Quick start guide KIT_DRIVER_1EDN7512B



Infineon Technologies



KIT_DRIVER_1EDN7512B



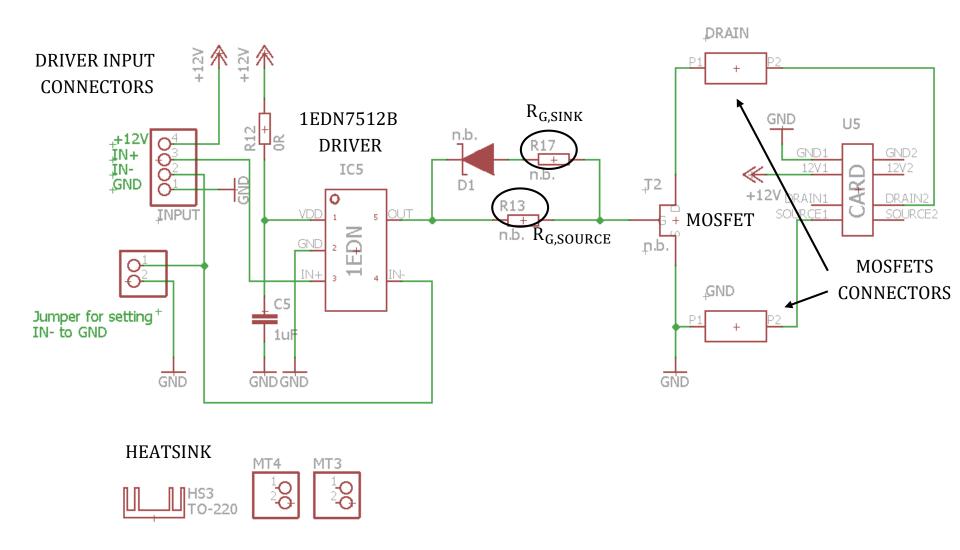
Included in this kit







Board schematic





Components to add – BOM suggestion

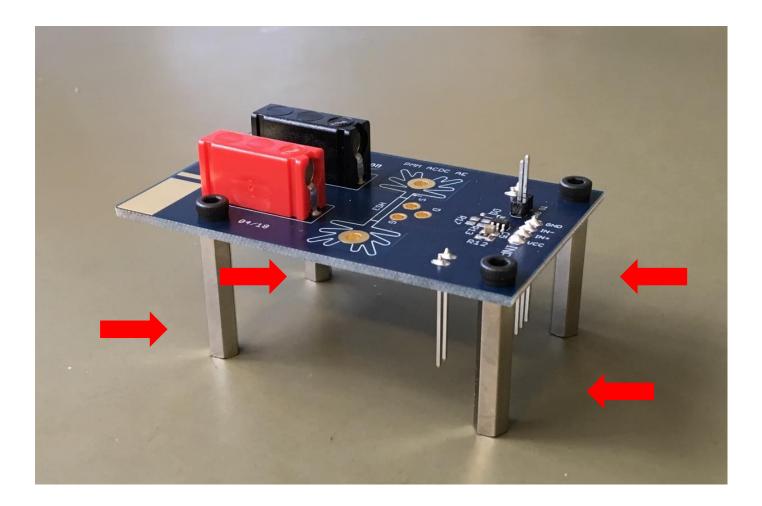
Distance bolts	Screws for distance bolts	Screw and washer for MOSFET mounting to heatsink	TO-220 sockets

TO-220 MOSFET	Source resistor (R13)	Sink resistor (R17)	
	39R0	33RC	

Component	Quantity	Designator	Comment	Voltage	Footprint	Туре	Part number/ supplies
Resistors	2	R13,R17			RES805R	SMD ceramic resistor	
Sink diode	1	D1	Schottky diode	30V	SOD-123	PMEG3020 Schottky diode	816-6858 RS-Components
TO-220 sockets	1	T2	TO-220 socket		TO-220	Receptacle Connector 0.034" ~ 0.041" (0.86 mm ~ 1.04 mm)	5050865-5 Digi-key

