

## DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

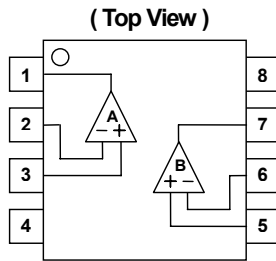
### ■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM2100 is a low voltage operation and low saturation output voltage ( $\pm 2.0V_{P-P}$  at supply voltage  $\pm 2.5V$ ) operational amplifier. It is suitable for digital audio apparatus such as handy type CD, radio cassette CD, and portable DAT that are required 5V single supply operation and high output voltage.

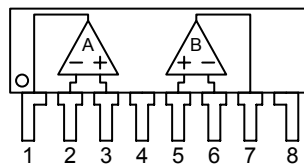
### ■ FEATURES

- Single Supply Operation
- Operating Voltage ( $\pm 1.0V \sim \pm 3.5V$ )
- Low Saturation Output Voltage
- High Slew Rate ( $4V/\mu s$  typ.)
- Package Outline  
DIP8, SIP8, DMP8, SSOP8  
SOP8 JEDEC 150mil
- Bipolar Technology

### ■ PIN CONFIGURATION



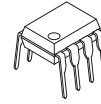
NJM2100D  
NJM2100M  
NJM2100E  
NJM2100V



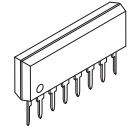
NJM2100L

- PIN  
FUNCTION
1. A OUTPUT
  2. A -INPUT
  3. A +INPUT
  4.  $V^-$
  5. B +INPUT
  6. B -INPUT
  7. B OUTPUT
  8.  $V^+$

### ■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM2100D  
(DIP8)



NJM2100L  
(SIP8)



NJM2100M  
(DMP8)

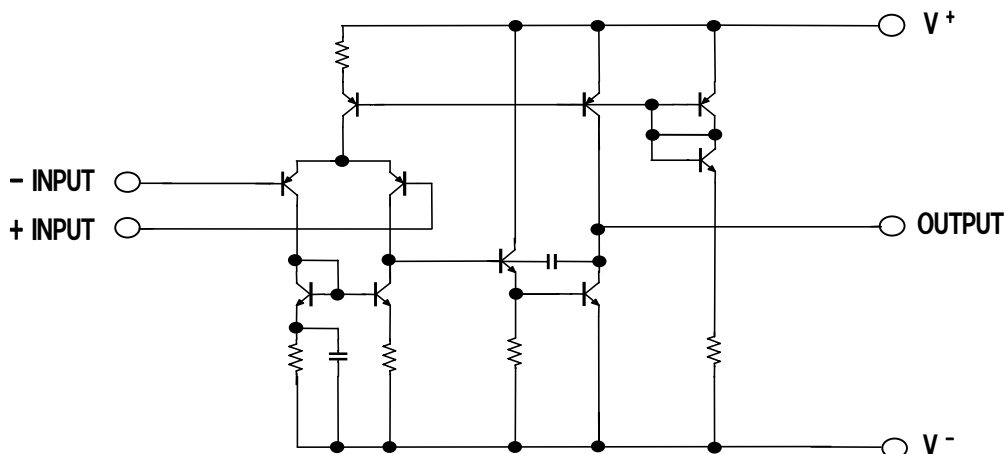


NJM2100E  
(SOP8)



NJM2100V  
(SSOP8)

### ■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT (1/2 Shown)



# NJM2100

## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

( Ta=25°C )

| PARAMETER                   | SYMBOL      | RATINGS   | UNIT |
|-----------------------------|-------------|---|------|
| Supply Voltage              | $V^+ / V^-$ | $\pm 3.5$   | V    |
| Differential Input Voltage  | $V_{ID}$    | $\pm 7$   | V    |
| Input Voltage               | $V_{IC}$    | $\pm 3.5$   | V    |
| Power Dissipation           | $P_D$       | ( DIP8 ) 500<br>( DMP8 ) 300<br>( SOP8 ) 300<br>( SSOP8 ) 250<br>( SIP8 ) 800 | mW   |
| Operating Temperature Range | $T_{opr}$   | -40~+85   | °C   |
| Storage Temperature Range   | $T_{stg}$   | -40~+125  | °C   |

