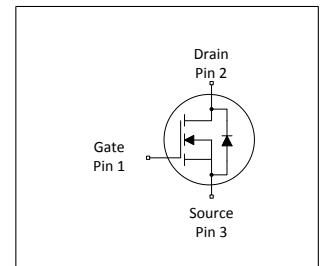


MOSFET

600V CoolMOS™ CFD7 Power Transistor

CoolMOS™ is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs, designed according to the superjunction (SJ) principle and pioneered by Infineon Technologies. The latest CoolMOS™ CFD7 is the successor to the CoolMOS™ CFD2 series and is an optimized platform tailored to target soft switching applications such as phase-shift full-bridge (ZVS) and LLC. Resulting from reduced gate charge (Q_g), best-in-class reverse recovery charge (Q_{rr}) and improved turn off behavior CoolMOS™ CFD7 offers highest efficiency in resonant topologies. As part of Infineon's fast body diode portfolio, this new product series blends all advantages of a fast switching technology together with superior hard commutation robustness, without sacrificing easy implementation in the design-in process. The CoolMOS™ CFD7 technology meets highest efficiency and reliability standards and furthermore supports high power density solutions. Altogether, CoolMOS™ CFD7 makes resonant switching topologies more efficient, more reliable, lighter and cooler.



Features

- Ultra-fast body diode
- Low gate charge
- Best-in-class reverse recovery charge (Q_{rr})
- Improved MOSFET reverse diode dv/dt and di_F/dt ruggedness
- Lowest FOM $R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_g$ and $R_{DS(on)} \cdot E_{oss}$
- Best-in-class $R_{DS(on)}$ in SMD and THD packages

Benefits

- Excellent hard commutation ruggedness
- Highest reliability for resonant topologies
- Highest efficiency with outstanding ease-of-use / performance tradeoff
- Enabling increased power density solutions

Potential applications

Suitable for Soft Switching topologies
Optimized for phase-shift full-bridge (ZVS), LLC Applications – Server, Telecom, EV Charging

Product validation

Fully qualified according to JEDEC for Industrial Applications

Please note: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.

Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	24	mΩ
$Q_{g,typ}$	183	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	360	A
$E_{oss} @ 400V$	21.1	μJ
Body diode di_F/dt	1300	A/μs

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPW60R024CFD7	PG-TO 247-3	60R024F7	see Appendix A

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1 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	77 49	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	360	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	424	mJ	$I_D=8.6\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche energy, repetitive	E_{AR}	-	-	2.12	mJ	$I_D=8.6\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche current, single pulse	I_{AS}	-	-	8.6	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	120	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$
Gate source voltage (static)	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	static;
Gate source voltage (dynamic)	V_{GS}	-30	-	30	V	AC ($f>1\text{ Hz}$)
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	320	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-55	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Mounting torque	-	-	-	60	Ncm	M3 and M3.5 screws
Continuous diode forward current	I_S	-	-	77	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current ²⁾	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	360	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt ³⁾	dv/dt	-	-	70	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq 77\text{A}$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Maximum diode commutation speed	di/dt	-	-	1300	A/ μs	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq 77\text{A}$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Insulation withstand voltage	V_{ISO}	-	-	n.a.	V	V_{rms} , $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, $t=1\text{min}$

¹⁾ Limited by $T_{j,max}$.

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$.

³⁾ Identical low side and high side switch with identical R_θ .

2 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	0.39	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	°C/W	leaded
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient for SMD version	R_{thJA}	-	-	-	°C/W	n.a.
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s

3 Electrical characteristics

at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	600	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=1mA$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	3.5	4	4.5	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=2.12mA$
Zero gate voltage drain current ¹⁾	I_{DSS}	-	-	1	μA	$V_{DS}=600V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=25^\circ C$ $V_{DS}=600V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=125^\circ C$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20V$, $V_{DS}=0V$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.019 0.043	0.024 -	Ω	$V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=42.4A$, $T_j=25^\circ C$ $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=42.4A$, $T_j=150^\circ C$
Gate resistance	R_G	-	3.1	-	Ω	$f=1MHz$, open drain

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	7268	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=400V$, $f=250kHz$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	143	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=400V$, $f=250kHz$
Effective output capacitance, energy related ²⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	-	264	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Effective output capacitance, time related ³⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	2729	-	pF	$I_D=\text{constant}$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	59	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=19.0A$, $R_G=1.8\Omega$; see table 9
Rise time	t_r	-	32	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=19.0A$, $R_G=1.8\Omega$; see table 9
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	170.6	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=19.0A$, $R_G=1.8\Omega$; see table 9
Fall time	t_f	-	9.6	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=19.0A$, $R_G=1.8\Omega$; see table 9

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	39	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=19.0A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	66	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=19.0A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	183	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=19.0A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.3	-	V	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=19.0A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$

¹⁾ Maximum specification is defined by calculated six sigma upper confidence bound

²⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

³⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	1.0	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_F=42.4A$, $T_J=25^{\circ}C$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	175.3	263	ns	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=19.0A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	1.3	2.6	μC	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=19.0A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	11.57	-	A	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=19.0A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8