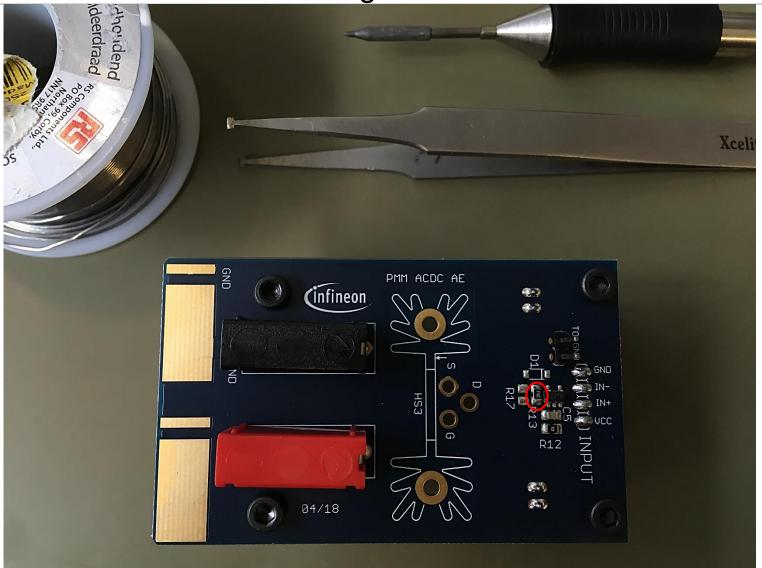


Step 1: Distance bolts mounting



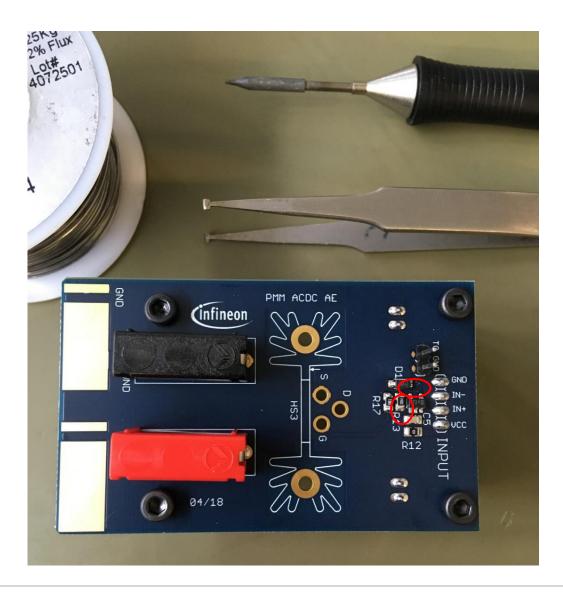


Step 2: Source resistor soldering



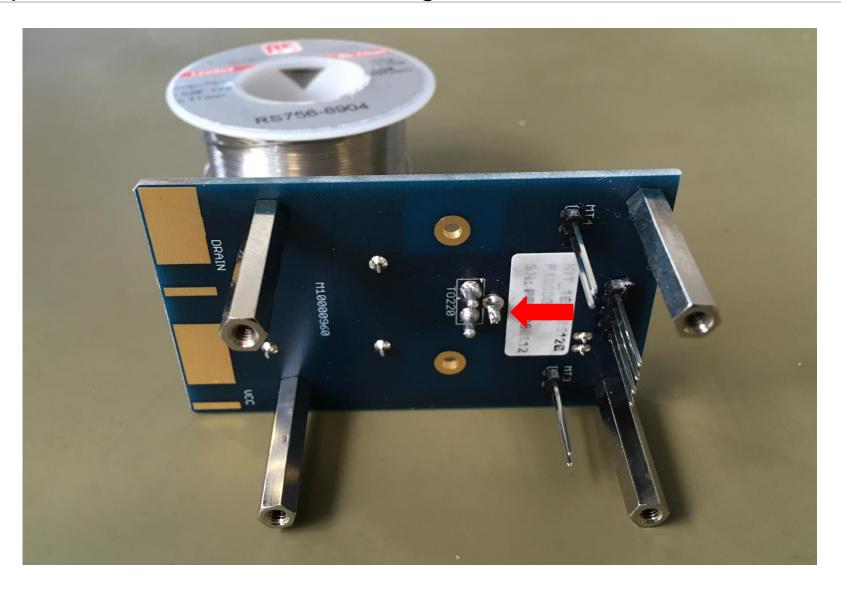


Step 3: Sink resistor and sink diode soldering



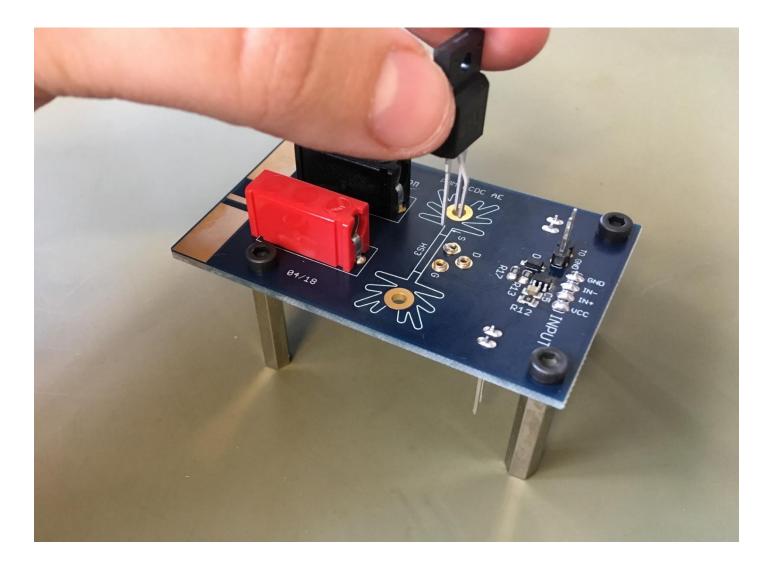


Step 4: TO-220 sockets soldering





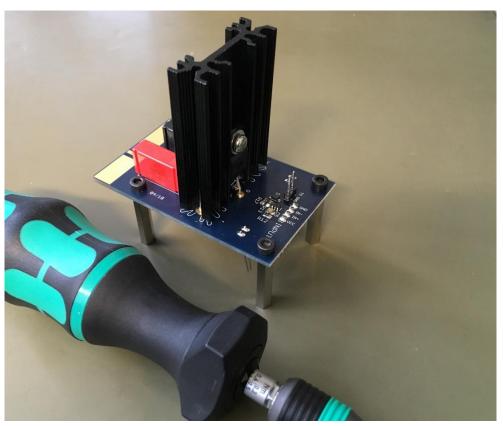
Step 5: MOSFETs placement into the sockets





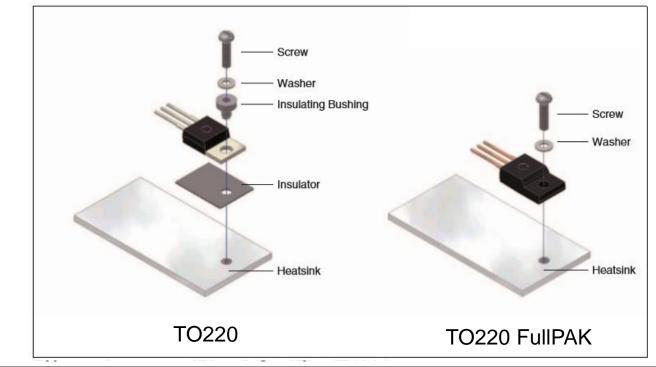
Step 6: Heatsink mounting (optional)

- > Solder the heatsink if the board is used in high voltage scenarios
