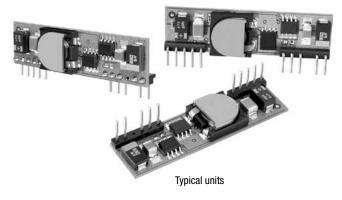


Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8Vout 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package



FEATURES

Industry-standard SIP pinout

Shorter (2.0" vs. 2.5") package length

- 4.5-5.5V input range
- 1/1.2/1.5/1.8/2/2.5/3.3/3.8Vout @ 10А
- Non-isolated, fully synchronous,
- 300kHz, buck topology
- Outstanding performance:
- ±1% setpoint accuracy
- Efficiencies to 95% @ 10 Amps
- Noise as low as 10mVp-p
- Stable no-load operation
- Trimmable output voltage
- Remote on/off and sense pins
- Thermal shutdown
- No derating to +71°C, natural convection
- UL/IEC/EN60950-1 certified
- EMC compliant

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

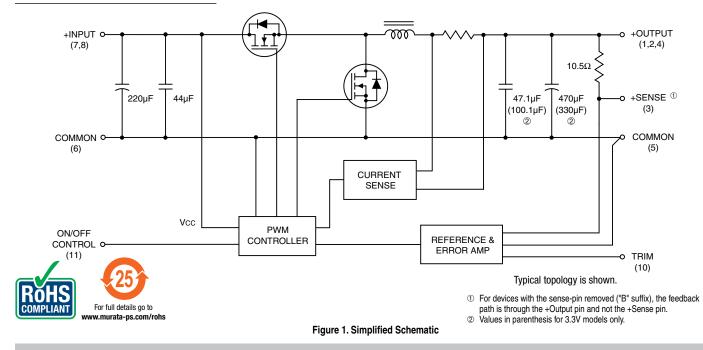
Murata Power Solutions' new LSN D5 Series SIP's (single-in-line packages) are non-isolated DC/DC converters that accept a 5V input (4.5V to 5.5V input range) and deliver 1V, 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2V, 2.5, 3.3 or 3.8V outputs at 10 Amps. LSN D5 SIP's take on-board 5V power and convert it, with the highest efficiency in the smallest space, to any lower voltage required by today's current-hungry DSP's, ASIC's and CPLD's.

The miniature size of LSN D5's makes them ideal for true point-of-use power processing. Vertical-mount packages occupy a mere 0.7 square inches (440 sq. mm), and they are available in industry-standard and Tyco-compatible pinout. Horizontal-mount packages ("H" suffix) are only 0.34 inches (8.6mm) high.

The LSN's best-in-class power density is achieved with a fully synchronous, fixed-frequency (300kHz), buck topology that also delivers: high efficiency (to 95%), low noise (10mVp-p typ.), tight line/load regulation ($\pm 0.1\%/\pm 0.25\%$ max.), quick step response (100µsec), stable no-load operation, and no output reverse conduction.

The fully functional LSN's feature output overcurrent detection, continuous short-circuit protection, an output-voltage trim function, a remote on/ off control pin (pull high to disable), thermal shutdown, and a sense pin. High efficiency enables the LSN D5's to deliver rated output currents of 10 Amps at ambient temperatures to $+71^{\circ}$ C with no air flow (natural convection).

If your low-voltage, high-current requirements make the use of inefficient linear regulators impractical, take a look at one of C&D's easy-touse, low-cost LSN SIP's. All devices are UL/IEC/ EN60950-1 certified and EMC compliant. UL, CB, HALT and EMC reports are available upon request. Selected models are RoHS compliant.



www.murata-ps.com/support

Single Output LSN-10A Models

Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8Vout 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package

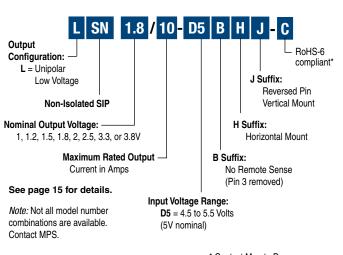
Performance Specifications and Ordering Guide ①

		Output					Input			Efficiency			Package	
	Root Model (5)	Vоит Іоит		R/N (mVp-p) 2		Regulation (Max.) 3		VIN Nom. F	Range	IN (4)	Full Load		1/2 Load	(Case,
		(Volts)	(Amps)	Тур.	Max.	Line	Load	(Volts)	(Volts)	(mA/A)	Min.	Тур.	Тур.	Pinout)
Discontinued	LSN-1/10-D5-C	1	10	10	35	±0.1%	±0.25%	5	4.5-5.5	50/2.43	83%	86%	89%	B7/B7x, P59
Discontinued	LSN-1.2/10-D5	1.2	10	10	35	±0.1%	±0.25%	5	4.5-5.5	50/2.85	85%	88%	91%	B7/B7x, P59
Discontinued	LSN-1.5/10-D5	1.5	10	10	35	±0.1%	±0.25%	5	4.5-5.5	50/3.48	87%	90%	92%	B7/B7x, P59
Discontinued	LSN-1.8/10-D5-C 5	1.8	10	10	35	±0.1%	±0.25%	5	4.5-5.5	50/4.09	89%	91.5%	93.5%	B7/B7x, P59
Available	LSN-1.8/10-D5-C-CIS	1.8	10	10	35	±0.1%	±0.25%	5	4.5-5.5	50/4.09	89%	91.5%	93.5%	B7/B7x, P59
Discontinued	LSN-2/10-D5-C	2	10	10	35	±0.1%	±0.25%	5	4.5-5.5	50/4.51	89.5%	92.5%	94%	B7/B7x, P59
Discontinued	LSN-2.5/10-D5-C	2.5	10	10	35	±0.1%	±0.25%	5	4.5-5.5	50/5.50	91%	94%	95.5%	B7/B7x, P59
Discontinued	LSN-3.3/10-D5-C	3.3	10	10	35	±0.15%	±0.25%	5	4.5-5.5	50/7.25	92%	95%	96%	B7/B7x, P59
Discontinued	LSN-3.3/10-D5-C	3.3	10	10	35	±0.15%	±0.25%	5	4.5-5.5	50/7.25	92%	95%	96%	B7/B7x, P59
To Be Discontinued*	LSN-3.3/10-D5HJHL2-C-HW	3.3	10	10	35	±0.15%	±0.25%	5	4.5-5.5	50/7.25	92%	95%	96%	B7/B7x, P59
To Be Discontinued*	LSN-3.3/10-D5HJHL2-Y	3.8	10	10	35	±0.1%	±0.25%	5	4.5-5.5	50/8.0	92%	95%	96%	B7/B7x, P59

