

18×11 DOTS MATRIX LED DRIVER

DESCRIPTION

The IS31FL3743A is a general purpose 18×n (n=1~11) LED Matrix programmed via 1MHz I2C compatible interface. Each LED can be dimmed individually with 8-bit PWM data and 8-bit DC scaling data which allowing 256 steps of linear PWM dimming and 256 steps of DC current adjustable level.

Additionally each LED open and short state can be detected, IS31FL3743A store the open or short information in Open-Short Registers. The Open-Short Registers allowing MCU to read out via I2C compatible interface, inform MCU whether there are LEDs open or short and the locations of open or short LEDs.

FEATURES

- Supply voltage range: 2.7V to 5.5V
- 18 current sinks (Maximum)
- Support 18×n (n=1~11) LED matrix configurations
- Individual 256 PWM control steps
- Individual 256 DC current steps
- Global 256 DC current steps
- SDB rising edge reset I2C module
- 24kHz PWM frequency
- 1MHz I2C-compatible interface
- State lookup registers
- Individual open and short error detect function
- 180 degree phase delay operation to reduce power noise
- De-Ghost
- Cascade for synchronization of chips
- UQFN-40 (5mm×5mm) package

QUICK START

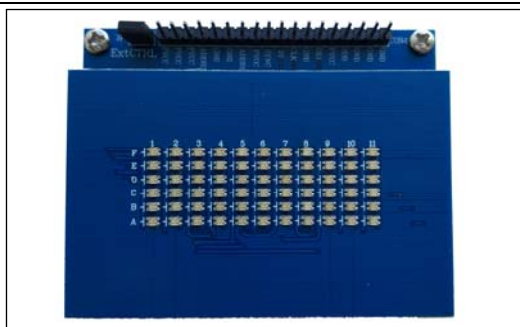


Figure 1: Photo of IS31FL3743A Evaluation Board

RECOMMENDED EQUIPMENT

- 5.0V, 2A power supply

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

- ≤ 5.5V power supply

Caution: Do not exceed the conditions listed above, otherwise the board will be damaged.

PROCEDURE

The IS31FL3743A evaluation board is fully assembled and tested. Follow the steps listed below to verify board operation.

Caution: Do not turn on the power supply until all connections are completed.

- 1) Short JP1 to enable the control of board MCU (default status).
- 2) Connect the 5VDC power to VCC/GND of CON4, or plug in the USB power input to micro-USB.
- 3) Turn on the power supply, pay attention to the supply current. If the current exceeds 1A, please check for circuit fault.

EVALUATION BOARD OPERATION

The IS31FL3743A evaluation board has five display modes. Press K1 to switch configurations:

Note: See Appendix for each mode's detail.

- 1) (Default mode) Rainbow #1.
- 2) Rainbow #2.
- 3) Purple breath.
- 4) Change colors.
- 5) White.

Note: IS31FL3743A solely controls the FxLED function on the evaluation board.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part No.	Temperature Range	Package
IS31FL3743A-QULS4-EB	-40°C to +125°C, Industrial	UQFN-40, Lead-free

Table 1: Ordering Information

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contacts Lumissil's analog marketing team at [analog@Lumissil.com](mailto:analog@lumissil.com) or (408) 969-6600.

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SOFTWARE SUPPORT

JP1 default setting is close circuit. If it is set to open, the on-board MCU will stop working. The SPI pins and SDB pin are set to High Impedance. External SPI and SDB signals can be connected to TP4 to control the IS31FL3743A LED driver.