4 Electrical characteristics diagrams

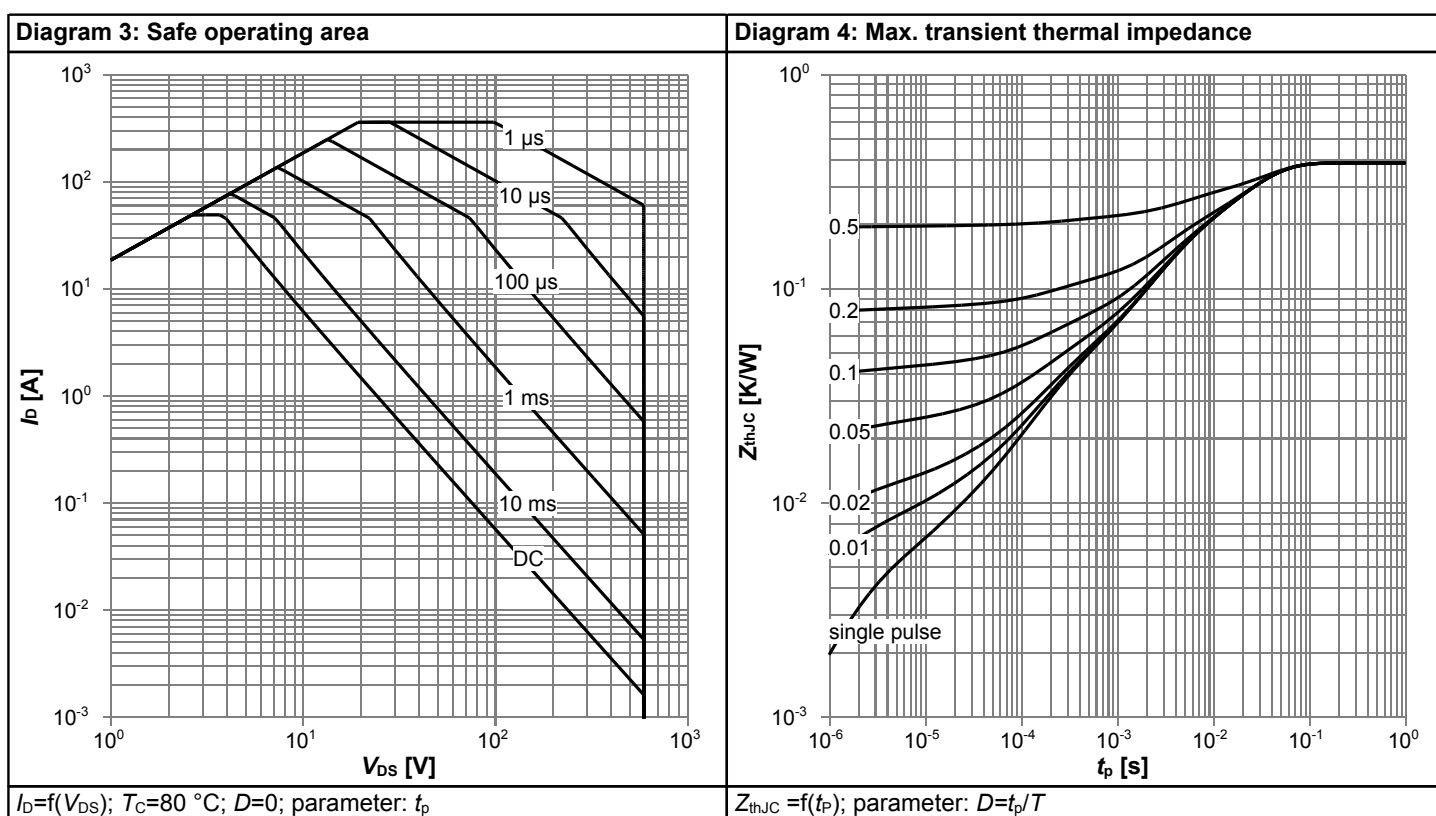
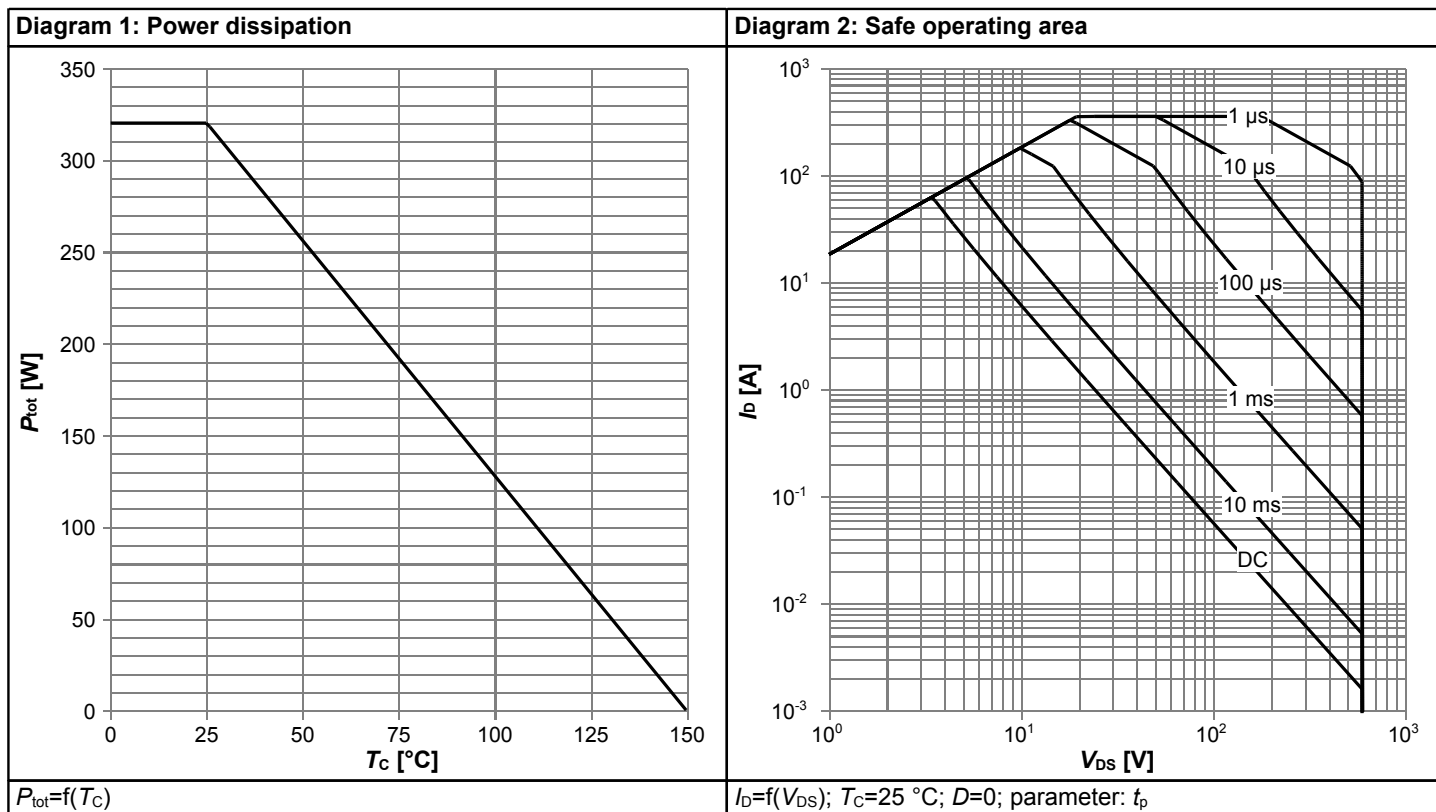
