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# VK204-25

Including VK204-25-422, VK204-25-USB.

## **Technical Manual**

**Revision 2.1** 

PCB Revision: 3.0 or Higher

Firmware Revision: 7.3 or Higher

# **Revision History**

Revision	Description	Author
2.1	Correction to Set Non-Standard Baud Rate command	Divino
2.0	LKVK Manual split into individual manuals.	Divino

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## Introduction

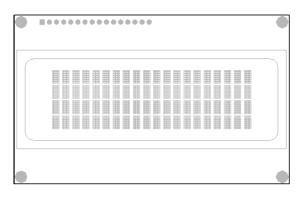


Figure 1: VK204-25 Display

The VK204-25 is an intelligent alphanumeric liquid crystal display designed to decrease development time by providing an instant solution to any project. In addition to the RS232, TTL and I2C protocols available in the standard model, USB and RS422 communication models allow the VK204-25 to be connected to a wide variety of host controllers. Communication speeds of up to 115.2kbps for serial protocols and 100kbps for I<sup>2</sup>C ensure lightning fast data display.

The simple command structure permits easy software control of many settings including backlight brightness, screen contrast, and baud rate. On board memory provides up to forty custom characters which can be saved within the unit and recalled for start screens, bar graphs or larger numbers.

User input is available through a five by five matrix style keypad, and six general purpose outputs provide simple switchable five volt sources. In addition, a Dallas One-Wire header provides a convenient communication interface for up to thirty-two devices.

The versatile VK204-25, with all the features mentioned above, is available in a variety of colour, voltage, and temperature options to suit almost any application.

## **Quick Connect Guide**

### **Standard Module**

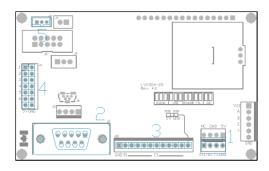


Figure 2: Standard Connections

Table 1: Standard Headers

#	Header	Mate
1	Communication/Power	SCCPC5V/BBC
2	DB9	CSS1FT/CSS4FT
3	Keypad	KPP4x4
4	GPO	None Offered
5	Dallas One-Wire	Temperature Probe

The standard version of the VK204-25 allows for user configuration of three common communication protocols. First, the unit can communicate using serial protocol at either RS323 or TTL voltage levels. Second, it can communicate using the Inter-Integrated Circuit, or  $I^2C$  protocol. Connections for each protocol can be accessed through the four pin Communication/Power Header as outlined in the Serial Connections and  $I^2C$  Connections sections below.

#### **Recommended Parts**



Figure 3: Communication/Power Cable (SCCPC5V)



Figure 4: Breadboard Cable (BBC)

The most common cable choice for any standard Matrix Orbital display, the Communication/Power Cable offers a simple connection to the unit with familiar interfaces. DB9 and floppy power headers provide all necessary input to drive your display.

For a more flexible interface to the VK204-25, a Breadboard Cable may be used. This provides a simple four wire connection that is popular among developers for its ease of use in a breadboard environment.

#### **Serial Connections**

The serial interface provides a classic connection to the VK204-25. The Communication/Power Cable is most commonly used for this set up as it provides connections for DB9 serial and floppy power cables. To place your board in serial mode, adhere to the steps laid out below.

- 1. Set the Protocol Select Jumpers.
  - RS232: Connect the three jumpers\* in the 232 protocol box with the zero ohm jumper resistors provided or an alternate wire or solder solution.
  - TTL: Connect the two jumpers\* in the TTL protocol box.

\*Note: Jumpers must be removed from all protocol boxes save for the one in use.

- 2. Make the connections.
  - a. Connect the four pin female header of the Communication/Power Cable to the Communication/Power Header of your VK204-25.
  - b. Insert the male end of your serial cable to the corresponding DB9 header of the Communication/Power Cable and the mate the female connector with the desired communication port of your computer.
  - c. Select an unmodified floppy cable from a PC power supply and connect it to the power header of the Communication/Power Cable.
- 3. Create.
  - uProject or hyperterminal will serve to get you started, and then move on with your own development. Instructions for the former can be found below and a variety of application notes are available for the latter at <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</u>.

### I<sup>2</sup>C Connections

A more advanced connection to the VK204-25 is provided by the I<sup>2</sup>C protocol setting. This is best accomplished using a breadboard and the Breadboard Cable. Power must be supplied from your breadboard or another external source. To dive right into your application and use the VK204-25 in I<sup>2</sup>C mode, get started with the guidelines below.

- 1. Set the Protocol Select switches.
  - I<sup>2</sup>C: Ensure that the two I<sup>2</sup>C jumpers in the corresponding protocol box are connected while all others are open.
- 2. Make the connections.
  - a. Connect the Breadboard Cable to the Communication/Power Header on your VK204-25 and plug the four leads into your breadboard. The red lead will require power, while the black should be connected to ground, and the green and yellow should be connected to your controller clock and data lines respectively.
  - b. Pull up the clock and data lines to five volts using a resistance between one and ten kilohms on your breadboard.
- 3. Create.
  - This time you're on your own. While there are many examples within the Matrix Orbital AppNote section, <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</u>, too many controllers and languages exist to cover them all. If you get stuck in development, it is possible to switch over to another protocol on the standard board, and fellow developers are always on our forums for additional support.

### **USB Module**

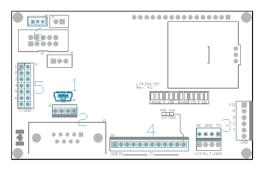


Figure 5: USB Connections

Table 2: Standard Headers						
#	Header	Mate				
1	Mini USB	EXTMUSB3FT/ INTMUSB3FT				
2	Alternate USB	None Offered				
3	Alternate Power	PCS				
4	Keypad	KPP4x4				
5	GPO	None Offered				
6	Dallas One-Wire	Temperature Probe				

The VK204-25-USB offers a single USB protocol for easy connection to a host computer. The simple and widely available protocol can be accessed using the on board mini B style USB connector as outlined in the USB Connections section.

#### **Recommended Parts**



Figure 6: External Mini USB Cable (EXTMUSB3FT) The External Mini USB cable is recommended for the VK204-25-USB display. It will connect to the miniB style header on the unit and provide a connection to a regular A style USB connector, commonly found on a PC.

#### **USB Connections**

The USB connection is the quickest, easiest solution for PC development. After driver installation, the VK204-25-USB will be accessible through a virtual serial port, providing the same result as a serial setup without the cable hassle. To connect to your VK204-25-USB, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Set the Protocol Select Jumpers.
  - USB: The VK204-25-USB offers USB protocol only. Model specific hardware prevents this unit from operating in any other protocol, and does not allow other models to operate in the USB protocol. Protocol Select Jumpers on the USB model cannot be moved.
- 2. Make the connections.
  - Plug the mini-B header of your External Mini USB Cable into your VK204-25-USB and the regular USB header into your computer USB jack.
- 3. Install the drivers.
  - a. Download the latest drivers at <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/drivers</u>, and save them to a known location.
  - b. When prompted, install the USB bus controller driver automatically.
  - c. If asked, continue anyway, even though the driver is not signed.
  - d. When the driver install is complete, your display will turn on, but communication will not yet be possible.
  - e. At the second driver prompt, install the serial port driver automatically.
  - f. Again, if asked, continue anyway.
- 4. Create.
  - Use uProject or hyperterminal to get started, and then move on with your own development. Instructions for the former can be found below and a number of application notes are available for the latter at <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</u>.

