

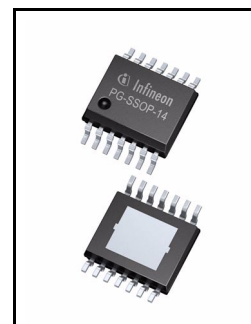
OPTIREG™ Linear TLS835B2ELV

Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator



Features

- Wide input voltage range from 3.0 V to 40 V
- Adjustable output voltage between 1.5 V and 6 V
- Output voltage precision $\leq \pm 2\%$
- Output current capability up to 350 mA
- Ultra low current consumption, typical 20 μ A
- Very low dropout voltage, typical 100 mV, at output currents below 100 mA
- Stable with ceramic output capacitor of 1 μ F
- Enable
- Overtemperature shutdown
- Output current limitation
- Wide temperature range
- Green Product (RoHS compliant)



Potential applications

- Automotive or other supply systems that are connected to the battery permanently
- Automotive supply systems that need to operate in cranking condition

Product validation

Qualified for Automotive Applications. Product Validation according to AEC-Q100/101

Description

The OPTIREG™ Linear TLS835B2ELV is a linear voltage regulator with high performance, very low dropout linear voltage and very low quiescent current.

With an input voltage range of 3 V to 40 V and very low quiescent current of only 20 μ A, this regulator is perfectly suitable for automotive or other supply systems permanently connected to the battery.

The new loop concept combines fast regulation and very high stability while requiring only one small ceramic capacitor of 1 μ F at the output. At output currents below 100 mA the device has a very low dropout voltage of only 100 mV (for an output voltage of 5 V) and 120 mV (for an output voltage of 3.3 V). The operating range starts at an input voltage of only 3 V (extended operating range). This makes the TLS835B2ELV suitable for automotive systems that need to operate during cranking condition.

The device can be switched on and off by the enable feature.

The output voltage of the TLS835B2ELV can be adjusted and set between 1.5 V and 6 V by connecting an external voltage divider.

Internal protection features such as output current limitation and overtemperature shutdown, protect the device from immediate damage caused by failures such as output shorted to GND, overcurrent or overtemperature conditions.

External components

An input capacitor C_I is recommended to compensate for line influences. The output capacitor C_O is necessary for the stability of the regulating circuit. The TLS835B2ELV is designed to be stable with low ESR ceramic capacitors.

