral security attribute is set to secure

Note: Accesses to the 0x4XXX_XXXX address range from secure or non-secure code for a peripheral marked as secure will result in a bus-error.

Secure code accessing the 0x5XXX_XXXX address range of a peripheral marked as non-secure will also result in a bus-error.

Peripherals with a split security mapping are available at an address starting with:

- 0x4XXX_XXXX for non-secure access and 0x5XXX_XXXX for secure access, if the peripheral security attribute is set to non-secure
 - Secure registers in the 0x4XXX_XXXX range are not visible for secure or non-secure code, and an attempt to access such a register will result in write-ignore, read-as-zero behavior
 - Secure code can access both non-secure and secure registers in the 0x5XXX_XXXX range
- 0x5XXX_XXXX, if the peripheral security attribute is set to secure

Any attempt to access the 0x5000_0000-0x5FFF_FFFF address range from non-secure code will be ignored and generate a SecureFault exception.

The table below illustrates the address mapping for the three type of peripherals in all possible configurations

Security-features and configuration	Is mapped at 0x4XXX_XXXX?	Is mapped at 0x5XXX_XXXX?
Secure peripheral	No	Yes
Non-secure peripheral	Yes	No
Split-security peripheral, with attribute=secure	No	Yes
Split-security peripheral, with attribute=non-secure	Yes, restricted functionality	Yes

Table 154: Peripheral's address mapping in relation to its security-features and configuration

7.1.33.4.3 Special considerations for peripherals with DMA master

Peripherals containing a DMA master can be configured so the security attribute of the DMA transfers is different from the security attribute of the peripheral itself. This allows a secure peripheral to do non-secure data transfers to or from the system memories.

The following conditions must be met:

- The DMA field of `PERIPHID[n].PERM.SECURITYMAPPING` should read as "SeparateAttribute"
- The peripheral itself should be secure (`PERIPHID[n].PERM.SECATTR == 1`)

Then it is possible to select the security attribute of the DMA transfers using the field `DMASEC` (`PERIPHID[n].PERM.DMASEC == Secure` and `PERIPHID[n].PERM.DMASEC == NonSecure`) in `PERIPHID[n].PERM`.

7.1.33.4.4 Peripheral access error reporting

Peripherals send error reports once access violation is detected.

The following will happen if the logic controlled by the SPU detects an access violation on one of the peripherals:

- The faulty transfer will be blocked
- In case of a read transfer, the bus will be driven to zero
- Feedback is sent to the master through specific bus error signals, if this is supported by the master. If the master is a processor supporting ARM TrustZone for Cortex-M, a SecureFault exception will be generated for security related errors.
- The `PERIPHACCERR` event will be triggered

7.1.33.5 Pin access control

Access to device pins can be controlled by the SPU. A pin can be declared as secure so that only secure peripherals or secure code can access it. Pins declared as non-secure can be accessed by both secure and non-secure peripherals or code.

The security attribute of each pin can be individually configured in SPU's `GPIOPORT[n].PERM` register. When the secure attribute is set for a pin, only peripherals that have the secure attribute set will be able to read the value of the pin or change it.

Peripherals can select the pin(s) they need access to through their PSEL register(s). If a peripheral has its attribute set to non-secure, but one of its PSEL registers selects a pin with the attribute set to secure, the SPU controlled logic will ensure that the pin selection is not propagated. In addition, the pin value will always be read as zero, to prevent a non-secure peripheral from obtaining a value from a secure pin. Whereas access to other pins with attribute set as non-secure will not be blocked.

Pins can be assigned to other domains than the application domain by changing the MCUSEL value in the GPIO PIN_CNFG[n] register. Domains that do not have a pin assigned to them can neither control that pin nor read its status. Any pin configuration set in a domain that doesn't have ownership of that pin will not take effect until the MCUSEL is updated to assign that pin to the domain. Within each domain, pin access is controlled by that domain's local security configuration and peripheral PSEL registers. This is illustrated in the following figure:

Note: The SPU setting will still count when the APP domain accesses its local GPIO peripheral, as local registers are still writable even though MCUSEL is set to a different domain. Any changes in the APP GPIO peripheral done to a GPIO controlled by another domain will not affect the GPIO pad until MCUSEL is changed to APP.

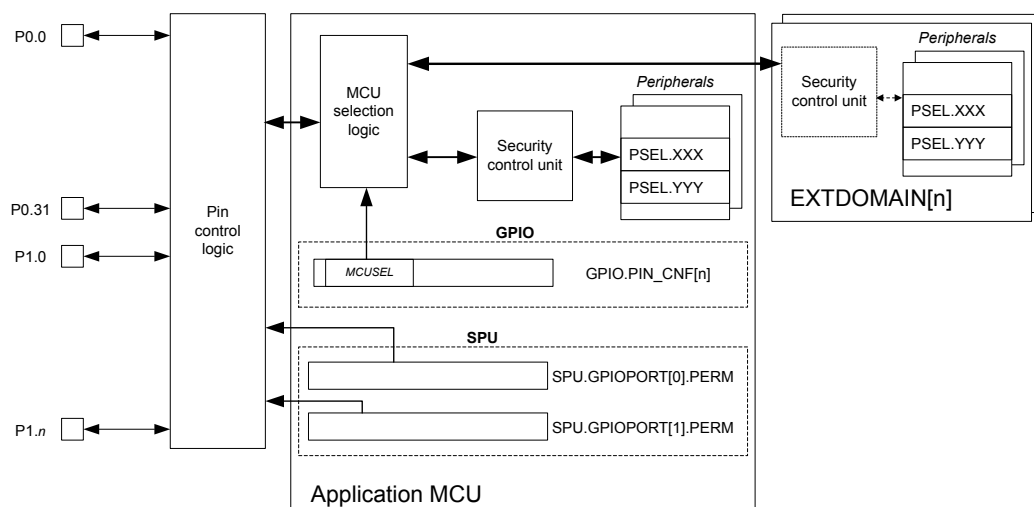


Figure 203: Pin access for domains other than the application domain

7.1.33.6 DPPI access control

Access to DPPI channels can be restricted. A channel can be declared as secure so that only secure peripherals can access it.

The security attribute of a DPPI channel is configured in `DPPI[n].PERM (n=0..0)` on page 587. When the secure attribute is set for a channel, only peripherals that have the secure attribute set will be able to publish events to this channel or subscribe to this channel to receive tasks.

The DPPI controller peripheral (DPPIC) is a split security peripheral, i.e., its security behavior depends on the security attributes of both the DPPIC and the accessing party. See [Special considerations regarding the DPPIC configuration registers](#) on page 578 for more information about the DPPIC security behavior.

If a non-secure peripheral wants to publish an event on a secure DPPI channel, the channel will ignore the event. If a non-secure peripheral subscribes to a secure DPPI channel, it will not receive any events from this channel. The following figure illustrates the principle of operation of the security logic for a subscribed channel:

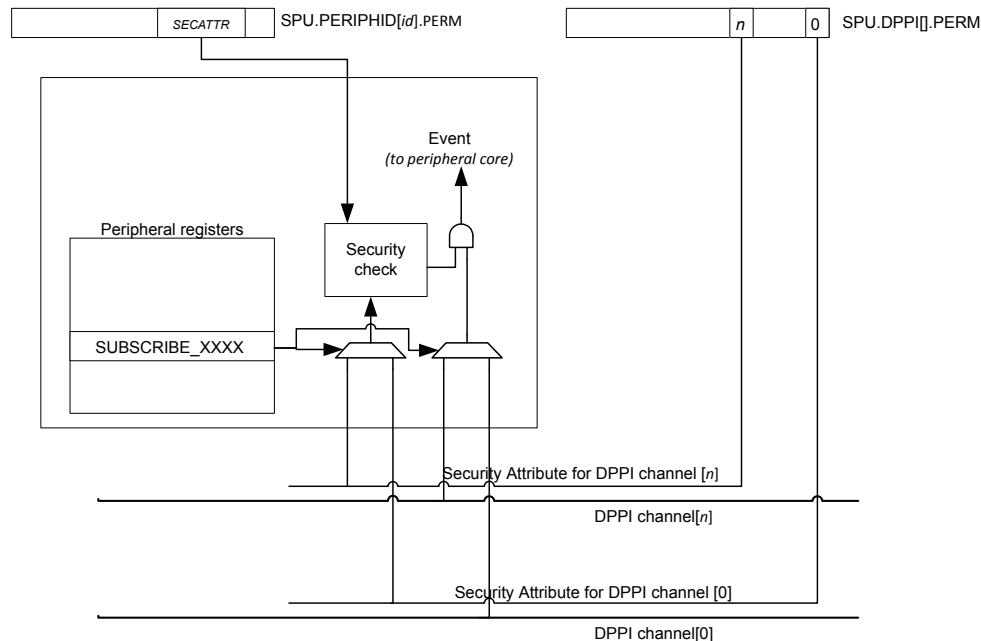


Figure 204: Subscribed channel security concept

No error reporting mechanism is associated with the DPPI access control logic.

7.1.33.6.1 Special considerations regarding the DPPIC configuration registers

DPPI channels can be enabled, disabled and grouped through the DPPI controller (DPPIC). The DPPIC is a split-security peripheral, and handles both secure and non-secure accesses.

A non-secure peripheral access will only be able to configure and control DPPI channels defined as non-secure in SPU's `DPPI[n].PERM` register(s). A secure peripheral access can control all DPPI channels, independently of the configuration in the `DPPI[n].PERM` register(s).

The DPPIC allows the creation of group of channels to be able to enable or disable all channels within a group simultaneously. The security attribute of a group of channels (secure or non-secure) is defined as follows:

- If all channels (enabled or not) in the group are non-secure, then the group is considered non-secure
- If at least one of the channels (enabled or not) in the group is secure, then the group is considered secure

A non-secure access to a DPPIC register, or a bitfield controlling a channel marked as secure in `DPPI[n].PERM` register(s), will be ignored:

- Write accesses will have no effect
- Read will always return a zero value

No exceptions are thrown when a non-secure access targets a register or bitfield controlling a secure channel. For example, if the bit *i* is set in the `DPPI[n].PERM` register (declaring the DPPI channel *i* as secure), then:

- Non-secure write accesses to registers CHEN, CHENSET and CHENCLR will not be able to write to bit i of those registers
- Non-secure write accesses to registers TASK_CHG[j].EN and TASK_CHG[j].DIS will be ignored if the channel group j contains at least one channel defined as secure (it can be the channel i itself or any channel declared as secured)
- Non-secure read accesses to registers CHEN, CHENSET and CHENCLR will always read zero for the bit at position i

For the channel configuration registers (DPPIC.CHG[n]), access from non-secure code is only possible if the included channels are all non-secure, whether the channels are enabled or not. If a DPPIC.CHG[g] register included one or more secure channels, then the group g is considered as secure and only a secure transfer can read or write DPPIC.CHG[g]. A non-secure write will be ignored and a non-secure read will return zero.

The DPPIC can subscribe to secure or non-secure channels through SUBSCRIBE_CHG[n] registers in order to trigger task for enabling or disabling groups of channels. But an event from a non-secure channel will be ignored if the group subscribing to this channel is secure. An event from a secure channel can trigger both secure and non-secure tasks.

7.1.33.7 External domain access control

Other domains with their own CPUs can access peripherals, flash and RAM memories. The SPU allows controlling accesses from those bus masters.

The external domains can access application MCU memories and peripherals. External domains are assigned security attributes as described in register EXTDOMAIN[n].PERM.

Domain	Capability register	Permission register
Network MCU	EXTDOMAIN[n].PERM ($n=0..0$) on page 586, SECUREMAPPING field	EXTDOMAIN[n].PERM ($n=0..0$) on page 586, SECATTR field

Table 155: Register mapping for external domains

The figure below illustrates how the security control units are used to assign security attributes to transfers initiated by the external domains:

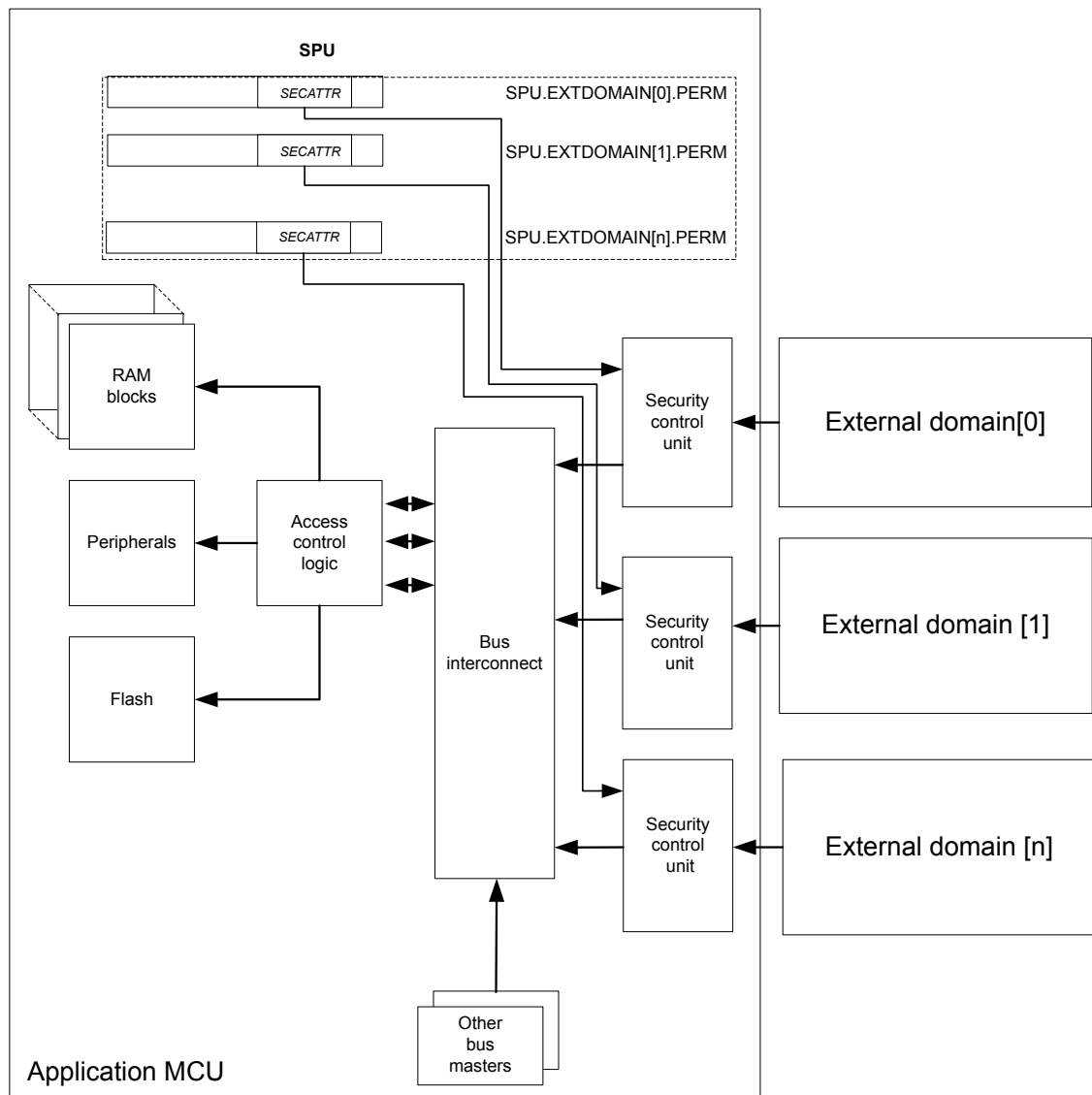


Figure 205: Access control from external domains

7.1.33.8 TrustZone for Cortex-M ID allocation

Flash and RAM regions, as well as non-secure and secure peripherals, are assigned unique TrustZone IDs.

Note: TrustZone ID should not be confounded with the peripheral ID used to identify peripherals.

The table below shows the TrustZone ID allocation:

Regions	TrustZone Cortex-M ID
Flash regions 0..63	0..63
RAM regions 0..63	64..127
UICR	252
FICR	252
CACHEDATA	252
CACHEINFO	252
Non-secure peripherals	253
Secure peripherals	254

Table 156: TrustZone ID allocation

7.1.33.9 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50003000	APPLICATION	SPU	SPU	S	NA	System protection unit	

Table 157: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EVENTS_RAMACCERR	0x100		A security violation has been detected for the RAM memory space
EVENTS_FLASHACCERR	0x104		A security violation has been detected for the flash memory space
EVENTS_PERIPHACCERR	0x108		A security violation has been detected on one or several peripherals
PUBLISH_RAMACCERR	0x180		Publish configuration for event RAMACCERR
PUBLISH_FLASHACCERR	0x184		Publish configuration for event FLASHACCERR
PUBLISH_PERIPHACCERR	0x188		Publish configuration for event PERIPHACCERR
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
CAP	0x400		Show implemented features for the current device
CPULOCK	0x404		Configure bits to lock down CPU features at runtime
EXTDOMAIN[n].PERM	0x440		Access for bus access generated from the external domain n List capabilities of the external domain n
DPPI[n].PERM	0x480		Select between secure and non-secure attribute for the DPPI channels.
DPPI[n].LOCK	0x484		Prevent further modification of the corresponding PERM register
GPIOPORT[n].PERM	0x4C0		Select between secure and non-secure attribute for pins 0 to 31 of port n. Retained
GPIOPORT[n].LOCK	0x4C4		Prevent further modification of the corresponding PERM register
FLASHNSC[n].REGION	0x500		Define which flash region can contain the non-secure callable (NSC) region n
FLASHNSC[n].SIZE	0x504		Define the size of the non-secure callable (NSC) region n
RAMNSC[n].REGION	0x540		Define which RAM region can contain the non-secure callable (NSC) region n
RAMNSC[n].SIZE	0x544		Define the size of the non-secure callable (NSC) region n
FLASHREGION[n].PERM	0x600		Access permissions for flash region n
RAMREGION[n].PERM	0x700		Access permissions for RAM region n
PERIPHID[n].PERM	0x800		List capabilities and access permissions for the peripheral with ID n

Table 158: Register overview

7.1.33.9.1 EVENTS_RAMACCERR

Address offset: 0x100

A security violation has been detected for the RAM memory space

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																			A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_RAMACCERR			A security violation has been detected for the RAM memory space																															
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																															
		Generated	1		Event generated																															

7.1.33.9.2 EVENTS_FLASHACCERR

Address offset: 0x104

A security violation has been detected for the flash memory space

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID			A																																				
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_FLASHACCERR			A security violation has been detected for the flash memory space																																		
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1		Event generated																																		

7.1.33.9.3 EVENTS_PERIPHACCERR

Address offset: 0x108

A security violation has been detected on one or several peripherals

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	EVENTS_PERIPHACCERR				A security violation has been detected on one or several peripherals																												
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.33.9.4 PUBLISH_RAMACCERR

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event [RAMACCERR](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event RAMACCERR will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.33.9.5 PUBLISH_FLASHACCERR

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event [FLASHACCERR](#)

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event FLASHACCERR will publish to.																															
B	RW EN																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																															
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																															

7.1.33.9.6 PUBLISH_PERIPHACCERR

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event [PERIPHACCERR](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0														
ID				B																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0											
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event PERIPHACCERR will publish to.																																													
B	RW EN																																																
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																													
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																													

7.1.33.9.7 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW	RAMACCERR		Enable or disable interrupt for event RAMACCERR																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable																																		
B	RW	FLASHACCERR		Enable or disable interrupt for event FLASHACCERR																																		

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
C	RW PERIPHACCERR	Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
				Enable or disable interrupt for event PERIPHACCERR																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														

7.1.33.9.8 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW RAMACCERR			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RAMACCERR																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW FLASHACCERR			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event FLASHACCERR																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW PERIPHACCERR			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event PERIPHACCERR																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.33.9.9 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW RAMACCERR			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RAMACCERR																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW FLASHACCERR			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event FLASHACCERR																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW PERIPHACCERR			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event PERIPHACCERR																														

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																												C				B		A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
		Clear	1	Disable																															
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																															
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																															

7.1.33.9.10 CAP

Address offset: 0x400

Show implemented features for the current device

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000001			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	R	TZM			Show ARM TrustZone status																													
		NotAvailable	0		ARM TrustZone support not available																													
		Enabled	1		ARM TrustZone support is available																													

7.1.33.9.11 CPULOCK

Address offset: 0x404

Configure bits to lock down CPU features at runtime

Write '1' to any position to set the corresponding lock bit, which will remain set until the next reset

Any '0' writes to this register will be ignored

Bit number	31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID	E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000	0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																										
A	RW	LOCKSVTAIRCR				Write '1' to prevent updating the secure interrupt configuration until the next reset																										
						When set to '1', this lock bit prevents changes to:																										
						<ul style="list-style-type: none">The Secure vector table base addressHandling of Secure interrupt priorityBusFault, HardFault, and NMI security target																										
			Locked	1		Disables writes to the VTOR_S, AIRCR.PRIS, and AIRCR.BFHFNMINS registers																										
			Unlocked	0		These registers can be updated																										
B	RW	LOCKNSVTOR				Write '1' to prevent updating the non-secure vector table base address until the next reset																										
						When set to '1', this lock bit prevents changes to the Non-secure interrupt vector table base address register VTOR_NS																										
			Locked	1		The address of the non-secure vector table is locked																										
			Unlocked	0		The address of the non-secure vector table can be updated																										

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
C	RW	LOCKSMPU				Write '1' to prevent updating the secure MPU regions until the next reset																												
						When set to '1', this lock bit prevents changes to programmed Secure MPU memory regions and all writes to the registers are ignored																												
			Locked	1	Disables writes to the MPU_CTRL, MPU_RNR, MPU_RBAR, MPU_RLAR, MPU_RBAR_An and MPU_RLAR_An from software or from a debug agent connected to the processor in Secure state																													
			Unlocked	0	These registers can be updated																													
D	RW	LOCKNSMPU				Write '1' to prevent updating the Non-secure MPU regions until the next reset																												
						When set to '1', this lock bit prevents changes to programmed Non-secure MPU memory regions already programmed. All writes to the registers are ignored																												
			Locked	1	Disables writes to the MPU_CTRL_NS, MPU_RNR_NS, MPU_RBAR_NS, MPU_RLAR_NS, MPU_RBAR_A_NSn and MPU_RLAR_A_NSn from software or from a debug agent connected to the processor																													
			Unlocked	0	These registers can be updated																													
E	RW	LOCKSAU				Write '1' to prevent updating the secure SAU regions until the next reset																												
						When set to '1', this lock bit prevents changes to Secure SAU memory regions already programmed. All writes to the registers are ignored																												
			Locked	1	Disables writes to the SAU_CTRL, SAU_RNR, SAU_RBAR and SAU_RLAR registers from software or from a debug agent connected to the processor																													
			Unlocked	0	These registers can be updated																													

7.1.33.9.12 EXTDOMAIN[n].PERM (n=0..0)

Address offset: $0x440 + (n \times 0x4)$

Access for bus access generated from the external domain n

List capabilities of the external domain n

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																	
ID																													C		B		A		A	
Reset 0x00000002			0 1 0																																	
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	R	SECUREMAPPING			Define configuration capabilities for TrustZone Cortex-M secure attribute																															
					<div>Note: This does not affect DPPI in the external domain</div>																															
			NonSecure	0	The bus access from this external domain always have the non-secure attribute set																															
			Secure	1	The bus access from this external domain always have the secure attribute set																															
			UserSelectable	2	Non-secure or secure attribute for bus access from this domain is defined by the EXTDOMAIN[n].PERM register																															
B	RW	SECATTR			Peripheral security mapping																															
					<div>Note: This bit has effect only if EXTDOMAIN[n].PERM.SECUREMAPPING reads as UserSelectable</div>																															
			NonSecure	0	Bus accesses from this domain have the non-secure attribute set																															
			Secure	1	Bus accesses from this domain have secure attribute set																															
C	RW	LOCK																																		
			Unlocked	0	This register can be updated																															
			Locked	1	The content of this register can't be changed until the next reset																															

7.1.33.9.13 DPPI[n].PERM (n=0..0)

Address offset: 0x480 + (n × 0x8)

Select between secure and non-secure attribute for the DPPI channels.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			f e d c b a Z Y X W V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A-f	RW	CHANNEL[i] (i=0..31)		Select secure attribute.																														
		Secure	1	Channeli has its secure attribute set																														
		NonSecure	0	Channeli has its non-secure attribute set																														

7.1.33.9.14 DPPI[n].LOCK (n=0..0)

Address offset: 0x484 + (n × 0x8)

Prevent further modification of the corresponding PERM register

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW LOCK																																	
		Locked	1	DPPI[n].PERM register can't be changed until next reset																														
		Unlocked	0	DPPI[n].PERM register content can be changed																														

7.1.33.9.15 GPIOPORT[n].PERM (n=0..1) (Retained)

Address offset: 0x4C0 + (n × 0x8)

This register is a retained register

Select between secure and non-secure attribute for pins 0 to 31 of port n.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				f e d c b a Z Y X W V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-f	RW	PIN[i] (i=0..31)		Select secure attribute attribute for PIN i.																															
		Secure	1	Pin i has its secure attribute set																															
		NonSecure	0	Pin i has its non-secure attribute set																															

7.1.33.9.16 GPIOPORT[n].LOCK (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x4C4 + (n × 0x8)

Prevent further modification of the corresponding PERM register

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW LOCK																																	
		Locked	1	GPIOPORT[n].PERM register can't be changed until next reset																														
		Unlocked	0	GPIOPORT[n].PERM register content can be changed																														

7.1.33.9.17 FLASHNSC[n].REGION (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x500 + (n × 0x8)

Define which flash region can contain the non-secure callable (NSC) region n

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW REGION			Region number																														
B	RW LOCK																																	
		Unlocked	0	This register can be updated																														
		Locked	1	The content of this register can't be changed until the next reset																														

7.1.33.9.18 FLASHNSC[n].SIZE (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x504 + (n × 0x8)

Define the size of the non-secure callable (NSC) region n

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																				
ID																														B				A				A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																				
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	SIZE	Disabled	0	Size of the non-secure callable (NSC) region n The region n is not defined as a non-secure callable region. Normal security attributes (secure or non-secure) are enforced.																																			
			32	1	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 32-byte size																																			
			64	2	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 64-byte size																																			
			128	3	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 128-byte size																																			
			256	4	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 256-byte size																																			
			512	5	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 512-byte size																																			
			1024	6	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 1024-byte size																																			
			2048	7	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 2048-byte size																																			
			4096	8	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 4096-byte size																																			
			B	RW	LOCK	Unlocked	0	This register can be updated																																
Locked	1	The content of this register can't be changed until the next reset																																						

7.1.33.9.19 RAMNSC[n].REGION (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x540 + (n × 0x8)

Define which RAM region can contain the non-secure callable (NSC) region n

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																	
ID																													B				A A A A A A			
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	REGION		Region number																																
B	RW	LOCK																																		
		Unlocked	0	This register can be updated																																
		Locked	1	The content of this register can't be changed until the next reset																																

7.1.33.9.20 RAMNSC[n].SIZE (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x544 + (n × 0x8)

Define the size of the non-secure callable (NSC) region n

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																		
ID																												B				A				A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	SIZE	Disabled	0	Size of the non-secure callable (NSC) region n The region n is not defined as a non-secure callable region. Normal security attributes (secure or non-secure) are enforced.																																	
			32	1	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 32-byte size																																	
			64	2	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 64-byte size																																	
			128	3	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 128-byte size																																	
			256	4	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 256-byte size																																	
			512	5	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 512-byte size																																	
			1024	6	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 1024-byte size																																	
			2048	7	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 2048-byte size																																	
			4096	8	The region n is defined as non-secure callable with a 4096-byte size																																	
			B	RW	LOCK	Unlocked	0	This register can be updated																														
Locked	1	The content of this register can't be changed until the next reset																																				

7.1.33.9.21 FLASHREGION[n].PERM (n=0..63)

Address offset: 0x600 + (n × 0x4)

Access permissions for flash region n

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																					
ID																													E				D				C B A			
Reset 0x00000017			0 1 0 1 1 1																																					
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																				
A	RW EXECUTE			Configure instruction fetch permissions from flash region n																																				
		Enable	1	Allow instruction fetches from flash region n																																				
		Disable	0	Block instruction fetches from flash region n																																				
B	RW WRITE			Configure write permission for flash region n																																				
		Enable	1	Allow write operation to region n																																				
		Disable	0	Block write operation to region n																																				
C	RW READ			Configure read permissions for flash region n																																				
		Enable	1	Allow read operation from flash region n																																				
		Disable	0	Block read operation from flash region n																																				
D	RW SECATTR			Security attribute for flash region n																																				
		Non_Secure	0	Flash region n security attribute is non-secure																																				
		Secure	1	Flash region n security attribute is secure																																				
E	RW LOCK																																							
		Unlocked	0	This register can be updated																																				

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																										E				D		C		B		A		
Reset 0x00000017			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																	
		Locked	1		The content of this register can't be changed until the next reset																																	

7.1.33.9.22 RAMREGION[n].PERM (n=0..63)

Address offset: $0x700 + (n \times 0x4)$

Access permissions for RAM region n

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																										E		D		C	B	A			
Reset 0x00000017			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW EXECUTE				Configure instruction fetch permissions from RAM region n																														
		Enable	1	Allow instruction fetches from RAM region n																															
		Disable	0	Block instruction fetches from RAM region n																															
B	RW WRITE				Configure write permission for RAM region n																														
		Enable	1	Allow write operation to RAM region n																															
		Disable	0	Block write operation to RAM region n																															
C	RW READ				Configure read permissions for RAM region n																														
		Enable	1	Allow read operation from RAM region n																															
		Disable	0	Block read operation from RAM region n																															
D	RW SECATTR				Security attribute for RAM region n																														
		Non_Secure	0	RAM region n security attribute is non-secure																															
		Secure	1	RAM region n security attribute is secure																															
E	RW LOCK																																		
		Unlocked	0	This register can be updated																															
		Locked	1	The content of this register can't be changed until the next reset																															

7.1.33.9.23 PERIPHID[n].PERM (n=0..255)

Address offset: $0x800 + (n \times 0x4)$

List capabilities and access permissions for the peripheral with ID n

Reset values are unique per peripheral instantiation. Please refer to the peripheral instantiation table. Entries not listed in the instantiation table are undefined.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID			F										E										D		C	B	B	A	A						
Reset 0x00000012			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value		ID	Value		Description																											
A	R	SECUREMAPPING						Define configuration capabilities for TrustZone Cortex-M secure attribute																											
			NonSecure		0			This peripheral is always accessible as a non-secure peripheral																											
			Secure		1			This peripheral is always accessible as a secure peripheral																											
			UserSelectable		2			Non-secure or secure attribute for this peripheral is defined by the PERIPHID[n].PERM register																											

A set of interrupts have been reserved for use as software interrupts.

7.1.34.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x4101A000	NETWORK	SWI	SWI0	NS	NA	Software interrupt 0	
0x4101B000	NETWORK	SWI	SWI1	NS	NA	Software interrupt 1	
0x4101C000	NETWORK	SWI	SWI2	NS	NA	Software interrupt 2	
0x4101D000	NETWORK	SWI	SWI3	NS	NA	Software interrupt 3	

Table 159: Instances

7.1.35 TEMP — Temperature sensor

The temperature sensor measures die temperature over the temperature range of the device. Linearity compensation can be implemented if required by the application.

Listed here are the main features for TEMP:

- Temperature range is greater than or equal to operating temperature of the device
- Resolution is 0.25 degrees

TEMP is started by triggering the START task.

When the temperature measurement is completed, a DATARDY event will be generated and the result of the measurement can be read from the TEMP register.

To achieve the measurement accuracy stated in the electrical specification, the crystal oscillator must be selected as the HFCLK source, see [CLOCK — Clock control](#) on page 61 for more information.

When the temperature measurement is completed, TEMP analog electronics power down to save power.

TEMP only supports one-shot operation, meaning that every TEMP measurement has to be explicitly started using the START task.

7.1.35.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x41010000	NETWORK	TEMP	TEMP	NS	NA	Temperature sensor	

Table 160: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Start temperature measurement
TASKS_STOP	0x004		Stop temperature measurement
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
EVENTS_DATARDY	0x100		Temperature measurement complete, data ready
PUBLISH_DATARDY	0x180		Publish configuration for event DATARDY
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
TEMP	0x508		Temperature in °C (0.25° steps)
A0	0x520		Slope of 1st piece wise linear function
A1	0x524		Slope of 2nd piece wise linear function
A2	0x528		Slope of 3rd piece wise linear function
A3	0x52C		Slope of 4th piece wise linear function
A4	0x530		Slope of 5th piece wise linear function

Register	Offset	Security	Description
A5	0x534		Slope of 6th piece wise linear function
B0	0x540		y-intercept of 1st piece wise linear function
B1	0x544		y-intercept of 2nd piece wise linear function
B2	0x548		y-intercept of 3rd piece wise linear function
B3	0x54C		y-intercept of 4th piece wise linear function
B4	0x550		y-intercept of 5th piece wise linear function
B5	0x554		y-intercept of 6th piece wise linear function
T0	0x560		End point of 1st piece wise linear function
T1	0x564		End point of 2nd piece wise linear function
T2	0x568		End point of 3rd piece wise linear function
T3	0x56C		End point of 4th piece wise linear function
T4	0x570		End point of 5th piece wise linear function

Table 161: Register overview

7.1.35.1.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Start temperature measurement

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_START		Start temperature measurement																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.35.1.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x004

Stop temperature measurement

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	TASKS_STOP						Stop temperature measurement																											
		Trigger		1				Trigger task																											

7.1.35.1.3 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task [START](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task START will subscribe to																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																		

7.1.35.1.4 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A							
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																																					
B	RW EN																																											
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																					
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																					

7.1.35.1.5 EVENTS_DATARDY

Address offset: 0x100

Temperature measurement complete, data ready

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																				A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	EVENTS_DATARDY		Temperature measurement complete, data ready																																	
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																	
		Generated	1	Event generated																																	

7.1.35.1.6 PUBLISH_DATARDY

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event **DATARDY**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value		Description																																																								
A	RW CHIDX					[255..0]		Channel that event DATARDY will publish to.																																																								
B	RW EN																																																															
				Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																																								
				Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																																								

7.1.35.1.7 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				A																																			
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	DATARDY				Write '1' to enable interrupt for event DATARDY																																	
			Set	1		Enable																																	
			Disabled	0		Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1		Read: Enabled																																	

7.1.35.1.8 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW DATARDY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event DATARDY																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.35.1.9 TEMP

Address offset: 0x508

Temperature in °C (0.25° steps)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															

7.1.35.1.10 A0

Address offset: 0x520

Slope of 1st piece wise linear function

Bit number	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																							A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x000002D9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																												
A	RW	A0		Slope of 1st piece wise linear function																												

7.1.35.1.11 A1

Address offset: 0x524

Slope of 2nd piece wise linear function

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															

7.1.35.1.12 A2

Address offset: 0x528

Slope of 3rd piece wise linear function

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																
ID																										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000355				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																													
A	RW A2			Slope of 3rd piece wise linear function																																															

7.1.35.1.13 A3

Address offset: 0x52C

Slope of 4th piece wise linear function

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0												
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x000003DF				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1											
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																									
A	RW A3			Slope of 4th piece wise linear function																																											

7.1.35.1.14 A4

Address offset: 0x530

Slope of 5th piece wise linear function

Bit number	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																							A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x0000044E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																												
A	RW	A4		Slope of 5th piece wise linear function																												

7.1.35.1.15 A5

Address offset: 0x534

Slope of 6th piece wise linear function

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																
ID																										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x000004B7				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																													
A	RW A5			Slope of 6th piece wise linear function																																															

7.1.35.1.16 B0

Address offset: 0x540

y-intercept of 1st piece wise linear function

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																
ID																										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000FC7				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1														
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value				Description																																									
A	RW B0									y-intercept of 1st piece wise linear function																																									

7.1.35.1.17 B1

Address offset: 0x544

y-intercept of 2nd piece wise linear function

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															

7.1.35.1.18 B2

Address offset: 0x548

y-intercept of 3rd piece wise linear function

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0											
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000F6C				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0									
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW B2							y-intercept of 3rd piece wise linear function																																						

7.1.35.1.19 B3

Address offset: 0x54C

y-intercept of 4th piece wise linear function

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0							
ID																								A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000FCB				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1						
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																																		
A	RW B3							y-intercept of 4th piece wise linear function																																		

7.1.35.1.20 B4

Address offset: 0x550

y-intercept of 5th piece wise linear function

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			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7.1.35.1.21 B5

Address offset: 0x554

y-intercept of 6th piece wise linear function

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0							
ID																								A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x000000F6				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0							
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																				
A	RW B5			y-intercept of 6th piece wise linear function																																						

7.1.35.1.22 T0

Address offset: 0x560

End point of 1st piece wise linear function

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																																																														
ID																														A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A																																																																									
Reset 0x000000E1										0										0										0										0										0										1										1										1										0										0										1									
ID	Acce Field					Value ID					Value					Description																																																																																																							
A	RW					T0					End point of 1st piece wise linear function																																																																																																												

7.1.35.1.23 T1

Address offset: 0x564

End point of 2nd piece wise linear function

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															

7.1.35.1.24 T2

Address offset: 0x568

End point of 3rd piece wise linear function

Bit number	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																										A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																												
A	RW	T2		End point of 3rd piece wise linear function																												

7.1.35.1.25 T3

Address offset: 0x56C

End point of 4th piece wise linear function

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000026				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW T3				End point of 4th piece wise linear function																														

7.1.35.1.26 T4

Address offset: 0x570

End point of 5th piece wise linear function

Bit number	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x0000003F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	T4		End point of 5th piece wise linear function																													

7.1.35.2 Electrical specification

7.1.35.2.1 Temperature Sensor Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t _{TEMP}	Time required for temperature measurement	..	..	..	µs
T _{TEMP,RANGE}	Temperature sensor range	..	..	..	°C
T _{TEMP,ACC}	Temperature sensor accuracy	..	..	..	°C
T _{TEMP,RES}	Temperature sensor resolution	..	..	..	°C
T _{TEMP,STB}	Sample to sample stability at constant device temperature	..	..	..	°C
T _{TEMP,OFFST}	Sample offset at 25°C	..	..	..	°C

7.1.36 TIMER — Timer/counter

The TIMER can operate in two modes: timer and counter.

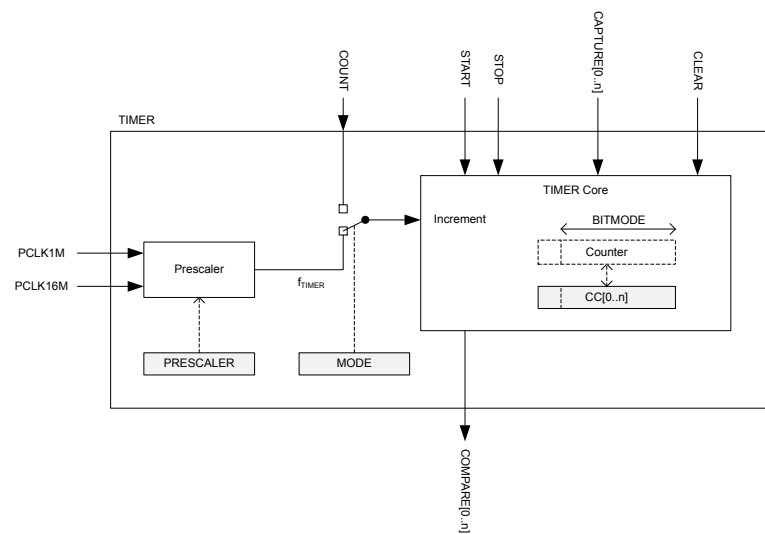


Figure 206: Block schematic for timer/counter

The timer/counter runs on the high-frequency clock source (HFCLK) and includes a four-bit (1/2X) prescaler that can divide the timer input clock from the HFCLK controller. Clock source selection between PCLK16M and PCLK1M is automatic according to TIMER base frequency set by the prescaler. The TIMER base frequency is always given as 16 MHz divided by the prescaler value.

The PPI system allows a TIMER event to trigger a task of any other system peripheral of the device. The PPI system also enables the TIMER task/event features to generate periodic output and PWM signals to any GPIO. The number of input/outputs used at the same time is limited by the number of GPIOTE channels.

The TIMER can operate in two modes, Timer mode and Counter mode. In both modes, the TIMER is started by triggering the START task, and stopped by triggering the STOP task. After the timer is stopped the timer can resume timing/counting by triggering the START task again. When timing/counting is resumed, the timer will continue from the value it had prior to being stopped.

In Timer mode, the TIMER's internal Counter register is incremented by one for every tick of the timer frequency f_{TIMER} as illustrated in [Figure 206: Block schematic for timer/counter](#) on page 601. The timer frequency is derived from PCLK16M as shown below, using the values specified in the PRESCALER register:

$$f_{\text{TIMER}} = 16 \text{ MHz} / (2^{\text{PRESCALER}})$$

When $f_{\text{TIMER}} \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$ the TIMER will use PCLK1M instead of PCLK16M for reduced power consumption.

In counter mode, the TIMER's internal Counter register is incremented by one each time the COUNT task is triggered, that is, the timer frequency and the prescaler are not utilized in counter mode. Similarly, the COUNT task has no effect in Timer mode.

The TIMER's maximum value is configured by changing the bit-width of the timer in the [BITMODE](#) on page 609 register.

[PRESCALER](#) on page 609 and the [BITMODE](#) on page 609 must only be updated when the timer is stopped. If these registers are updated while the TIMER is started then this may result in unpredictable behavior.

When the timer is incremented beyond its maximum value the Counter register will overflow and the TIMER will automatically start over from zero.

The Counter register can be cleared, that is, its internal value set to zero explicitly, by triggering the CLEAR task.

The TIMER implements multiple capture/compare registers.

Independent of prescaler setting the accuracy of the TIMER is equivalent to one tick of the timer frequency f_{TIMER} as illustrated in [Figure 206: Block schematic for timer/counter](#) on page 601.

7.1.36.1 Capture

The TIMER implements one capture task for every available capture/compare register.

Every time the CAPTURE[n] task is triggered, the Counter value is copied to the CC[n] register.

7.1.36.2 Compare

The TIMER implements one COMPARE event for every available capture/compare register.

A COMPARE event is generated when the Counter is incremented and then becomes equal to the value specified in one of the capture compare registers. When the Counter value becomes equal to the value specified in a capture compare register CC[n], the corresponding compare event COMPARE[n] is generated.

BITMODE on page 609 specifies how many bits of the Counter register and the capture/compare register that are used when the comparison is performed. Other bits will be ignored.

The COMPARE event can be configured to operate in one-shot mode, by configuring the corresponding ONESHOTEN[n] register. When enabled, the COMPARE[n] event is generated only once after a write to CC[n].