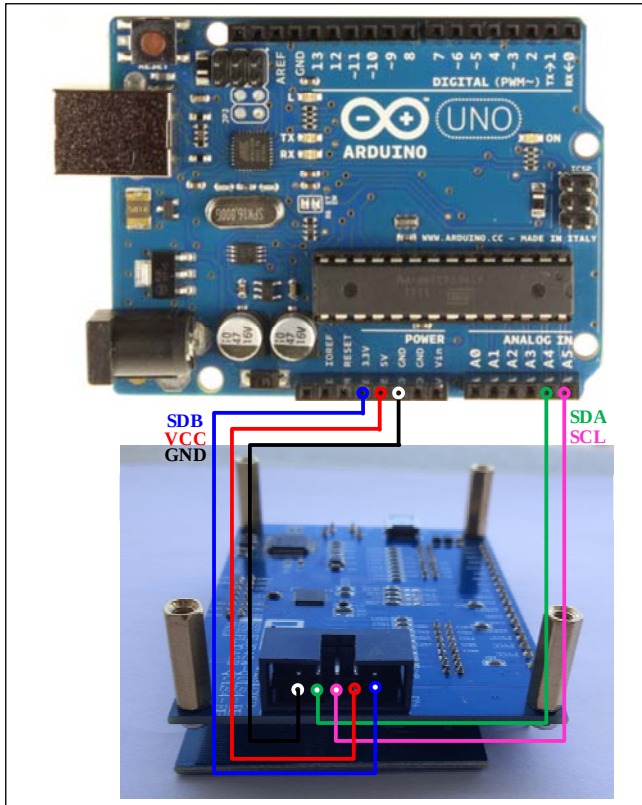


Figure 2: Photo of Arduino UNO connected to Evaluation Board

The steps listed below are an example using the Arduino for external control.

The Arduino hardware consists of an Atmel microcontroller with a bootloader allowing quick firmware updates. First download the latest Arduino Integrated Development Environment IDE (1.6.12 or greater) from www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software. Also download the Wire.h library from www.arduino.cc/en/reference/wire and verify that pgmspace.h is in the directory ...program Files(x86)/Arduino/hardware/tools/avr/avr/include/avr/. Then download the latest IS31FL3743A test firmware (sketch) from the Lumissil website <http://www.lumissil.com/products/led-driver/fxled>.

- 1) Open JP1.
- 2) Connect the 5 pins from Arduino board to IS31FL3743A EVB:
 - a) Arduino 5V pin to IS31FL3743A EVB VCC.
 - b) Arduino GND to IS31FL3743A EVB GND.
 - c) Arduino 3.3V pin to IS31FL3743A EVB SDB.
 - d) Arduino SDA (A4) to IS31FL3743A EVB SCK.
 - e) Arduino SCL (A5) to IS31FL3743A EVB MISO.
 - f) If Arduino use 3.3V MCU VCC, connect 3.3V to IS31FL3743A EVB SDB, if Arduino use 5.0V MCU VCC, connect 5.0V to EVB SDB.
(Arduino UNO is 5.0V, so SDB=5.0V)
- 3) Use the test code in appendix I or download the test firmware (sketch) from the Lumissil website, a .txt file and copy the code to Arduino IDE, compile and upload to Arduino.
- 4) Run the Arduino code and the initial mode will change the RGB LED colors.

Please refer to the datasheet to get more information about IS31FL3743A.

