### Evaluate: MAX16128/MAX16129

#### **General Description**

The MAX16128/MAX16129 evaluation kits (EV kits) demonstrate high overvoltage protection of the MAX16128/ MAX16129 for automotive applications that must survive load-dump and high-voltage transient conditions. The fully assembled and tested surface-mount EV kit board provides two circuits: One full-featured solution and one minimum parts-count circuit. The full-featured solution exercises all the features of the devices and allows -60V to +90V protection beyond the 3V to 30V operating range. The minimum parts-count solution provides a cost-effective option using a small 3A, dual MOSFET and reduced 0 to +60V voltage range.

The EV kits can also evaluate various versions of the devices with different internally set undervoltage/over-voltage thresholds. Contact the factory to order different versions of the MAX16128 or MAX16129 devices and refer to Tables 2–5 and the *Selector Guide* and *Ordering Information* in the MAX16128/MAX16129 IC data sheet for details on device selection.

#### Features

- Dual Circuits
  - Full-Featured Solution (-60V to +90V)
  - Minimum Parts-Count Solution (0 to +60V)
- Robust Reverse-Battery Protection (Circuit 1)
- Positive Input Supply Voltage Protection Range Extended Beyond +90V (Circuit 1)
- Fixed Undervoltage/Overvoltage Thresholds Minimize External Component Count
  - MAX16128: UVLO = +3V, OVLO = +18.6V
  - MAX16129: UVLO = +8.13V, OVLO = +15V
- Cold-Crank Monitoring
- Enable Input/Flag Output
- Proven PCB Layout
- Fully Assembled and Tested

#### Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

DESIGNATION Q		DESCRIPTION
C1, C8	2	0.1µF ±10%, 250V X7R ceramic capacitors (1206) Murata GRM31CR72E104K TDK C3216X7R2E104K
C3, C9	0	Not installed, ceramic capacitors (0805)
C4, C10	2	330µF, 35V electrolytic capacitors (10mm x 10.2mm x 12mm) Panasonic EEE-FK1V331GP
C6, C12 2		0.22µF ±10%, 100V X7R ceramic capacitors (0805) Murata GRM21AR72A224KAC5#
COM, IN, OUT, SYSGND (x2)		20G tinned copper bus wire from/ into "U" shaped loops (0.25in off the PCB)

#### DESIGNATION QTY DESCRIPTION 75V zener diode (SMA) D1 1 Central Semi CMZ5946B 15V zener diodes (SOT23) Central Semi CMPZ5245B D3, D6 2 Diodes Inc. MMBZ5245B-7-F D4, D7 2 Green LEDs (1206) 100V, 250mA Schottky diode D5 (SOD323) 1 NXP BAT46WJ,115 FLAG, FLAG1, 5 Test points (5000) RUN, RUN1 IN, OUT, 8 Banana jacks SYSGND (x2) JU1–JU4 4 2-pin headers, 0.1in centers 100V, 50A n-channel MOSFETs (DPAK) Q1, Q2 2 Fairchild FDD86110 IR IRFR4510PbF



#### **Component List**

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### **Component List (continued)**

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION		
Q3	1	Dual n-channel MOSFET (PowerPAK, 8 SO) Vishay Si7964DP		
R5	1	100Ω ±5% resistor (1210) CRCW1210100RNEAHP		
R6, R7, R25, R26	4	100k $\Omega$ ±5% resistors (0603)		
R8, R17	2	2.2kΩ ±1% resistors (0603)		

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
R9, R16	2	56Ω ±5% resistors (0603)
R10	1	10Ω ±5% resistor (0603)
R11, R14, R19 0		Not installed, resistors (0603)
R12, R13, R24	3	1kΩ ±5% resistors (0603)
U1, U2	2 See the EV Kit-Specific Component List	See the EV Kit-Specific
		Component List
_	4	Shunts
—	1	PCB: MAX16128/9 EVKIT

### **EV Kit-Specific Component List**

EV KIT	DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
MAX16128EVKIT#	U1, U2	2	Load-dump/reverse-voltage protection circuit (8 µMAX®) Maxim MAX16128UAACAC+
MAX16129EVKIT#	U1, U2	2	Load-dump/reverse-voltage protection circuit (8 µMAX) Maxim MAX16129UAEBD+