7.1.36.3 Task delays

After the TIMER is started, the CLEAR task, COUNT task and the STOP task will guarantee to take effect within one clock cycle of the PCLK16M.

7.1.36.4 Task priority

If the START task and the STOP task are triggered at the same time, that is, within the same period of PCLK16M, the STOP task will be prioritized.

If one or more of the CAPTURE tasks and the CLEAR task is triggered at the same time, that is, within the same period of PCLK16M, the CAPTURE tasks will be prioritized. This means that the CC registers will capture the Counter value before the CLEAR task is triggered.

7.1.36.5 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x5000F000 0x4000F000	APPLICATION	TIMER	TIMER0 : S	US	NA	Timer 0	
			TIMER0 : NS				
0x50010000 0x40010000	APPLICATION	TIMER	TIMER1 : S	US	NA	Timer 1	
			TIMER1 : NS				
0x50011000 0x40011000	APPLICATION	TIMER	TIMER2 : S	US	NA	Timer 2	
			TIMER2 : NS				
0x4100C000	NETWORK	TIMER	TIMER0	NS	NA	Timer 0	8 capture compare channels implemented
0x41018000	NETWORK	TIMER	TIMER1	NS	NA	Timer 1	8 capture compare channels implemented
0x41019000	NETWORK	TIMER	TIMER2	NS	NA	Timer 2	8 capture compare channels implemented

Table 162: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Start Timer
TASKS_STOP	0x004		Stop Timer
TASKS_COUNT	0x008		Increment Timer (Counter mode only)
TASKS_CLEAR	0x00C		Clear time
TASKS_SHUTDOWN	0x010		Shut down timer Deprecated
TASKS_CAPTURE[n]	0x040		Capture Timer value to CC[n] register
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
SUBSCRIBE_COUNT	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task COUNT
SUBSCRIBE_CLEAR	0x08C		Subscribe configuration for task CLEAR
SUBSCRIBE_SHUTDOWN	0x090		Subscribe configuration for task SHUTDOWN Deprecated
SUBSCRIBE_CAPTURE[n]	0x0C0		Subscribe configuration for task CAPTURE[n]
EVENTS_COMPARE[n]	0x140		Compare event on CC[n] match
PUBLISH_COMPARE[n]	0x1C0		Publish configuration for event COMPARE[n]
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
MODE	0x504		Timer mode selection
BITMODE	0x508		Configure the number of bits used by the TIMER
PRESCALER	0x510		Timer prescaler register
CC[n]	0x540		Capture/Compare register n
ONESHOTEN[n]	0x580		Enable one-shot operation for Capture/Compare channel n

Table 163: Register overview

7.1.36.5.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Start Timer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_START						Start Timer																																				
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																						

7.1.36.5.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x004

Stop Timer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																		
A	W	TASKS_STOP									Stop Timer																																	
		Trigger			1						Trigger task																																	

7.1.36.5.3 TASKS_COUNT

Address offset: 0x008

Increment Timer (Counter mode only)

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																														
A	W	TASKS_COUNT												Increment Timer (Counter mode only)																													
		Trigger				1								Trigger task																													

7.1.36.5.4 TASKS_CLEAR

Address offset: 0x00C

Clear time

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																		
A	W	TASKS_CLEAR									Clear time																																	
		Trigger			1						Trigger task																																	

7.1.36.5.5 TASKS_SHUTDOWN (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x010

Shut down timer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_SHUTDOWN						Shut down timer		Deprecated																																		
		Trigger				1		Trigger task																																				

7.1.36.5.6 TASKS_CAPTURE[n] (n=0..5)

Address offset: 0x040 + (n × 0x4)

Capture Timer value to CC[n] register

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_CAPTURE						Capture Timer value to CC[n] register																																				
				Trigger	1		Trigger task																																					

7.1.36.5.7 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task **START**

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task START will subscribe to																													
B	RW	EN																																	
			Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.36.5.8 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0												
ID				B																								A				A				A				A				A			
Reset 0x00000000				0																																											
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																									
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																																									
B	RW EN																																														
			Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																									
			Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																									

7.1.36.5.9 SUBSCRIBE_COUNT

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task **COUNT**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																								A					A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	CHIDX			[255..0]	Channel that task COUNT will subscribe to																																	
B	RW	EN																																					
			Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																		
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																		

7.1.36.5.10 SUBSCRIBE_CLEAR

Address offset: 0x08C

Subscribe configuration for task **CLEAR**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A							
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task CLEAR will subscribe to																																					
B	RW EN																																											
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																					
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																					

7.1.36.5.11 SUBSCRIBE_SHUTDOWN (Deprecated)

Address offset: 0x090

Subscribe configuration for task **SHUTDOWN**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																								A					A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	CHIDX	[255..0]	Channel that task SHUTDOWN will subscribe to																																			
B	RW	EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																			
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																			

7.1.36.5.12 SUBSCRIBE_CAPTURE[n] (n=0..5)

Address offset: 0x0C0 + (n × 0x4)

Subscribe configuration for task **CAPTURE[n]**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																													A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	CHIDX	[255..0]	Channel that task CAPTURE[n] will subscribe to																																			
B	RW	EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																			
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																			

7.1.36.5.13 EVENTS_COMPARE[n] (n=0..5)

Address offset: $0x140 + (n \times 0x4)$

Compare event on CC[n] match

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_COMPARE		Compare event on CC[n] match																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.36.5.14 PUBLISH_COMPARE[n] (n=0..5)

Address offset: $0x1C0 + (n \times 0x4)$

Publish configuration for event COMPARE[n]

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event COMPARE[n] will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.36.5.15 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			L K J I H G														F E D C B A																	
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A-F	RW	COMPARE[i]_CLEAR (i=0..5)			Shortcut between event COMPARE[i] and task CLEAR																													
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																													
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																													
G-L	RW	COMPARE[i]_STOP (i=0..5)			Shortcut between event COMPARE[i] and task STOP																													
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																													
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																													

7.1.36.5.16 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A-F	RW	COMPARE[i] (i=0..5)				Enable or disable interrupt for event COMPARE[i]																													
			Disabled	0	Disable																														
			Enabled	1	Enable																														

7.1.36.5.17 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																														
A-F	RW	COMPARE[i] (i=0..5)			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event COMPARE[i]																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.36.5.18 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A-F	RW	COMPARE[i] (i=0..5)		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event COMPARE[i]																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.36.5.19 MODE

Address offset: 0x504

Timer mode selection

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				A																																A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	MODE		Timer mode																																
		Timer	0	Select Timer mode																																
		Counter	1	Select Counter mode																																
		LowPowerCounter	2	Select Low Power Counter mode																																

7.1.36.5.20 BITMODE

Address offset: 0x508

Configure the number of bits used by the TIMER

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A	A		
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW	BITMODE				Timer bit width																																					
			16Bit	0		16 bit timer bit width																																					
			08Bit	1		8 bit timer bit width																																					
			24Bit	2		24 bit timer bit width																																					
			32Bit	3		32 bit timer bit width																																					

7.1.36.5.21 PRESCALER

Address offset: 0x510

Timer prescaler register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000004				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	PRESCALER		[0..9]		Prescaler value																														

7.1.36.5.22 CC[n] (n=0..5)

Address offset: 0x540 + (n × 0x4)

Capture/Compare register n

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	CC		Capture/Compare value																															

Only the number of bits indicated by BITMODE will be used by the TIMER.

7.1.36.5.23 ONESHOTEN[n] (n=0..5)

Address offset: 0x580 + (n × 0x4)

Enable one-shot operation for Capture/Compare channel n

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	ONESHOTEN			Enable one-shot operation																															
					Configures the corresponding compare-channel for one-shot operation																															
			Disable	0	Disable one-shot operation																															
					Compare event is generated every time the Counter matches CC[n]																															
			Enable	1	Enable one-shot operation																															
					Compare event is generated the first time the Counter matches CC[n] after CC[n] has been written																															

7.1.36.6 Electrical specification

7.1.37 TWIM — I²C compatible two-wire interface master with EasyDMA

TWI master with EasyDMA (TWIM) is a two-wire half-duplex master which can communicate with multiple slave devices connected to the same bus

Listed here are the main features for TWIM:

- I²C compatible
- Supported baud rates: 100, 250, 400 and 1000 kbps
- Support for clock stretching (non I²C compliant)
- EasyDMA

The two-wire interface can communicate with a bi-directional wired-AND bus with two lines (SCL, SDA). The protocol makes it possible to interconnect up to 127 individually addressable devices. TWIM is not compatible with CBUS.

The GPIOs used for each two-wire interface line can be chosen from any GPIO on the device and are independently configurable. This enables great flexibility in device pinout and efficient use of board space and signal routing.

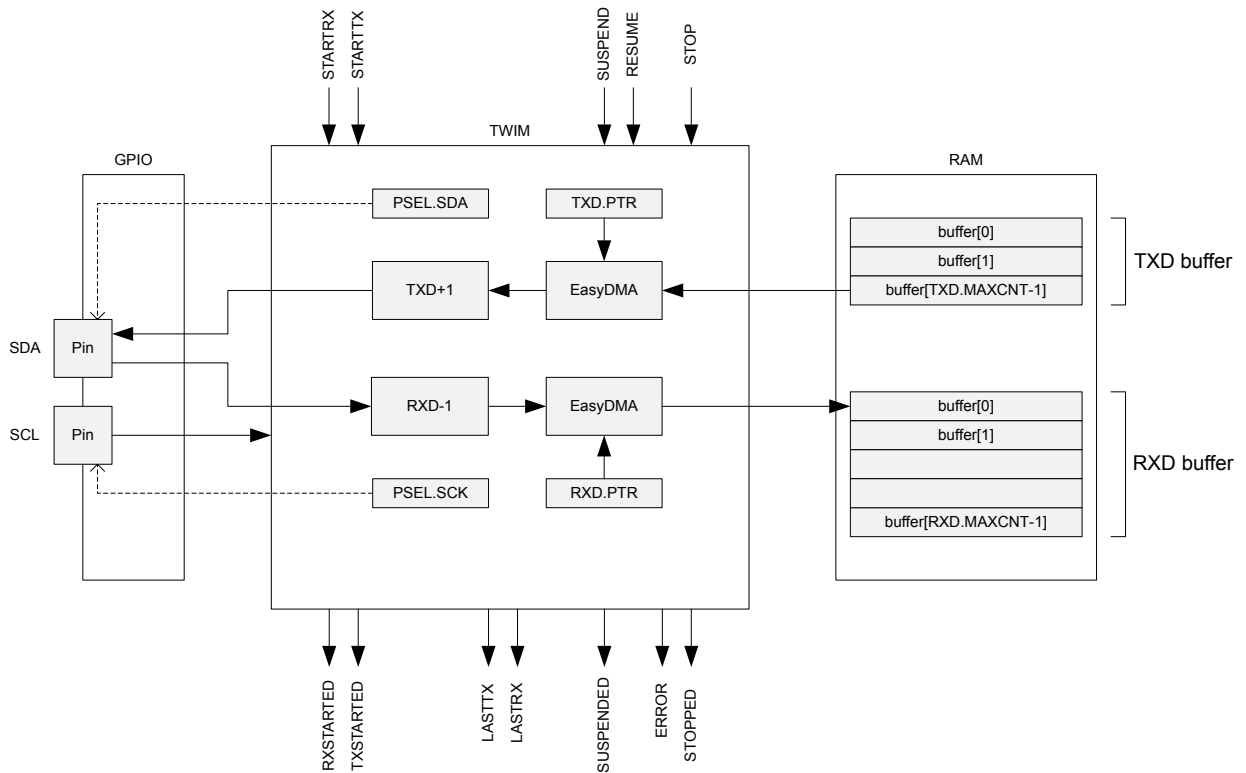


Figure 207: TWI master with EasyDMA

A typical TWI setup consists of one master and one or more slaves. For an example, see [Figure 208: A typical TWI setup comprising one master and three slaves](#) on page 611. This TWIM is only able to operate as a single master on the TWI bus. Multi-master bus configuration is not supported.

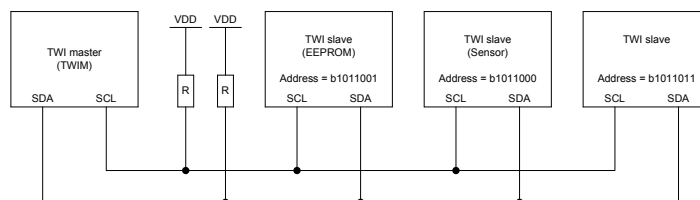


Figure 208: A typical TWI setup comprising one master and three slaves

This TWI master supports clock stretching performed by the slaves. Note that the SCK pulse following a stretched clock cycle may be shorter than specified by the I2C specification.

The TWI master is started by triggering the STARTTX or STARTRX tasks, and stopped by triggering the STOP task. The TWI master will generate a STOPPED event when it has stopped following a STOP task. The TWI master cannot get stopped while it is suspended, so the STOP task has to be issued after the TWI master has been resumed.

After the TWI master is started, the STARTTX task or the STARTRX task should not be triggered again before the TWI master has stopped, i.e. following a LASTRX, LASTTX or STOPPED event.

If a NACK is clocked in from the slave, the TWI master will generate an ERROR event.

7.1.37.1 Shared resources

The TWI master shares registers and other resources with other peripherals that have the same ID as the TWI master. Therefore, you must disable all peripherals that have the same ID as the TWI master before the TWI master can be configured and used.

Disabling a peripheral that has the same ID as the TWI master will not reset any of the registers that are shared with the TWI master. It is therefore important to configure all relevant registers explicitly to secure that the TWI master operates correctly.

The Instantiation table in [Instantiation](#) on page 136 shows which peripherals have the same ID as the TWI.

7.1.37.2 EasyDMA

The TWIM implements EasyDMA for accessing RAM without CPU involvement.

The TWIM peripheral implements the following EasyDMA channels:

Channel	Type	Register Cluster
TXD	READER	TXD
RXD	WRITER	RXD

Table 164: TWIM EasyDMA Channels

For detailed information regarding the use of EasyDMA, see [EasyDMA](#) on page 140.

The .PTR and .MAXCNT registers are double-buffered. They can be updated and prepared for the next RX/TX transmission immediately after having received the RXSTARTED/TXSTARTED event.

The STOPPED event indicates that EasyDMA has finished accessing the buffer in RAM.

7.1.37.3 Master write sequence

A TWI master write sequence is started by triggering the STARTTX task. After the STARTTX task has been triggered, the TWI master will generate a start condition on the TWI bus, followed by clocking out the address and the READ/WRITE bit set to 0 (WRITE=0, READ=1).

The address must match the address of the slave device that the master wants to write to. The READ/WRITE bit is followed by an ACK/NACK bit (ACK=0 or NACK=1) generated by the slave.

After receiving the ACK bit, the TWI master will clock out the data bytes found in the transmit buffer located in RAM at the address specified in the TXD.PTR register. Each byte clocked out from the master will be followed by an ACK/NACK bit clocked in from the slave.

A typical TWI master write sequence is illustrated in [Figure 209: TWI master writing data to a slave](#) on page 613. Occurrence 2 in the figure illustrates clock stretching performed by the TWI master following a SUSPEND task.

A SUSPENDED event indicates that the SUSPEND task has taken effect; this event can be used to synchronize the software.

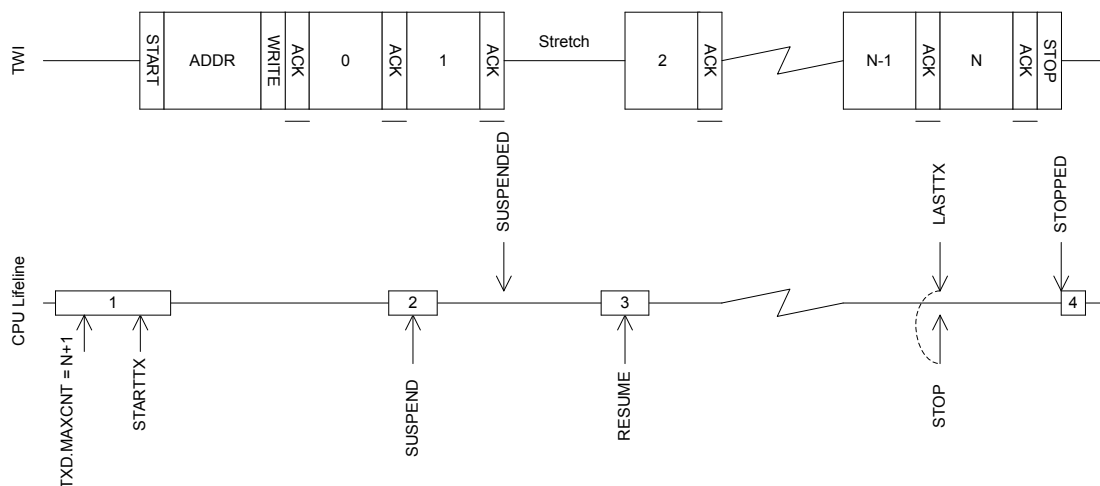


Figure 209: TWI master writing data to a slave

The TWI master will generate a LASTTX event when it starts to transmit the last byte, this is illustrated in [Figure 209: TWI master writing data to a slave](#) on page 613

The TWI master is stopped by triggering the STOP task, this task should be triggered during the transmission of the last byte to secure that the TWI will stop as fast as possible after sending the last byte. It is safe to use the shortcut between LASTTX and STOP to accomplish this.

Note that the TWI master does not stop by itself when the whole RAM buffer has been sent, or when an error occurs. The STOP task must be issued, through the use of a local or PPI shortcut, or in software as part of the error handler.

The TWI master cannot get stopped while it is suspended, so the STOP task has to be issued after the TWI master has been resumed.

7.1.37.4 Master read sequence

A TWI master read sequence is started by triggering the STARTRX task. After the STARTRX task has been triggered the TWI master will generate a start condition on the TWI bus, followed by clocking out the address and the READ/WRITE bit set to 1 (WRITE = 0, READ = 1). The address must match the address of the slave device that the master wants to read from. The READ/WRITE bit is followed by an ACK/NACK bit (ACK=0 or NACK = 1) generated by the slave.

After having sent the ACK bit the TWI slave will send data to the master using the clock generated by the master.

Data received will be stored in RAM at the address specified in the RXD.PTR register. The TWI master will generate an ACK after all but the last byte received from the slave. The TWI master will generate a NACK after the last byte received to indicate that the read sequence shall stop.

A typical TWI master read sequence is illustrated in [Figure 210: The TWI master reading data from a slave](#) on page 614. Occurrence 2 in the figure illustrates clock stretching performed by the TWI master following a SUSPEND task.

A SUSPENDED event indicates that the SUSPEND task has taken effect; this event can be used to synchronize the software.

The TWI master will generate a LASTRX event when it is ready to receive the last byte, this is illustrated in [Figure 210: The TWI master reading data from a slave](#) on page 614. If RXD.MAXCNT > 1 the LASTRX event is generated after sending the ACK of the previously received byte. If RXD.MAXCNT = 1 the LASTRX event is generated after receiving the ACK following the address and READ bit.

The TWI master is stopped by triggering the STOP task, this task must be triggered before the NACK bit is supposed to be transmitted. The STOP task can be triggered at any time during the reception of the last byte. It is safe to use the shortcut between LASTRX and STOP to accomplish this.

Note that the TWI master does not stop by itself when the RAM buffer is full, or when an error occurs. The STOP task must be issued, through the use of a local or PPI shortcut, or in software as part of the error handler.

The TWI master cannot get stopped while it is suspended, so the STOP task has to be issued after the TWI master has been resumed.

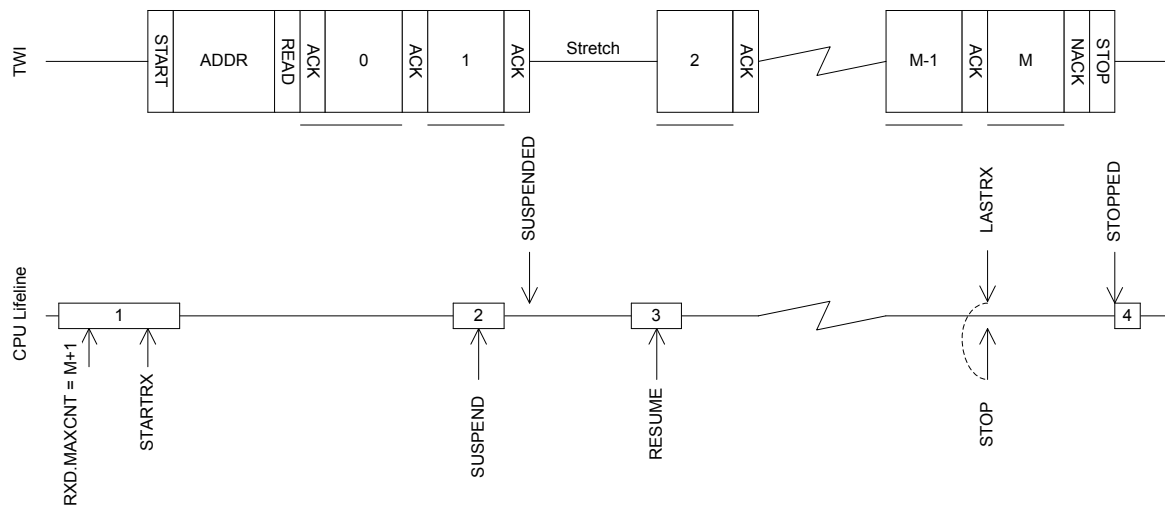


Figure 210: The TWI master reading data from a slave

7.1.37.5 Master repeated start sequence

A typical repeated start sequence is one in which the TWI master writes two bytes to the slave followed by reading four bytes from the slave. This example uses shortcuts to perform the simplest type of repeated start sequence, i.e. one write followed by one read. The same approach can be used to perform a repeated start sequence where the sequence is read followed by write.

The figure [Figure 211: A repeated start sequence, where the TWI master writes two bytes followed by reading 4 bytes from the slave](#) on page 614 illustrates this:

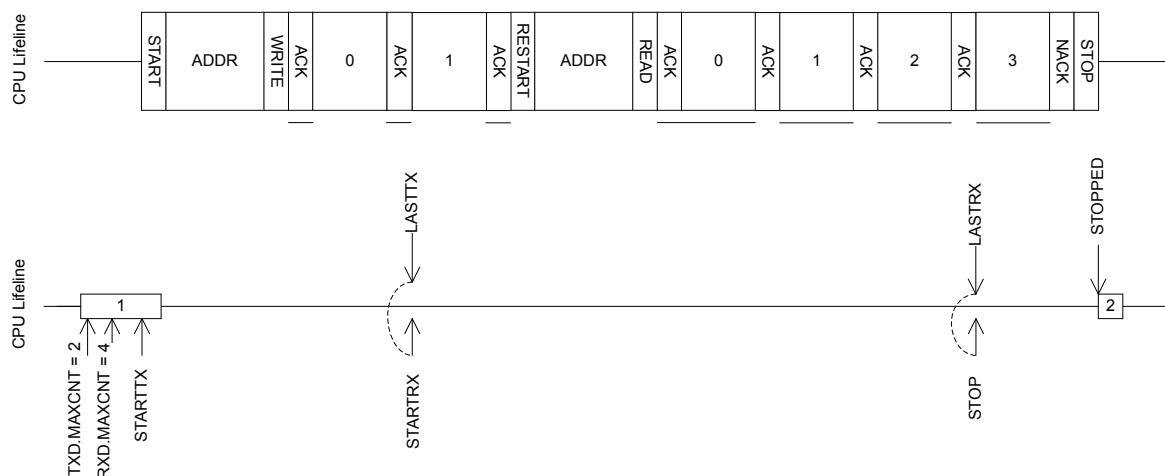


Figure 211: A repeated start sequence, where the TWI master writes two bytes followed by reading 4 bytes from the slave

If a more complex repeated start sequence is needed and the TWI firmware drive is serviced in a low priority interrupt it may be necessary to use the SUSPEND task and SUSPENDED event to guarantee that the correct tasks are generated at the correct time. This is illustrated in [Figure 212: A double repeated start sequence using the SUSPEND task to secure safe operation in low priority interrupts](#) on page 615.

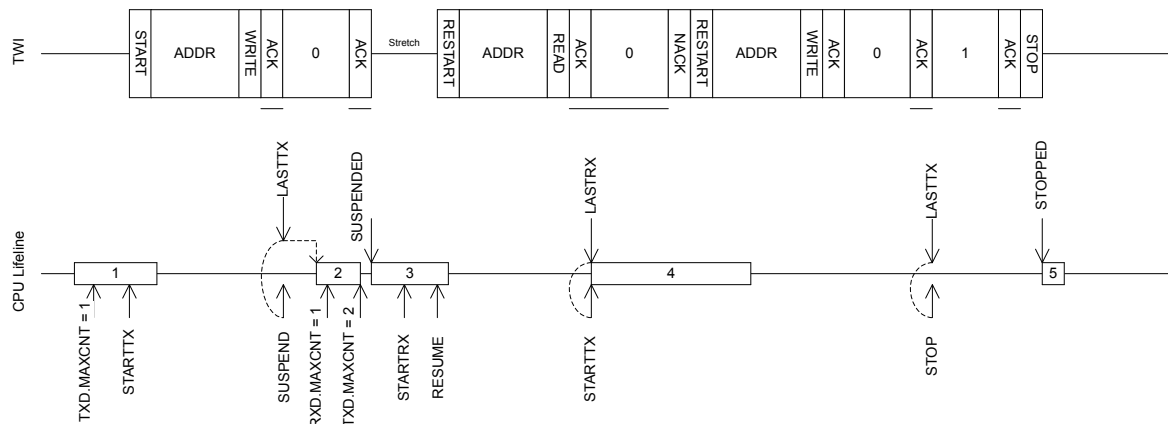


Figure 212: A double repeated start sequence using the SUSPEND task to secure safe operation in low priority interrupts

7.1.37.6 Low power

When putting the system in low power and the peripheral is not needed, lowest possible power consumption is achieved by stopping, and then disabling the peripheral.

The STOP task may not be always needed (the peripheral might already be stopped), but if it is sent, software shall wait until the STOPPED event was received as a response before disabling the peripheral through the ENABLE register.

7.1.37.7 Master mode pin configuration

The SCL and SDA signals associated with the TWI master are mapped to physical pins according to the configuration specified in the PSEL.SCL and PSEL.SDA registers respectively.

The PSEL.SCL and PSEL.SDA registers and their configurations are only used as long as the TWI master is enabled, and retained only as long as the device is in ON mode. When the peripheral is disabled, the pins will behave as regular GPIOs, and use the configuration in their respective OUT bit field and PIN_CNF[n] register. PSEL.SCL, PSEL.SDA must only be configured when the TWI master is disabled.

To secure correct signal levels on the pins used by the TWI master when the system is in OFF mode, and when the TWI master is disabled, these pins must be configured in the GPIO peripheral as described in [Table 165: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral](#) on page 615.

Only one peripheral can be assigned to drive a particular GPIO pin at a time. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

TWI master signal	TWI master pin	Direction	Output value	Drive strength
SCL	As specified in PSEL.SCL	Input	Not applicable	S0D1
SDA	As specified in PSEL.SDA	Input	Not applicable	S0D1

Table 165: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral

7.1.37.8 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50008000	APPLICATION	TWIM	TWIM0 : S	US	SA	Two-wire interface master	0
0x40008000			TWIM0 : NS				
0x50009000	APPLICATION	TWIM	TWIM1 : S	US	SA	Two-wire interface master	1
0x40009000			TWIM1 : NS				
0x41013000	NETWORK	TWIM	TWIM0	NS	NA	Two-wire interface master	0

Table 166: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_STARTRX	0x000		Start TWI receive sequence
TASKS_STARTTX	0x008		Start TWI transmit sequence
TASKS_STOP	0x014		Stop TWI transaction. Must be issued while the TWI master is not suspended.
TASKS_SUSPEND	0x01C		Suspend TWI transaction
TASKS_RESUME	0x020		Resume TWI transaction
SUBSCRIBE_STARTRX	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task STARTRX
SUBSCRIBE_STARTTX	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task STARTTX
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x094		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
SUBSCRIBE_SUSPEND	0x09C		Subscribe configuration for task SUSPEND
SUBSCRIBE_RESUME	0x0A0		Subscribe configuration for task RESUME
EVENTS_STOPPED	0x104		TWI stopped
EVENTS_ERROR	0x124		TWI error
EVENTS_SUSPENDED	0x148		Last byte has been sent out after the SUSPEND task has been issued, TWI traffic is now suspended.
EVENTS_RXSTARTED	0x14C		Receive sequence started
EVENTS_TXSTARTED	0x150		Transmit sequence started
EVENTS_LASTRX	0x15C		Byte boundary, starting to receive the last byte
EVENTS_LASTTX	0x160		Byte boundary, starting to transmit the last byte
PUBLISH_STOPPED	0x184		Publish configuration for event STOPPED
PUBLISH_ERROR	0x1A4		Publish configuration for event ERROR
PUBLISH_SUSPENDED	0x1C8		Publish configuration for event SUSPENDED
PUBLISH_RXSTARTED	0x1CC		Publish configuration for event RXSTARTED
PUBLISH_TXSTARTED	0x1D0		Publish configuration for event TXSTARTED
PUBLISH_LASTRX	0x1DC		Publish configuration for event LASTRX
PUBLISH_LASTTX	0x1E0		Publish configuration for event LASTTX
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
ERRORSRC	0x4C4		Error source
ENABLE	0x500		Enable TWIM
PSEL.SCL	0x508		Pin select for SCL signal
PSEL.SDA	0x50C		Pin select for SDA signal
FREQUENCY	0x524		TWI frequency. Accuracy depends on the HFCLK source selected.
RXD.PTR	0x534		Data pointer
RXD.MAXCNT	0x538		Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer
RXD.AMOUNT	0x53C		Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction
RXD.LIST	0x540		EasyDMA list type
TXD.PTR	0x544		Data pointer
TXD.MAXCNT	0x548		Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TXD.AMOUNT	0x54C		Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction
TXD.LIST	0x550		EasyDMA list type
ADDRESS	0x588		Address used in the TWI transfer

Table 167: Register overview

7.1.37.8.1 TASKS_STARTRX

Address offset: 0x000

Start TWI receive sequence

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_STARTRX				Start TWI receive sequence																																						
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																						

7.1.37.8.2 TASKS_STARTTX

Address offset: 0x008

Start TWI transmit sequence

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_STARTTX		Start TWI transmit sequence																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.37.8.3 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x014

Stop TWI transaction. Must be issued while the TWI master is not suspended.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	W	TASKS_STOP									Stop TWI transaction. Must be issued while the TWI master is not suspended.																																
		Trigger			1						Trigger task																																

7.1.37.8.4 TASKS_SUSPEND

Address offset: 0x01C

Suspend TWI transaction

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID			B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																																
B	RW EN																																				
		Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																
		Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																

7.1.37.8.9 SUBSCRIBE_SUSPEND

Address offset: 0x09C

Subscribe configuration for task **SUSPEND**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A							
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task SUSPEND will subscribe to																																					
B	RW EN																																											
			Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																					
			Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																					

7.1.37.8.10 SUBSCRIBE_RESUME

Address offset: 0x0A0

Subscribe configuration for task **RESUME**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task RESUME will subscribe to																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																	

7.1.37.8.11 EVENTS_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x104

TWI stopped

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID																																						A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_STOPPED			TWI stopped																																		
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1		Event generated																																		

7.1.37.8.12 EVENTS_ERROR

Address offset: 0x124

TWI error

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_ERROR			TWI error																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.37.8.13 EVENTS_SUSPENDED

Address offset: 0x148

Last byte has been sent out after the SUSPEND task has been issued, TWI traffic is now suspended.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_SUSPENDED		Last byte has been sent out after the SUSPEND task has been issued, TWI traffic is now suspended.																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.37.8.14 EVENTS_RXSTARTED

Address offset: 0x14C

Receive sequence started

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW EVENTS_RXSTARTED			Receive sequence started																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.37.8.15 EVENTS_TXSTARTED

Address offset: 0x150

Transmit sequence started

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_TXSTARTED		Transmit sequence started																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.37.8.16 EVENTS_LASTRX

Address offset: 0x15C

Byte boundary, starting to receive the last byte

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_LASTRX		Byte boundary, starting to receive the last byte																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.37.8.17 EVENTS_LASTTX

Address offset: 0x160

Byte boundary, starting to transmit the last byte

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_LASTTX		Byte boundary, starting to transmit the last byte																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.37.8.18 PUBLISH_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event **STOPPED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A											
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event STOPPED will publish to.																																	
B	RW EN																																						
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																	
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																	

7.1.37.8.19 PUBLISH_ERROR

Address offset: 0x1A4

Publish configuration for event **ERROR**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A																				
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																																												
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event ERROR will publish to.																																																												
B	RW EN																																																															
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																																												
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																																												

7.1.37.8.20 PUBLISH_SUSPENDED

Address offset: 0x1C8

Publish configuration for event **SUSPENDED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																																						
A	RW CHIDX						[255..0]			Channel that event SUSPENDED will publish to.																																																						
B	RW EN			Disabled			0			Disable publishing																																																						
				Enabled			1			Enable publishing																																																						

7.1.37.8.21 PUBLISH_RXSTARTED

Address offset: 0x1CC

Publish configuration for event **RXSTARTED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event RXSTARTED will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.37.8.22 PUBLISH_TXSTARTED

Address offset: 0x1D0

Publish configuration for event **TXSTARTED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																												
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																									
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																									
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event TXSTARTED will publish to.																																																									
B	RW EN																																																														
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																																									
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																																									

7.1.37.8.23 PUBLISH_LASTRX

Address offset: 0x1DC

Publish configuration for event [LASTRX](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event LASTRX will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0		Disable publishing																													
		Enabled	1		Enable publishing																													

7.1.37.8.24 PUBLISH_LASTTX

Address offset: 0x1E0

Publish configuration for event [LASTTX](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event LASTTX will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.37.8.25 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	LASTTX_STARTRX			Shortcut between event LASTTX and task STARTRX																													
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																													
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																													
B	RW	LASTTX_SUSPEND			Shortcut between event LASTTX and task SUSPEND																													
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																													
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																													
C	RW	LASTTX_STOP			Shortcut between event LASTTX and task STOP																													
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																													
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																													
D	RW	LASTRX_STARTTX			Shortcut between event LASTRX and task STARTTX																													
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																													
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																													
E	RW	LASTRX_SUSPEND			Shortcut between event LASTRX and task SUSPEND																													
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																													
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																													

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																												F	E	D	C	B	A				
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
F	RW LASTRX_STOP			Shortcut between event LASTRX and task STOP																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																																	
		Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																																	

7.1.37.8.26 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			J I H G F										D										A											
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW STOPPED			Enable or disable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
D	RW ERROR			Enable or disable interrupt for event ERROR																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
F	RW SUSPENDED			Enable or disable interrupt for event SUSPENDED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
G	RW RXSTARTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event RXSTARTED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
H	RW TXSTARTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event TXSTARTED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
I	RW LASTRX			Enable or disable interrupt for event LASTRX																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
J	RW LASTTX			Enable or disable interrupt for event LASTTX																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														

7.1.37.8.27 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			J I H G F										D										A											
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW STOPPED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
D	RW ERROR			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ERROR																														

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			J I H G F D A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
F	RW SUSPENDED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event SUSPENDED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
G	RW RXSTARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RXSTARTED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
H	RW TXSTARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event TXSTARTED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
I	RW LASTRX			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event LASTRX																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
J	RW LASTTX			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event LASTTX																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.37.8.28 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			J I H G F D A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW STOPPED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
D	RW ERROR			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ERROR																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
F	RW SUSPENDED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event SUSPENDED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
G	RW RXSTARTED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RXSTARTED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			J I H G F D A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
H	RW TXSTARTED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TXSTARTED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
I	RW LASTRX			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event LASTRX																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
J	RW LASTTX			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event LASTTX																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.37.8.29 ERRORSRC

Address offset: 0x4C4

Error source

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW OVERRUN			Overrun error																														
				A new byte was received before previous byte got transferred into RXD buffer. (Previous data is lost)																														
		NotReceived	0	Error did not occur																														
		Received	1	Error occurred																														
B	RW ANACK			NACK received after sending the address (write '1' to clear)																														
		NotReceived	0	Error did not occur																														
		Received	1	Error occurred																														
C	RW DNACK			NACK received after sending a data byte (write '1' to clear)																														
		NotReceived	0	Error did not occur																														
		Received	1	Error occurred																														

7.1.37.8.30 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable TWIM

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	ENABLE		Enable or disable TWIM																															
		Disabled	0	Disable TWIM																															
		Enabled	6	Enable TWIM																															

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																																	
A	RW PTR									Data pointer																																	

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.37.8.35 RXD.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x538

Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																													
A	RW	MAXCNT		[1..0xFFFF]				Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer																													

7.1.37.8.36 RXD.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x53C

Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	R	AMOUNT	[1..0xFFFF]	Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction. In case of NACK error, includes the NACK'ed byte.																																	

7.1.37.8.37 RXD.LIST

Address offset: 0x540

EasyDMA list type

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	LIST		List type																														
		Disabled	0	Disable EasyDMA list																														
		ArrayList	1	Use array list																														

7.1.37.8.38 TXD.PTR

Address offset: 0x544

Data pointer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																																		
A	RW PTR									Data pointer																																		

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.37.8.39 TXD.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x548

Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	MAXCNT	[1..0xFFFF]	Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer																															

7.1.37.8.40 TXD.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x54C

Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	R	AMOUNT	[1..0xFFFF]	Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction. In case of NACK error, includes the NACK'ed byte.																																	

7.1.37.8.41 TXD.LIST

Address offset: 0x550

EasyDMA list type

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	LIST		List type																															
		Disabled	0	Disable EasyDMA list																															
		ArrayList	1	Use array list																															

7.1.37.8.42 ADDRESS

Address offset: 0x588

Address used in the TWI transfer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0												
ID																												A										A	A	A	A	A	A										
Reset 0x00000000										0																		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																											
A	RW ADDRESS						Address used in the TWI transfer																																														

7.1.37.9 Electrical specification

7.1.37.9.1 TWIM interface electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
f _{TWIM,SCL}	Bit rates for TWIM ²⁵	..	..	..	kbps
t _{TWIM,START}	Time from STARTRX/STARTTX task to transmission started	..	..	..	µs

7.1.37.9.2 Two Wire Interface Master (TWIM) timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t _{TWIM,SU_DAT}	Data setup time before positive edge on SCL – all modes	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,HD_DAT}	Data hold time after negative edge on SCL – all modes	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,HD_STA,100kbps}	TWIM master hold time for START and repeated START condition, 100 kbps	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,HD_STA,250kbps}	TWIM master hold time for START and repeated START condition, 250kbps	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,HD_STA,400kbps}	TWIM master hold time for START and repeated START condition, 400 kbps	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,HD_STA,1000kbps}	TWIM master hold time for START and repeated START condition, 1000 kbps	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,SU_STO,100kbps}	TWIM master setup time from SCL high to STOP condition, 100 kbps	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,SU_STO,250kbps}	TWIM master setup time from SCL high to STOP condition, 250 kbps	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,SU_STO,400kbps}	TWIM master setup time from SCL high to STOP condition, 400 kbps	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,SU_STO,1000kbps}	TWIM master setup time from SCL high to STOP condition, 1000 kbps	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,BUF,100kbps}	TWIM master bus free time between STOP and START conditions, 100 kbps	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,BUF,250kbps}	TWIM master bus free time between STOP and START conditions, 250 kbps	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,BUF,400kbps}	TWIM master bus free time between STOP and START conditions, 400 kbps	..	..	..	ns
t _{TWIM,BUF,1000kbps}	TWIM master bus free time between STOP and START conditions, 1000 kbps	..	..	..	ns

²⁵ High bit rates or stronger pull-ups may require GPIOs to be set as High Drive, see GPIO chapter for more details.

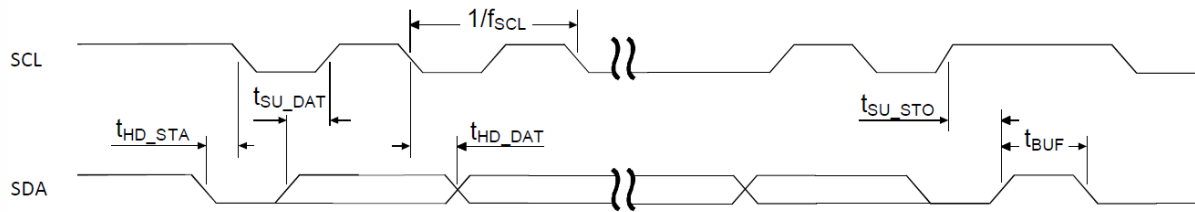


Figure 213: TWIM timing diagram, 1 byte transaction

7.1.37.10 Pullup resistor

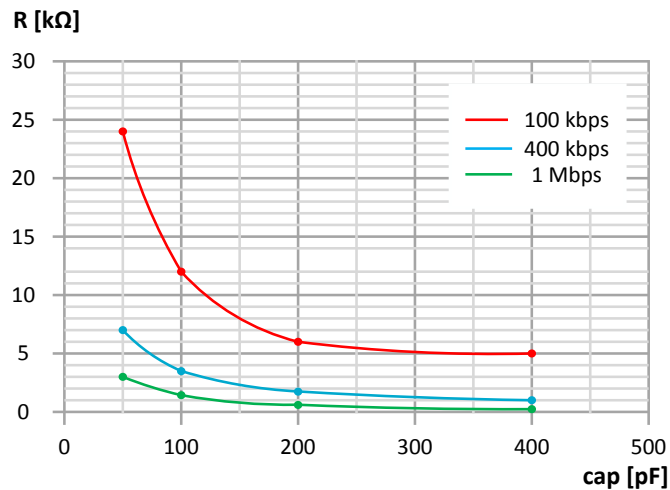


Figure 214: Recommended TWIM pullup value vs. line capacitance

- The I2C specification allows a line capacitance of 400 pF at most.
- The value of internal pullup resistor (R_{PU}) for nRF5340 can be found in [GPIO — General purpose input/output](#) on page 209.

7.1.38 TWIS — I²C compatible two-wire interface slave with EasyDMA

TWI slave with EasyDMA (TWIS) is compatible with I²C operating at 100 kHz and 400 kHz. The TWI transmitter and receiver implement EasyDMA.

