

# IFX91041

1.8A DC/DC Step-Down Voltage Regulator  
5.0V, 3.3V or Adjustable Output Voltage

IFX91041EJV50  
IFX91041EJV33  
IFX91041EJV

## Data Sheet

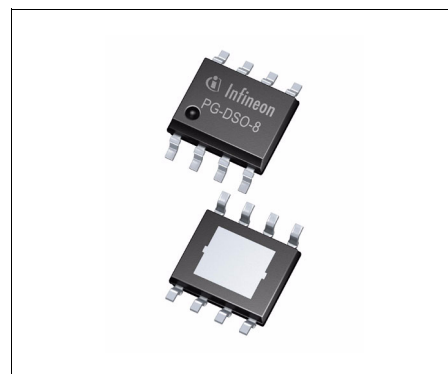
Rev. 1.1, 2011-07-08

Standard Power



## 1 Overview

- 1.8A step down voltage regulator
- Output voltage versions: 5.0 V, 3.3 V and adjustable
- $\pm 2\%$  output voltage tolerance (+-4% for full load current range)
- Integrated power transistor
- PWM regulation with feedforward
- Input voltage range from 4.75V to 45V
- 370 kHz switching frequency
- Synchronization input
- Very low shutdown current consumption (<2uA)
- Soft-start function
- Input undervoltage lockout
- Suited for industrial applications:  $T_j = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Green Product (RoHS compliant)



**PG-DSO-8-27**

For automotive and transportation applications, please refer to the Infineon TLE and TLF voltage regulator series.

## Description

The IFX91041 series are monolithic integrated circuits that provide all active functions for a step-down (buck) switching voltage regulator, capable of driving up to 1.8A load current with excellent line and load regulation. These devices are suited for use in industrial applications featuring protection functions such as current limitation and overtemperature shutdown. Versions with a fixed 5.0V and 3.3V (IFX91041EJV50, IFX91041EJV33) output voltage as well as an adjustable device (IFX91041EJV) with 0.60V reference feedback voltage are available. The switching frequency of 370kHz allows to use small and inexpensive passive components. The IFX91041 features an enable function reducing the shut-down current consumption to <2uA. The voltage mode regulation scheme of this device provides a stable regulation loop maintained by small external compensation components. Besides the feedforward control path offers an excellent line transient rejection. The integrated soft-start feature limits the current peak as well as voltage overshoot at start-up.

Type	Package	Marking
IFX91041EJV50	PG-DSO-8-27	I9104150
IFX91041EJV33	PG-DSO-8-27	I9104133
IFX91041EJV	PG-DSO-8-27	I91041V