### **Component Suppliers**

SUPPLIER	PHONE	WEBSITE
Central Semiconductor Corp.	631-435-1110	www.centralsemi.com
Diodes Incorporated	805-446-4800	www.diodes.com
Fairchild Semiconductor	888-522-5372	www.fairchildsemi.com
International Rectifier	310-322-3331	www.irf.com
Murata Americas	800-241-6574	www.murataamericas.com
NXP Semiconductors	408-474-8142	www.nxp.com
Panasonic Corp.	800-344-2112	www.panasonic.com
TDK Corp.	847-803-6100	www.component.tdk.com
Vishay	402-563-6866	www.vishay.com

Note: Indicate that you are using the MAX16128 and/or MAX16129 when contacting these component suppliers.

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### **Quick Start**

#### **Recommended Equipment**

- MAX16128/MAX16129 EV kit
- ±25V, 50W DC power supply
- Electronic load
- Oscilloscope
- Digital voltmeter

#### **Procedure (Full-Featured Solution: Circuit 1)**

The EV kit is fully assembled and tested. Follow the steps below to verify operation. **Caution: Do not turn on the power supply until all connections are completed.** 

- Connect a DC power supply (0 to +20V) across the IN and SYSGND PCB pads.
- 2) Connect a voltmeter or oscilloscope and a load (if desired) between the OUT and SYSGND PCB pads.
- 3) Verify that a shunt is installed across jumper JU1, connecting SHDN to IN.
- 4) Turn on the power supply and increase the input voltage. The output turns on when the input voltage exceeds +3V (MAX16128) or +8.13V (MAX16129), the undervoltage set point. Increase the input voltage; for the MAX16128, the output turns off when the input voltage exceeds +18.6V, the overvoltage set point. For the MAX16129, the output stays limited at +15V at the overvoltage condition. Refer to the MAX16128/ MAX16129 IC data sheet for more details.

#### **Detailed Description of Hardware**

The MAX16128/MAX16129 EV kits demonstrate a high overvoltage protection circuit for automotive applications that must survive load-dump and high-voltage transient conditions. Additional zener diodes at the input of the ICs provide extended positive voltage-range protection against higher voltage transients. The EV kits provide two separate circuits for evaluation: A full-featured solution and a minimum parts-count solution. The full-featured solution provides a robust -60V to +90V protection range. The minimum parts-count solution supports a protection range from 0 to +60V.

The dual MOSFET (circuit #2) supplies 3A, while the MOSFETs of the full-featured circuit (circuit #1) will supply 5A when the input voltage remains between the input UVP and OVP limits.

#### **Overvoltage Protection**

The devices feature overvoltage protection that monitors either the input (MAX16128) or the output (MAX16129) for overvoltage conditions, with the threshold set internally. The MAX16128 features switch-mode fault management for overvoltage conditions, while the MAX16129 features voltage limiter-mode fault management for overvoltage conditions.

#### Switch-Mode Fault Protection (MAX16128)

The MAX16128 features a switch-mode fault protection that monitors the input voltage and turns off the back-toback MOSFETs by pulling the GATE to ground when an overvoltage or undervoltage condition occurs. Depending on the device configuration during an overvoltage condition, the MAX16128 either latches off or enters an autoretry mode during the overvoltage condition. Refer to the MAX16128/MAX16129 IC data sheet for more details. For the latchoff version, the latch is cleared by cycling the input voltage (IN) below the undervoltage lockout threshold or by toggling SHDN.

#### Voltage Limiter-Mode Fault Protection (MAX16129)

The MAX16129 features a limiter-mode fault protection that monitors the output voltage for an overvoltage condition. During the overvoltage condition, the output is regulated at the overvoltage-threshold voltage and continues to supply power to downstream devices. If the overvoltage condition lasts long enough to heat the MOSFETs, the MAX16129 could reach thermal limit and pull the GATE low until the device cools by 20°C.

#### **Undervoltage Protection**

The devices monitor the input voltage for undervoltage conditions using an internally set undervoltage threshold. When the input voltage drops below the set threshold, the GATE voltage goes low and the MOSFETs turn off. When the input voltage exceeds the undervoltage threshold, the GATE voltage goes high turning on the MOSFETs.