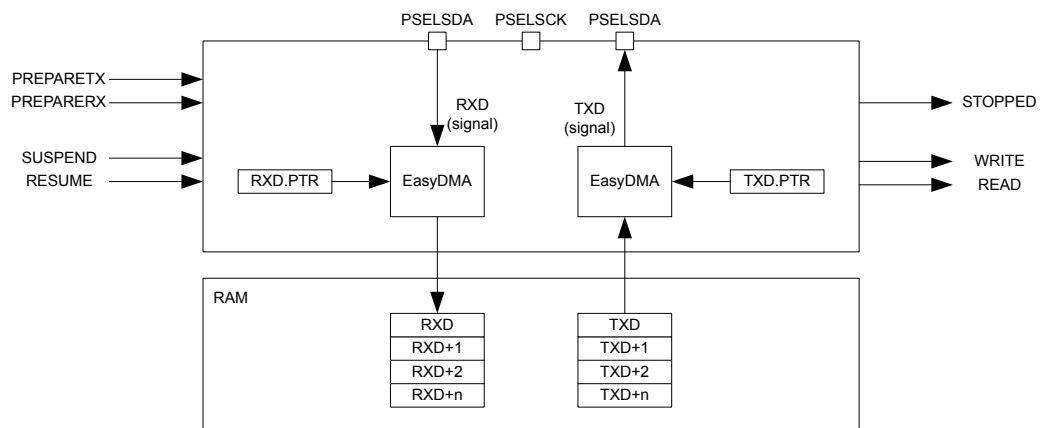


Figure 215: TWI slave with EasyDMA

A typical TWI setup consists of one master and one or more slaves. For an example, see [Figure 216: A typical TWI setup comprising one master and three slaves](#) on page 632. TWIS is only able to operate with a single master on the TWI bus.

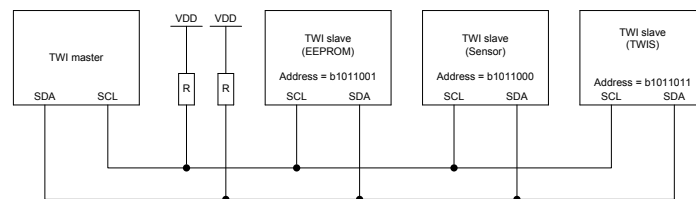


Figure 216: A typical TWI setup comprising one master and three slaves

The TWI slave state machine is illustrated in [Figure 217: TWI slave state machine](#) on page 633 and [Table 168: TWI slave state machine symbols](#) on page 633 is explaining the different symbols used in the state machine.

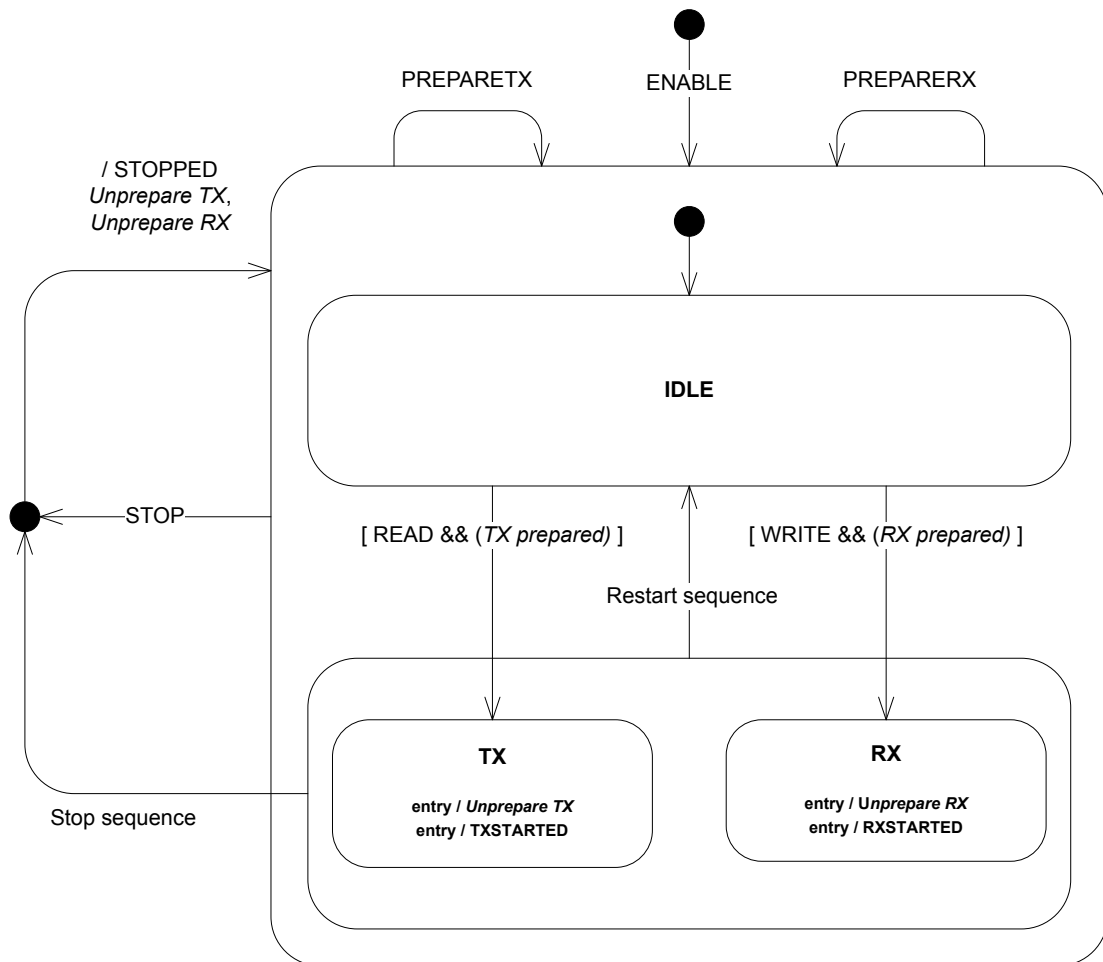


Figure 217: TWI slave state machine

Symbol	Type	Description
ENABLE	Register	The TWI slave has been enabled via the ENABLE register
PREPARETX	Task	The TASKS_PREPARETX task has been triggered
STOP	Task	The TASKS_STOP task has been triggered
PREPARERX	Task	The TASKS_PREPARERX task has been triggered
STOPPED	Event	The EVENTS_STOPPED event was generated
RXSTARTED	Event	The EVENTS_RXSTARTED event was generated
TXSTARTED	Event	The EVENTS_TXSTARTED event was generated
TX prepared	Internal	Internal flag indicating that a TASKS_PREPARETX task has been triggered. This flag is not visible to the user.
RX prepared	Internal	Internal flag indicating that a TASKS_PREPARERX task has been triggered. This flag is not visible to the user.
Unprepare TX	Internal	Clears the internal 'TX prepared' flag until next TASKS_PREPARETX task.
Unprepare RX	Internal	Clears the internal 'RX prepared' flag until next TASKS_PREPARERX task.
Stop sequence	TWI protocol	A TWI stop sequence was detected
Restart sequence	TWI protocol	A TWI restart sequence was detected

Table 168: TWI slave state machine symbols

The TWI slave supports clock stretching performed by the master.

The TWI slave operates in a low power mode while waiting for a TWI master to initiate a transfer. As long as the TWI slave is not addressed, it will remain in this low power mode.

To secure correct behaviour of the TWI slave, PSEL.SCL, PSEL.SDA, CONFIG and the ADDRESS[n] registers, must be configured prior to enabling the TWI slave through the ENABLE register. Similarly, changing these settings must be performed while the TWI slave is disabled. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behaviour.

7.1.38.1 Shared resources

The TWI slave shares registers and other resources with other peripherals that have the same ID as the TWI slave.

Therefore, you must disable all peripherals that have the same ID as the TWI slave before the TWI slave can be configured and used. Disabling a peripheral that has the same ID as the TWI slave will not reset any of the registers that are shared with the TWI slave. It is therefore important to configure all relevant registers explicitly to secure that the TWI slave operates correctly.

The Instantiation table in [Instantiation](#) on page 136 shows which peripherals have the same ID as the TWI slave.

7.1.38.2 EasyDMA

The TWIS implements EasyDMA for accessing RAM without CPU involvement.

The TWIS peripheral implements the following EasyDMA channels:

Channel	Type	Register Cluster
TXD	READER	TXD
RXD	WRITER	RXD

Table 169: TWIS EasyDMA Channels

For detailed information regarding the use of EasyDMA, see [EasyDMA](#) on page 140.

The STOPPED event indicates that EasyDMA has finished accessing the buffer in RAM.

7.1.38.3 TWI slave responding to a read command

Before the TWI slave can respond to a read command the TWI slave must be configured correctly and enabled via the ENABLE register. When enabled the TWI slave will be in its IDLE state where it will consume I_{IDLE} .

A read command is started when the TWI master generates a start condition on the TWI bus, followed by clocking out the address and the READ/WRITE bit set to 1 (WRITE=0, READ=1). The READ/WRITE bit is followed by an ACK/NACK bit (ACK=0 or NACK=1) response from the TWI slave.

The TWI slave is able to listen for up to two addresses at the same time. Which addresses to listen for is configured in the ADDRESS registers and the CONFIG register.

The TWI slave will only acknowledge (ACK) the read command if the address presented by the master matches one of the addresses the slave is configured to listen for. The TWI slave will generate a READ event when it acknowledges the read command.

The TWI slave is only able to detect a read command from the IDLE state.

The TWI slave will set an internal 'TX prepared' flag when the PREPARETX task is triggered.

When the read command is received the TWI slave will enter the TX state if the internal 'TX prepared' flag is set.

If the internal 'TX prepared' flag is not set when the read command is received, the TWI slave will stretch the master's clock until the PREPARETX task is triggered and the internal 'TX prepared' flag is set.

The TWI slave will generate the TXSTARTED event and clear the 'TX prepared' flag ('unprepare TX') when it enters the TX state. In this state the TWI slave will send the data bytes found in the transmit buffer to the master using the master's clock. The TWI slave will consume I_{TX} in this mode.

The TWI slave will go back to the IDLE state if the TWI slave receives a restart command when it is in the TX state.

The TWI slave is stopped when it receives the stop condition from the TWI master. A STOPPED event will be generated when the transaction has stopped. The TWI slave will clear the 'TX prepared' flag ('unprepare TX') and go back to the IDLE state when it has stopped.

The transmit buffer is located in RAM at the address specified in the TXD.PTR register. The TWI slave will only be able to send TXD.MAXCNT bytes from the transmit buffer for each transaction. If the TWI master forces the slave to send more than TXD.MAXCNT bytes, the slave will send the byte specified in the ORC register to the master instead. If this happens, an ERROR event will be generated.

The EasyDMA configuration registers, see TXD.PTR etc., are latched when the TXSTARTED event is generated.

The TWI slave can be forced to stop by triggering the STOP task. A STOPPED event will be generated when the TWI slave has stopped. The TWI slave will clear the 'TX prepared' flag and go back to the IDLE state when it has stopped, see also [Terminating an ongoing TWI transaction](#) on page 637.

Each byte sent from the slave will be followed by an ACK/NACK bit sent from the master. The TWI master will generate a NACK following the last byte that it wants to receive to tell the slave to release the bus so that the TWI master can generate the stop condition. The TXD.AMOUNT register can be queried after a transaction to see how many bytes were sent.

A typical TWI slave read command response is illustrated in [Figure 218: The TWI slave responding to a read command](#) on page 635. Occurrence 2 in the figure illustrates clock stretching performed by the TWI slave following a SUSPEND task.

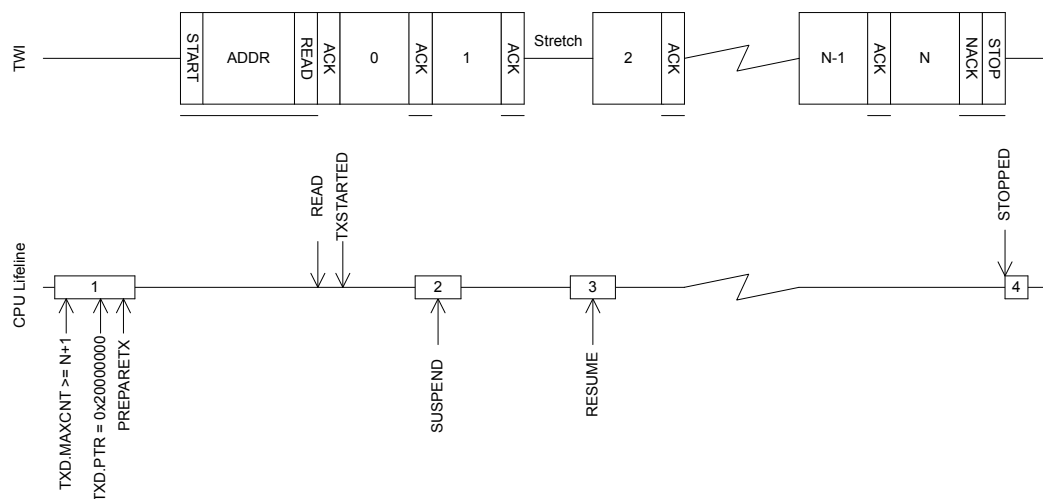


Figure 218: The TWI slave responding to a read command

7.1.38.4 TWI slave responding to a write command

Before the TWI slave can respond to a write command the TWI slave must be configured correctly and enabled via the ENABLE register. When enabled the TWI slave will be in its IDLE state where it will consume I_{IDLE} .

A write command is started when the TWI master generates a start condition on the TWI bus, followed by clocking out the address and the READ/WRITE bit set to 0 (WRITE=0, READ=1). The READ/WRITE bit is followed by an ACK/NACK bit (ACK=0 or NACK=1) response from the slave.

The TWI slave is able to listen for up to two addresses at the same time. Which addresses to listen for is configured in the ADDRESS registers and the CONFIG register.

The TWI slave will only acknowledge (ACK) the write command if the address presented by the master matches one of the addresses the slave is configured to listen for. The TWI slave will generate a WRITE event if it acknowledges the write command.

The TWI slave is only able to detect a write command from the IDLE state.

The TWI slave will set an internal 'RX prepared' flag when the PREPARERX task is triggered.

When the write command is received the TWI slave will enter the RX state if the internal 'RX prepared' flag is set.

If the internal 'RX prepared' flag is not set when the write command is received, the TWI slave will stretch the master's clock until the PREPARERX task is triggered and the internal 'RX prepared' flag is set.

The TWI slave will generate the RXSTARTED event and clear the internal 'RX prepared' flag ('unprepare RX') when it enters the RX state. In this state the TWI slave will be able to receive the bytes sent by the TWI master. The TWI slave will consume I_{RX} in this mode.

The TWI slave will go back to the IDLE state if the TWI slave receives a restart command when it is in the RX state.

The TWI slave is stopped when it receives the stop condition from the TWI master. A STOPPED event will be generated when the transaction has stopped. The TWI slave will clear the internal 'RX prepared' flag ('unprepare RX') and go back to the IDLE state when it has stopped.

The receive buffer is located in RAM at the address specified in the TXD.PTR register. The TWI slave will only be able to receive as many bytes as specified in the RXD.MAXCNT register. If the TWI master tries to send more bytes to the slave than the slave is able to receive, these bytes will be discarded and the bytes will be NACKed by the slave. If this happens, an ERROR event will be generated.

The EasyDMA configuration registers, see RXD.PTR etc., are latched when the RXSTARTED event is generated.

The TWI slave can be forced to stop by triggering the STOP task. A STOPPED event will be generated when the TWI slave has stopped. The TWI slave will clear the internal 'RX prepared' flag and go back to the IDLE state when it has stopped, see also [Terminating an ongoing TWI transaction](#) on page 637.

The TWI slave will generate an ACK after every byte received from the master. The RXD.AMOUNT register can be queried after a transaction to see how many bytes were received.

A typical TWI slave write command response is illustrated in [Figure 219: The TWI slave responding to a write command](#) on page 637. Occurrence 2 in the figure illustrates clock stretching performed by the TWI slave following a SUSPEND task.

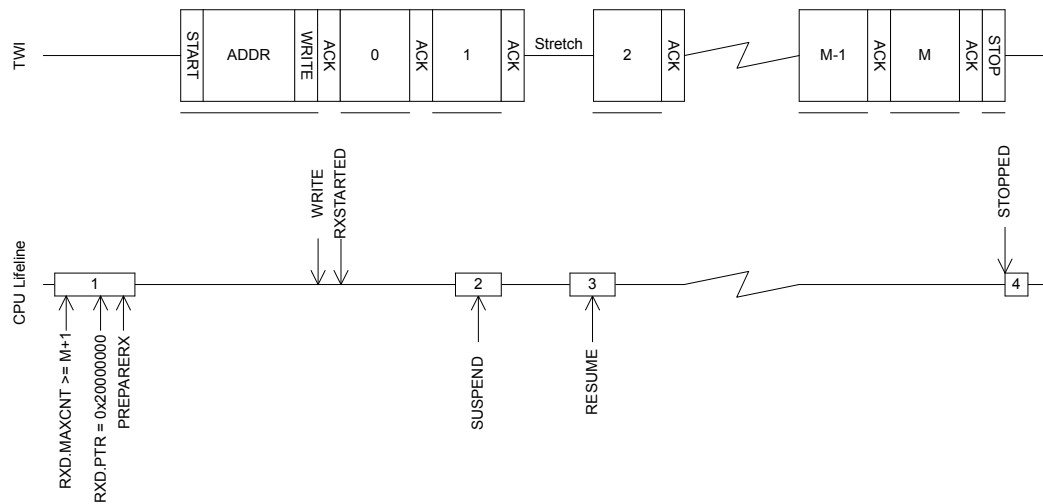


Figure 219: The TWI slave responding to a write command

7.1.38.5 Master repeated start sequence

An example of a repeated start sequence is one in which the TWI master writes two bytes to the slave followed by reading four bytes from the slave.

This is illustrated in [Figure 220: A repeated start sequence, where the TWI master writes two bytes followed by reading four bytes from the slave](#) on page 637.

It is here assumed that the receiver does not know in advance what the master wants to read, and that this information is provided in the first two bytes received in the write part of the repeated start sequence. To guarantee that the CPU is able to process the received data before the TWI slave starts to reply to the read command, the SUSPEND task is triggered via a shortcut from the READ event generated when the read command is received. When the CPU has processed the incoming data and prepared the correct data response, the CPU will resume the transaction by triggering the RESUME task.

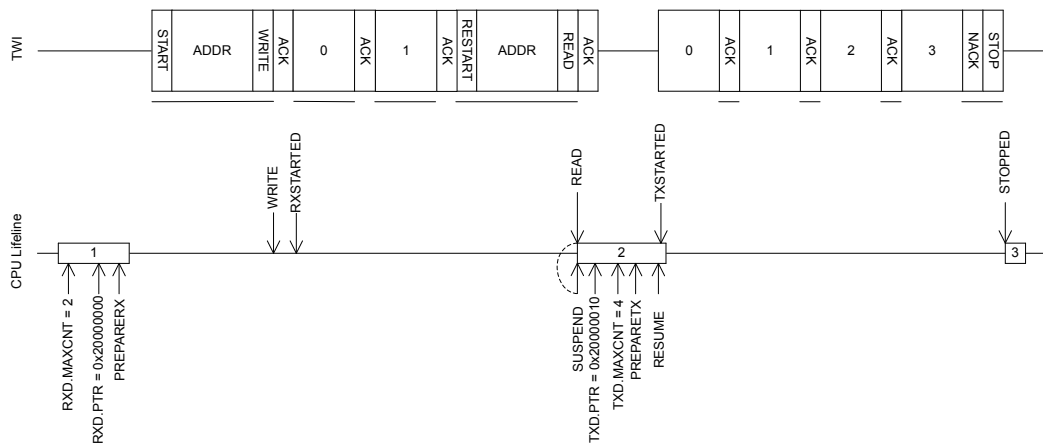


Figure 220: A repeated start sequence, where the TWI master writes two bytes followed by reading four bytes from the slave

7.1.38.6 Terminating an ongoing TWI transaction

In some situations, e.g. if the external TWI master is not responding correctly, it may be required to terminate an ongoing transaction.

This can be achieved by triggering the STOP task. In this situation a STOPPED event will be generated when the TWI has stopped independent of whether or not a STOP condition has been generated on the TWI bus. The TWI slave will release the bus when it has stopped and go back to its IDLE state.

7.1.38.7 Low power

When putting the system in low power and the peripheral is not needed, lowest possible power consumption is achieved by stopping, and then disabling the peripheral.

The STOP task may not be always needed (the peripheral might already be stopped), but if it is sent, software shall wait until the STOPPED event was received as a response before disabling the peripheral through the ENABLE register.

7.1.38.8 Slave mode pin configuration

The SCL and SDA signals associated with the TWI slave are mapped to physical pins according to the configuration specified in the PSEL.SCL and PSEL.SDA registers respectively.

The PSEL.SCL and PSEL.SDA registers and their configurations are only used as long as the TWI slave is enabled, and retained only as long as the device is in ON mode. When the peripheral is disabled, the pins will behave as regular GPIOs, and use the configuration in their respective OUT bit field and PIN_CNF[n] register. PSEL.SCL and PSEL.SDA must only be configured when the TWI slave is disabled.

To secure correct signal levels on the pins used by the TWI slave when the system is in OFF mode, and when the TWI slave is disabled, these pins must be configured in the GPIO peripheral as described in [Table 170: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral](#) on page 638.

Only one peripheral can be assigned to drive a particular GPIO pin at a time. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

TWI slave signal	TWI slave pin	Direction	Output value	Drive strength
SCL	As specified in PSEL.SCL	Input	Not applicable	S0D1
SDA	As specified in PSEL.SDA	Input	Not applicable	S0D1

Table 170: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral

7.1.38.9 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50008000	APPLICATION	TWIS	TWIS0 : S	US	SA	Two-wire interface slave 0	
0x40008000			TWIS0 : NS				
0x50009000	APPLICATION	TWIS	TWIS1 : S	US	SA	Two-wire interface slave 1	
0x40009000			TWIS1 : NS				
0x41013000	NETWORK	TWIS	TWIS0	NS	NA	Two-wire interface slave 0	

Table 171: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_STOP	0x014		Stop TWI transaction
TASKS_SUSPEND	0x01C		Suspend TWI transaction
TASKS_RESUME	0x020		Resume TWI transaction
TASKS_PREPARERX	0x030		Prepare the TWI slave to respond to a write command
TASKS_PREPARETX	0x034		Prepare the TWI slave to respond to a read command
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x094		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
SUBSCRIBE_SUSPEND	0x09C		Subscribe configuration for task SUSPEND
SUBSCRIBE_RESUME	0x0A0		Subscribe configuration for task RESUME
SUBSCRIBE_PREPARERX	0x0B0		Subscribe configuration for task PREPARERX
SUBSCRIBE_PREPARETX	0x0B4		Subscribe configuration for task PREPARETX
EVENTS_STOPPED	0x104		TWI stopped
EVENTS_ERROR	0x124		TWI error

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EVENTS_RXSTARTED	0x14C		Receive sequence started
EVENTS_TXSTARTED	0x150		Transmit sequence started
EVENTS_WRITE	0x164		Write command received
EVENTS_READ	0x168		Read command received
PUBLISH_STOPPED	0x184		Publish configuration for event STOPPED
PUBLISH_ERROR	0x1A4		Publish configuration for event ERROR
PUBLISH_RXSTARTED	0x1CC		Publish configuration for event RXSTARTED
PUBLISH_TXSTARTED	0x1D0		Publish configuration for event TXSTARTED
PUBLISH_WRITE	0x1E4		Publish configuration for event WRITE
PUBLISH_READ	0x1E8		Publish configuration for event READ
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
ERRORSRC	0x4D0		Error source
MATCH	0x4D4		Status register indicating which address had a match
ENABLE	0x500		Enable TWIS
PSEL_SCL	0x508		Pin select for SCL signal
PSEL_SDA	0x50C		Pin select for SDA signal
RXD.PTR	0x534		RXD Data pointer
RXD.MAXCNT	0x538		Maximum number of bytes in RXD buffer
RXD.AMOUNT	0x53C		Number of bytes transferred in the last RXD transaction
RXD.LIST	0x540		EasyDMA list type
TXD.PTR	0x544		TXD Data pointer
TXD.MAXCNT	0x548		Maximum number of bytes in TXD buffer
TXD.AMOUNT	0x54C		Number of bytes transferred in the last TXD transaction
TXD.LIST	0x550		EasyDMA list type
ADDRESS[n]	0x588		TWI slave address n
CONFIG	0x594		Configuration register for the address match mechanism
ORC	0x5C0		Over-read character. Character sent out in case of an over-read of the transmit buffer.

Table 172: Register overview

7.1.38.9.1 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x014

Stop TWI transaction

Bit number										31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID										A																															
Reset 0x00000000										0 0																															
ID		Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																											
A	W	TASKS_STOP												Stop TWI transaction																											
						Trigger				1				Trigger task																											

7.1.38.9.2 TASKS_SUSPEND

Address offset: 0x01C

Suspend TWI transaction

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	W	TASKS_SUSPEND			Trigger			1			Suspend TWI transaction																																
										Trigger task																																	

7.1.38.9.3 TASKS_RESUME

Address offset: 0x020

Resume TWI transaction

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	W	TASKS_RESUME			Trigger			1			Resume TWI transaction																																
										Trigger task																																	

7.1.38.9.4 TASKS_PREPARERX

Address offset: 0x030

Prepare the TWI slave to respond to a write command

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	W	TASKS_PREPARERX			Trigger			1			Prepare the TWI slave to respond to a write command																																
				Trigger			1			Trigger task																																	

7.1.38.9.5 TASKS_PREPARETX

Address offset: 0x034

Prepare the TWI slave to respond to a read command

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	W	TASKS_PREPARETX			Trigger			1			Prepare the TWI slave to respond to a read command																																
										Trigger task																																	

7.1.38.9.6 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x094

Subscribe configuration for task STOP

Subscribe configuration for task SUSPEND

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A																															

Address offset: 0x0A0

Subscribe configuration for task RESUME

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	CHIDX	[255..0]			Channel that task RESUME will subscribe to																																
B	RW	EN																																				
			Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																	
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																	

Address offset: 0x0B0

Subscribe configuration for task PREPARERX

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID			B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																		
ID	Accs Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task PREPARERX will subscribe to																																
B	RW EN																																				
		Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																
		Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_RXSTARTED		Receive sequence started																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.38.9.14 EVENTS_TXSTARTED

Address offset: 0x150

Transmit sequence started

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_TXSTARTED		Transmit sequence started																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.38.9.15 EVENTS_WRITE

Address offset: 0x164

Write command received

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_WRITE		Write command received																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.38.9.16 EVENTS_READ

Address offset: 0x168

Read command received

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_READ		Read command received																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.38.9.17 PUBLISH_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event STOPPED

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A					A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event STOPPED will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.38.9.18 PUBLISH_ERROR

Address offset: 0x1A4

Publish configuration for event **ERROR**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A					A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event ERROR will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.38.9.19 PUBLISH_RXSTARTED

Address offset: 0x1CC

Publish configuration for event **RXSTARTED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																								A					A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event RXSTARTED will publish to.																																			
B	RW EN																																						
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																			
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																			

7.1.38.9.20 PUBLISH_TXSTARTED

Address offset: 0x1D0

Publish configuration for event **TXSTARTED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A					A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event TXSTARTED will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			H G								F E								B								A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW STOPPED			Enable or disable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
B	RW ERROR			Enable or disable interrupt for event ERROR																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
E	RW RXSTARTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event RXSTARTED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
F	RW TXSTARTED			Enable or disable interrupt for event TXSTARTED																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
G	RW WRITE			Enable or disable interrupt for event WRITE																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														
H	RW READ			Enable or disable interrupt for event READ																														
		Disabled	0	Disable																														
		Enabled	1	Enable																														

7.1.38.9.25 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			H G								F E								B								A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	STOPPED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STOPPED																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
B	RW	ERROR			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ERROR																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
E	RW	RXSTARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RXSTARTED																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
F	RW	TXSTARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event TXSTARTED																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
G	RW	WRITE			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event WRITE																													
			Set	1	Enable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
H	RW	READ			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event READ																													

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0								
ID							H				G								F				E								B								A			
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																																			
		Set	1				Enable																																			
		Disabled	0				Read: Disabled																																			
		Enabled	1				Read: Enabled																																			

7.1.38.9.26 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			H G								F E								B								A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	STOPPED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STOPPED																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
B	RW	ERROR			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ERROR																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
E	RW	RXSTARTED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RXSTARTED																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
F	RW	TXSTARTED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TXSTARTED																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
G	RW	WRITE			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event WRITE																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													
H	RW	READ			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event READ																													
			Clear	1	Disable																													
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																													
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																													

7.1.38.9.27 ERRORSRC

Address offset: 0x4D0

Error source

Status register indicating which address had a match

Enable TWIS

Pin select for SCL signal

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0										
ID			C																											B										A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1										
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																							
A	RW PIN		[0..31]		Pin number																																							
B	RW PORT		[0..1]		Port number																																							
C	RW CONNECT				Connection																																							
		Disconnected	1		Disconnect																																							
		Connected	0		Connect																																							

7.1.38.9.31 PSEL.SDA

Address offset: 0x50C

Pin select for SDA signal

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0										
ID			C																											B										A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1									
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																							
A	RW PIN		[0..31]		Pin number																																							
B	RW PORT		[0..1]		Port number																																							
C	RW CONNECT				Connection																																							
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																																								
		Connected	0	Connect																																								

7.1.38.9.32 RXD.PTR

Address offset: 0x534

RXD Data pointer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																																				
A	RW PTR									RXD Data pointer																																				

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.38.9.33 RXD.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x538

Maximum number of bytes in RXD buffer

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																													
A	RW MAXCNT		[1..0xFFFF]				Maximum number of bytes in RXD buffer																													

7.1.38.9.34 RXD.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x53C

Number of bytes transferred in the last RXD transaction

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0							
ID																				A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																						
A	R	AMOUNT						[1..0xFFFF]			Number of bytes transferred in the last RXD transaction																																					

7.1.38.9.35 RXD.LIST

Address offset: 0x540

EasyDMA list type

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																														A	A												
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW	LIST				List type																																					
				Disabled		0		Disable EasyDMA list																																			
				ArrayList		1		Use array list																																			

7.1.38.9.36 TXD.PTR

Address offset: 0x544

TXD Data pointer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	RW	PTR						TXD Data pointer																																			

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.38.9.37 TXD.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x548

Maximum number of bytes in TXD buffer

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	MAXCNT			[1..0xFFFF]		Maximum number of bytes in TXD buffer																														

7.1.38.9.38 TXD.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x54C

Number of bytes transferred in the last TXD transaction

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value																Description															
A	R	AMOUNT	[1..0xFFFF]																Number of bytes transferred in the last TXD transaction															

7.1.38.9.39 TXD.LIST

Address offset: 0x550

EasyDMA list type

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID				A A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	LIST			List type																															
			Disabled	0	Disable EasyDMA list																															
			ArrayList	1	Use array list																															

7.1.38.9.40 ADDRESS[n] (n=0..1)

Address offset: 0x588 + (n × 0x4)

TWI slave address n

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW ADDRESS							TWI slave address																											

7.1.38.9.41 CONFIG

Address offset: 0x594

Configuration register for the address match mechanism

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B A																															
Reset 0x00000001				0 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-B	RW	ADDRESS[i] (i=0..1)		Enable or disable address matching on ADDRESS[i]																															
		Disabled	0	Disabled																															
		Enabled	1	Enabled																															

7.1.38.9.42 ORC

Address offset: 0x5C0

Over-read character. Character sent out in case of an over-read of the transmit buffer.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW ORC			Over-read character. Character sent out in case of an over-read of the transmit buffer.																															

7.1.38.10 Electrical specification

7.1.38.10.1 TWIS slave timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$f_{\text{TWIS,SCL}}$	Bit rates for TWIS ²⁶	..	..	..	kbps
$t_{\text{TWIS,START}}$	Time from PREPARERX/PREPARETX task to ready to receive/transmit	..	..	..	μs
$t_{\text{TWIS,SU_DAT}}$	Data setup time before positive edge on SCL – all modes	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{TWIS,HD_DAT}}$	Data hold time after negative edge on SCL – all modes	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{TWIS,HD_STA,100kbps}}$	TWI slave hold time from for START condition (SDA low to SCL low), 100 kbps	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{TWIS,HD_STA,400kbps}}$	TWI slave hold time from for START condition (SDA low to SCL low), 400 kbps	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{TWIS,SU_STO,100kbps}}$	TWI slave setup time from SCL high to STOP condition, 100 kbps	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{TWIS,SU_STO,400kbps}}$	TWI slave setup time from SCL high to STOP condition, 400 kbps	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{TWIS,BUF,100kbps}}$	TWI slave bus free time between STOP and START conditions, 100 kbps	..	..	..	ns
$t_{\text{TWIS,BUF,400kbps}}$	TWI slave bus free time between STOP and START conditions, 400 kbps	..	..	..	ns

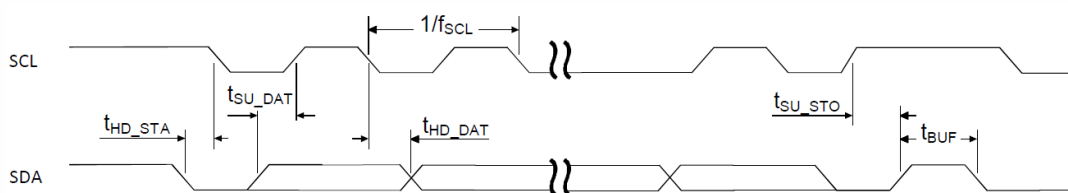


Figure 221: TWIS timing diagram, 1 byte transaction

7.1.39 UARTE — Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter with EasyDMA

The Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter with EasyDMA (UARTE) offers fast, full-duplex, asynchronous serial communication with built-in flow control (CTS, RTS) support in hardware at a rate up to 1 Mbps, and EasyDMA data transfer from/to RAM.

²⁶ High bit rates or stronger pull-ups may require GPIOs to be set as High Drive, see GPIO chapter for more details.

Listed here are the main features for UARTE:

- Full-duplex operation
- Automatic hardware flow control
- Optional even parity bit checking and generation
- EasyDMA
- Up to 1 Mbps baudrate
- Return to IDLE between transactions supported (when using HW flow control)
- One or two stop bit
- Least significant bit (LSB) first

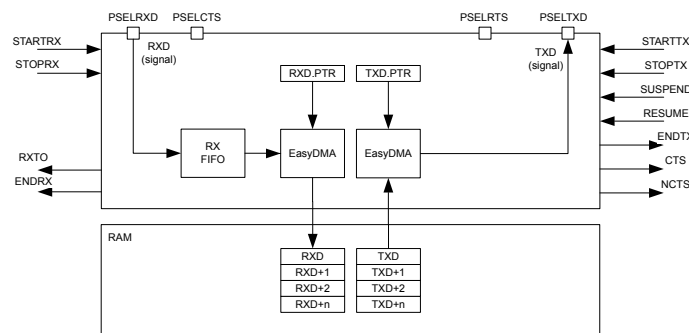


Figure 222: UARTE configuration

The GPIOs used for each UART interface can be chosen from any GPIO on the device and are independently configurable. This enables great flexibility in device pinout and efficient use of board space and signal routing.

Note: External crystal oscillator must be enabled to obtain sufficient clock accuracy for stable communication. See [CLOCK — Clock control](#) on page 61 for more information.

7.1.39.1 EasyDMA

The UARTE implements EasyDMA for reading and writing to and from the RAM.

If the TXD.PTR and the RXD.PTR are not pointing to the Data RAM region, an EasyDMA transfer may result in a HardFault or RAM corruption. See [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information about the different memory regions.

The .PTR and .MAXCNT registers are double-buffered. They can be updated and prepared for the next RX/TX transmission immediately after having received the RXSTARTED/TXSTARTED event.

The ENDRX/ENDTX event indicates that EasyDMA has finished accessing respectively the RX/TX buffer in RAM.

7.1.39.2 Transmission

The first step of a DMA transmission is storing bytes in the transmit buffer and configuring EasyDMA. This is achieved by writing the initial address pointer to TXD.PTR, and the number of bytes in the RAM buffer to TXD.MAXCNT. The UARTE transmission is started by triggering the STARTTX task.

After each byte has been sent over the TXD line, a TXDRDY event will be generated.

When all bytes in the TXD buffer, as specified in the TXD.MAXCNT register, have been transmitted, the UARTE transmission will end automatically and an ENDTX event will be generated.

A UARTE transmission sequence is stopped by triggering the STOPTH task, a TXSTOPPED event will be generated when the UARTE transmitter has stopped.

If the ENDTX event has not already been generated when the UARTE transmitter has come to a stop, the UARTE will generate the ENDTX event explicitly even though all bytes in the TXD buffer, as specified in the TXD.MAXCNT register, have not been transmitted.

If flow control is enabled through the HWFC field in the CONFIG register, a transmission will be automatically suspended when CTS is deactivated and resumed when CTS is activated again, as illustrated in [Figure 223: UARTE transmission](#) on page 654. A byte that is in transmission when CTS is deactivated will be fully transmitted before the transmission is suspended.

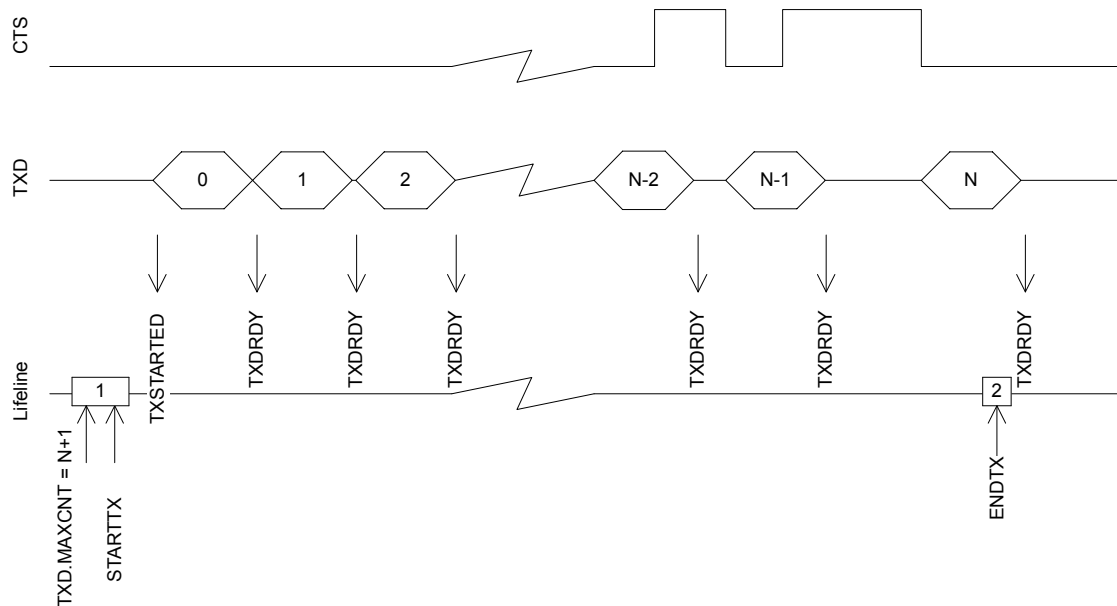


Figure 223: UARTE transmission

The UARTE transmitter will be in its lowest activity level, and consume the least amount of energy, when it is stopped, i.e. before it is started via STARTTX or after it has been stopped via STOPTH and the TXSTOPPED event has been generated. See [POWER — Power control](#) on page 36 for more information about power modes.

7.1.39.3 Reception

The UARTE receiver is started by triggering the STARTRX task. The UARTE receiver is using EasyDMA to store incoming data in an RX buffer in RAM.

The RX buffer is located at the address specified in the RXD.PTR register. The RXD.PTR register is double-buffered and it can be updated and prepared for the next STARTRX task immediately after the RXSTARTED event is generated. The size of the RX buffer is specified in the RXD.MAXCNT register and the UARTE will generate an ENDRX event when it has filled up the RX buffer, see [Figure 224: UARTE reception](#) on page 655.

For each byte received over the RXD line, an RXDRDY event will be generated. This event is likely to occur before the corresponding data has been transferred to Data RAM.

The RXD.AMOUNT register can be queried following an ENDRX event to see how many new bytes have been transferred to the RX buffer in RAM since the previous ENDRX event.

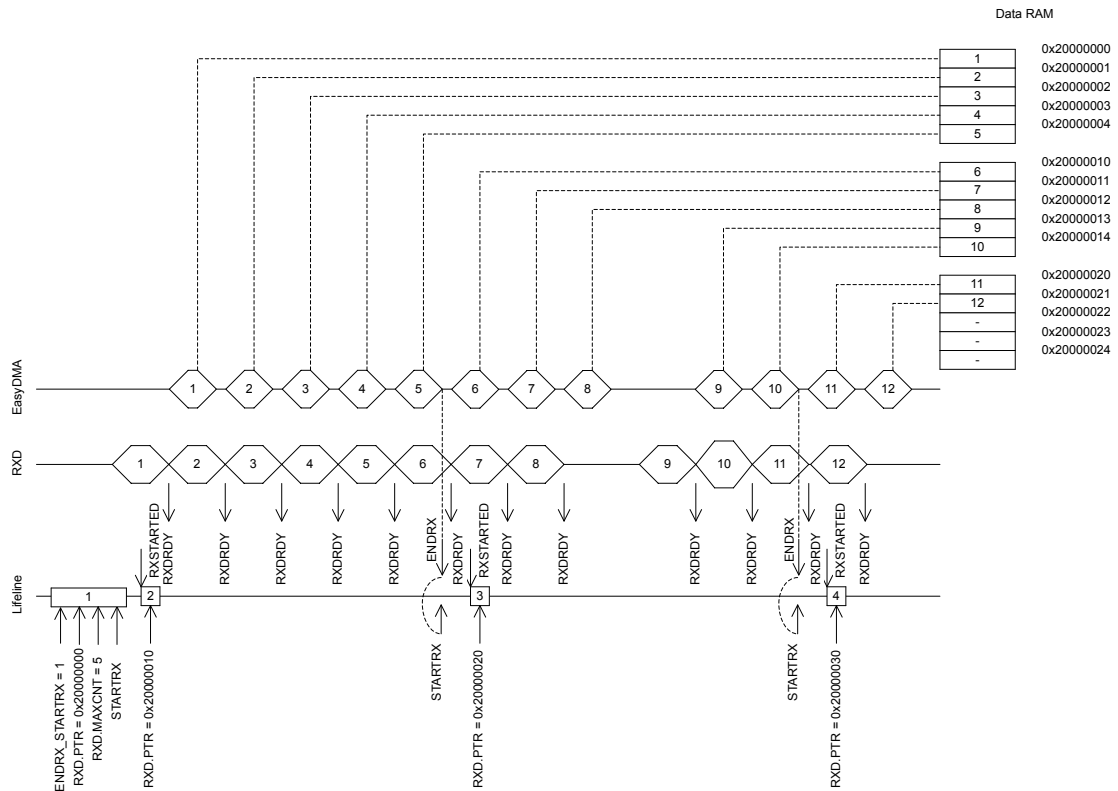


Figure 224: UARTE reception

The UARTE receiver is stopped by triggering the STOPRX task. An RXTO event is generated when the UARTE has stopped. The UARTE will make sure that an impending ENDRX event will be generated before the RXTO event is generated. This means that the UARTE will guarantee that no ENDRX event will be generated after RXTO, unless the UARTE is restarted or a FLUSHRX command is issued after the RXTO event is generated.