- > In basic measurements it is not necessary
- > See next slide for further information on how to properly mount the MOSFETs to the heatsink





TO-220 MOSFET mounting to the heatsink

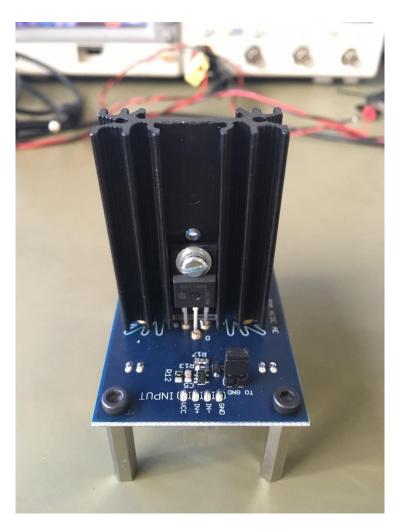


Package	Typ. Torque [Nm]	Max. Torque [Nm]	Comment
PG-TO220	0.6	0.7	Screw M3
PG-TO220 FullPAK	0.5	0.7	Screw M2.5

Recommendations for assembly of Infineon TO packages: <u>https://www.infineon.com/dgdl/Infineon-Package_recommendations_for_assembly_of_Infineon_TO_packages-AN-v01_00-EN.pdf?fileId=db3a30431936bc4b011938532f885a38</u>