## 2 Block Diagram

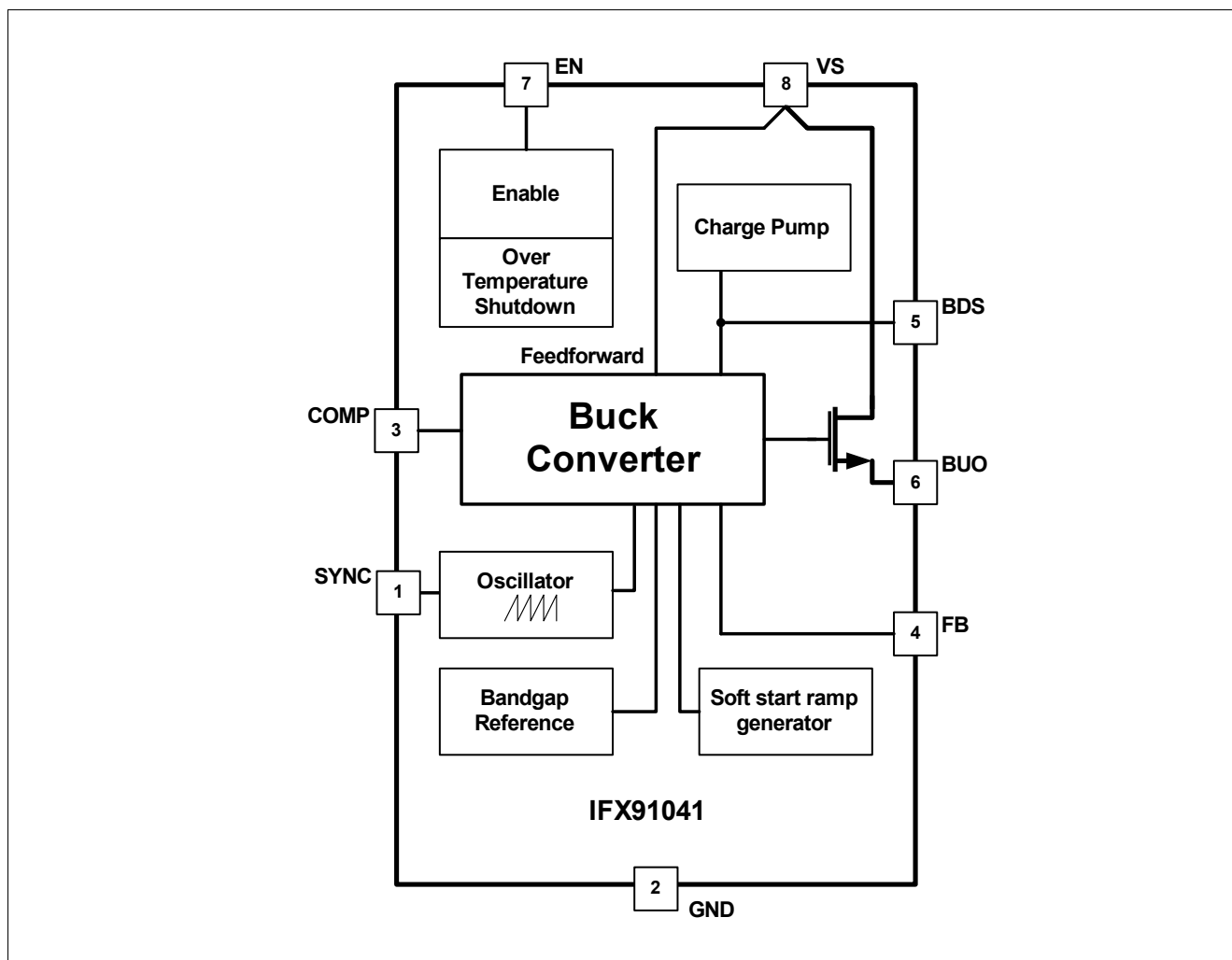


Figure 1 Block Diagram

## 3 Pin Configuration

### 3.1 Pin Assignment

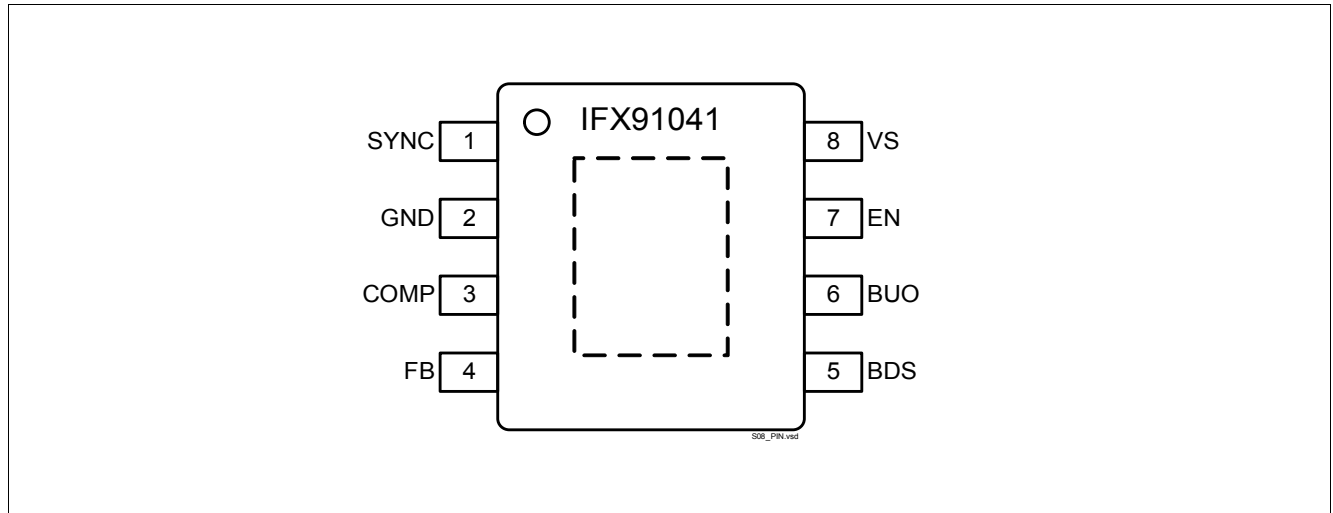


Figure 2 Pin Configuration

### 3.2 Pin Definitions and Functions

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	SYNC	<b>Synchronization Input.</b> Connect to an external clock signal in order to synchronize/adjust the switching frequency. If not used connect to GND.
2	GND	<b>Ground.</b>
3	COMP	<b>Compensation Input.</b> Frequency compensation for regulation loop stability. Connect to compensation RC-network.
4	FB	<b>Feedback Input.</b> For the adjustable output voltage versions (IFX91041EJV) connect via voltage divider to output capacitor. For the fixed voltage version (IFX91041EJV50, IFX91041EJV33) connect this pin directly to the output capacitor.
5	BDS	<b>Buck Driver Supply Input.</b> Connect the bootstrap capacitor between this pin and pin BUO.
6	BUO	<b>Buck Switch Output.</b> Source of the integrated power-DMOS transistor. Connect directly to the cathode of the catch diode and the buck circuit inductance.
7	EN	<b>Enable Input.</b> Active-high enable input with integrated pull down resistor.
8	VS	<b>Supply Voltage Input.</b> Connect to supply voltage source.
Exposed Pad		Connect to heatsink area and GND by low inductance wiring.

## 4 General Product Characteristics

### 4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1)</sup>

$T_j = -40\text{ °C}$  to  $+125\text{ °C}$ ; all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified)

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Conditions
			Min.	Max.		
Voltages						
4.1.1	Synchronization Input	$V_{\text{SYNC}}$	-0.3	5.5	V	–
				6.2	V	$t < 10\text{s}^{2)}$
4.1.2	Compensation Input	$V_{\text{COMP}}$	-0.3	5.5	V	–
