

MOSFET

600V CoolMOS™ CE Power Transistor

CoolMOS™ is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs, designed according to the superjunction (SJ) principle and pioneered by Infineon Technologies. CoolMOS™ CE is a price-performance optimized platform enabling to target cost sensitive applications in Consumer and Lighting markets by still meeting highest efficiency standards. The new series provides all benefits of a fast switching Superjunction MOSFET while not sacrificing ease of use and offering the best cost down performance ratio available on the market.

Features

- Extremely low losses due to very low FOM $R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_g$ and E_{oss}
- Very high commutation ruggedness
- Easy to use/drive
- Pb-free plating, Halogen free mold compound
- Qualified for standard grade applications

Applications

PFC stages, hard switching PWM stages and resonant switching stages for e.g. PC Silverbox, Adapter, LCD & PDP TV and indoor lighting.

Please note: Note1: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.

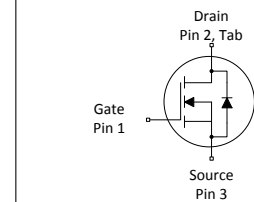
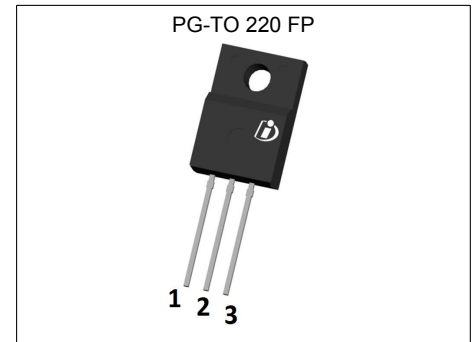


Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	800	mΩ
I_D	8.4	A
$Q_{g,typ}$	17.2	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	15.7	A
$E_{oss}@400V$	1.6	μJ

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPAN60R800CE	PG-TO 220 FullPAK - Narrow Lead	60S800CE	see Appendix A

Table of Contents

Description 1

Maximum ratings 3

Thermal characteristics 3

Electrical characteristics 4

Electrical characteristics diagrams 6

Test Circuits 10

Package Outlines 11

Appendix A 12

Revision History 13

Trademarks 13

Disclaimer 13

1 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	8.4 5.3	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	15.7	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	72	mJ	$I_D=1\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 11
Avalanche energy, repetitive	E_{AR}	-	-	0.17	mJ	$I_D=1\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 11
Avalanche current, repetitive	I_{AR}	-	-	1.0	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	50	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots480\text{V}$
Gate source voltage (static)	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	static;
Gate source voltage (dynamic)	V_{GS}	-30	-	30	V	AC ($f>1\text{ Hz}$)
Power dissipation (Non FullPAK) TO-252	P_{tot}	-	-	48	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Continuous diode forward current	I_S	-	-	5.9	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current ²⁾	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	15.7	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt ³⁾	dv/dt	-	-	15	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 9
Maximum diode commutation speed	di/dt	-	-	500	A/ μs	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 9
Power dissipation (FullPAK) TO-220FP	P_{tot}	-	-	27	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Mounting torque (FullPAK) TO-220FP	-	-	-	50	Ncm	M2.5 screws
Insulation withstand voltage for TO-220FP	V_{ISO}	-	-	2500	V	V_{rms} , $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, $t=1\text{min}$

2 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics (FullPAK) TO-220FP

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	4.6	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	80	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	lead
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T_{sld}	-	-	260	$^\circ\text{C}$	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s

¹⁾ Limited by $T_{j,max}$. TO220 equivalent, Maximum duty cycle $D=0.50$

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

³⁾ Identical low side and high side switch with identical R_θ

3 Electrical characteristics

at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	600	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=0.25mA$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	2.5	3.0	3.5	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=0.17mA$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	-	-	1	μA	$V_{DS}=600$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DS}=600$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20V$, $V_{DS}=0V$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.68 1.76	0.80	Ω	$V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=2A$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=2A$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate resistance	R_G	-	11	-	Ω	$f=1MHz$, open drain

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	373	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=100V$, $f=1MHz$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	27	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=100V$, $f=1MHz$
Effective output capacitance, energy related ¹⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	-	18	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...480V$
Effective output capacitance, time related ²⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	74	-	pF	$I_D=\text{constant}$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...480V$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	9	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=2.5A$, $R_G=6.8\Omega$; see table 10
Rise time	t_r	-	7	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=2.5A$, $R_G=6.8\Omega$; see table 10
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	50	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=2.5A$, $R_G=6.8\Omega$; see table 10
Fall time	t_f	-	12	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=2.5A$, $R_G=6.8\Omega$; see table 10

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{GS}	-	2	-	nC	$V_{DD}=480V$, $I_D=2.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	8.9	-	nC	$V_{DD}=480V$, $I_D=2.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	17.2	-	nC	$V_{DD}=480V$, $I_D=2.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.4	-	V	$V_{DD}=480V$, $I_D=2.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$

¹⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% $V_{o(BR)DSS}$

²⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% $V_{o(BR)DSS}$

Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	0.9	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_F=2.5A$, $T_J=25^{\circ}C$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	250	-	ns	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=2.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 9
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	1.8	-	μC	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=2.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 9
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	16	-	A	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=2.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 9