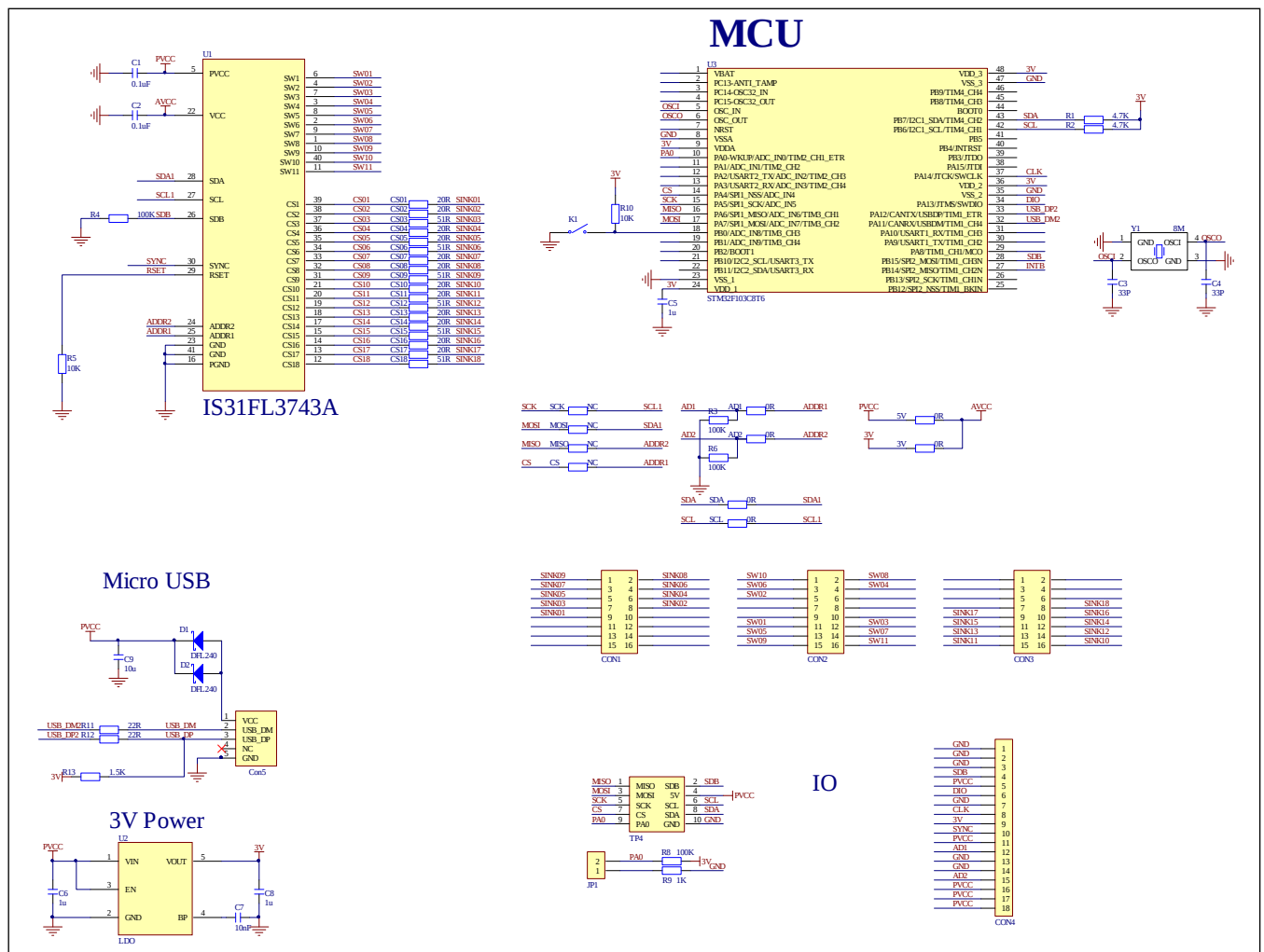


Figure 3: IS31FL3743A Application Schematic

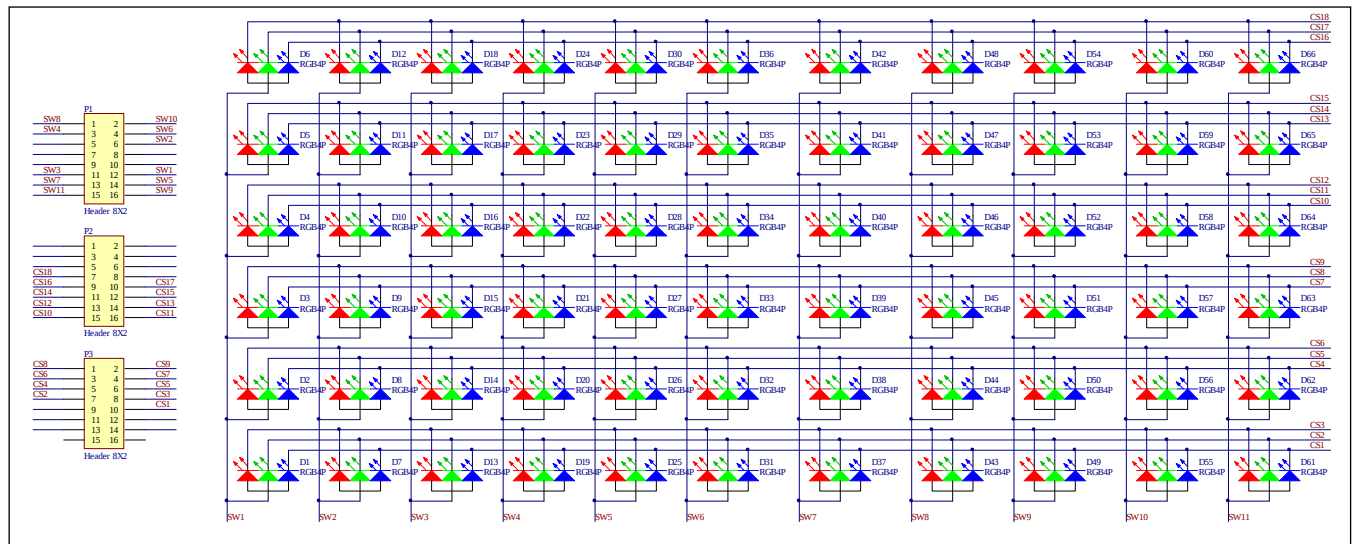


Figure 4: FxLED 6x11 ARRAY Application Schematic

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BILL OF MATERIALS

IS31FL3743A

Name	Symbol	Description	Qty	Supplier	Part No.
LED Driver	U1	Matrix LED Driver	1	Lumissil	IS31FL3743A
LDO	U2	Reduced voltage	1	SGMICRO	SGM2019-3.3V
MCU	U3	Microcontroller	1	STM	STM32F103C8T6
Diode	D1,D2	Diode, SMD	2	DIODES	DFLS240
Crystal	Y1	Crystal, 8MHz	1	JB	HC-49S
Resistor	R1,R2	RES,4.7k,1/10W,±5%,SMD	2	Yageo	RC0603JR-074K7L
Resistor	R3,R4,R6,R8	RES,100k,1/10W,±5%,SMD	4	Yageo	RC0603JR-07100KL
Resistor	R5,R10	RES,10k,1/10W,±5%,SMD	2	Yageo	RC0603JR-0710KL
Resistor	R9	RES,1k,1/10W,±5%,SMD	1	Yageo	RC0603JR-071KL
Resistor	R11,R12	RES,22R,1/16W,±5%,SMD	2	Yageo	RC0603JR-0722RL
Resistor	R13	RES,1.5k,1/10W,±5%,SMD	1	Yageo	RC0603JR-071K5L
Resistor	SDA,SCL,AD1 AD2,5V	RES,0R,1/10W,±5%,SMD (Note 2)	2	Yageo	RC0603JR-070RL