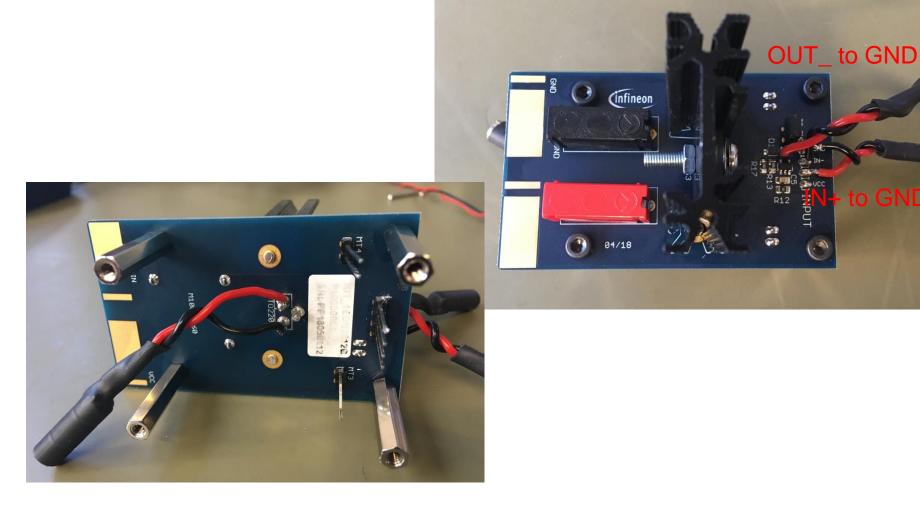
Step 7: IN- jumper connection



> In non-inverting operating mode, short IN- to GND with a jumper

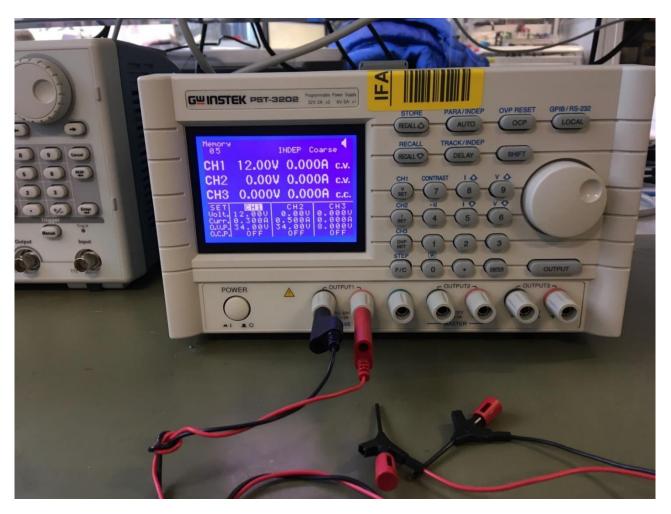


Step 8: BNC connectors soldering





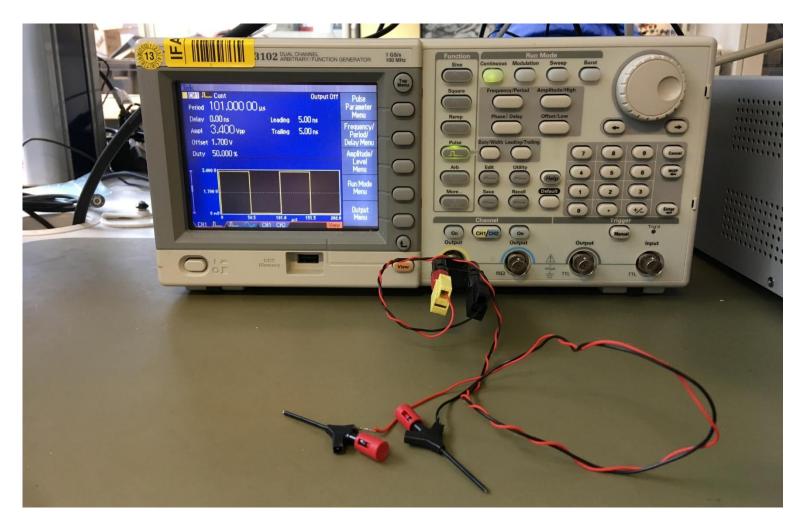
Instrumentation for driver supply generation



- V_{cc}=12 V for CoolMOS[™] and 8 V for OptiMOS[™]
- > Set the current limit to 0.3A