4 Electrical characteristics diagrams

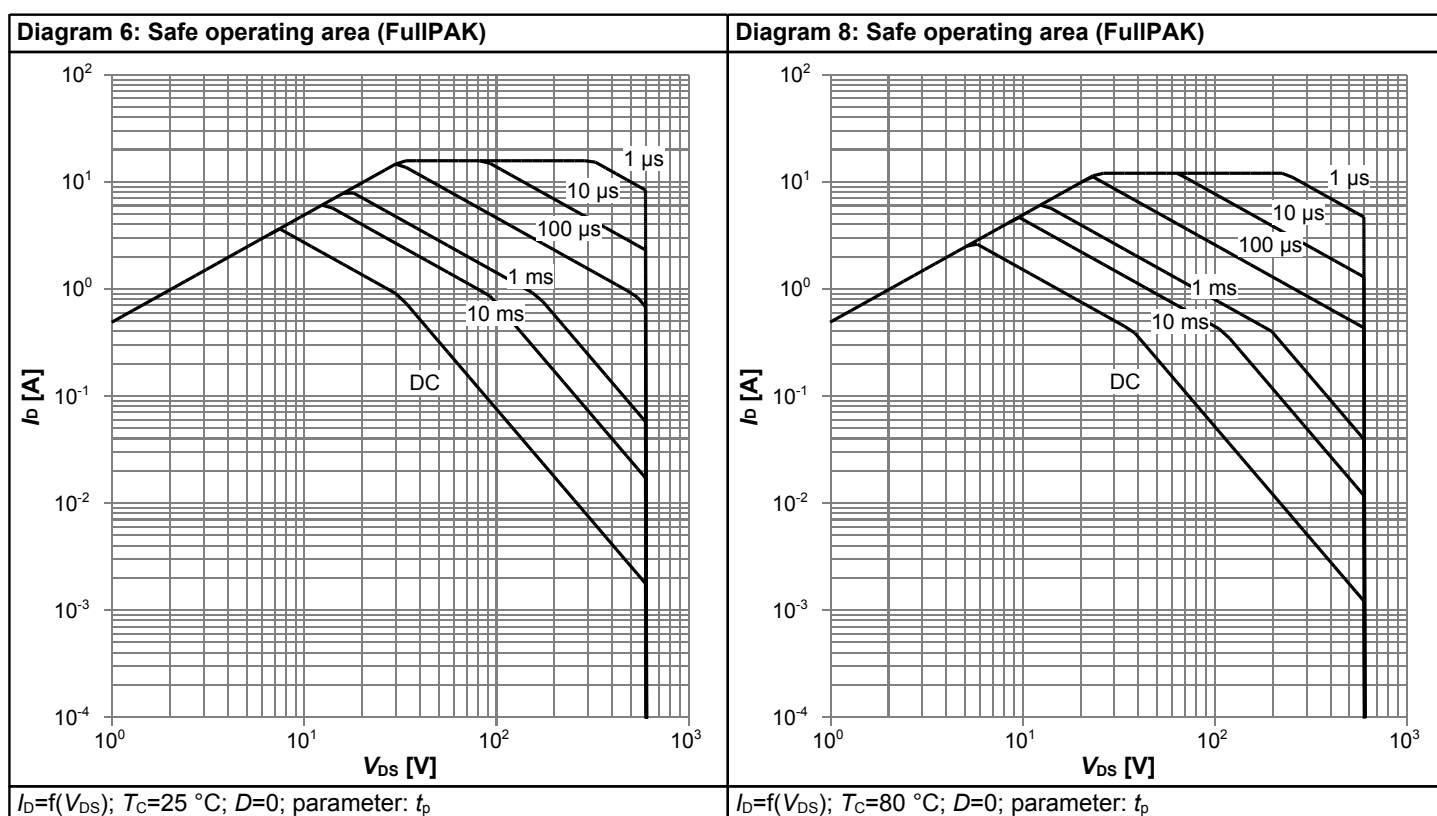
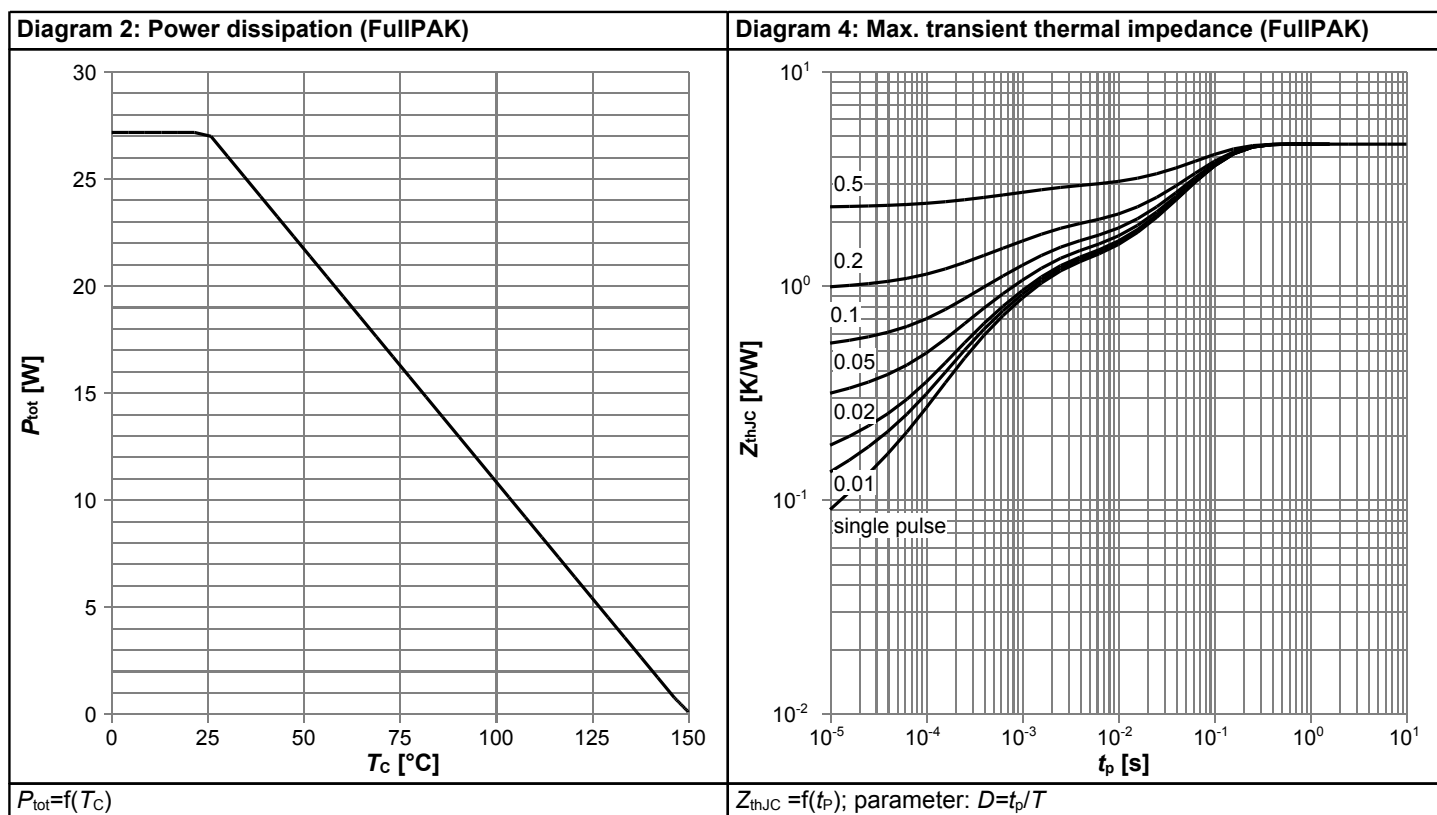
