



CW-RCL SERIES

2.4 GHz Right-Angle Whip Antenna

The ANT-2.4-CW-RCL antenna is designed for 2.4 GHz WiFi/WLAN and ISM applications including Bluetooth® and ZigBee®. The right-angle rotating design of the ANT-2.4-CW-RCL antenna allows for the antenna to be positioned for optimum performance. The ANT-2.4-CW-RCL antenna is available with an SMA plug (male pin) or RP-SMA plug (female socket) connector for FCC Part 15 compliant applications.

FEATURES

- Performance at 2.4 GHz to 2.485 GHz
 - VSWR: ≤ 1.5
 - Peak Gain: 2.3 dBi
 - Efficiency: 77%
- Compact size
 - 97.7 mm x 18.7 mm x 10.5 mm
- Rotating base allows for optimal positioning
- SMA plug (male pin) or RP-SMA plug (female socket)

APPLICATIONS

- Single-band WiFi/WLAN
 - 802.11b/g
- ISM applications
 - Bluetooth®
 - ZigBee®
 - IEEE 802.15.4
- Internet of Things (IoT) devices
- Sensing and remote monitoring
- Smart Home networking

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Description
ANT-2.4-CW-RCL-SMA	2.4 GHz right-angle whip antenna with SMA plug (male pin)
ANT-2.4-CW-RCL-RPS	2.4 GHz right-angle whip antenna with RP-SMA plug (female socket)

Available from Linx Technologies and select distributors and representatives.

TABLE 1. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ANT-2.4-CW-RCL	2.4 GHz
Frequency Range	2.4 GHz to 2.485 GHz
VSWR (max)	1.5
Peak Gain (dBi)	2.3
Average Gain (dBi)	-1.2
Efficiency (%)	77

Electrical specifications and plots measured with a 102 mm x 102 mm (4.0 in x 4.0 in) reference ground plane.

TABLE 2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	2.4 GHz
Polarization	Linear
Radiation	Omnidirectional
Max Power	5 W
Wavelength	1/2-wave
Electrical Type	Dipole
Impedance	50 Ω
Operating Temp. Range	-20 °C to +85 °C
Dimensions	104.0 mm x 17.0 mm x 5.5 mm (4.09 in x 0.67 in x 0.22 in)
Connection	SMA plug (male pin) or RP-SMA plug (female socket)
Weight	13.0 g (0.46 oz)

PRODUCT DIMENSIONS

Figure 1 provides dimensions of the ANT-2.4-CW-RCL. The rotating base allows for continuous positioning through 360 degrees even while installed.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

The CW-RCL series antennas are packaged, 50 pcs in a clear plastic bag, 500 pcs per inner box, and 2000 pcs per export box. Distribution channels may offer alternative packaging options.

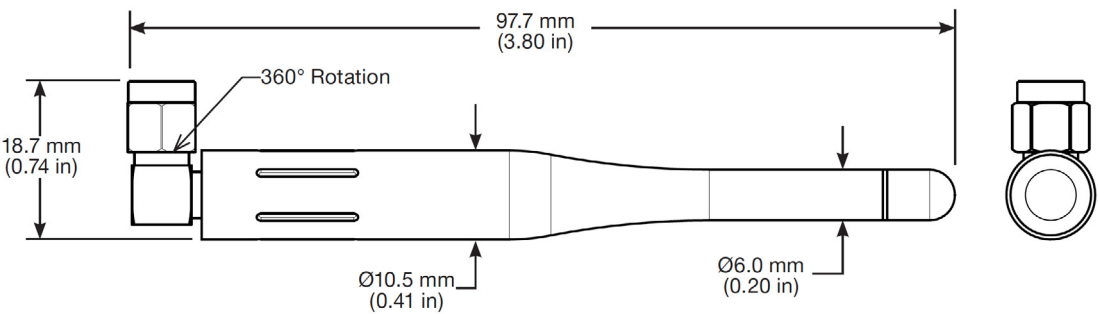


Figure 1. ANT-2.4-CW-RCL Antenna Dimensions

VSWR

Figure 2 provides the voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) across the antenna bandwidth. VSWR describes the power reflected from the antenna back to the radio. A lower VSWR value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency. Reflected power is also shown on the right-side vertical axis as a gauge of the percentage of transmitter power reflected back from the antenna.