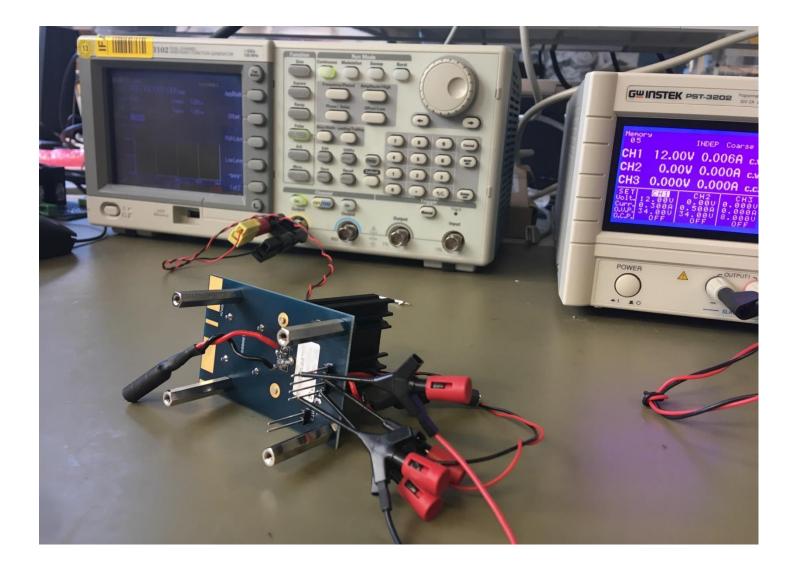
Instrumentation for PWM signals generation



> Use a function generator or a microcontroller

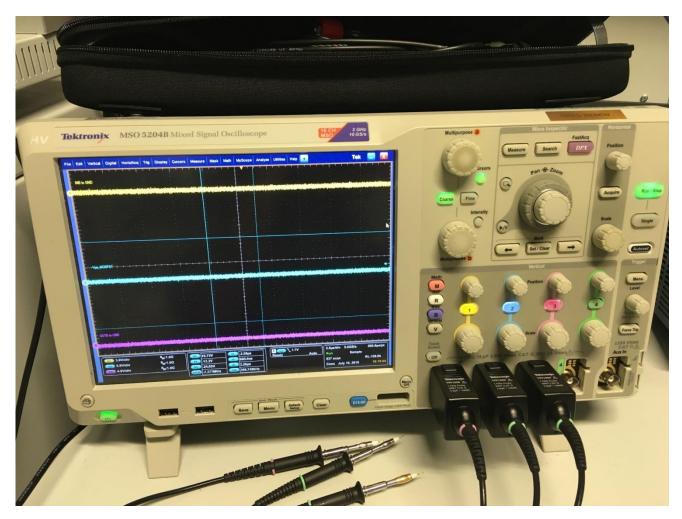


Connections





Instrumentation for signals evaluation



> Voltage probes used: Tetronix TPP1000 1 GHz, 3.9 pF



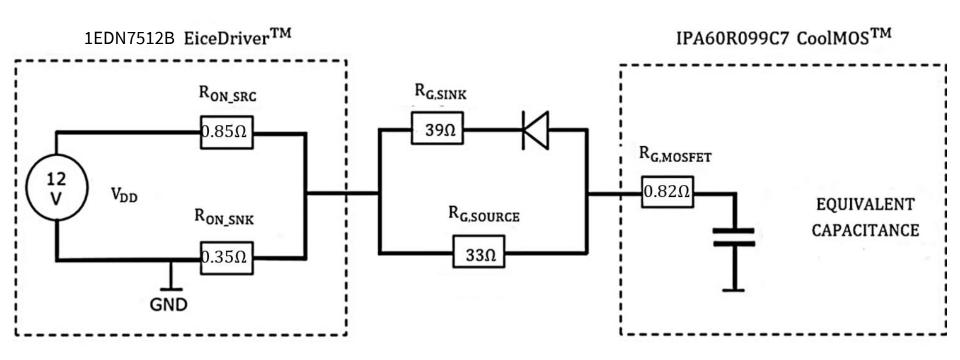
Oscilloscope waveforms

	C1 3.0V/div C2 5.0V/div C3 4.0V/div	^B w:1.0G ^B w:1.0G ^B w:1.0G	;							A N	C1 one	∫ _ 1.€	58V	Aut	to	2.0µs Stop 55 ac	ped	5.0GS	6/s	200. RL:10	.0ps/p)0.0k
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> Measurements done with $V_{DS} = 0 V$ (drain and source shorted)