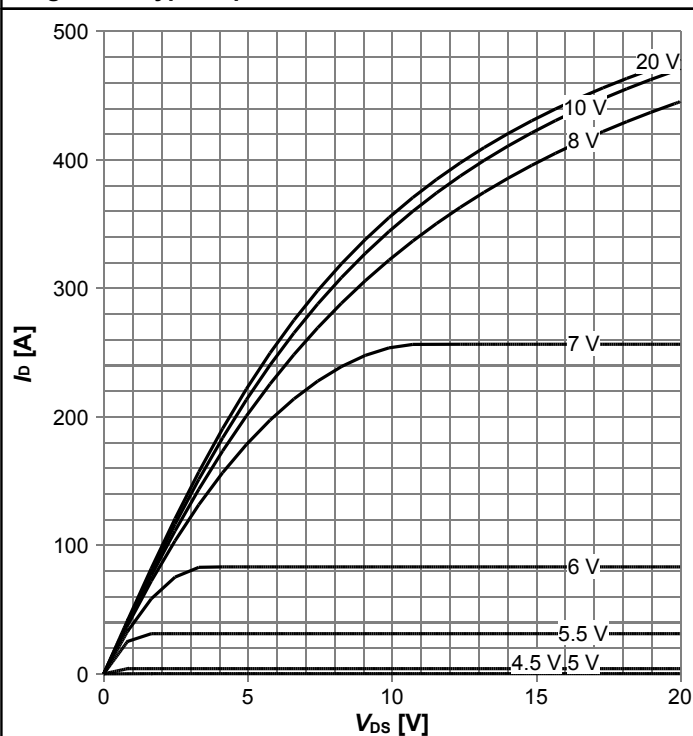
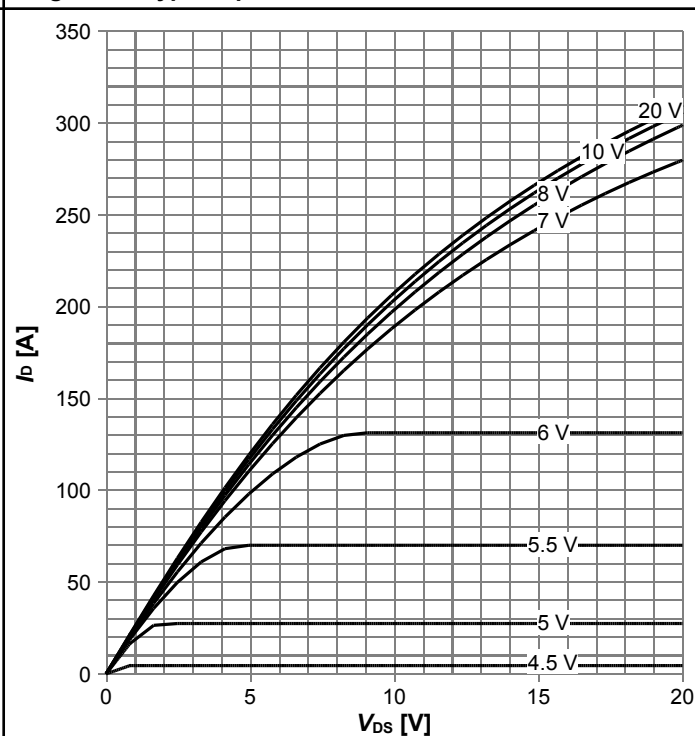