4.1.3				6.2	V	$t < 10\text{s}^{1)}$
4.1.4	Feedback Input	$V_{\text{FB}}$	-0.3	10	V	IFX91041EJV50; IFX91041EJV33
4.1.5			-0.3	5.5	V	IFX91041EJV
4.1.6	Buck Driver Supply Input	$V_{\text{BDS}}$	$V_{\text{BUO}}$ - 0.3	$V_{\text{BUO}}$ + 5.5	V	
4.1.7	Buck Switch Output	$V_{\text{BUO}}$	-2.0	$V_{\text{VS}} + 0.3$	V	
4.1.8	Enable Input	$V_{\text{EN}}$	-40	45	V	
4.1.9	Supply Voltage Input	$V_{\text{VS}}$	-0.3	45	V	

#### Temperatures

4.1.10	Junction Temperature	$T_j$	-40	150	°C	–
4.1.11	Storage Temperature	$T_{\text{stg}}$	-55	150	°C	–

#### ESD Susceptibility

4.1.12	ESD Resistivity	$V_{\text{ESD}}$	-2	2	kV	HBM <sup>3)</sup>
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1) Not subject to production test, specified by design.

2) Exposure to those absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time ( $t > 10\text{s}$ ) may affect device reliability

3) ESD susceptibility HBM according to EIA/JESD 22-A 114B (1.5kΩ, 100pF).

*Note: Stresses above the ones listed here may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.*

*Note: Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as “outside” normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.*

## 4.2 Functional Range

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Conditions
			Min.	Max.		
4.2.1	Supply Voltage	$V_S$	4.75	45	V	–
4.2.2	Output Voltage adjust range	$V_{CC}$	0.60	16	V	IFX91041EJV
4.2.3	Buck inductor	$L_{BU}$	18	56	$\mu\text{H}$	–
4.2.4	Buck capacitor	$C_{BU1}$	33	120	$\mu\text{F}$	–
4.2.5	Buck capacitor ESR	$ESR_{BU1}$	–	0.3	$\Omega$	– <sup>1)</sup>
4.2.6	Junction Temperature	$T_j$	–40	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	–

1) See section ““Application Information” on Page 12” for loop compensation requirements.