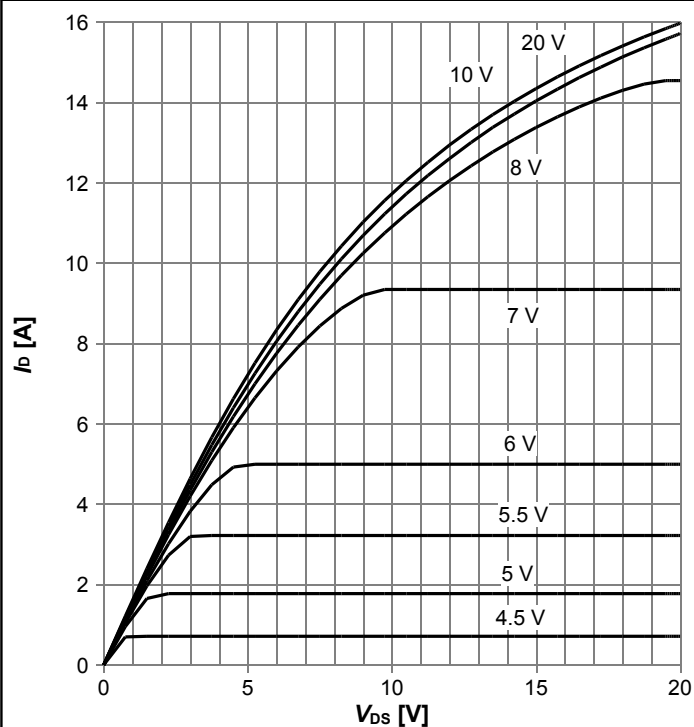
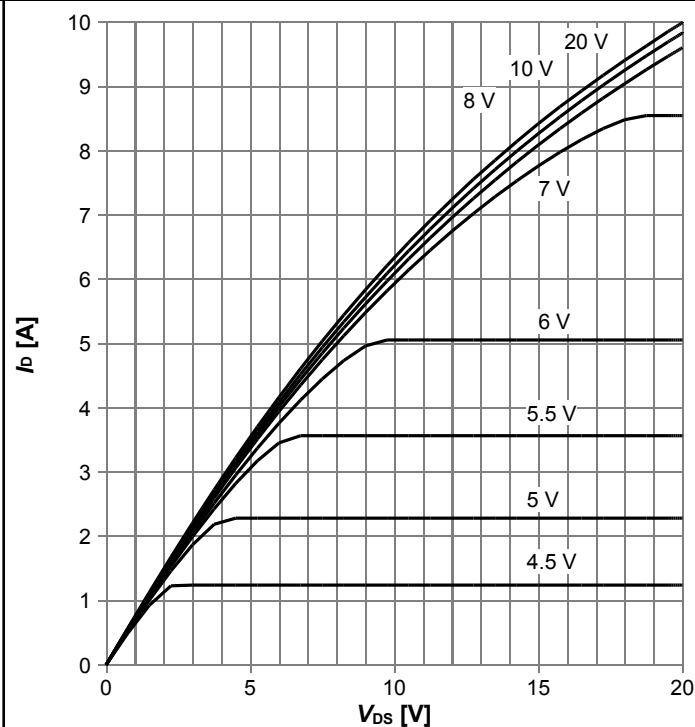


