

1-Mbit (64 K × 16) Static RAM

Features

■ High speed: 70 ns■ Temperature ranges

□ Industrial: -40 °C to +85 °C
 ■ Voltage range: 1.65 V to 1.95 V
 ■ Pin compatible with CY62126EV30

■ Ultra low standby power

□ Typical standby current: 1 µA

□ Maximum standby current: 4 µA

■ Ultra low active power

□ Typical active current: 1.3 mA at f = 1 MHz

■ Easy memory expansion with $\overline{\text{CE}}$ and $\overline{\text{OE}}$ features

■ Automatic power down when deselected

■ Complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) for optimum speed and power

■ Offered in Pb-free 48-ball very fine-pitch ball grid array (VFBGA) package

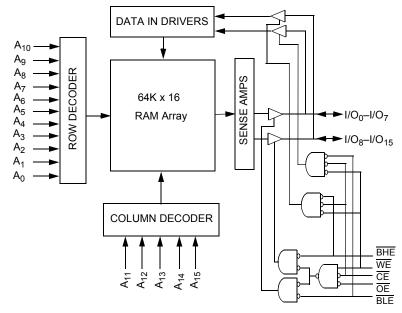
Functional Description

The CY62126EV18 is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 64K words by 16 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life (MoBL) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when addresses are not toggling. Placing the device in standby mode reduces power consumption by more than 99 percent when deselected (\overline{CE} HIGH). The input and output pins (I/O0 through I/O15) are placed in a high-impedance state when the device is deselected (\overline{CE} HIGH), the outputs are disabled (\overline{OE} HIGH), both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled (\overline{BHE} , BLE HIGH) or during a write operation (\overline{CE} LOW and \overline{WE} LOW).

To write to the device, take Chip Enable $\overline{(CE)}$ and Write Enable $\overline{(WE)}$ inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O₀ through I/O₇) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A₀ through A₁₅). If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O₈ through I/O₁₅) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A₀ through A₁₅).

To read from the device, take Chip Enable ($\overline{\text{CE}}$) and Output Enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) LOW while forcing the Write Enable (WE) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O₀ to I/O₇. If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O₈ to I/O₁₅. See the Truth Table on page 11 for a complete description of read and write modes.

Logic Block Diagram



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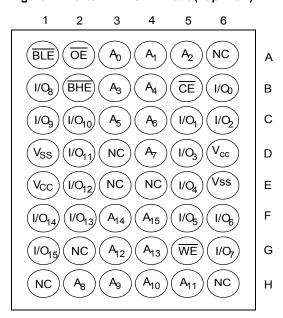
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Pin Configuration

Figure 1. 48-ball VFBGA Pinout (Top View)



Product Portfolio

| | | | | | | | P | ower Dis | sipation | | | |
|---------------|------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------|-------|---------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|----------|---------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Product Range | | V _{CC} Range (V) | | | Speed | | Operating | , I _{CC} (mA) | | Standby | , I _{SB2} | |
| Product | Range | | | | (ns) | f = 1 MHz | | /\ | | MHz f = f _{max} | | |
| | | Min | Typ ^[2] | Max | | Typ ^[2] | Max | Typ ^[2] | Max | Typ ^[2] | Max | |
| CY62126EV18LL | Industrial | 1.65 | 1.8 | 1.95 | 70 | 1.3 | 2 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 4 | |

NC pins are not connected on the die.
 Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}, T_A = 25 °C.



Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the battery life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested. Storage temperature-65 °C to +150 °C Ambient temperature with Supply voltage to ground potential $^{[3,\,4]}_{-}.....-0.3$ V to 2.25 V (V $_{CCmax}$ + 0.3 V) DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z state $^{[3,\;4]}$ -0.3 V to 2.25 V (V $_{CCmax}$ + 0.3 V)

| DC input voltage $^{[3, 4]}$ 0.3 V to 2.25 V (V _{CCmax} + 0.3 V) |
|---|
| Output current into outputs (LOW)20 mA |
| Static discharge voltage (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015) > 2001 V |
| Latch-up current > 200 mA |

Operating Range

| Device | Range | Ambient Temperature | V _{CC} ^[5] |
|---------------|------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CY62126EV18LL | Industrial | –40 °C to +85 °C | 1.65 V to 1.95 V |

Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

| Parameter | Description | 70 ns | | | | Unit | |
|---------------------------------|--|---|---|------|-----|-------------------------|------|
| Parameter | Description | rest conditions | rest conditions | | | Max | Unit |
| V _{OH} | Output high voltage | $I_{OH} = -0.1 \text{ mA}$ | | 1.4 | - | _ | V |
| V _{OL} | Output low voltage | I _{OL} = 0.1 mA | | _ | - | 0.2 | V |
| V _{IH} | Input high voltage | V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | | 1.4 | _ | V _{CC} + 0.2 V | V |
| V _{IL} | Input low voltage | V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | | -0.2 | _ | 0.4 | V |
| I _{IX} | Input leakage current | $GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$ | | -1 | - | +1 | μА |
| I _{OZ} | Output leakage current | GND \leq V _O \leq V _{CC} , Output Disabled | | -1 | _ | +1 | μΑ |
| Icc | V _{CC} operating supply current | $f = f_{\text{max}} = 1/t_{\text{RC}}$ | $V_{CC} = V_{CCmax}$ $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ CMOS levels | - | 11 | 12 | mA |
| | | f = 1 MHz | | _ | 1.3 | 2.0 | |
| I _{SB1} ^[7] | Automatic CE power down current —CMOS inputs | $\label{eq:control_control_control_control_control} \begin{split} \overline{\text{CE}} &\geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} &\geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} &\leq 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ \text{f} &= \text{f}_{\text{max}} \text{ (Address and Data Only)}, \\ \text{f} &= 0 \text{ (OE, } \overline{\text{BHE}}, \overline{\text{BLE}}, \text{ and } \overline{\text{WE}}), \\ \text{V}_{\text{CC}} &= 1.95 \text{ V} \end{split}$ | | _ | 1 | 4 | μА |
| I _{SB2} ^[7] | Automatic CE power down current —CMOS inputs | $\overline{\text{CE}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V},$ $\text{V}_{\text{IN}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V or V}_{\text{IN}} \le 0.2 \text{ V},$ $\text{f} = 0, \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = 1.95 \text{ V}$ | | _ | 1 | 4 | μА |

- $V_{\text{IL(min)}}$ = -2.0 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.

- V_{IL(min)} = -2.0 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
 V_{IH(max)} = V_{CC} + 0.75 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
 Full device AC operation assumes a 100 μs ramp time from 0 to V_{CC}(min) and 200 μs wait time after V_{CC} stabilization.
 Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}, T_A = 25 °C.
 Chip enable (CE) needs to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB1} / I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating.



Capacitance

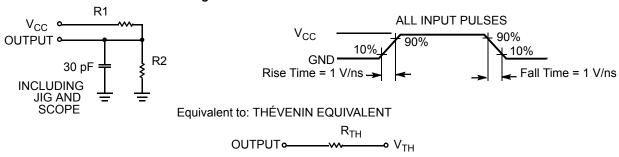
| Parameter ^[8] | Description | Max | Unit | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|---|------|----|
| C _{IN} | Input capacitance | $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f = 1 ^{\circ}\text{MHz}$, $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$ | 10 | pF |
| C _{OUT} | Output capacitance | | 10 | pF |

Thermal Resistance

| Parameter [8] | Description | Test Conditions | 48-ball VFBGA Package | Unit |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|------|
| Θ_{JA} | | Still Air, soldered on a 4.25 × 1.125 inch, two-layer printed circuit board | 58.85 | °C/W |
| $\Theta_{\sf JC}$ | Thermal resistance (junction to case) | | 17.01 | °C/W |

AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms



| Parameters | 1.65 V–1.95 V | Unit |
|-----------------|---------------|------|
| R1 | 13500 | Ω |
| R2 | 10800 | Ω |
| R _{TH} | 6000 | Ω |
| V_{TH} | 0.8 | V |

Note

^{8.} Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



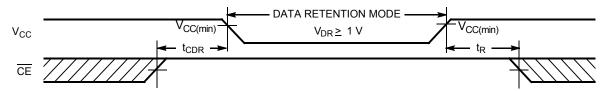
Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

| Parameter | Description | Cond | Min | Typ [9] | Max | Unit | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------|----------------|-----|------|----|
| V_{DR} | V _{CC} for data retention | | | 1 | _ | - | V |
| I _{CCDR} ^[10] | Data retention current | $V_{CC} = V_{DR}$ | | | | | μА |
| | | $\overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V},$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or}$ $V_{IN} \le 0.2 \text{ V}$ | Industrial | - | - | 3 | |
| t _{CDR} ^[11] | Chip deselect to data retention time | | | 0 | _ | _ | ns |
| t _R ^[12] | Operation recovery time | | | 70 | _ | - | ns |