*Note: Within the functional range the IC operates as described in the circuit description. The electrical characteristics are specified within the conditions given in the related electrical characteristics table.*

## 4.3 Thermal Resistance

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Conditions
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
4.3.1	Junction to Case <sup>1)</sup>	$R_{thJC}$	–	–	12	K/W	–
4.3.2	Junction to ambient <sup>1)</sup>	$R_{thJA}$	–	52	–	K/W	<sup>2)</sup>

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design.

2) According to Jedec JESD52-1,-5,-7 at natural convection on 2s2p FR4 PCB for 1W power dissipation. PCB 76.2x114.3x1.5mm<sup>3</sup> with 2 inner copper layers of 70 $\mu\text{m}$  thickness. Thermal via array connected to the first inner copper layer under the exposed pad.

## 5 Buck Regulator

### 5.1 Description

The gate of the power switch is driven by the external capacitor connected to pin BDS (Buck Driver Supply) using the bootstrap principle. An integrated under voltage lockout function supervising the 'bootstrap' capacitor voltage ensures that the device is always driven with a sufficient bootstrap voltage in order to prevent from extensive heat up of the power transistor. An integrated charge pump supports the gate drive in case of low input supply voltage, small differential voltage between input supply and output voltage at low current and during startup. In order to minimize emission, the charge pump is switched off if the input voltage is sufficient for supplying the bootstrap.

The soft start function generates a defined ramp of the output voltage during the first 0.5 ms (typ.) after device initialization. The device initialization is triggered either by the EN voltage level crossing the turn-on threshold, rising supply voltage (during EN=H), and also when the device restarts after thermal shutdown. The ramp starts after the BDS external capacitor is charged.

The regulation scheme uses a voltage controlled pulse width modulation with feed forward path (the feed forward operates for supply voltages from 8.0V to 36V) which provides a fast line transient reaction.

In order to maintain the output voltage regulation even under low duty cycle conditions (light load conditions down to ICC=0mA, high input voltage) a pulse skipping operation mode is implemented. Pulse skipping is also used for operation with low supply voltages, related to high duty cycles >92%.

In case of a lost connection to the pin FB, an internal pull-up current prevents from a uncontrolled rise of the output voltage (version IFX91041EJV only).