Type	Package	Marking
TLS835B2ELV	PG-SSOP-14	835B2V

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Block diagram

1 Block diagram

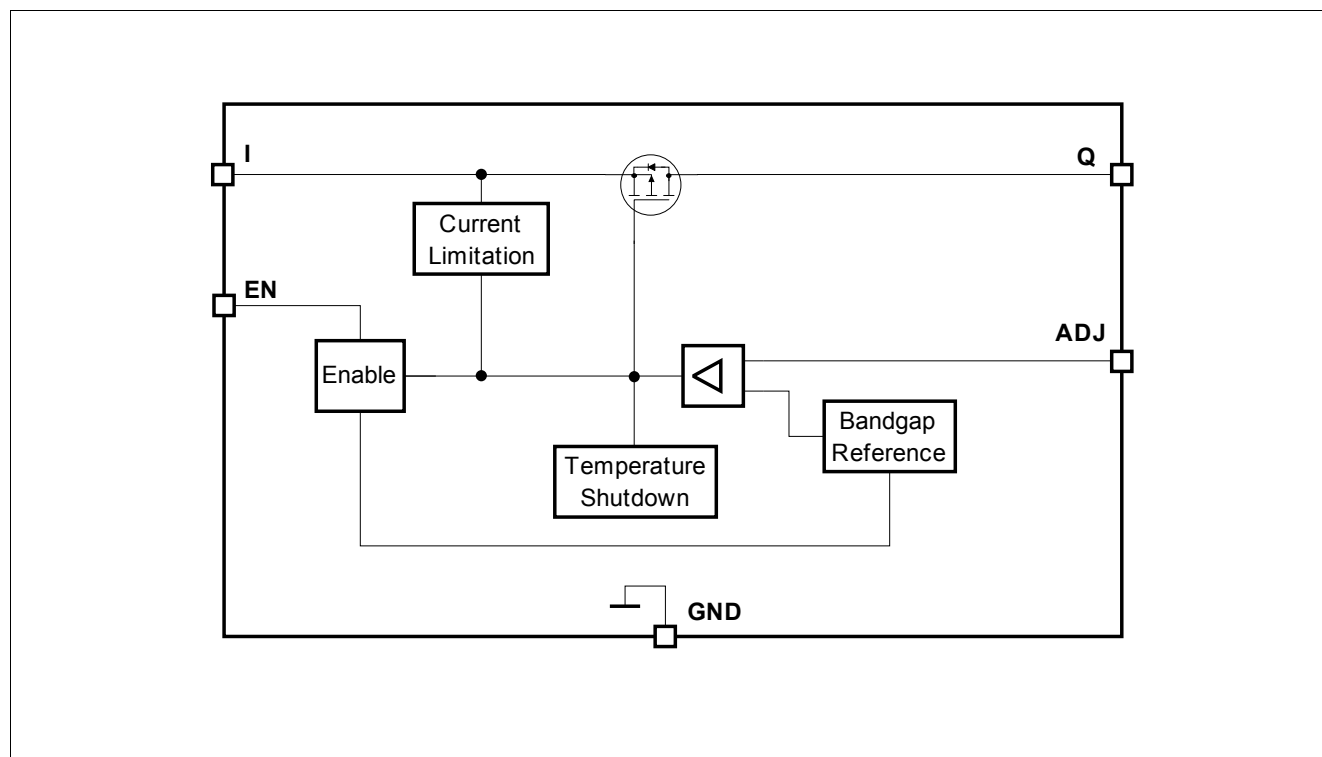


Figure 1 Block diagram TLS835B2ELV

Pin configuration

2 Pin configuration

2.1 Pin assignment TLS835B2ELV

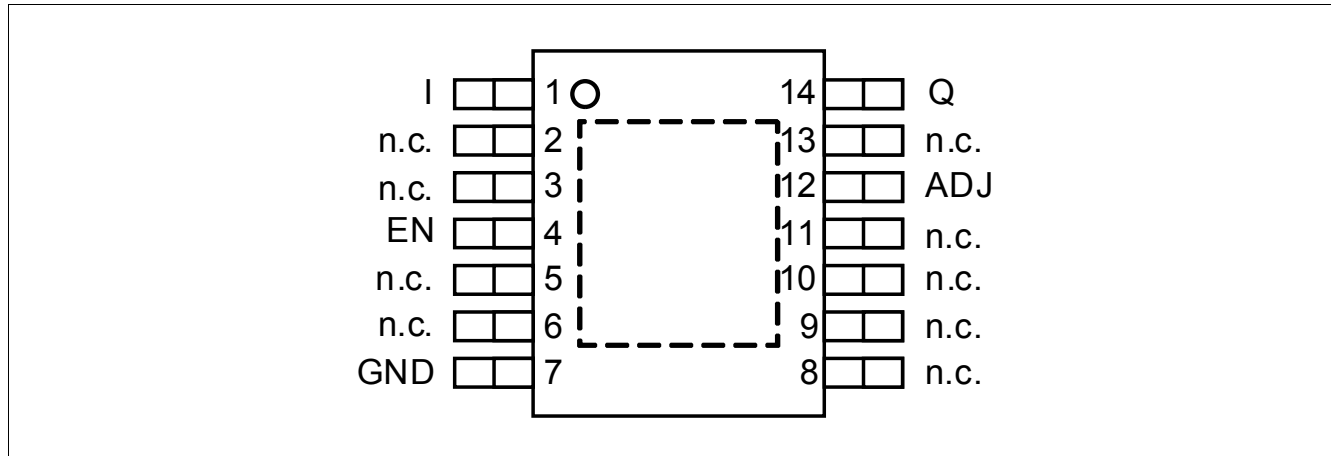


Figure 2 Pin configuration TLS835B2ELV

2.2 Pin definitions and functions TLS835B2ELV

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	I	Input It is recommended to place a small ceramic capacitor to GND, close to the pins, to compensate for line influences
2	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
3	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
4	EN	Enable (integrated pull-down resistor) Enable the IC with high level input signal Disable the IC with low level input signal
5	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
6	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
7	GND	Ground
8	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
9	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
10	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
11	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND

Pin configuration

Pin	Symbol	Function
12	ADJ	Output adjustment Connect an external voltage divider to set the output voltage
13	n. c.	Not connected Leave open or connect to GND
14	Q	Output voltage Connect output capacitor C_O to GND close to the pin, respecting the values specified for its capacitance and ESR in “Functional range” on Page 8
Pad	–	Exposed pad Connect to heatsink area; Connect to GND

3 General product characteristics

3.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 1 Absolute maximum ratings¹⁾

$T_j = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 150°C ; all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Input I, enable EN							
Voltage	V_I, V_{EN}	-0.3	–	45	V	–	P_4.1.1
Output Q							
Voltage	V_Q	-0.3	–	7	V	–	P_4.1.2
Adjust ADJ							
voltage	V_{ADJ}	-0.3	–	7	V	–	P_4.1.3
Temperatures							
Junction temperature	T_j	-40	–	150	°C	–	P_4.1.5
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55	–	150	°C	–	P_4.1.6
ESD absorption							
ESD susceptibility to GND	V_{ESD}	-2	–	2	kV	2) HBM	P_4.1.7
ESD susceptibility to GND	V_{ESD}	-750	–	750	V	3) CDM at all pins	P_4.1.8

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design.

2) ESD susceptibility, HBM according to ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS001 (1.5 kΩ, 100 pF)

3) ESD susceptibility, Charged Device Model “CDM” according JEDEC JESD22-C101

Notes

1. Exceeding the absolute max ratings may cause permanent damage to the device and affects the device's reliability.
2. Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as operation outside the normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.

General product characteristics

3.2 Functional range

Table 2 Functional range

$T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C ; all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Input voltage range	V_I	$V_{Q,nom} + V_{dr}$	–	40	V	¹⁾ –	P_4.2.1
Extended input voltage range	$V_{I,ext}$	3.0	–	40	V	²⁾ –	P_4.2.2
Enable voltage range	V_{EN}	0	–	40	V	–	P_4.2.3
Capacitance of output capacitor for stability	C_Q	1	–	–	μF	³⁾⁴⁾ –	P_4.2.4
Equivalent series resistance of output capacitor	$ESR(C_Q)$	–	–	40	Ω	³⁾ –	P_4.2.5
Junction temperature	T_j	-40	–	150	°C	–	P_4.2.6

1) Output current is limited internally and depends on the input voltage, see electrical characteristics for more details.

2) If $V_{I,ext,min} \leq V_I \leq V_{Q,nom} + V_{dr}$, then $V_Q = V_I - V_{dr}$. If $V_I < V_{I,ext,min}$, then V_Q can drop to 0 V.

3) Not subject to production test, specified by design.

4) The minimum output capacitance requirement is applicable for a worst case capacitance tolerance of 30%

Note: Within the functional or operating range, the IC operates as described in the circuit description. The electrical characteristics are specified within the conditions given in the electrical characteristics table.

General product characteristics

3.3 Thermal resistance

Note: This thermal data was generated in accordance with JEDEC JESD51 standards. For more information, go to www.jedec.org.