Equivalent model of the driving circuit





CLOAD calculation for IPA60R099C7



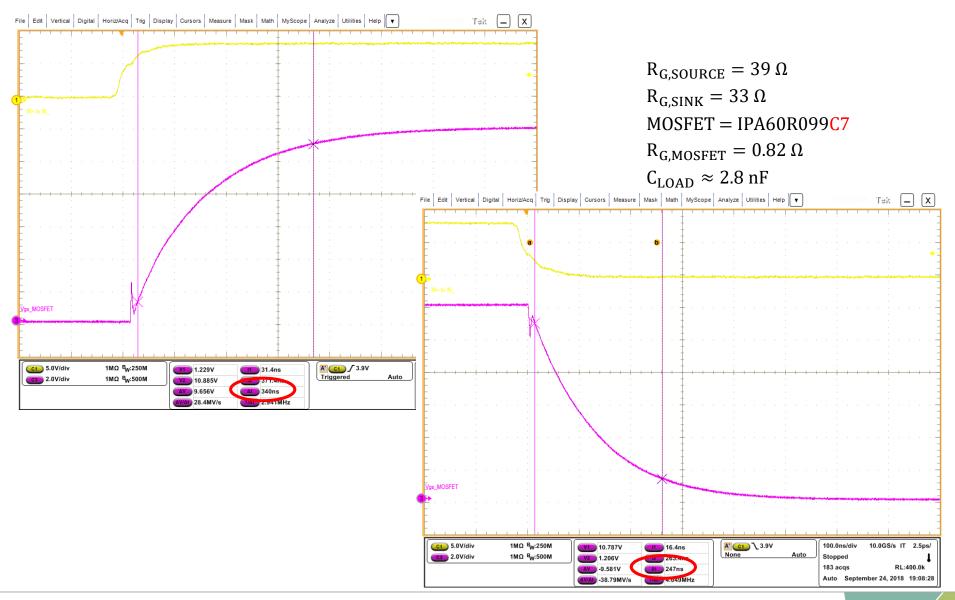
						L
Gate to drain charge	Q _{gd}	-	14	-	nC	V_{DD} =400V, I_{D} =9.7A, V_{GS} =0 to 10V
Gate charge total	Qg	-	42	-	nC	V _{DD} =400V, <i>I</i> _D =9.7A, <i>V</i> _{GS} =0 to 10V

$$Q_{LOAD} = Q_g - Q_{gd} = 28 nC \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 2.8 nF \text{ for } V_{GS} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 2.8 nF \text{ for } V_{GS} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 2.8 nF \text{ for } V_{GS} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 2.8 nF \text{ for } V_{GS} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 2.8 nF \text{ for } V_{GS} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 2.8 nF \text{ for } V_{GS} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 2.8 nF \text{ for } V_{GS} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 2.8 nF \text{ for } V_{GS} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 2.8 nF \text{ for } V_{GS} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 2.8 nF \text{ for } V_{GS} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 2.8 nF \text{ for } V_{GS} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 10 V \rightarrow C_{LOAD} = \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 10 V + \frac{Q_{LOAD}}{V_{GS}} = 10 V$$

 $C_{LOAD} \approx 2.8 \, nF \, for \, V_{GS} = 12 \, V$



Rise/fall times





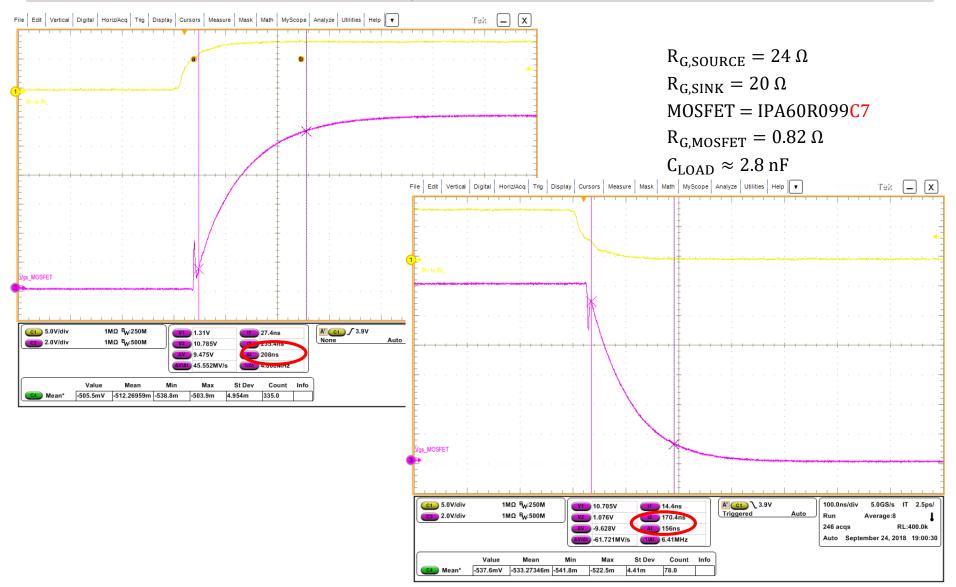
$$R_{G,SOURCE} = 39 \Omega \rightarrow 24 \Omega$$

