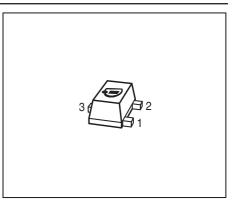


### BFR193F

### Low Noise Silicon Bipolar RF Transistor

- For low noise, high-gain amplifiers up to 2 GHz
- For linear broadband amplifiers
- $f_{\rm T}$  = 8 GHz,  $NF_{\rm min}$  = 1 dB at 900 MHz
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant) and halogen-free product
- Qualification report according to AEC-Q101 available





ESD (Electrostatic discharge) sensitive device, observe handling precaution!

Туре	Marking	Pir	Package		
BFR193F	RCs	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	TSFP-3

### Maximum Ratings at $T_A$ = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	12	V
Collector-emitter voltage	V <sub>CES</sub>	20	
Collector-base voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	20	
Emitter-base voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	2	
Collector current	I <sub>C</sub>	80	mA
Base current	IB	10	
Total power dissipation <sup>1)</sup>	P <sub>tot</sub>	580	mW
<i>T</i> <sub>S</sub> ≤ 72°C			
Junction temperature	TJ	150	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>Stq</sub>	-55 150	
	· - ··· ·		•

#### Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point <sup>2)</sup>	R <sub>thJS</sub>	135	K/W

 $^{1}\mathcal{T}_{S}$  is measured on the collector lead at the soldering point to the pcb

<sup>2</sup>For the definition of  $R_{\text{thJS}}$  please refer to Application Note AN077 (Thermal Resistance Calculation)



Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	1
DC Characteristics				•	
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub>	12	-	-	V
<i>I</i> <sub>C</sub> = 1 mA, <i>I</i> <sub>B</sub> = 0					
Collector-emitter cutoff current	I <sub>CES</sub>	-	-	100	μA
$V_{\rm CE}$ = 20 V, $V_{\rm BE}$ = 0					
Collector-base cutoff current	I <sub>CBO</sub>	-	-	100	nA
$V_{\rm CB}$ = 10 V, $I_{\rm E}$ = 0					
Emitter-base cutoff current	I <sub>EBO</sub>	-	-	1	μA
<i>V</i> <sub>EB</sub> = 1 V, <i>I</i> <sub>C</sub> = 0					
DC current gain	h <sub>FE</sub>	70	100	140	-
$I_{\rm C}$ = 30 mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 8 V, pulse measured					

## **Electrical Characteristics** at $T_A$ = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified



Parameter	Symbol				Unit	
		min.	typ.	max.		
AC Characteristics (verified by random sampling)						
Transition frequency	f <sub>T</sub>	6	8	-	GHz	
<i>I</i> <sub>C</sub> = 50 mA, <i>V</i> <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V, <i>f</i> = 500 MHz						
Collector-base capacitance	C <sub>cb</sub>	-	0.63	1	pF	
$V_{CB}$ = 10 V, f = 1 MHz, $V_{BE}$ = 0, emitter grounded						
Collector emitter capacitance	C <sub>ce</sub>	-	0.25	-		
$V_{CE}$ = 10 V, f = 1 MHz, $V_{BE}$ = 0, base grounded						
Emitter-base capacitance	C <sub>eb</sub>	-	2.25	-		
$V_{\rm EB}$ = 0.5 V, f = 1 MHz, $V_{\rm CB}$ = 0 ,						
collector grounded						
Minimum noise figure	NF <sub>min</sub>				dB	
$I_{\rm C}$ = 10 mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 8 V, $Z_{\rm S}$ = $Z_{\rm Sopt}$ ,						
<i>f</i> = 900 MHz		-	1	-		
<i>f</i> = 1.8 GHz		-	1.6	-		
Power gain, maximum stable <sup>1)</sup>	G <sub>ms</sub>	-	12.5	-	dB	
$I_{\rm C}$ = 30 mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 8 V, $Z_{\rm S}$ = $Z_{\rm Sopt}$ ,						
$Z_{\rm L} = Z_{\rm Lopt}$ , $f = 900 \rm MHz$						
Power gain, maximum available <sup>1)</sup>	G <sub>ma</sub>	-	19	-	dB	
$I_{\rm C}$ = 30 mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 8 V, $Z_{\rm S}$ = $Z_{\rm Sopt}$ ,						
$Z_{\rm L} = Z_{\rm Lopt}$ , $f = 1.8  {\rm GHz}$						
Transducer gain	S <sub>21e</sub>   <sup>2</sup>				dB	
$I_{\rm C}$ = 30 mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 8 V, $Z_{\rm S}$ = $Z_{\rm L}$ =50 $\Omega$ , $f$ = 900 MHz		-	14.5	-		
<i>f</i> = 1.8 GHz		-	8.5	-		
Third order intercept point at output <sup>2)</sup>	IP <sub>3</sub>	-	29	-	dBm	
V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V, <i>I</i> <sub>C</sub> = 30 mA, <i>f</i> = 900 MHz,						
$Z_{\rm S} = Z_{\rm L} = 50 \ \Omega$						
1dB compression point at output <sup>3)</sup>	P <sub>-1dB</sub>	-	14.5	-	1	
$I_{\rm C}$ = 30 mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 8 V, $Z_{\rm S}$ = $Z_{\rm L}$ = 50 $\Omega$ ,						
f = 900 MHz						
	+		•	·		