*LAST TIME BUY: 3/31/2015. CLICK HERE FOR OBSOLESCENCE NOTICE OF 10/31/2014.

- ① Typical at T_A = +25°C under nominal line voltage and full-load conditions, unless otherwise noted. All models are tested and specified with external 22µF input and output capacitors. These capacitors are necessary to accommodate our test equipment and may not be required to achieve specified performance in your applications. See I/O Filtering and Noise Reduction.
- ② Ripple/Noise (R/N) is tested/specified over a 20MHz bandwidth and may be reduced with external filtering. See I/O Filtering and Noise Reduction for details.

PART NUMBER STRUCTURE



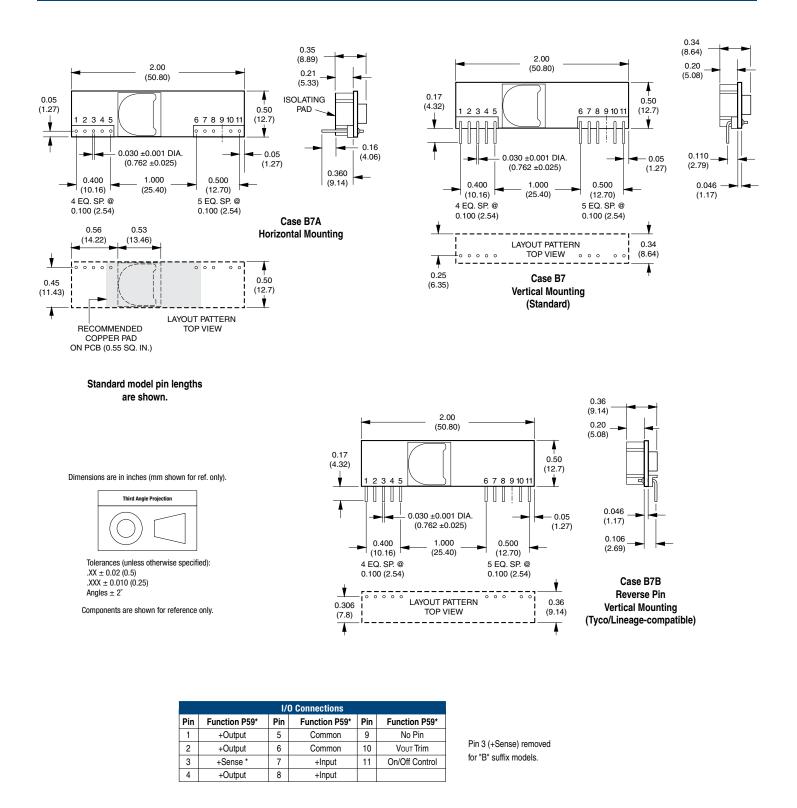
* Contact Murata Power Solutions for availability.

- ③ These devices have no minimum-load requirements and will regulate under no-load conditions. Regulation specifications describe the output-voltage deviation as the line voltage or load is varied from its nominal/midpoint value to either extreme.
- ④ Nominal line voltage, no-load/full-load conditions.
- 6 Avaiilable with RoHS (Reduction of Hazardous Substances) compliance.
- ⑥ These are not complete model numbers. Please use the Part Number Structure when ordering.



Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8Vout 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



Single Output LSN-10A Models

Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8VOUT 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package

Performance/Functional Specifications

Typical @ TA = +25°C under nominal line voltage and full-load conditions unless noted. ①