Table 3 Thermal resistance of TLS835B2ELV in PG-SSOP-14 package

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Junction to case	R_{thJC}	–	10	–	K/W	¹⁾ –	P_4.3.1
Junction to ambient	R_{thJA}	–	41	–	K/W	¹⁾²⁾ 2s2p board	P_4.3.2
Junction to ambient	R_{thJA}	–	125	–	K/W	¹⁾³⁾ 1s0p board, footprint only	P_4.3.3
Junction to ambient	R_{thJA}	–	59	–	K/W	¹⁾³⁾ 1s0p board, 300 mm ² heatsink area on PCB	P_4.3.4
Junction to ambient	R_{thJA}	–	51	–	K/W	¹⁾³⁾ 1s0p board, 600 mm ² heatsink area on PCB	P_4.3.5

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design

2) Specified R_{thJA} value is according to Jedec JESD51-2,-5,-7 at natural convection on FR4 2s2p board. The product (chip + package) was simulated on a 76.2 × 114.3 × 1.5 mm³ board with 2 inner copper layers (2 × 70 μm Cu, 2 × 35 μm Cu). Where applicable a thermal via array under the exposed pad contacted the first inner copper layer.

3) Specified R_{thJA} value is according to JEDEC JESD 51-3 at natural convection on FR4 1s0p board. The product (chip + package) was simulated on a 76.2 × 114.3 × 1.5 mm³ board with 1 copper layer (1 × 70 μm Cu).

4 Block description and electrical characteristics

4.1 Voltage regulation

The output voltage V_Q is divided by a resistor network. This fractional voltage is compared to an internal voltage reference and the pass transistor is driven accordingly.

The control loop stability depends on the following factors:

- output capacitor C_Q
- load current
- chip temperature
- internal circuit design

Output capacitor

To ensure stable operation, the capacitance of the output capacitor and its equivalent series resistor (ESR) requirements as specified in **“Functional range” on Page 8** must be maintained. The output capacitor must be sized according to the requirements of the application to be able to buffer load steps.

Input capacitors, reverse polarity protection diode

An input capacitor C_I is recommended to compensate for line influences.

In order to block influences such as pulses and high frequency distortion at the input, an additional reverse polarity protection diode and a combination of several capacitors for filtering should be used. Connect the capacitors close to the component's terminals.

Smooth ramp-up

In order to prevent overshoots during startup, a smooth ramp-up function is implemented. This ensures almost no output voltage overshoots during startup, mostly independent from load and output capacitance.

Output current limitation

If the load current exceeds the specified limit, due to a short-circuit for example, then the output current is limited and the output voltage decreases.

Overtemperature shutdown

The overtemperature shutdown circuit prevents the IC from immediate destruction in case of a fault condition (for example a permanent short-circuit at the output) by switching off the power stage. After the IC has cooled down, the regulator restarts. This leads to an oscillatory behavior of the output voltage until the fault is removed. However, any junction temperature above 150°C is outside the maximum ratings and therefore significantly reduces the lifetime of the IC.