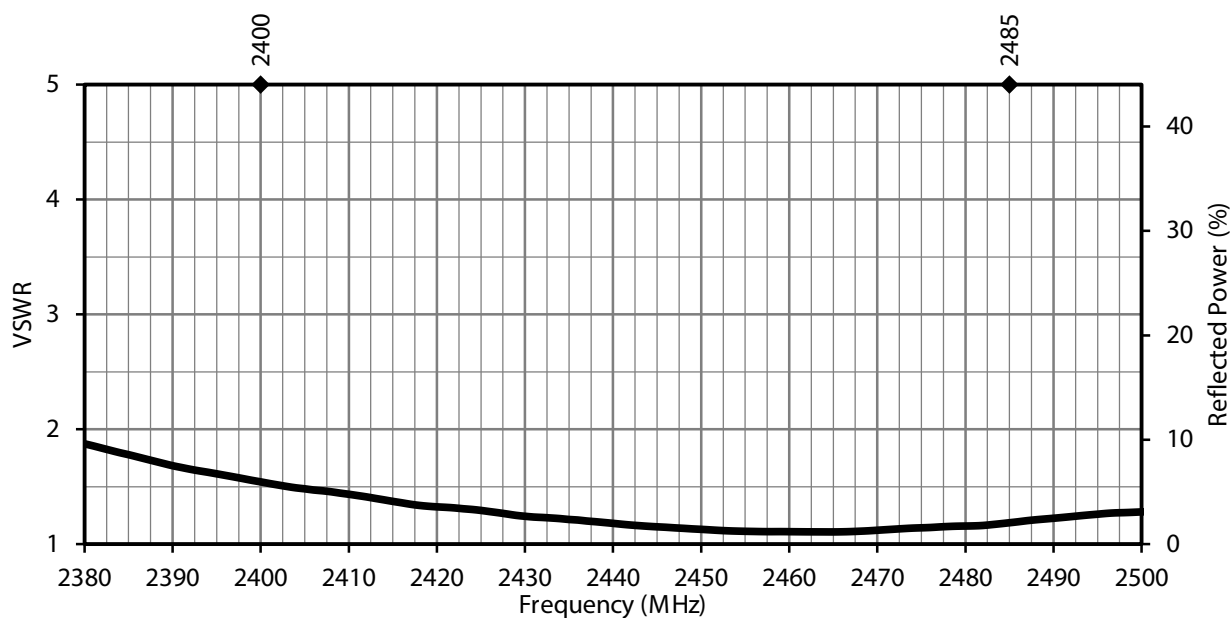


Figure 2. ANT-2.4-CW-RCL VSWR

RETURN LOSS

Return loss (Figure 3), represents the loss in power at the antenna due to reflected signals. Like VSWR, a lower return loss value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency.