Important: If the ENDRX event has not already been generated when the UARTE receiver has come to a stop, which implies that all pending content in the RX FIFO has been moved to the RX buffer, the UARTE will generate the ENDRX event explicitly even though the RX buffer is not full. In this scenario the ENDRX event will be generated before the RXTO event is generated.

To be able to know how many bytes have actually been received into the RX buffer, the CPU can read the RXD.AMOUNT register following the ENDRX event or the RXTO event.

The UARTE is able to receive up to four bytes after the STOPRX task has been triggered as long as these are sent in succession immediately after the RTS signal is deactivated. This is possible because after the RTS is deactivated the UARTE is able to receive bytes for an extended period equal to the time it takes to send 4 bytes on the configured baud rate.

After the RXTO event is generated the internal RX FIFO may still contain data, and to move this data to RAM the FLUSHRX task must be triggered. To make sure that this data does not overwrite data in the RX buffer, the RX buffer should be emptied or the RXD.PTR should be updated before the FLUSHRX task is triggered. To make sure that all data in the RX FIFO is moved to the RX buffer, the RXD.MAXCNT register must be set to $RXD.MAXCNT > 4$, see [Figure 225: UARTE reception with forced stop via STOPRX](#) on page 656. The UARTE will generate the ENDRX event after completing the FLUSHRX task even if the RX FIFO was empty or if the RX buffer does not get filled up. To be able to know how many bytes have actually been received into the RX buffer in this case, the CPU can read the RXD.AMOUNT register following the ENDRX event.

If HW flow control is enabled through the HWFC field in the CONFIG register, the RTS signal will be deactivated when the receiver is stopped via the STOPRX task or when the UARTE is only able to receive four more bytes in its internal RX FIFO.

The UARTE receiver will be in its lowest activity level, and consume the least amount of energy, when it is stopped, i.e. before it is started via STARTRX or after it has been stopped via STOPRX and the RXTO event has been generated. See [POWER — Power control](#) on page 36 for more information about power modes.

An ERROR event, in the form of a framing error, will be generated if a valid stop bit is not detected in a frame. Another ERROR event, in the form of a break condition, will be generated if the RXD line is held active low for longer than the length of a data frame. Effectively, a framing error is always generated before a break condition occurs.

7.1.39.5 Using the UARTE without flow control

7.1.39.6 Parity and stop bit configuration

The amount of stop bits can also be configured through the register [CONFIG](#) on page 675.

When putting the system in low power and the peripheral is not needed, lowest possible power consumption is achieved by stopping, and then disabling the peripheral.



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7.1.39.8 Pin configuration

The different signals RXD, CTS (Clear To Send, active low), RTS (Request To Send, active low), and TXD associated with the UARTE are mapped to physical pins according to the configuration specified in the PSEL.RXD, PSEL.CTS, PSEL.RTS, and PSEL.TXD registers respectively.

The PSEL.RXD, PSEL.CTS, PSEL.RTS, and PSEL.TXD registers and their configurations are only used as long as the UARTE is enabled, and retained only for the duration the device is in ON mode. PSEL.RXD, PSEL.RTS, PSEL.RTS and PSEL.TXD must only be configured when the UARTE is disabled.

To secure correct signal levels on the pins by the UARTE when the system is in OFF mode, the pins must be configured in the GPIO peripheral as described in [Table 173: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral](#) on page 657.

Only one peripheral can be assigned to drive a particular GPIO pin at a time. Failing to do so may result in unpredictable behavior.

UARTE signal	UARTE pin	Direction	Output value
RXD	As specified in PSEL.RXD	Input	Not applicable
CTS	As specified in PSEL.CTS	Input	Not applicable
RTS	As specified in PSEL.RTS	Output	1
TXD	As specified in PSEL.TXD	Output	1

Table 173: GPIO configuration before enabling peripheral

7.1.39.9 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50008000 0x40008000	APPLICATION	UARTE	UARTE0 : S UARTE0 : NS	US	SA	Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter with EasyDMA 0	
0x50009000 0x40009000			UARTE1 : S UARTE1 : NS				
0x41013000	NETWORK	UARTE	UARTE0	NS	NA	Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter	

Table 174: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_STARTRX	0x000		Start UART receiver
TASKS_STOPRX	0x004		Stop UART receiver
TASKS_STARTTX	0x008		Start UART transmitter
TASKS_STOPTX	0x00C		Stop UART transmitter
TASKS_FLUSHRX	0x02C		Flush RX FIFO into RX buffer
SUBSCRIBE_STARTRX	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task STARTRX
SUBSCRIBE_STOPRX	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOPRX
SUBSCRIBE_STARTTX	0x088		Subscribe configuration for task STARTTX
SUBSCRIBE_STOPTX	0x08C		Subscribe configuration for task STOPTX
SUBSCRIBE_FLUSHRX	0x0AC		Subscribe configuration for task FLUSHRX
EVENTS_CTS	0x100		CTS is activated (set low). Clear To Send.
EVENTS_NCTS	0x104		CTS is deactivated (set high). Not Clear To Send.
EVENTS_RXDRDY	0x108		Data received in RXD (but potentially not yet transferred to Data RAM)
EVENTS_ENDRX	0x110		Receive buffer is filled up
EVENTS_TXDRDY	0x11C		Data sent from TXD

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EVENTS_ENDTX	0x120		Last TX byte transmitted
EVENTS_ERROR	0x124		Error detected
EVENTS_RXTO	0x144		Receiver timeout
EVENTS_RXSTARTED	0x14C		UART receiver has started
EVENTS_TXSTARTED	0x150		UART transmitter has started
EVENTS_TXSTOPPED	0x158		Transmitter stopped
PUBLISH_CTS	0x180		Publish configuration for event CTS
PUBLISH_NCTS	0x184		Publish configuration for event NCTS
PUBLISH_RXDRDY	0x188		Publish configuration for event RXDRDY
PUBLISH_ENDRX	0x190		Publish configuration for event ENDRX
PUBLISH_TXDRDY	0x19C		Publish configuration for event TXDRDY
PUBLISH_ENDTX	0x1A0		Publish configuration for event ENDTX
PUBLISH_ERROR	0x1A4		Publish configuration for event ERROR
PUBLISH_RXTO	0x1C4		Publish configuration for event RXTO
PUBLISH_RXSTARTED	0x1CC		Publish configuration for event RXSTARTED
PUBLISH_TXSTARTED	0x1D0		Publish configuration for event TXSTARTED
PUBLISH_TXSTOPPED	0x1D8		Publish configuration for event TXSTOPPED
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
ERRORSRC	0x480		Error source
			Note : this register is read / write one to clear.
ENABLE	0x500		Enable UART
PSEL.RTS	0x508		Pin select for RTS signal
PSEL.TXD	0x50C		Pin select for TXD signal
PSEL.CTS	0x510		Pin select for CTS signal
PSEL.RXD	0x514		Pin select for RXD signal
BAUDRATE	0x524		Baud rate. Accuracy depends on the HFCLK source selected.
RXD.PTR	0x534		Data pointer
RXD.MAXCNT	0x538		Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer
RXD.AMOUNT	0x53C		Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction
TXD.PTR	0x544		Data pointer
TXD.MAXCNT	0x548		Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer
TXD.AMOUNT	0x54C		Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction
CONFIG	0x56C		Configuration of parity and hardware flow control

Table 175: Register overview

7.1.39.9.1 TASKS_STARTRX

Address offset: 0x000

Start UART receiver

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																		
A	W			TASKS_STARTRX						Start UART receiver																																		
				Trigger			1			Trigger task																																		

7.1.39.9.2 TASKS_STOPRX

Address offset: 0x004

Stop UART receiver

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W TASKS_STOPRX			Stop UART receiver																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.39.9.3 TASKS_STARTTX

Address offset: 0x008

Start UART transmitter

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W TASKS_STARTTX			Start UART transmitter																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.39.9.4 TASKS_STOPTX

Address offset: 0x00C

Stop UART transmitter

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W TASKS_STOPTX			Stop UART transmitter																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.39.9.5 TASKS_FLUSHRX

Address offset: 0x02C

Flush RX FIFO into RX buffer

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_FLUSHRX		Flush RX FIFO into RX buffer																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.39.9.6 SUBSCRIBE_STARTRX

Address offset: 0x080

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A													
Reset 0x00000000				0																								0				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																													
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task STARTRX will subscribe to																																													
B	RW	EN																																																	
			Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																													
			Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																													

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task STOPRX

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0																																		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value																Description																		
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]																Channel that task STOPRX will subscribe to																		
B	RW	EN																																				
			Disabled	0																Disable subscription																		
			Enabled	1																Enable subscription																		

Address offset: 0x088

Subscribe configuration for task `STARTTX`

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			B																															
Reset 0x00000000			0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																									Description				
A	RW	CHIDX	[255..0]	Channel that task STARTTX will subscribe to																														
B	RW	EN	Disabled	0	Disable subscription																													
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																													

Address offset: 0x08C

Subscribe configuration for task **STOPTX**

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID			B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task STOPTX will subscribe to																																
B	RW EN																																				
		Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																
		Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																

7.1.39.9.10 SUBSCRIBE_FLUSHRX

Address offset: 0x0AC

Subscribe configuration for task **FLUSHRX**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A																			
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task FLUSHRX will subscribe to																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0	Disable subscription																																																											
			Enabled	1	Enable subscription																																																											

7.1.39.9.11 EVENTS_CTS

Address offset: 0x100

CTS is activated (set low). Clear To Send.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_CTS		CTS is activated (set low). Clear To Send.																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.39.9.12 EVENTS_NCTS

Address offset: 0x104

CTS is deactivated (set high). Not Clear To Send.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A																																			
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value			Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_NCTS				CTS is deactivated (set high). Not Clear To Send.																																
		NotGenerated	0			Event not generated																																
		Generated	1			Event generated																																

7.1.39.9.13 EVENTS_RXDRDY

Address offset: 0x108

Data received in RXD (but potentially not yet transferred to Data RAM)

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW		EVENTS_RXDRDY				Data received in RXD (but potentially not yet transferred to Data RAM)																																				
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																				
			Generated		1		Event generated																																				

7.1.39.9.14 EVENTS_ENDRX

Address offset: 0x110

Receive buffer is filled up

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_ENDRX		Receive buffer is filled up																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.39.9.15 EVENTS_TXDRDY

Address offset: 0x11C

Data sent from TXD

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										A																																	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW		EVENTS_TXDRDY				Data sent from TXD																																				
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																				
			Generated		1		Event generated																																				

7.1.39.9.16 EVENTS_ENDTX

Address offset: 0x120

Last TX byte transmitted

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_ENDTX		Last TX byte transmitted																																
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																
		Generated	1	Event generated																																

7.1.39.9.17 EVENTS_ERROR

Address offset: 0x124

Error detected

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_ERROR			Error detected																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.39.9.18 EVENTS_RXTO

Address offset: 0x144

Receiver timeout

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW EVENTS_RXTO			Receiver timeout																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.39.9.19 EVENTS_RXSTARTED

Address offset: 0x14C

UART receiver has started

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW EVENTS_RXSTARTED			UART receiver has started																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.39.9.20 EVENTS_TXSTARTED

Address offset: 0x150

UART transmitter has started

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EVENTS_TXSTARTED		UART transmitter has started																															
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																															
		Generated	1	Event generated																															

7.1.39.9.21 EVENTS_TXSTOPPED

Address offset: 0x158

Transmitter stopped

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	EVENTS_TXSTOPPED			Transmitter stopped																													
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																													
		Generated	1		Event generated																													

7.1.39.9.22 PUBLISH_CTS

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event CTS

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																			
A	RW CHIDX						[255..0]			Channel that event CTS will publish to.																																			
B	RW EN																																												
				Disabled			0			Disable publishing																																			
				Enabled			1			Enable publishing																																			

7.1.39.9.23 PUBLISH_NCTS

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event NCTS

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A											
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event NCTS will publish to.																																	
B	RW	EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																	
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																	

7.1.39.9.24 PUBLISH_RXDRDY

Address offset: 0x188

Publish configuration for event RXDRDY

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event RXDRDY will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.39.9.25 PUBLISH_ENDRX

Address offset: 0x190

Publish configuration for event **ENDRX**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event ENDRX will publish to.																																		
B	RW EN																																					
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.39.9.26 PUBLISH_TXDRDY

Address offset: 0x19C

Publish configuration for event **TXDRDY**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event TXDRDY will publish to.																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.39.9.27 PUBLISH_ENDTX

Address offset: 0x1A0

Publish configuration for event **ENDTX**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event ENDTX will publish to.																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																																										
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																																										

7.1.39.9.28 PUBLISH_ERROR

Address offset: 0x1A4

Publish configuration for event **ERROR**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event ERROR will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.39.9.29 PUBLISH_RXTO

Address offset: 0x1C4

Publish configuration for event **RXTO**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event RXTO will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.39.9.30 PUBLISH_RXSTARTED

Address offset: 0x1CC

Publish configuration for event **RXSTARTED**

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that event RXSTARTED will publish to.																											
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0				Disable publishing																											
		Enabled	1				Enable publishing																											

7.1.39.9.31 PUBLISH_TXSTARTED

Address offset: 0x1D0

Publish configuration for event **TXSTARTED**

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0											
ID			B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that event TXSTARTED will publish to.																																						
B	RW EN																																												
		Disabled	0				Disable publishing																																						
		Enabled	1				Enable publishing																																						

7.1.39.9.32 PUBLISH_TXSTOPPED

Address offset: 0x1D8

Publish configuration for event **TXSTOPPED**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A						
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																						
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that event TXSTOPPED will publish to.																																						
B	RW EN																																												
			Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																						
			Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																						

7.1.39.9.33 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																											D		C					
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
C	RW ENDRX_STARTRX				Shortcut between event ENDRX and task STARTRX																													
		Disabled	0		Disable shortcut																													
		Enabled	1		Enable shortcut																													
D	RW ENDRX_STOPRX				Shortcut between event ENDRX and task STOPRX																													
		Disabled	0		Disable shortcut																													
		Enabled	1		Enable shortcut																													

7.1.39.9.34 INTEN

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID													L	J	I	H											G	F	E					D	C	B	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A	RW CTS				Enable or disable interrupt for event CTS																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable																																		
B	RW NCTS				Enable or disable interrupt for event NCTS																																	

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			L J I H																G F E D C B A															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
C	RW	RXDRDY	Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Enable																													
			Enable or disable interrupt for event RXDRDY																															
D	RW	ENDRX	Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Enable																													
			Enable or disable interrupt for event ENDRX																															
E	RW	TXDRDY	Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Enable																													
			Enable or disable interrupt for event TXDRDY																															
F	RW	ENDTX	Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Enable																													
			Enable or disable interrupt for event ENDTX																															
G	RW	ERROR	Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Enable																													
			Enable or disable interrupt for event ERROR																															
H	RW	RXTO	Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Enable																													
			Enable or disable interrupt for event RXTO																															
I	RW	RXSTARTED	Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Enable																													
			Enable or disable interrupt for event RXSTARTED																															
J	RW	TXSTARTED	Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Enable																													
			Enable or disable interrupt for event TXSTARTED																															
L	RW	TXSTOPPED	Disabled	0	Disable																													
			Enabled	1	Enable																													
			Enable or disable interrupt for event TXSTOPPED																															

7.1.39.9.35 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			L J I H																G F E D C B A															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CTS			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event CTS																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW NCTS			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event NCTS																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW RXDRDY			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event RXDRDY																														
		Set	1	Enable																														

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID														L	J	I	H													G	F	E	D			C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value	ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW	CTS				Write '1' to disable interrupt for event CTS																																
			Clear	1	Disable																																	
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																																	
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																																	
B	RW	NCTS				Write '1' to disable interrupt for event NCTS																																

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			L J I H																G F E D C B A															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C	RW RXDRDY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RXDRDY																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
D	RW ENDRX			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDRX																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
E	RW TXDRDY			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TXDRDY																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
F	RW ENDTX			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDTX																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
G	RW ERROR			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ERROR																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
H	RW RXTO			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RXTO																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
I	RW RXSTARTED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event RXSTARTED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
J	RW TXSTARTED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TXSTARTED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
L	RW TXSTOPPED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TXSTOPPED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.39.9.37 ERRORSRC

Address offset: 0x480

Error source

Note : this register is read / write one to clear.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	OVERRUN			Overrun error																													
					A start bit is received while the previous data still lies in RXD. (Previous data is lost.)																													
			NotPresent	0	Read: error not present																													
			Present	1	Read: error present																													
B	RW	PARITY			Parity error																													
					A character with bad parity is received, if HW parity check is enabled.																													
			NotPresent	0	Read: error not present																													
			Present	1	Read: error present																													
C	RW	FRAMING			Framing error occurred																													
					A valid stop bit is not detected on the serial data input after all bits in a character have been received.																													
			NotPresent	0	Read: error not present																													
			Present	1	Read: error present																													
D	RW	BREAK			Break condition																													
					The serial data input is '0' for longer than the length of a data frame. (The data frame length is 10 bits without parity bit, and 11 bits with parity bit.).																													
			NotPresent	0	Read: error not present																													
			Present	1	Read: error present																													

7.1.39.9.38 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable UART

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	ENABLE		Enable or disable UARTE																															
		Disabled	0	Disable UARTE																															
		Enabled	8	Enable UARTE																															

7.1.39.9.39 PSEL.RTS

Address offset: 0x508

Pin select for RTS signal

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																
ID				C																								B												A	A	A	A	A																							
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																															Description																															
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]																															Pin number																															
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]																															Port number																															
C	RW	CONNECT																																		Connection																															
			Disconnected		1																																Disconnect																														
			Connected		0																																Connect																														

7.1.39.9.40 PSEL.TXD

Address offset: 0x50C

Pin select for TXD signal

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0									
ID				C																								B												A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																																					
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]		Pin number																																					
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]		Port number																																					
C	RW	CONNECT					Connection																																					
			Disconnected		1		Disconnect																																					
			Connected		0		Connect																																					

7.1.39.9.41 PSEL.CTS

Address offset: 0x510

Pin select for CTS signal

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										C																				B										A	A	A	A		
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF										1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field				Value ID				Value				Description																																
A	RW PIN								[0..31]				Pin number																																
B	RW PORT								[0..1]				Port number																																
C	RW CONNECT												Connection																																
					Disconnected				1				Disconnect																																
					Connected				0				Connect																																

7.1.39.9.42 PSEL.RXD

Address offset: 0x514

Pin select for RXD signal

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID				C																												B				A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	PIN			[0..31]	Pin number																																		
B	RW	PORT			[0..1]	Port number																																		
C	RW	CONNECT				Connection																																		
		Disconnected		1	Disconnect																																			
		Connected		0	Connect																																			

7.1.39.9.43 BAUDRATE

Address offset: 0x524

Baud rate. Accuracy depends on the HFCLK source selected.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A			
Reset 0x04000000			0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value			Description																																
A	RW	BAUDRATE				Baud rate																																
		Baud1200	0x0004F000			1200 baud (actual rate: 1205)																																
		Baud2400	0x0009D000			2400 baud (actual rate: 2396)																																
		Baud4800	0x0013B000			4800 baud (actual rate: 4808)																																
		Baud9600	0x00275000			9600 baud (actual rate: 9598)																																
		Baud14400	0x003AF000			14400 baud (actual rate: 14401)																																
		Baud19200	0x004EA000			19200 baud (actual rate: 19208)																																
		Baud28800	0x0075C000			28800 baud (actual rate: 28777)																																
		Baud31250	0x00800000			31250 baud																																
		Baud38400	0x009D0000			38400 baud (actual rate: 38369)																																
		Baud56000	0x00E50000			56000 baud (actual rate: 55944)																																
		Baud57600	0x00EB0000			57600 baud (actual rate: 57554)																																
		Baud76800	0x013A9000			76800 baud (actual rate: 76923)																																
		Baud115200	0x01D60000			115200 baud (actual rate: 115108)																																
		Baud230400	0x03B00000			230400 baud (actual rate: 231884)																																
		Baud250000	0x04000000			250000 baud																																
		Baud460800	0x07400000			460800 baud (actual rate: 457143)																																
		Baud921600	0x0F000000			921600 baud (actual rate: 941176)																																
		Baud1M	0x10000000			1Mega baud																																

7.1.39.9.44 RXD.PTR

Address offset: 0x534

Data pointer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																				
A	RW PTR									Data pointer																																				

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.39.9.45 RXD.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x538

Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value																Description															
A	RW MAXCNT		[1..0xFFFF]																Maximum number of bytes in receive buffer															

7.1.39.9.46 RXD.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x53C

Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																				
ID				A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A																																				
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																				
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	R	AMOUNT		[1..0xFFFF]	Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction																																			

7.1.39.9.47 TXD.PTR

Address offset: 0x544

Data pointer

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value																Description															
A	RW	PTR																	Data pointer															

Note: See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.39.9.48 TXD.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x548

Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW	MAXCNT	[1..0xFFFF]				Maximum number of bytes in transmit buffer																											

7.1.39.9.49 TXD.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x54C

Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																													
A	R	AMOUNT		[1..0xFFFF]				Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction																													

7.1.39.9.50 CONFIG

Address offset: 0x56C

Configuration of parity and hardware flow control

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																												D					C	B	B	B	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	HWFC			Hardware flow control																																
			Disabled	0	Disabled																																
			Enabled	1	Enabled																																
B	RW	PARITY			Parity																																
			Excluded	0x0	Exclude parity bit																																
			Included	0x7	Include even parity bit																																
C	RW	STOP			Stop bits																																
			One	0	One stop bit																																
			Two	1	Two stop bits																																
D	RW	PARITYTYPE			Even or odd parity type																																
			Even	0	Even parity																																
			Odd	1	Odd parity																																

7.1.39.10 Electrical specification

7.1.39.10.1 UARTE electrical specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
f_{UARTE}	Baud rate for UARTE ²⁷.	..	..	..	kbps
$t_{UARTE,CTSH}$	CTS high time	..	..	..	μs
$t_{UARTE,START}$	Time from STARTRX/STARTTX task to transmission started	..	..	..	μs

7.1.40 USB — Universal serial bus device

The USB device (USB_D) controller implements a full speed USB device function that meets 2.0 revision of the USB specification.

²⁷ High baud rates may require GPIOs to be set as High Drive, see GPIO chapter for more details.

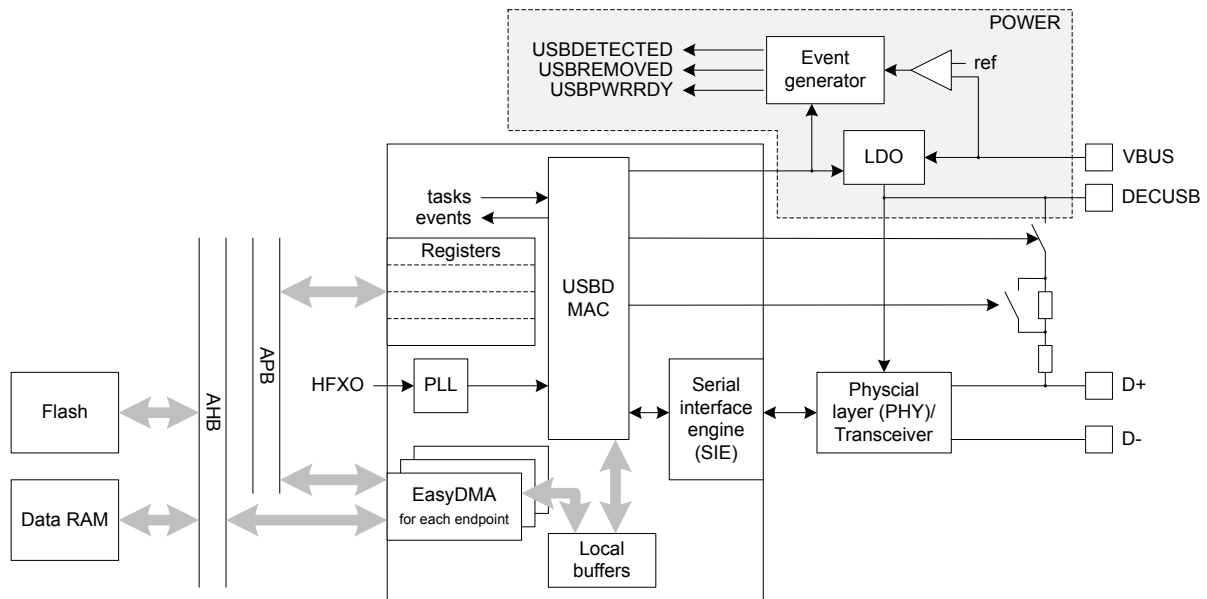


Figure 226: USB device block diagram

Listed here are the main features for USB:

- Implements full-speed (12 Mbps) device fully compliant to [Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0](#), including following engineering change notices (ECNs) issued by USB Implementers Forum:
 - *Pull-up/pull-down Resistors ECN*
 - *5V Short Circuit Withstand Requirement Change ECN*
- USB device stack available in the Nordic SDK
- Integrated (on-chip) USB transceiver (PHY)
- Software controlled on-chip pull-up on D+
- Endpoints:
 - 2 control (1 IN, 1 OUT)
 - 14 bulk/interrupt (7 IN, 7 OUT)
 - 2 isochronous (1 IN, 1 OUT)
- Supports double buffering for isochronous (ISO) endpoints (IN/OUT)
- Supports USB suspend, resume, and remote wake-up
- 64 bytes buffer size for each bulk/interrupt endpoint
- Up to 1023 bytes buffer size for ISO endpoints
- EasyDMA for all data transfers

7.1.40.1 USB device states

The behavior of a USB device can be modelled through a state diagram.

The USB specification revision 2.0 (see *Chapter 9 USB Device Framework*) defines a number of states for a USB device, as illustrated below.

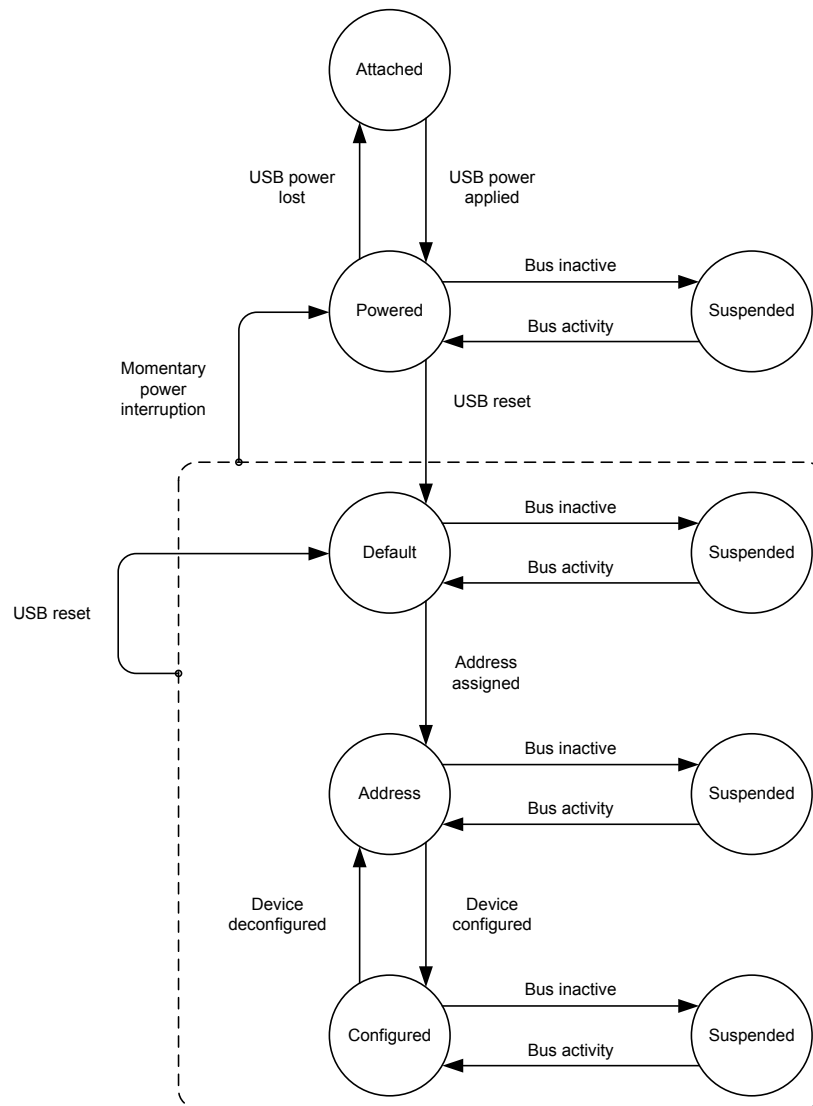


Figure 227: Device state diagram

The device must change state according to host-initiated traffic and USB bus states. It is up to the software to implement a state machine that matches the above definition. To detect the presence or absence of USB supply (VBUS), the **POWER** chapter defines two events, USBDETECTED and USBREMOVED, which can be used to implement the state machine.

As a general rule when implementing the software, the host behavior shall never be assumed to be predictable. In particular the sequence of commands received during an enumeration. The software shall always react to the current bus conditions or commands sent by the host.

7.1.40.2 USB terminology

The USB specification defines bus states, rather than logic levels on the D+ and D- lines.

For a full speed device, the bus state where the D+ line is high and the D- line is low is defined as the J state. The bus state where D+ is low and D- high is called the K state.

An idle bus, where D+ and D- lines are only polarized through the pull-up on D+ and pull-downs on the host side, will be in J state.

Both lines low are called SE0 (single-ended 0), and both lines high SE1 (single-ended 1).

7.1.40.3 USB pins

The USBD peripheral features a number of dedicated pins.

The dedicated USB pins can be grouped in two categories, signal and power. The signal pins consist of the D+ and D- pins, which are to be connected to the USB host. They are dedicated pins, and not available as standard GPIOs. The USBD implements the *5V Short Circuit Withstand ECU* meaning that these two pins are not 5 V tolerant.

The signal pins and the pull-up will operate only while VBUS is in its valid voltage range, and USBD is enabled through the **ENABLE** register. For details on the USB power supply and VBUS detection, see **POWER**.

See **Pin assignments** on page 764 for more information about the pinout.

7.1.40.4 USBD power-up sequence

The physical layer interface (PHY)/USB transceiver is powered separately from the rest of the device (VBUS pin), which has some implications on the USBD power-up sequence.

The device is not able to properly signal its presence to the USB host and handle traffic from the host, unless the PHY's power supply is enabled and stable. Turning the PHY's power supply on/off is directly linked to register **ENABLE**. The device provides events that help synchronizing software to the various steps during the power-up sequence.

To make sure that all resources in USBD are available and the dedicated USB voltage regulator stabilized, the following is recommended:

- Enable USBD after VBUS has been detected only
- Turn the USB pull-up on after:
 - USBPWRRDY event has occurred
 - USBEVENT has occurred, with the READY condition flagged in **EVENTCAUSE**

The following sequence chart illustrates a typical handling of VBUS power-up:

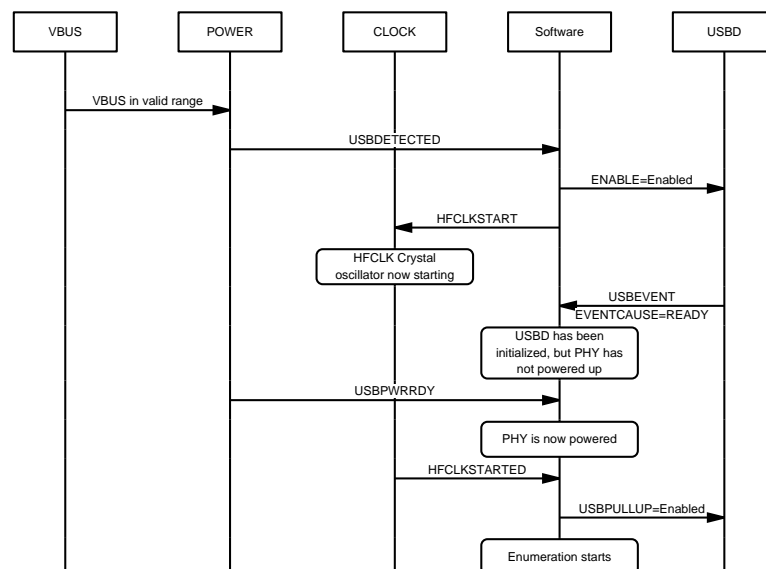


Figure 228: VBUS power-up sequence

Upon VBUS removal detection, signalled by the USBREMOVED event described in **POWER**, it is recommended to let on-going EasyDMA transfers finish (wait for the relevant ENDEPIN[n], ENDISOIN, ENDEPOUT[n] or ENDISOOUT event, see **EasyDMA** on page 681), before disabling USBD (by writing **ENABLE=Disabled**). Reading the **ENABLE** register will return Enabled until USBD is completely disabled.

7.1.40.5 USB pull-up

The USB pull-up serves two purposes - it indicates to the host that the device is connected to the USB bus, and it indicates the device's speed capability.

When no pull-up is connected to the USB bus, the host sees both D+ and D- lines low, as they are pulled down on the host side by 15 k Ω resistors. The device is not seen by the host and hence in detached state, even though it could be physically connected to the host. USB specification does not allow to draw any current on VBUS in that situation.

When a full-speed device connects its 1.5 k Ω pull-up to D+, the host sees the corresponding line high. The device is then in the attached state. During the enumeration process, the host attempts to determine if the full-speed device also supports higher speeds and initiates communication with the device to further identify it. The USB peripheral implemented in this device supports only full-speed (12 Mbps), and thus ignores the negotiation for higher speeds in accordance with the USB specification revision 2.0.

Register [USBPULLUP](#) provides means to connect or disconnect the pull-up on D+ under software control. This allows the software to control when USB enumeration takes place. It also allows to emulate a physical disconnect from the USB bus, for instance when re-enumeration is required. [USBPULLUP](#) has to be enabled to allow the USB peripheral to handle USB traffic and generate appropriate events. This forbids the use of an external pull-up.

Note that disconnecting the pull-up through register [USBPULLUP](#) while connected to a host, will result in both D+ and D- lines to be pulled low by the host's pull-down resistors. However, as mentioned above, this will also inhibit the generation of the USBRESET event. The pull-up is disabled by default after a chip reset.

The pull-up shall only get connected after USB peripheral has been enabled through register [ENABLE](#). The USB pull-up value is automatically changed depending on the bus activity, as specified in *Resistor ECN* which amends the original USB specification version 2.0. The user does not have access to this function, it is handled in hardware.

While they should never be used in normal traffic activity, lines D+ and D- may at any time be forced into state specified in register [DPDMVALUE](#) by the task DPDMDRIVE. The DPDMNODRIVE task stops driving them, and PHY returns to normal operation.

7.1.40.6 USB reset

The USB specification defines a USB reset, which is not to be confused with a chip reset. The USB reset is a normal USB bus condition, and is used as part of the enumeration sequence, it does not reset the chip.

The USB reset results from a single-ended low state (SE0) on lines D+/D- for a $t_{\text{USB,DETRST}}$ amount of time. Only the host is allowed to drive a USB reset condition on the bus. The USB peripheral automatically interprets a SE0 longer than $t_{\text{USB,DETRST}}$ as a USB reset. When the device detects a USB reset and generates a USBRESET event, the device USB stack and related parts of the application shall re-initialize themselves, and go back to the default state.

Some of the registers in the USB peripheral get automatically reset to a known state, in particular all data endpoints are disabled and the [USBADDR](#) reset to 0.

After the device has connected to the USB bus (i.e. after VBUS is applied), the device shall not respond to any traffic from the time the pull-up is enabled until it has seen a USB reset condition. This is automatically ensured by the USB peripheral.

After a USB reset, the device shall be fully responsive after at most T_{RSTRCY} (according to chapter 7 in the USB specification). Software shall take into account this time that takes the hardware to recover from a USB reset condition.

7.1.40.7 USB suspend and resume

Normally, the host will maintain activity on the USB at least every millisecond according to USB specification. A USB device will enter suspend when there is no activity on the bus (idle) for a given time. The device will resume operation when it receives any non idle signalling.

To signal that the device shall go into low power mode (suspend), the host stops activity on the USB bus, which becomes idle. Only the device pull-up and host pull-downs act on D+ and D-, and the bus is thus kept at a constant J state. It is up to the device to detect this lack of activity, and enter the low power mode (suspend) within a specified time.

The USB host can decide to suspend or resume USB activity at any time. If remote wake-up is enabled, the device may signal to the host to resume from suspend.

7.1.40.7.1 Entering suspend

The USB peripheral automatically detects lack of activity for more than a defined amount of time, and performs steps needed to enter suspend.

When no activity has been detected for longer than $t_{\text{USB,SUSPEND}}$, the USB peripheral generates the USBEVENT event with SUSPEND bit set in register **EVENTCAUSE**. The software shall ensure that the current drawn from the USB supply line VBUS is within the specified limits before $T_{2\text{SUSP}}$, as defined in chapter 7 of the USB specification. In order to reduce idle current of USB peripheral, the software must explicitly place the USB peripheral in low power mode through writing **LowPower** to register **LOWPOWER**.

In order to save power, and provided that no other peripheral needs it, the crystal oscillator (HFXO) in **CLOCK** may be disabled by software during the USB suspend, while the USB pull-up is disconnected, or when VBUS is not present. Software must explicitly enable it at any other time. The USB peripheral will not be able to respond to USB traffic unless HFXO is enabled and stable.

7.1.40.7.2 Host-initiated resume

Once the host resumes the bus activity, it has to be responsive to incoming requests on the USB bus within the time T_{RSMRCY} (as defined in chapter 7 of the USB specification) and revert to normal power consumption mode.

If the host resumes bus activity with or without a RESUME condition (in other words: bus activity is defined as any non-J state), the USB peripheral will generate a USBEVENT event, with RESUME bit set in register **EVENTCAUSE**. If the host resumes bus activity simply by restarting sending frames, the USB peripheral will generate SOF events.

7.1.40.7.3 Device-initiated remote wake-up

Assuming the remote wake-up is supported by the device and enabled by the host, the device can request the host to resume from suspend if wake-up condition is met.

To do so, the HFXO needs to be enabled first. After waking up the HFXO, the software must bring USB peripheral out of the low power mode and into the normal power consumption mode through writing **ForceNormal** in register **LOWPOWER**. It can then instruct the USB peripheral to drive a RESUME condition (K state) on the USB bus by triggering the DPDMNODRIVE task, and hence attempt to wake up the host. By choosing **Resume** in **DPDMVALUE**, the duration of the RESUME state is under hardware control ($t_{\text{USB,DRIVEK}}$). By choosing **J** or **K**, the duration of that state is under software control (the J or K state is maintained until a DPDMNODRIVE task is triggered) and has to meet T_{DRSMUP} as specified in USB specification chapter 7.

Upon writing the **ForceNormal** in register **LOWPOWER**, a USBEVENT event is generated with the USBWUALLOWED bit set in register **EVENTCAUSE**.

The value in register **DPDMVALUE** on page 713 will only be captured and used when the DPDMNODRIVE task is triggered. This value defines the state the bus will be forced into after the DPDMNODRIVE task.

Note that the device shall ensure that it does not initiate a remote wake-up request before T_{WTRSM} (according to USB specification chapter 7) after the bus has entered idle state. Using the recommended

resume value in [DPDMVALUE](#) (rather than K) takes care of this, and postpones the RESUME state accordingly.

7.1.40.8 EasyDMA

The USB peripheral implements EasyDMA for accessing memory without CPU involvement.

Each endpoint has an associated set of registers, tasks and events. EasyDMA and traffic on USB are tightly related. A number of events provide insight of what is happening on the USB bus, and a number of tasks allow to somewhat automate response to the traffic.

Note: Endpoint 0 (IN and OUT) are implemented as control endpoint. For more information, see [Control transfers](#) on page 682.

Registers

Enabling endpoints is controlled through the [EPINEN](#) and [EPOUTEN](#) registers.

The following registers define the memory address of the buffer for a specific IN or OUT endpoint:

- [EPIN\[n\].PTR](#), (n=0..7)
- [EPOUT\[n\].PTR](#), (n=0..7)
- [ISOIN.PTR](#)
- [ISOOUT.PTR](#)

The following registers define the amount of bytes to be sent on USB for next transaction:

- [EPIN\[n\].MAXCNT](#), (n=0..7)
- [ISOIN.MAXCNT](#)

The following registers define the length of the buffer (in bytes) for next transfer of incoming data:

- [EPOUT\[n\].MAXCNT](#), (n=1..7)
- [ISOOUT.MAXCNT](#)

Since the host decides how many bytes are sent over USB, the MAXCNT value can be copied from register [SIZE.EPOUT\[n\]](#) (n=1..7) or register [SIZE.ISOOUT](#).

Register [EPOUT\[0\].MAXCNT](#) defines the length of the OUT buffer (in bytes) for the control endpoint 0. If the USB host does not misbehave, register [SIZE.EPOUT\[0\]](#) will indicate the same value as `MaxPacketSize` from the device descriptor or `wLength` from the SETUP command, whichever the smallest.

The [.AMOUNT](#) registers indicate how many bytes actually have been transferred over EasyDMA during the last transfer.

Stalling bulk/interrupt endpoints is controlled through the [EPSTALL](#) register.

Note: Due to USB specification requirements, the effect of the stalling control endpoint 0 may be overridden by hardware, in particular when a new SETUP token is received.

EasyDMA will not copy the SETUP data to memory (it will only transfer data from the data stage). Setup data is available as separate registers in the USB peripheral:

- [BMREQUESTTYPE](#)
- [BREQUEST](#)
- [WVALUEL](#)
- [WVALUEH](#)
- [WINDEXL](#)
- [WINDEXH](#)

- [WLENGTHL](#)
- [WLENGTHH](#)

[EVENTCAUSE](#) register provides details on what caused a given USBEVENT event, for instance if a CRC error is detected during a transaction, or if bus activity stops or resumes.

Tasks

Tasks [STARTEPIN\[n\]](#), [STARTEPOUT\[n\]](#) (n=0..7), [STARTISOIN](#) and [STARTISOOUT](#) capture the values for .PTR and .MAXCNT registers. For IN endpoints, a transaction over USB gets automatically triggered when the EasyDMA transfer is complete. For OUT endpoints, it is up to software to allow the next transaction over USB. See the examples in [Control transfers](#) on page 682, [Bulk and interrupt transactions](#) on page 685 and [Isochronous transactions](#) on page 688.

For the control endpoint 0, OUT transactions are allowed through the EPORCVOUT task. The EPOSTATUS task allows a status stage to be initiated, and the EPOSTALL task allows stalling further traffic (data or status stage) on the control endpoint.