Block description and electrical characteristics

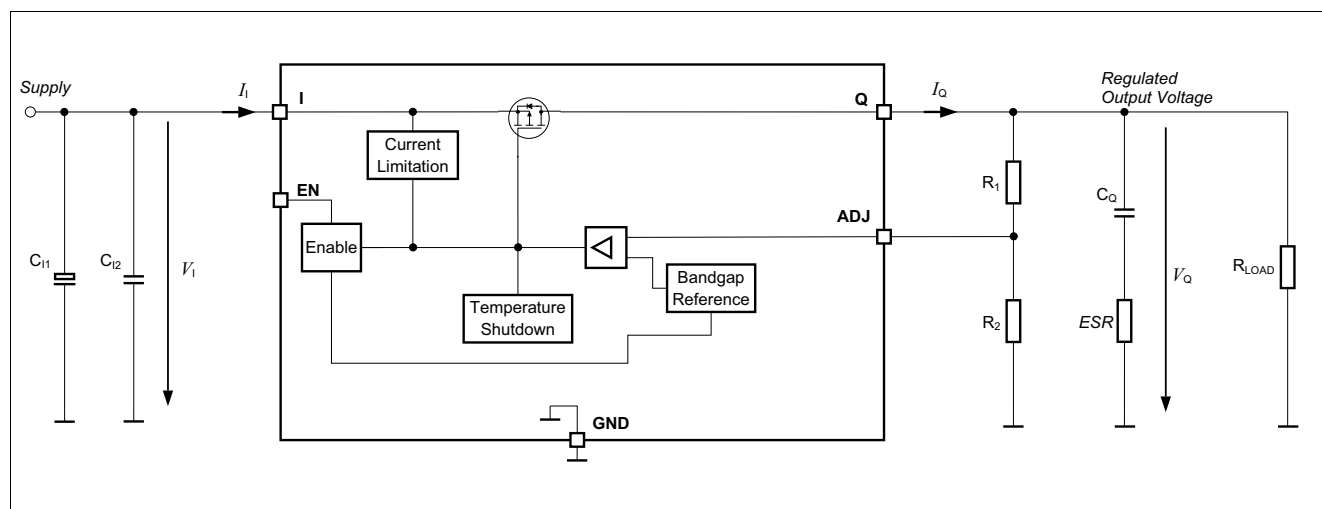


Figure 3 Voltage regulation

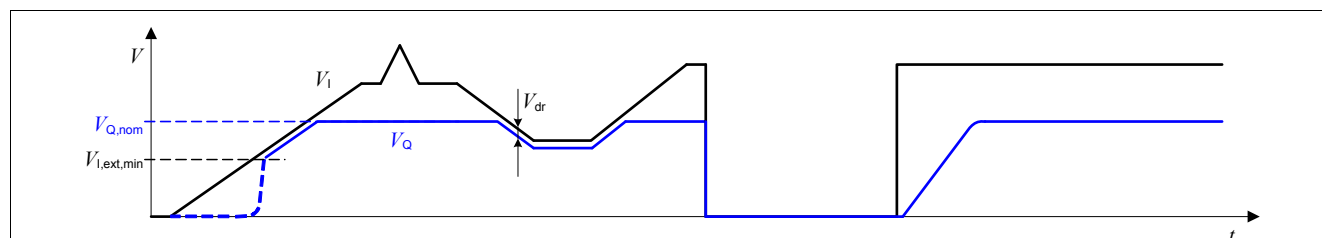


Figure 4 Output voltage vs. input voltage

Block description and electrical characteristics

Table 4 Electrical characteristics voltage regulator

$T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C , $V_I = 13.5\text{ V}$, all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified).

Typical values are given at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_I = 13.5\text{ V}$.

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Output voltage accuracy ¹⁾	ΔV_Q	-2	–	2	%	$0.05\text{ mA} \leq I_Q \leq 350\text{ mA}$ $3\text{ V} \leq V_I \leq 28\text{ V}$, $V_I \geq V_{Q,\text{nom}} + V_{\text{dr}}$, $R_2 \leq 250\text{ k}\Omega$	P_5.1.33
Output voltage accuracy ¹⁾	ΔV_Q	-2	–	2	%	$0.05\text{ mA} \leq I_Q \leq 175\text{ mA}$ $3\text{ V} \leq V_I \leq 40\text{ V}$, $V_I \geq V_{Q,\text{nom}} + V_{\text{dr}}$, $R_2 \leq 250\text{ k}\Omega$	P_5.1.34
Reference voltage	V_{ref}	1.47	1.5	1.53	V	–	P_5.1.36
Output voltage adjustable range	$V_{Q,\text{Range}}$	1.5	–	6	V	–	P_5.1.37
Dropout voltage $V_{\text{dr}} = V_I - V_Q$	V_{dr}	–	100	200	mV	²⁾ $I_Q = 100\text{ mA}$, $V_{Q,\text{nom}} = 6\text{ V}$	P_5.1.43
Dropout voltage $V_{\text{dr}} = V_I - V_Q$	V_{dr}	–	250	500	mV	²⁾ $I_Q = 250\text{ mA}$, $V_{Q,\text{nom}} = 6\text{ V}$	P_5.1.41
Power supply ripple rejection ³⁾	$PSRR$	–	65	–	dB	$V_Q = 1.5\text{ V}$, $f_{\text{ripple}} = 100\text{ Hz}$, $V_{\text{ripple}} = 0.5\text{ V}_{\text{p-p}}$, $I_Q = 10\text{ mA}$	P_5.1.44
Output current limitation	$I_{Q,\text{max}}$	351	500	780	mA	$0\text{ V} < V_Q < V_{Q,\text{nom}} - 0.1\text{ V}$	P_5.1.47
Load regulation steady-state	$\Delta V_{Q,\text{load}}$	-15	-5	–	mV	$I_Q = 0.05\text{ mA}$ to 350 mA $V_I = 7\text{ V}$	P_5.1.52
Line regulation steady-state	$\Delta V_{Q,\text{line}}$	–	1	10	mV	$V_I = 8\text{ V}$ to 32 V $I_Q = 5\text{ mA}$	P_5.1.53
Overtemperature shutdown threshold	$T_{j,\text{sd}}$	151	175	200	$^\circ\text{C}$	³⁾ T_j increasing	P_5.1.55
Overtemperature shutdown threshold hysteresis	$T_{j,\text{sdh}}$	–	15	–	K	³⁾ T_j decreasing	P_5.1.56

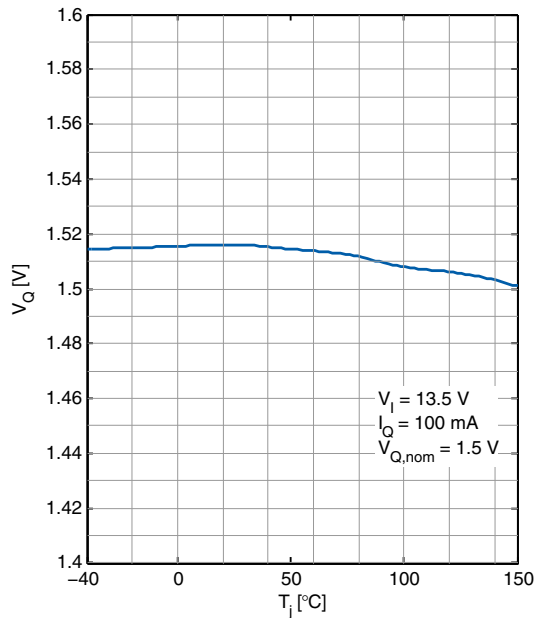
1) Referring to the device tolerance only, the tolerance of the resistor divider can cause additional deviation. Parameter is tested with the ADJ pin directly connected to the output pin Q.

2) Measured when the output voltage V_Q has dropped by 100 mV while input voltage was gradually decreased.