Resistor	CS01,CS02,C S04,CS05,CS0 7,CS08,CS10, CS11,CS13,CS 14,CS16,CS17	RES,20R,1/10W,±5%,SMD	12	Yageo	RC0603JR-0720RL
Resistor	CS03,CS06,C S09,CS12,CS1 5,CS18	RES,20R,1/10W,±5%,SMD (Note 3)	6	Yageo	RC0603JR-0720RL
Capacitor	C1,C2	CAP,100nF,16V,±20%,SMD	2	Yageo	CC0603MRX7R7BB104
Capacitor	C3,C4	CAP,33pF,50V,±5%,SMD	2	Yageo	CQ0603JRNPO9BN330
Capacitor	C5,C6,C8	CAP, 1μF,16V,±10%,SMD	3	Yageo	CC0603KRX7R7BB105
Capacitor	C7	CAP,10nF,16V,±10%,SMD	1	Yageo	CC0603KRX7R7BB103
Capacitor	C9	CAP,10μF,16V,±20%,SMD	1	Yageo	CC0603MRX5R7BB106
Button	K1	Button SMD	1		

Bill of Materials, refer to Figure 3 above.

FxLED 6x11 ARRAY

Name	Symbol	Description	Qty	Supplier	Part No.
Diode	D1~D66	RGB LED, SMD	66	Everlight	9-237/R6GHBHC-A01/2T

Bill of Materials, refer to Figure 4 above.

Note 2: IS31FL3743A use I2C interface and SDA, SCL, AD1, AD2 position need to short by 0R resistors.

Note 3: The value of these resistors on the evaluation board is 20Ω. For PV_{CC}=5V and red LED application, prefer 51Ω for these resistors as shown in datasheet Figure 1.