	Input
Input Voltage Range	4.5 to 5.5 Volts (5V nominal)
Input Current: Normal Operating Conditions Inrush Transient Standby/Off Mode	See Ordering Guide 0.014A ² sec 3mA
Output Short-Circuit Condition 2	70mA average
Input Reflected Ripple Current ②	50mAp-p
Input Filter Type	Capacitive (264µF) None
Overvoltage Protection Reverse-Polarity Protection	None, install external fuse.
Undervoltage Shutdown	None
On/Off Control ② ③	On = open (internal pulldown) Off = +2.8V to +VIN (<3mA)
0	utput
Vout Accuracy (50% load)	±1% maximum
Minimum Loading $\widehat{\mathbb{ O}}$	No load
Maximum Capacitive Load	10,000µF (electrolytic)
Vout Trim Range 2	±10%
Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ② ④	See Ordering Guide
Total Accurcacy	3% over line/load/temperature
Efficiency 2	See Ordering Guide
Overcurrent Detection and Short-Circ Current-Limiting Detection Point Short-Circuit Detection Point SC Protection Technique Short-Circuit Current	17 (12.5-22) Amps 98% of Vo∪⊤ set Hiccup with auto recovery 400mA average
Dynamic C	Characteristics
Transient Response (50% load step)	50µsec to ±2% of final value
Start-Up Time: ② ViN to Vouт On/Off to Vouт Switching Frequency	7msec 6msec 300kHz (+40kHz, –50kHz)
	onmental
MTBF: Bellcore, ground fixed, TA = +25° full power, natural convection, +55°C component temperature	
Operating Temperature: (Ambient) ② Without Derating (Natural convection) With Derating Thermal Shutdown	-40 to +63/71°C (model dependent) See Derating Curves
	+115°C
	nysical
Dimensions	See Mechanical Specifications
Package	Open-frame, single-in-line (SIP)
Pin Dimensions/Material	0.03" (0.76mm) round copper with gold plate over nickel underplate
Weight	0.3 ounces (8.5g)
Flamability Rating	UL94V-0
Safety	UL/cUL/IEC/EN 60950-1, CSA-C22.2 No. 234

① All models are tested/specified with external 22µF input/output capacitors. These caps accommodate our test equipment and may not be required to achieve specified performance in your applications. All models are stable and regulate within spec under no-load conditions.

See Technical Notes and Performance Curves for details.

③ The On/Off Control (pin 11) is designed to be driven with open-collector logic or the application of appropriate voltages (referenced to Common, pins 5 and 6). ④ Output noise may be further reduced with the installation of additional external output filtering. See

I/O Filtering and Noise Reduction.

Absolute Maximum Rating

Absolute Maximum natings				
Input Voltage: Continuous or transient	7 Volts			
On/Off Control (Pin 11)	+VIN			
Input Reverse-Polarity Protection	None, install external fuse.			
Output Overvoltage Protection	None			
Output Current	Current limited. Devices can withstand sustained output short circuits without damage.			
Storage Temperature	-40 to +125°C			
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec.)	+300°C			

These are stress ratings. Exposure of devices to greater than any of these conditions may adversely affect long-term reliability. Proper operation under conditions other than those listed in the Performance/Functional Specifications Table is not implied.

Single Output LSN-10A Models

Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8Vout 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package

TECHNICAL NOTES

Return Current Paths

The LSN D5 SIP's are non-isolated DC/DC converters. Their two Common pins (pins 5 and 6) are connected to each other internally (see Figure 1). To the extent possible (with the intent of minimizing ground loops), input return current should be directed through pin 6 (also referred to as –Input or Input Return), and output return current should be directed through pin 5 (also referred to as –Output or Output Return). Any on/off control signals applied to pin 11 (On/Off Control) should be referenced to Common (specifically pin 6).

I/O Filtering and Noise Reduction

All models in the LSN D5 Series are tested and specified with external 22µF input and output capacitors. These capacitors are necessary to accommodate our test equipment and may not be required to achieved desired performance in your application. The LSN D5's are designed with high-quality, high-performance *internal* I/O caps, and will operate within spec in most applications with *no additional external components.*

In particular, the LSN D5's input capacitors are specified for low ESR and are fully rated to handle the units' input ripple currents. Similarly, the internal output capacitors are specified for low ESR and full-range frequency response. As shown in the Performance Curves, removal of the external output caps has minimal effect on output noise.

In critical applications, input/output ripple/noise may be further reduced using filtering techniques, the simplest being the installation of external I/O caps.

External input capacitors serve primarily as energy-storage devices. They minimize high-frequency variations in input voltage (usually caused by IR drops in conductors leading to the DC/DC) as the switching converter draws pulses of current. Input capacitors should be selected for bulk capacitance (at appropriate frequencies), low ESR, and high rms-ripple-current ratings. The switching nature of modern DC/DC's requires that the dc input voltage source have low ac impedance at the frequencies of interest. Highly inductive source impedances can greatly affect system stability. Your specific system configuration may necessitate additional considerations.

Output ripple/noise (also referred to as periodic and random deviations or PARD) may be reduced below specified limits with the installation of additional external output capacitors. Output capacitors function as true filter elements and should be selected for bulk capacitance, low ESR, and appropriate frequency response. Any scope measurements of PARD should be made directly at the DC/DC output pins with scope probe ground less than 0.5" in length.

All external capacitors should have appropriate voltage ratings and be located as close to the converters as possible. Temperature variations for all relevant parameters should be taken into consideration.

The most effective combination of external I/O capacitors will be a function of your line voltage and source impedance, as well as your particular load and layout conditions.

Input Fusing

Most applications and or safety agencies require the installation of fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. LSN D5 Series DC/DC converters are not internally fused. Therefore, if input fusing is mandatory, either a normalblow or a fast-blow fuse with a value no greater than 15 Amps should be installed within the ungrounded input path to the converter.

As a rule of thumb however, we recommend to use a fast-blow fuse with a typical value of about twice the maximum input current, calculated at low line with the converters minimum efficiency.