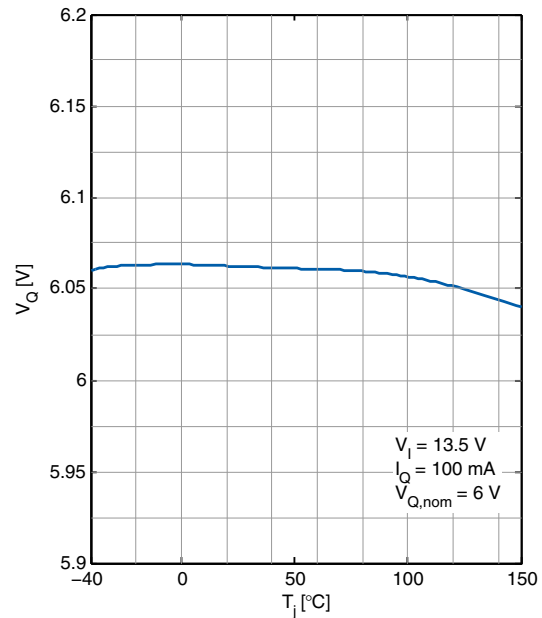
3) Not subject to production test, specified by design

4.2 Typical performance characteristics voltage regulator

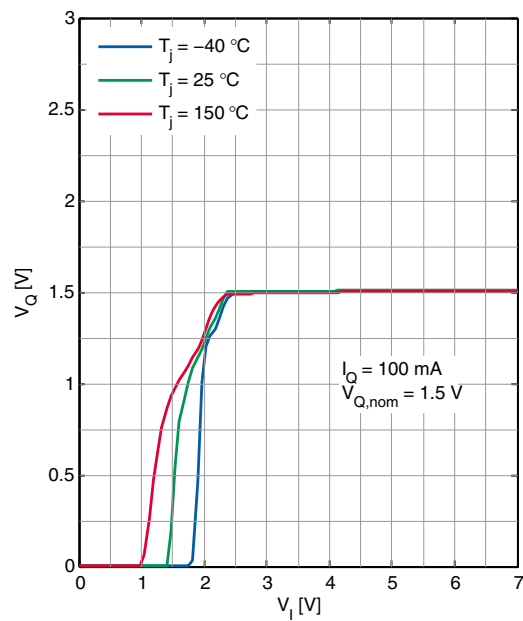
**Output voltage V_Q versus
junction temperature T_j**



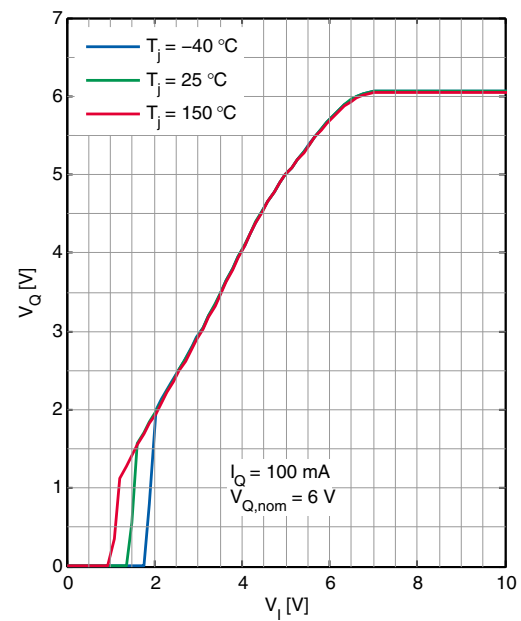
**Output voltage V_Q versus
junction temperature T_j**



