muRata

Reference Specification

DHR Series High Voltage Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors for General Purpose

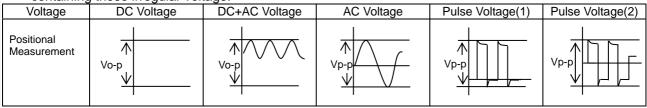
Product specifications in this catalog are as of Feb. 2021, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

▲ CAUTION

1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

When DC- rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range. When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor within rated voltage containing these irregular voltage.



2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself. When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the self-generated heat due to dielectric-loss. Applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of atmosphere temperature 25 °C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of ϕ 0.1mm and be in the condition where capacitor is not affected by radiant heat of other components and wind of surroundings.

Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability.(Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

3. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. The capacitor is designed to be used in the insulating media, such as epoxy resin, silicone oil, etc.. There must be 3mm or more insulating media for each direction of the capacitor. In case of cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 °C and 15 to 85. Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered.

4. BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING, BOARD TO AVOID

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of the bonded, molded or coated product in the intended equipment.

In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive, molding resin or coating may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

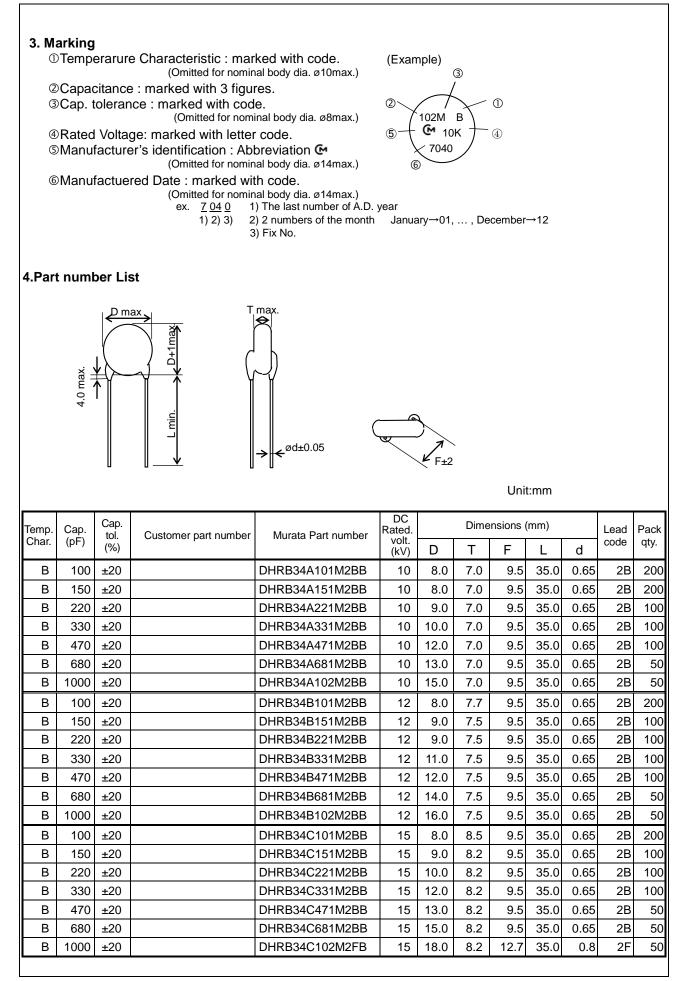
Resin material to hot conditions (over °C 100) was weaker to intensity. So such with board to avoid mechanical stress in this state, please handle it with care.

5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

 6. SOLDERING When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not excee the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heati may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic When soldering capacitor with a soldering iron, it should be Temperature of iron-tip : 400 °C max. Soldering iron wattage : 50W max. Soldering time : 3.5s max. Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case partial dispersion when the product is used.	ng could melt the internal junction solder and element. performed in following conditions.
 Limitation of Applications Please contact us before using our products for the applic reliability for the prevention of defects which might direct property. 	
①Aircraft equipment ②Aerospace equipment	③Undersea equipment
	© Medical equipment
© Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)	 ⑦Traffic signal equipment
	 Italic signal equipment Data-processing equipment
	nts to the applications listed in the above.
NOTICE Cleaning To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following cor Rinse bath capacity : Output of 20 watts per liter or less. Rinsing time : 5min maximum. Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly. Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destru	
Capacitance change of capacitor	
 Class 1 capacitors Capacitance might change a little depending on a surrou contact us if you use for the strict time constant circuit. 	unding temperature or an applied voltage. Please
 Class 2 and 3 capacitors Class 2 and 3 capacitors like temperature characteristic the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance s Moreover, capacitance might change greatly dependin voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time detail information. 	slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time ng on a surrounding temperature or an applied
 NOTE Please make sure that your product has been evaluated being mounted to your product. You are requested not to use our product deviating from 	