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( Ta=25°C,  $V^+=5V$  )

| PARAMETER                       | SYMBOL    | TEST CONDITION         | MIN.      | TYP.      | MAX. | UNIT       |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|------|------------|
| Input Offset Voltage            | $V_{IO}$  | $R_S \leq 10k\Omega$   | -         | 1         | 6    | mV         |
| Input Bias Current              | $I_{IB}$  |                        | -         | 100       | 300  | nA         |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain       | $A_V$     | $R_L \geq 10k\Omega$   | 60        | 80        | -    | dB         |
| Maximum Output Voltage Swing    | $V_{OM}$  | $R_L \geq 2.5k\Omega$  | $\pm 2$   | $\pm 2.2$ | -    | V          |
| Input Common Mode Voltage Range | $V_{ICM}$ |                        | $\pm 1.5$ | -         | -    | V          |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio     | CMR       |                        | 60        | 74        | -    | dB         |
| Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio  | SVR       |                        | 60        | 80        | -    | dB         |
| Operating Current               | $I_{CC}$  | $V_{IN}=0, R_L=\infty$ | -         | 3.5       | 5    | mA         |
| Slew Rate                       | SR        | $A_V=1, V_{IN}=\pm 1V$ | -         | 4         | -    | V/ $\mu$ s |
| Gain Bandwidth Product          | GB        | $f=10kHz$              | -         | 12        | -    | MHz        |

( Note1 ) Applied circuit voltage gain is desired to operate within the range of 3dB to 30 dB.

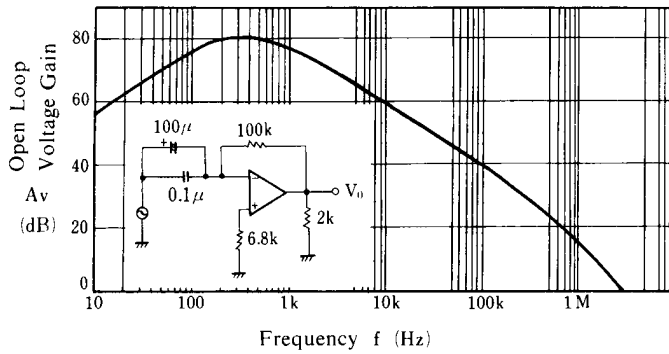
( Note2 ) Special care being required for input common mode voltage range and the oscillation due to the capacitive load when operating on voltage follower.

( Note3 ) Special care being required for the oscillation, yet having the gain when the supply voltage is applied at more than 5V ( single supply voltage 5V ).

## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

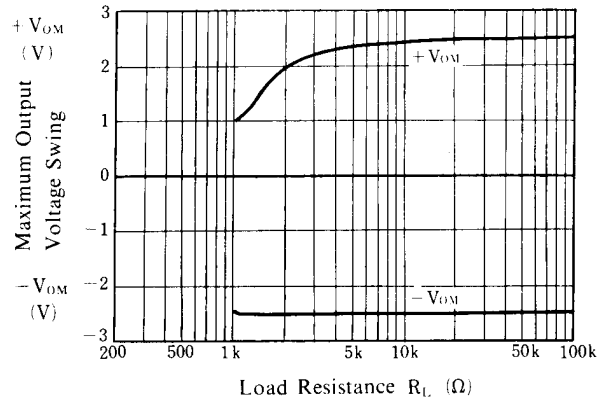
### Open Loop Voltage Gain vs. Frequency

( $V^+/V^- = \pm 2.5V$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )



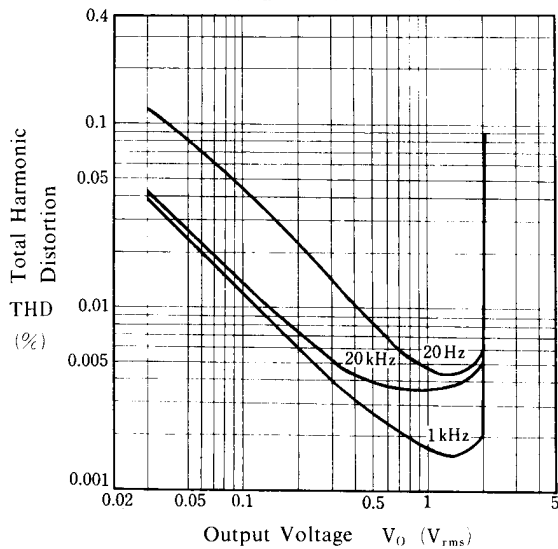
### Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Load Resistance