**Output voltage V_Q versus
input voltage V_I**

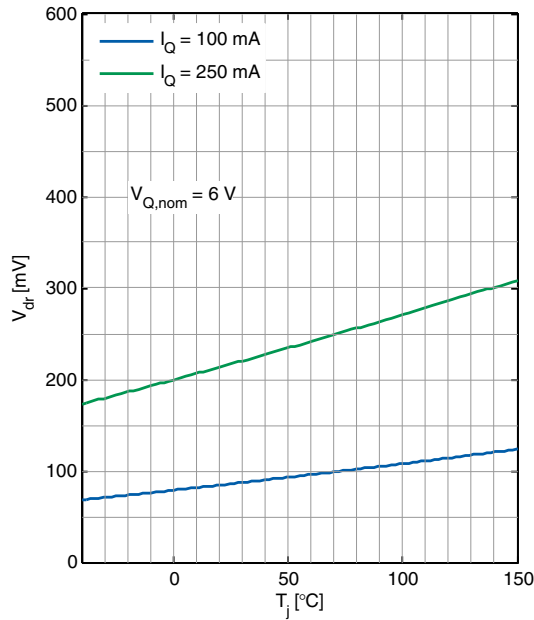


**Output voltage V_Q versus
input voltage V_I**

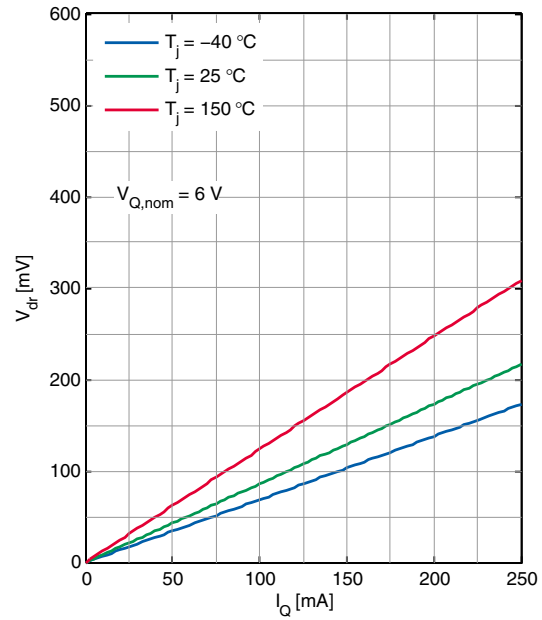


Block description and electrical characteristics

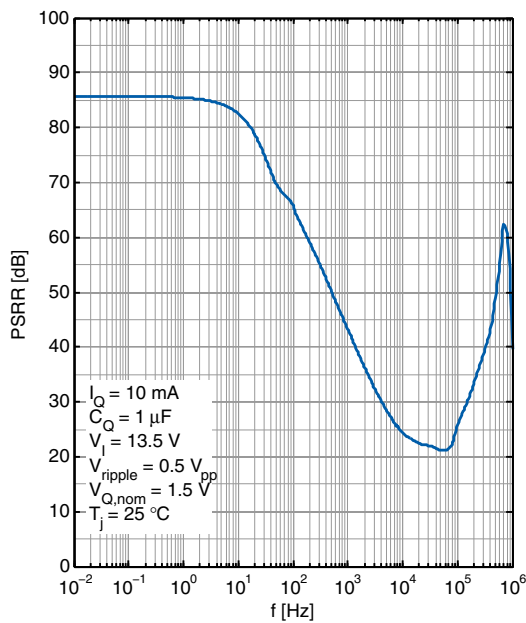
Dropout voltage V_{dr} versus junction temperature T_j



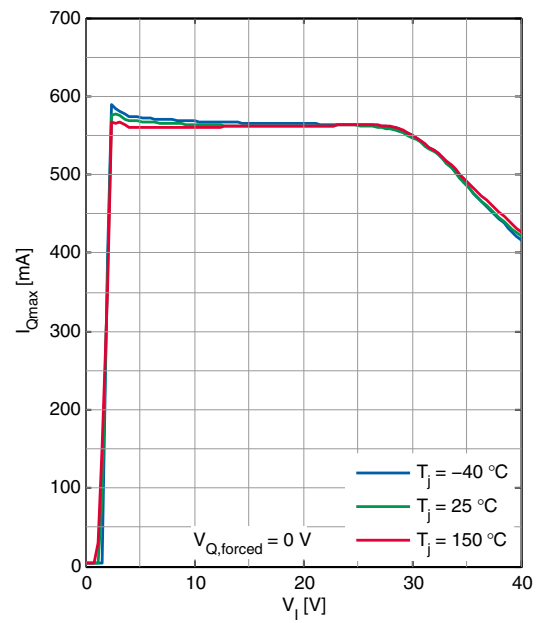
Dropout voltage V_{dr} versus output current I_Q



Power supply ripple rejection $PSRR$ versus ripple frequency f

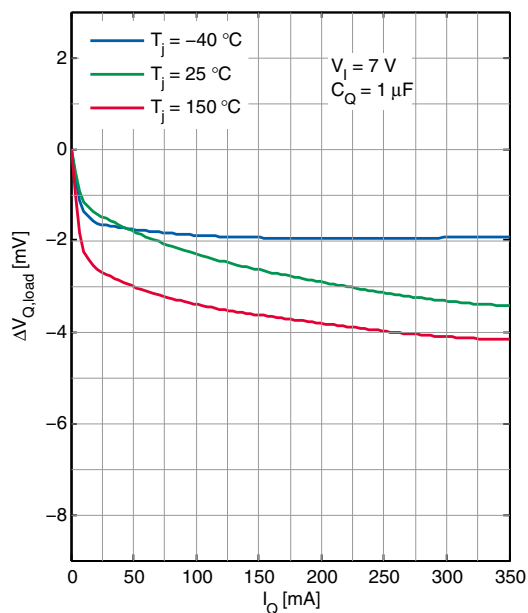


Maximum output current I_{Qmax} versus input voltage V_I

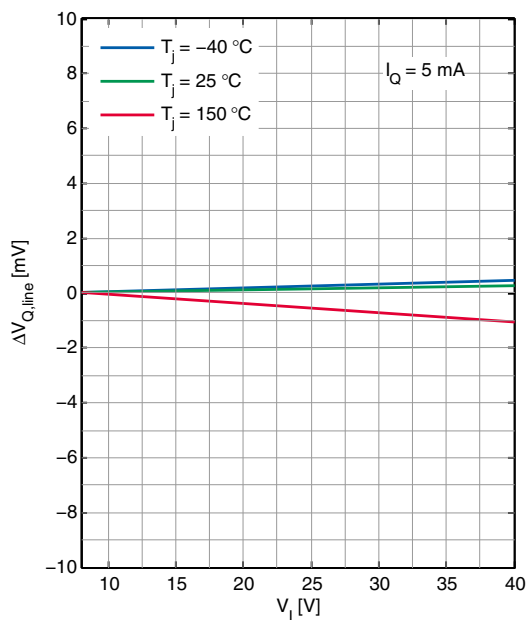


Block description and electrical characteristics

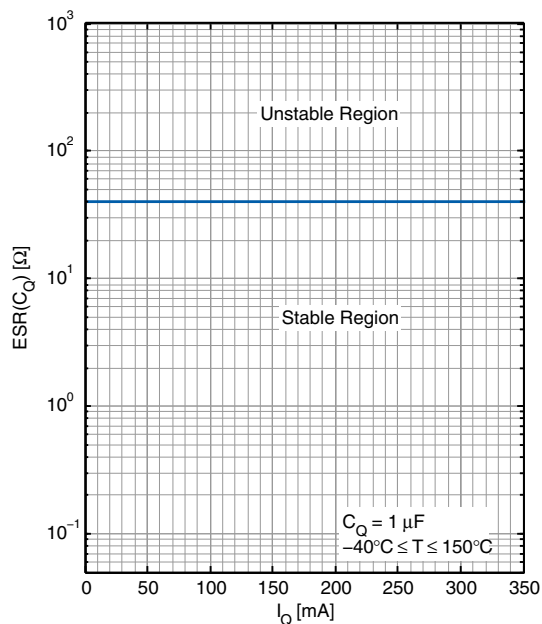
Load regulation $\Delta V_{Q,load}$ versus output current change I_Q



Line regulation $\Delta V_{Q,line}$ versus input voltage V_I



Equivalent series resistance of output capacitor $ESR(C_O)$ versus output current I_Q