Diagram 9: Typ. output characteristics



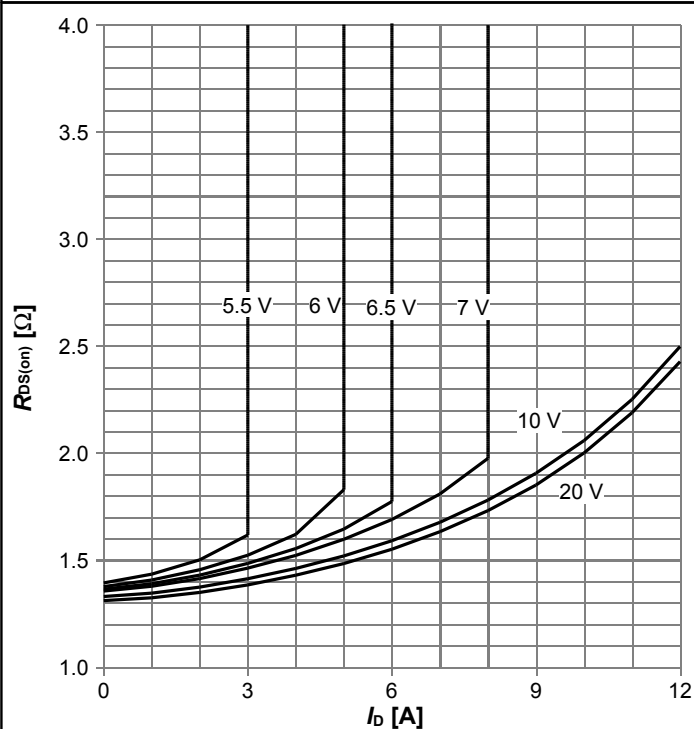
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 10: Typ. output characteristics



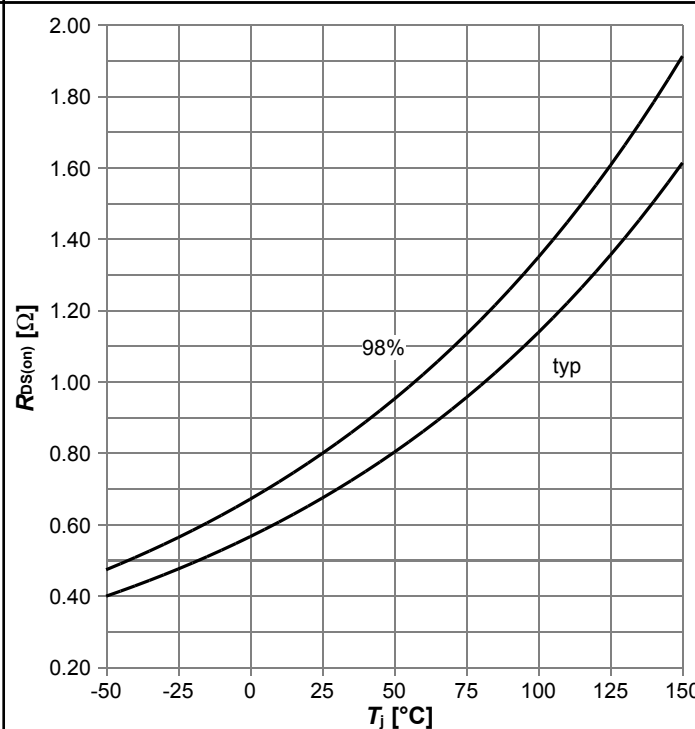
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 11: Typ. drain-source on-state resistance



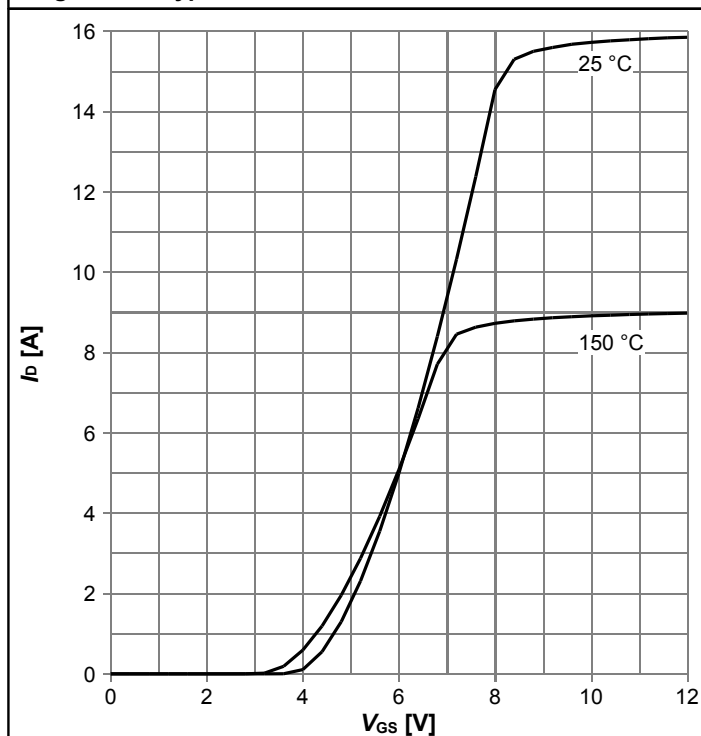
$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$; $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 12: Drain-source on-state resistance