Safety Considerations

LSN D5 SIP's are non-isolated DC/DC converters. In general, all DC/DC's must be installed, including considerations for I/O voltages and spacing/separation requirements, in compliance with relevant safety-agency specifications (usually UL/IEC/EN60950-1).

In particular, for a non-isolated converter's output voltage to meet SELV (safety extra low voltage) requirements, its input must be SELV compliant. If the output needs to be ELV (extra low voltage), the input must be ELV.

Input Overvoltage and Reverse-Polarity Protection

LSN D5 SIP Series DC/DC's do not incorporate either input overvoltage or input reverse-polarity protection. Input voltages in excess of the specified absolute maximum ratings and input polarity reversals of longer than "instantaneous" duration can cause permanent damage to these devices.

Start-Up Time

The V_{IN} to V_{OUT} Start-Up Time is the interval between the time at which a ramping input voltage crosses the lower limit of the specified input voltage range (4.5 Volts) and the fully loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. Actual measured times will vary with input source impedance, external input capacitance, and the slew rate and final value of the input voltage as it appears to the converter.

The On/Off to Vout Start-Up Time assumes the converter is turned off via the On/Off Control with the nominal input voltage already applied to the converter. The specification defines the interval between the time at which the converter is turned on and the fully loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. See Typical Performance Curves.

Remote Sense

LSN D5 SIP Series DC/DC converters offer an output sense function on pin 3. The sense function enables point-of-use regulation for overcoming moderate IR drops in conductors and/or cabling. Since these are non-isolated devices whose inputs and outputs usually share the same ground plane, sense is provided only for the +Output.

The remote sense line is part of the feedback control loop regulating the DC/DC converter's output. The sense line carries very little current and consequently requires a minimal cross-sectional-area conductor. As such, it is not a low-impedance point and must be treated with care in layout and cabling. Sense lines should be run adjacent to signals (preferably ground), and in cable and/or discrete-wiring applications, twisted-pair or similar techniques

Single Output LSN-10A Models

Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8Vout 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package

should be used. To prevent high frequency voltage differences between $V_{\rm OUT}$ and Sense, we recommend installation of a 1000pF capacitor close to the converter.

The sense function is capable of compensating for voltage drops between the +Output and +Sense pins that do not exceed 10% of V_{0UT} .

 $[V_{\text{OUT}}(+) - Common] - [Sense(+) - Common] \le 10\% V_{\text{OUT}}$

Power derating (output current limiting) is based upon maximum output current and voltage at the converter's output pins. Use of trim and sense functions can cause the output voltage to increase, thereby increasing output power beyond the LSN's specified rating. Therefore:

(Vout at pins) x (lout) \leq rated output power

The internal 10.5Ω resistor between +Sense and +Output (see Figure 1) serves to protect the sense function by limiting the output current flowing through the sense line if the main output is disconnected. It also prevents output voltage runaway if the sense connection is disconnected.

Note: Connect the +Sense pin (pin 3) to +Output (pin 4) at the DC/DC converter pins, if the sense function is not used for remote regulation.

On/Off Control and Power-up Sequencing

The On/Off Control pin may be used for remote on/off operation. LSN D5 SIP Series DC/DC's are designed so they are enabled when the control pin is left open (internal pull-down to Common) and disabled when the control pin is pulled high (+2.8V to + V_{IN}), as shown in Figure 2 and 2a.

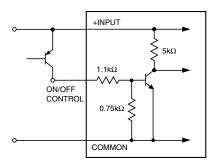


Figure 2. Driving the On/Off Control Pin with an Open-Collector Drive Circuit

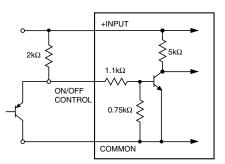


Figure 2a. Inverting On/Off Control Pin Signal and Power-Up Sequencing

Dynamic control of the on/off function is best accomplished with a mechanical relay or open-collector/open-drain drive circuit. The drive circuit should be able to sink appropriate current when activated and withstand appropriate voltage when deactivated.

The on/off control function, however, can be externally inverted so that the converter will be disabled while the input voltage is ramping up and then "released" once the input has stabilized.

For a controlled start-up of one or more LSN-D5's, or if several output voltages need to be powered-up in a given sequence, the On/Off Control pin can be pulled high (external pull-up resistor, converter disabled) and then driven low with an external open collector device to enable the converter.

Output Overvoltage Protection

LSN D5 SIP Series DC/DC converters do not incorporate output overvoltage protection. In the extremely rare situation in which the device's feedback loop is broken, the output voltage may run to excessively high levels ($V_{OUT} = V_{IN}$). If it is absolutely imperative that you protect your load against any and all possible overvoltage situations, voltage limiting circuitry must be provided external to the power converter.

Output Overcurrent Detection

Overloading the output of a power converter for an extended period of time will invariably cause internal component temperatures to exceed their maximum ratings and eventually lead to component failure. High-current-carrying components such as inductors, FET's and diodes are at the highest risk. LSN D5 SIP Series DC/DC converters incorporate an output overcurrent detection and shutdown function that serves to protect both the power converter and its load.