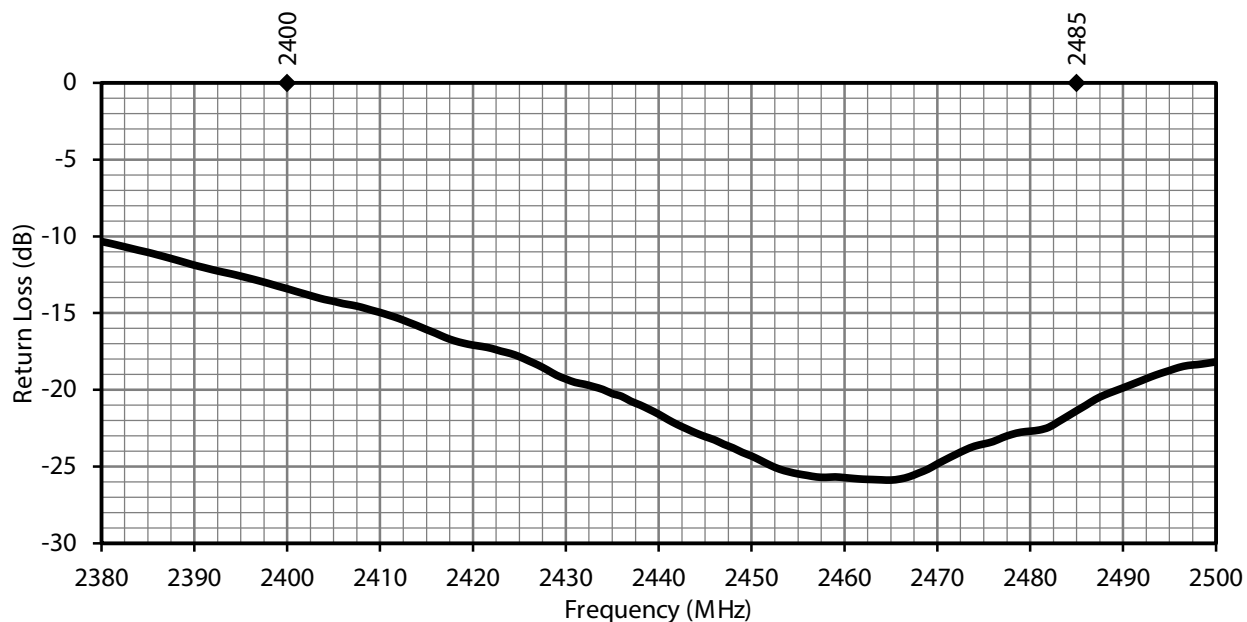


Figure 3. ANT-2.4-CW-RCL Return Loss

PEAK GAIN

The peak gain across the antenna bandwidth is shown in Figure 4. Peak gain represents the maximum antenna input power concentration across 3-dimensional space, and therefore peak performance at a given frequency, but does not consider any directionality in the gain pattern.

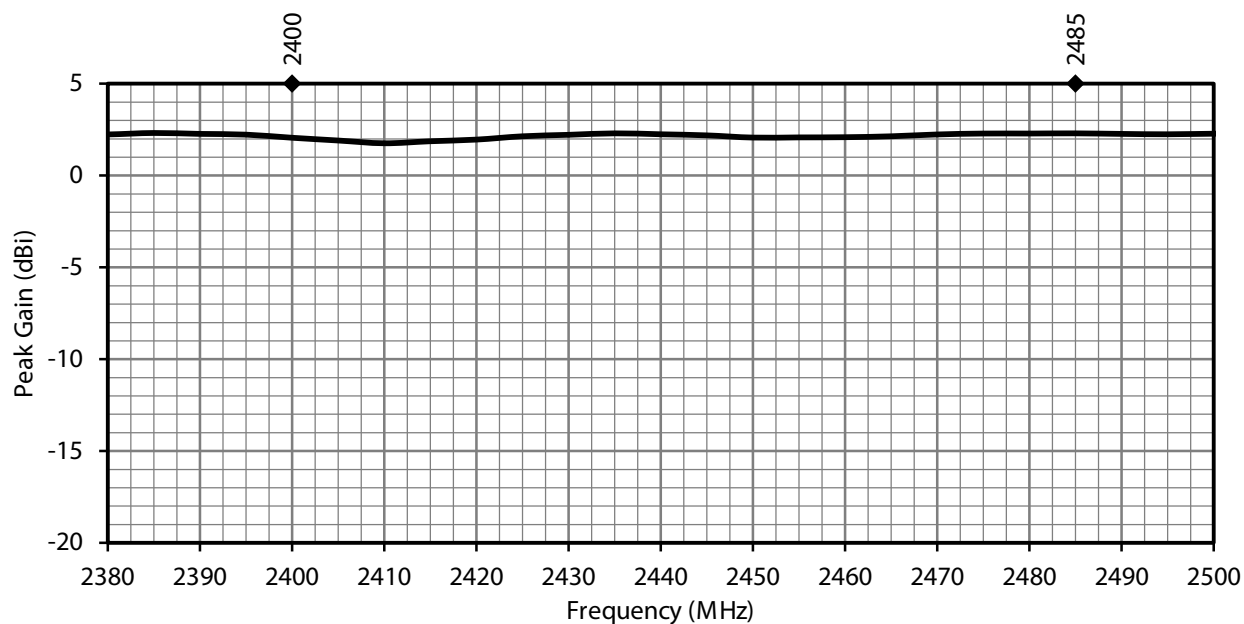


Figure 4. ANT-2.4-CW-RCL Peak Gain

AVERAGE GAIN

Average gain (Figure 5), is the average of all antenna gain in 3-dimensional space at each frequency, providing an indication of overall performance without expressing antenna directionality.