Data Retention Waveform

Figure 3. Data Retention Waveform



^{9.} Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}, T_A = 25 °C. 10. Chip enable (CE) needs to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB1} / I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating. 11. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters. 12. Full device AC operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to V_{CC(min)} > 100 μs.



Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

| Parameter [13] | Description | 70 | ns | 111:4 |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-----|-------|
| Parameter [10] | Description | Min | Max | Unit |
| Read Cycle | | | | |
| t _{RC} | Read cycle time | 70 | _ | ns |
| t _{AA} | Address to data valid | _ | 70 | ns |
| t _{OHA} | Data hold from address change | 10 | _ | ns |
| t _{ACE} | CE LOW to data valid | _ | 70 | ns |
| t _{DOE} | OE LOW to data valid | - | 35 | ns |
| t _{LZOE} | OE LOW to Low Z [14] | 5 | _ | ns |
| t _{HZOE} | OE HIGH to High Z [14, 15] | _ | 25 | ns |
| t _{LZCE} | CE LOW to Low Z [14] | 10 | _ | ns |
| t _{HZCE} | CE HIGH to High Z [14, 15] | _ | 25 | ns |
| t _{PU} | CE LOW to power up | 0 | _ | ns |
| t _{PD} | CE HIGH to power down | _ | 70 | ns |
| t _{DBE} | BHE / BLE LOW to data valid | _ | 35 | ns |
| t _{LZBE} | BHE / BLE LOW to Low Z [14] | 5 | _ | ns |
| t _{HZBE} | BHE / BLE HIGH to High Z [14, 15] | _ | 25 | ns |
| Write Cycle [16, 17] | · | <u>.</u> | | |
| t _{WC} | Write cycle time | 70 | _ | ns |
| t _{SCE} | CE LOW to write end | 60 | _ | ns |
| t _{AW} | Address setup to write end | 60 | _ | ns |
| t _{HA} | Address hold from write end | 0 | _ | ns |
| t _{SA} | Address setup to write start | 0 | _ | ns |
| t _{PWE} | WE pulse width | 60 | _ | ns |
| t _{BW} | BHE / BLE pulse width | 60 | _ | ns |
| t _{SD} | Data setup to write end | 35 | _ | ns |
| t _{HD} | Data hold from write end | 0 | _ | ns |
| t _{HZWE} | WE LOW to High Z [14, 15] | - | 25 | ns |
| t _{LZWE} | WE HIGH to Low Z [14] | 10 | _ | ns |

^{13.} Test conditions assume signal transition time of 1.8 ns or less, timing reference levels of V_{CC(typ)}/2, input pulse levels of 0 to V_{CC(typ)}, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} and 30-pF load capacitance.

^{14.} At any temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZBE} is less than t_{LZDE}, t_{HZDE} is less than t_{LZOE}, and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any device.

15. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZDE}, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.

16. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE = V_{IL}, BHE, BLE or both = V_{IL}. All signals must be active to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going inactive. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of signal that terminates write.

17. The minimum write cycle pulse width for Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled, OE LOW) should be equal to sum of t_{SD} and t_{HZWE}.



Switching Waveforms

Figure 4. Read Cycle No. 1 (Address transition controlled) [18, 19]

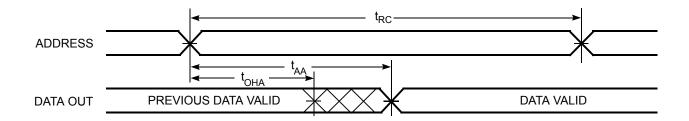
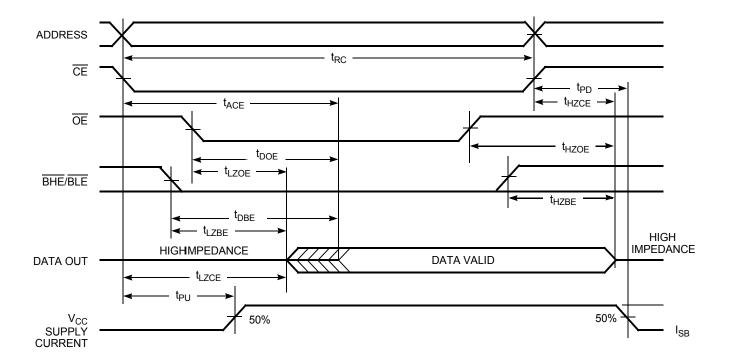