Events

The [STARTED](#) event confirms that the values of the .PTR and .MAXCNT registers of the endpoints flagged in register [EPSTATUS](#) have been captured. Those can then be modified by software for the next transfer.

Events [ENDEPIN\[n\]](#), [ENDEPOUT\[n\]](#) (n=0..7), [ENDISOIN](#) and [ENDISOOUT](#) events indicate that the whole buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by the software.

Only a single EasyDMA transfer can take place in USB0 at any time. Software must ensure that tasks [STARTEPIN\[n\]](#) (n=0..7), [STARTISOIN](#), [STARTEPOUT\[n\]](#) (n=0..7) or [STARTISOOUT](#) are not triggered before events [ENDEPIN\[n\]](#) (n=0..7), [ENDISOIN](#), [ENDEPOUT\[n\]](#) (n=0..7) or [ENDISOOUT](#) are received from an on-going transfer.

The [EPDATA](#) event indicates that a successful (acknowledged) data transaction has occurred on the data endpoint(s) flagged in register [EPDATASTATUS](#). A successful (acknowledged) data transaction on endpoint 0 is signalled by the [EPODATADONE](#) event.

At any time a [USBEVENT](#) event may be sent, with details provided in [EVENTCAUSE](#) register.

[EPOSETUP](#) event indicates that a SETUP token has been received on the control endpoint 0, and that the setup data is available in [registers](#).

7.1.40.9 Control transfers

The USB specification mandates every USB device to implement endpoint 0 IN and OUT as control endpoints.

A control transfer consists of two or three stages:

- Setup stage
- Data stage (optional)
- Status stage

Each control transfer can be one of following types:

- Control read
- Control read no data
- Control write
- Control write no data

An EPOSETUP event indicates that the data in the setup stage (following the SETUP token) is available in [registers](#).

The data in the data stage (following the IN or OUT token) is transferred from or to the desired location using EasyDMA.

The control endpoint buffer can be of any size.

After receiving the SETUP token, the USB controller will not accept (NAK) any incoming IN or OUT tokens until the software has finished decoding the command, determining the type of transfer, and preparing for the next stage (data or status) appropriately.

The software can choose to stall a command (in both data and status stages) through the EPOSTALL task, for instance if the command is not supported, or its wValue, wIndex or wLength parameters are wrong. A stalled control read transfer is illustrated below, but the same mechanism (same tasks) applies to stalling a control write transfer (not illustrated):

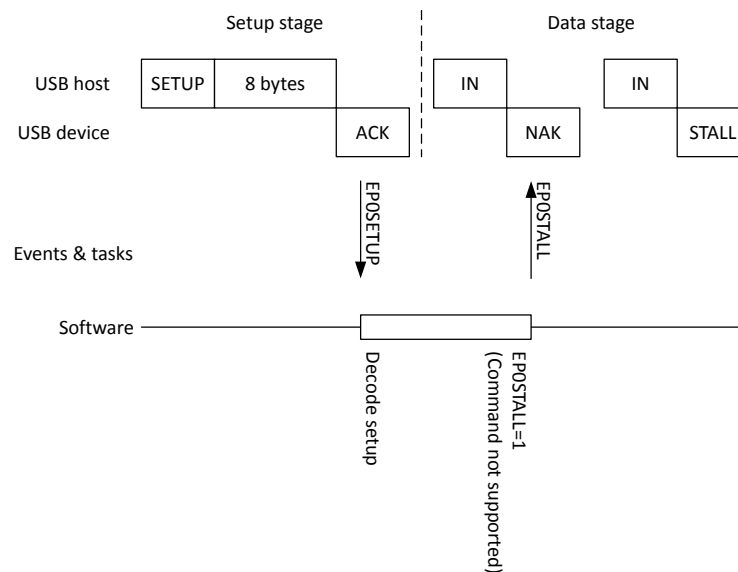


Figure 229: Control read gets stalled

See chapter 9 of the USB specification and relevant class specifications for rules on when to stall a command.

Note: The USB peripheral handles the SetAddress transfer by itself. As a consequence, the software shall not process this command other than updating its state machine (see [Device state diagram](#)), nor initiate a status stage. If necessary, the address assigned by the host can be read out from the USBADDR register after the command has been processed.

7.1.40.9.1 Control read transfer

This section describes how the software behaves to respond to a control read transfer.

As mentioned earlier, the USB controller will not accept (NAK) any incoming IN tokens until software has finished decoding the command, determining the type of transfer, and preparing for the next stage (data or status) appropriately.

For a control read, transferring the data from memory into USB will trigger a valid, acknowledged (ACK) IN transaction on USB.

The software has to prepare EasyDMA by pointing to the buffer containing the data to be transferred. If no other EasyDMA transfers are on-going with USB, the software can send the STARTEPIN0 task, which will initiate the data transfer and transaction on USB.

A STARTED event (with EPIN0 bit set in the [EPSTATUS](#) register) will be generated as soon as the EPIN[0].PTR and .MAXCNT registers have been captured. Software may then prepare them for the next data transaction.

An ENDEPIN[0] event will be generated when the data has been transferred from memory to the USBD peripheral.

Finally, an EP0DATADONE event will be generated when the data has been transmitted over USB and acknowledged by the host.

The software can then either prepare and transmit the next data transaction by repeating the above sequence, or initiate the status stage through the EPOSTATUS task.

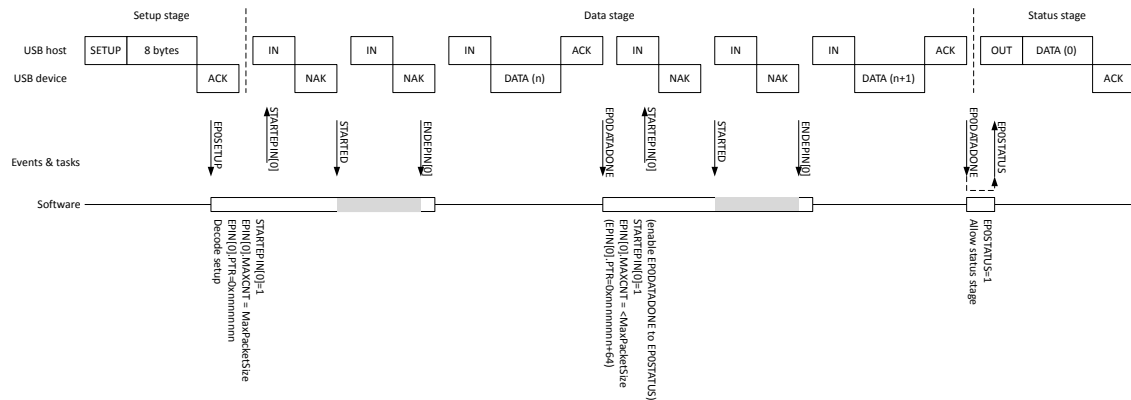


Figure 230: Control read transfer

Note the possibility to enable a shortcut from the EP0DATADONE event to the EPOSTATUS task, typically if the data stage is expected to take a single transfer. If there is no data stage, the software can initiate the status stage through the EPOSTATUS task right away, as illustrated below:

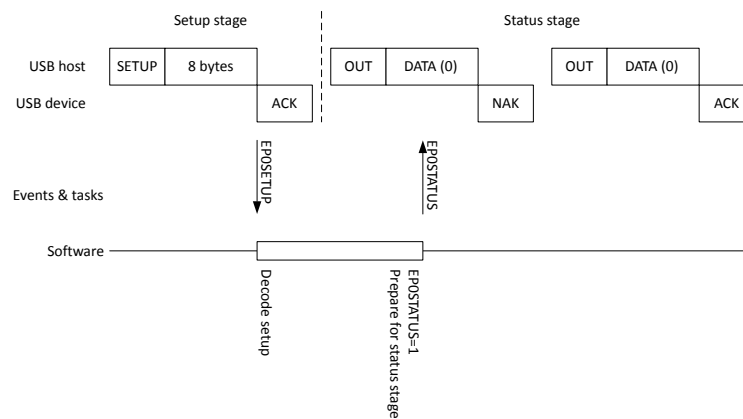


Figure 231: Control read no data transfer

7.1.40.9.2 Control write transfer

This section describes how the software responds to a control write transfer.

The software has to prepare EasyDMA by pointing to the buffer in memory that shall contain the incoming data. If no other EasyDMA transfers are on-going with USB, the software can then send the EP0RCVOUT task, which will make USBD acknowledge (ACK) the first OUT+DATA transaction from the host.

An EP0DATADONE event will be generated when a new OUT+DATA has been transmitted over USB, and is about to get acknowledged by the device.

A STARTED event (with EPOUT0 bit set in the EPSTATUS register) will be generated as soon as the EPOUT[0].PTR and .MAXCNT registers have been captured, after receiving the first transaction. Software may then prepare them for the next data transaction.

An ENDEPOUT[0] event will be generated when the data has been transferred from the USB peripheral to memory. The software can then either prepare to receive the next data transaction by repeating the above sequence, or initiate the status stage through the EPOSTATUS task. Until then, further incoming OUT +DATA transactions get a NAK response by the device.

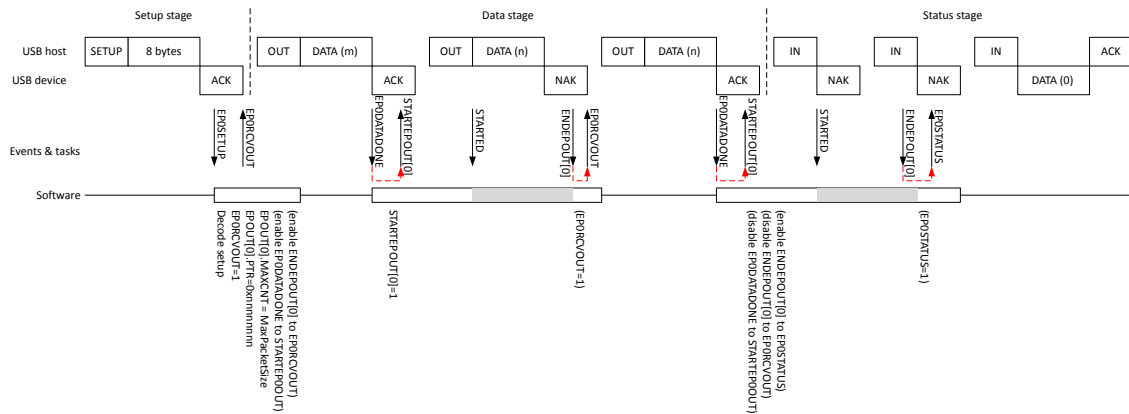


Figure 232: Control write transfer

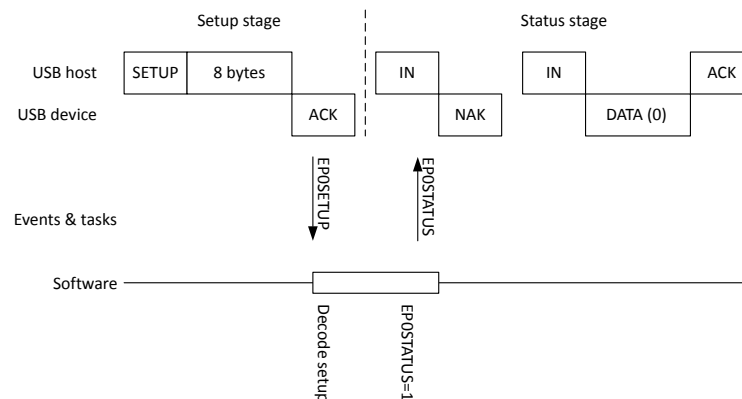


Figure 233: Control write no data transfer

7.1.40.10 Bulk and interrupt transactions

The USB peripheral implements seven pairs of bulk/interrupt endpoints.

The bulk/interrupt endpoints have a fixed USB endpoint number, summarized in the table below.

Bulk endpoint #	USB IN endpoint	USB OUT endpoint
[1]	0x81	0x01
[2]	0x82	0x02
[3]	0x83	0x03
[4]	0x84	0x04
[5]	0x85	0x05
[6]	0x86	0x06
[7]	0x87	0x07

Table 176: Bulk/interrupt endpoint numbering

A bulk/interrupt transaction consists of a single data stage. Two consecutive, successful transactions are distinguished through alternating leading process ID (PID): DATA0 follows DATA1, DATA1 follows DATA0,

etc. A repeated transaction is detected by re-using the same PID as previous transaction, i.e DATA0 follows DATA0, or DATA1 follows DATA1.

The USB controller automatically toggles DATA0/DATA1 PIDs for every bulk/interrupt transaction, and in general software does not need to care about it.

If an incoming data is corrupted (CRC does not match), the USB controller automatically prevents DATA0/DATA1 from toggling, to request the host to resend the data.

In some specific cases, the software may want to force a data toggle (usually reset) on a specific IN endpoint, or force the expected toggle on an OUT endpoint, for instance as a consequence of the host issuing **ClearFeature**, **SetInterface** or selecting an alternate setting. Controlling the data toggle of data IN or OUT endpoint n ($n=1..7$) is done through register **DTOGGLE**.

The bulk/interrupt transaction in USB full-speed can be of any size up to 64 bytes, and it has to be a multiple of 4 bytes and 32-bit aligned in memory.

When the transaction is done over USB, an EPDATA event is generated. The hardware will then automatically respond with NAK to all incoming IN tokens until the software is ready to send more data and has finished configuring the EasyDMA, started it, and the whole buffer content has been moved to USB controller (signalled by the ENDEPIN[n] event).

Each IN or OUT data endpoint has to be explicitly enabled by software through register **EPINEN** or **EPOUTEN**, according to the configuration declared by the device and selected by the host through the **SetConfig** command.

A disabled data endpoint will not respond to any traffic from the host. An enabled data endpoint will normally respond NAK or ACK (depending on the readiness of the buffers), or STALL (if configured in register **EPSTALL**), in which case the endpoint is asked to halt). The halted (or not) state of a given endpoint can be read back from register **HALTED.EPIN[n]** or **HALTED.EPOUT[n]**. The format of the returned 16-bit value can be copied as is as response to a **GetStatusEndpoint** request from the host.

Note that enabling or disabling an endpoint will not change its halted state. However, a USB reset will disable and clear the halted state of all data endpoints.

The control endpoint 0 IN and OUT can also be enabled and/or halted using the same mechanisms, but due to USB specification, receiving a SETUP will override its state.

7.1.40.10.1 Bulk and interrupt IN transaction

The host issues IN tokens to receive bulk/interrupt data. In order to send data, the software has to enable the endpoint and prepare an EasyDMA transfer on the desired endpoint.

Bulk/interrupt IN endpoints are enabled or disabled through their respective INn bit ($n=1..7$) in **EPINEN** register.

It is also possible to stall or un-stall an endpoint through the **EPSTALL** register.

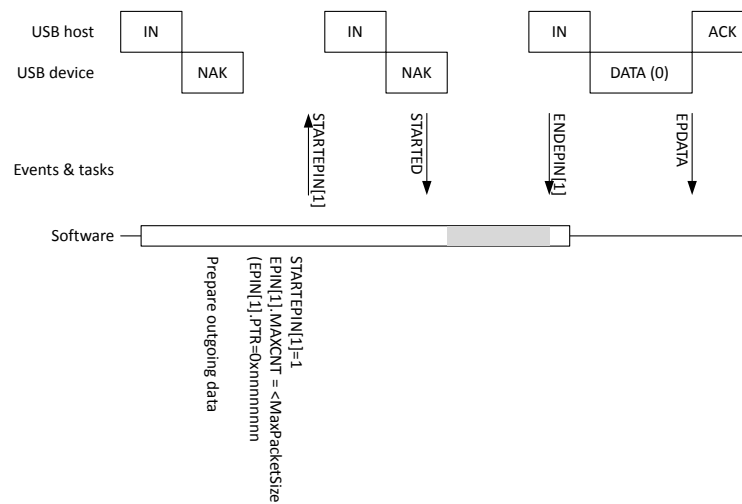


Figure 234: Bulk/interrupt IN transaction

It is possible (and in some situations it is required) to respond to an IN token with a zero-length data packet.

Note: On many USB hosts, not responding (DATA+ACK or NAK) to three IN tokens on an interrupt endpoint would have the host disable that endpoint as a consequence. Re-enumerating the device (unplug-replug) may be required to restore functionality. Make sure that the relevant data endpoints are enabled for normal operation as soon as the device gets configured through a **SetConfig** request.

7.1.40.10.2 Bulk and interrupt OUT transaction

When the host wants to transmit bulk/interrupt data, it issues an OUT token (packet) followed by a DATA packet on a given endpoint n ($n=1..7$).

A NAK is returned until the software writes any value to register [SIZE.EPOUT\[n\]](#), indicating that the content of the local buffer can be overwritten. Upon receiving the next OUT+DATA transaction, an ACK is returned to the host while an EPDATA event is generated (and the [EPDATASTATUS](#) register flags are set to indicate on which endpoint this happened). Once the EasyDMA is prepared and enabled, by writing the [EPOUT\[n\]](#) registers and triggering the [STARTEPOUT\[n\]](#) task, the incoming data will be transferred to memory. Until that transfer is finished, the hardware will automatically NAK any other incoming OUT+DATA packets. Only when the EasyDMA transfer is done (signalled by the [ENDEPOUT\[n\]](#) event), or as soon as any values are written by the software in register [SIZE.EPOUT\[n\]](#), the endpoint n will accept incoming OUT+DATA again.

It is allowed for the host to send zero-length data packets.

Bulk/interrupt OUT endpoints are enabled or disabled through their respective OUTn bit ($n=1..7$) in the [EPOUTEN](#) register. It is also possible to stall or un-stall an endpoint through the [EPSTALL](#) register.

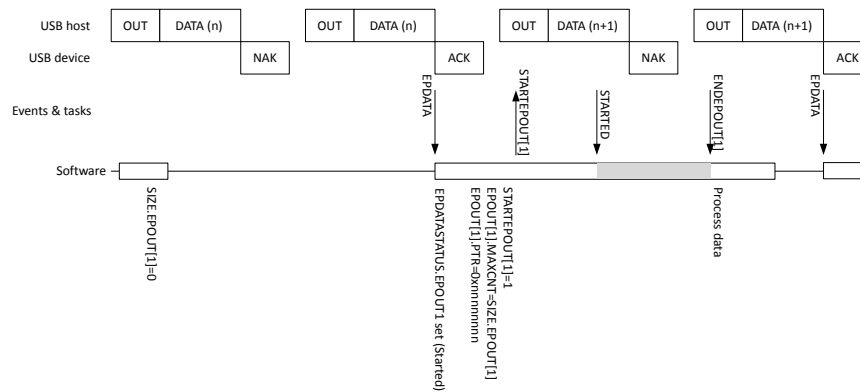


Figure 235: Bulk/interrupt OUT transaction

7.1.40.11 Isochronous transactions

The USB peripheral implements isochronous (ISO) endpoints.

The ISO endpoints have a fixed USB endpoint number, summarized in the table below.

ISO endpoint #	USB IN endpoint	USB OUT endpoint
[0]	0x88	0x08

Table 177: Isochronous endpoint numbering

An isochronous transaction consists of a single, non-acknowledged data stage. The host sends out a start of frame at a regular interval (1 ms), and data follows IN or OUT tokens within each frame.

EasyDMA allows transferring ISO data directly from and to memory. EasyDMA transfers must be initiated by the software, which can synchronize with the SOF (start of frame) events.

Because the timing of the start of frame is very accurate, the SOF event can be used for instance to synchronize a local timer through the SOF event and PPI. The SOF event gets synchronized to the 16 MHz clock prior to being made available to the PPI.

Every start of frame increments a free-running counter, which can be read by software through the [FRAMECNT](#) register.

Each IN or OUT ISO data endpoint has to be explicitly enabled by software through register [EPINEN](#) or [EPOUTEN](#), according to the configuration declared by the device and selected by the host through the **SetConfig** command. A disabled ISO IN data endpoint will not respond to any traffic from the host. A disabled ISO OUT data endpoint will ignore any incoming traffic from the host.

The USB peripheral has an internal 1 kB buffer associated with ISO endpoints. The user can either allocate the full amount to the IN or the OUT endpoint, or split the buffer allocation between the two using register [ISOSPLIT](#).

The internal buffer also sets the maximum size of the ISO OUT and ISO IN transfers: 1023 bytes when the full buffer is dedicated to either ISO OUT or ISO IN, and half when the buffer is split between the two.

7.1.40.11.1 Isochronous IN transaction

When the host wants to receive isochronous (ISO) data, it issues an IN token on the isochronous endpoint.

After the data has been transferred using the EasyDMA, the USB controller on the isochronous IN endpoint responds to the IN token with the transferred data using the [ISOIN.MAXCNT](#) for the size of the packet.

The ISO IN data endpoint has to be explicitly enabled by software through the ISOIN0 bit in register **EPINEN**.

When an ISO IN endpoint is enabled and no data transferred with EasyDMA, the response of the USB depends on the setting of the RESPONSE field in register **ISOINCONFIG** - it can either provide no response to an IN token or respond with a zero-length data.

If the EasyDMA transfer on the isochronous endpoint is not completed before the next SOF event, the result of the transfer is undefined.

The maximum size of an ISO IN transfer in USB full-speed is 1023 bytes, and the data buffer has to be a multiple of 4 bytes 32-bit aligned in memory. However, the amount of bytes transferred on the USB data endpoint can be of any size (up to 1023 bytes, if not shared with an OUT ISO endpoint).

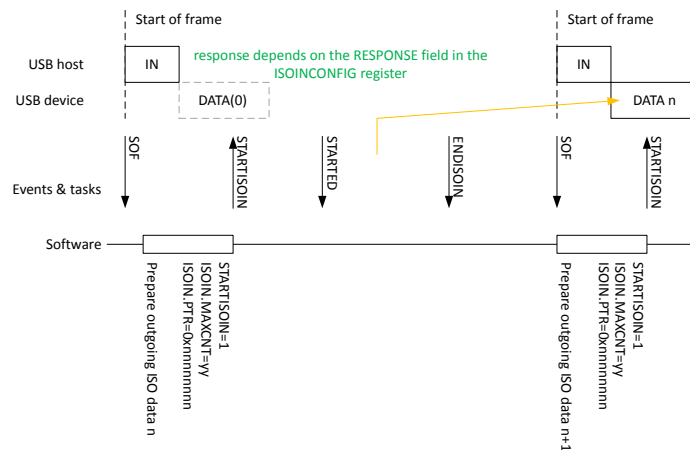


Figure 236: Isochronous IN transfer

7.1.40.11.2 Isochronous OUT transaction

When the host wants to send isochronous (ISO) data, it issues an OUT token on the isochronous endpoint, followed by data.

The ISO OUT data endpoint has to be explicitly enabled by software through the ISOOUT0 bit in register **EPOUTEN**.

The amount of last received ISO OUT data is provided in the **SIZE.ISOOUT** register. Software shall interpret the ZERO and SIZE fields as follows:

ZERO	SIZE	Last received data size
Normal	0	No data received at all
Normal	1..1023	1..1023 bytes of data received
ZeroData	(not of interest)	Zero-length data packet received

Table 178: ISO OUT incoming data size

When EasyDMA is prepared and started, triggering a **STARTISOOUT** task initiates an EasyDMA transfer to memory. Software shall synchronize ISO OUT transfers with the SOF events. EasyDMA uses the address in **ISOOUT.PTR** and size in **ISOOUT.MAXCNT** for every new transfer.

If the EasyDMA transfer on the isochronous endpoint is not completed before the next SOF event, the result of the transfer is undefined.

The maximum size of an isochronous OUT transfer in USB full-speed is 1023 bytes, and the data buffer has to be a multiple of 4 bytes and 32-bit aligned in Data RAM. However, the amount of bytes transferred on the USB data endpoint can be of any size (up to 1023 bytes if not shared with an IN ISO endpoint).

If the last received ISO data packet is corrupted (wrong CRC), the USB controller generates an USBEVENT event (at the same time as SOF) and indicates a CRC error on ISOOUTCRC in register [EVENTCAUSE](#). EasyDMA will transfer the data anyway if it has been set up properly.

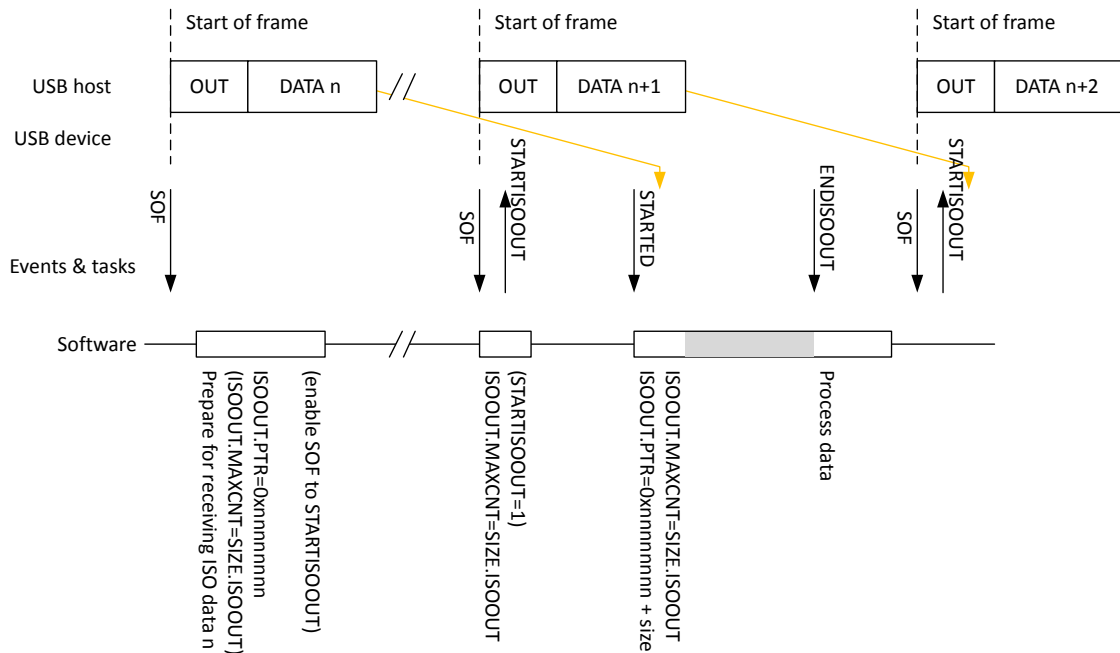


Figure 237: Isochronous OUT transfer

7.1.40.12 USB register access limitations

Some of the registers in USBD cannot be accessed in specific conditions.

This may be the case when USBD is not enabled (using the [ENABLE](#) register) and ready (signalled by the READY bit in [EVENTCAUSE](#) after a USBEVENT event), or when USBD is in low power mode while the USB bus is suspended.

Triggering any tasks, including the tasks triggered through the PPI, is affected by this behavior. In addition, the following registers are affected:

- HALTED.EPIN[0..7]
- HALTED.EPOUT[0..7]
- USBADDR
- BMREQUESTTYPE
- BREQUEST
- WVALUEL
- WVALUEH
- WINDEXL
- WINDEXH
- WLENGTHL
- WLENGTHH
- SIZE.EPOUT[0..7]
- SIZE.ISOOUT
- USBPULLUP
- DTOGGLE

- EPINEN
- EPOUTEN
- EPSTALL
- ISOSPLIT
- FRAMECNTR

7.1.40.13 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50036000	APPLICATION	USB0	USB0 : S	US	SA	Universal serial bus device	
0x40036000			USB0 : NS				

Table 179: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_STARTEPIN[n]	0x004		Captures the EPIN[n].PTR and EPIN[n].MAXCNT registers values, and enables endpoint IN n to respond to traffic from host
TASKS_STARTISOIN	0x024		Captures the ISOIN.PTR and ISOIN.MAXCNT registers values, and enables sending data on ISO endpoint
TASKS_STARTEPOUT[n]	0x028		Captures the EPOUT[n].PTR and EPOUT[n].MAXCNT registers values, and enables endpoint n to respond to traffic from host
TASKS_STARTISOOOUT	0x048		Captures the ISOOOUT.PTR and ISOOOUT.MAXCNT registers values, and enables receiving of data on ISO endpoint
TASKS_EPORCVOUT	0x04C		Allows OUT data stage on control endpoint 0
TASKS_EPOSTATUS	0x050		Allows status stage on control endpoint 0
TASKS_EPOSTALL	0x054		Stalls data and status stage on control endpoint 0
TASKS_DPDMDRIVE	0x058		Forces D+ and D- lines into the state defined in the DPDMVALUE register
TASKS_DPDMNODRIVE	0x05C		Stops forcing D+ and D- lines into any state (USB engine takes control)
SUBSCRIBE_STARTEPIN[n]	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STARTEPIN[n]
SUBSCRIBE_STARTISOIN	0x0A4		Subscribe configuration for task STARTISOIN
SUBSCRIBE_STARTEPOUT[n]	0x0A8		Subscribe configuration for task STARTEPOUT[n]
SUBSCRIBE_STARTISOOOUT	0x0C8		Subscribe configuration for task STARTISOOOUT
SUBSCRIBE_EPORCVOUT	0x0CC		Subscribe configuration for task EPORCVOUT
SUBSCRIBE_EPOSTATUS	0x0D0		Subscribe configuration for task EPOSTATUS
SUBSCRIBE_EPOSTALL	0x0D4		Subscribe configuration for task EPOSTALL
SUBSCRIBE_DPDMDRIVE	0x0D8		Subscribe configuration for task DPDMDRIVE
SUBSCRIBE_DPDMNODRIVE	0x0DC		Subscribe configuration for task DPDMNODRIVE
EVENTS_USBRESET	0x100		Signals that a USB reset condition has been detected on USB lines
EVENTS_STARTED	0x104		Confirms that the EPIN[n].PTR and EPIN[n].MAXCNT, or EPOUT[n].PTR and EPOUT[n].MAXCNT registers have been captured on all endpoints reported in the EPSTATUS register
EVENTS_ENDEPIN[n]	0x108		The whole EPIN[n] buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.
EVENTS_EPODATADONE	0x128		An acknowledged data transfer has taken place on the control endpoint
EVENTS_ENDISOIN	0x12C		The whole ISOIN buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.
EVENTS_ENDEPOUT[n]	0x130		The whole EPOUT[n] buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.
EVENTS_ENDISOOOUT	0x150		The whole ISOOOUT buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.
EVENTS_SOF	0x154		Signals that a SOF (start of frame) condition has been detected on USB lines
EVENTS_USBEVENT	0x158		An event or an error not covered by specific events has occurred. Check EVENTCAUSE register to find the cause.

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EVENTS_EPOSETUP	0x15C		A valid SETUP token has been received (and acknowledged) on the control endpoint
EVENTS_EPDATA	0x160		A data transfer has occurred on a data endpoint, indicated by the EPDATASTATUS register
PUBLISH_USBRESET	0x180		Publish configuration for event USBRESET
PUBLISH_STARTED	0x184		Publish configuration for event STARTED
PUBLISH_ENDEPIN[n]	0x188		Publish configuration for event ENDEPIN[n]
PUBLISH_EP0DATADONE	0x1A8		Publish configuration for event EP0DATADONE
PUBLISH_ENDISOIN	0x1AC		Publish configuration for event ENDISOIN
PUBLISH_ENDEPOUT[n]	0x1B0		Publish configuration for event ENDEPOUT[n]
PUBLISH_ENDISOOOUT	0x1D0		Publish configuration for event ENDISOOOUT
PUBLISH_SOF	0x1D4		Publish configuration for event SOF
PUBLISH_USBEVENT	0x1D8		Publish configuration for event USBEVENT
PUBLISH_EPOSETUP	0x1DC		Publish configuration for event EPOSETUP
PUBLISH_EPDATA	0x1E0		Publish configuration for event EPDATA
SHORTS	0x200		Shortcuts between local events and tasks
INTEN	0x300		Enable or disable interrupt
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
EVENTCAUSE	0x400		Details on what caused the USBEVENT event
HALTED.EPIN[n]	0x420		IN endpoint halted status. Can be used as is as response to a GetStatus() request to endpoint.
HALTED.EPOUT[n]	0x444		OUT endpoint halted status. Can be used as is as response to a GetStatus() request to endpoint.
EPSTATUS	0x468		Provides information on which endpoint's EasyDMA registers have been captured
EPDATASTATUS	0x46C		Provides information on which endpoint(s) an acknowledged data transfer has occurred (EPDATA event)
USBADDR	0x470		Device USB address
BMREQUESTTYPE	0x480		SETUP data, byte 0, bmRequestType
BREQUEST	0x484		SETUP data, byte 1, bRequest
WVALUEL	0x488		SETUP data, byte 2, LSB of wValue
WVALUEH	0x48C		SETUP data, byte 3, MSB of wValue
WINDEXL	0x490		SETUP data, byte 4, LSB of wIndex
WINDEXH	0x494		SETUP data, byte 5, MSB of wIndex
WLENGTHL	0x498		SETUP data, byte 6, LSB of wLength
WLENGTHH	0x49C		SETUP data, byte 7, MSB of wLength
SIZE.EPOUT[n]	0x4A0		Number of bytes received last in the data stage of this OUT endpoint
SIZE.ISOOOUT	0x4C0		Number of bytes received last on this ISO OUT data endpoint
ENABLE	0x500		Enable USB
USBPULLUP	0x504		Control of the USB pull-up
DPDMVALUE	0x508		State D+ and D- lines will be forced into by the DPDMDRIVE task. The DPDMNODRIVE task reverts the control of the lines to MAC IP (no forcing).
DTOGGLE	0x50C		Data toggle control and status
EPINEN	0x510		Endpoint IN enable
EPOUTEN	0x514		Endpoint OUT enable
EPSTALL	0x518		STALL endpoints
ISOSPLIT	0x51C		Controls the split of ISO buffers
FRAMECNTR	0x520		Returns the current value of the start of frame counter
LOWPOWER	0x52C		Controls USB peripheral low power mode during USB suspend
ISOINCONFIG	0x530		Controls the response of the ISO IN endpoint to an IN token when no data is ready to be sent
EPIN[n].PTR	0x600		Data pointer
EPIN[n].MAXCNT	0x604		Maximum number of bytes to transfer

Register	Offset	Security	Description
EPIN[n].AMOUNT	0x608		Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction
ISOIN.PTR	0x6A0		Data pointer
ISOIN.MAXCNT	0x6A4		Maximum number of bytes to transfer
ISOIN.AMOUNT	0x6A8		Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction
EPOUT[n].PTR	0x700		Data pointer
EPOUT[n].MAXCNT	0x704		Maximum number of bytes to transfer
EPOUT[n].AMOUNT	0x708		Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction
ISOOUT.PTR	0x7A0		Data pointer
ISOOUT.MAXCNT	0x7A4		Maximum number of bytes to transfer
ISOOUT.AMOUNT	0x7A8		Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction

Table 180: Register overview

7.1.40.13.1 TASKS_STARTEPIN[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x004 + (n \times 0x4)$

Captures the EPIN[n].PTR and EPIN[n].MAXCNT registers values, and enables endpoint IN n to respond to traffic from host

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_STARTEPIN		Captures the EPIN[n].PTR and EPIN[n].MAXCNT registers values, and enables endpoint IN n to respond to traffic from host																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.40.13.2 TASKS_STARTISOIN

Address offset: 0x024

Captures the ISOIN.PTR and ISOIN.MAXCNT registers values, and enables sending data on ISO endpoint

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_STARTISOIN		Captures the ISOIN.PTR and ISOIN.MAXCNT registers values, and enables sending data on ISO endpoint																															
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.40.13.3 TASKS_STARTEPOUT[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x028 + (n \times 0x4)$

Captures the EPOUT[n].PTR and EPOUT[n].MAXCNT registers values, and enables endpoint n to respond to traffic from host

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_EPOSTALL						Stalls data and status stage on control endpoint 0																																				
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																						

7.1.40.13.8 TASKS_DPDMDRIVE

Address offset: 0x058

Forces D+ and D- lines into the state defined in the DPDMVALUE register

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	W	TASKS_DPDMDRIVE						Forces D+ and D- lines into the state defined in the DPDMVALUE register																																				
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																																						

7.1.40.13.9 TASKS_DPDMNODRIVE

Address offset: 0x05C

Stops forcing D+ and D- lines into any state (USB engine takes control)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																	
ID																																				A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																																	
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value																																Description																															
A	W	TASKS_DPDMNODRIVE																																			Stops forcing D+ and D- lines into any state (USB engine takes control)																															
			Trigger	1																																	Trigger task																															

7.1.40.13.10 SUBSCRIBE_STARTEPIN[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x084 + (n × 0x4)

Subscribe configuration for task [STARTEPIN\[n\]](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																										
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A																							
Reset 0x00000000				0																															0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value		Description																																																					
A	RW	CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that task STARTEPIN[n] will subscribe to																																																					
B	RW	EN																																																											
		Disabled		0		Disable subscription																																																							
		Enabled		1		Enable subscription																																																							

7.1.40.13.11 SUBSCRIBE_STARTISOIN

Address offset: 0x0A4

Subscribe configuration for task [STARTISOIN](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that task STARTISOIN will subscribe to																											
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0				Disable subscription																											
		Enabled	1				Enable subscription																											

7.1.40.13.12 SUBSCRIBE_STARTEPOUT[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x0A8 + (n × 0x4)

Subscribe configuration for task **STARTEPOUT[n]**

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task STARTEPOUT[n] will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																		
			Disabled	0		Disable subscription																													
			Enabled	1		Enable subscription																													

7.1.40.13.13 SUBSCRIBE_STARTISOOUT

Address offset: 0x0C8

Subscribe configuration for task **STARTISOOUT**

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]				Channel that task STARTISOOUT will subscribe to																											
B	RW EN																																		
		Disabled		0				Disable subscription																											
		Enabled		1				Enable subscription																											

7.1.40.13.14 SUBSCRIBE_EPORCVOUT

Address offset: 0x0CC

Subscribe configuration for task **EPORCVOUT**

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task EPORCVOUT will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																		
			Disabled	0		Disable subscription																													
			Enabled	1		Enable subscription																													

7.1.40.13.15 SUBSCRIBE_EPOSTATUS

Address offset: 0x0D0

Subscribe configuration for task [EPOSTATUS](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task EPOSTATUS will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.40.13.16 SUBSCRIBE_EPOSTALL

Address offset: 0x0D4

Subscribe configuration for task [EPOSTALL](#)

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that task EPOSTALL will subscribe to																															
B	RW EN																																		
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																															
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																															

7.1.40.13.17 SUBSCRIBE_DPDMDRIVE

Address offset: 0x0D8

Subscribe configuration for task [DPDMDRIVE](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task DPDMDRIVE will subscribe to																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable subscription																														
		Enabled	1	Enable subscription																														

7.1.40.13.18 SUBSCRIBE_DPDMNODRIVE

Address offset: 0x0DC

Subscribe configuration for task [DPDMNODRIVE](#)

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task DPDMNODRIVE will subscribe to																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																
			Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																

7.1.40.13.19 EVENTS_USBRESET

Address offset: 0x100

Signals that a USB reset condition has been detected on USB lines

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW		EVENTS_USBRESET				Signals that a USB reset condition has been detected on USB lines																																					
					NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																			
					Generated		1		Event generated																																			

7.1.40.13.20 EVENTS_STARTED

Address offset: 0x104

Confirms that the EPIN[n].PTR and EPIN[n].MAXCNT, or EPOUT[n].PTR and EPOUT[n].MAXCNT registers have been captured on all endpoints reported in the EPSTATUS register

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID																																						A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_STARTED			Confirms that the EPIN[n].PTR and EPIN[n].MAXCNT, or EPOUT[n].PTR and EPOUT[n].MAXCNT registers have been captured on all endpoints reported in the EPSTATUS register																																		
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1		Event generated																																		

7.1.40.13.21 EVENTS_ENDEPIN[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x108 + (n × 0x4)

The whole EPIN[n] buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_ENDEPIN		The whole EPIN[n] buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.																														
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																														
		Generated	1	Event generated																														

7.1.40.13.22 EVENTS_EP0DATADONE

Address offset: 0x128

An acknowledged data transfer has taken place on the control endpoint

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW		EVENTS_EP0DATADONE				An acknowledged data transfer has taken place on the control endpoint																																					
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																					
			Generated		1		Event generated																																					

7.1.40.13.23 EVENTS_ENDISOIN

Address offset: 0x12C

The whole ISOIN buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																				A		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	EVENTS_ENDISOIN			The whole ISOIN buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.																																	
			NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																	
			Generated	1	Event generated																																	

7.1.40.13.24 EVENTS_ENDEPOUT[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x130 + (n × 0x4)

The whole EPOUT[n] buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A																																			
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_ENDEPOUT		The whole EPOUT[n] buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.																																		
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1	Event generated																																		

7.1.40.13.25 EVENTS_ENDISOOUT

Address offset: 0x150

The whole ISOOUT buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID			A																																
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	EVENTS_ENDISOOUT			The whole ISOOUT buffer has been consumed. The buffer can be accessed safely by software.																														
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																														
		Generated	1		Event generated																														

7.1.40.13.26 EVENTS_SOF

Address offset: 0x154

Signals that a SOF (start of frame) condition has been detected on USB lines

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	EVENTS_SOF			Signals that a SOF (start of frame) condition has been detected on USB lines																													
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																													
		Generated	1		Event generated																													

7.1.40.13.27 EVENTS_USBEVENT

Address offset: 0x158

An event or an error not covered by specific events has occurred. Check EVENTCAUSE register to find the cause.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	EVENTS_USBEVENT			An event or an error not covered by specific events has occurred. Check EVENTCAUSE register to find the cause.																													
		NotGenerated	0		Event not generated																													
		Generated	1		Event generated																													

7.1.40.13.28 EVENTS_EPOSETUP

Address offset: 0x15C

A valid SETUP token has been received (and acknowledged) on the control endpoint

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW		EVENTS_EPOSETUP				A valid SETUP token has been received (and acknowledged) on the control endpoint																																					
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																					
			Generated		1		Event generated																																					

7.1.40.13.29 EVENTS_EPDATA

Address offset: 0x160

A data transfer has occurred on a data endpoint, indicated by the EPDATASTATUS register

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID										A																																	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	RW		EVENTS_EPDATA				A data transfer has occurred on a data endpoint, indicated by the EPDATASTATUS register																																				
			NotGenerated		0		Event not generated																																				
			Generated		1		Event generated																																				

7.1.40.13.30 PUBLISH_USBRESET

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event **USBRESET**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	CHIDX			[255..0]	Channel that event USBRESET will publish to.																																
B	RW	EN																																				
			Disabled		0	Disable publishing																																
			Enabled		1	Enable publishing																																