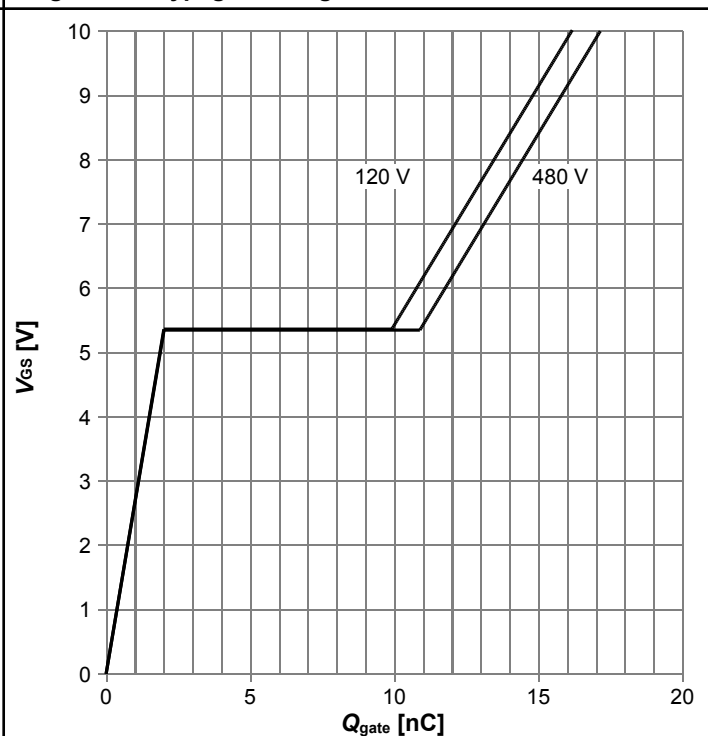
$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$; $I_D = 2.0\text{ A}$; $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$

Diagram 13: Typ. transfer characteristics



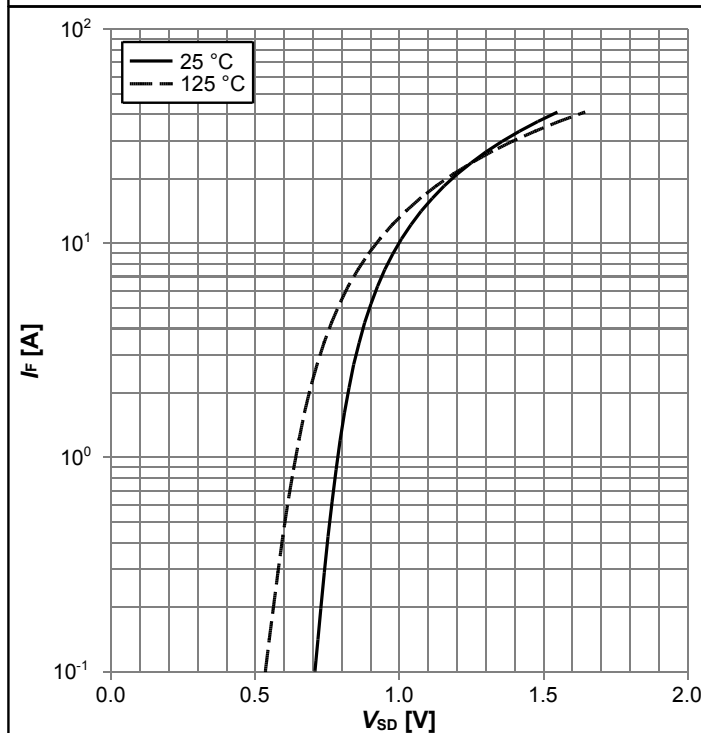
$I_D=f(V_{GS})$; $V_{DS}=20V$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 14: Typ. gate charge



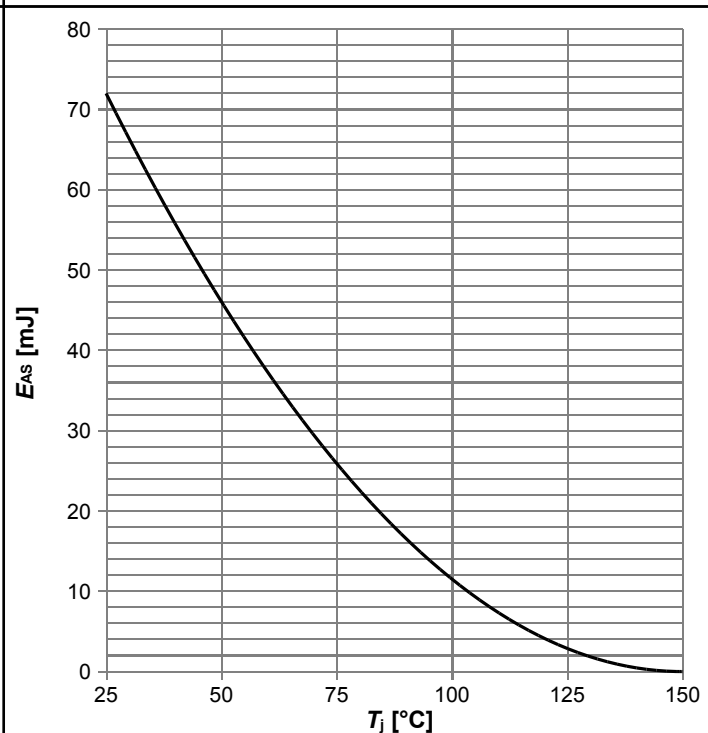
$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate})$; $I_D=2.5 A$ pulsed; parameter: V_{DD}