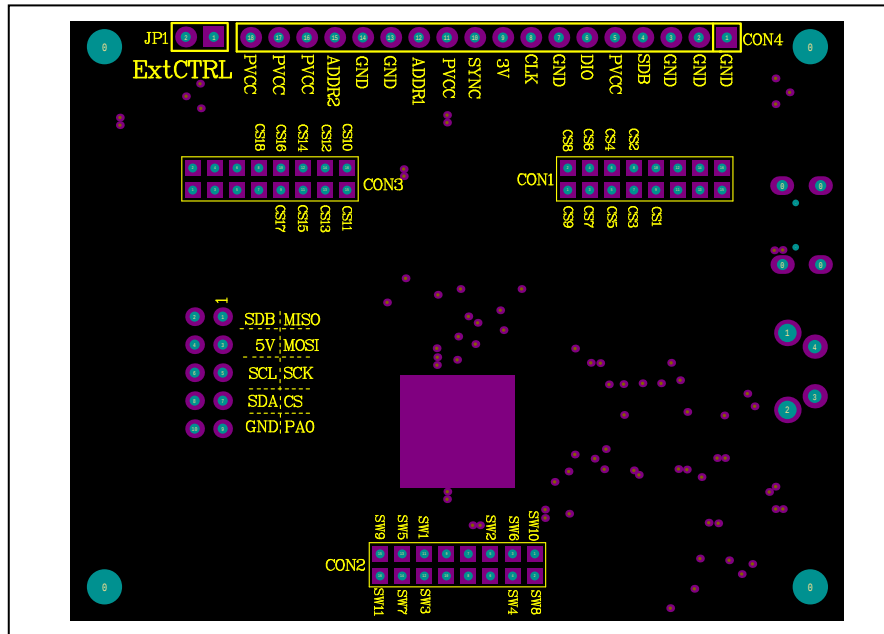


Figure 5: Board Component Placement Guide - Top Layer

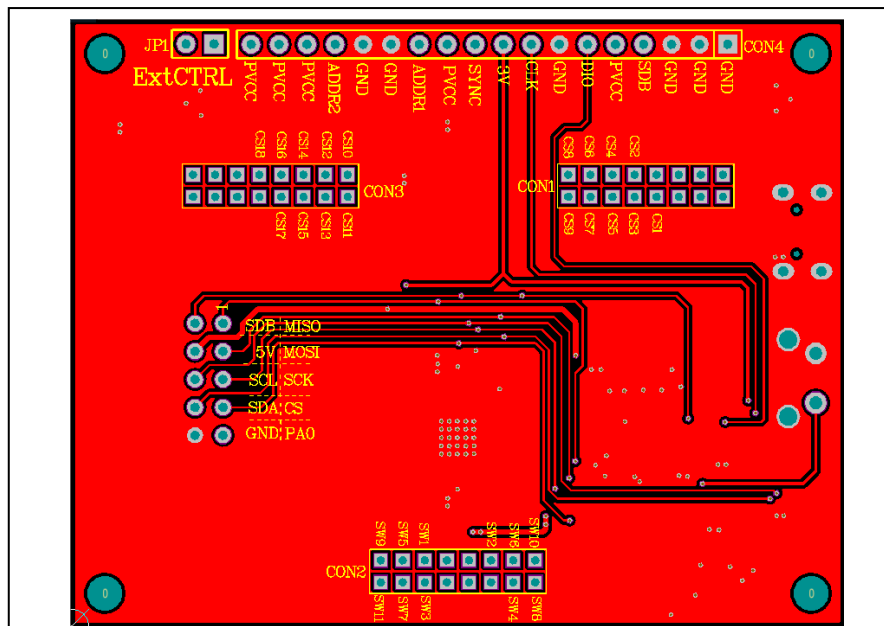


Figure 6: Board PCB Layout - Top Layer

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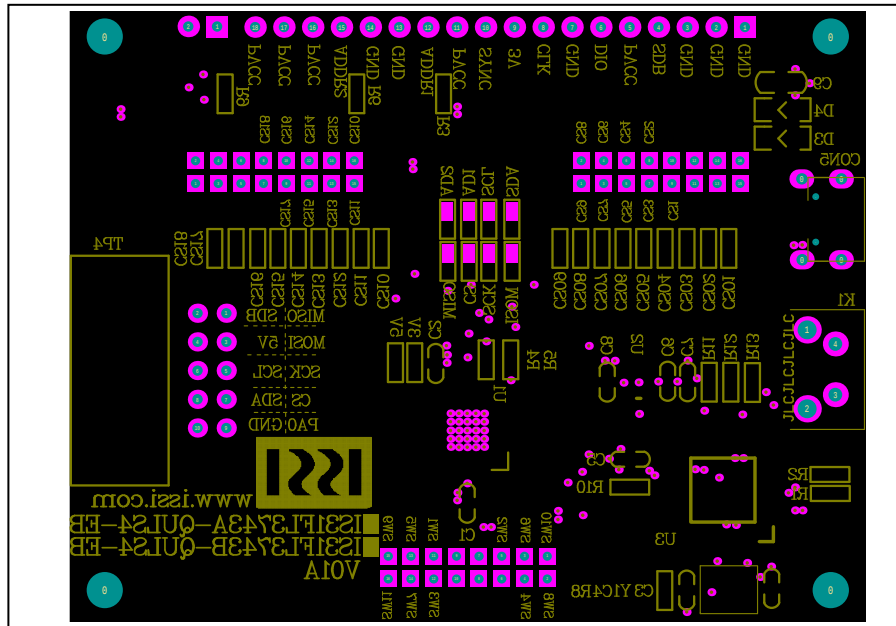