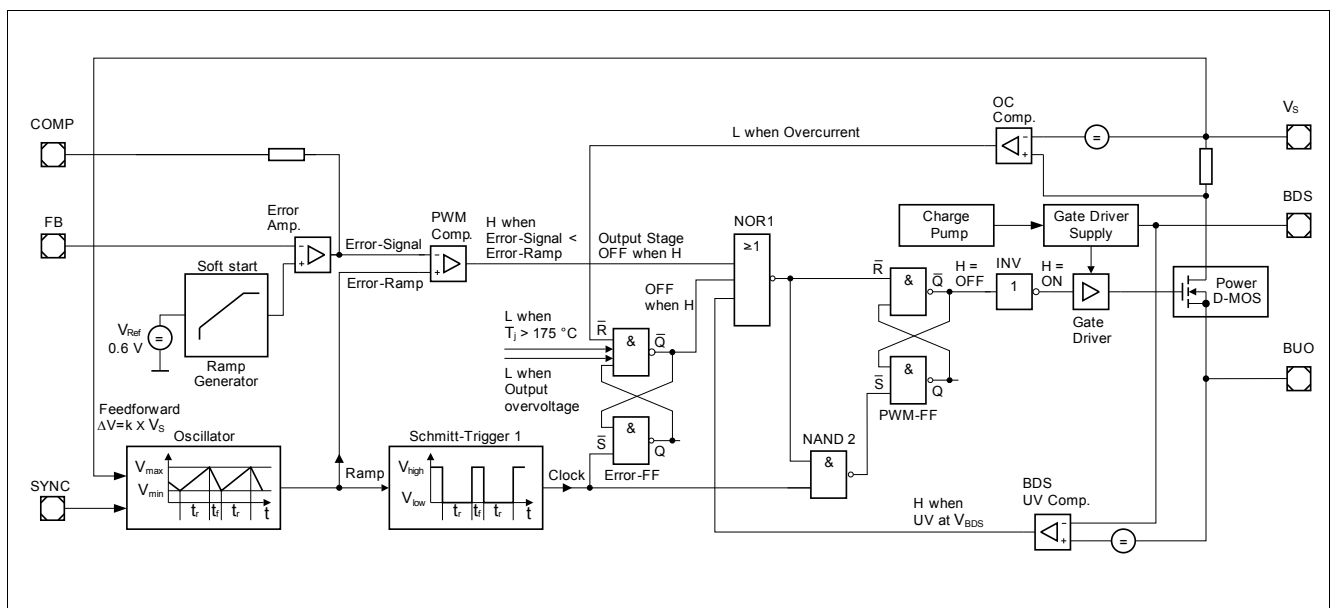


Figure 3 Block Diagram Buck Regulator



## 5.2 Electrical Characteristics

### Electrical Characteristics: Buck Regulator

$V_S = 6.0 \text{ V to } 40 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$ , all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified)

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Conditions
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
5.2.1	Output voltage	$V_{FB}$	4.90	5.00	5.10	V	IFX91041EJV50; $V_{VEN} = V_S$ $0.1\text{A} < I_{CC} < 1.0\text{A}$
5.2.2		$V_{FB}$	4.80	5.00	5.20	V	IFX91041EJV50; $V_{VEN} = V_S$ ; $1\text{mA} < I_{CC} < 1.8\text{A}$
5.2.3	Output voltage	$V_{FB}$	3.23	3.30	3.37	V	IFX91041EJV33; $V_{VEN} = V_S$ ; $0.1\text{A} < I_{CC} < 1.0\text{A}$
5.2.4		$V_{FB}$	3.17	3.30	3.43	V	IFX91041EJV33; $V_{VEN} = V_S$ ; $1\text{mA} < I_{CC} < 1.8\text{A}$
5.2.5	Output voltage	$V_{FB}$	0.588	0.60	0.612	V	IFX91041EJV; $V_{VEN} = V_S$ ; FB connected to $V_{CC}$ ; $V_S = 12\text{V}$ $0.1\text{A} < I_{CC} < 1.0\text{A}$
5.2.6		$V_{FB}$	0.576	0.60	0.624	V	IFX91041EJV; $V_{VEN} = V_S$ ; FB connected to $V_{CC}$ ; $V_S = 12\text{V}$ $1\text{mA} < I_{CC} < 1.8\text{A}$
5.2.7	Minimum output load requirement	$I_{CC,MIN}$	0	–	–	mA	IFX91041EJV50 <sup>1)</sup>
5.2.8			1	–	–	mA	IFX91041EJV33 <sup>1)</sup>
5.2.9			1.5			mA	IFX91041EJV $V_{CC} \geq 3\text{V}^{1)}$
5.2.10			5			mA	IFX91041EJV $V_{CC} \geq 1.5\text{V}^{1)}$
5.2.11			10	–	–	mA	IFX91041EJV $V_{CC} \geq 0.6\text{V}^{1)}$
5.2.12	FB input current	$I_{FB}$	-1	-0.1	0	$\mu\text{A}$	IFX91041EJV $V_{FB} = 0.6\text{V}$
5.2.13	FB input current	$I_{FB}$	–	–	900	$\mu\text{A}$	IFX91041EJV50, IFX91041EJV33
5.2.14	Power stage on-resistance	$R_{on}$	–	–	500	m $\Omega$	tested at 300 mA
5.2.15	Current transition rise/fall time	$t_r$	–	50	–	ns	$I_{CC} = 1 \text{ A}^{2)}$
5.2.16	Buck peak over current limit	$I_{BUOC}$	2.2	–	3.6	A	–
5.2.17	Bootstrap under voltage lockout, turn-off threshold	$V_{BDS,off}$	$V_{BUO} + 3.3$	–	–	V	Bootstrap voltage decreasing
5.2.18	Charge pump current	$I_{CP}$	2	–	–	mA	$V_S = 12\text{V}$ ; $V_{BUO} = V_{BDS} = \text{GND}$



### Electrical Characteristics: Buck Regulator

$V_S = 6.0 \text{ V to } 40 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$ , all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified)