Diagram 5: Typ. output characteristics



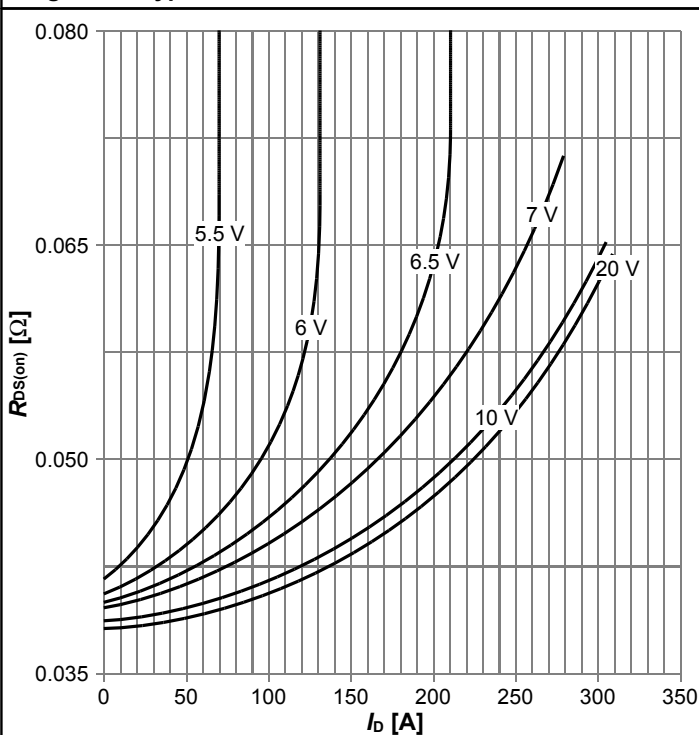
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_J = 25\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 6: Typ. output characteristics



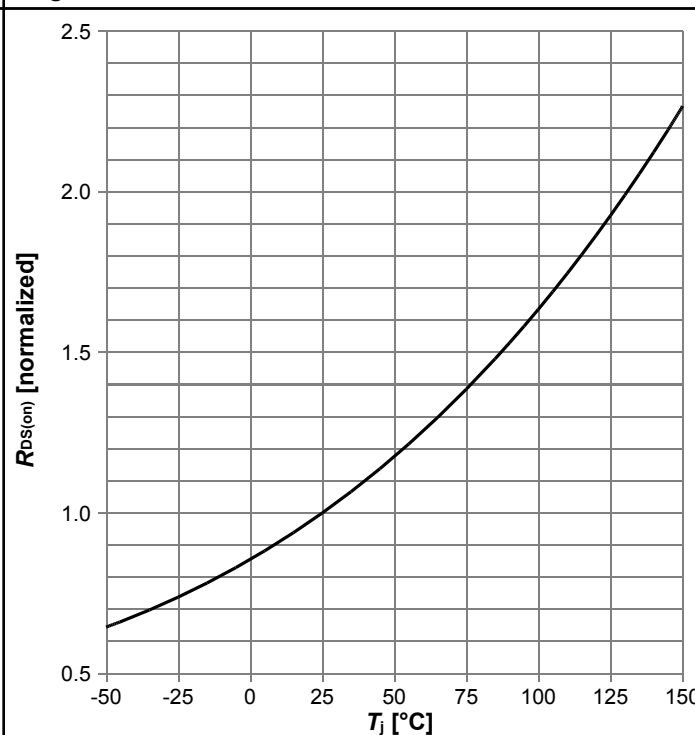
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_J = 125\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 7: Typ. drain-source on-state resistance