If the output current exceeds it maximum rating by typically 70% (17 Amps) or if the output voltage drops to less than 98% of it original value, the LSN D5's internal overcurrent-detection circuitry immediately turns off the converter, which then goes into a "hiccup" mode. While hiccupping, the converter will continuously attempt to restart itself, go into overcurrent, and then shut down. Under these conditions, the average output current will be approximately 400mA, and the average input current will be approximately 70mA. Once the output short is removed, the converter will automatically restart itself.

Output Voltage Trimming

Allowable trim ranges for each model in the LSN D5 SIP Series are $\pm 10\%$. Trimming is accomplished with either a trimpot or a single fixed resistor. The trimpot should be connected between +Output and Common with its wiper connected to the Trim pin as shown in Figure 3 below.

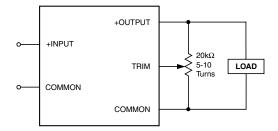
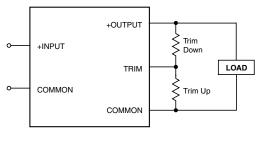


Figure 3. Trim Connections Using a Trimpot

Single Output LSN-10A Models

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A trimpot can be used to determine the value of a single fixed resistor which can then be connected, as shown in Figure 4, between the Trim pin and +Output to trim down the output voltage, or between the Trim pin and Common to trim up the output voltage. Fixed resistors should have absolute TCR's less than 100ppm/°C to ensure stability.



Note: Install either a fixed trim-up resistor or a fixed trim-down resistor depending upon desired output voltage.

Figure 4. Trim Connections Using Fixed Resistors

The equations below can be used as starting points for selecting specific trimresistor values. Recall, untrimmed devices are guaranteed to be $\pm 1\%$ accurate.

Adjustment beyond the specified $\pm 10\%$ adjustment range is not recommended.

Model	Trim Equations
	$R_{T_{DOWN}}(k\Omega) = \frac{1.62(Vo - 0.8)}{1 - Vo} - 1$
LSN-1/10-D5	$R_{T_{UP}}(k\Omega) = \frac{1.296}{V_0 - 1} - 1$
LSN-1.2/10-D5	$R_{T_{DOWN}}(k\Omega) = \frac{2.49(V_0 - 0.8)}{1.2 - V_0} - 2.37$
234-1.2/10-03	$R_{T_{UP}}(k\Omega) = \frac{1.992}{V_0 - 1.2} - 2.37$
LSN-1.5/10-D5 LSN-1.8/10-D5	$R_{T_{DOWN}}(k\Omega) = \frac{2.37(V_0 - 0.8)}{V_0 N_{OM} - V_0} - 4.99$
LSN-2/10-D5 LSN-2.5/10-D5	$R_{T_{UP}}(k\Omega) = \frac{1.896}{V_{O} - V_{O}} - 4.99$
LSN-3.3/10-D5	$R_{T_{DOWN}}(k\Omega) = \frac{7.5(V_0 - 0.8)}{V_0_{NOM} - V_0} - 4.99$
231-3.3/10-23	$R_{T_{UP}}(k\Omega) = \frac{6}{V_0 - V_0} - 4.99$
LSN-3.8/10-D5	$R_{T_{DOWN}}(k\Omega) = \frac{7.5(V_O - 0.8)}{3.8 - V_O} - 13$
2010 0.0/10-00	$R_{T_{UP}}(k\Omega) = \frac{6}{V_0 - 3.8} - 13$

Note: Resistor values are in k Ω . Accuracy of adjustment is subject to tolerances of resistors and factory-adjusted, initial output accuracy. Vo = desired output voltage. Vo_{NOM} = nominal output voltage.

Output Reverse Conduction

Many DC/DC converters using synchronous rectification suffer from Output Reverse Conduction. If those devices have a voltage applied across their output before a voltage is applied to their input (this typically occurs when another power supply starts before them in a power-sequenced application), they will either fail to start or self destruct. In both cases, the cause is the "freewheeling" or "catch" FET biasing itself on and effectively becoming a short circuit.

LSN D5 SIP DC/DC converters are not damaged from Output Reverse Conduction. They employ proprietary gate drive circuitry which makes them immune to applied voltages during the startup sequence. If you are using an external power source paralleled with the LSN, be aware that during the start up phase, some low impedance condition or transient current may be absorbed briefly into the LSN output terminals before voltage regulation is fully established. You should insure that paralleled external power sources are not disrupted by this condition during LSN start up.

Thermal Considerations and Thermal Protection

The typical output-current thermal-derating curves shown below enable designers to determine how much current they can reliably derive from each model of the LSN D5 SIP's under known ambient-temperature and air-flow conditions. Similarly, the curves indicate how much air flow is required to reliably deliver a required output current at known temperatures.

The highest temperatures in LSN D5 SIP's occur at their output inductor, whose heat is generated primarily by I²R losses. The above curves were developed using thermocouples to monitor the inductor temperature and varying the load to keep that temperature below +110°C under the assorted conditions of air flow and air temperature. Once the temperature exceeds +115°C (approx.), the thermal protection will disable the converter. Automatic restart occurs after the temperature has dropped below +110°C.

In all cases below, the DUT's were vertical-mount models, and the direction of air flow was parallel to the unit in the direction from pin 1 to pin 11.

As you may deduce from the above curves and can observe in the efficiency curves on the next page, LSN D5 SIP's are more efficient at lower current levels. Also, I²R losses in the output inductor are significantly less at lower currents. Consequently, LSN D5 SIP's deliver very impressive temperature performance if operating at less than full load.