7.1.40.13.31 PUBLISH_STARTED

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event **STARTED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	CHIDX	[255..0]	Channel that event STARTED will publish to.																																		
B	RW	EN																																				
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																		
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																		

7.1.40.13.32 PUBLISH_ENDEPIN[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x188 + (n \times 0x4)$

Publish configuration for event ENDEPIN[n]

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event ENDEPIN[n] will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.40.13.33 PUBLISH_EP0DATADONE

Address offset: 0x1A8

Publish configuration for event EP0DATADONE

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event EP0DATADONE will publish to.																													
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.40.13.34 PUBLISH_ENDISOIN

Address offset: 0x1AC

Publish configuration for event ENDISOIN

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that event ENDISOIN will publish to.																											
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0				Disable publishing																											
		Enabled	1				Enable publishing																											

7.1.40.13.35 PUBLISH_ENDEPOUT[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x1B0 + (n \times 0x4)$

Publish configuration for event ENDEPOUT[n]

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A																				
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event ENDEPOUT[n] will publish to.																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																																											
			Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																																											

7.1.40.13.36 PUBLISH_ENDISOOUT

Address offset: 0x1D0

Publish configuration for event **ENDISOOUT**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID										B																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A							
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A	RW CHIDX				[255..0]		Channel that event ENDISOOUT will publish to.																																					
B	RW EN																																											
			Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																					
			Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																					

7.1.40.13.37 PUBLISH_SOF

Address offset: 0x1D4

Publish configuration for event **SOF**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A																				
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event SOF will publish to.																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0	Disable publishing																																																											
			Enabled	1	Enable publishing																																																											

7.1.40.13.38 PUBLISH_USBEVENT

Address offset: 0x1D8

Publish configuration for event **USBEVENT**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																													
ID				B																								A												A	A	A	A	A	A	A																		
Reset 0x00000000				0																																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																																										
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that event USBEVENT will publish to.																																																										
B	RW EN																																																															
			Disabled	0		Disable publishing																																																										
			Enabled	1		Enable publishing																																																										

7.1.40.13.39 PUBLISH_EPOSETUP

Address offset: 0x1DC

Publish configuration for event [EPOSETUP](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]				Channel that event EPOSETUP will publish to.																											
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0				Disable publishing																											
		Enabled	1				Enable publishing																											

7.1.40.13.40 PUBLISH_EPDATA

Address offset: 0x1E0

Publish configuration for event [EPDATA](#)

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																								A A A A A A A A							
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CHIDX		[255..0]	Channel that event EPDATA will publish to.																														
B	RW EN																																	
		Disabled	0	Disable publishing																														
		Enabled	1	Enable publishing																														

7.1.40.13.41 SHORTS

Address offset: 0x200

Shortcuts between local events and tasks

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	RW	EPODATADONE_STARTEPIN0			Shortcut between event EPODATADONE and task STARTEPIN[0]																													
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																													
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																													
B	RW	EPODATADONE_STARTEP			Shortcut between event EPODATADONE and task STARTEP[0]																													
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																													
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																													
C	RW	EPODATADONE_EPOSTATUS			Shortcut between event EPODATADONE and task EPOSTATUS																													
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																													
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																													
D	RW	ENDEP[0]_EPOSTATUS			Shortcut between event ENDEP[0] and task EPOSTATUS																													
			Disabled	0	Disable shortcut																													
			Enabled	1	Enable shortcut																													
E	RW	ENDEP[0]_EPORCVOUT			Shortcut between event ENDEP[0] and task EPORCVOUT																													

Address offset: 0x300

Enable or disable interrupt

7.1.40.13.43 INTENSET

4406_456 v0.5

Enable interrupt

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				Y X W V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	USBRESET			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event USBRESET																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW	STARTED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STARTED																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C-J	RW	ENDEPIN[i] (i=0..7)			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDEPIN[i]																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
K	RW	EPODATADONE			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event EPODATADONE																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
L	RW	ENDISOIN			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDISOIN																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
M-T	RW	ENDEPOUT[i] (i=0..7)			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDEPOUT[i]																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
U	RW	ENDISOOUT			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event ENDISOOUT																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
V	RW	SOF			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event SOF																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
W	RW	USBEVENT			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event USBEVENT																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
X	RW	EPOSETUP			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event EPOSETUP																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
Y	RW	EPDATA			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event EPDATA																														
			Set	1	Enable																														
			Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.40.13.44 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			Y X W V U T S R Q P O N M L K J I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW USBRESET			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event USBRESET																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW STARTED			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STARTED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
C-J	RW ENDEPIN[i] (i=0..7)			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDEPIN[i]																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
K	RW EPODATADONE			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event EPODATADONE																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
L	RW ENDISOIN			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDISOIN																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
M-T	RW ENDEPOUT[i] (i=0..7)			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDEPOUT[i]																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
U	RW ENDISOOUT			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event ENDISOOUT																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
V	RW SOF			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event SOF																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
W	RW USBEVENT			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event USBEVENT																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
X	RW EPOSETUP			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event EPOSETUP																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
Y	RW EPDATA			Write '1' to disable interrupt for event EPDATA																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.40.13.45 EVENTCAUSE

Address offset: 0x400

Details on what caused the USBEVENT event

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID																															E D C B				A
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	ISOOUTCRC			CRC error was detected on isochronous OUT endpoint 8. Write '1' to clear.																														
			NotDetected	0	No error detected																														
			Detected	1	Error detected																														
B	RW	SUSPEND			Signals that USB lines have been idle long enough for the device to enter suspend. Write '1' to clear.																														
			NotDetected	0	Suspend not detected																														
			Detected	1	Suspend detected																														
C	RW	RESUME			Signals that a RESUME condition (K state or activity restart) has been detected on USB lines. Write '1' to clear.																														
			NotDetected	0	Resume not detected																														
			Detected	1	Resume detected																														
D	RW	USBWUALLOWED			USB MAC has been woken up and operational. Write '1' to clear.																														
			NotAllowed	0	Wake up not allowed																														
			Allowed	1	Wake up allowed																														
E	RW	READY			USB device is ready for normal operation. Write '1' to clear.																														
			NotDetected	0	USBEVENT was not issued due to USB peripheral ready																														
			Ready	1	USB peripheral is ready																														

7.1.40.13.46 HALTED.EPIN[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x420 + (n × 0x4)

IN endpoint halted status. Can be used as is as response to a GetStatus() request to endpoint.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																				A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	R	GETSTATUS		IN endpoint halted status. Can be used as is as response to a GetStatus() request to endpoint.																															
		NotHalted	0	Endpoint is not halted																															
		Halted	1	Endpoint is halted																															

7.1.40.13.47 HALTED.EPOUT[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x444 + (n × 0x4)

OUT endpoint halted status. Can be used as is as response to a GetStatus() request to endpoint.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	R	GETSTATUS			OUT endpoint halted status. Can be used as is as response to a GetStatus() request to endpoint.																																	
			NotHalted	0	Endpoint is not halted																																	
			Halted	1	Endpoint is halted																																	

7.1.40.13.48 EPSTATUS

Address offset: 0x468

Provides information on which endpoint's EasyDMA registers have been captured

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID			R Q P O N M L K J																I H G F E D C B A																	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-I	RW	EPIN[i] (i=0..8)			Captured state of endpoint's EasyDMA registers. Write '1' to clear.																															
			NoData	0	EasyDMA registers have not been captured for this endpoint																															
			DataDone	1	EasyDMA registers have been captured for this endpoint																															
J-R	RW	EPOUT[i] (i=0..8)			Captured state of endpoint's EasyDMA registers. Write '1' to clear.																															
			NoData	0	EasyDMA registers have not been captured for this endpoint																															
			DataDone	1	EasyDMA registers have been captured for this endpoint																															

7.1.40.13.49 EPDATASTATUS

Address offset: 0x46C

Provides information on which endpoint(s) an acknowledged data transfer has occurred (EPDATA event)

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID			N M L K J I H																G F E D C B A																
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-G	RW	EPIN[i] (i=1..7)		Acknowledged data transfer on this IN endpoint. Write '1' to clear.																															
		NotDone	0	No acknowledged data transfer on this endpoint																															
		DataDone	1	Acknowledged data transfer on this endpoint has occurred																															
H-N	RW	EPOUT[i] (i=1..7)		Acknowledged data transfer on this OUT endpoint. Write '1' to clear.																															
		NotStarted	0	No acknowledged data transfer on this endpoint																															
		Started	1	Acknowledged data transfer on this endpoint has occurred																															

7.1.40.13.50 USBADDR

Address offset: 0x470

Device USB address

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																						A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value				Description																																		
A	R	ADDR			Device USB address																																								

7.1.40.13.51 BMREQUESTTYPE

Address offset: 0x480

SETUP data, byte 0, bmRequestType

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																									
ID																																C	B	B	A	A	A	A	A						
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																									
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																								
A	R	RECIPIENT			Data transfer type																																								
			Device	0	Device																																								
			Interface	1	Interface																																								
			Endpoint	2	Endpoint																																								
			Other	3	Other																																								
B	R	TYPE			Data transfer type																																								
			Standard	0	Standard																																								
			Class	1	Class																																								
			Vendor	2	Vendor																																								
C	R	DIRECTION			Data transfer direction																																								
			HostToDevice	0	Host-to-device																																								
			DeviceToHost	1	Device-to-host																																								

7.1.40.13.52 BREQUEST

Address offset: 0x484

SETUP data, byte 1, bRequest

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	BREQUEST			SETUP data, byte 1, bRequest. Values provided for standard requests only, user must implement class and vendor values.																													
			STD_GET_STATUS	0	Standard request GET_STATUS																													
			STD_CLEAR_FEATURE	1	Standard request CLEAR_FEATURE																													
			STD_SET_FEATURE	3	Standard request SET_FEATURE																													
			STD_SET_ADDRESS	5	Standard request SET_ADDRESS																													
			STD_GET_DESCRIPTOR	6	Standard request GET_DESCRIPTOR																													
			STD_SET_DESCRIPTOR	7	Standard request SET_DESCRIPTOR																													
			STD_GET_CONFIGURATION	8	Standard request GET_CONFIGURATION																													
			STD_SET_CONFIGURATION	9	Standard request SET_CONFIGURATION																													
			STD_GET_INTERFACE	10	Standard request GET_INTERFACE																													
			STD_SET_INTERFACE	11	Standard request SET_INTERFACE																													
			STD_SYNCH_FRAME	12	Standard request SYNCH_FRAME																													

7.1.40.13.53 WVALUEL

Address offset: 0x488

SETUP data, byte 2, LSB of wValue

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field		Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	R	WVALUEL						SETUP data, byte 2, LSB of wValue																											

7.1.40.13.54 WVALUEH

Address offset: 0x48C

SETUP data, byte 3, MSB of wValue

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A								
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	R	WVALUEH				SETUP data, byte 3, MSB of wValue																																					

7.1.40.13.55 WINDEXL

Address offset: 0x490

SETUP data, byte 4, LSB of wIndex

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	WINDEXL				SETUP data, byte 4, LSB of windex																													

7.1.40.13.56 WINDEXH

Address offset: 0x494

SETUP data, byte 5, MSB of wIndex

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	WINDEXH				SETUP data, byte 5, MSB of wIndex																													

7.1.40.13.57 WLENGTHL

Address offset: 0x498

SETUP data, byte 6, LSB of wLength

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A								
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																		
A	R	WLENGTHL						SETUP data, byte 6, LSB of wLength																																				

7.1.40.13.58 WLENGTHH

Address offset: 0x49C

SETUP data, byte 7, MSB of wLength

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A								
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	R	WLENGTHH						SETUP data, byte 7, MSB of wLength																																			

7.1.40.13.59 SIZE.EPOUT[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x4A0 + (n × 0x4)

Number of bytes received last in the data stage of this OUT endpoint

Write to any value to accept further OUT traffic on this endpoint, and overwrite the intermediate buffer

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	SIZE		Number of bytes received last in the data stage of this OUT endpoint																															

7.1.40.13.60 SIZE.ISOOUT

Address offset: 0x4C0

Number of bytes received last on this ISO OUT data endpoint

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																				B										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A						
Reset 0x00010000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																		
A	R	SIZE									Number of bytes received last on this ISO OUT data endpoint																																	
B	R	ZERO						Zero-length data packet received																																				
					Normal			0	No zero-length data received, use value in SIZE																																			
					ZeroData			1	Zero-length data received, ignore value in SIZE																																			

7.1.40.13.61 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable USB

After writing Disabled to this register, reading the register will return Enabled until USB is completely disabled.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	ENABLE		Enable USB																															
		Disabled	0	USB peripheral is disabled																															
		Enabled	1	USB peripheral is enabled																															

7.1.40.13.62 USBPULLUP

Address offset: 0x504

Control of the USB pull-up

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW CONNECT				Control of the USB pull-up on the D+ line																														
			Disabled	0	Pull-up is disconnected																														
			Enabled	1	Pull-up is connected to D+																														

7.1.40.13.63 DPDMVALUE

Address offset: 0x508

State D+ and D- lines will be forced into by the DPDMDRIVE task. The DPDMNODRIVE task reverts the control of the lines to MAC IP (no forcing).

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW STATE			State D+ and D- lines will be forced into by the DPDMDRIVE task																														
		Resume	1	D+ forced low, D- forced high (K state) for a timing preset in hardware (50 μs or 5 ms, depending on bus state)																														
		J	2	D+ forced high, D- forced low (J state)																														
		K	4	D+ forced low, D- forced high (K state)																														

7.1.40.13.64 DTOGGLE

Address offset: 0x50C

Data toggle control and status

Write this register first with VALUE=Nop to select the endpoint; then read it to get the status from VALUE, or write it again with VALUE=Data0 or Data1

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																	
ID																															C C B			A A A		
Reset 0x00000100			0 0																																	
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	EP			Select bulk endpoint number																															
B	RW	IO			Selects IN or OUT endpoint																															
			Out	0	Selects OUT endpoint																															
			In	1	Selects IN endpoint																															
C	RW	VALUE			Data toggle value																															
			Nop	0	No action on data toggle when writing the register with this value																															
			Data0	1	Data toggle is DATA0 on endpoint set by EP and IO																															
			Data1	2	Data toggle is DATA1 on endpoint set by EP and IO																															

7.1.40.13.65 EPINEN

Address offset: 0x510

Endpoint IN enable

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000001				0 1																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A-H	RW	IN[i] (i=0..7)				Enable IN endpoint i																													
			Disable	0	Disable endpoint IN i (no response to IN tokens)																														
			Enable	1	Enable endpoint IN i (response to IN tokens)																														
I	RW	ISOIN				Enable ISO IN endpoint																													
			Disable	0	Disable ISO IN endpoint 8																														
			Enable	1	Enable ISO IN endpoint 8																														

7.1.40.13.66 EPOUTEN

Address offset: 0x514

Endpoint OUT enable

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			I H G F E D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000001			0 1																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A-H	RW	OUT[i] (i=0..7)				Enable OUT endpoint i																												
			Disable	0	Disable endpoint OUT i (no response to OUT tokens)																													
			Enable	1	Enable endpoint OUT i (response to OUT tokens)																													
I	RW	ISOOUT				Enable ISO OUT endpoint 8																												
			Disable	0	Disable ISO OUT endpoint 8																													
			Enable	1	Enable ISO OUT endpoint 8																													

7.1.40.13.67 EPSTALL

Address offset: 0x518

STALL endpoints

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																														C	B					A	A	A					
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	W	EP						Select endpoint number																																			
B	W	IO					Selects IN or OUT endpoint																																				
			Out	0	Selects OUT endpoint																																						
			In	1	Selects IN endpoint																																						
C	W	STALL					Stall selected endpoint																																				
			UnStall	0	Don't stall selected endpoint																																						
			Stall	1	Stall selected endpoint																																						

7.1.40.13.68 ISOSPLIT

Address offset: 0x51C

Controls the split of ISO buffers

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value		Description																														
A	RW	SPLIT					Controls the split of ISO buffers																														
			OneDir		0x0000		Full buffer dedicated to either iso IN or OUT																														
			HalfIN		0x0080		Lower half for IN, upper half for OUT																														

7.1.40.13.69 FRAMECNTR

Address offset: 0x520

Returns the current value of the start of frame counter

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0								
ID																														A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																										
A	R	FRAMECNTR						Returns the current value of the start of frame counter																																									

7.1.40.13.70 LOWPOWER

Address offset: 0x52C

Controls USB peripheral low power mode during USB suspend

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																		A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	LOWPOWER		Controls USB peripheral low-power mode during USB suspend																														
		ForceNormal	0	Software must write this value to exit low power mode and before performing a remote wake-up																														
		LowPower	1	Software must write this value to enter low power mode after DMA and software have finished interacting with the USB peripheral																														

7.1.40.13.71 ISOINCONFIG

Address offset: 0x530

Controls the response of the ISO IN endpoint to an IN token when no data is ready to be sent

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	RESPONSE			Controls the response of the ISO IN endpoint to an IN token when no data is ready to be sent																														
		NoResp	0	Endpoint does not respond in that case																															
		ZeroData	1	Endpoint responds with a zero-length data packet in that case																															

7.1.40.13.72 EPIN[n].PTR (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x600 + (n × 0x14)

Data pointer

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A				
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value			Description																																
A	RW	PTR				Data pointer																																
						See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.																																

7.1.40.13.73 EPIN[n].MAXCNT (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x604 + (n × 0x14)

Maximum number of bytes to transfer

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																														
ID			A A A A A A A A																														
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																														
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value															Description															
A	RW	MAXCNT	[64..0]															Maximum number of bytes to transfer															

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW PTR							Data pointer																											
				See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.																															

7.1.40.13.79 EPOUT[n].MAXCNT (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x704 + (n × 0x14)

Maximum number of bytes to transfer

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	MAXCNT		[64..0]		Maximum number of bytes to transfer																													

7.1.40.13.80 EPOUT[n].AMOUNT (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x708 + (n × 0x14)

Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																														A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A						
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																				
A	R	AMOUNT				Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction																																					

7.1.40.13.81 ISOOUT.PTR

Address offset: 0x7A0

Data pointer

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																
A	RW PTR						Data pointer																																			

See the memory chapter for details about which memories are available for EasyDMA.

7.1.40.13.82 ISOOUT.MAXCNT

Address offset: 0x7A4

Maximum number of bytes to transfer

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0									
ID																										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value															Description																									
A	RW	MAXCNT																Maximum number of bytes to transfer																									

7.1.40.13.83 ISOOUT.AMOUNT

Address offset: 0x7A8

Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																														A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																																		
A	R	AMOUNT							Number of bytes transferred in the last transaction																																			

7.1.40.14 Electrical specification

7.1.40.14.1 USB Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
R _{USB,PU,ACTIVE}	Value of pull-up on D+, bus active (upstream device transmitting)	..	..	..	Ω
R _{USB,PU,IDLE}	Value of pull-up on D+, bus idle	..	..	..	Ω
t _{USB,DETRST}	Minimum duration of an SE0 state to be detected as a USB reset condition	..	..	..	μs
f _{USB,CLK}	Frequency of local clock, USB active	..	..	..	MHz
f _{USB,TOL}	Accuracy of local clock, USB active ²⁸	..	..	..	ppm
T _{USB,JITTER}	Jitter on USB local clock, USB active	..	..	..	ns

7.1.41 VMC — Volatile memory controller

The VMC provides power control of RAM blocks.

Each of the available RAM blocks, which each may contain multiple RAM sections, can power up and down independently in both System ON and System OFF mode, using the RAM[n] registers. See [Memory](#) chapter for more information about RAM blocks and sections.

7.1.41.1 RAM power states

In System OFF, retention of a RAM section is configured in the RETENTION field of the corresponding register [RAM\[n\].POWER \(n=0..7\)](#) on page 720.

In System ON, retention and accessibility for a RAM section is configured in the RETENTION and POWER fields of the corresponding register [RAM\[n\].POWER \(n=0..7\)](#) on page 720.

The following table summarizes the behavior of these registers.

²⁸ The local clock can be stopped during USB suspend

Configuration			RAM section status	
System on/off	RAM[n].POWER.POWER	RAM[n].POWER.RETENTION	Accessible	Retained
Off	x	Off	No	No
Off	x	On	No	Yes
On	Off	Off	No	No
On	Off ¹	On	No	Yes
On	On	x	Yes	Yes

Table 181: RAM section configuration. x = don't care.

The advantage of not retaining RAM contents is that the overall current consumption is reduced.

See chapter [Memory](#) on page 18 for more information on RAM sections.

7.1.41.2 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50081000	APPLICATION	VMC	VMC : S	US	NA	Volatile memory controller	
0x40081000			VMC : NS				
0x41081000	NETWORK	VMC	VMC	NS	NA	Volatile memory controller	4 RAM slaves implemented 4 RAM slaves implemented

Table 182: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
RAM[n].POWER	0x600		RAM[n] power control register
RAM[n].POWERSET	0x604		RAM[n] power control set register
RAM[n].POWERCLR	0x608		RAM[n] power control clear register

Table 183: Register overview

7.1.41.2.1 RAM[n].POWER (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x600 + (n \times 0x10)$

RAM[n] power control register

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A
Reset 0x0000FFFF				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A-P	RW	S[i]POWER (i=0..15)				Keep RAM section Si of RAM[n] on or off in System ON mode																													
			Off	0	Off	All RAM sections will be switched off in System OFF mode																													
			On	1	On																														
Q-f	RW	S[i]RETENTION (i=0..15)				Keep retention on RAM section Si of RAM[n] when RAM section is switched off																													
			Off	0	Off																														
			On	1	On																														

¹ Not useful setting. RAM section power off gives negligible reduction in current consumption when retention is on.

7.1.41.2.2 RAM[n].POWERSET (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x604 + (n \times 0x10)$

RAM[n] power control set register

When read, this register will return the value of the RAM[n].POWER register.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A
Reset 0x0000FFFF				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value				Description																										
A-P	RW	S[i]POWER (i=0..15)								Keep RAM section Si of RAM[n] on or off in System ON mode																									
			On		1				On																										
Q-f	RW	S[i]RETENTION (i=0..15)								Keep retention on RAM section Si of RAM[n] when RAM section is switched off																									
			On		1				On																										

7.1.41.2.3 RAM[n].POWERCLR (n=0..7)

Address offset: $0x608 + (n \times 0x10)$

RAM[n] power control clear register

When read, this register will return the value of the RAM[n].POWER register.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID				f	e	d	c	b	a	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A					
Reset 0x0000FFFF				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value																																			Description	
A-P	RW	S[i]POWER (i=0..15)																																						Keep RAM section Si of RAM[n] on or off in System ON mode
			Off	1																																			Off	
Q-f	RW	S[i]RETENTION (i=0..15)																																						Keep retention on RAM section Si of RAM[n] when RAM section is switched off
			Off	1																																			Off	

7.1.42 WDT — Watchdog timer

A countdown watchdog timer using the low-frequency clock source (LFCLK) offers configurable and robust protection against application lock-up.

The watchdog must be configured before it is started.

After configuration, the watchdog is started by triggering the START task.

After it is started, the watchdog's configuration registers, which comprise registers CRV, RREN, and CONFIG, will be blocked for further configuration.

The watchdog can be paused during long CPU sleep periods for low power applications and when the debugger has halted the CPU. The watchdog is implemented as a down-counter that generates a TIMEOUT event when it wraps over after counting down to 0. When the watchdog timer is started through the START task, the watchdog counter is loaded with the value specified in the CRV register. This counter is also reloaded with the value specified in the CRV register when a reload request is granted.

The watchdog's timeout period is given by:

$$\text{timeout [s]} = (\text{CRV} + 1) / 32768$$

When started, the watchdog will automatically force the 32.768 kHz RC oscillator on as long as no other 32.768 kHz clock source is running and generating the 32.768 kHz system clock, see chapter [CLOCK — Clock control](#) on page 61.

7.1.42.1 Reload criteria

The watchdog has eight separate reload request registers, which shall be used to request the watchdog to reload its counter with the value specified in the CRV register. To reload the watchdog counter, the special value 0x6E524635 needs to be written to all enabled reload registers.

One or more RR registers can be individually enabled through the RREN register.

7.1.42.2 Temporarily pausing the watchdog

By default, the watchdog will be active counting down the down-counter while the CPU is sleeping. It is however possible to configure the watchdog to automatically pause while the CPU is sleeping as well as when it is halted by the debugger.

Going to system OFF-mode will stop and disable the watchdog.

7.1.42.3 Watchdog reset

A TIMEOUT event will automatically lead to a watchdog reset.

See [RESET - Reset control](#) on page 55 for more information about reset sources. If the watchdog is configured to generate an interrupt on the TIMEOUT event, the watchdog reset will be postponed with two 32.768 kHz clock cycles after the TIMEOUT event has been generated. Once the TIMEOUT event has been generated, and unless the watchdog is stopped, the impending watchdog reset will be effectuated.

The watchdog can be reset from several reset sources, see [Application core reset behavior](#) on page 57. After being reset from these sources, the watchdog configuration registers will be available for configuration again.

7.1.42.4 Stopping the watchdog

By default, the watchdog cannot be stopped. It is however possible to configure the watchdog to allow the STOP task.

To allow stopping the watchdog, the STOPEN field of the [CONFIG](#) register must be set to Enable when configuring the watchdog.

Then, to stop the watchdog,

- the special value 0x6E524635 must be written to the [TSEN](#) register
- the STOP task must be invoked

When all of these conditions are met, the watchdog is stopped. The STOPPED event indicates a successful stopping of the watchdog.

When the watchdog is stopped, the watchdog's configuration registers [CRV](#), [RREN](#) and [CONFIG](#) are no longer blocked.

Note: It is recommended to write zeros to [TSEN](#) on page 728 after the watchdog has stopped, to avoid un-intended invocation of the STOP task.

7.1.42.5 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50018000	APPLICATION	WDT	WDT0 : S	US	NA	Watchdog timer 0	
0x40018000			WDT0 : NS				
0x50019000	APPLICATION	WDT	WDT1 : S	US	NA	Watchdog timer 1	
0x40019000			WDT1 : NS				
0x4100B000	NETWORK	WDT	WDT	NS	NA	Watchdog timer	

Table 184: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TASKS_START	0x000		Start the watchdog
TASKS_STOP	0x004		Stop the watchdog timer.
SUBSCRIBE_START	0x080		Subscribe configuration for task START
SUBSCRIBE_STOP	0x084		Subscribe configuration for task STOP
EVENTS_TIMEOUT	0x100		Watchdog timeout
EVENTS_STOPPED	0x104		Watchdog stopped
PUBLISH_TIMEOUT	0x180		Publish configuration for event TIMEOUT
PUBLISH_STOPPED	0x184		Publish configuration for event STOPPED
INTENSET	0x304		Enable interrupt
INTENCLR	0x308		Disable interrupt
NMIENSET	0x324		Enable interrupt
NMIENCLR	0x328		Disable interrupt
RUNSTATUS	0x400		Run status
REQSTATUS	0x404		Request status
CRV	0x504		Counter reload value
RREN	0x508		Enable register for reload request registers
CONFIG	0x50C		Configuration register
TSEN	0x520		Task Stop Enable
RR[n]	0x600		Reload request n

Table 185: Register overview

7.1.42.5.1 TASKS_START

Address offset: 0x000

Start the watchdog

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	W	TASKS_START																																	
		Trigger	1	Trigger task																															

7.1.42.5.2 TASKS_STOP

Address offset: 0x004

Stop the watchdog timer.

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																															0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	W	TASKS_STOP				Stop the watchdog timer.																											
		Trigger		1		Trigger task																											

7.1.42.5.3 SUBSCRIBE_START

Address offset: 0x080

Subscribe configuration for task **START**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that task START will subscribe to																																
B	RW	EN																																				
				Disabled		0		Disable subscription																														
				Enabled		1		Enable subscription																														

7.1.42.5.4 SUBSCRIBE_STOP

Address offset: 0x084

Subscribe configuration for task **STOP**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																																		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW CHIDX			[255..0]		Channel that task STOP will subscribe to																																
B	RW EN																																					
			Disabled	0		Disable subscription																																
			Enabled	1		Enable subscription																																

7.1.42.5.5 EVENTS_TIMEOUT

Address offset: 0x100

Watchdog timeout

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A																																		
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																		
A	RW	EVENTS_TIMEOUT		Watchdog timeout																																		
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																		
		Generated	1	Event generated																																		

7.1.42.5.6 EVENTS_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x104

Watchdog stopped

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																							A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A	RW	EVENTS_STOPPED		Watchdog stopped																																			
		NotGenerated	0	Event not generated																																			
		Generated	1	Event generated																																			

7.1.42.5.7 PUBLISH_TIMEOUT

Address offset: 0x180

Publish configuration for event **TIMEOUT**

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID										B																		A										A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																			
A	RW CHIDX						[255..0]			Channel that event TIMEOUT will publish to.																																			
B	RW EN																																												
				Disabled			0			Disable publishing																																			
				Enabled			1			Enable publishing																																			

7.1.42.5.8 PUBLISH_STOPPED

Address offset: 0x184

Publish configuration for event **STOPPED**

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				B																								A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																																
A	RW	CHIDX		[255..0]		Channel that event STOPPED will publish to.																																
B	RW	EN																																				
		Disabled		0		Disable publishing																																
		Enabled		1		Enable publishing																																

7.1.42.5.9 INTENSET

Address offset: 0x304

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW TIMEOUT			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event TIMEOUT																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW STOPPED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Set	1	Enable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.42.5.10 INTENCLR

Address offset: 0x308

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	TIMEOUT		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TIMEOUT																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW	STOPPED		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.42.5.11 NMIENSET

Address offset: 0x324

Enable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																	
ID			B A																																	
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																	
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	RW	TIMEOUT			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event TIMEOUT																															
		Set	1		Enable																															
		Disabled	0		Read: Disabled																															
		Enabled	1		Read: Enabled																															
B	RW	STOPPED			Write '1' to enable interrupt for event STOPPED																															
		Set	1		Enable																															
		Disabled	0		Read: Disabled																															
		Enabled	1		Read: Enabled																															

7.1.42.5.12 NMIENCLR

Address offset: 0x328

Disable interrupt

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	TIMEOUT		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event TIMEOUT																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														
B	RW	STOPPED		Write '1' to disable interrupt for event STOPPED																														
		Clear	1	Disable																														
		Disabled	0	Read: Disabled																														
		Enabled	1	Read: Enabled																														

7.1.42.5.13 RUNSTATUS

Address offset: 0x400

Run status

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	R	RUNSTATUSWDT		Indicates whether or not the watchdog is running																															
		NotRunning	0	Watchdog not running																															
		Running	1	Watchdog is running																															

7.1.42.5.14 REQSTATUS

Address offset: 0x404

Request status

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																									
ID																																				H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A
Reset 0x00000001		0 1																																									
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																							
A-H	R	RR[i] (i=0..7)		Request status for RR[i] register																																							
		DisabledOrRequested	0	RR[i] register is not enabled, or are already requesting reload																																							
		EnabledAndUnrequested	1	RR[i] register is enabled, and are not yet requesting reload																																							

7.1.42.5.15 CRV

Address offset: 0x504

Counter reload value

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A			
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW	CRV			[0x0000000F..0xFFFFFFFF]	Counter reload value in number of cycles of the 32.768 kHz clock																																

7.1.42.5.16 RREN

Address offset: 0x508

Enable register for reload request registers

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																												H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A			
Reset 0x00000001				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			
ID	Acces	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																
A-H	RW	RR[i] (i=0..7)				Enable or disable RR[i] register																																
			Disabled		0	Disable RR[i] register																																
			Enabled		1	Enable RR[i] register																																

7.1.42.5.17 CONFIG

Address offset: 0x50C

Configuration register

Bit number	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																												F		C		A
Reset 0x00000001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ID	Acces	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																										
A	RW	SLEEP				Configure the watchdog to either be paused, or kept running, while the CPU is sleeping																										
			Pause		0	Pause watchdog while the CPU is sleeping																										
			Run		1	Keep the watchdog running while the CPU is sleeping																										
C	RW	HALT				Configure the watchdog to either be paused, or kept running, while the CPU is halted by the debugger																										
			Pause		0	Pause watchdog while the CPU is halted by the debugger																										
			Run		1	Keep the watchdog running while the CPU is halted by the debugger																										
F	RW	STOPEN				Allow stopping the watchdog																										
			Disable		0	Do not allow stopping the watchdog																										
			Enable		1	Allow stopping the watchdog																										

7.1.42.5.18 TSEN

Address offset: 0x520

Task Stop Enable

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	TSEN						Task stop enable register																											
			Enable	0x6E524635				Value to allow stopping the watchdog																											

7.1.42.5.19 RR[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x600 + (n × 0x4)

Reload request n

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	W	RR						Reload request register																											
			Reload	0x6E524635				Value to request a reload of the watchdog timer																											

7.1.42.6 Electrical specification

7.1.42.6.1 Watchdog Timer Electrical Specification

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
twDT	Time out interval	..	..	..

8 Debug and trace

8.1 Overview

The debug and trace system offers a flexible and powerful mechanism for non-intrusive debugging.

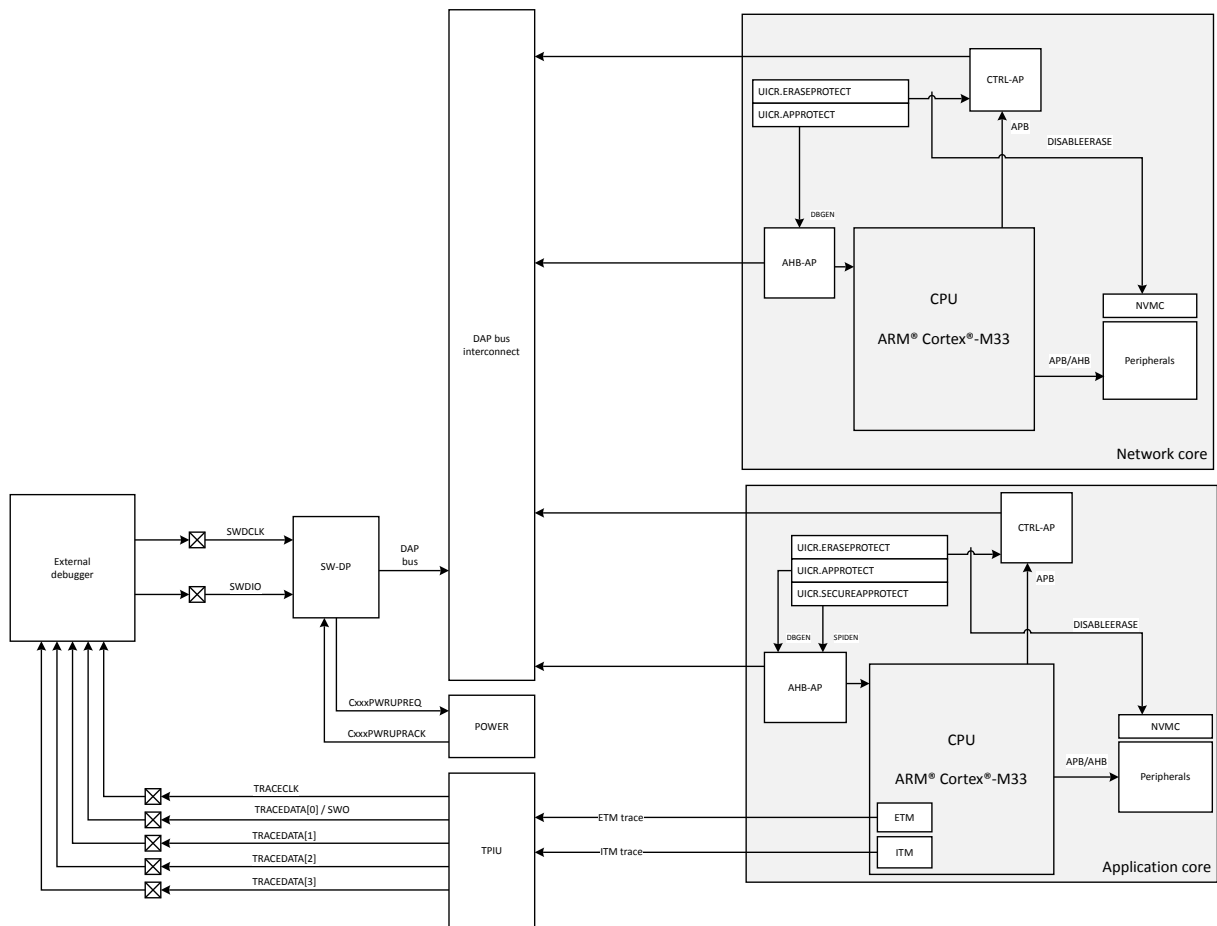


Figure 238: Debug and trace overview

The main features of the debug and trace system are:

- Access port connection to application core ARM Cortex-M33
 - Eight breakpoints
 - Four watchpoint comparators
 - Instrumentation trace macrocell (ITM)
 - Embedded trace macrocell (ETM)
 - Access protection through APPROTECT, ERASEPROTECT and SECUREAPPROTECT
- Access port connection to network core ARM Cortex-M33
 - Eight breakpoints
 - Four watchpoints
 - Access protection through APPROTECT and ERASEPROTECT
- Serial wire debug (SWD) interface, protocol version 2 with multidrop support
- Trace port interface unit (TPIU)

- 4-bit parallel trace of ITM and ETM trace data
- Serial wire output (SWO) trace of ITM data

8.1.1 DAP - Debug access port

An external debugger can access the device via the debug access port (DAP).

The DAP implements a standard ARM CoreSight serial wire debug port (SW-DP). The SW-DP implements the serial wire debug (SWD) protocol that is a two-pin serial interface, see SWDCLK and SWDIO in figure [Figure 238: Debug and trace overview](#) on page 730.

Note:

- The SWDIO line has an internal pull-up resistor.
- The SWDCLK line has an internal pull-down resistor.

There are several access ports that connect to different parts of the system. An overview is given in the table below.

AP ID	Type	Description
0	AHB-AP	Application subsystem access port
1	AHB-AP	Network subsystem access port
2	CTRL-AP	Application subsystem control access port
3	CTRL-AP	Network subsystem control access port

Table 186: Access port overview

The AHB-AP and APB-AP are standard ARM components, and documented in *ARM CoreSight SoC-400 Technical Reference Manual*, revision r3p2. The control access port (CTRL-AP) is proprietary, and described in more detail in [CTRL-AP - Control access port](#) on page 739.

8.1.2 Access port protection

Debugger transactions through an access port can be protected in different ways.

An overview of the access port protection schemes is given in the table below.

Register	Description
Application UICR.APPROTECT	Blocks all access through the application AHB-AP. This can be used to provide read-back protection of the application. Note that the network core may be able to access non-secure memory of the application core as defined in SPU — System protection unit on page 568. This can be prevented by using the network core's APPROTECT.
Application UICR.SECUREAPPROTECT	Blocks all secure transfers through the application AHB-AP. This means that only the non-secure code can be debugged and accessed.
Application UICR.ERASEPROTECT	Disables the application core CTRL-AP.ERASEALL and NVMC ERASEALL functionality. This can be used together with APPROTECT to provide read-back and re-purposing protection.
Network UICR.APPROTECT	Blocks all access through the network AHB-AP.
Network UICR.ERASEPROTECT	Disables the network core CTRL-AP.ERASEALL and NVMC ERASEALL functionality. This can be used together with APPROTECT to provide read-back and re-purposing protection.

Table 187: Access port protection overview

8.1.3 Debug interface mode

Before the external debugger can access any of the access ports, the debugger must first request the device to power up via CxxxPWRUPREQ in the SWJ-DP.

As long as the debugger is requesting power via CxxxPWRUPREQ, the device will be in debug interface mode. Otherwise, the device is in normal mode. When a debug session is over, the external debugger must make sure to put the device back into normal mode and then a pin reset should be performed. The reason is that the overall power consumption is higher in debug interface mode compared to normal mode.

Some peripherals behave differently in debug interface mode compared to normal mode. These differences are described in more detail in the chapters of the peripherals that are affected.

For details on how to use the debug capabilities, read the debug documentation of your IDE.

If the device is in System OFF when power is requested via CxxxPWRUPREQ, the system will wake up and the DIF flag in [RESETREAS](#) on page 59 will be set.

8.1.4 Real-time debug

The device supports real-time debugging, which allows interrupts to execute to completion in real time when breakpoints are set in thread mode or lower priority interrupts.

Real-time debugging enables the developer to set a breakpoint and single-step through their code without a failure of the real-time event-driven threads running at higher priority. For example, this enables the device to continue to service the high-priority interrupts of an external controller or sensor without failure or loss of state synchronization while the developer steps through code in a low-priority thread.