Block description and electrical characteristics

4.3 Current consumption

Table 5 Electrical characteristics current consumption

$T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C , $V_I = 13.5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise specified)

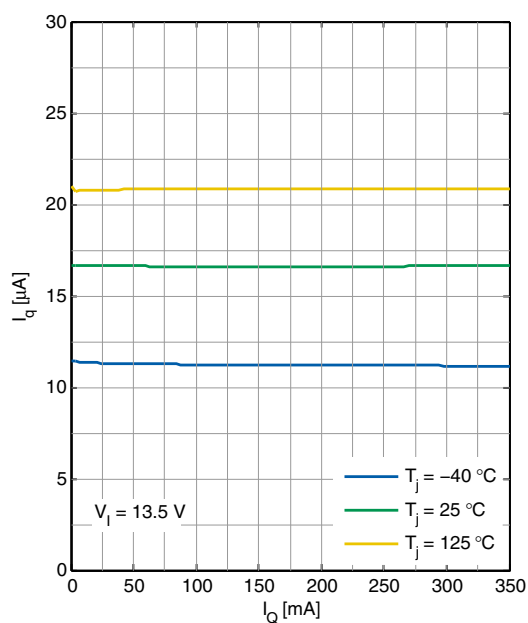
Typical values are given at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Current consumption $I_q = I_I$	$I_{q,off}$	–	–	1	μA	$V_{EN} = 0\text{ V}; T_j < 105^\circ\text{C}$	P_5.3.1
Current consumption $I_q = I_I$	$I_{q,off}$	–	–	2	μA	$V_{EN} = 0.4\text{ V}; T_j < 125^\circ\text{C}$	P_5.3.3
Current consumption $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I_q	–	17	25	μA	$I_Q = 0.05\text{ mA}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_5.3.4
Current consumption $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I_q	–	20	30	μA	$I_Q = 0.05\text{ mA}; T_j < 125^\circ\text{C}$	P_5.3.5
Current consumption $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I_q	–	22	33	μA	¹⁾ $I_Q = 350\text{ mA}; T_j < 125^\circ\text{C}$	P_5.3.6

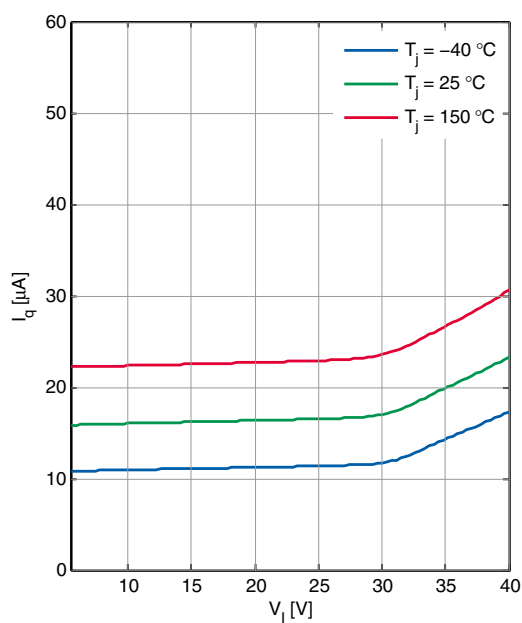
1) Not subject to production test, specified by design

4.4 Typical performance characteristics current consumption

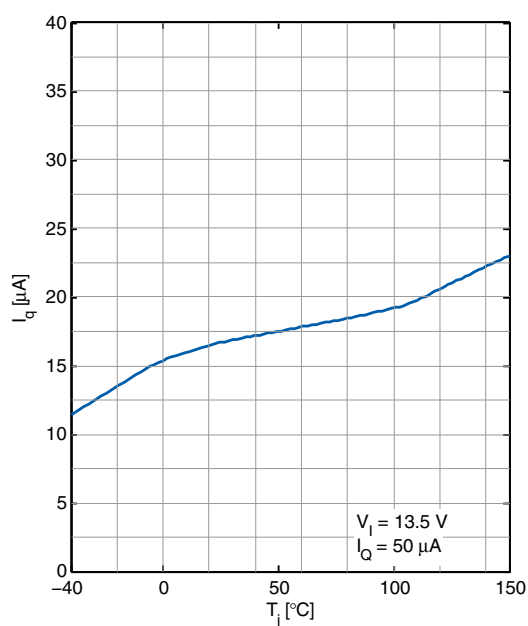
Current consumption I_q versus output current I_Q



Current consumption I_q versus input voltage V_I



Current consumption I_q versus junction temperature T_j



Block description and electrical characteristics

4.5 Enable

The TLS835B2ELV can be switched on and off by the enable feature. Applying a “high” level as specified below with $V_{EN} \geq 2 \text{ V}$ to the EN pin enables the device. Applying a “low” level as specified below with $V_{EN} \leq 0.8 \text{ V}$ shuts down the device. The enable feature has a built-in hysteresis to avoid toggling between the ON/OFF state, when a signal with slow slope is applied to the EN pin.