Figure 5. Read Cycle No. 2 (OE controlled) [19, 20]



^{18.} The device is continuously selected. OE, CE = V_{IL}, BHE, BLE, or both = V_{IL}.

19. WE is high for read cycle.

20. Address valid before or similar to CE and BHE, BLE transition LOW.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 1 ($\overline{\text{WE}}$ controlled) [21, 22, 23]

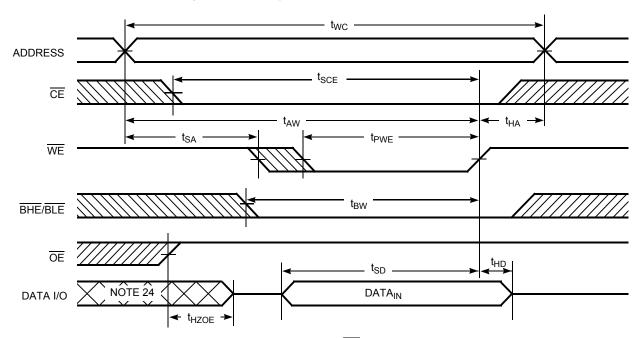
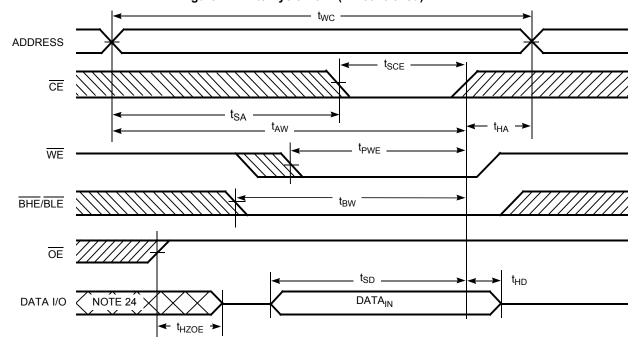


Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 2 (CE controlled) [21, 22, 23]



- 21. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE = V_{IL}, BHE, BLE or both = V_{IL}. All signals must be active to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going inactive. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of signal that terminates write.

 22. Data I/O is high impedance if OE = V_{IH}.

 23. If CE goes high simultaneously with WE = V_{IH}, the output remains in a high impedance state.

 24. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 8. Write Cycle No. 3 (WE controlled, OE LOW [25, 26]

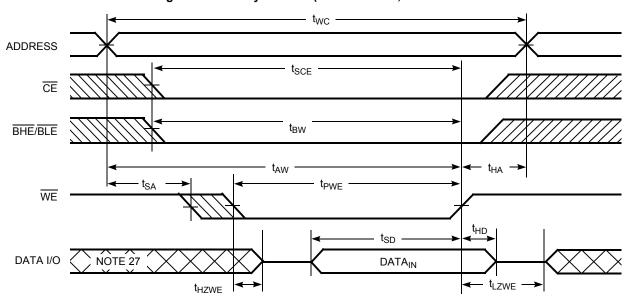
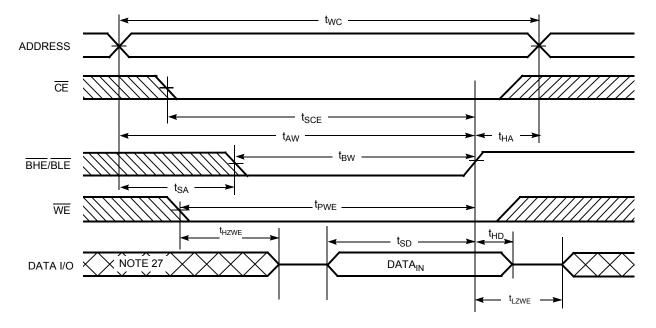


Figure 9. Write Cycle No. 4 (BHE/BLE controlled, OE LOW) [25]



^{25.} If CE goes high simultaneously with WE = V_{IH}, the output remains in a high impedance state.