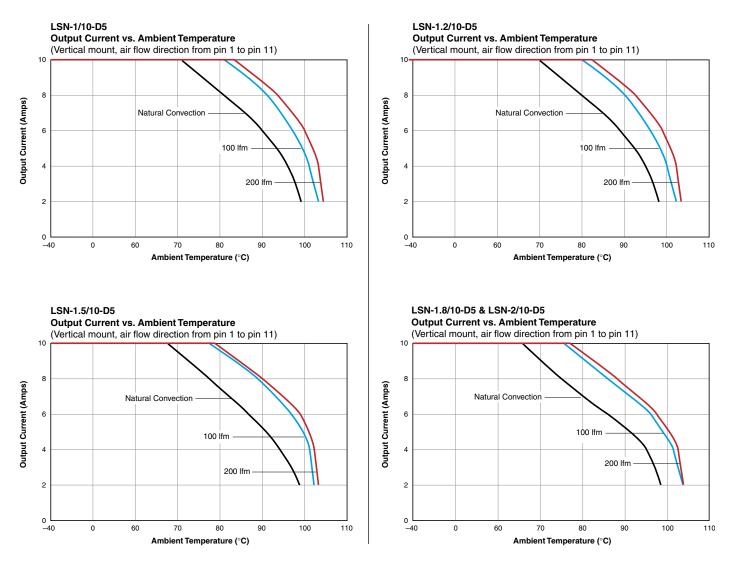
Lastly, when LSN D5 SIP's are installed in system boards, they are obviously subject to numerous factors and tolerances not taken into account above. If you are attempting to extract the most current out of these units under demanding temperature conditions, we advise you to monitor the output-inductor temperature to ensure it remains below $+110^{\circ}$ C at all times.

Thermal Performance for "H" Models

Enhanced thermal performance can be achieved when LSN D5 SIP's are mounted horizontally ("H" models) and the output inductor (with its electrically isolating, thermally conductive pad installed) is thermally coupled to a copper plane/pad (at least 0.55 square inches in area) on the system board. Your conditions may vary, however our tests indicate this configuration delivers a 16°C to 22°C improvement in ambient operating temperatures.

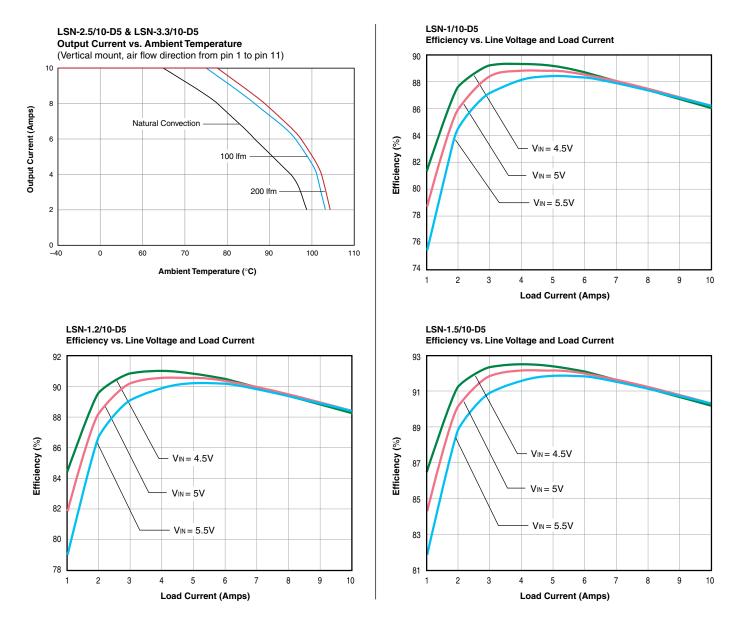


Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8Vout 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package



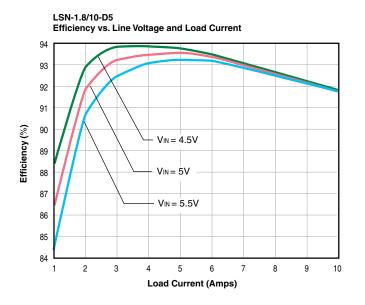
Single Output LSN-10A Models

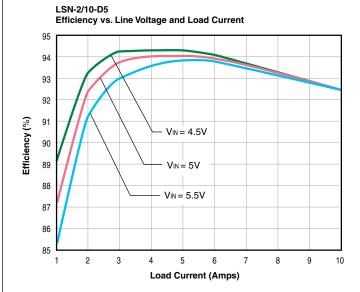
Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8Vout 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package



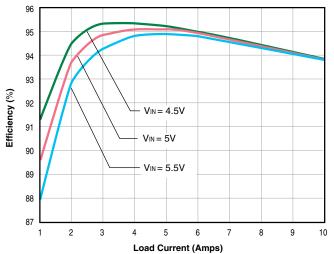


Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8Vout 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package