### **RS422 Module**

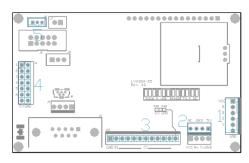


Figure 7: RS422 Connections

	Table 3: Standard Headers						
#	Header	Mate					
1	RS422	16-30 AWG Wire					
2	Alternate Power	PCS					
3	Keypad	KPP4x4					
4	GPO	None Offered					
5	Dallas One-Wire	Temperature Probe					

The VK204-25-422 provides an industrial alternative to the standard RS232 communication protocol. Rather than single receive and transmit lines, the RS422 model uses a differential pair for each of the receive and transmit signals to reduce degradation and increase transmission lengths. Power can be transmitted at distance to a -VPT module or supplied from the immediate vicinity to a regular or -V unit. RS422 signals are available in a six pin connector as described in the RS422 Connections section.

#### **RS422 Connections**

The VK204-25-422 provides a robust RS422 interface to the display line. For this interface, a series of six wires are usually screwed into the RS422 terminal block provided. An alternate header is also available to provide local power to a regular or -V unit. To connect to your VK204-25-422, follow the steps below.

- 1. Set the Protocol Select Jumpers.
  - RS422: The VK204-25-422 offers only RS422 protocol and does not require any jumper changes.
- 2. Make the connections.
  - a. Screw one wire; sized 16 to 30 on the American Wire Gauge, into each of the six terminal block positions. When local power is supplied, a floppy cable may link to the alternate power header.
  - b. Connect the Vcc wire to the positive terminal of your power supply and the GND terminal to the negative or ground lead to provide appropriate power as in Table 43.
  - c. Secure the A and B wires to your non-inverting and inverting output signals respectively, while attaching the Z and Y wires to your inverting and non-inverting inputs.
- 3. Create.
  - In a PC environment, uProject or hyperterminal will serve to get you started. In addition, a
    variety of application notes are also available in a number of different languages to aid in
    development. Instructions for the former can be found below and the simple C# example at
    www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes is a great first reference for the latter.

### Software

The multiple communication protocols available and simple command structure of the VK204-25 means that a variety of applications can be used to communicate with the display. Text is sent to the display as a character string, for example, sending the decimal value 41 will result in an 'A' appearing on the screen. A number of control characters are also activated. Commands are merely values prefixed with a special command byte, 254 in decimal. While many software programs are available to communicate with the VK204-25, a number of more common samples are detailed in depth below.

Table 4: Reserved Control Characters



### Hyperterminal

Installed on most Windows computers, hyperterminal can be run by selecting run and typing 'hypertrm' in the command line. This basic program will allow communication between a PC and your display.

When starting up, a name must be given to your connection, and an icon may be chosen, neither is consequential. Next, it's important to select the appropriate communication port to which your display is connected. Finally, the settings below must be entered to complete the port setup.

Table 5: Hyperterminal Settings								
BPS Data Bits Parity Stop Bits Flow Control								
19200	8	None	1	None				

Once a port is successfully set up, data can be sent to an attached display by typing on the keyboard. At this point, it may be helpful to echo keys to the monitor by selecting properties from the file menu and opening the ASCII settings from settings tab.

Commands can be sent to an attached display by issuing decimal commands using the number pad. While the ALT key is held down, four digit decimal values can be sent as a single ASCII character. For example, to clear the screen, try the following sequence.

#### ALT +0254 ALT +0088

Figure 8: Hyperterminal Command

Any commands or text desired can be sent to the communication port using this method to provide total control of any Matrix Orbital display.

### uProject

The Matrix Orbital alphanumeric display tuner, or uProject, is offered as a free download from the www.matrixorbital.ca support site. It allows the basic functionality of any display\* to be tested using a simple graphical user interface system.

While basic functionality can be tested using the GUI portion of the program, more advanced users will enjoy the scripting capability found in the uploader tab. Here commands can be stacked, run, and saved for later use. Although many commands are available to be dragged into the script dialog, perhaps the most powerful is the raw data command found in the other branch.

This command allows raw bytes to be sent to the display, permitting many different formats for entry and displaying in decimal notation. Any command from this manual may be entered in decimal notation separated by slashes.

#### /254/ /88/

#### Figure 9: uProject Command

Again, the clear screen command is sent to a connected display, this time using uProject raw data command style. Scripts can be run as a whole using the execute command from the script menu, or as single commands by selecting execute once. Before issuing commands, it is a good idea to ensure communication with a display is successful using some of the more basic GUI functions in the main window.

This program provides scratch pad upon which a tome of display projects and ideas can be assembled.

\*Note: The uProject AutoDetect function will not perform correctly when a USB display is connected. Please manually configure any USB display.

### **Application Notes**

Full demonstration programs and code are available for Matrix Orbital displays in the C# language from Simple C# AppNote Pack in the Matrix Orbital Application Note section at <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</u>. Difficulty increases from beginner, with the Hello World program, to advanced with the Dallas One-Wire temperature reading application.

Many additional applications are available in a number of different programming languages. These programs are meant to showcase the capability of the display and are not intended to be integrated into a final design. For additional information regarding code, please read the On Code document also found on the support site.

## Hardware

### **Standard Model**

#### **Communication/Power Header**



Figure 10: Communication/Power Header



Pin	Function
1	Vcc
2	Rx (SCL)
3	Tx (SDA)
4	Gnd

The Communication/Power Header provides a standard connector for interfacing to the VK204-25. Voltage is applied through pins one and four of the four pin Communication/Power Header. Please ensure the correct voltage input for your display by referencing the electrical specifications in Table 43 before connecting power. Pins two and three are reserved for serial transmission, using either the RS-232/TTL or clocking data through the I<sup>2</sup>C protocol, depending on what has been selected by the Protocol Select Jumpers. The versatile Tyco 640456-4-LF style header employed here can be mated to a wide array of female connectors for a perfect fit in any project.

#### Serial DB9 Connector

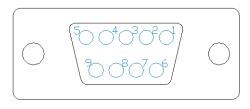
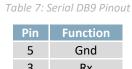


Figure 11: Serial DB9 Connector



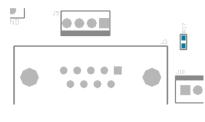
3	Rx
2	Тx
9	NC/Vcc*

The VK204-25 provides a DB-9 Connector to readily interface with serial devices using EIA232 standard signal levels. It is also possible to communicate at TTL levels of 0 to +5V by setting the Protocol Select Jumpers to TTL. As an added feature it is also possible to apply power through pin 9 of the DB-9 Connector in order to reduce cable clutter. A standard male DB9 header will provide the perfect mate for this connector.

\*Note: Do not apply voltage through pin 9 of the DB-9 Connector AND through the Communication/Power Header at the same time.

#### **Power Through DB9 Jumper**

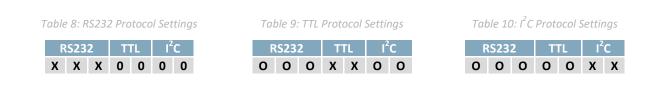
In order to provide power through pin 9 of the DB-9 Connector you must connect the Power Through DB-9 Jumper labelled R17, as illustrated below. This connection can be made using a zero ohm resistor, recommended size 0603, or a solder bridge. The VK204-25 allows all voltage models to use the power through DB-9 option, see the electrical specifications in Table 43 for voltage requirements.



Power Through DB9 Jumper

#### **Protocol Select Jumpers**

The Protocol Select Jumpers provide the means necessary to toggle the standard VK204-25 model between RS-232, TTL and I<sup>2</sup>C protocols. As a default, the jumpers are set to RS-232 mode with solder jumps on the 232 jumpers. In order to place the display module in I<sup>2</sup>C mode you must first remove the solder jumps from the 232 jumpers and then place them on the I<sup>2</sup>C jumpers. The display will now be in I<sup>2</sup>C mode and have a default slave address of 0x50, unless it has been changed. Similarly, in order to change the display to TTL mode, simply remove the zero ohm resistors from the 232 or I<sup>2</sup>C jumpers and solder them to the TTL jumpers. Protocol tables are shown below where an `X` designates a connected jump while an 'O' signifies an open connection.