( $V^+/V^- = \pm 2.5V$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )



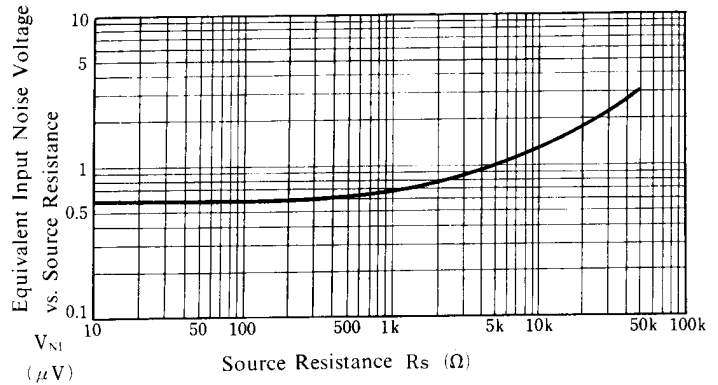
### Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Output Voltage

( $V^+/V^- = \pm 3V$ ,  $R_L = 4k\Omega$ , Gain = 10dB,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )



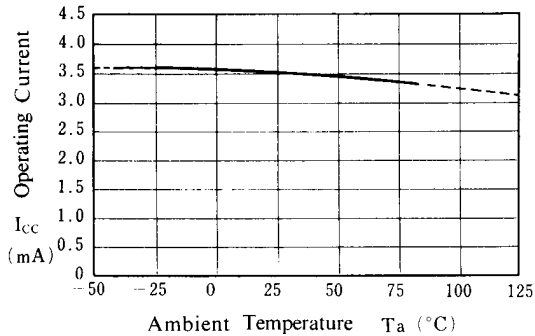
### Equivalent Input Noise Voltage vs. Source Resistance

( $V^+/V^- = \pm 3V$ , JISA,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )



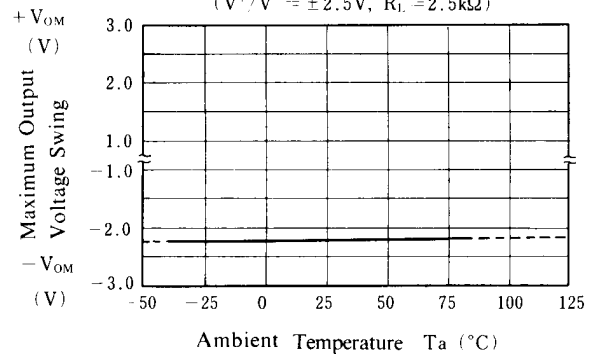
### Operating Current vs. Temperature

( $V^+/V^- = \pm 2.5V$ )



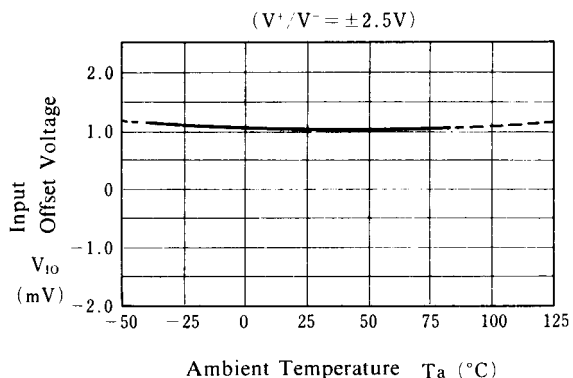
### Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Temperature

( $V^+/V^- = \pm 2.5V$ ,  $R_L = 2.5k\Omega$ )