Figure 7: Board Component Placement Guide - Bottom Layer

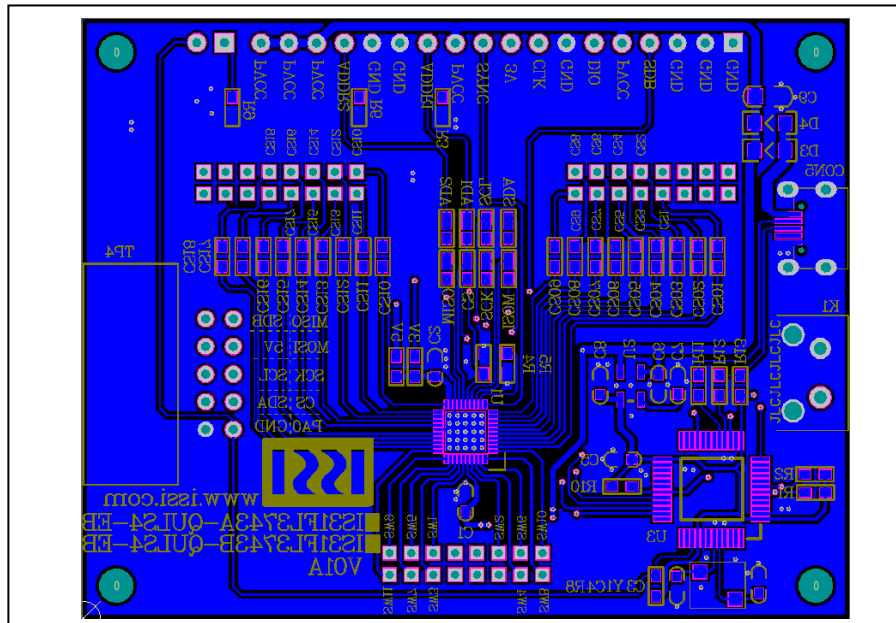


Figure 8: Board PCB Layout - Bottom Layer

18×11 DOTS MATRIX LED DRIVER

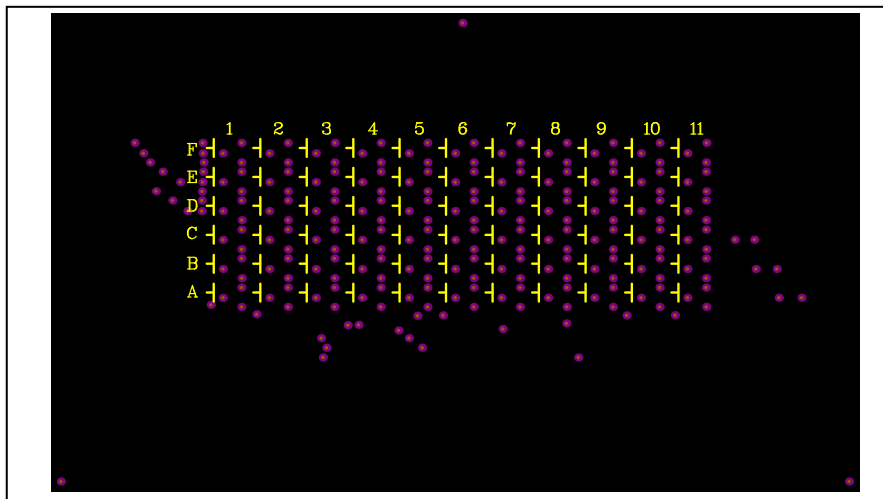


Figure 9: Board Component Placement Guide - Top Layer

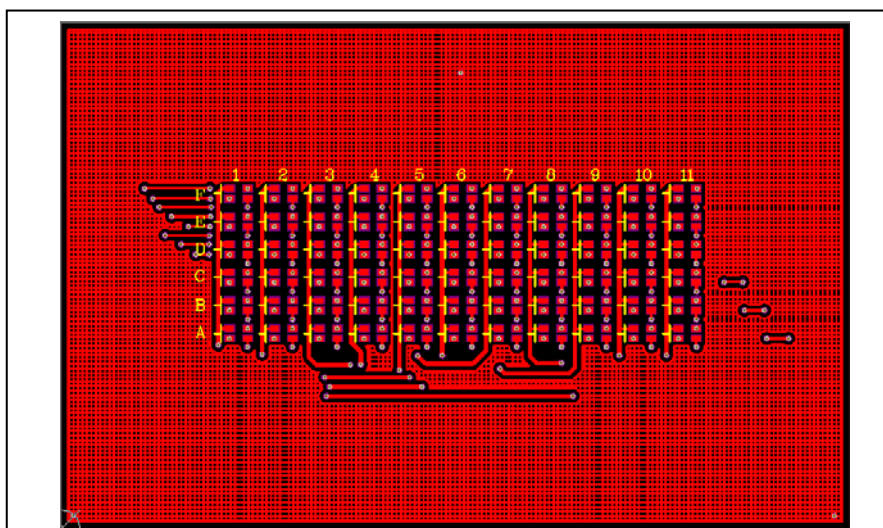


Figure 10: Board PCB Layout - Top Layer