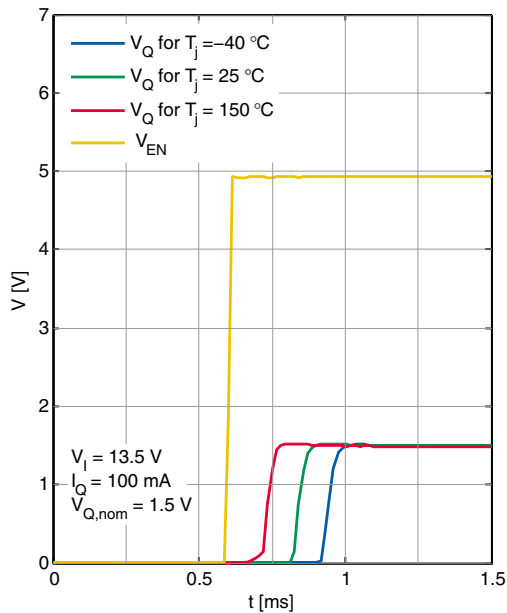
Table 6 Electrical characteristics enable

$T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C , $V_I = 13.5 \text{ V}$, all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified)
 Typical values are given at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

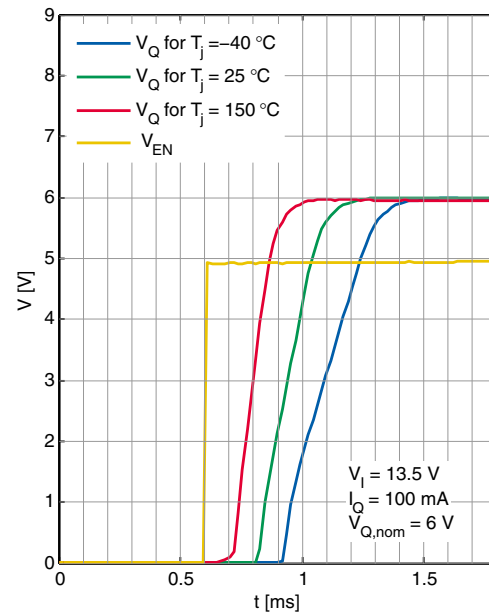
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Enable “high” input voltage	$V_{EN,H}$	2	–	–	V	–	P_5.5.1
Enable “low” input voltage	$V_{EN,L}$	–	–	0.8	V	–	P_5.5.2
Enable threshold hysteresis	$V_{EN,HY}$	90	–	–	mV	–	P_5.5.3
Enable “high” input current	$I_{EN,H}$	–	–	1	μA	$V_{EN} = 5 \text{ V}$	P_5.5.4
Enable “high” input current	$I_{EN,H}$	–	–	6	μA	$V_{EN} \leq 18 \text{ V}$	P_5.5.5
Enable internal pull-down resistor	R_{EN}	2.8	10	20	$\text{M}\Omega$	–	P_5.5.6

4.6 Typical performance characteristics enable

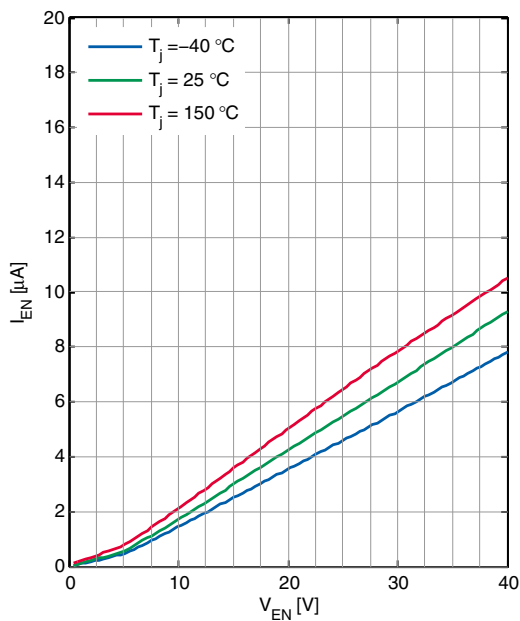
Output voltage V_Q versus time t (EN switched on)



Output voltage V_Q versus time t (EN switched on)



Enable input current I_{EN} versus enable input voltage V_{EN}



Application information

TLS835B2ELV is designed to also be stable with low ESR capacitors. According to the automotive requirements, ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics are recommended.

The output capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the voltage regulator's output pin and GND pin and on the same side of the PCB as the regulator itself.

In case of input voltage or load current transients, the capacitance should be dimensioned accordingly. The configuration has to be verified in the real application to ensure that the output stability requirements are fulfilled.

5.2.3 Resistor divider R_1 , R_2

The resistor divider can be calculated according to [Equation \(5.1\)](#):

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{V_Q}{V_{ADJ}} - 1 \quad (5.1)$$

with

- V_Q : output voltage
- V_{ADJ} : V_{ref} reference voltage

5.3 Thermal considerations

From the known input voltage, the output voltage and the load profile of the application, the total power dissipation can be calculated as follows:

$$P_D = (V_I - V_Q)I_Q + V_I I_q \quad (5.2)$$

with

- P_D : continuous power dissipation
- V_I : input voltage
- V_Q : output voltage
- I_Q : output current
- I_q : quiescent current

The maximum acceptable thermal resistance R_{thJA} is given by:

$$R_{thJA} = \frac{T_{j,max} - T_a}{P_D} \quad (5.3)$$

with

- $T_{j,max}$: maximum allowed junction temperature
- T_a : ambient temperature

Based on the above calculation the proper PCB type and the necessary heat sink area can be determined by referencing the specification for [“Thermal resistance” on Page 9](#).

5.4 Reverse polarity protection

TLS835B2ELV is not protected against reverse polarity faults and must be protected by external components against negative supply voltage. An external reverse polarity diode is necessary. The absolute maximum ratings of the device as specified in [“Absolute maximum ratings” on Page 7](#) must be maintained.

Application information

5.5 Further application information

For further information you may contact <https://www.infineon.com/>

Revision history

7 Revision history

Revision	Date	Changes
1.1	2018-09-17	Editorial changes Updated T to T_J in graph of “Equivalent series resistance of output capacitor $ESR(C_Q)$ versus output current I_Q ” Added footnote to overtemperature shutdown specification Added V_Q and removed V_I in the test condition of the dropout voltage in electrical characteristics
1.0	2018-03-02	Initial Version

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