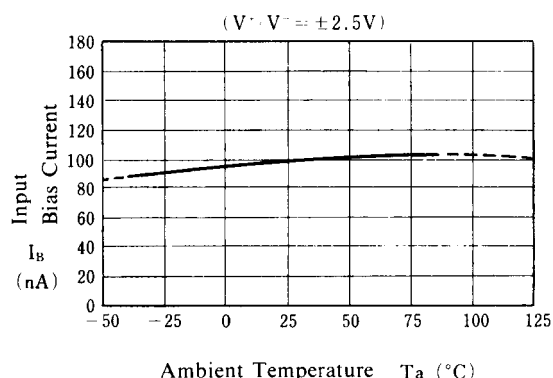


## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

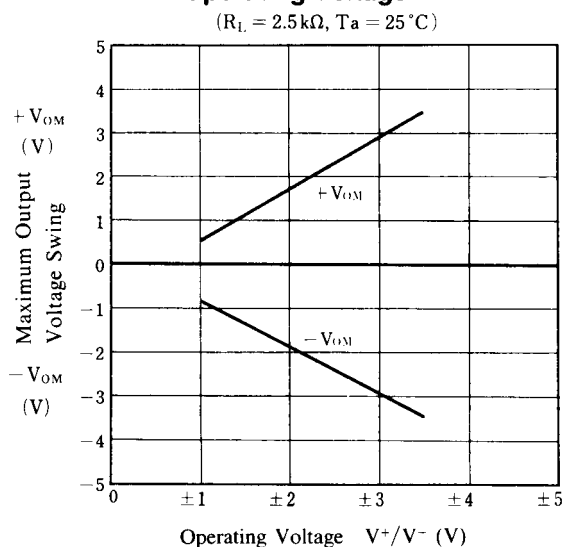
**Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature**



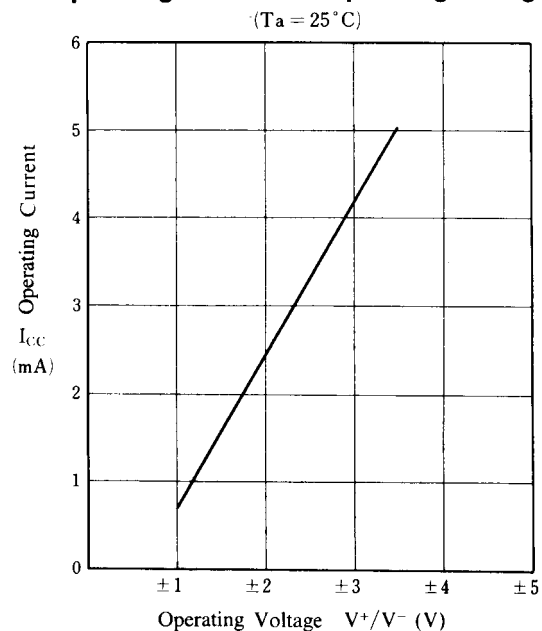
**Input Bias Current vs. Temperature**



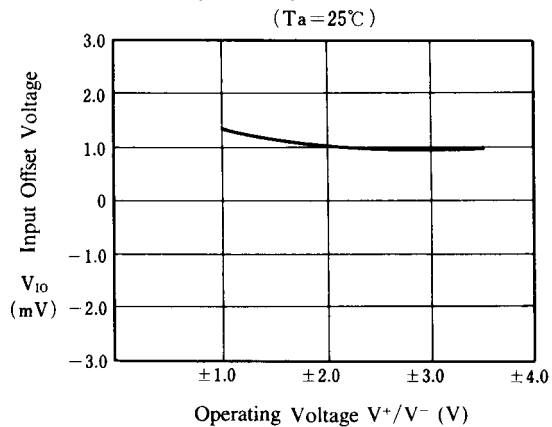
**Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Operating Voltage**



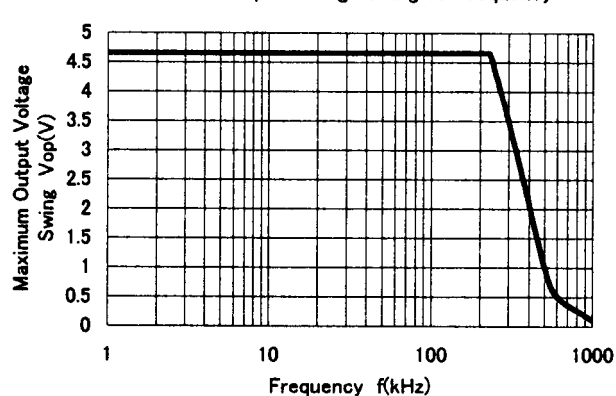
**Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage**



**Input Offset Voltage vs. Operating Voltage**



**Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Frequency**



**[CAUTION]**

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