Diagram 15: Forward characteristics of reverse diode



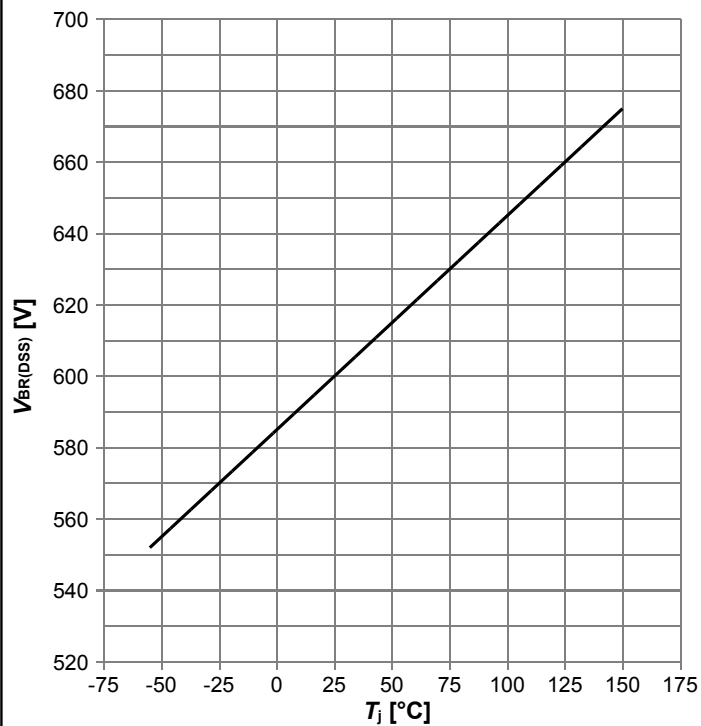
$I_F=f(V_{SD})$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 16: Avalanche energy



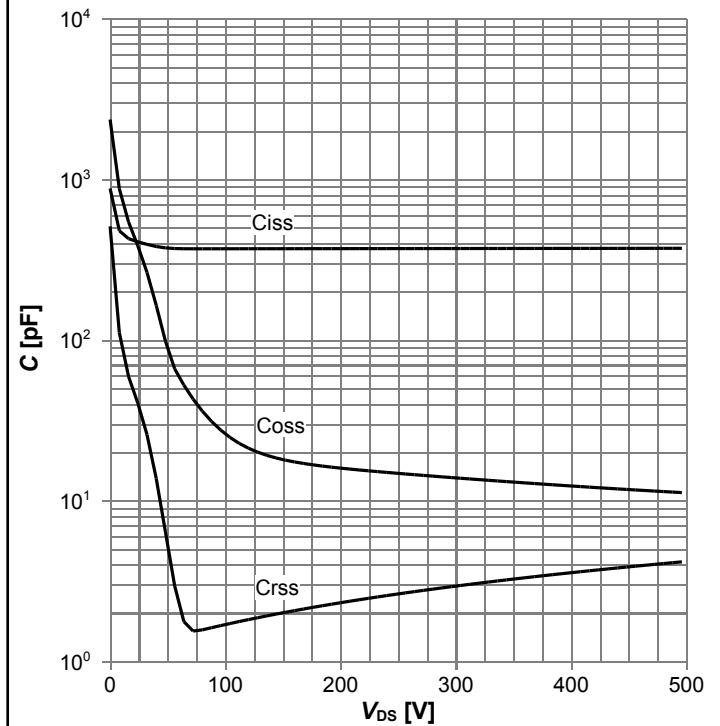
$E_{AS}=f(T_j)$; $I_D=1.0 A$; $V_{DD}=50 V$

Diagram 17: Drain-source breakdown voltage



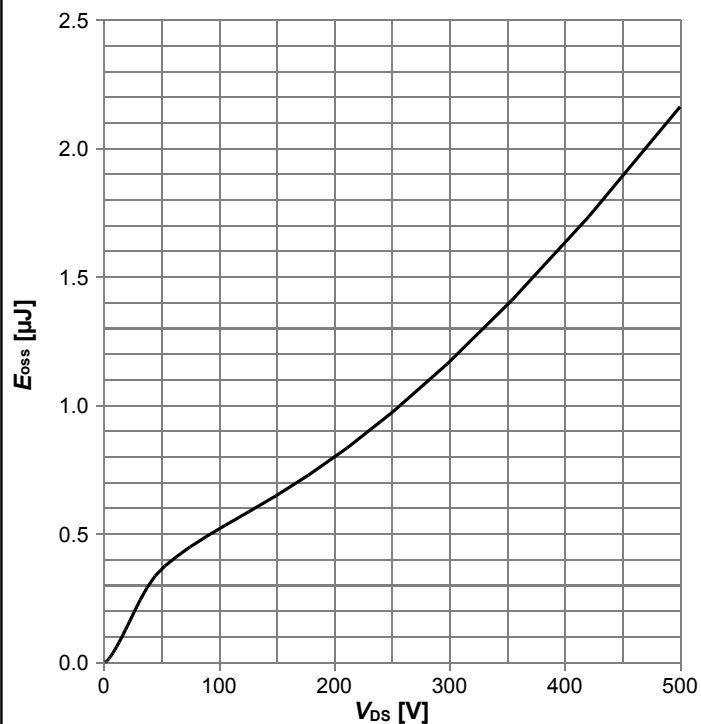
$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_J); I_D = 0.25 \text{ mA}$