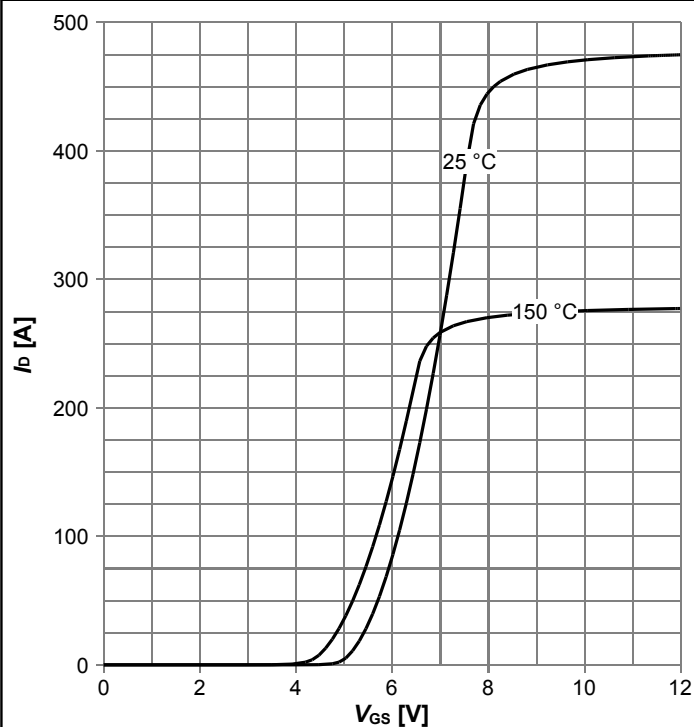
$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$; $T_J = 125\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 8: Drain-source on-state resistance



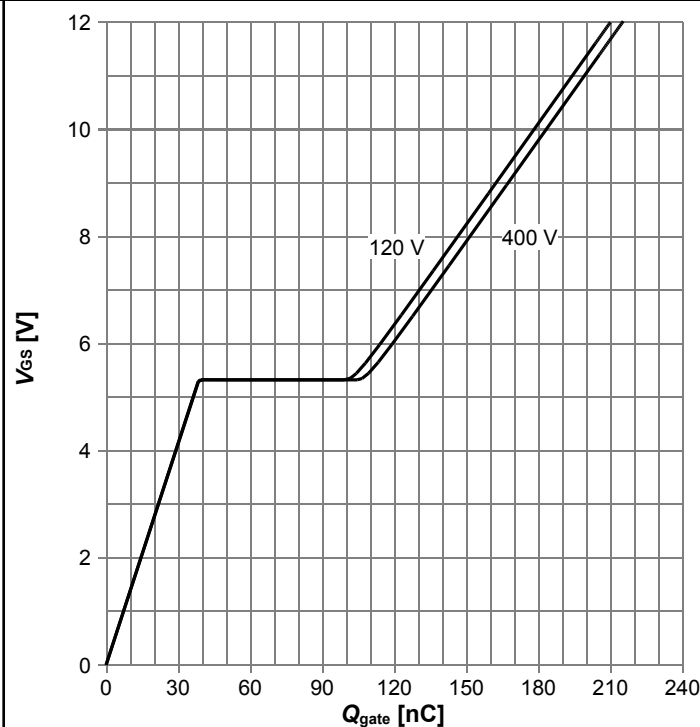
$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_J)$; $I_D = 42.4\text{ A}$; $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$

Diagram 9: Typ. transfer characteristics



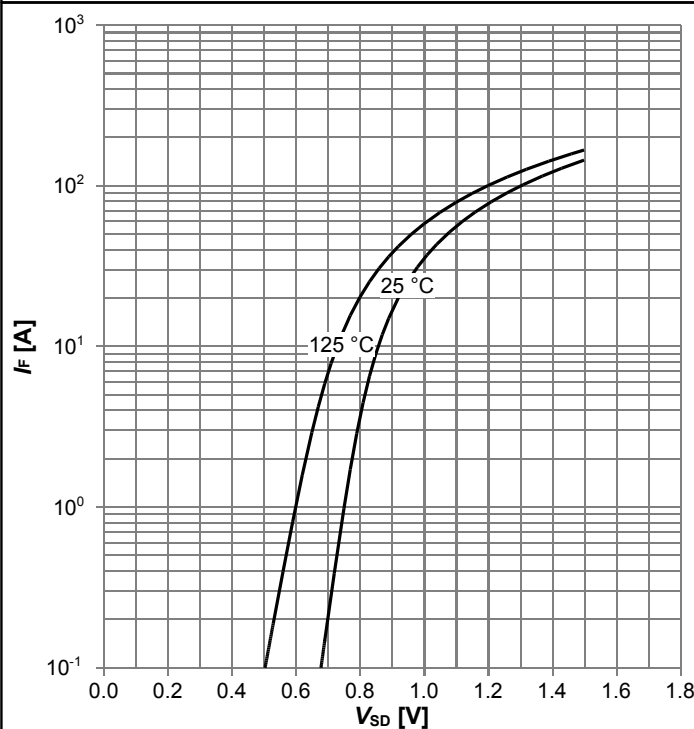
$I_D = f(V_{GS})$; $V_{DS} = 20V$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 10: Typ. gate charge