### **USB Model**

#### **Mini USB Connector**

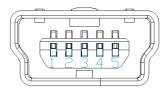


Figure 12: Mini USB Connector

Table 11: Mini USB Pinout

Pin	Function
1	Vcc
2	D-
3	D+
5	Gnd

Table 13: Alternate Power Pinout

Pin Function

1 2

3

4

NC

Gnd

Gnd

Vcc

The VK204-25-USB comes with a familiar Mini USB Connector to fulfill both communication and power needs. The standard MiniB style header can be connected to any other USB style using the appropriate cable. Most commonly used with a PC, this connection creates a virtual com port that offers a simple power solution with a familiar communication scheme.

Alternate USB	Head	ler					
					Table 12: /	Alternate USB Pi	nout
					Pin	Function	
	1	2	3	4	1	Vcc	
					2	D+	
<b></b>		. A [ t		CD 11-	3	D-	
Fig	ure 13.	: Aiteri	nate U	SR He	4	Gnd	

Some advanced applications may prefer the straight four pin connection offered through the Optional Alternate USB Header. This header offers power and communication access in a simple interface package. The Optional Alternate USB Header may be added to the VK204-25-USB for an added charge as part of a custom order. Please use the Contact section to request more information from the friendly Matrix Orbital sales team.





Figure 14: Alternate Power Connector

The Alternate Power Connector provides the ability to power the VK204-25-USB using a second cable. The Tyco 171825-4 style header is particularly useful for connecting to an unmodified floppy power cable from a PC power supply for a simple bench power solution.

### RS422 Model

#### RS422 Header

6	
€5	
€ 4	
€	
Фз	
$\square^1$	

Figure 15: RS422 Header

Т	abl	е	14:	RS422	Pin	out
	0.01	$\sim$		110 122		000

Pin	Function
1	Gnd
2	Rx (Y)
3	Inv Rx (Z)
4	Inv Tx (B)
5	Tx (A)
6	Vcc

The six pin RS422 interface header of the VK204-25-422 offers power and ground connections as well as two differential pair communication lines. Regular and inverted lines are provided for both receive and transmit signals. Power is supplied locally to the regular or –V variants while the –VPT can receive power over a distance. The Tyco 282834-6 style header is most suited to a simple wire connection.

#### **Alternate Power Connector**



The Alternate Power Connector provides the ability to power the VK204-25-422 using a second cable. This is particularly useful for the regular or -V modules that are to be powered locally. The Tyco 171825-4 style header will fit a floppy power cable from a PC power supply for a simple bench power solution.

### **Common Features**

#### **General Purpose Outputs**

1 🗆 🗖	8		Table 16: G	GPO Pir	nout
2 0 0	9	Pin	Function	Pin	Function
3 🗆 🗖	10	1	GPO 1	8	Gnd
4 🗆 🗆	11	2	GPO 1	9	Gnd
5 0 0	12	3	GPO 1	10	Gnd
6	13	4	GPO 1	11	Gnd
		5	GPO 1	12	Gnd
	14	6	GPO 1	13	Gnd
Figure 17, CDO	landar	7	Vcc	14	Gnd
Figure 17: GPO I	TEUUEI				

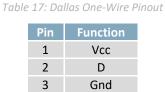
A unique feature of the VK204-25 is the ability to control relays\* and other external devices using one of six General Purpose Outputs. Each can source up to 20mA of current at five volts when on or sink 10mA at zero volts when off. The two row, fourteen pin header can be interfaced to a number of female connectors to provide control to any peripheral devices required.

\*Note: If connecting a relay, be sure that it is fully clamped using a diode and capacitor in order to absorb any electro-motive force (EMF) which will be generated.

#### **Dallas One-Wire Connector**

0	0	0	
1	2	3	l

Figure 18: Dallas One-Wire Connector



In addition to the six general purpose outputs the VK204-25 offers an Optional Dallas One-Wire bridge, to allow for an additional thirty two one-wire devices to be connected to the display. This header can be populated with a Tyco 173979 connector at an added cost by custom order only. Please use the Contact section to request for more information from the Matrix Orbital sales team.

#### **Keypad Header**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

Figure 19: Keypad Header

Table 18: Keypad Pinout

Pin	Function
1	Gnd
2	Row 1
3	Row 2
4	Row 3
5	Row 4
6	Row 5
7	Column 1
8	Column 2
9	Column 3
10	Column 4
11	Column 5
12	Gnd/Vcc*

To facilitate user input, the VK204-25 provides a Keypad Interface Connector which allows a matrix style keypad of up to twenty-five keys to be directly connected to the display module. Key presses are generated when a short is detected between a row and a column. When a key press is generated, a character specific to that key press is automatically sent on the Tx communication line. If the display module is running in I<sup>2</sup>C mode, the "Auto Transmit Keypress" function may be turned off to allow the key presses to remain in the buffer so that they may be polled. The character that is associated with each key press may also be altered using the "Assign Key Codes" command. The straight twelve pin header of the Keypad Interface Connector will interface to a variety of different devices including the Matrix Orbital KPP4x4 keypad.

\*Note: The Ground / +5V pin is toggled by the jumper to the right of the keypad connector. Jump pads 1 & 2 for +5V or 2 & 3 for GND.

## Troubleshooting

### Power

In order for your Matrix Orbital display to function correctly, it must be supplied with the appropriate power. If the D2 power LED near the top right corner of the board is not illuminated, power is not applied correctly. Try following the tips below.

- First, make sure that you are using the correct power connector. Standard floppy drive power cables from your PC power supply may fit on the Communication/Power Header; however they do not have the correct pin out to provide power. Matrix Orbital supplies power cable adapters for connecting to a PC, which can be found in the accessories section.
- Next, check the power cable which you are using for continuity. If you don't have an ohm meter, try using a different power cable, if this does not help try using a different power supply.
- If power is applied through the DB9 connector, ensure that the Power Through DB9 Jumper is connected.
- If changes have been made to the protocol select block, ensure all the appropriate Protocol Select Jumpers are connected and all unused protocol jumpers are disconnected.
- The last step will be to check the power interface connector in use on your display. If the power connections have become loose, or you are unable to resolve the issue, please contact Matrix Orbital for more information.

### Display

If your display is powered successfully, the Matrix Orbital logo, or user created screen should display on start up. If this is not the case, check out these tips.

Ensure the brightness is not too high or too low. This can result in a darkened or blank screen respectively. See the

- Manual Override section to reset to default.
- Make sure that the start screen is not blank. It is possible to overwrite the Matrix Orbital logo start screen, if this happens the screen may be blank. Try writing to the display to ensure it is functional, after checking the brightness above.

### Communication

When communication of either text or commands is interrupted, try the steps below.

- First, check the communication cable for continuity. If you don't have an ohm meter, try using a different communication cable. If you are using a PC try using a different Com Port.
- Next, please ensure that the display module is set to communicate on the protocol that you are using, by checking the Protocol Select Jumpers.
- In serial protocol, ensure that the host system and display module are both communicating on the same baud rate. The default baud rate for the display module is 19200 bps.
- Match Rx from the VK204-25 to the transmitting pin from your host and the Tx pin to the receiving pin.
- If you are communicating to the display via I<sup>2</sup>C\* please ensure that the data is being sent to the correct address. The default slave address for the display module is 80.
- In I<sup>2</sup>C mode, connect Rx to the data line of your controller and Tx to the data output.
- Unlock the display. See the Set and Save Data Lock command for more info.
- Finally, you may reset the display to its default settings using the Manual Override procedure outlined below.