DHR Series B3 4A 102 M 2B B characteristic voltage tolerance capacitance Lead Packing • Temperature characteristic $capacitance$ code style code • Temperature characteristic $capacitance$ code style code • Temperature characteristic $capacitance$ code style code • Temperature characteristic and B and bn • Pease confirm detailed specification on [5. Specification and test methods]. and and bn • Rated voltage $code$ Rated voltage and bn bn • Capacitance Rated voltage and bn bn bn • Capacitance The first two digits denote significant figures ; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 i $an.$ $bn < 10^2 = 1000 pF$ • Capacitance tolerance $bn < 10^2 = 1000 pF$ cae cae $and < 10^2 = 1000 pF$ • Lead code cae cae cae cae cae cae • Lead code cae cae cae
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Solder coated copper wire is applied for termination. • Packing code
Packing code
Code Packing type
B Bulk type



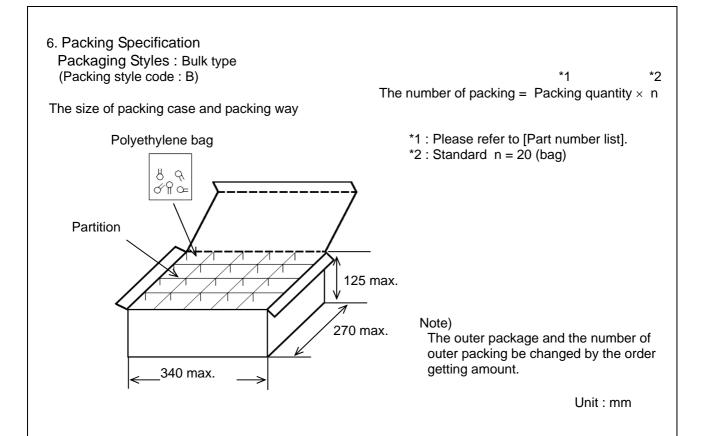
No.		Item	Specification	Test method
1	Appearance dim	nensions	No marked defect on appearance	The capacitor should be inspected by nake
			form and dimensions.	eyes for visible evidence of defect.
			Please refer to [Part number list].	Dimensions should be measured with slide
				calipers.
2	Marking		To be easily legible.	The capacitor should be inspected by
_				naked eyes.
3	Dielectric	Between	No failure	The capacitors shall not be damage when
Ũ	Strength	Lead wires		DC voltage of 150% of the rated voltage are
	Ouchgui	Load Wilco		applied between the lead wires for 60 s in
				insulate liquid or gas.
				(Charge/discharge current≤ 50mA.)
		Dealer	_	
		Body		The capacitors is placed in the container
		insulation		with metal balls of diameter 1mm so that
				each lead wires, Short-circuited, is kept
				approximately 2mm off the balls as shown in
				the figure, and DC voltage of 3kV is applied
				for 10 s between capacitor lead wires and
				small metals.
				(Charge/discharge current≤50mA.)
4	Insulation	Between	10,000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance shall be measured
•	Resistance	Lead wires		with DC 1kV within 60±5 s of charging.
	(I.R.)	Loud miloo		
5	Capacitance		Within the specified tolerance.	The capacitance shall be measured at 20°C
5	Capacitance		within the specified tolerance.	with 1±0.2kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max
6	Dissipation Fa	ctor (D.F.)	2.5% max.	Same condition as capacitance.
7	Temperature Ch	naracteristic	Within ±10%	The capacitance measurement shall be made a
	•			each step specified in table.
				Capacitance change from the value of step 3 sha
				not exceed the limit specified.
				Stor
				Temp 1 2 3 4 5
				B 20+2°C -25+2°C 20+2°C 85+2°C 20+2°
0	Charge	Annoaranaa	No marked defect	
8	Charge	Appearance	No marked defect.	Charge discharge test shall be measured in the
	Discharge	Capacitance	Within ±10%	following test circuit and cycle.
	Test	Change		Applied voltage: rated voltage
		D.F.	4.0% max.	Cycle numbers: 20,000 cycles
		I.R.	5,000MΩ min.	Post-treatment: Capacitor shall be stored
		Dielectric	No failure	for 4 h at room condition.
		Strength		E:Direct-current
		(Between		$6 \text{ s} \longrightarrow 7$ Voltage source
		lead wires)		
		ieau wires)		$ 1 \le 2 > 1 \le 2 > (s) \qquad \text{Co: Suppled energy} \\ \text{for Cx.}$
				(Co≠10Cx)
				R1 CX: Specimen
				CX R1:Circuit protecti
				E R2:Current limiting Resistor (E/10)
				$\begin{bmatrix} F \\ F \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} F \\ C \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} F \\ C \end{bmatrix}$ Resistor (E/10)
9	Strength	Pull	Lead wire shall not cut off.	Fix the body of capacitor, apply a tensil
0	of Lead			weight gradually to each lead wire in the
				radial direction of capacitor up to 10N, and
				keep it for 10±1 s.
		Bending	Lead wire shall not cut off.	Each lead wire shall be subjected to 5N weigh
		20.10mg		and then a 90° to bend, at the point of egress
				in one direction, return to original position, an
				then a 90° bend in the opposite direction at th
				rate of one bend in 2 to 3 s.