8.1.5 ROM tables

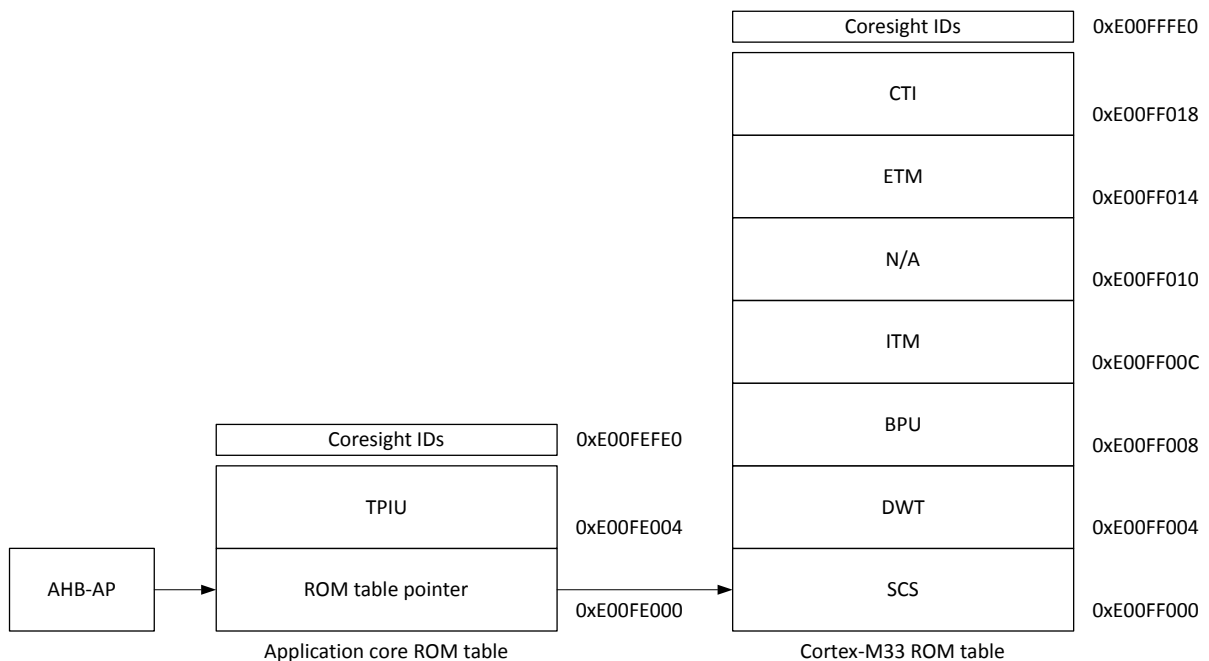


Figure 239: Application core ROM table overview

Address	Component	Value
0xE00FEFFC	CIDR3	0x000000B1
0xE00FEFF8	CIDR2	0x00000005
0xE00FEFF4	CIDR1	0x00000010
0xE00FEFF0	CIDR0	0x0000000D
0xE00FEFDC	PIDR7	0x00000000
0xE00FEFD8	PIDR6	0x00000000
0xE00FEFD4	PIDR5	0x00000000
0xE00FEFD0	PIDR4	0x00000002
0xE00FEFEC	PIDR3	0x00000000
0xE00FEFE8	PIDR2	1. 0x0000002C nRF5340 limited sampling 2. 0x0000003C nRF5340
0xE00FEFE4	PIDR1	0x00000040
0xE00FEFE0	PIDR0	0x00000007
0xE00FEFCC	MEMTYPE	0x00000001
0xE00FE004	TPIU	0xFFFF42003
0xE00FE000	ROM table	0x00001003

Table 188: Application core ROM table entries

Address	Component	Value
0xE00FF01C	MTB (not implemented)	0xFFFF44002
0xE00FF018	CTI	0xFFFF43003
0xE00FF014	ETM	0xFFFF42003
0xE00FF00C	ITM	0xFFFF01003
0xE00FF008	BPU	0xFFFF03003
0xE00FF004	DWT	0xFFFF02003
0xE00FF000	SCS	0xFFFF0F003

Table 189: Application ARM Cortex-M33 ROM table entries

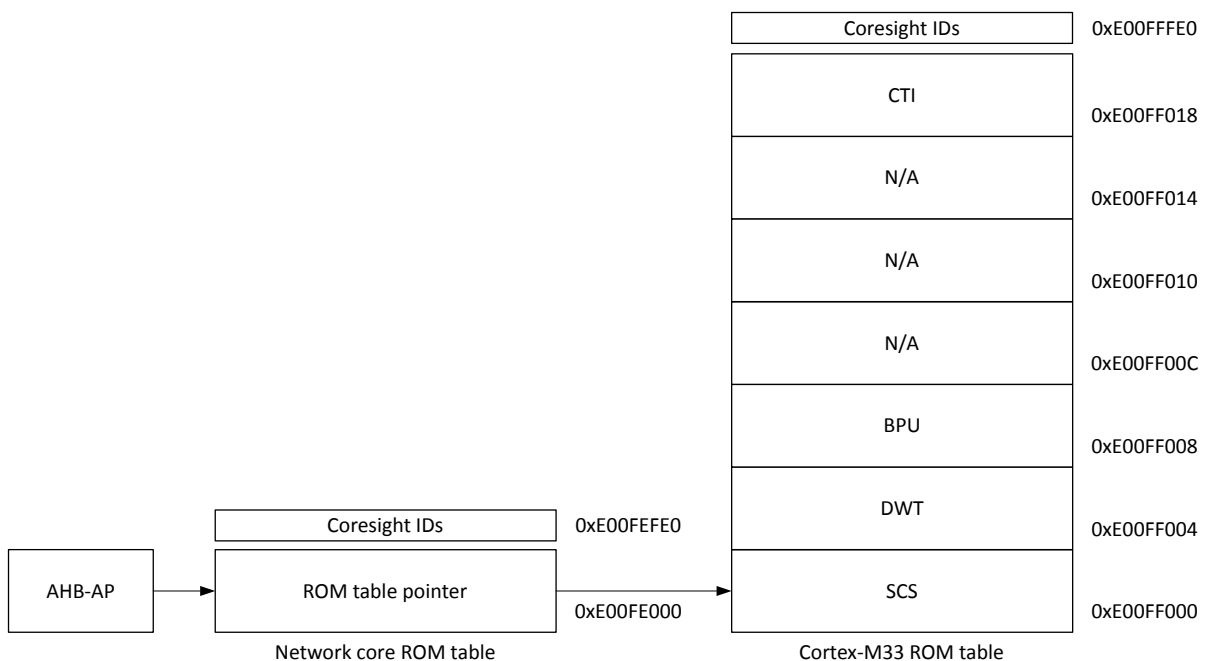


Figure 240: Network core ROM table overview

Address	Component	Value
0xE00EFFF8	CIDR3	0x000000B1
0xE00EFFF4	CIDR2	0x00000005
0xE00EFFF0	CIDR1	0x00000010
0xE00EFFF0	CIDR0	0x0000000D
0xE00FEFDC	PIDR7	0x00000000
0xE00FEFD8	PIDR6	0x00000000
0xE00FEFD4	PIDR5	0x00000000
0xE00FEFD0	PIDR4	0x00000002
0xE00FEFEC	PIDR3	0x00000000
0xE00FEFE8	PIDR2	1. 0x0000002C - nRF5340 limited sampling 2. 0x0000003C - nRF5340
0xE00FEFE4	PIDR1	0x00000040
0xE00FEFE0	PIDR0	0x00000007
0xE00FEFCC	MEMTYPE	0x00000001
0xE00FE000	ROM table	0x00001003

Table 190: Network core ROM table entries

Address	Component	Value
0xE00FF01C	MTB (not implemented)	0xFFFF4402
0xE00FF018	CTI	0xFFFF43003
0xE00FF014	ETM (not implemented)	0xFFFF42002
0xE00FF00C	ITM (not implemented)	0xFFFF01002
0xE00FF008	BPU	0xFFFF03003
0xE00FF004	DWT	0xFFFF02003
0xE00FF000	SCS	0xFFFF0F003

Table 191: Network ARM Cortex-M33 ROM table entries

8.1.6 Cross-trigger network

The debug system features a cross-trigger network that can be used for simultaneous starting and halting of the cores in the system. An overview of the cross-trigger connections is given in figure below.

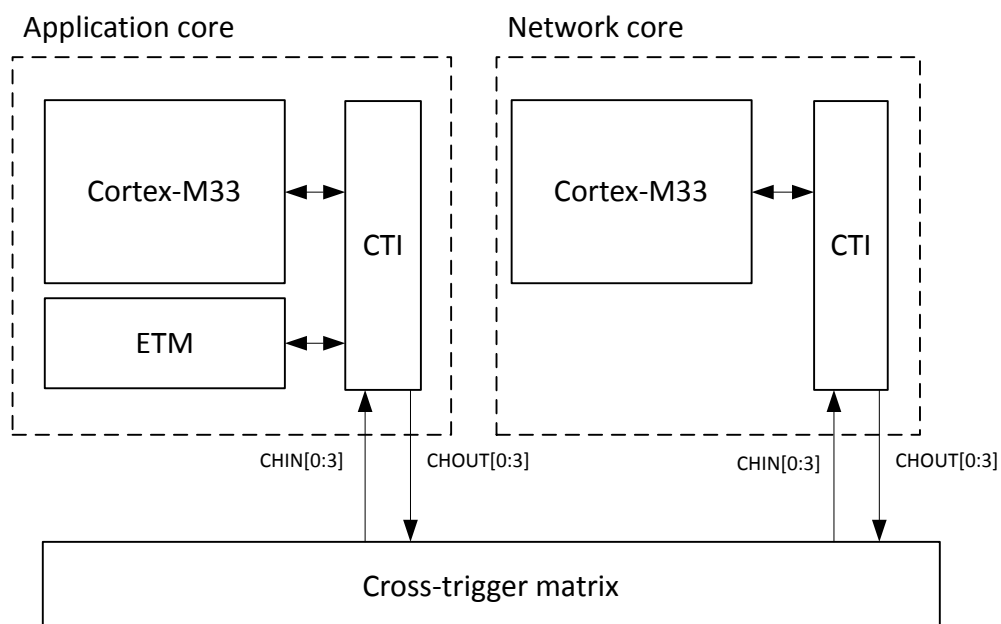


Figure 241: Cross-trigger network overview

Both the application and network core have a cross-trigger interface (CTI) peripheral that can trigger, or get triggered, by signals in the processor or debug blocks. The CTI can be configured to route trigger in-signals to trigger out-signals within the CTI or the cross-trigger matrix. The cross-trigger matrix has four channels in total that can be used to communicate trigger signals between cores.

It is possible to halt the network core when the application is halted (either because of a breakpoint or a stopped debug session). This can be done in the following way:

1. Configure application CTI to generate an event on channel 0 for CTITRIGIN[0] (processor halted) using CTIINEN[0].
2. Configure network CTI to trigger CTITRIGOUT[0] (processor debug request) on channel 0 using CTIOUTEN[0].

Configuring the cross-trigger interface

In this example, the following CTI channels are used:

- Channel 0 is used to relay debug requests from the application to the network domain.
- Channel 1 is used to relay debug requests from the network to the application domain.
- Channel 2 is used by the debugger to send a common trigger for restarting both domains after a breakpoint.

For the application core, add the following code:

```
#define CTI_TRIGIN_CPUHALTED    0
#define CTI_TRIGOUT_DEBUGREQ    0
#define CTI_TRIGOUT_CPURESTART  1
...
// Enable global CTI routing
NRF_CTI_S->CTICONTROL = CTI_CTICONTROL_GLBEN_Enabled;
// Connect the CPU halted trigger of this domain to debug request of the other domain
NRF_CTI_S->CTIINEN[CTI_TRIGIN_CPUHALTED]    = CTI_CTIINEN_TRIGINEN_0_Msk;
NRF_CTI_S->CTIOUTEN[CTI_TRIGOUT_DEBUGREQ]    = CTI_CTIOUTEN_TRIGOUTEN_1_Msk;
NRF_CTI_S->CTIOUTEN[CTI_TRIGOUT_CPURESTART] = CTI_CTIOUTEN_TRIGOUTEN_2_Msk;
```

For the network core, add the following code:

```
#define CTI_TRIGIN_CPUHALTED    0
#define CTI_TRIGOUT_DEBUGREQ    0
#define CTI_TRIGOUT_CPURESTART  1
...
// Enable global CTI routing
NRF_CTI_NS->CTICONTROL = CTI_CTICONTROL_GLBEN_Enabled;
// Connect the CPU halted trigger of this domain to debug request of the other domain
NRF_CTI_NS->CTIINEN[CTI_TRIGIN_CPUHALTED]    = CTI_CTIINEN_TRIGINEN_1_Msk;
NRF_CTI_NS->CTIOUTEN[CTI_TRIGOUT_DEBUGREQ]    = CTI_CTIOUTEN_TRIGOUTEN_0_Msk;
NRF_CTI_NS->CTIOUTEN[CTI_TRIGOUT_CPURESTART] = CTI_CTIOUTEN_TRIGOUTEN_2_Msk;
```

For more information about the trigger connections to and from the CTI, see the tables below.

Signal	Description
CTITRIGIN[0]	Processor halted
CTITRIGIN[1]	DWT comparator output 0
CTITRIGIN[2]	DWT comparator output 1
CTITRIGIN[3]	DWT comparator output 2
CTITRIGIN[4]	ETM event output 0
CTITRIGIN[5]	ETM event output 1

Table 192: Application core triggers to CTI

Signal	Description
CTITRIGOUT[0]	Processor debug request
CTITRIGOUT[1]	Processor restart
CTITRIGOUT[2]	N/A
CTITRIGOUT[3]	N/A
CTITRIGOUT[4]	ETM event input 0
CTITRIGOUT[5]	ETM event input 1
CTITRIGOUT[6]	ETM event input 2
CTITRIGOUT[7]	ETM event input 3

Table 193: Application core triggers from CTI

Signal	Description
CTITRIGIN[0]	Processor halted
CTITRIGIN[1]	DWT comparator output 0
CTITRIGIN[2]	DWT comparator output 1
CTITRIGIN[3]	DWT comparator output 2

Table 194: Network core triggers to CTI

Signal	Description
CTITRIGOUT[0]	Processor debug request
CTITRIGOUT[1]	Processor restart

Table 195: Network core triggers from CTI

8.1.7 Multidrop SWD

Multidrop SWD allows simultaneous access to an unlimited number of devices through a single connection. This is useful for connectivity-constrained products that contain multiple chips with multidrop support.

In order to select a target in a multidrop capable product, the debugger must write the correct **TINSTANCE**, **TPARTNO** and **TDESIGNER** fields into the SW-DP **TARGETSEL** register. Values for these fields are located in and fetched from two registers, **TARGETID** on page 738 and **DLPIDR** on page 738.

For more information about multidrop SWD, see *ARM Debug Interface Architecture Specification*, ADIv5.0 to ADIv5.2.

8.1.8 Trace

The device supports ETM and ITM trace.

Trace data from the ETM and the ITM is sent to an external debugger via a 4-bit wide parallel trace port (TPIU), see **TRACEDATA[0]** through **TRACEDATA[3]**, and **TRACECLK** in figure [Figure 238: Debug and trace overview](#) on page 730.

In addition to parallel trace, the TPIU supports serial trace via the serial wire output (SWO) trace protocol. Parallel and serial trace cannot be used at the same time. ETM trace is supported in parallel trace mode only, while both parallel and serial trace modes support the ITM trace. For details on how to use the trace capabilities, please read the debug documentation of your IDE.

TPIU's trace pins are multiplexed with GPIOs. SWO and TRACEDATA[0] use the same GPIO. See [Pin assignments](#) on page 764 for more information.

Trace speed is configured in the [TRACEPORTSPEED](#) on page 763 register. The speed of the trace pins depends on the drive setting of the GPIOs that the trace pins are multiplexed with. See [GPIO — General purpose input/output](#) on page 209 for information about how to set drive settings. Only S0S1 and H0H1 drives are suitable for debugging. S0S1 is the default drive at reset. If parallel or serial trace port signals are not fast enough in the debugging conditions, all GPIOs in use for tracing should be set to high drive (H0H1). The user shall make sure that these GPIOs' drive setting is not overwritten by software during the debugging session.

8.1.9 Enabling the trace port

A specific sequence of operations must be performed to enable the trace port.

1. Enable the debug master by using the code below.

```
NRF_TAD_S->ENABLE = TAD_ENABLE_ENABLE_Msk;
```

2. Request clock startup.

```
NRF_TAD_S->CLOCKSTART = TAD_CLOCKSTART_START_Msk;
```

3. Configure TPIU port to pads.

```
NRF_TAD_S->PSEL.TRACECLK = TAD_PSEL_TRACECLK_PIN_Traceclk;
NRF_TAD_S->PSEL.TRACEDATA0 = TAD_PSEL_TRACEDATA0_PIN_Tracedata0;
NRF_TAD_S->PSEL.TRACEDATA1 = TAD_PSEL_TRACEDATA1_PIN_Tracedata1;
NRF_TAD_S->PSEL.TRACEDATA2 = TAD_PSEL_TRACEDATA2_PIN_Tracedata2;
NRF_TAD_S->PSEL.TRACEDATA3 = TAD_PSEL_TRACEDATA3_PIN_Tracedata3;
```

4. Hand over control of the GPIO pads to the trace and debug subsystem, and set high drive strength to ensure sufficiently fast operation. Do this for all trace pins that should be used.

```
// Clear the bitfields before configuring to make sure the correct value is written
NRF_P0_S->PIN_CNF[TAD_PSEL_TRACECLK_PIN_Traceclk]
    &= ~(GPIO_PIN_CNF_MCUSEL_Msk | GPIO_PIN_CNF_DRIVE_Msk);
NRF_P0_S->PIN_CNF[TAD_PSEL_TRACECLK_PIN_Traceclk]
    |= (GPIO_PIN_CNF_MCUSEL_TND << GPIO_PIN_CNF_MCUSEL_Pos)
    | (GPIO_PIN_CNF_DRIVE_H0H1 << GPIO_PIN_CNF_DRIVE_Pos);
```

5. Set trace port speed to 64 MHz.

```
NRF_TAD_S->TRACEPORTSPEED = TAD_TRACEPORTSPEED_TRACEPORTSPEED_64MHz;
```

Note: Although possible, it is not recommended to run the trace port at less than half the CPU frequency, as it risks dropping some trace packets.

6. Configure ARM CoreSight components (see ARM CoreSight documents for more information).

8.1.10 Registers

Register	Offset	Security	Description
TARGETID	0x042		<p>The TARGETID register provides information about the target when the host is connected to a single device.</p> <p>The TARGETID register is accessed by a read of DP register 0x4 when the DPBANKSEL bit in the SELECT register is set to 0x2.</p>
DLPIDR	0x043		<p>The DLPIDR register provides information about the serial wire debug protocol version.</p> <p>Accessed by a read of DP register 0x4 when the DPBANKSEL bit in the SELECT register is set to 0x3.</p>

Table 196: Register overview

8.1.10.1 TARGETID

Address offset: 0x042

The TARGETID register provides information about the target when the host is connected to a single device.

The TARGETID register is accessed by a read of DP register 0x4 when the DPBANKSEL bit in the SELECT register is set to 0x2.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
			C C C C B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B A A A A A A A A A A																															
Reset 0x30070289			0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	R	TDESIGNER			An 11-bit code JEDEC JEP106 continuation code and identity code. The ID identifies the designer of the part.																													
		NordicSemi	0x44		Nordic Semiconductor ASA.																													
B	R	TPARTNO			Part number.																													
		nRF53	7		nRF53 Series.																													
C	R	TREVISION			Target revision.																													
		nRF5340LS	2		nRF5340 limited sampling.																													
		nRF5340	3		nRF5340.																													

8.1.10.2 DLPIDR

Address offset: 0x043

The DLPIDR register provides information about the serial wire debug protocol version.

Accessed by a read of DP register 0x4 when the DPBANKSEL bit in the SELECT register is set to 0x3.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			B	B	B	B																									A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000001			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	PROTVSN					Protocol version.																											
		SWDPv2	1				SW protocol version 2.																											
B	R	TINSTANCE					Target instance.																											
							This value is set by the UICR.TINSTANCE register.																											

8.1.11 Electrical specification

8.1.11.1 SW-DP

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
R_{pull}	Internal SWDIO and SWDCLK pull up/down resistance	..	..	..	k Ω
f_{SWDCLK}	SWDCLK frequency	..	..	..	MHz

8.1.11.2 Trace port

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
T_{cyc}	Clock period, as defined by ARM in Embedded Trace Macrocell Architecture Specification (see Timing specifications in Trace Port Physical Interface section)	..	..	..	ns

8.2 CTRL-AP - Control access port

The control access port (CTRL-AP) is a custom access port that enables control of the device when other debug access ports (DAP) have been disabled by the access port protection.

For an overview of the other debug access ports, see [DAP - Debug access port](#) on page 731.

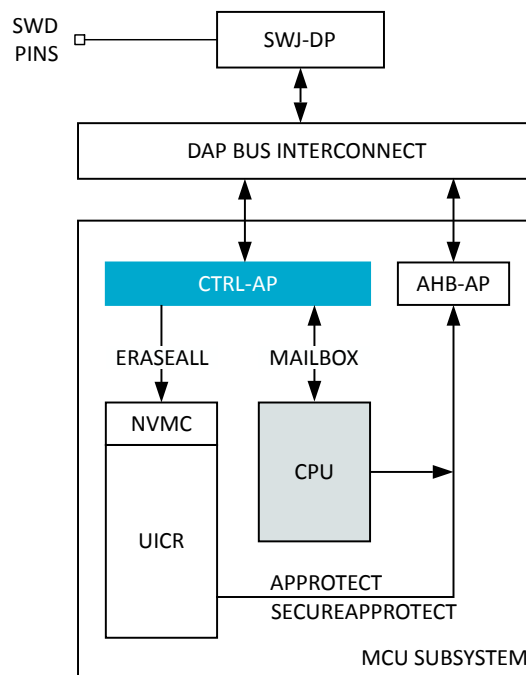


Figure 242: Control access port details

Access port protection (APPROTECT) blocks the debugger access to the AHB-AP, and prevents read and write access to all CPU registers and memory-mapped addresses. It is possible to enable access port protection for both secure and non-secure mode, using registers UICR.SECUREAPPROTECT and UICR.APPROTECT respectively. The debugger can use register [APPROTECT.STATUS](#) on page 743 to read the status of secure and non-secure access port protection.

CTRL-AP has the following features:

- Soft reset
- Erase all

- Mailbox interface
- Debug of protected devices

8.2.1 Reset request

The debugger can request the device to perform a soft reset.

Register [RESET](#) on page 742 is used to request the soft reset. Once the soft reset is performed, the reset reason is accessible to on-chip firmware through register [RESETREAS](#). For more information about the soft reset, see [RESET - Reset control](#) on page 55.

8.2.2 Erase all

Erase all function gives debugger the possibility of triggering an erase of flash, user information configuration registers (UICR), RAM, including all peripheral settings, as well as removing the access port protection.

To trigger an erase all function, the debugger can write to register [ERASEALL](#) on page 743. Register [ERASEALLSTATUS](#) on page 743 will read as busy for the duration of the operation. After the next reset, the access port protection is removed.

If the debugger performs an erase all function on a slave MCU, the erase sequence will always erase the application MCU first, independently of how the application is protected, before erasing the slave MCU.

Erase all protection

It is possible to prevent debugger from performing an erase all operation by writing to the [UICR.ERASEPROTECT](#) register. Once the register is configured and the device reset, the CTRL-AP [ERASEALL](#) operation is disabled, and all flash write and erase operations are restricted to firmware. In addition, it is still possible to write/erase from debugger as long as [UICR.APPROTECT](#) is not set.

Note: Setting [UICR.ERASEPROTECT](#) has no effect on debugger access, only on erase all operation.

Register [ERASEPROTECT.STATUS](#) on page 744 holds the status for erase protection.

8.2.3 Mailbox interface

CTRL-AP implements a mailbox interface which enables the CPU to communicate with a debugger over the SWD interface.

The mailbox interface consists of a transmit register [MAILBOX.TXDATA](#) on page 745 with its corresponding status register [MAILBOX.TXSTATUS](#) on page 745, and a receive register [MAILBOX.RXDATA](#) on page 746 with its corresponding status register [MAILBOX.RXSTATUS](#) on page 746. Status bits in registers [TXSTATUS](#)/[RXSTATUS](#) will be set and cleared automatically when registers [TXDATA](#)/[RXDATA](#) are written to and read from, independently of the direction.

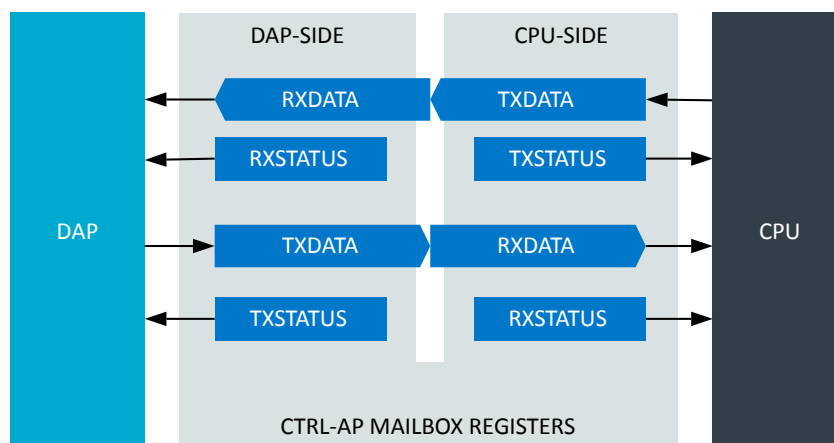


Figure 243: Mailbox register interface

Mailbox transfer sequence

1. Sender writes TXDATA
2. Hardware sets sender's TXSTATUS to DataPending
3. Hardware sets receiver's RXSTATUS to DataPending
4. Receiver reads RXDATA
5. Hardware sets receiver's RXSTATUS to NoDataPending
6. Hardware sets sender's TXSTATUS to NoDataPending

8.2.4 Disabling erase protection

The erase protection mechanism can be disabled in order to return a device to factory default settings upon next reset.

The debugger can read the erase protection status in register [ERASEPROTECT.STATUS](#) on page 744.

If ERASEPROTECT has been enabled, both the debugger and on-chip firmware must write the same non-zero 32-bit KEY value into their respective ERASEPROTECT.DISABLE registers in order to disable the erase protection. As soon as both registers have been written with the same non-zero 32-bit KEY value, the device is automatically erased as described in [Erase all](#) on page 740. The access ports will be re-enabled on next reset once the secure erase sequence has completed.

Write-once register [ERASEPROTECT.LOCK](#) on page 748 should be set to 'Locked' as early as possible in the start-up sequence, preferably as soon as on-chip firmware has determined it does not need to communicate with a debugger over the CTRL-AP mailbox interface. Once written, it will not be possible to remove the erase protection until next reset.

8.2.5 Disabling access port protection

The access port protection mechanisms can be temporarily disabled to erase or debug the device.

The debugger can read the access port protection status in register [APPROTECT.STATUS](#) on page 743.

Disabling non-secure access port protection

If APPROTECT has been enabled from UICR, both the debugger and on-chip firmware must write the same 32-bit KEY value into their respective APPROTECT.DISABLE registers in order to disable the access port protection to non-secure mode. The access port protection remain disabled until a non-equal KEY value is written or until a pin reset is performed, allowing non-secure mode to be debugged through a reset.

Write-once register [APPROTECT.LOCK](#) on page 748 should be set to 'Locked' as early as possible in the start-up sequence, preferably as soon as on-chip firmware has determined it does not need to

communicate with a debugger over the CTRL-AP mailbox interface. Once written, it will not be possible to remove the non-secure mode access port protection until next reset.

Disabling secure access port protection

If SECUREAPPROTECT has been enabled from UICR, both the debugger and on-chip firmware must write the same 32-bit KEY value into their respective SECUREAPPROTECT.DISABLE registers in order to disable the access port protection to secure mode. The access port protection remain disabled until a non-equal KEY value is written or until a pin reset is performed, allowing secure mode to be debugged through a reset.

Write-once register [SECUREAPPROTECT.LOCK](#) on page 749 should be set to 'Locked' as early as possible in the start-up sequence, preferably as soon as on-chip firmware has determined it does not need to communicate with a debugger over the CTRL-AP mailbox interface. Once written, it will not be possible to remove the secure mode access port protection until next reset.

Note: If secure mode debug is enabled, an ERASEALL sequence can also be initiated by writing the same 32-bit KEY value into the respective ERASEPROTECT.DISABLE registers

8.2.6 Debugger registers

The CTRL-AP has a set of registers that can only be accessed from the debugger over the SWD interface. These are not accessible from the CPU.

8.2.6.1 Registers

Register	Offset	Security	Description
RESET	0x000		System reset request.
ERASEALL	0x004		Perform a secure erase of the device, where flash, SRAM and UICR will be erased in sequence. The device will be returned to factory default settings upon next reset.
ERASEALLSTATUS	0x008		Status register for the ERASEALL operation
APPROTECT.STATUS	0x00C		Status register for UICR APPROTECT and SECUREAPPROTECT configuration
APPROTECT.DISABLE	0x010		Disable APPROTECT and enable debug access to non-secure mode
SECUREAPPROTECT.DISABLE	0x014		Disable SECUREAPPROTECT and enable debug access to secure mode
ERASEPROTECT.STATUS	0x018		Status register for UICR ERASEPROTECT configuration
ERASEPROTECT.DISABLE	0x01C		Disable ERASEPROTECT and perform ERASEALL
MAILBOX.TXDATA	0x020		Data sent from the debugger to the CPU
MAILBOX.TXSTATUS	0x024		Status to indicate if data sent from the debugger to the CPU has been read
MAILBOX.RXDATA	0x028		Data sent from the CPU to the debugger
MAILBOX.RXSTATUS	0x02C		Status to indicate if data sent from the CPU to the debugger has been read
IDR	0x0FC		CTRL-AP Identification Register, IDR

Table 197: Register overview

8.2.6.1.1 RESET

Address offset: 0x000

System reset request.

This register is automatically deactivated during ERASEALL operation.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	RESET			System reset request and status																															
			NoReset	0	Write to release reset																															
					Reading '0' means reset is not active																															
			Reset	1	Write to hold reset																															
					Reading '1' means reset is active																															

8.2.6.1.2 ERASEALL

Address offset: 0x004

Perform a secure erase of the device, where flash, SRAM and UICR will be erased in sequence. The device will be returned to factory default settings upon next reset.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																								A				
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value					Description																																		
A	W	ERASEALL							Return device to factory default settings																																			
				NoOperation		0					No operation																																	
				Erase		1					Erase flash, SRAM and UICR in sequence																																	

8.2.6.1.3 ERASEALLSTATUS

Address offset: 0x008

Status register for the ERASEALL operation

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID																																						A	
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	R	ERASEALLSTATUS		Status bit for the ERASEALL operation																																			
		Ready	0	ERASEALL is ready																																			
		Busy	1	ERASEALL is busy (on-going)																																			

8.2.6.1.4 APPROTECT.STATUS

Address offset: 0x00C

Status register for UICR APPROTECT and SECUREAPPROTECT configuration

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																			B	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	APPROTECT				Status bit for access port protection																														
							Note: Reset value is auto read from the APPROTECT register in UICR																													
		Enabled	0			APPROTECT is enabled																														
		Disabled	1			APPROTECT is disabled																														
B	R	SECUREAPPROTECT				Status bit for secure access port protection																														
							Note: Reset value is auto read from the SECUREAPPROTECT register in UICR																													
		Enabled	0			SECUREAPPROTECT is enabled																														
		Disabled	1			SECUREAPPROTECT is disabled																														

8.2.6.1.5 APPROTECT.DISABLE

Address offset: 0x010

Disable APPROTECT and enable debug access to non-secure mode

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	KEY			Disable APPROTECT and enable debug access to non-secure mode until next pin reset if KEY fields match																													
					The current APPROTECT value as configured from UICR is bypassed if value of KEY fields are non-zero and KEY fields match on both CPU and debugger side																													

8.2.6.1.6 SECUREAPPROTECT.DISABLE

Address offset: 0x014

Disable SECUREAPPROTECT and enable debug access to secure mode

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A				
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value			Description																																
A	RW	KEY				<p>Disable SECUREAPPROTECT and enable debug of secure mode until next pin reset if KEY fields match</p> <p>The current SECUREAPPROTECT value as configured from UICR is bypassed if value of KEY fields are non-zero and KEY fields match on both CPU and debugger side.</p>																																

8.2.6.1.7 ERASEPROTECT.STATUS

Address offset: 0x018

Status register for UICR ERASEPROTECT configuration

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID																																							A	
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																		
A	R	PALL				Status bit for erase protection																																		
				<div>Note: Reset value is auto read from the ERASEPROTECT register in UICR</div>																																				
				Enabled	0	ERASEPROTECT is enabled																																		
				Disabled	1	ERASEPROTECT is not enabled and ERASEALL can be performed																																		

8.2.6.1.8 ERASEPROTECT.DISABLE

Address offset: 0x01C

Disable ERASEPROTECT and perform ERASEALL

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	KEY		The ERASEALL sequence will be initiated if value of KEY fields are non-zero and KEY fields match on both CPU and debugger side																															

8.2.6.1.9 MAILBOX.TXDATA

Address offset: 0x020

Data sent from the debugger to the CPU

Writing to this register will automatically set field DataPending in register TXSTATUS

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW Data							Data sent from debugger																											

8.2.6.1.10 MAILBOX.TXSTATUS

Address offset: 0x024

Status to indicate if data sent from the debugger to the CPU has been read

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	Status		Status of register DATA																														
		NoDataPending	0	No data pending in register TXDATA																														
		DataPending	1	Data pending in register TXDATA																														

8.2.6.1.11 MAILBOX.RXDATA

Address offset: 0x028

Data sent from the CPU to the debugger

Reading from this register will automatically set field NoDataPending in register RXSTATUS

Bit number					31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID					A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value				Description																											
A	R	Data						Data sent from CPU																												

8.2.6.1.12 MAILBOX.RXSTATUS

Address offset: 0x02C

Status to indicate if data sent from the CPU to the debugger has been read

Bit number					31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																					A
Reset 0x00000000					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																															
A	R	Status				Status of register DATA																															
			NoDataPending		0	No data pending in register RXDATA																															
			DataPending		1	Data pending in register RXDATA																															

8.2.6.1.13 IDR

Address offset: 0x0FC

CTRL-AP Identification Register, IDR

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
ID				E	E	E	E	D	D	D	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	B	B	B	B	B											A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x12880000				0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																		
A	R	APID				AP Identification																																		
B	R	CLASS				Access Port (AP) class																																		
			NotDefined	0x0	No defined class																																			
			MEMAP	0x8	Memory Access Port																																			
C	R	JEP106ID				JEDEC JEP106 identity code																																		
D	R	JEP106CONT				JEDEC JEP106 continuation code																																		
E	R	REVISION				Revision																																		

8.2.7 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0x50006000	APPLICATION	CTRLAPPERI	CTRLAP : S	US	NSA	Control access port CPU	
0x40006000			CTRLAP : NS			side	
0x41006000	NETWORK	CTRLAPPERI	CTRLAP	NS	NA	Control access port CPU	side

Table 198: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
MAILBOX.RXDATA	0x400		Data sent from the debugger to the CPU
MAILBOX.RXSTATUS	0x404		Status to indicate if data sent from the debugger to the CPU has been read
MAILBOX.TXDATA	0x480		Data sent from the CPU to the debugger
MAILBOX.TXSTATUS	0x484		Status to indicate if data sent from the CPU to the debugger has been read
ERASEPROTECT.LOCK	0x500		Lock register ERASEPROTECT.DISABLE from being written until next reset
ERASEPROTECT.DISABLE	0x504		Disable ERASEPROTECT and perform ERASEALL
APPROTECT.LOCK	0x540		Lock register APPROTECT.DISABLE from being written to until next reset
APPROTECT.DISABLE	0x544		Disable APPROTECT and enable debug access to non-secure mode
SECUREAPPROTECT.LOCK	0x548		Lock register SECUREAPPROTECT.DISABLE from being written until next reset
SECUREAPPROTECT.DISABLE	0x54C		Disable SECUREAPPROTECT and enable debug access to secure mode
STATUS	0x600		Status bits for CTRL-AP peripheral

Table 199: Register overview

8.2.7.1 MAILBOX.RXDATA

Address offset: 0x400

Data sent from the debugger to the CPU

Reading from this register will automatically set field NoDataPending in register RXSTATUS

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	R	RXDATA						Data received from debugger																											

8.2.7.2 MAILBOX.RXSTATUS

Address offset: 0x404

Status to indicate if data sent from the debugger to the CPU has been read

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A	R	RXSTATUS				Status of data in register RXDATA																												
			NoDataPending		0	No data pending in register RXDATA																												
			DataPending		1	Data pending in register RXDATA																												

8.2.7.3 MAILBOX.TXDATA

Address offset: 0x480

Data sent from the CPU to the debugger

Writing to this register will automatically set field DataPending in register TXSTATUS

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value				Description																											
A	RW TXDATA							Data sent to debugger																											

8.2.7.4 MAILBOX.TXSTATUS

Address offset: 0x484

Status to indicate if data sent from the CPU to the debugger has been read

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R TXSTATUS			Status of data in register TXDATA																														
		NoDataPending	0	No data pending in register TXDATA																														
		DataPending	1	Data pending in register TXDATA																														

8.2.7.5 ERASEPROTECT.LOCK

Address offset: 0x500

Lock register ERASEPROTECT.DISABLE from being written until next reset

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW1 LOCK			Lock register ERASEPROTECT.DISABLE from being written until next reset																															
		Unlocked	0	Register ERASEPROTECT.DISABLE is writeable																															
		Locked	1	Register ERASEPROTECT.DISABLE is read-only																															

8.2.7.6 ERASEPROTECT.DISABLE

Address offset: 0x504

Disable ERASEPROTECT and perform ERASEALL

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW KEY			The ERASEALL sequence will be initiated if value of KEY fields are non-zero and KEY fields match on both CPU and debugger side																															

8.2.7.7 APPROTECT.LOCK

Address offset: 0x540

Lock register APPROTECT.DISABLE from being written to until next reset

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID				A																																
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																
A	RW1 LOCK			Lock register APPROTECT.DISABLE from being written to until next reset																																
		Unlocked	0	Register APPROTECT.DISABLE is writeable																																
		Locked	1	Register APPROTECT.DISABLE is read-only																																

8.2.7.8 APPROTECT.DISABLE

Address offset: 0x544

Disable APPROTECT and enable debug access to non-secure mode

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value										Description																					
A	RW KEY												Disable APPROTECT and enable debug access to non-secure mode until next pin reset if KEY fields match																					
													The current APPROTECT value as configured from UICR is bypassed if value of KEY fields are non-zero and KEY fields match on both CPU and debugger side																					

8.2.7.9 SECUREAPPROTECT.LOCK

Address offset: 0x548

Lock register SECUREAPPROTECT.DISABLE from being written until next reset

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																																				A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ID	Acce Field			Value ID		Value		Description																												
A	RW1 LOCK							Lock register SECUREAPPROTECT.DISABLE from being written until next reset																												
				Unlocked		0		Register SECUREAPPROTECT.DISABLE is writeable																												
				Locked		1		Register SECUREAPPROTECT.DISABLE is read-only																												

8.2.7.10 SECUREAPPROTECT.DISABLE

Address offset: 0x54C

Disable SECUREAPPROTECT and enable debug access to secure mode

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A				
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value			Description																																
A	RW	KEY				Disable SECUREAPPROTECT and enable debug of secure mode until next pin reset if KEY fields match																																
						The current SECUREAPPROTECT value as configured from UICR is bypassed if value of KEY fields are non-zero and KEY fields match on both CPU and debugger side																																

8.2.7.11 STATUS

Address offset: 0x600

Status bits for CTRL-AP peripheral

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	DBGIFACEMODE				Status bit for device debug interface mode																													
			Disabled	0	No debugger attached																														
			Enabled	1	Debugger is attached and device is in debug interface mode																														
B	R	APPROTECT				Status bit for access port protection in non-secure mode																													
			Disabled	0	Non-secure mode access port protection is currently disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Non-secure mode access port protection is currently enabled																														
C	R	SECUREAPPROTECT				Status bit for access port protection in secure mode																													
			Disabled	0	Secure mode access port protection is currently disabled																														
			Enabled	1	Secure mode access port protection is currently enabled																														

8.3 CTI - Cross Trigger Interface

Configuration interface for the Cross Trigger Interface

Please refer to the [CTI](#) section for more information about how to configure the Cross Trigger Interface.

8.3.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0xE0042000	APPLICATION	CTI	CTI	S	NA	Cross-trigger interface	Application core CTI
0xE0042000	NETWORK	CTI	CTI	NS	NA	Cross-trigger interface	Network core CTI

Table 200: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
CTICONTROL	0x000		CTI Control register
CTIINTACK	0x010		CTI Interrupt Acknowledge register
CTIAPPSET	0x014		CTI Application Trigger Set register
CTIAPPCLEAR	0x018		CTI Application Trigger Clear register
CTIAPPULSE	0x01C		CTI Application Pulse register

Register	Offset	Security	Description
CTIINEN[n]	0x020		CTI Trigger to Channel Enable register
CTIOUTEN[n]	0x0A0		CTI Channel to Trigger Enable register
CTITRIGINSTATUS	0x130		CTI Trigger In Status register
CTITRIGOUTSTATUS	0x134		CTI Trigger Out Status register
CTICHINSTATUS	0x138		CTI Channel In Status register
CTIGATE	0x140		Enable CTI Channel Gate register
DEVARCH	0xFBC		Device Architecture register
DEVID	0xFC8		Device Configuration register
DEVTYPE	0xFCC		Device Type Identifier register
PIDR4	0xFD0		Peripheral ID4 Register
PIDR5	0xFD4		Peripheral ID5 register
PIDR6	0xFD8		Peripheral ID6 register
PIDR7	0xFDC		Peripheral ID7 register
PIDR0	0xFE0		Peripheral ID0 Register
PIDR1	0xFE4		Peripheral ID1 Register
PIDR2	0xFE8		Peripheral ID2 Register
PIDR3	0xFEC		Peripheral ID3 Register
CIDR0	0xFF0		Component ID0 Register
CIDR1	0xFF4		Component ID1 Register
CIDR2	0xFF8		Component ID2 Register
CIDR3	0xFFC		Component ID3 Register

Table 201: Register overview

8.3.1.1 CTICONTROL

Address offset: 0x000

CTI Control register

The CTICONTROL register enables the CTI.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																
ID			A																																
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A	RW	GLBEN		Enables or disables the CTI																															
		Disabled	0	All cross-triggering mapping logic functionality is disabled.																															
		Enabled	1	Cross-triggering mapping logic functionality is enabled.																															

8.3.1.2 CTIINTACK

Address offset: 0x010

CTI Interrupt Acknowledge register

The CTIINTACK register is a software acknowledge for a trigger output. This register is used when **ctitrigout** is used as a sticky output. That is, no hardware acknowledge is available and software acknowledge is required.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																											H				G	F	E	D	C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																														
A-H	W	INTACK[i] (i=0..7)				Acknowledges the ctitrigout i output.																															
		Acknowledge	1				Clears the ctitrigout																														

8.3.1.3 CTIAPPSET

Address offset: 0x014

CTI Application Trigger Set register

Writing to the CTIAPPSET register causes a channel event to be raised, corresponding to the bit written to.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value	Description																														
A-D	RW	APPSET[i] (i=0..3)			Application trigger event for channel i																														
			Inactive	0	Application trigger i is inactive.																														
			Active	1	Application trigger i is active.																														
			Activate	1	Generate channel event for channel i.																														

8.3.1.4 CTIAPPCLEAR

Address offset: 0x018

CTI Application Trigger Clear register

Writing to a bit in the CTIAPPCLEAR register clears the corresponding channel event.