\*Note: I<sup>2</sup>C communication will always require pull up resistors on SCL and SDA of one to ten kilohms.

### Manual Override

Should the settings of your display become altered in a way that dramatically impacts usability, the default settings can be temporarily restored. To override the display, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Disconnect power from your display.
- 2. Place a jumper on the middle two pins of the keypad header, R5 and C1.
- 3. Reconnect power to your unit, and wait for the start screen before removing the override jumper.
- 4. Settings will be temporarily\*\* overridden to the defaults listed in the Manual Override Settings table. At this point any important settings, such as contrast, backlight, or baud rate, should not only be set but saved so they remain when the override is removed.

Parameter	Value
Backlight	255
Contrast	128
Baud Rate	19200
I <sup>2</sup> C Address	80

Table 19: Manual Override Settings

**\*\*Note:** The display module will revert back to the old settings once turned off, unless desired settings are saved.

## Commands

### 1. Communications

1. Changing t	he I2C	Dec	254 5	51 Ado	dress						
Slave Add	ress	Hex	FE 3	33 Ade	dress						
		ASCII		3 Add	dress						
Immediately ch	anges th	e I2C wi	rite add	ress. O	nly even	values a	re permit	tted as th	ne next o	dd addres	s will becor
the read addres											
Address 1 by	rte, even	value									
1.2. Changing t	he De	c 25	54 57	Speed							
Baud Rate				Speed							
	AS			Speed							
Immediately ch	anges th	e haud i	rate N	ot availa	able in 12	C Baud	rate can	he temp	orarily fo	rced to 19	200 hy a
Immediately ch	-	e baud I	rate. N	ot availa	able in 12	2C. Baud	rate can	be temp	orarily fo	rced to 19	200 by a
manual overrid	e.				able in I2	2C. Baud	rate can	be temp	orarily fo	rced to 19	200 by a
manual overrid	-				able in I2	2C. Baud	rate can	be temp	orarily fo	rced to 19	200 by a
manual overrid	e.			elow					orarily fo	rced to 19	200 by a
manual overrid	e.			elow			rate can Rate Valu		orarily fo	rced to 19	200 by a
manual overrid	e.			elow					orarily fo 57600	rced to 19 115200	200 by a
manual overrid	e. , valid se	ttings sł	າown be	elow Table .	20: Accep	oted Baud	Rate Valu	es			200 by a
manual overrid	e. , valid se Rate	ttings sł 1200	10wn be 2400	elow Table - 4800	20: Accep 9600	oted Baud 19200	Rate Valu 28800	es 38400	57600	115200	200 by a
manual overrid	e. , valid se Rate	ttings sł 1200	10wn be 2400	elow Table - 4800	20: Accep 9600	oted Baud 19200	Rate Valu 28800	es 38400	57600	115200	200 by a
manual overrid	e. , valid se Rate Speed	ttings sł 1200 83	2400 41	elow Table - 4800	20: Accep 9600	oted Baud 19200 51	Rate Valu 28800	es 38400	57600	115200	200 by a
manual overrid	e. , valid se Rate Speed Standard	ttings sł 1200 83	2400 41	elow <i>Table</i> 4800 207	20: Accep 9600 103 Speed	oted Baud 19200 51	Rate Valu 28800	es 38400	57600	115200	200 by a

153800. Due to rounding, error increases with baud rate, actual baud must be within 3% of desired baud to ensure accurate communication. Not available in I2C. Can be temporarily forced to 19200 by a manual override. Speed Calculations shown below, standard crystal speed is 16MHz.

$Speed = \frac{CrystalSpeed}{(8 \times DesiredBaud)} - 1$ Equation 1: Speed Byte Calculation	$ActualBaud = \frac{CrystalSpeed}{(8 \times (Speed + 1))}$ Equation 2: Actual Baud Rate Calculation
DesiredBaud – A DesiredB	< 0.03

Equation 3: Baud Rate Error Calculation

1.4. Transmissi	on Dec	254 160	Protocol
Protocol S	elect Hex	FE AO	Protocol
Selects the prot	ocol used for a	data transm	nission from the display. Data transmission to the display is not affected.
Must be set to	the protocol in	use to rece	eive data correctly.
Protocol	1 byte, 1 for	Serial (RS23	32/RS422/TTL/USB) or 0 for 12C
	•		

### 2. Text

On Hex FE 51 ASCII ■ Q	2.1. Auto Scroll	Dec	254 81			
ASCII Q	On	Нех	FE 51			
		ASCII	<b>Q</b>			

The entire contents of screen are shifted up one line when the end of the screen is reached. Default is on.

2.2. Auto Scroll	ec 254 82
Off	lex FE 52
	SCII R

New text is written over the top line when the end of the screen is reached. Default is Auto Scroll on.

	2.3. Clear	Dec	254 88		
	Screen	Нех	FE 58		
		ASCII	■X		
Clears the contents of the screen.					

2.4. Changing the	Dec	254 64	Characters					
Start Up Screen	Нех	FE 40	Characters					
	ASCII	■ @	Characters					
Changes the message displayed on start up. Custom characters can be included by adding their decimal value (0-								
7). Characters will automatically wrap on the display.								
Characters 80 bytes, space characters can be added as needed								

2.5. Set Auto Line	Dec	254 67	
Wrap On	Hex	FE 43	
	ASCII	■ C	

Text will wrap to the next consecutive line once a row becomes full. Default is Auto Line Wrap on.

Wrap Off Hex FE 44	2.6. Set Auto Line	Dec 254 6	1 68	
	Wrap Off	Hex FE 4	E 44	
ASCII D		ASCII 🔳	D	

Text will skip one line when wrapping once a row becomes full. Writing order will be rows 1, 3, 2, and then 4. Default is Auto Line Wrap on.

2.7. Set C	ursor	Dec	254 71	Column Row					
Posi	tion	Hex	FE 47	Column Row					
		ASCII	∎ G	Column Row					
Sets the c	Sets the cursor to a specific position where the next transmitted character is printed.								
Column	nn 1 byte, value between 1 and 20								
Row	1 byte, value between 1 and 4								

2.8. Go Home	Dec	254 72						
	Нех	FE 48						
	ASCII	■ H						
Returns the cur	Returns the cursor to the top left of the screen							

Returns the cursor to the top left of the screen.

2.9. Move Cursor	Dec	254 76					
Back	Hex	FE 4C					
	ASCII	• L					
Moves cursor one position to the left. Cursor will obey wrap settings.							

2.10. Move Cursor	Dec	254 77				
Forward	Нех	FE 4D				
	ASCII	■ M				
Moves cursor one position to the right. Cursor will obey wrap settings.						

2.11. Underline 254 74 Dec Cursor On FE 4A Hex ASCII ∎ J

Displays a line under the current cursor position. Can be used with block cursor.

2.12. Underline	Dec	254 75					
Cursor Off	Hex	FE 4B					
	ASCII	<b>K</b>					
Removes line under current cursor position							

inoves init лр

Cursor On Hex FE 53	2.13. Blinking Block	Dec 254 83
ASCII S	Cursor On	Hex FE 53
		ASCII S

Displays a blinking block over the current cursor position. Can be used with underline.

2.14. Blinking Block	Dec	254 84				
Cursor Off	Hex	FE 54				
	ASCII	■ T				
Removes blinking block over current cursor position						

Removes blinking block over current cursor position.