26. The minimum write cycle pulse width should be equal to sum of t_{SD} and t_{HZWE}.

27. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



Truth Table

| CE [28] | WE | OE | BHE | BLE | Inputs/Outputs | Mode | Power |
|----------------|----|----|-----|-----|--|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Н | Χ | Х | Х | Х | High Z | Deselect/power down | Standby (I _{SB}) |
| L | Χ | Х | Н | Н | High Z | Output disabled | Active (I _{CC}) |
| L | Н | L | L | L | Data out (I/O ₀ –I/O ₁₅) | Read | Active (I _{CC}) |
| L | Н | L | Н | L | Data out (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇); I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅ in High Z | Read | Active (I _{CC}) |
| L | Н | L | L | Н | Data out (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅); I/O ₀ –I/O ₇ in High Z | Read | Active (I _{CC}) |
| L | Н | Н | L | L | High Z | Output disabled | Active (I _{CC}) |
| L | Н | Н | Н | L | High Z | Output disabled | Active (I _{CC}) |
| L | Н | Н | L | Н | High Z | Output disabled | Active (I _{CC}) |
| L | L | Х | L | L | Data in (I/O ₀ –I/O ₁₅) | Write | Active (I _{CC}) |
| L | L | Х | Н | L | Data in (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇); I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅ in High Z | Write | Active (I _{CC}) |
| L | L | Х | L | Н | Data in (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅); I/O ₀ –I/O ₇ in High Z | Write | Active (I _{CC}) |

Note
28. Chip enable must be at CMOS levels (not floating). Intermediate voltage levels on this pin is not permitted.

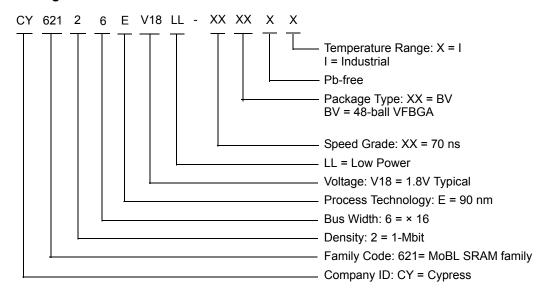


Ordering Information

| Speed (ns) | Ordering Code | Package Diagram | Package Type | Operating Range |
|------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 70 | CY62126EV18LL-70BVXI | 51-85150 | 48-ball VFBGA (Pb-free) | Industrial |

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of other parts.

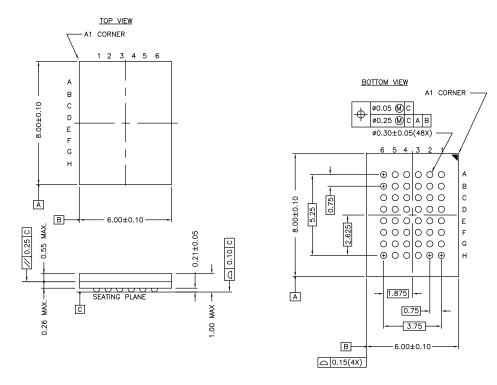
Ordering Code Definitions





Package Diagram

Figure 10. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) Package Outline, 51-85150



NOTE:

PACKAGE WEIGHT: See Cypress Package Material Declaration Datasheet (PMDD) posted on the Cypress web.

51-85150 *H



Acronyms

| Acronym | Description | | |
|---------|---|--|--|
| CE | Chip Enable | | |
| CMOS | Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor | | |
| I/O | Input/Output | | |
| OE | Output Enable | | |
| RAM | Random Access Memory | | |
| SRAM | Static Random Access Memory | | |
| TSOP | Thin Small Outline Package | | |
| VFBGA | Very Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array | | |
| WE | Write Enable | | |

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

| Symbol | Unit of Measure | | |
|--------|-----------------|--|--|
| °C | degree Celsius | | |
| MHz | megahertz | | |
| μΑ | microampere | | |
| μs | microsecond | | |
| mA | milliampere | | |
| mm | millimeter | | |
| ns | nanosecond | | |
| Ω | ohm | | |
| % | percent | | |
| pF | picofarad | | |
| V | volt | | |
| W | watt | | |



Document History Page

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