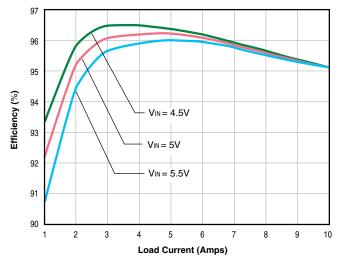




LSN-2.5/10-D5 Efficiency vs. Line Voltage and Load Current

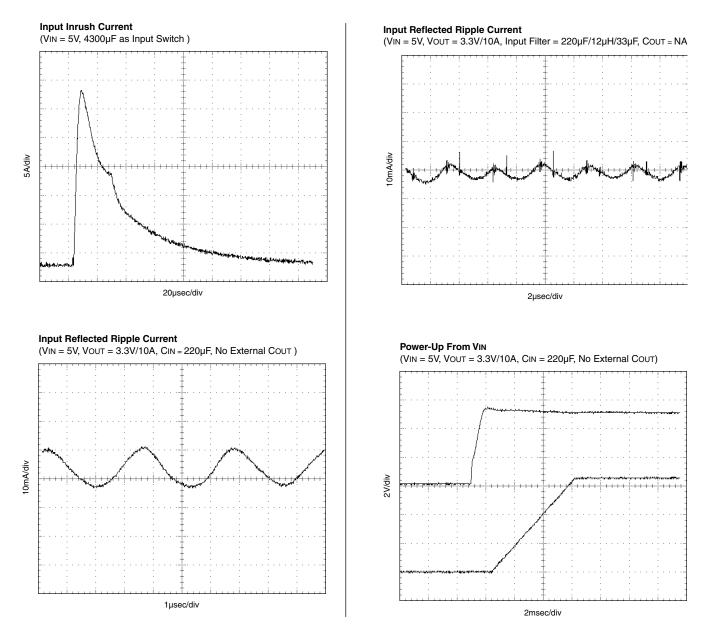


LSN-3.3/10-D5 Efficiency vs. Line Voltage and Load Current



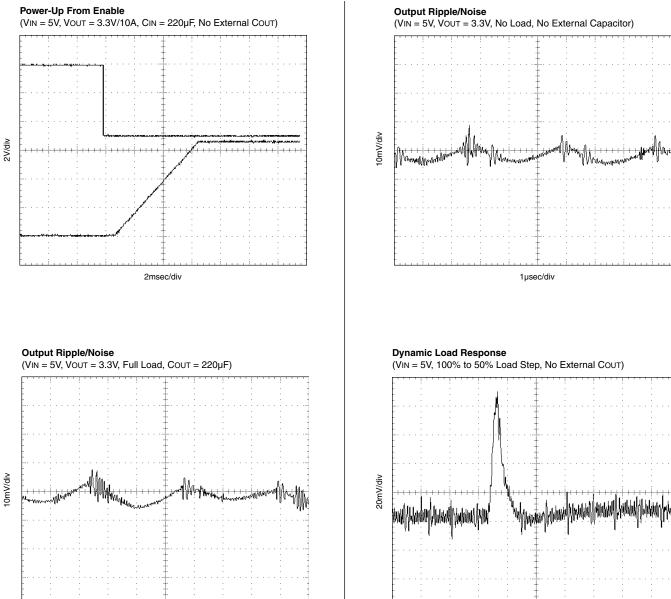
Single Output LSN-10A Models

Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8VOUT 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package



Single Output LSN-10A Models

Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8VOUT 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package



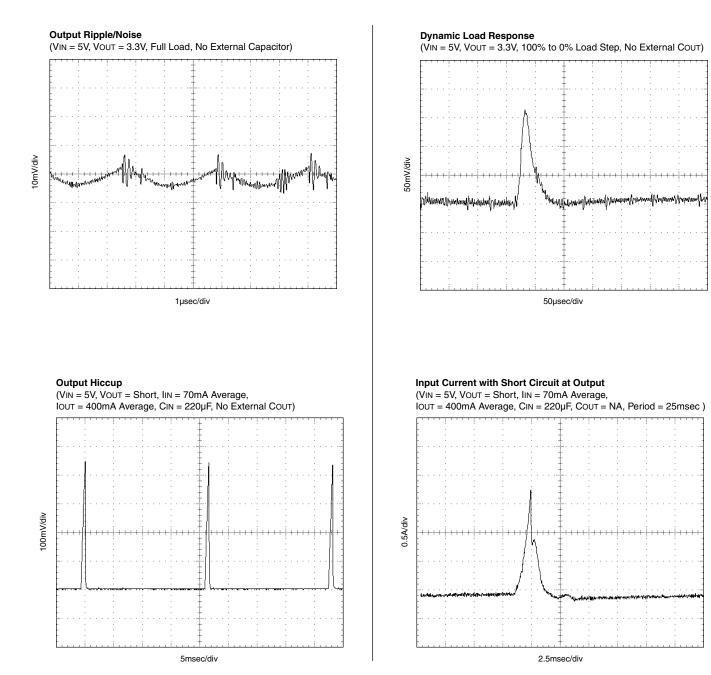
Typical Performance Curves for LSN D5 SIP Series

1µsec/div

50µsec/div

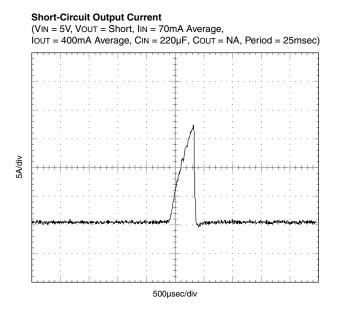
Single Output LSN-10A Models

Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8Vout 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package





Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8VOUT 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package