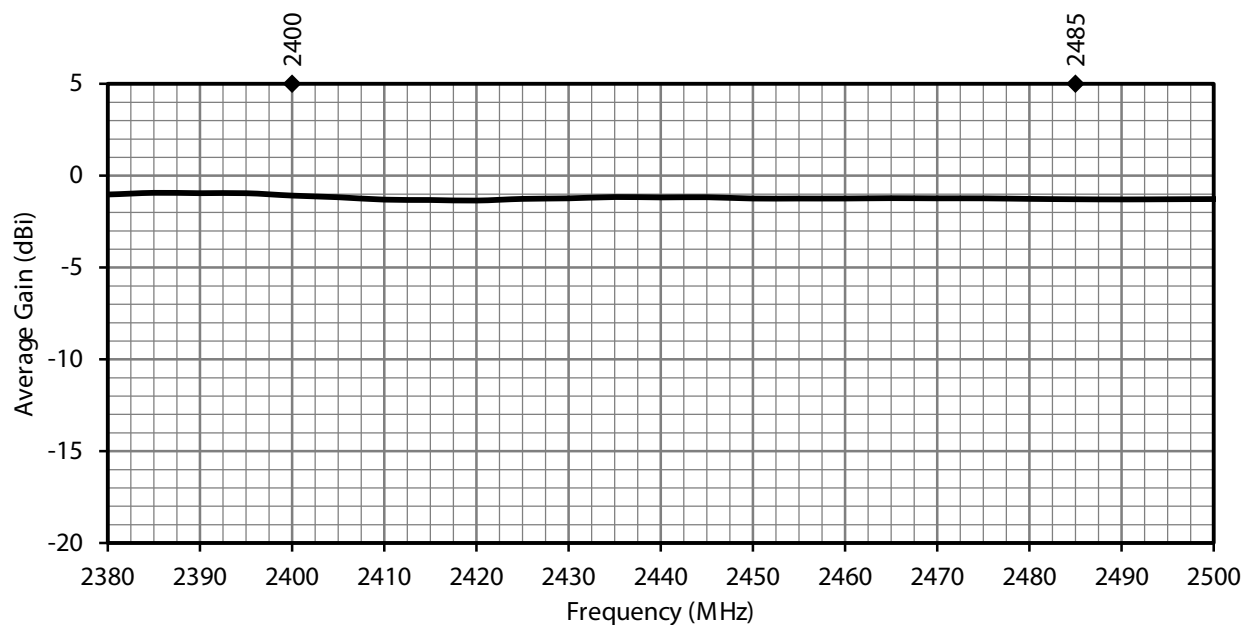


Figure 5. ANT-2.4-CW-RCL Antenna Average Gain

RADIATION EFFICIENCY

Radiation efficiency (Figure 6), shows the ratio of power delivered to the antenna relative to the power radiated at the antenna, expressed as a percentage, where a higher percentage indicates better performance at a given frequency.