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																			D	C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value		Description																																	
A-D	W	APPCLEAR[i] (i=0..3)		Sets the corresponding bits in the CTIAPPSET to 0. There is one bit of the register for each channel.																																		
		Clear	1		Clears the event for channel i																																	

8.3.1.5 CTIAPPPULSE

Address offset: 0x01C

CTI Application Pulse register

A write to this register causes a channel event pulse, one *ctclk* period, to be generated, corresponding to the bit written to. The pulse external to the CTI can be extended to multi-cycle by the handshaking interface circuits. This register clears itself immediately, so it can be repeatedly written to without software having to clear it.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A-D	W	APPULSE[i] (i=0..3)		Setting a bit HIGH generates a channel event pulse for the selected channel. There is one bit of the register for each channel.																														
		Generate	1	Generates an event pulse on channel i																														

8.3.1.6 CTIINEN[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x020 + (n × 0x4)

CTI Trigger to Channel Enable register

The CTIINENn register enables the signaling of an event on CTM channels when a trigger event is received by the CTI. There is a bit for each of the four channels implemented. This register does not affect the application trigger operations.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-D	RW	TRIGINEN[i] (i=0..3)		Enables a cross trigger event to channel i when a ctitrigin input is activated																															
		Disabled	0	Input trigger n events are ignored by channel i																															
		Enabled	1	When an event is received on input trigger n (ctitrigin[n]) generate an event on channel i																															

8.3.1.7 CTIOUTEN[n] (n=0..7)

Address offset: 0x0A0 + (n × 0x4)

CTI Channel to Trigger Enable register

The CTIOUTENn register defines which channels can generate a ctitrigin[n] output. There is a bit for each of the four channels implemented. This register affects the mapping from application trigger to trigger outputs.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID																																				D	C	B	A
Reset 0x00000000				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																			
A-D	RW	TRIGOUTEN[i] (i=0..3)			Enables a cross trigger event to ctitrigout when channel i when is activated																																		
		Disabled	0	Channel i is ignored by output trigger n																																			
		Enabled	1	When an event occur on channel i, generate an event on output event n (ctitrigout[n])																																			

8.3.1.8 CTITRIGINSTATUS

Address offset: 0x130

CTI Trigger In Status register

The CTITRIGINSTATUS register provides the status of the ctitrigin inputs.

Bit number										31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																											
ID										H G F E D C B A																											
Reset 0x00000000										0 0																											
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																														
A-H	R	TRIGINSTATUS[i] (i=0..7)						Shows the status of ctitrigini input																													
			Active		1	Ctitrigin i is active																															
			Inactive		0	Ctitrigin i is inactive																															

8.3.1.9 CTITRIGOUTSTATUS

Address offset: 0x134

CTI Trigger Out Status register

The CTITRIGOUTSTATUS register provides the status of the ctitrigout outputs.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0						
ID																														H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A										
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																								
A-H	R	TRIGOUTSTATUS[i]				Shows the status of ctitrigouti output																																									
		(i=0..7)																																													
		Active		1		Ctitrigout i is active																																									
		Inactive		0		Ctitrigout i is inactive																																									

8.3.1.10 CTICHINSTATUS

Address offset: 0x138

CTI Channel In Status register

The CTICHINSTATUS register provides the status of the ctichin inputs.

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				D C B A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																															
A-D	R	CTICHINSTATUS[i] (i=0..3)		Shows the status of the ctitrigin i input.																															
		Active	1	Ctichin i is active																															
		Inactive	0	Ctichin i is inactive																															

8.3.1.11 CTIGATE

Address offset: 0x140

Enable CTI Channel Gate register

The CTIGATE register prevents the channels from propagating through the CTM to other CTIs. This enables local cross-triggering, for example for causing an interrupt when the ETM trigger occurs. It can be used effectively with CTIAPPSET, CTIAPPCLEAR, and CTIAPPULSE for asserting trigger outputs by asserting channels, without affecting the rest of the system. On reset, this register is 0xF, and channel propagation is enabled.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
ID																																						D	C	B	A			
Reset 0x0000000F										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
ID	Acce Field		Value ID		Value		Description																																					
A-D	RW	CTIGATEEN[i] (i=0..3)				Enable ctichouti																																						
		Enabled		1		Enable ctichout channel i propagation																																						
		Disabled		0		Disable ctichout channel i propagation																																						

8.3.1.12 DEVARCH

Address offset: 0xFBC

Device Architecture register

Bit number		31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																	A
Reset 0x47701A14		0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																											
A	R	Architecture				Contains the CTI device architecture																											

8.3.1.13 DEVID

Address offset: 0xFC8

Device Configuration register

The DEVID register indicates the capabilities of the component.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																C	C	C	C	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B			A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x00040800				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value				Description																												
A	R	EXTMUXNUM							Indicates the number of multiplexers available on Trigger Inputs and Trigger Outputs that are using asicctl. The default value of 0b000000 indicates that no multiplexing is present.																											
B	R	NUMTRIG							Number of ECT triggers available																											
C	R	NUMCH							Number of ECT channels available																											

8.3.1.14 DEVTYPE

Address offset: 0xFCC

Device Type Identifier register

The DEVTYPE register provides a debugger with information about the component when the Part Number field is not recognized. The debugger can then report this information.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																													B B B B A A A A					
Reset 0x00000014			0 1 0 1 0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																												
A	R	MAJOR				Major classification of the type of the debug component as specified in the ARM Architecture Specification for this debug and trace component																												
			Controller	0b0100		Indicates that this component allows a debugger to control other components in a CoreSight SoC-400 system																												
B	R	SUB				Sub-classification of the type of the debug component as specified in the ARM Architecture Specification within the major classification as specified in the MAJOR field.																												
			Crosstrigger	0b0001		Indicates that this component is a sub-triggering component																												

8.3.1.15 PIDR4

Address offset: 0xFD0

Peripheral ID4 Register

The PIDR4 register is part of the set of peripheral identification registers. Contains part of the designer identity and the memory size.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B B B B A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000004			0 1 0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	R	DES_2		Together, PIDR1.DES_0, PIDR2.DES_1, and PIDR4.DES_2 identify the designer of the component																														
		Code	0b0100	JEDEC continuation code																														
B	R	SIZE		Always 0b0000. Indicates that the device only occupies 4KB of memory																														

8.3.1.16 PIDR5

Address offset: 0xFD4

Peripheral ID5 register

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																																		
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														

8.3.1.17 PIDR6

Address offset: 0xFD8

Peripheral ID6 register

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID																																		
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														

8.3.1.18 PIDR7

Address offset: 0xFDC

Peripheral ID7 register

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID																																		
Reset 0x00000000			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value				Description																											

8.3.1.19 PIDR0

Address offset: 0xFE0

Peripheral ID0 Register

The PIDR0 register is part of the set of peripheral identification registers. Contains part of the designer-specific part number.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000021				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																															
A	R	PART_0				Bits[7:0] of the 12-bit part number of the component. The designer of the component assigns this part number																															
		PartnumberL	0x21			Indicates bits[7:0] of the part number of the component																															

8.3.1.20 PIDR1

Address offset: 0xFE4

Peripheral ID1 Register

The PIDR1 register is part of the set of peripheral identification registers. Contains part of the designer-specific part number and part of the designer identity

Bit number			31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																											B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	
Reset 0x000000BD			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID		Value		Description																												
A	R	PART_1					Bits[11:8] of the 12-bit part number of the component. The designer of the component assigns this part number																												
			PartnumberH		0b1101		Indicates bits[11:8] of the part number of the component																												
B	R	DES_0					Together, PIDR1.DES_0, PIDR2.DES_1, and PIDR4.DES_2 identify the designer of the component																												
			Arm		0b1011		ARM. Bits[3:0] of the JEDEC JEP106 Identity Code																												

8.3.1.21 PIDR2

Address offset: 0xFE8

Peripheral ID2 Register

The PIDR2 register is part of the set of peripheral identification registers. Contains part of the designer identity and the product revision.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID			C C C C B A A A																																			
Reset 0x0000000B			0 1 0 1 1																																			
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	R	DES_1			Together, PIDR1.DES_0, PIDR2.DES_1, and PIDR4.DES_2 identify the designer of the component																																	
			Arm	0b011	ARM. Bits[6:4] of the JEDEC JEP106 Identity Code																																	
B	R	JEDEC			Always 1. Indicates that the JEDEC-assigned designer ID is used																																	
C	R	REVISION			Peripheral revision																																	
			Rev0p0	0b0000	This device is at r0p0																																	

8.3.1.22 PIDR3

Address offset: 0xFEC

Peripheral ID3 Register

The PIDR3 register is part of the set of peripheral identification registers. Contains the REVAND and CMOD fields.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																																			
ID			B B B B A A A A																																			
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																																			
ID	Acce	Field	Value ID	Value	Description																																	
A	R	CMOD	Unmodified	0b000	Customer Modified. Indicates whether the customer has modified the behavior of the component. In most cases, this field is 0b0000. Customers change this value when they make authorized modifications to this component. Indicates that the customer has not modified this component																																	
B	R	REVAND	NoErrata	0b000	Indicates minor errata fixes specific to the revision of the component being used, for example metal fixes after implementation. In most cases, this field is 0b0000. ARM recommends that the component designers ensure that a metal fix can change this field if required, for example, by driving it from registers that reset to 0b0000. Indicates that there are no errata fixes to this component																																	

8.3.1.23 CIDR0

Address offset: 0xFF0

Component ID0 Register

The CIDR0 register is a component identification register that indicates the presence of identification registers.

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID				B B B B A A A A																															
Reset 0x00000090				0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0																															
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																													
A	R	PRMBL_1				Preamble[1]. Contains bits[11:8] of the component identification code																													
			Value	0b0000		Bits[11:8] of the identification code																													
B	R	CLASS				Class of the component, for example, whether the component is a ROM table or a generic CoreSight component. Contains bits[15:12] of the component identification code																													
			Coresight	0b1001		Indicates that the component is a CoreSight component																													

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ID																												A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reset 0x00000005				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																														
A	R	PRMBL_2				Preamble[2]. Contains bits[23:16] of the component identification code																														
		Value	0x05	Bits[23:16] of the identification code																																

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																														A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A						
Reset 0x000000B1										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	R	PRMBL_3									Preamble[3]. Contains bits[31:24] of the component identification code																																
		Value			0xB1						Bits[31:24] of the identification code																																

8.4 TAD - Trace and debug control

Configuration interface for trace and debug

Please refer to the [Trace](#) section for more information about how to configure the trace and debug interface.

Note: Although there are [PSEL](#) registers for the trace port, each function can only be mapped to a single pin due to pin speed requirements. Setting the PIN field to anything else will not have any effect. See [Pin assignment chapter](#) for more information

8.4.1 Registers

Base address	Domain	Peripheral	Instance	Secure mapping	DMA security	Description	Configuration
0xE0080000	APPLICATION	TAD	TAD	S	NA	Trace and debug control	

Table 202: Instances

Register	Offset	Security	Description
CLOCKSTART	0x004		Start all trace and debug clocks.
CLOCKSTOP	0x008		Stop all trace and debug clocks.
ENABLE	0x500		Enable debug domain and aquire selected GPIOs
PSEL.TRACECLK	0x504		Pin configuration for TRACECLK
PSEL.TRACEDATA0	0x508		Pin configuration for TRACEDATA[0] and SWO
PSEL.TRACEDATA1	0x50C		Pin configuration for TRACEDATA[1]
PSEL.TRACEDATA2	0x510		Pin configuration for TRACEDATA[2]
PSEL.TRACEDATA3	0x514		Pin configuration for TRACEDATA[3]
TRACEPORTSPEED	0x518		Clocking options for the Trace Port debug interface.

Table 203: Register overview

8.4.1.1 CLOCKSTART

Address offset: 0x004

Start all trace and debug clocks.

Bit number		31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																														
ID		A																														
Reset 0x00000000		0 0																														
ID	Acce Field	Value ID		Value		Description																										
A	W	START		1		Start all trace and debug clocks.																										
		Start		1																												

8.4.1.2 CLOCKSTOP

Address offset: 0x008

Stop all trace and debug clocks.

Bit number										31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ID																																								A			
Reset 0x00000000										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	Acce Field			Value ID			Value			Description																																	
A	W	STOP			Stop			1			Stop all trace and debug clocks.																																

8.4.1.3 ENABLE

Address offset: 0x500

Enable debug domain and aquire selected GPIOs

Bit number				31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID				A																															
Reset 0x00000000				0 0																															
ID	Acce Field		Value ID	Value		Description																													
A	RW	ENABLE																																	
			DISABLED	0		Disable debug domain and release selected GPIOs																													
			ENABLED	1		Enable debug domain and aquire selected GPIOs																													

8.4.1.4 PSEL.TRACECLK

Address offset: 0x504

Pin configuration for TRACECLK

Bit number				31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
ID				B																																A	A	A	A
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
ID	Acce	Field	Value	ID	Value	Description																																	
A	RW	PIN				Pin number																																	
			Traceclk	12	TRACECLK pin																																		
						Note: Only this pin is valid																																	
B	RW	CONNECT				Connection																																	
			Disconnected	1	Disconnect																																		
			Connected	0	Connect																																		

8.4.1.5 PSEL.TRACEDATA0

Address offset: 0x508

Pin configuration for TRACEDATA[0] and SWO

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	PIN		Pin number																														
		Tracedata0	11	TRACEDATA0/SWO pin																														
				Note: Only this pin is valid																														
B	RW	CONNECT		Connection																														
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																														
		Connected	0	Connect																														

8.4.1.6 PSEL.TRACEDATA1

Address offset: 0x50C

Pin configuration for TRACEDATA[1]

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW PIN	Tracedata1	10	Pin number																														
				TRACEDATA1 pin																														
				Note: Only this pin is valid																														
B	RW CONNECT			Connection																														
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																														
		Connected	0	Connect																														

8.4.1.7 PSEL.TRACEDATA2

Address offset: 0x510

Pin configuration for TRACEDATA[2]

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	PIN		Pin number																														
		Tracedata2	9	TRACEDATA2 pin																														
		Note: Only this pin is valid																																
B	RW	CONNECT		Connection																														
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																														
		Connected	0	Connect																														

8.4.1.8 PSEL.TRACEDATA3

Address offset: 0x514

Pin configuration for TRACEDATA[3]

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			B																															
Reset 0xFFFFFFFF			1 1																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	PIN		Pin number																														
		Tracedata3	8	TRACEDATA3 pin																														
				Note: Only this pin is valid																														
B	RW	CONNECT		Connection																														
		Disconnected	1	Disconnect																														
		Connected	0	Connect																														

8.4.1.9 TRACEPORTSPEED

Address offset: 0x518

Clocking options for the Trace Port debug interface.

This register is a retained register. Reset behavior is the same as debug components.

Bit number			31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0																															
ID			A A																															
Reset 0x00000000			0 0																															
ID	Acce Field	Value ID	Value	Description																														
A	RW	TRACEPORTSPEED		Speed of Trace Port clock. Note that the TRACECLK pin output will be divided again by two from the Trace Port clock.																														
		64MHz	0	Trace Port clock is: 64MHz																														
		32MHz	1	Trace Port clock is: 32MHz																														
		8MHz	2	Trace Port clock is: 8MHz																														
		4MHz	3	Trace Port clock is: 4MHz																														

9 Hardware and layout

9.1 Pin assignments

This section describes the pin assignment and the pin functions.

This device provides flexibility when it comes to routing and configuration of the GPIO pins. However, some pins have recommendations for how the pin should be configured or what it should be used for.

In addition to the information in the pin-out tables for the respective packages, the following peripherals have dedicated pins that should be used for proper operation:

- TWI - In 1 Mbps mode, the two high-speed TWI pins must be configured in the TWI peripheral's PSEL registers
- QSPI - For the fastest QSPI mode, the special purpose GPIO pins are enabled using the PIN_CNF[p].MCUSEL register
- SPIM2 - For the fastest SPI mode, the special purpose GPIO pins are enabled using the PIN_CNF[p].MCUSEL register

For all high-speed signals, printed circuit board (PCB) layout must ensure that connections are made using short PCB traces. Refer to the manufacturer's PCB design recommendations for additional information.

9.1.1 aQFN94 pin assignments

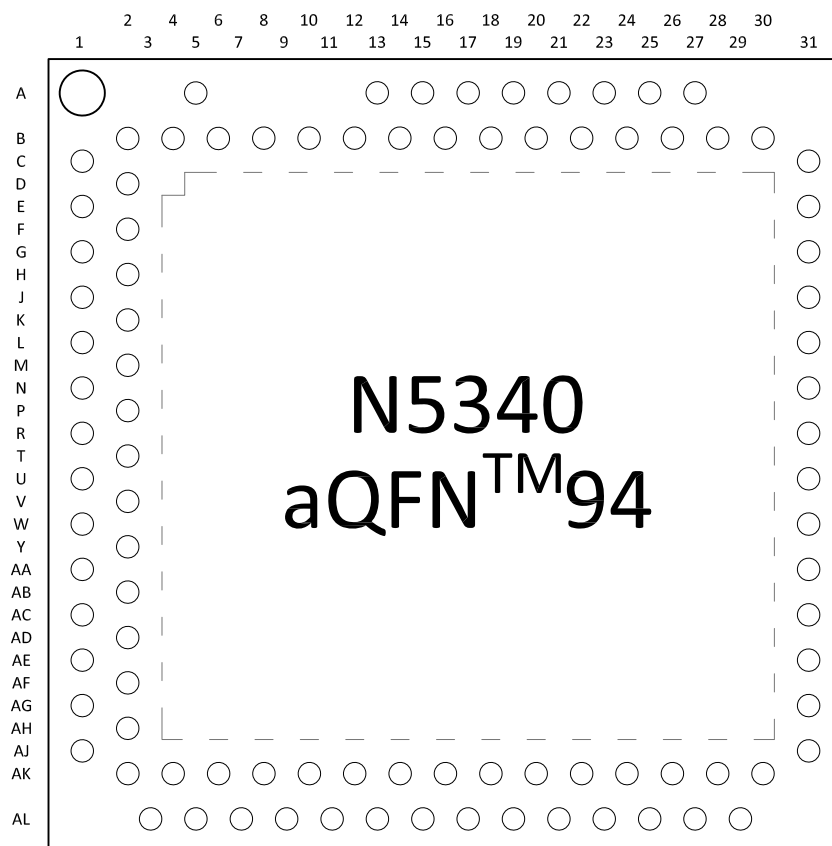


Figure 244: aQFN94 pin assignments, top view

Pin	Name	Function	Description
A5	VBUS	Power	5 V input for USB 3.3 V regulator
A13	DECA	Power	Analog regulator supply decoupling
A15	DECD	Power	Digital regulator supply decoupling
A17	P1.13	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
A19	VDD	Power	Power supply
A21	DCCR	Power	DC/DC converter output
A23	DECN	Power	Regulator supply decoupling
A27	DECR	Power	Regulator supply decoupling
B2	D+	Digital I/O	USB D+
B4	D-	Digital I/O	USB D-
B6	DECUSB	Power	USB 3.3 V regulator supply decoupling
B8	VDD	Power	Power supply
B10	DCCD	Power	DC/DC converter output
B14	P1.15	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
B16	P1.14	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
B18	P1.12	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
B20	P1.11	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
B22	P0.31	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
B24	P0.30	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
B28	VDD	Power	Power supply
B30	XC2	Analog input	Connection for 32 MHz crystal
C1	VDD	Power	Power supply
C31	XC1	Analog input	Connection for 32 MHz crystal
E1	VDDH	Power	Power supply
E31	VDD	Power	Power supply
G31	DECRF	Power	RADIO power supply decoupling
J1	DCCH	Power	DC/DC converter output
L1	VDD	Power	Power supply
L31	ANT	RF	Single-ended antenna connection
M2	P1.00	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
N1	P0.00	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	XL1	Analog input	Connection for 32 kHz crystal
N31	VDD	Power	Power supply
P2	P1.01	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
R1	P0.01	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	XL2	Analog input	Connection for 32 kHz crystal
R31	P1.10	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
U1	VDD	Power	Power supply
U31	P0.29	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
V2	P0.04	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	AIN0	Analog input	Analog input
W1	P0.02	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	NFC1	NFC input	NFC antenna connection
W31	SWDCLK	Debug	Serial wire debug clock input for debug and programming
Y2	P0.05	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	AIN1	Analog input	Analog input
AA1	P0.03	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	NFC2	NFC input	NFC antenna connection
AA31	SWDIO	Debug	Serial wire debug I/O for debug and programming
AB2	P0.06	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	AIN2	Analog input	Analog input
AC1	VDD	Power	Power supply
AC31	nRESET	Reset	Pin RESET with internal pull-up resistor

Pin	Name	Function	Description
AD2	P0.07	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	AIN3	Analog input	Analog input
AE1	P1.02	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	TWI	TWI 1 Mbps	High-speed pin for 1 Mbps TWI
AE31	P0.28	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	AIN7	Analog input	Analog input
AF2	P1.03	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	TWI	TWI 1 Mbps	High-speed pin for 1 Mbps TWI
AG1	VDD	Power	Power supply
AG31	DECF	Power	Regulator supply decoupling
AH2	P0.08	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	TRACEDATA3	Trace data	Trace buffer TRACEDATA[3]
	SCK	SCK for SPIM2	Dedicated pin for high-speed SPI
AJ1	P0.09	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	TRACEDATA2	Trace data	Trace buffer TRACEDATA[2]
	MOSI	MOSI for SPIM2	Dedicated pin for high-speed SPI
AJ31	VDD	Power	Power supply
AK2	P0.10	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	TRACEDATA1	Trace data	Trace buffer TRACEDATA[1]
	MISO	MISO for SPIM2	Dedicated pin for high-speed SPI
AK4	P0.11	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	TRACEDATA0	Trace data	Trace buffer TRACEDATA[0]
AK6	P0.12	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	TRACECLK	Trace clock	Trace buffer clock
AK8	P0.14	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	IO1	IO1 for QSPI	Dedicated pin for Quad SPI
AK10	P0.15	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	IO2	IO2 for QSPI	Dedicated pin for Quad SPI
AK12	P0.17	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	SCK	SCK for QSPI	Dedicated pin for Quad SPI
AK14	P0.18	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	CSN	CSN for QSPI	Dedicated pin for Quad SPI
AK16	P0.20	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
AK18	P0.22	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
AK20	P0.23	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
AK22	P1.05	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
AK24	P1.07	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
AK26	P1.09	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
AK28	P0.25	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	AIN4	Analog input	Analog input
AK30	P0.27	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	AIN6	Analog input	Analog input
AL3	VDD	Power	Power supply
AL5	P0.13	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	IO0	IO0 for QSPI	Dedicated pin for Quad SPI
AL7	VDD	Power	Power supply
AL9	P0.16	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	IO3	IO3 for QSPI	Dedicated pin for Quad SPI
AL11	VDD	Power	Power supply
AL13	P0.19	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
AL15	P0.21	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
AL17	VDD	Power	Power supply
AL19	P1.04	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O

Pin	Name	Function	Description
AL21	P1.06	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
AL23	P1.08	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
AL25	VDD	Power	Power supply
AL27	P0.24	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
AL29	P0.26	Digital I/O	General purpose I/O
	AIN5	Analog input	Analog input
Bottom of chip			
Die pad	VSS	Power	Ground pad. Exposed die pad must be connected to ground (VSS) for proper device operation.

Table 204: aQFN94 pin assignments

9.2 Mechanical specifications

The mechanical specifications for the packages show the dimensions in millimeters.

9.2.1 aQFN94 7 x 7 mm package

Dimensions in millimeters for the aQFN94 7 x 7 mm package.

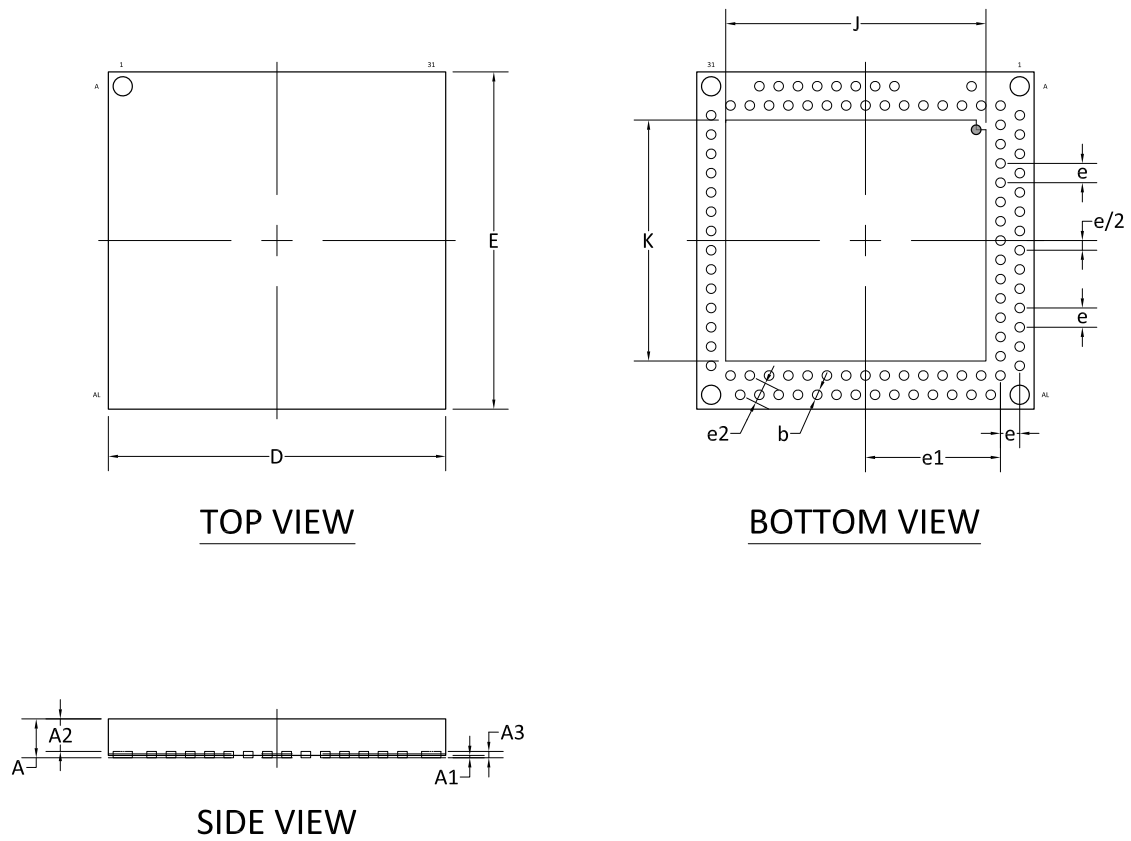


Figure 245: aQFN94 7 x 7 mm package

		Symbol	Min	Nom	Max
Total thickness		A			0.85
Stand off		A1	0.02	0.05	0.08
Mold thickness		A2	0.675		
L/F thickness		A3	0.13		
Lead width		b	0.15	0.2	0.25
Body size	X	D	7.00		
	Y	E	7.00		
Lead pitch		e	0.4		
		e1	2.8		
		e2	0.447		
EP Size	X	J	5.3	5.4	5.5
	Y	K	4.9	5	5.1
Package edge tolerance		aaa	0.05		
Mold flatness		bbb	0.08		
Coplanarity		ccc	0.08		
Lead offset		ddd	0.08		
Exposed pad offset		eee	0.1		

Table 205: aQFN94 dimensions in millimeters

9.3 Reference circuitry

To ensure good RF performance when designing PCBs, it is highly recommended to use the PCB layouts and component values provided by Nordic Semiconductor.

Documentation for the different package reference circuits, including Altium Designer files, PCB layout files, and PCB production files can be downloaded from www.nordicsemi.com.

In this section, there is a reference circuit for QKAA aQFN94, showing the components and component values to support on-chip features in a design.

Some general guidance is summarized here:

- When supplying power from a USB source only, VBUS must be connected to VDDH if USB is to be used.
- Components required for DC/DC function are only needed if DC/DC mode is enabled for that regulator.
- NFC can be used in any configuration.
- USB can be used in any configuration as long as VBUS is supplied by the USB host.
- The schematics include an optional, but recommended, series resistor on the USB supply for improved immunity to transient over-voltage during VBUS connection.

9.3.1 Circuit configuration no. 1

Circuit configuration number 1 for QKAA aQFN94, showing the schematic and the bill of materials table.

Config no.	Supply configuration		Enabled features	
	VDDH	VDD	USB	NFC
Config. 1	USB	N/A	Yes	No

Table 206: Configuration summary for circuit configuration no. 1

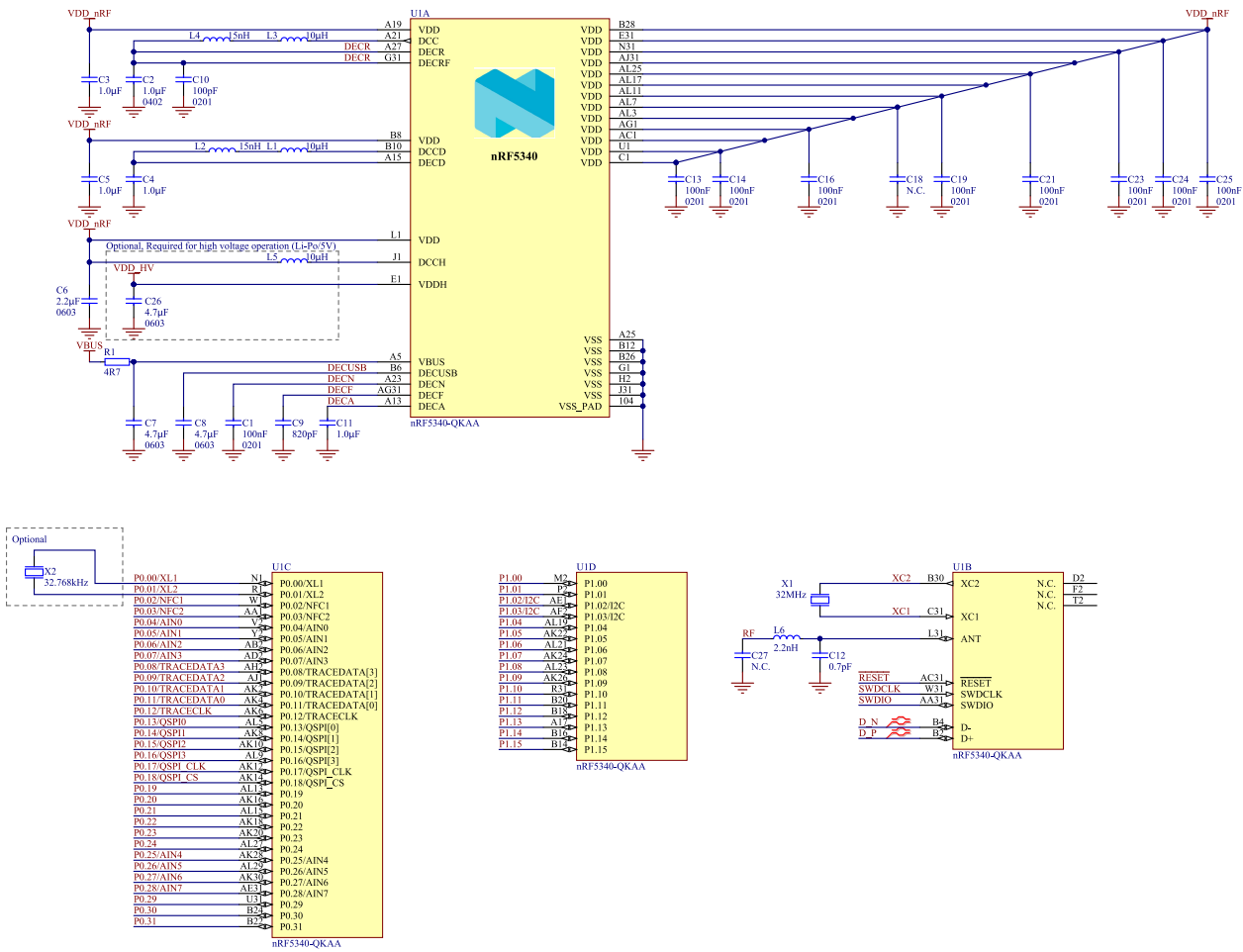


Figure 246: Circuit configuration no. 1 schematic

Note: For PCB reference layouts, see the product page for the nRF5340 on www.nordicsemi.com.

Designator	Value	Description	Footprint
C1, C13, C14, C16, C19, C21, C23, C24, C25	100 nF	Capacitor, X5R, $\pm 10\%$	0201
C2, C3, C4, C5, C11	1.0 μ F	Capacitor, X5R, $\pm 5\%$, 6.3 V	0402
C6	2.2 μ F	Capacitor, X7R, $\pm 10\%$	0603
C7	4.7 μ F	Capacitor, X7R, $\pm 10\%$	0603
C8, C26	4.7 μ F	Capacitor, X7S, $\pm 10\%$	0603
C9	820 pF	Capacitor, X7R, $\pm 10\%$	0201
C10	100 pF	Capacitor, NP0, $\pm 2\%$	0201
C12	0.7 pF	Capacitor, NP0, ± 0.05 pF	0201
C18, C27	N.C.	Not mounted	0201
L1, L3, L5	10 μ H	Inductor, 250 mA, $\pm 20\%$, 1.05 Ω	0603
L2, L4	15 nH	Inductor, 250 mA, $\pm 5\%$	0201
L6	2.2 nH	High frequency chip inductor, $\pm 5\%$	0201
R1	4.7 Ω	Resistor, $\pm 1\%$, 0.05 W	0201
U1	nRF5340-QKAA	Multi-protocol Bluetooth Low Energy, IEEE 802.15.4, ANT and 2.4GHz proprietary system-on-chip	AQFN-94
X1	32 MHz	XTAL SMD 2016, 32 MHz, CI=8 pF, ± 40 ppm	XTAL_2016
X2	32.768 kHz	XTAL SMD 2012, 32.768 kHz, CI=9 pF, Total Tol: ± 50 ppm	XTAL_2012

Table 207: Bill of material for circuit configuration no. 1

9.3.2 PCB layout example

The PCB layout shown below is a reference layout for the aQFN package with internal LDO setup and VBUS supply.

Note: Pay attention to how the capacitor C12 is grounded. It is not directly connected to the ground plane, but grounded via pin J31 and to the VSS die pad. This is done to create additional filtering of harmonic components.

For all available reference layouts, see the product page for the nRF5340 on www.nordicsemi.com.

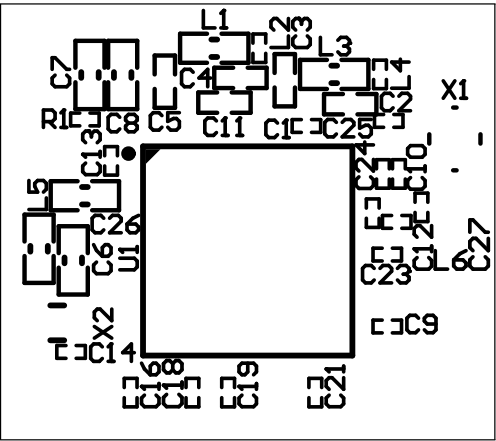


Figure 247: Top silk layer

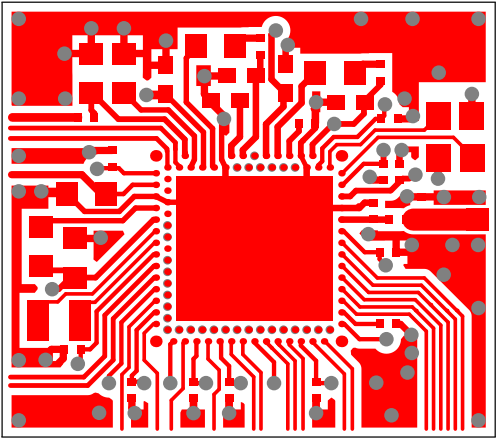


Figure 248: Top layer

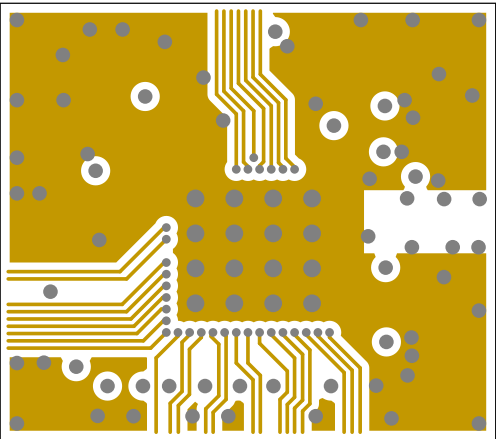


Figure 249: Mid layer 1

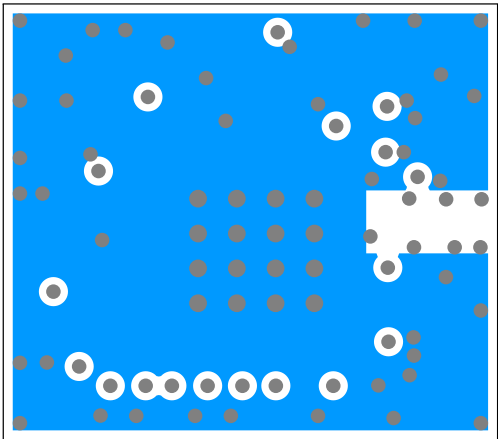


Figure 250: Mid layer 2

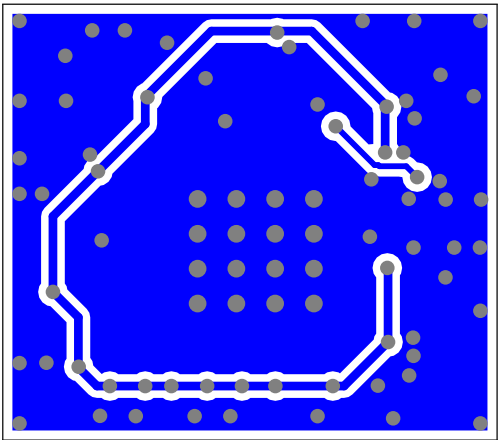


Figure 251: Bottom layer

10 Recommended operating conditions

The operating conditions are the physical parameters that the chip can operate within.

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units
VDD	VDD supply voltage, independent of DCDC enable		1.7	3.0	3.6	V
VDDH	VDDH supply voltage, independent of DCDC enable		2.5	3.7	5.5	V
t _{R_VDD}	Supply rise time (0 V to 1.7 V)				tbd	ms
t _{R_VDDH}	Supply rise time (0 V to 3.7 V)				tbd	ms
TA	Operating temperature		-40	25	105	°C

Table 208: Recommended operating conditions

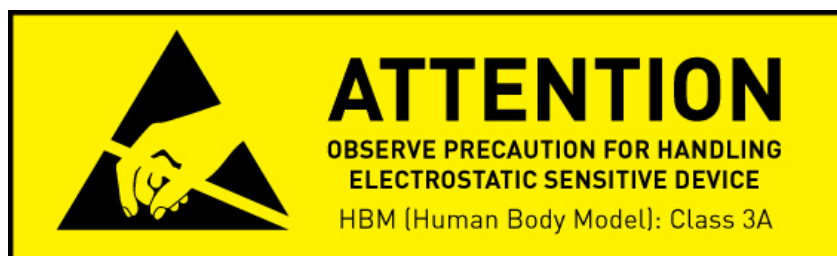
Important: The on-chip power-on reset circuitry may not function properly for rise times longer than the specified maximum.

11 Absolute maximum ratings

Maximum ratings are the extreme limits to which the chip can be exposed for a limited amount of time without permanently damaging it. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for prolonged periods of time may affect the reliability of the device.

	Note	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltages				
VDD		-0.3	+3.9	V
VDDH		-0.3	+5.8	V
VBUS		-0.3	+5.8	V
VSS			0	V
I/O pin voltage				
$V_{I/O}$, VDD \leq 3.6 V		-0.3	VDD + 0.3 V	V
$V_{I/O}$, VDD > 3.6 V		-0.3	3.9 V	V
Environmental aQFN package				
Storage temperature		-40	+125	°C
MSL	Moisture Sensitivity Level		2	
ESD HBM	Human Body Model		2	kV
ESD CDM	Charged Device Model		500	V
Flash memory				
Endurance		10 000		Write/erase cycles
Retention		10 years at 40°C		

Table 209: Absolute maximum ratings



12 Ordering information

This chapter contains information on IC marking, ordering codes, and container sizes.

12.1 IC marking

The nRF5340 SoC package is marked as shown in the following figure.

N	5	3	4	0	
<P>	P>	<V	V>	<H>	<P>
<Y	Y>	<W	W>	<L	L>

Figure 252: IC marking

12.2 Box labels

The following figures define the box labels used for the nRF5340.

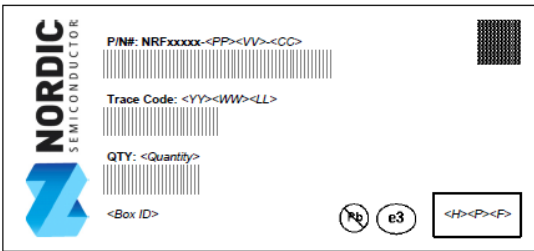


Figure 253: Inner box label

FROM:

TO:

DEVICE: NRFxxxx-<PP>-<VV>-<CC>

S/O No.: <Nordic Sales Order>

CUSTOMER PO No.: <Customer Purchase Order>

WF LOT No.: <Wafer Lot Number>

Trace Code: <YY>-<WW>-<LL>

QTY: <Quantity>

PACKAGE COUNT:
 of

PACKAGE WEIGHT:
 KGS

COUNTRY OF ORIGIN: <Country>

Figure 254: Outer box label

12.3 Order code

The following tables define the nRF5340 order codes and definitions.

n	R	F	5	3	4	0	-	<P	P>	<V	V>	-	<C	C>
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	---	----	----

Figure 255: Order code

Abbreviation	Definition and implemented codes
N53/nRF53	nRF53 series product
40	Part code
<PP>	Package variant code
<VV>	Function variant code
<H><P><F>	Build code H - Hardware version code P - Production configuration code (production site, etc.) F - Firmware version code (only visible on shipping container label)
<YY><WW><LL>	Tracking code YY - Year code WW - Assembly week number LL - Wafer lot code
<CC>	Container code

Table 210: Abbreviations

12.4 Code ranges and values

The following tables define the nRF5340 code ranges and values.

<PP>	Package	Size (mm)	Pin/Ball count	Pitch (mm)
QK	AQFN	7 x 7	94	0.4

Table 211: Package variant codes

<VV>	Flash (kB)	RAM (kB)
AA	1024	512

Table 212: Function variant codes

<H>	Description
[A . . Z]	Hardware version/revision identifier (incremental)

Table 213: Hardware version codes

<P>	Description
[0 . . 9]	Production device identifier (incremental)
[A . . Z]	Engineering device identifier (incremental)

Table 214: Production configuration codes

<F>	Description
[A . . N, P . . Z]	Version of preprogrammed firmware
[0]	Delivered without preprogrammed firmware

Table 215: Production version codes

<YY>	Description
[16 . . 99]	Production year: 2016 to 2099

Table 216: Year codes

<WW>	Description
[1 . . 52]	Week of production

Table 217: Week codes

<LL>	Description
[AA . . ZZ]	Wafer production lot identifier

Table 218: Lot codes

<CC>	Description
R7	7" Reel
R	13" Reel
T	Tray

Table 219: Container codes

12.5 Product options

The following tables define the nRF5340 product options.

Order code	MOQ ²⁹	Comment
nRF5340-QKAA-R7	800	Availability to be announced.
nRF5340-QKAA-R	3000	
nRF5340-QKAA-T	260	

Table 220: nRF5340 order codes

Order code	Description
nRF5340-PREVIEW-DK	nRF5340 Preview Development Kit

Table 221: Development tools order code

²⁹ Minimum Ordering Quantity

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