18x11 DOTS MATRIX LED DRIVER

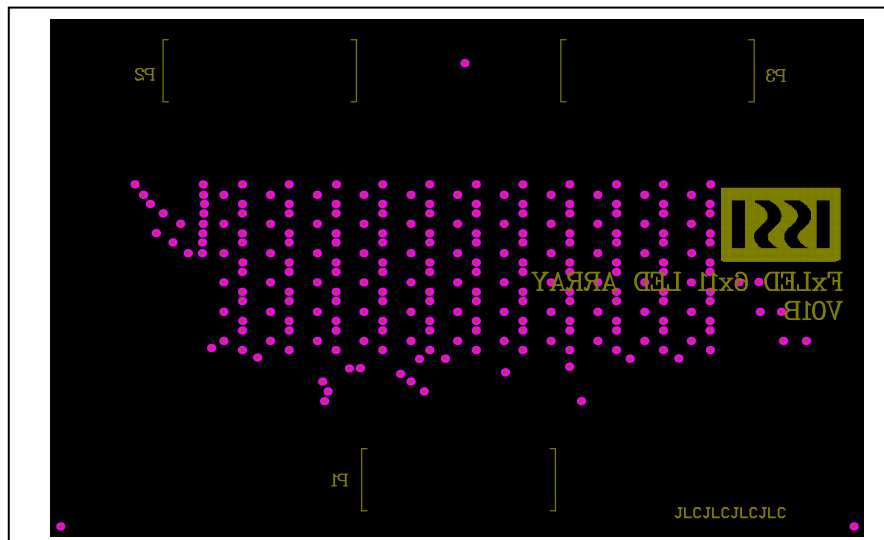


Figure 11: Board Component Placement Guide - Top Layer

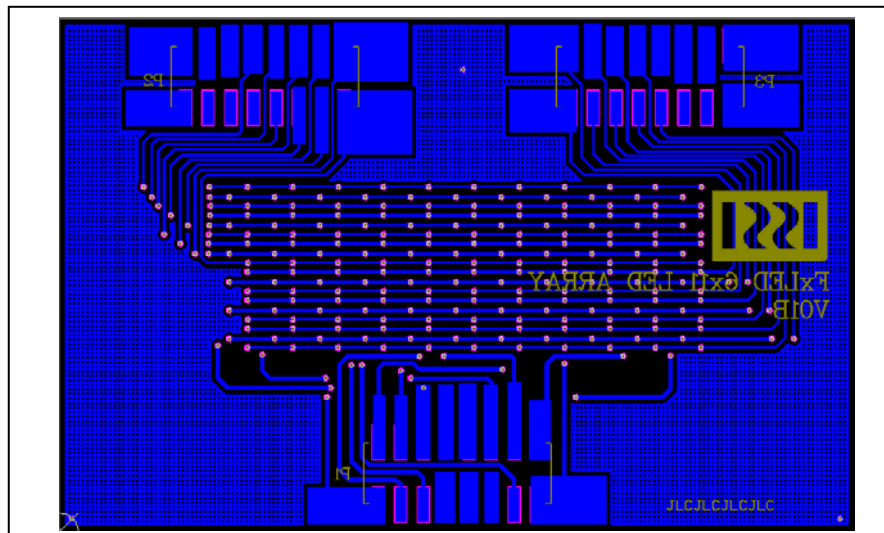


Figure 12: Board PCB Layout - Top Layer

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REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Detail Information	Date
A	Initial release	2018.08.15