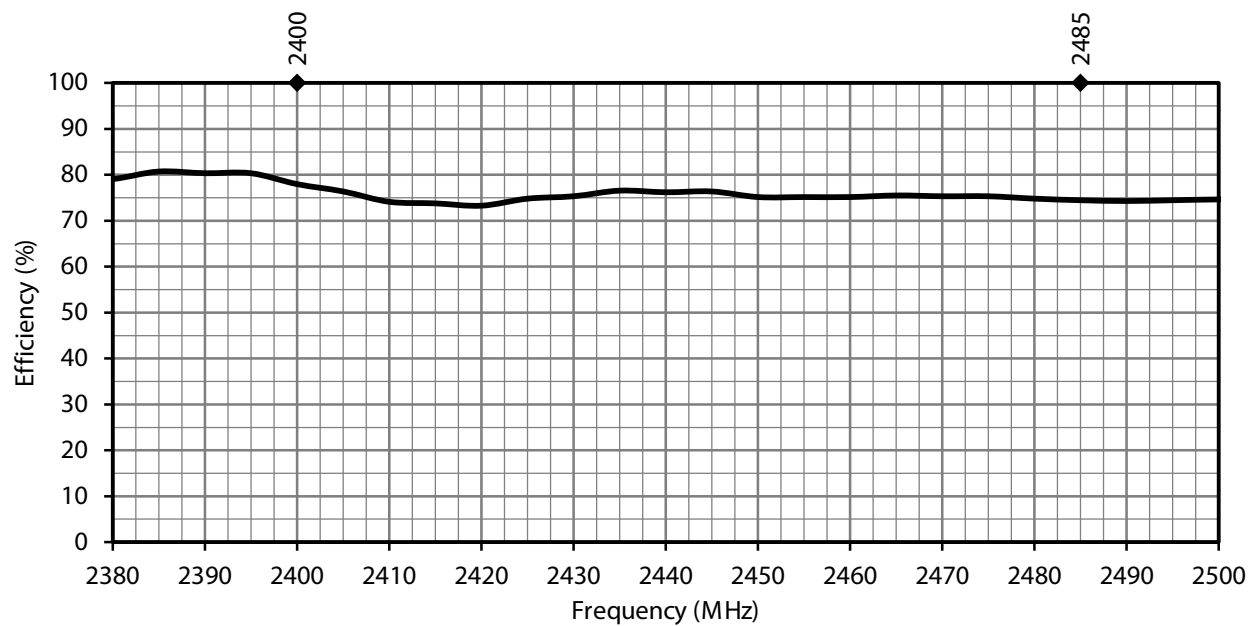
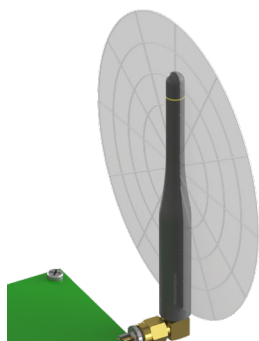


Figure 6. ANT-2.4-CW-RCL Antenna Radiation Efficiency

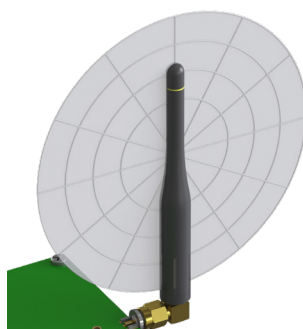
RADIATION PATTERNS - BENT-90 DEGREES

Radiation patterns provide information about the directionality and 3-dimensional gain performance of the antenna by plotting gain at specific frequencies in three orthogonal planes. Antenna radiation patterns for a Bent-90 orientation are shown in Figure 8 using polar plots covering 360 degrees. The antenna graphic provides reference to the plane of the column of plots below it. Note: when viewed with typical PDF viewing software, zooming into radiation patterns is possible to reveal fine detail.