Diagram 18: Typ. capacitances



$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

Diagram 19: Typ. Coss stored energy



$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$

5 Test Circuits

Table 8 Diode characteristics

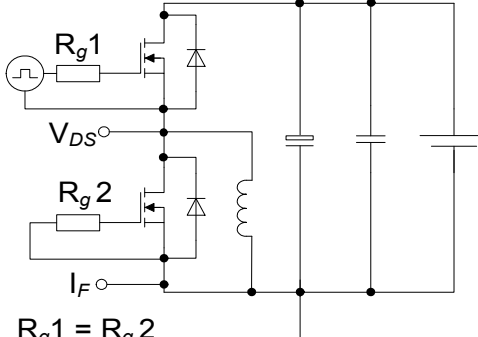
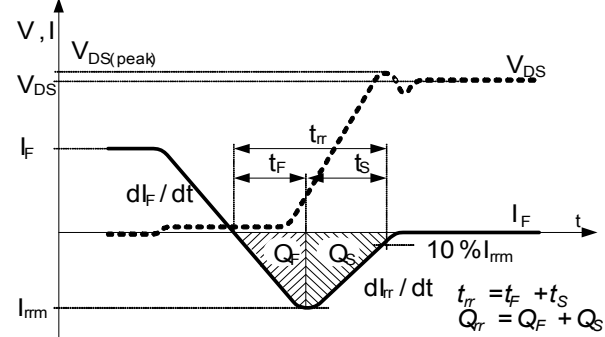
Test circuit for diode characteristics	Diode recovery waveform
 $R_{g1} = R_{g2}$	 $t_{rr} = t_F + t_S$ $Q_{rr} = Q_F + Q_S$

Table 9 Switching times

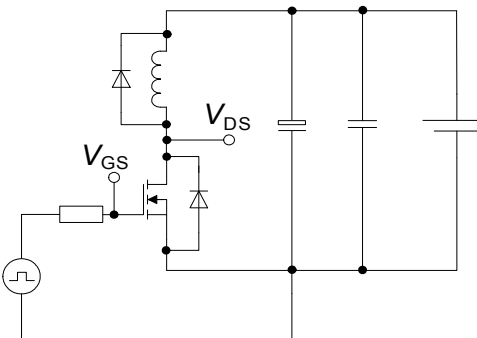
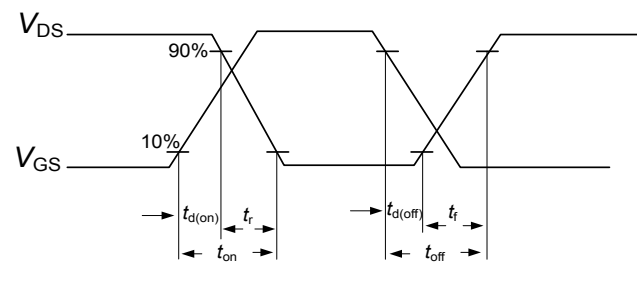
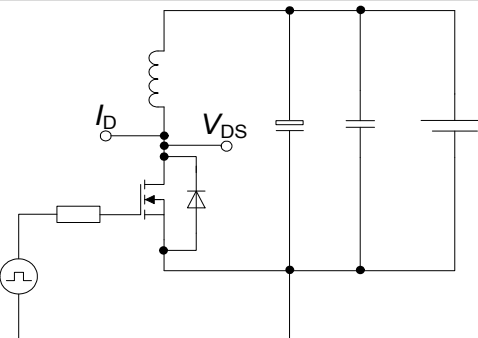
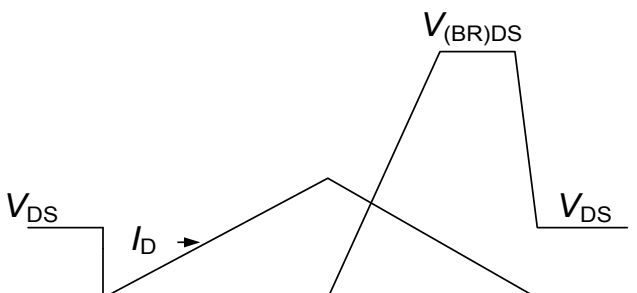
Switching times test circuit for inductive load	Switching times waveform
	