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APPENDIX I : IS31FL3743A Arduino Test Code V01A

```
#include<Wire.h>
#include<avr/pgmspace.h>

#define Addr_GND_GND 0x40

void setup() {
  // put your setup code here, to run once:
  pinMode(13, OUTPUT); // ARDUINO BOARD LED control
  Wire.begin();
  Wire.setClock(400000); // I2C 400kHz
}

byte PWM_Gamma64[64]=
{
  0x00,0x01,0x02,0x03,0x04,0x05,0x06,0x07,
  0x08,0x09,0x0b,0x0d,0x0f,0x11,0x13,0x16,
  0x1a,0x1c,0x1d,0x1f,0x22,0x25,0x28,0x2e,
  0x34,0x38,0x3c,0x40,0x44,0x48,0x4b,0x4f,
  0x55,0x5a,0x5f,0x64,0x69,0x6d,0x72,0x77,
  0x7d,0x80,0x88,0x8d,0x94,0x9a,0xa0,0xa7,
  0xac,0xb0,0xb9,0xbf,0xc6,0xcb,0xcf,0xd6,
  0xe1,0xe9,0xed,0xf1,0xf6,0xfa,0xfe,0xff
};

void IS_IIC_WriteByte(uint8_t Dev_Add,uint8_t Reg_Add,uint8_t Reg_Dat)//writing an LED register
{
  Wire.beginTransmission(Dev_Add/2);
  Wire.write(Reg_Add); // sends regaddress
  Wire.write(Reg_Dat); // sends regaddress
  Wire.endTransmission(); // stop transmitting
}

void loop() {
  // put your main code here, to run repeatedly:
  mainloop();
}

void Init3743A(void)
{
  int i,j;
  IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfe,0xc5);
  IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfd,0x00); //page 0
  for(i=0;i<0xC7;i++)
  {
    IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,i,0); //PWM
  }
  IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfe,0xc5);
  IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfd,0x01); //page 1
  for(i=1;i<0xC7;i++)
  {
    IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,i,0xff); //scaling
  }

  IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfe,0xc5);
  IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfd,0x02); //page 2
  IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0x02,0x70);
  IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0x01,0xFF); //GCC
  IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0x00,0x01); //
}

void mainloop(void)//
{
  int i,j;
  Init3743A();
  digitalWrite(13, LOW); // turn the ARDUINO BOARD LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
  while(1)
  {
    //BLUE
    digitalWrite(13, HIGH); // turn the ARDUINO BOARD LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
    IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfe,0xc5);
    IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfd,0x00); //page 0
  }
}
```

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```

for(j=0;j<64;j++)
{
    for(i=1;i<0xC7;i=i+3)
    {
        IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,i,PWM_Gamma64[j]); //PWM
    }
}
delay(500);

digitalWrite(13, LOW); // turn the ARDUINO BOARD LED OFF (HIGH is the voltage level)
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfe,0xc5);
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfd,0x00); //page 0
for(j=63;j>=0;j--)
{
    for(i=1;i<0xC7;i=i+3)
    {
        IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,i,PWM_Gamma64[j]); //PWM
    }
}
delay(500);

//GREEN
digitalWrite(13, HIGH); // turn the ARDUINO BOARD LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfe,0xc5);
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfd,0x00); //page 0
for(j=0;j<64;j++)
{
    for(i=2;i<0xC7;i=i+3)
    {
        IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,i,PWM_Gamma64[j]); //PWM
    }
}
delay(500);

digitalWrite(13, LOW); // turn the ARDUINO BOARD LED OFF (HIGH is the voltage level)
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfe,0xc5);
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfd,0x00); //page 0
for(j=63;j>=0;j--)
{
    for(i=2;i<0xC7;i=i+3)
    {
        IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,i,PWM_Gamma64[j]); //PWM
    }
}
delay(500);

//RED
digitalWrite(13, HIGH); // turn the ARDUINO BOARD LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfe,0xc5);
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfd,0x00); //page 0
for(j=0;j<64;j++)
{
    for(i=3;i<0xC7;i=i+3)
    {
        IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,i,PWM_Gamma64[j]); //PWM
    }
}
delay(500);

digitalWrite(13, LOW); // turn the ARDUINO BOARD LED OFF (HIGH is the voltage level)
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfe,0xc5);
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfd,0x00); //page 0
for(j=63;j>=0;j--)
{
    for(i=3;i<0xC7;i=i+3)
    {
        IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,i,PWM_Gamma64[j]); //PWM
    }
}
delay(500);

//WHITE
digitalWrite(13, HIGH); // turn the ARDUINO BOARD LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfe,0xc5);

```

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```

IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfd,0x00);//page 0
for(j=0;j<64;j++)
{
    for(i=1;i<0xC7;i++)
    {
        IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,i,PWM_Gamma64[j]);//PWM}
    }
}
delay(500);

digitalWrite(13, LOW);    // turn the ARDUINO BOARD LED OFF (HIGH is the voltage level)
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfe,0xc5);
IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,0xfd,0x00);//page 0
for(j=63;j>=0;j--)
{
    for(i=1;i<0xC7;i++)
    {
        IS_IIC_WriteByte(Addr_GND_GND,i,PWM_Gamma64[j]);//PWM}
    }
}
delay(500);
}
}

```

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