 $R_{G,SINK} = 33 \Omega \rightarrow 20 \Omega$

MOSFET = IPA60R099C7



Rise/fall times: New set of gate resistances



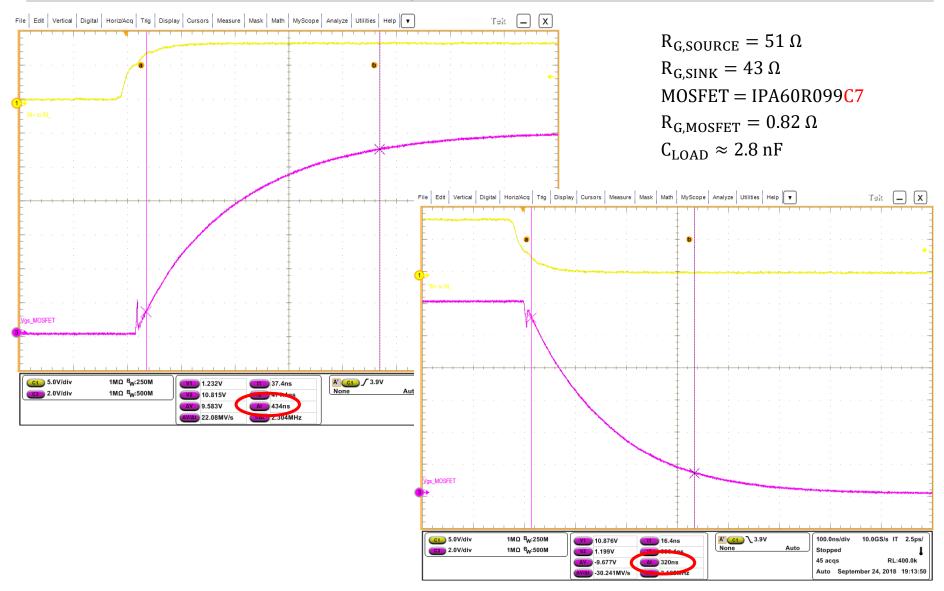


$R_{G,SOURCE} = 24 \Omega \rightarrow 51 \Omega$ $R_{G,SINK} = 20 \Omega \rightarrow 43 \Omega$

MOSFET = IPA60R099C7



Rise/fall times: New set of gate resistances





MOSFET Replacement

HAGSA	60R280F7

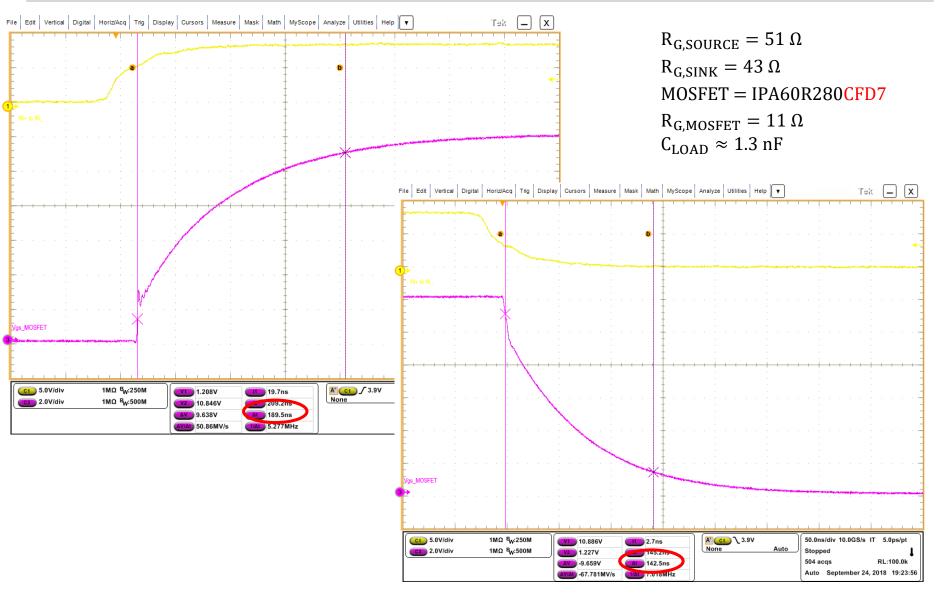
$\mathsf{IPA60R099C7} \rightarrow \mathsf{IPA60R280CFD7}$