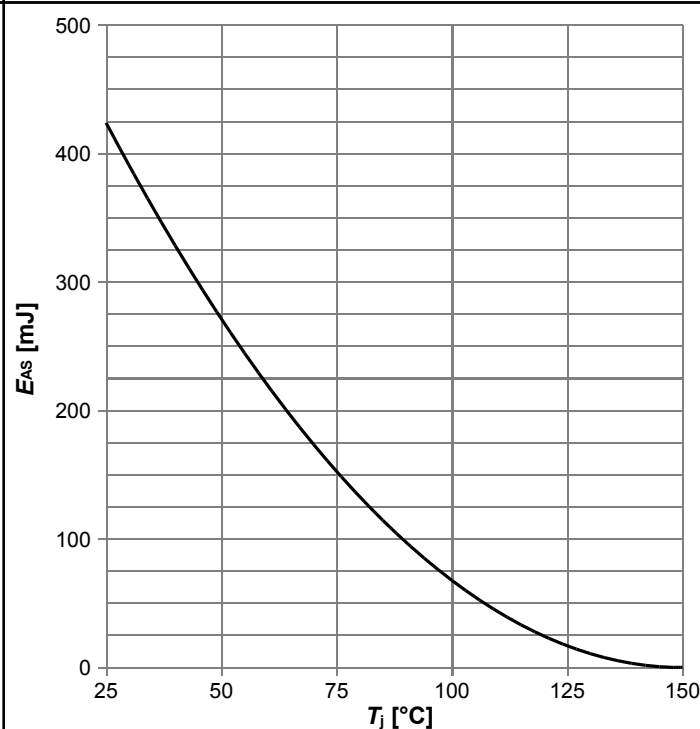
$V_{GS} = f(Q_{gate})$; $I_D = 19.0$ A pulsed; parameter: V_{DD}

Diagram 11: Forward characteristics of reverse diode



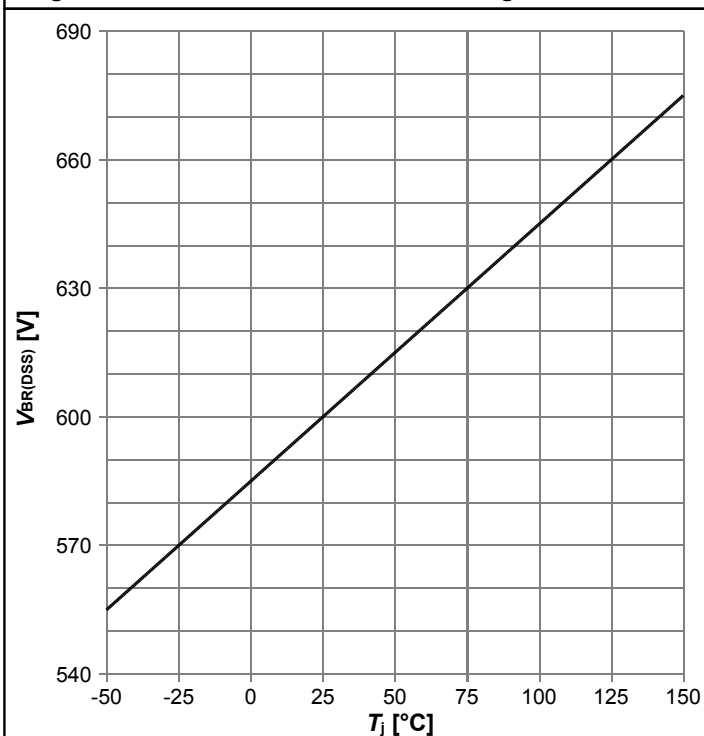
$I_F = f(V_{SD})$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 12: Avalanche energy



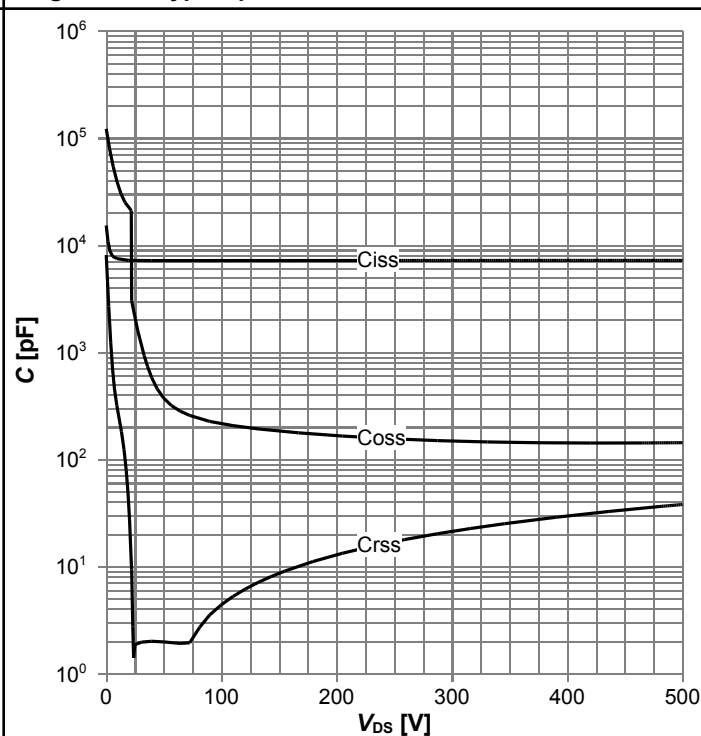
$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$; $I_D = 8.6$ A; $V_{DD} = 50$ V