### 3. Special Characters

3.1. Creating a Custom	Dec	254 78	ID Data
Character	Hex	FE 4E	ID Data
	ASCII	■ N	ID Data

Creates a custom character. Each character is divided into 8 rows of 5 pixels; each data byte represents one row. Each byte is padded by three zero bits followed by five bits representing each pixel state. A one represents an on condition while a zero is off. Characters are lost when a new memory bank is loaded, unless they are saved.

ID 1 byte, character ID, value between 0 and 7

Data 8 bytes, character pixel data as shown below

	Tabl	e 21:	Cusi	tom l	Degr	ee Ch	naracter	
Data1	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00001000	8
Data2	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00010100	20
Data3	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00001000	8
Data4	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	0000011	3
Data5	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00000100	4
Data6	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00000100	4
Data7	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	0000011	3
Data8	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	0000000	0

3.2. Saving Custom Dec 254 193 Bank ID Data						
Characters Hex FE C1 Bank ID Data						
Provides access to all memory banks to create and save custom characters, graph bars, and large digits. Any new characters saved will overwrite the old, so care should be taken when writing to any bar or digit memory bank.						
Bank structure is shown below.						
Bank 1 byte, memory bank ID, value between 0 and 4						
1 byte, value between 0 and 7						
Data 8 bytes, character pixel data as above						
OStart-up Characters1Horizontal Bars2Vertical Bars3Medium Digits4Large Digits						
3.3. Loading Custom Dec 254 192 Bank						
Characters Hex FE CO Bank						
Loads a bank of custom characters into memory for use. Must be issued before using a bank of characters. Alternatively, an appropriate initialize command can be used.						
Bank   1 byte, memory bank ID, value between 0 and 4						

3.4. Save Sta	rt Up Scree	n De	254 194	ID Data		
Custon	n Character	s Hex	FE C2	ID Data		
Saves a custom character to memory for the start up screen or repeated use. Start up characters are displayed by sending their ID to the screen.						
ID 1 byte	e, value bet	ween 0	and 7			
Data 8 Dyt			,			
		Dec	254 109			
3.5. Initialize Numbe	Medium					
3.5. Initialize	Medium	Dec	254 109			
3.5. Initialize Numbe	Medium er	Dec Hex ASCII	254 109 FE 6D ■ m	r bank into memory. Medium numbers must be initialized before use.		

3.6. Place	Medium	Dec	254 111	Row Column Digit		
Num	nbers	Hex	FE 6F	Row Column Digit		
		ASCII	<b>0</b>	Row Column Digit		
Places a si	ngle mediur	n decima	al digit of :	2 row height and 1 column width on the display at the position specified.		
Medium n	n numbers must be initialized before being placed.					
Row	1 byte, val	ue betwe	een 1 and	20		
Column	1 byte, value between 1 and 4					
Digit	1 byte, sing	gle decin	nal digit to	o display		

3.7. Initialize Large	Dec	254 110	
Numbers	Hex	FE 6E	
	ASCII	∎ n	

Loads the large number custom character bank into memory. Large numbers must be initialized before use.

3.8. Place Large Number		Column Digit Column Digit					
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		Column Digit					
Places a single larg	Places a single large decimal digit, 4 rows in height and 3 columns in width, on the display at the position specified.						
Medium numbers must be initialized before being placed.							
Column	1 byte, value between 1 and 20						
Digit	1 byte, single decimal digit to display						

3.9. Initialize	Dec	254 104
Horizontal Bar	Нех	FE 68
	ASCII	■ h
Loads the horizontal ba	ar graph	custom character bank into memory. Horizontal bar characters must be initialized

Loads the horizontal bar graph custom character bank into memory. Horizontal bar characters must be initialized before a graph is displayed.

3.10. Place	Horizontal	Dec	254 124	Column Row Direction Length			
Bar G	Graph	Hex	FE 7C	Column Row Direction Length			
	laces a horizontal bar graph on the screen beginning at the column and row specified. The bar extends either ight or left to the length indicated. New bars will overwrite old.						
Column	1 byte, value between 1 and 20						
Row	1 byte, value between 1 and 4						
Direction	1 byte, 0 for	1 byte, 0 for right and 1 for left					
Length	1 byte, leng	th in pix	els of the g	raph, value between 0 and 100			

3.11. Initialize Narrow	Dec	254 115	
Vertical Bar	Hex	FE 73	
	ASCII	S S	
Loads the parrow borizo	ntal har	graph sustem character bank into memory. A parrow bar is 2 pixels wide	

Loads the narrow horizontal bar graph custom character bank into memory. A narrow bar is 2 pixels wide. Horizontal bar characters must be initialized before a graph is displayed.

3.12. Initialize	Dec	254 118
Wide	Hex	FE 76
Vertical Bar	ASCII	■ V

Loads the wide horizontal bar graph custom character bank into memory. A wide bar is 5 pixels wide. Horizontal bar characters must be initialized before a graph is displayed.

3.13. Place	e Vertical	Dec	254 61	Column Length			
Bar		Hex	FE 3D	Column Length			
		ASCII	=	Column Length			
	Places a vertical bar graph on the screen extending from the first row of the column specified. The bar extends						
	pwards to the length indicated. A new bar will over write the old.						
Column	1 byte, value between 1 and 20						
Length	1 byte, hei	ght in pi	xels of the	graph, value between 0 and 32			

### 4. General Purpose Output

4.1. General Purpose Output Off	Dec         254 86           Hex         FE 56           ASCII         ■ V	Number			
Turns the specified GPC	O off, sinking curre	ent to an output of zero volts.			
Number 1 byte, GPO to be turned off, value between 1 and 6					

4.2. General Purpose Output On	Hex	254 87 FE 57	Number Number
	ASCII	■ W	Number
Turns the specified GPC	) on, sourci	ng curre	nt from an output of five volts.
Number 1 byte, GPO	to be turne	ed on, va	alue between 1 and 6

4.3. Set Start U	Dec	254 195	Number State
GPO State	Нех	FE C3	Number State
Sets and saves t	ne start u	p state of t	he specified GPO in non volatile memory. Changes will be seen on start up.
Number 1 by	e, GPO to	o be control	lled, value between 1 and 6
State 1 by	e, 1 for c	on or 0 for o	ff

### 5. Dallas One-Wire

5.1. Search for a One-Wire	Dec	254 200 2
Device	Hex	FE C8 02
Sends a search query to each	of the	up to 32 devices on the one wire bus. Any connected device will respond with

Sends a search query to each of the up to 32 devices on the one wire bus. Any connected device will respond with an identification packet.

Response 14 bytes, identification packet as shown below

Table 22.	Dallas	One-Wire	Packet Ir	formation
10010 20.	Dunus	One wine	I UCKCL III	ij on mation

Offset	Length	Value	Description
0	2	9002	Preamble
2	1	138	Another device packet will follow OR
		10	Last device packet
3	1	49	Packet Type
4	1	0	Error Code (0 indicates success)
5	8		Device Address
13	1	0	CRC8 address check (0 indicates validity)

5.2. Dallas On	e-Wire Dec	254 200 1	Flags Send Bits Receive Bits Data
Transac	tion Hex	FE C8 01	Flags Send Bits Receive Bits Data
	-		. Consult your device documentation for information regarding device ed, a corresponding value will be returned by the device.
Flags	1 byte, flags f	or transaction	, see below
Send Bits	1 byte, numb	er of bytes to	be sent to the device
Receive Bits	1 byte, numb	er of bytes exp	pected to be received from the device
Data	Variable, data	to be transm	itted LSB to MSB

Table 24: Dallas One-Wire Flag Table

Bit	Flag Description
7	
6	Unused
5	
4	0 (Future Compatibility)
3	Add CRC8 to transaction
2	0 (Future Compatibility)
1	Read CRC8 from transaction
0	Reset Bus prior to transaction

Table 25: Dallas One-Wire Error Table

Code	Error Description
0	Success
1	Unknown Command
2	No Devices Found
3	Fatal Search Error

### 6. Keypad

6.	1. Auto Transmit	Dec	254 65
	Key Presses On	Нех	FE 41
		ASCII	A

Key presses are automatically sent to the host when received by the display. Default is Auto Transmit on.