Gate to drain charge	Q _{gd}	-	5	-	nC	V_{DD} =400V, I_{D} =5.0A, V_{GS} =0 to 10V
Gate charge total	Qg	-	18	-	nC	V_{DD} =400V, I_{D} =5.0A, V_{GS} =0 to 10V

$$C_{LOAD} \approx \frac{13 \ nC}{10 \ V} = 1.3 \ nF \ for \ V_{GS} = 12 \ V$$



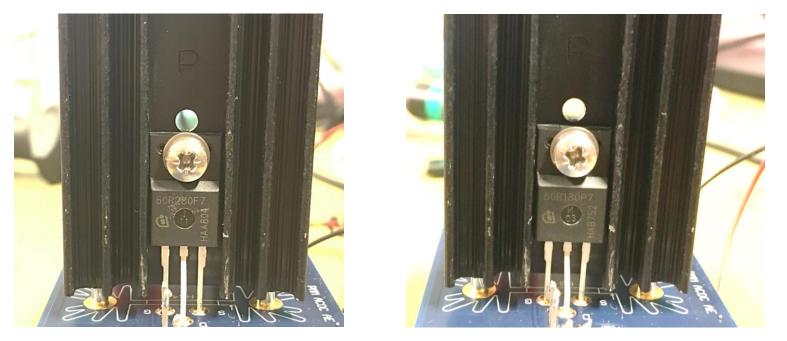
Rise/fall times: New MOSFET





MOSFET replacement

$\mathsf{IPA60R280CFD7} \rightarrow \mathsf{IPA60R180P7}$

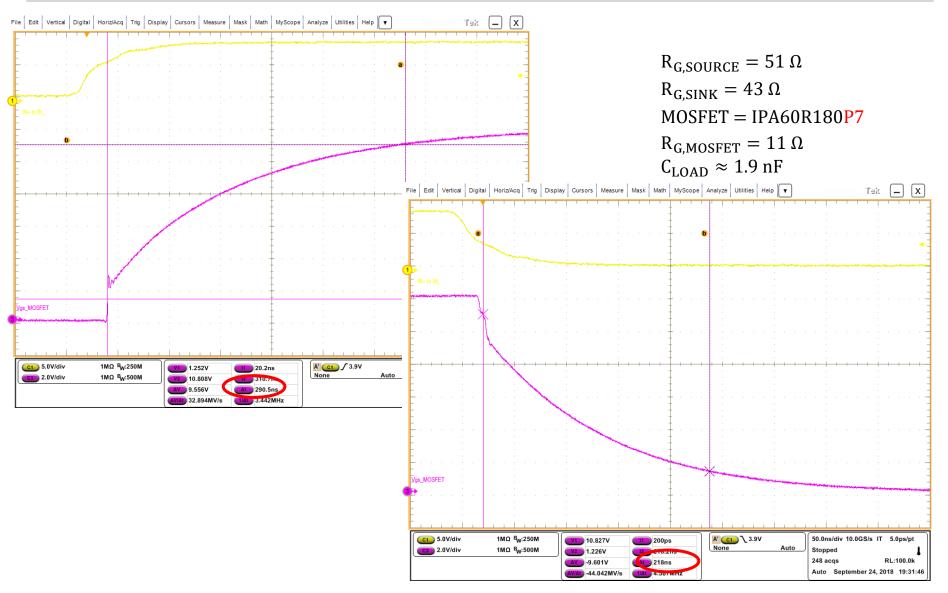


Gate to drain charge	Q _{gd}	-	8	-	nC	V _{DD} =400V, <i>I</i> _D =5.6A, <i>V</i> _{GS} =0 to 10V
Gate charge total	Qg	-	25	-	nC	$V_{\rm DD}$ =400V, $I_{\rm D}$ =5.6A, $V_{\rm GS}$ =0 to 10V

C	~	<u>19 nC</u>		10 nE	for	V -	– 12 V
<i>CLOAD</i>	\sim	10 V	_	1.9 <i>nF</i>	501	VGS -	- 12 V



Rise/fall times: New MOSFET





Additional notes

- Note that the MOSFET is not turned-on or -off, you are only charging/discharging the gate-to-source capacitance
- Changing the gate resistors and the MOSFETs, you are changing the load for the driver
- If you want to turn-on or turn-off the MOSFET, you must integrate the board in a proper circuit
- You can not apply directly the voltage (e.g 400 V) across the MOSFET through the banana connectors on the board
- You must limit the input current from the DC source generator → add an inductance
- > You must create a freewheeling path for the current when MOSFET is off

Example: boost converter, simple MOSFET in clamped inductive mode

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