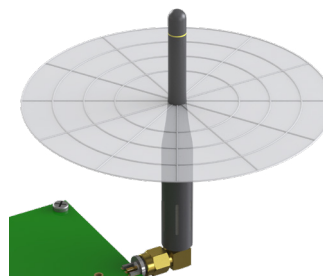
RADIATION PATTERNS



XZ-Plane Gain

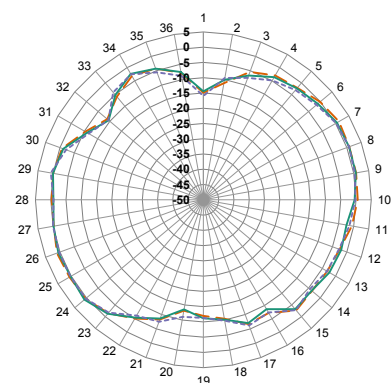


YZ-Plane Gain

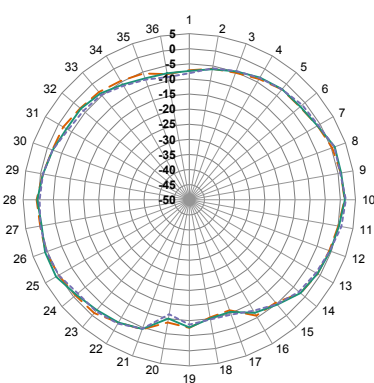


XY-Plane Gain

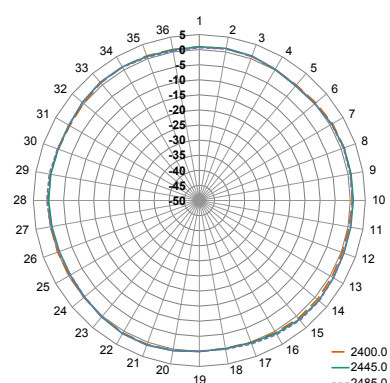
2400 MHz TO 2485 MHz (2450 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



YZ-Plane Gain



XY-Plane Gain

Figure 7. ANT-2.4-CW-RCL Radiation Patterns

ANTENNA DEFINITIONS AND USEFUL FORMULAS

VSWR - Voltage Standing Wave Ratio. VSWR is a unitless ratio that describes the power reflected from the antenna back to the radio. A lower VSWR value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency. VSWR is easily derived from Return Loss.

$$VSWR = \frac{10^{\left[\frac{\text{Return Loss}}{20}\right]} + 1}{10^{\left[\frac{\text{Return Loss}}{20}\right]} - 1}$$

Return Loss - Return loss represents the loss in power at the antenna due to reflected signals, measured in decibels. A lower return loss value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency. Return Loss is easily derived from VSWR.

$$\text{Return Loss} = -20 \log_{10} \left[\frac{VSWR - 1}{VSWR + 1} \right]$$

Efficiency (η) - The total power radiated from an antenna divided by the input power at the feed point of the antenna as a percentage.

Total Radiated Efficiency - (TRE) The total efficiency of an antenna solution comprising the radiation efficiency of the antenna and the transmitted (forward) efficiency from the transmitter.

$$TRE = \eta \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{VSWR - 1}{VSWR + 1} \right)^2 \right)$$

Gain - The ratio of an antenna's efficiency in a given direction (G) to the power produced by a theoretical lossless (100% efficient) isotropic antenna. The gain of an antenna is almost always expressed in decibels.

$$G_{db} = 10 \log_{10}(G)$$

$$G_{dBd} = G_{dBi} - 2.51\text{dB}$$

Peak Gain - The highest antenna gain across all directions for a given frequency range. A directional antenna will have a very high peak gain compared to average gain.

Average Gain - The average gain across all directions for a given frequency range.

Maximum Power - The maximum signal power which may be applied to an antenna feed point, typically measured in watts (W).

Reflected Power - A portion of the forward power reflected back toward the amplifier due to a mismatch at the antenna port.

$$\left(\frac{VSWR - 1}{VSWR + 1} \right)^2$$

decibel (dB) - A logarithmic unit of measure of the power of an electrical signal.

decibel isotropic (dBi) - A comparative measure in decibels between an antenna under test and an isotropic radiator.

decibel relative to a dipole (dBd) - A comparative measure in decibels between an antenna under test and an ideal half-wave dipole.

Dipole - An ideal dipole comprises a straight electrical conductor measuring 1/2 wavelength from end to end connected at the center to a feed point for the radio.

Isotropic Radiator - A theoretical antenna which radiates energy equally in all directions as a perfect sphere.

Omnidirectional - Term describing an antenna radiation pattern that is uniform in all directions. An isotropic antenna is the theoretical perfect omnidirectional antenna. An ideal dipole antenna has a donut shaped radiation pattern and other practical antenna implementations will have less perfect but generally omnidirectional radiation patterns which are typically plotted on three axes.

TE TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER

USA:	+1 (800) 522-6752
Canada:	+1 (905) 475-6222
Mexico:	+52 (0) 55-1106-0800
Latin/S. America:	+54 (0) 11-4733-2200
Germany:	+49 (0) 6251-133-1999
UK:	+44 (0) 800-267666
France:	+33 (0) 1-3420-8686
Netherlands:	+31 (0) 73-6246-999
China:	+86 (0) 400-820-6015

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