#### Extended Input-Voltage Protection Range (Circuit 1)

The full-featured solution tolerates -60V to +90V transients. To increase the positive input-voltage-protection range beyond the positive absolute maximum ratings, the EV kit includes a zener diode (D1) between the input supply (IN) of the device and COM. To increase the negative input-voltage protection range, a diode between COM (ground of the protection device) and SYSGND (ground carrying load current), D5, must be installed. A series surface-mount resistor (R5) from IN to the supply input of the EV kit limits the current drawn by the zener diodes. The size of the series resistor is critical to the proper operation of the device. Higher resistor values support high overvoltage transients, but interfere with the undervoltagethreshold set point. However, lower resistor values contribute to the power loss through the zener diodes.

#### Load Dump

Load dump is a common event in automotive systems and occurs when the alternator charging the battery suddenly disconnects from the battery terminals, causing the alternator voltage to spike due to the large capacitance of the battery removed. As the battery is disconnected, the alternator voltage jumps very high and the devices protect the sensitive circuit blocks during this event.

#### **Cold-Crank Monitoring**

Cold-crank faults occur when the input voltage decreases from its steady-state condition. A cold-crank comparator monitors IN through an internal resistive divider. Refer to the MAX16128/MAX16129 IC data sheet for more information on how cold-crank monitoring is handled for various versions of the devices.

#### Shutdown Input (SHDN)

The devices feature a shutdown input. For normal operation, a shunt should be installed across jumpers JU1 and JU3. To disable the output, remove the shunt on JU1 and JU3 and an internal 1 $\mu$ A shutdown current pulls SHDN low or drives the RUN/RUN1 test points low. See Table 1 for JU1 and JU3 settings.

#### **Optional RC Load at GATE for Inrush Control**

The EV kits feature an optional RC (R13/C6 and R24/C12) at the GATE pin of the device that is connected through jumpers JU2 and JU4. If necessary to slow down the turn-on time of the GATE of the MOSFET(s), install a shunt across JU2 and JU4. By default, JU2 and JU4 are not connected.

### Table 1. Shutdown Input (SHDN) Jumpers JU1, JU3 Settings

SHUNT POSITION	SHDN PIN	DEVICES
Installed*	Connected to IN	Enabled
Not installed	Internally pulled low through 1µA shutdown current or RUN/RUN1 test point can be driven low	Disabled

\*Default position.

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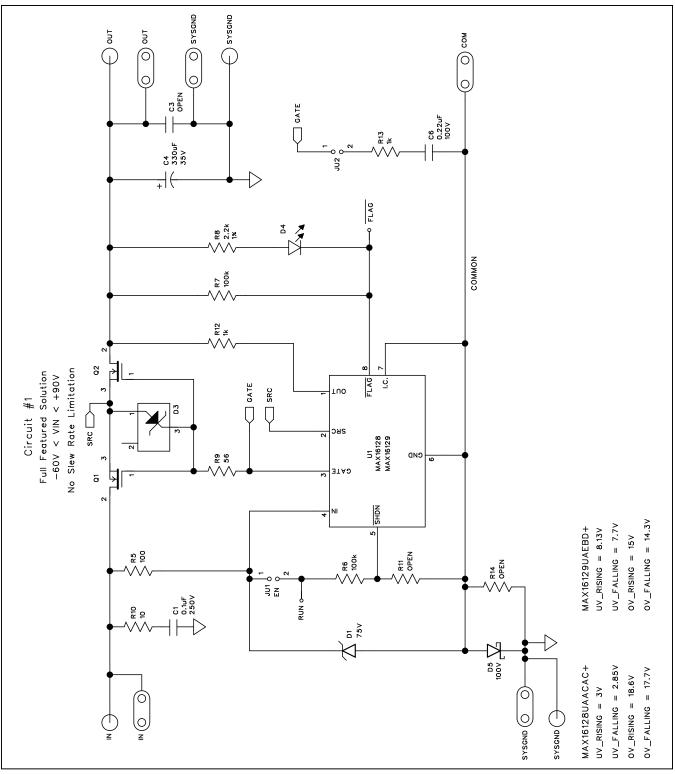