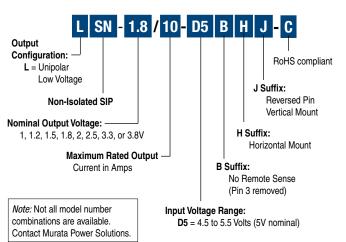
Single Output LSN-10A Models

Non-Isolated, 5VIN, 1-3.8VOUT 10 Amp DC/DC In SIP Package

EMI CONDUCTED/RADIATED EMISSIONS

If you're designing with EMC in mind, please note that all of MPS's LSN D5 DC/ DC Converters have been characterized for conducted and radiated emissions in our EMI/EMC laboratory. Testing is conducted in an EMCO 5305 GTEM test cell utilizing EMCO automated EMC test software. Conducted/Radiated emissions are tested to the limits of FCC Part 15, Class B and CISPR 22 (EN 55022), Class B. Correlation to other specifications can be supplied upon request. For corresponding emissions plots to EN55022/CISPR22 for model LSN-5/10-D12 (the highest possible output power model) and for LSN-2/10-D3 (representing the highest input current models) see LSN-10A D12 and LSN-10A D3 data sheets for reference. These respective curves are representative of all LSN models.

PART NUMBER STRUCTURE



RoHS compliance ("-C" suffix)

Murata Power Solutions, Inc.

ISO 9001 and 14001 REGISTERED

Selected models use materials which are compatible with the Reduction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) directive. Contact Murata Power Solutions.

Functional Options

Remote Sense Pin Removed ("B" suffix)

These devices have their +Sense pin (pin 3) removed, and the feedback loop is closed through the +Vout path. The 10.5Ω resistor in Figure 1 is installed in both standard and "B" models. See the Output Sense Function.

Horizontal Mounting ("H" suffix)

This packaging configuration reduces above-board height to 0.35" (8.89mm) including the "pad." For "H" models, a thermally conductive, electrically insulating "pad" is factory installed on the output inductor. The pad material is Bergquist Sil Pad 400. The pad size is 0.4 x 0.5 x 0.009 inches (10.16 x 12.7 x 0.23mm). This configuration can significantly improve thermal performance. See Thermal Derating for details.

Reversed pin vertical mounting ("J" suffix)

This additional mechanical configuration consists of a low-profile pin header attached to the reverse side of the converter. It allows the LSN series to be mechanically compatible with Tyco's "keep out area."

Other Options and Modifications

Other options include a positive polarity (pull low to disable) on the On/Off Control. Contact MPS directly to discuss these and other possible modifications.

Examples

LSN-1.8/10-D5	Vertical-mount. Sense function on pin 3. No pin 9.	
LSN-1.8/10-D5B	Vertical-mount. Pin 3 (+Sense) removed. No pin 9.	
LSN-1.8/10-D5H	Horizontal-mount. Sense function on pin 3. No pin 9.	
LSN-1.8/10-D5BH	Horizontal-mount. Pin 3 (+Sense) removed. No pin 9.	
LSN-1.8/10-D5J	Reverse pin vertical-mount. Sense function on pin 3.	
	No pin 9.	
LSN-3.3/10-D5HJHL	2-Y Reverse pin vertical mount, conformal coating	
	added special pin length RoHS-5 hazardous substance	

added, special pin length, RoHS-5 hazardous substance compliance (with lead).



This product is subject to the following operating requirements and the Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy: Refer to: http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/

Murata Power Solutions, Inc. makes no representation that the use of its products in the circuits described herein, or the use of other technical information contained herein, will not infringe upon existing or future patent rights. The descriptions contained herein do not imply the granting of licenses to make, use, or sell equipment constructed in accordance therewith. Specifications are subject to change without © 2014 Murata Power Solu notice

11 Cabot Boulevard, Mansfield, MA 02048-1151 U.S.A.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Murata:

LSN-2/10-D5BJ LSN-1.8/10-D5 LSN-3.8/10-D5 LSN-2/10-D5BH LSN-1/10-D5BJ LSN-1/10-D5BH LSN-2.5/10-D5B LSN-2.5/10-D5J LSN-2.5/10-D5H LSN-1.2/10-D5B-C LSN-1.2/10-D5BH-C LSN-1.2/10-D5BJ-C LSN-1.2/10-D5-C LSN-1.2/10-D5H-C LSN-1.2/10-D5J-C LSN-1.5/10-D5B-C LSN-1.5/10-D5BH-C LSN-1.5/10-D5BJ-C LSN-1.5/10-D5-C C LSN-1.5/10-D5H-C LSN-1.5/10-D5J-C LSN-1.8/10-D5B-C LSN-1.8/10-D5BH-C LSN-1.8/10-D5BJ-C LSN-1.8/10-D5-C LSN-1.8/10-D5H-C LSN-1.8/10-D5J-C LSN-1/10-D5B-C LSN-1/10-D5BH-C LSN-1/10-D5BJ-C LSN-1/10-D5-C LSN-1/10-D5H-C LSN-1.8/10-D5J-C LSN-2/10-D5B-C LSN-2/10-D5BH-C LSN-2/10-D5BJ-C LSN-2/10-D5-C LSN-2/10-D5H-C LSN-2/10-D5J-C LSN-2/10-D5B-C LSN-2/10-D5BH-C LSN-2/10-D5BJ-C LSN-2/10-D5-C LSN-3.3/10-D5-C LSN-3.3/10-D5-L LSN-1.2/10-D5 LSN-2.5/10-D5-LSN-2.