<b>Electrical Characteristics</b> at $T_A$	= 25 °C	unless	otherwise	specified
	0,	unicoo	0010100130	Specificu

 ${}^{1}G_{\rm ma} = |S_{21} / S_{12}| \ (k - (k^2 - 1)^{1/2}), \ G_{\rm ms} = |S_{21} / S_{12}|$ 

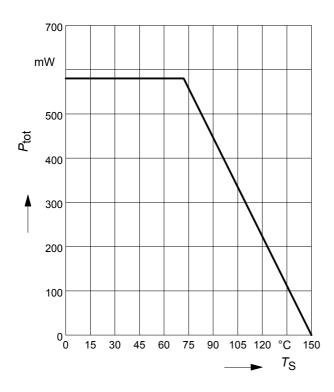
<sup>2</sup>IP3 value depends on termination of all intermodulation frequency components.

Termination used for this measurement is  $50\Omega$  from 0.1 MHz to 6 GHz

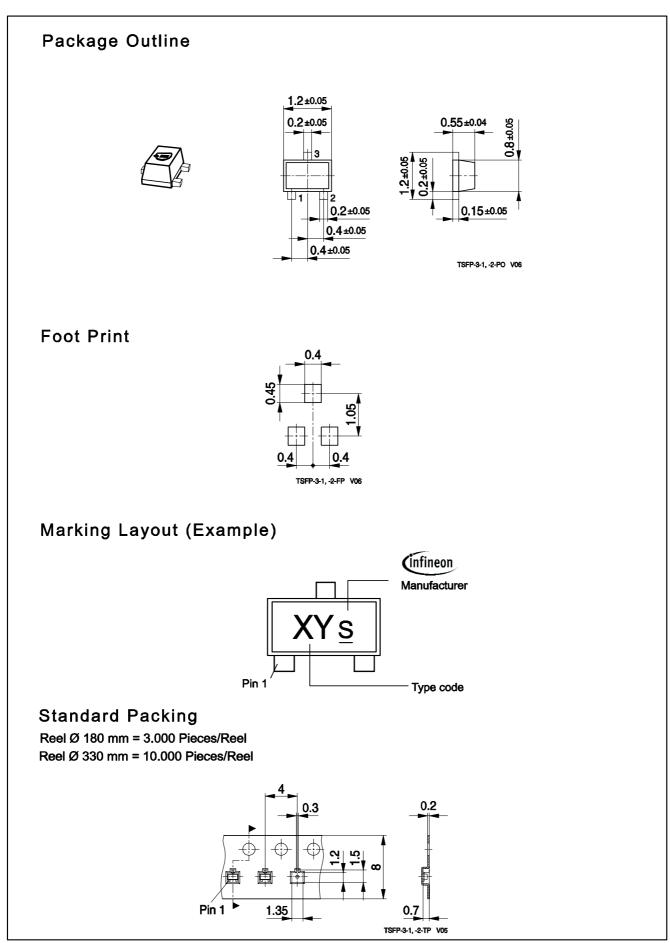
<sup>3</sup>DC current at no input power



### Total power dissipation $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$









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