Table 10 Unclamped inductive load

Unclamped inductive load test circuit	Unclamped inductive waveform
	

6 Package Outlines

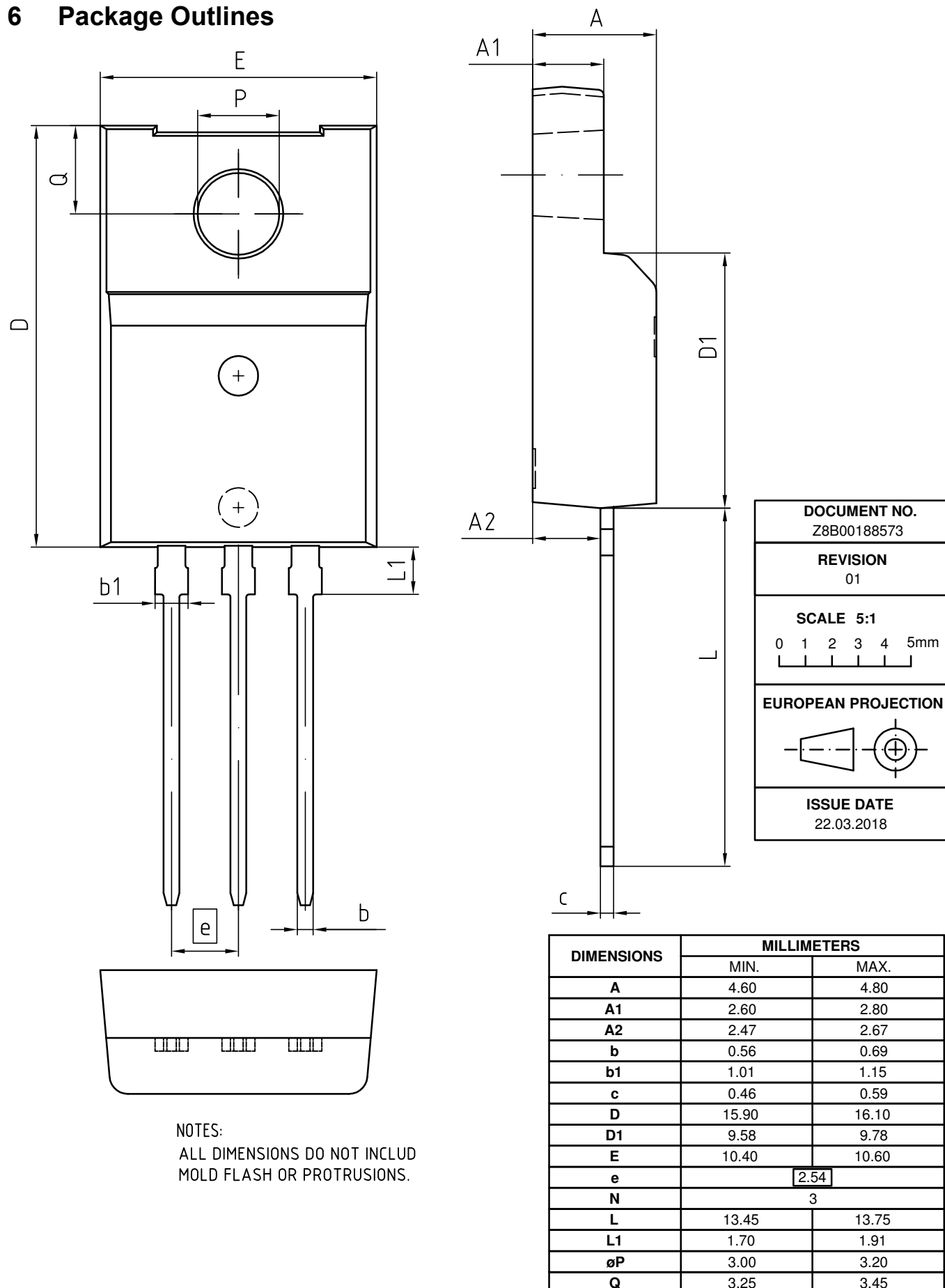


Figure 1 Outline PG-TO 220 FullPAK - Narrow Lead, dimensions in mm

7 Appendix A

Table 11 Related Links

- IFX CoolMOS™ CE Webpage: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ CE application note: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ CE simulation model: www.infineon.com
- IFX Design tools: www.infineon.com

Revision History

IPAN60R800CE

Revision: 2018-04-30, Rev. 2.2

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.1	2016-11-28	Revised package drawing on page 11
2.2	2018-04-30	Revised package drawing

Trademarks of Infineon Technologies AG

AURIX™, C166™, CanPAK™, CIPOS™, CoolGaN™, CoolMOS™, CoolSET™, CoolSiC™, CORECONTROL™, CROSSAVE™, DAVE™, DI-POL™, DrBlade™, EasyPIM™, EconoBRIDGE™, EconoDUAL™, EconoPACK™, EconoPIM™, EiceDRIVER™, eupec™, FCOS™, HITFET™, HybridPACK™, Infineon™, ISOFACE™, IsoPACK™, i-Wafer™, MIPAQ™, ModSTACK™, my-d™, NovalithIC™, OmniTune™, OPTIGA™, OptiMOS™, ORIGA™, POWERCODE™, PRIMARION™, PrimePACK™, PrimeSTACK™, PROFET™, PRO-SiL™, RASIC™, REAL3™, ReverSave™, SatRIC™, SIEGET™, SiPMOS™, SmartLEWIS™, SOLID FLASH™, SPOC™, TEMPFET™, thinQ!™, TRENCHSTOP™, TriCore™.

Trademarks updated August 2015

Other Trademarks

All referenced product or service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

We Listen to Your Comments

Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all? Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document. Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to:

erratum@infineon.com

Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 München, Germany
© 2018 Infineon Technologies AG
All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics ("Beschaffenheitsgarantie").

With respect to any examples, hints or any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the product, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

In addition, any information given in this document is subject to customer's compliance with its obligations stated in this document and any applicable legal requirements, norms and standards concerning customer's products and any use of the product of Infineon Technologies in customer's applications.

The data contained in this document is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. It is the responsibility of customer's technical departments to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product information given in this document with respect to such application.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (**www.infineon.com**).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

[Infineon:](#)

[IPAN60R800CEXKSA1](#)