6.2. Auto Transmit	Dec 254 79	٦
Key Presses Off	Hex FE 4F	
	ASCII D	
Key presses are held in	ne 10 key buffer to be polled by the host using the Poll Key Press command. Use this	

mode for I2C transactions. Default is Auto Transmit on.

6.3. Poll Key	Dec	254 38
Press	Hex	FE 26
	ASCII	■ &
Reads the last	unread k	ev press from the 10 key display huffer. If another key is stored in the huffer the MSB will

Reads the last unread key press from the 10 key display buffer. If another key is stored in the buffer the MSB will be 1, the MSB will be 0 when the last key press is read. If there are no stored key presses a value of 0 will be returned. Auto transmit key presses must be turned off for this command to be successful.

Response 1 byte, value of key pressed (MSB determines additional keys to be read)

6.4. Clear Key De	ec	254 69	
Buffer He	ex	FE 45	
AS	SCII	■ E	

Clears all key presses from the key buffer.

6.5. Set Debounce	Dec	254 85	Time
Time	Hex	FE 55	Time
	ASCII	∎ U	Time

Sets the time between a key press and a key read by the display. Most switches will bounce when pressed; the debounce time allows the switch to settle for an accurate read. Default is 8 representing a debounce time of approximately 52ms.

Time 1 byte, debounce increment (debounce time = Time \* 6.554ms)

6.6. Set Auto Repeat	Dec	254 126	Mode	
Mode	Нех	FE 7E	Mode	
- · · ·				

Sets key press repeat mode to typematic or hold. In typematic mode if a key press is held, the key value is transmitted immediately, then 5 times a second after a 1 second delay. In hold mode, the key down value is transmitted once when pressed, and then the key up value is sent when the key is released. Default is typematic. Mode 1 byte, 1 for hold mode or 0 for typematic

6.7. Auto Repeat	Dec	254 96					
Mode Off	Нех	FE 60					
Turns auto repeat mode off. Default is on (typematic).							

6.8. Assign Keypad	Dec	254 213	Key Down Key Up	٦	
Codes	Hex	FE D5	Key Down Key Up		
Assigns the key down and key up values sent to the best when a key pross is detected. A key up and key down					

Assigns the key down and key up values sent to the host when a key press is detected. A key up and key down value must be sent for every key, a value of 255 will leave the key unaltered. Defaults are shown below.

Key Down	25 bytes, key down values
Key Up	25 bytes, key up values

Table	26:	Default	t Key	Down	Values
-------	-----	---------	-------	------	--------

	ŀ	(ey Dowi	า	
A(65)	B(66)	C(67)	D(68)	E(69)
F(70)	G(71)	H(72)	I(73)	J(74)
K(75)	L(76)	M(77)	N(78)	O(79)
P(80)	Q(81)	R(82)	S(83)	T(84)
U(85)	V(86)	W(87)	X(88)	Y(89)

Table 27: Default Key Up Values

6.9. Set Typematic	Dec	254 159	Delay
Delay	Нех	FE 9F	Delay
	ASCII	■ f	Delay
Sets the delay betwee	en the first k	ey press and	first typematic report when a key is held in typematic mode.
Delay	Time key n	nust be held	to trigger typematic reports, specified in 100ms, default is 10 (1s).
,			

6.10. Set Typematic	Dec 25	4 158	Interval			
Interval	Нех	FE 9E	Interval			
	ASCII	Pts	Interval			
Sets the interval betwe	en reported key p	oresses	when a key is held and the display is in typematic mode.			
Interval	Time between key reports, specified in 100ms increments, default is 2 (200ms).					

### 7. Display Functions

7.1. Display On	Dec	254 66	Minutes
	Нех	FE 42	Minutes
	ASCII	<b>B</b>	Minutes
There a the state of the second	المراجع المراجع	<b>f</b>	

Turns the display backlight on for a specified length of time. If an inverse display color is used this command will essentially turn on the text.

Minutes 1 byte, number of minutes to leave backlight on, a value of 0 leaves the display on indefinitely

7.2. Display Off	Dec	254 70
	Нех	FE 46
	ASCII	■ F.

Turns the display backlight off. If an inverse display colour is used this command will turn off the text.

7.3. Set VFD	Dec	254 89	Brightness			
Brightness	Hex	FE 59	Brightness			
	ASCII	■ Y	Brightness			
Immediately sets the text brightness. Default is 0.						
Brightness 1 byte	1 byte, brightness level from 3(Dim) to 0(Bright)					

7.4. Set and Save VFD	Dec	254 145	Brightness				
Brightness	Hex	FE 91	Brightness				
Immediately sets and sa	Immediately sets and saves the text brightness. Although brightness can be changed using the set command, it is						
reset to the saved value on start up. Default is 0.							
Brightness 1 byte, brightness level from 3(Dim) to 0(Bright)							

### 8. Data Security

8.1. Set Remember	Dec	254 147	Switch				
	Hex	FE 93	Switch				
Allows changes to specific settings to be saved to the display memory. Writing to non-volatile memory can be slow and each change consumes 1 write of approximately 100,000 available. The Command Summary outlines which commands are saved always, never, and when this command is on only. Remember is off by default.							
commanus are saveu	always	s, never, an	d when this command is on only. Remember is on by default.				

Switch 1 byte, 1 for on or 0 for off

8.2. Set Data Lock	Dec	254 202 245 160	Level				
	Hex	FE CA F5 A0	Level				
Temporarily locks certain aspects of the display to ensure no inadvertent changes are made. The lock is released							
after a power cycle. A new level overrides the old, and levels can be combined. Default is 0.							
Level 1 byte, each bit representing a level, see Table 28							
Level 1 byte, each	ı bit rep	presenting a level, so	ee Table 28				

#### Table 28: Data Lock Bits

Display	Command	Reserved	Setting	Address	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

#### Table 29: Lock Parameters

Reserve	ed	Place holders only, should be 0
Addres	SS	Locks the Baud Rate and I <sup>2</sup> C address
Setting	g	Locks all settings from being saved
Comma	nd	Locks all commands, text can still be written
Display	у	Locks entire display, no new text can be displayed

8.3. Set and Save	Dec	254 203 245 160	Level					
Data Lock	Hex	FE CB F5 A0	Level					
Locks certain aspects of the display to ensure no inadvertent changes are made. The lock is not affected by a								
power cycle. A new level overrides the old, and levels can be combined. Default is 0.								
Level 1 byte, see	data lo	ck table						

### 9. Miscellaneous

9.1. Write Customer Data	Dec Hex		Data
Saves a user defined b	ASCII lock of d		Data n-volatile memory. Useful for storing display information for later use.
Data 16 bytes, user	defined	data	

9.2. Read	Dec	254 53	
Customer	Hex	FE 35	
Data	ASCII	<b>5</b>	
Reads data previo	usly written	to non-volatile	nemory. Data is only changed when written, surviving power cycles.
Response 16 b	ytes, previo	usly saved user o	efined data

9.3. Read Version	Dec 254 54
Number	Hex FE 36
	ASCII 6
Causes display to re	spond with its firmware version number.
Response 1 byte	e, convert to hexadecimal to view major and minor revision numbers

9.4. Read Module	Dec 254	4 55	
Туре	Hex FE	E 37	
	ASCII	■ 7	
Causes display to re	spond with its	ts module number.	
Response 1 byte,	module numb	ber, see partial list below	

Table 30: Sample Module Type Responses

15	VK204-25				
88	VK204-25-USB				
90	VK204-25-422				

## Appendix

### **Command Summary**

Available commands below include identifying number, required parameters, the returned response and an indication of whether the setting is remembered always, never, or with remember set to on.