No.	Iter	n	Specification	Test method
10	Solderability of Lea	ads	Lead wire shall be soldered with uniformly coated on the	The lead wire shall be dipped into a 25% ethanol solution of rosin and then into molten solder of below temperature for 2±0.5 s. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder : Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 245±5°C
11	Soldering effect	Appearance	No marked defect.	H63 Eutectic Solder 235±5°C The lead wires shall be immersed into the
	(Non-preheat)	Capacitance Change Dielectric Strength (Between lead wires)	Within±10% No failure	melted solder of 350±10°C up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the main body for 3.5±0.5 s. Post-treatment:Capacitor shall be stored for 24±2 h at room condition.
12	Soldering effect (On-preheat)	Appearance Capacitance Change Dielectric Strength (Between lead wires)	No marked defect. Within±10% No failure	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 s. Then, as in figure, the lead wires should be immersed solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 s.
				Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at room condition.
13	Humidity (under steady state)	Appearance Capacitance Change D.F. I.R. Dielectric Strength (Between	No marked defect. Within±10% 4.0% max. 5000MΩ min. No failure	Set the capacitor for 240±8 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% humidity. Post-treatment: Capacitor shall be stored for 1 to 2 h at room condition. (Charge/discharge current: 50mA max.)
	Life (high temperature load)	lead wires) Appearance Capacitance Change D.F. I.R. Dielectric Strength (Between lead wires)	No marked defect. Within±10% 4.0% max. 5000MΩ min. No failure	Apply a DC voltage of 125% of the rated voltage for 1000+48/-0 h in silicon oil at 100±2°C. Post-treatment: Capacitor shall be stored for 24±2 h at room condition. (Charge/discharge current:50mA max.)
15	Temperature Cycling	Appearance Capacitance Change D.F. I.R. Dielectric Strength (Between lead wires)	No marked defect. Within±10% 4.0% max. 5000MΩ min. No failure	Step Temperature(°C) Time 1 -30 30 min 2 +100 30 min Temperature cycling shall be measured in the following test. Step Cycle numbers: 5 cycles Post-treatment: Capacitor shall be stored for 4 h at room condition.

Note) Tests for Dielectric strength ,Charging/Discharging test, Humidity , Life and Temperature cycling shall be performed with specimens having molded resin (MR1023C:made by Murata) extending over 3mm on all the surface. Room condition

Temperature:15~35°C

Humidity:45~75% Atmospheric pressure:86~106kPa



This products of the following crresponds to EU RoHS 当製品は以下の欧州RoHSに対応しています。

(1) RoHS

EU RoHs 2011/65/EC compliance 2011/65/EC(改正RoHS指令)に対応

maximum concentration values tolerated by weight in homogeneous materials

1000 ppm maximum Lead

1000 ppm maximum Mercury

•100 ppm maximum Cadmium

•1000 ppm maximum Hexavalent chromium

•1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)

•1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Murata:

DHRB34A151M2BBDHRB34C221K2BBDHRB34C102M2FBDHRB34A102M2BBDHRB34A221M2BBDHRB34C221M2BBDHRB34C101M2BBDHRB34C331M2BBDHRB34A331M2BBDHRB34B101M2BBDHRB34B102M2BBDHRB34B151M2BBDHRB34B221M2BBDHRB34B331M2BBDHRB34B471M2BBDHRB34B681M2BBDHRB34C151M2BBDHRB34A101M2BBDHRB34A471M2BBDHRB34A681M2BBDHRB34C681M2BBDHRB34C151M2BBDHRB34A101M2BBDHRB34A471M2BBDHRB34A681M2BB