Diagram 13: Drain-source breakdown voltage



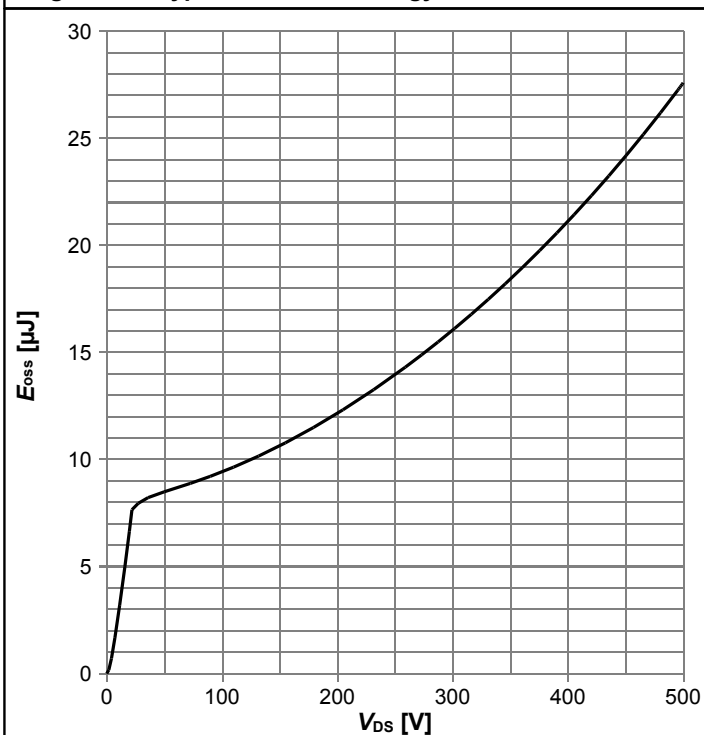
$$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_j); I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$$

Diagram 14: Typ. capacitances



$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 250 \text{ kHz}$$

Diagram 15: Typ. Coss stored energy



$$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$$

5 Test Circuits

Table 8 Diode characteristics

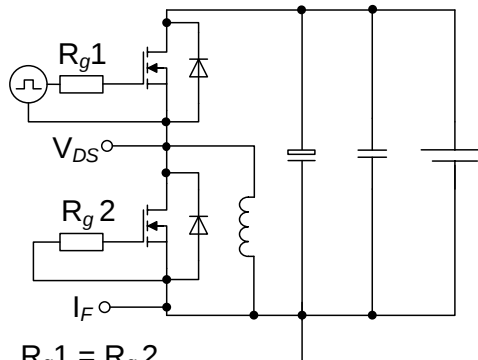
Test circuit for diode characteristics	Diode recovery waveform
 $R_{g1} = R_{g2}$	

Table 9 Switching times

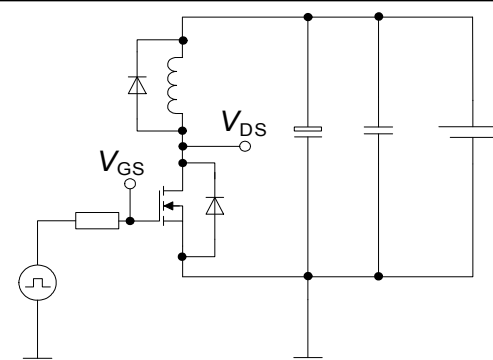
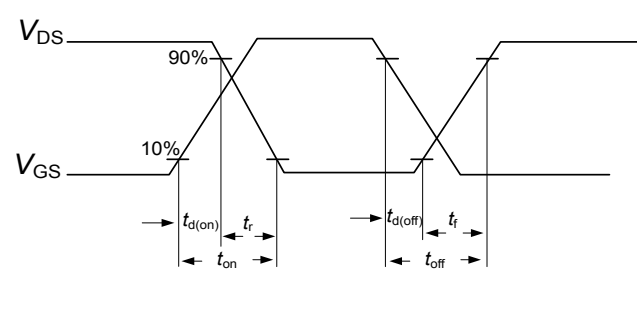
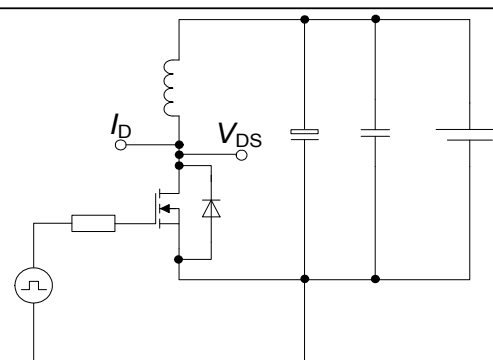
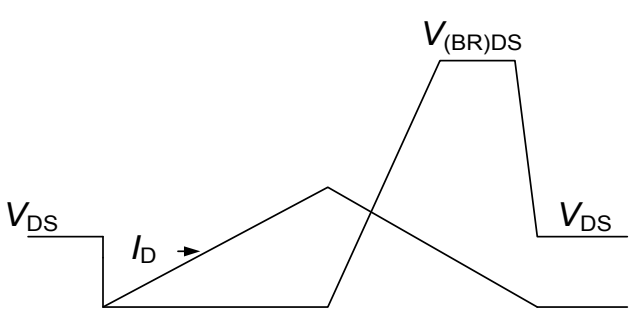
Switching times test circuit for inductive load	Switching times waveform
	