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Changing the I2C Slave Address	51	33	3	Address	None	Always
Changing the Baud Rate	57	39	9	BaudRate	None	Always
Set a Non-Standard Baud Rate	164	A4	ñ	Speed	None	Always
Transmission Protocol Select	160	A0	á	Protocol	None	Remember On

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Auto Scroll On	81	51	Q	None	None	Remember On
Auto Scroll Off	82	52	R	None	None	Remember On
Clear Screen	88	58	Х	None	None	Never
Changing the Start Up Screen	64	40	@	Characters [80]	None	Always
Set Auto Line Wrap On	67	43	С	None	None	Remember On
Set Auto Line Wrap Off	68	44	D	None	None	Remember On
Set Cursor Position	71	47	G	Col, Row	None	Never
Go Home	72	48	Н	None	None	Never
Move Cursor Back	76	4C	L	None	None	Never
Move Cursor Forward	77	4D	М	None	None	Never
Underline Cursor On	74	4A	J	None	None	Remember On
Underline Cursor Off	75	4B	К	None	None	Remember On
Blinking Block Cursor On	83	53	S	None	None	Remember On
Blinking Block Cursor Off	84	54	Т	None	None	Remember On

#### Table 32: Text Command Summary

#### Table 33: Special Character Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Creating a Custom Character	78	4E	N	ID, Data [8]	None	Remember On
Saving Custom Characters	193	C1	<u> </u>	Bank, ID, Data [8]	None	Always
Loading Custom Characters	192	C0	L	Bank	None	Never
Save Start Up Screen Custom Characters	194	C2	$\top$	ID, Data [8]	None	Always
Initialize Medium Number	109	6D	m	None	None	Never
Place Medium Numbers	111	6F	о	Row, Col, Digit	None	Never
Initialize Large Numbers	110	6E	n	None	None	Never
Place Large Number	35	23	#	Col, Digit	None	Never
Initialize Horizontal Bar	104	68	h	None	None	Never
Place Horizontal Bar Graph	124	7C	I	Col, Row, Dir, Length	None	Never
Initialize Narrow Vertical Bar	115	73	S	None	None	Never
Initialize Wide Vertical Bar	118	76	v	None	None	Never
Place Vertical Bar	61	3D	=	Col, Length	None	Never

#### Table 34: General Purpose Output Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
General Purpose Output Off	86	56	V	Number	None	Never
General Purpose Output On	87	57	W	Number	None	Never
Set Start Up GPO State	195	C3	F	Number, State	None	Always

#### Table 35: Dallas One-Wire Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Search for a One-Wire Device	200, 2	C8, 02	∟, ⊜	None	Data [14]	Never
Dallas One-Wire Transaction	200, 1	C8, 01	∟, ⊙	Flags, Send, Receive, Data []	Data []	Never

Table 36: Keypad Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Auto Transmit Key Presses On	65	41	А	None	None	Remember On
Auto Transmit Key Presses Off	79	4F	0	None	None	Remember On
Poll Key Press	38	26	&	None	KeyPress	Never
Clear Key Buffer	69	45	Е	None	None	Never
Set Debounce Time	85	55	U	Time	None	Remember On
Set Auto Repeat Mode	126	7E	~	Mode	None	Remember On
Auto Repeat Mode Off	96	60	`	None	None	Remember On
Assign Keypad Codes	213	D5	Г	KeyUp [25], KeyDown [25]	None	Always
Set Typematic Delay	159	9F	f	Delay	None	Remember On
Set Typematic Interval	158	9E	Pts	Delay	None	Remember On

#### Table 37: Display Functions Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Display On	66	42	В	Minutes	None	Remember On
Display Off	70	46	F	None	None	Remember On
Set VFD Brightness	89	59	Y	Brightness	None	Remember On
Set and Save VFD Brightness	145	91	æ	Brightness	None	Always

#### Table 38: Data Security Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Set Remember	147	93	ô	Switch	None	Always
Set Data Lock	202, 245, 160	CA, F5, A0	<b>≞</b> , ], á	Level	None	Remember On
Set and Save Data Lock	203, 245, 160	CB, F5, A0	<b>፹</b> , ∫, á	Level	None	Always

#### Table 39: Miscellaneous Command Summary

Name	Dec	Нех	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Write Customer Data	52	34	4	Data [16]	None	Always
Read Customer Data	53	35	5	None	Data [16]	Never
Read Version Number	54	36	6	None	Version	Never
Read Module Type	55	37	7	None	Module	Never

### **Character Sets**

			ł	lighe	r 4-b	it (D4	to [	D7) o	f Cha	aract	er Co	ode (	Hexa	deci	mal)		
	_	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	в	С	D	Е	F
	0	CG RAM (1)			Ø	a	1,	••	₽÷-				••••	9	Ξ.	Ċ	p
	1	CG RAM (2)		!	1	A	0	3				m	7	ņ.	ć,	ä	q
	2	CG RAM (3)			2		R	b	ŀ			T		Ņ	×	B	0
	3	CG RAM (4)		#		0			<b>.</b>			!	ņ	7	2	æ.	æ
al)	4	CG RAM (5)		\$	4	D	Τ	d	†			·		ŀ	÷	<u> </u> .4	Ω
xadecim	5	CG RAM (6)		2		<u></u>		@	I				7	<u></u>		S	ü
Code (He	6	CG RAM (7)		8	6	-	Û	Ŧ	V			Ņ	ņ			p	2
aracter (	7	CG RAM (8)		3	7	6	IJ	9	Ļ,I			7	7	3	7	g	π
03) of Ch	8	CG RAM (1)		<	8		X	h	×			4	0	\$	Ņ	.ŗ	×
Lower 4-bit (D0 to D3) of Character Code (Hexadecimal)	9	CG RAM (2)		2	9	1	Ŷ	1	9			÷	Ţ		IĿ	- 1	9
wer 4-bi	A	CG RAM (3)		:4:	::	T	2	j	2					Ĥ	Ŀ	j	Ŧ
Lo	в	CG RAM (4)			2	K	Ľ	k	Ś			2	Ţ	<u>!</u>		×	39
	с	CG RAM (5)		;		l	¥	1	I			17	2,		7	\$	P
	D	CG RAM (6)				М	]	m	2				2	÷.,		ŧ	÷
	E	CG RAM (7)		::	>	ŀ·	·^.	ŀ'n	÷				Ċ	7	÷	P	
	F	CG RAM (8)			?	0		o	÷			•::•	9	~		Ö	