Figure 1a. MAX16128/MAX16129 EV Kit Schematic (Sheet 1 of 2)—Circuit 1

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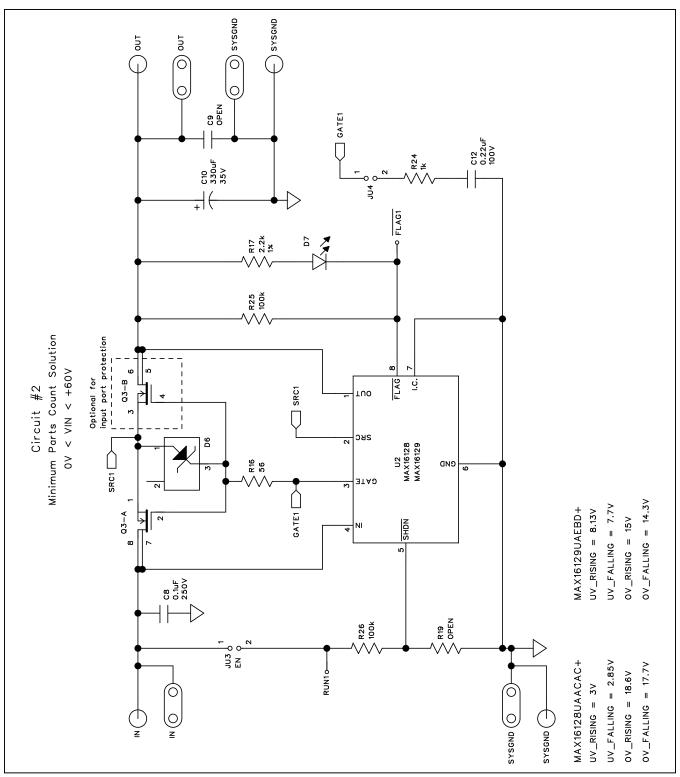


Figure 1b. MAX16128/MAX16129 EV Kit Schematic (Sheet 2 of 2)—Circuit 2

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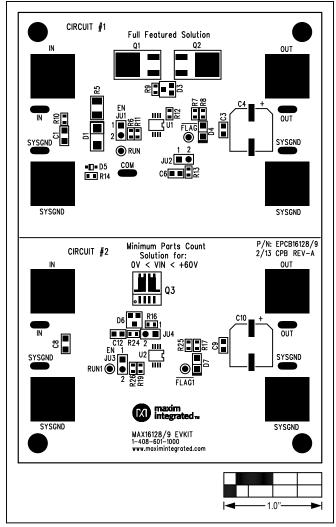


Figure 2. MAX16128/MAX16129 EV Kit Component Placement Guide—Component Side

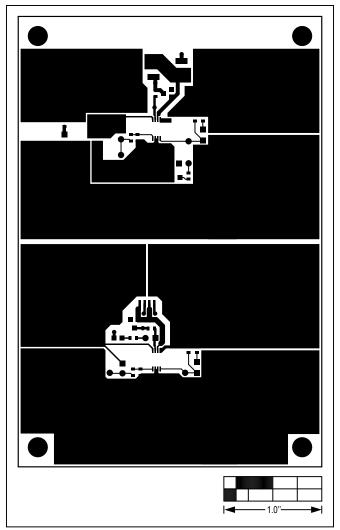


Figure 3. MAX16128/MAX16129 EV Kit PCB Layout— Component Side

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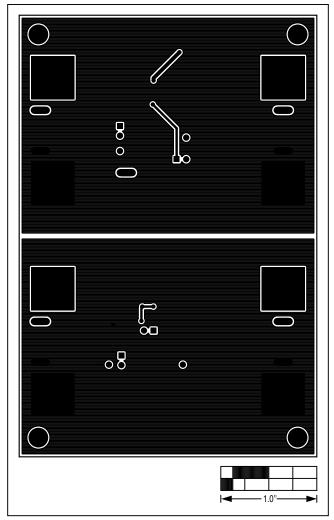


Figure 4. MAX16128/MAX16129 EV Kit PCB Layout—Solder Side

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### **Ordering Information**

PART	TYPE	
MAX16128EVKIT#	EV Kit	
MAX16129EVKIT#	EV Kit	

#Denotes RoHS compliant.

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### **Revision History**

REVISION	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	PAGES
NUMBER	DATE		CHANGED
0	4/13	Initial release	—

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