Table 10 Unclamped inductive load

Unclamped inductive load test circuit	Unclamped inductive waveform
	

6 Package Outlines

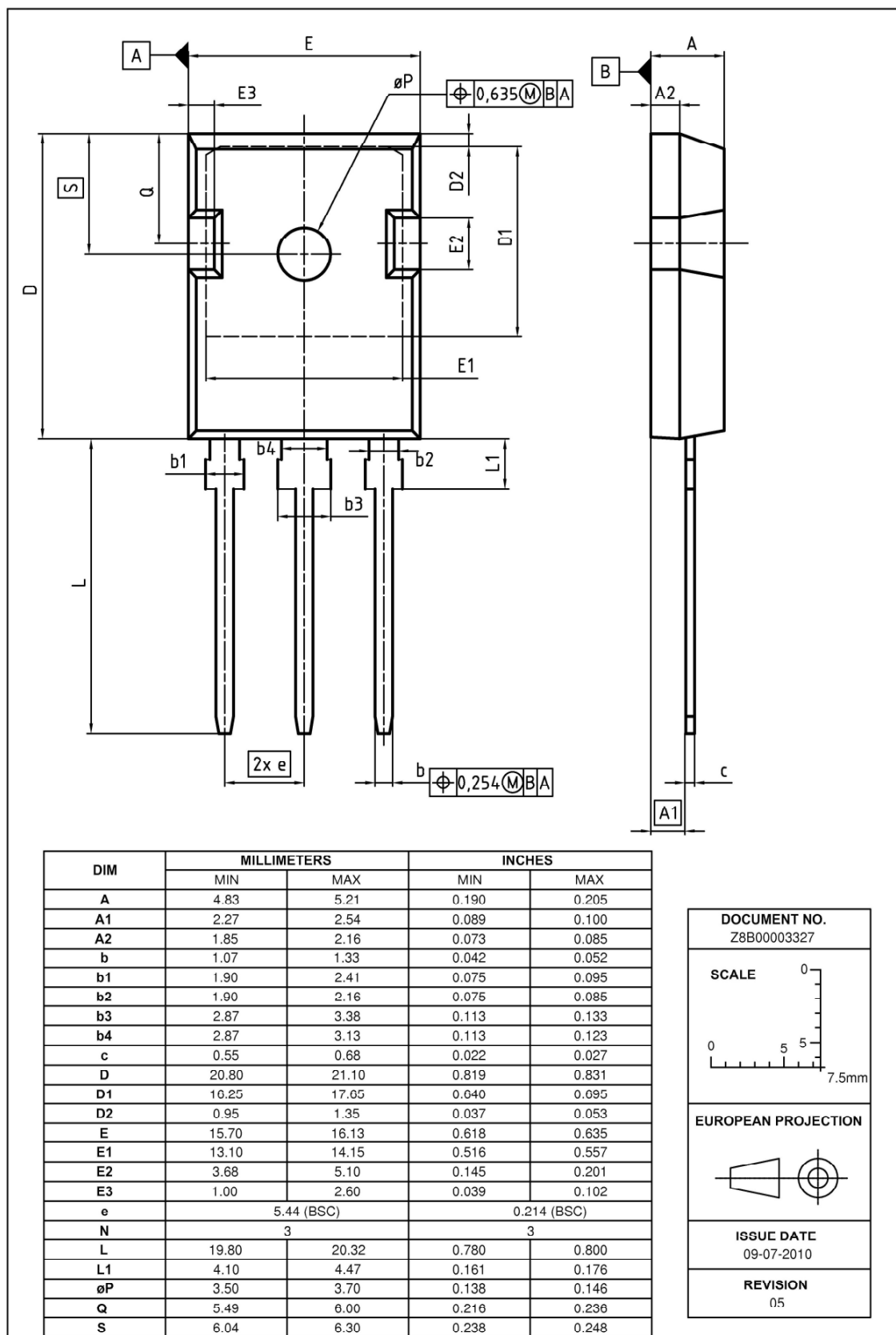


Figure 1 Outline PG-TO 247-3, dimensions in mm/inches

7 Appendix A

Table 11 Related Links

- **IFX CoolMOS CFD7 Webpage:** www.infineon.com
- **IFX CoolMOS CFD7 application note:** www.infineon.com
- **IFX CoolMOS CFD7 simulation model:** www.infineon.com
- **IFX Design tools:** www.infineon.com

Revision History

IPW60R024CFD7

Revision: 2019-02-28, Rev. 2.0

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2019-02-28	Release of final version

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