Figure 20: Japanese Character Set

### **Block Diagram**

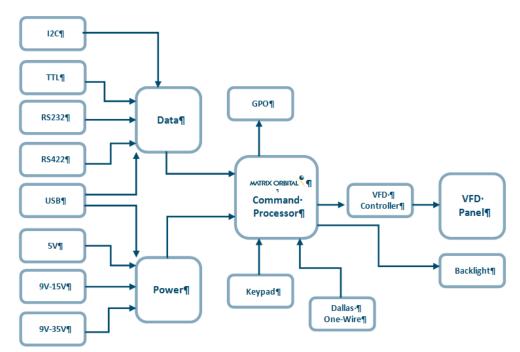


Figure 21: Functional Diagram

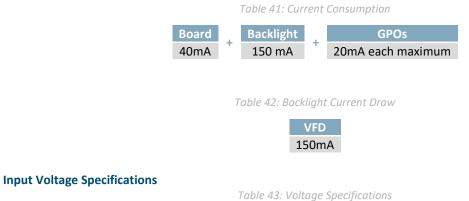
## **Environmental Specifications**

Table 40: Environmental Limits

	VFD Standard	VFD Extended (-E)
Operating Temperature	-20°C to +70°C	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature	-40°C to +85°C	-50°C to +85°C
<b>Operating Relative Humidity</b>	Maximum 809	% non-condensing
Thermal Shock	Maximu	m 10°C/min

### **Electrical Tolerances**

### Current Consumption



Standard*	Wide Voltage (-V)*	Extended Wide Voltage (-VPT)
4.75-5.25V	9.0-15.0V	9.0-35.0V

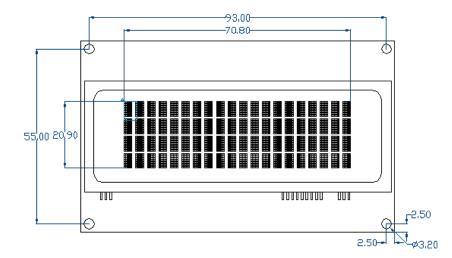
\*Note: Standard and Wide Voltage variants of the RS422 model should be powered from a local source only.

### **Optical Characteristics**

#### Module Size 98.00 x 60.00 x 30.5 mm **Viewing Area** 70.8 x 20.9 mm Active Area N/A mm **Character Size** 2.40 x 4.70 mm Character Pitch 3.60 x 5.40 mm Pixel Size 0.40 x 0.50 mm **Pixel Pitch** 0.50 x 0.70 mm cd/m<sup>2</sup> 350 Backlight Half-Life N/A Hours

#### Table 44: Display Optics

### **Dimensional Drawings**



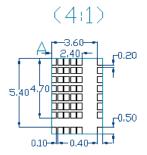
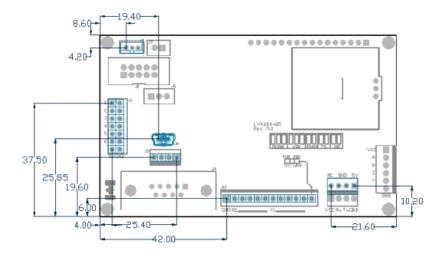


Figure 22: VK204-25 Dimensional Drawing



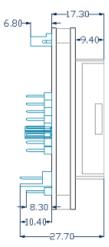
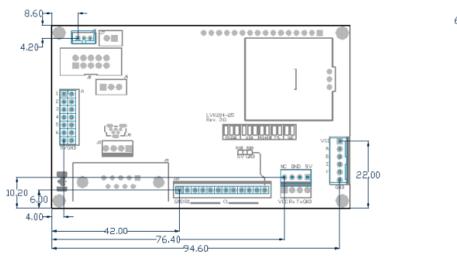


Figure 23: VK204-25-USB Dimensional Drawing



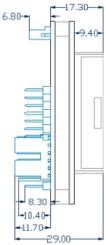


Figure 24: VK204-25-422 Dimensional Drawing

## Ordering

## Part Numbering Scheme

Table	45:	Part	Nun	nbering	Scheme	

VK	-204	-25		-VPT	-422	-E
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

## Options

#### Table 46: Display Options

#	Designator	Options
1	Product Type	LK: Liquid Crystal Display with Keypad Input OK: Organic Light Emitting Display with Keypad Input. VK: Vacuum Florescent Display with Keypad Input
2	Display Size	-204: 20 columns by 4 rows
3	Keypad Size	-25: 25 key maximum
4	Colour	NP: Standard (No filter for VFD)
5	Voltage	NP: Standard Voltage -V: Wide Voltage -VPT: Wide Voltage with Efficient Switching Power Supply
6	Protocol	NP: Standard Model -USB: USB Only Model -422: RS422 Only Model*
7	Temperature	NP: Standard -E: Extended Temperature

\*Note: The RS422 model should only be powered from a local source, unless the -VPT variant is used.

### Accessories

### Power

TUDIE 47. FUWEI ALLESSUITES	Table	47:	Power	Accessories
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PCS	Standard Power Cable	
Communication	Table 48: Communication Accessories	
CSS4FT	4 ft. Serial Cable	
EXTMUSB3FT	Mini-USB Cable	
INTMUSB3FT	Internal Mini-USB Cable	
SCCPC5V	Serial Communication/5V Power Cable	
BBC	Breadboard Cable	

#### Peripherals

#### Table 49: Peripheral Accessories

КРР4х4	16 Button Keypad	
КРР204А-ХХ*	15 Button Keypad Overlay	
Temperature Probe	Dallas One-Wire Temperature Probe	

#### Mounting

Table 50: Mounting Accessories

B2041-XX**	Mounting Bracket with Coloured Overlay	
B204A-XX*	Mounting Bracket with Keyed Overlay	
MK2041-XX**	Coloured Overlay with Drill Guide	Handbard Han

Note\*: Keyed overlays are available in Black Vinyl (-BK) and Beige Vinyl (no part extension).

**Note**\*\*: Non-keyed overlays are available in Black Vinyl (-BK), Black Brushed Aluminum (-BL), Silver Brushed Aluminum (-AL), and Beige Vinyl (no part extension).

## **Definitions**

ASCII: American standard code for information interchange used to give standardized numeric codes to alphanumeric characters.

BPS: Bits per second, a measure of transmission speed.

DOW: Dallas One-Wire protocol, similar to I<sup>2</sup>C, provides reduced data rates at a greater distance. One wire carries data, while two others supply power and ground. Matrix Orbital tests non-parasitic devices only, those that do not draw power from the data line; however, some parasitic devices may work.

FFSTN: Double film super-twisted nematic in reference to an LCD. The addition of two layers of film between the STN display and polarizer improves contrast.

GPO: General purpose output, used to control peripheral devices from a display.

GUI: Graphical user interface.

Hexadecimal: A base 16 number system utilizing symbols 0 through F to represent the values 0-15.

 $I^2C$ : Inter-integrated circuit protocol uses clock and data lines to communicate short distances at slow speeds from a master to up to 128 addressable slave devices. A display is a slave device.

LSB: Least significant bit or byte in a transmission, the rightmost when read.

MSB: Most significant bit or byte in a transmission, the leftmost when read.

RS232: Recommended standard 232, a common serial protocol. A low level is -30V, a high is +30V.

RS422: Recommended standard 422, a more robust differential pair serial protocol.

SDA: Serial data line used to transfer data in I<sup>2</sup>C protocol. This open drain line should be pulled high through a resistor. Nominal values are between 1K and 10K  $\Omega$ .

SCL: Serial clock line used to designate data bits in I<sup>2</sup>C protocol. This open drain line should be pulled high through a resistor. Nominal values are between 1K and 10K  $\Omega$ .

STN: Super-twisted nematic in reference to an LCD. In a relaxed or nematic state, crystals orientate themselves in the same direction and pass light. In an excited state these crystals align to block light. Super-twisted crystals move from 180 to 270 degrees between to increase contrast over TN models.

TTL: Transistor-transistor logic applied to serial protocol. Low level is 0V while high logic is 5V.

## Contact

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Support Phone: 403.204.3750

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