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Conditions
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
5.2.19	Charge pump switch-off threshold	$V_{BDS} - V_{BUO}$	–	–	5	V	$(V_{BDS} - V_{BUO})$ increasing
5.2.20	Maximum duty cycle	$D_{max}$	–	–	100	%	<sup>3)</sup>
5.2.21	Soft start ramp	$t_{start}$	350	500	750	$\mu\text{s}$	$V_{FB}$ rising from 5% to 95% of $V_{FB,nom}$
5.2.22	Input under voltage shutdown threshold	$V_{S,off}$	3.75	–	–	V	$V_S$ decreasing
5.2.23	Input voltage startup threshold	$V_{S,on}$	–	–	4.75	V	$V_S$ increasing
5.2.24	Input under voltage shutdown hysteresis	$V_{S,hyst}$	150	–	–	mV	–

1) Not subject to production test, application related parameter

2) Not subject to production test; specified by design.

3) Consider “[Chapter 4.2, Functional Range](#)”

## 6 Module Enable and Thermal Shutdown

### 6.1 Description

With the enable pin the device can be set in off-state reducing the current consumption to less than 2µA.

The enable function features an integrated pull down resistor which ensures that the IC is shut down and the power switch is off in case the pin EN is left open.

The integrated thermal shutdown function turns the power switch off in case of overtemperature. The typ. junction shutdown temperature is 175°C, with a min. of 160°C. After cooling down the IC will automatically restart operation. The thermal shutdown is an integrated protection function designed to prevent IC destruction when operating under fault conditions. It should not be used for normal operation.

### 6.2 Electrical Characteristics Module Enable, Bias and Thermal Shutdown

#### Electrical Characteristics: Enable, Bias and Thermal Shutdown

$V_S = 6.0\text{ V to }40\text{ V}$ ,  $T_j = -40\text{ °C to }+125\text{ °C}$ , all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified)

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Conditions
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
6.2.1	Current Consumption, shut down mode	$I_{q,OFF}$	–	0.1	2	µA	$V_{EN} = 0.8\text{V}$ ; $T_j < 105\text{°C}$ ; $V_S = 16\text{V}$
6.2.2	Current Consumption, active mode	$I_{q,ON}$	–	–	7	mA	$V_{EN} = 5.0\text{V}$ ; $I_{CC} = 0\text{mA}$ ; $V_S = 16\text{V}$ FB connected to $V_{OUT}$
6.2.3	Current Consumption, active mode	$I_{q,ON}$	–	–	10	mA	$V_{EN} = 5.0\text{V}$ ; $I_{CC} = 1.8\text{A}$ ; $V_S = 16\text{V}$ FB connected to $V_{OUT}$ <sup>1)</sup>
6.2.4	Enable high signal valid	$V_{EN,lo}$	3.0	–	–	V	–
6.2.5	Enable low signal valid	$V_{EN,hi}$	–	–	0.8	V	–
6.2.6	Enable hysteresis	$V_{EN,HY}$	50	200	400	mV	<sup>1)</sup>
6.2.7	Enable high input current	$I_{EN,hi}$	–	–	30	µA	$V_{EN} = 16\text{V}$
6.2.8	Enable low input current	$I_{EN,lo}$	–	0.1	1	µA	$V_{EN} = 0.5\text{V}$
6.2.9	Over temperature shutdown	$T_{j,sd}$	160	175	190	°C	<sup>1)</sup>
6.2.10	Over temperature shutdown hysteresis	$T_{j,sd\_hyst}$	–	15	–	K	<sup>1)</sup>

1) Specified by design. Not subject to production test.

## 7 Module Oscillator

### 7.1 Description

The oscillator turns on the power switch with a constant frequency while the buck regulating circuit turns the power transistor off in every cycle with an appropriate time gap depending on the output and input voltage.

The internal sawtooth signal used for the PWM generation has an amplitude proportional to the input supply voltage (feedforward).

The turn-on frequency can optionally be set externally via the 'SYNC' pin using a TTL compatible input signal. In this case the synchronization of the PWM-on signal refers to the falling edge of the 'SYNC'-pin input signal. In case the synchronization to an external clock signal is not needed the 'SYNC' pin should be connected to GND.

Leaving pin SYNC open or short-circuiting it to GND leads to normal operation with the internal switching frequency.

### 7.2 Electrical Characteristics Module Oscillator

#### Electrical Characteristics: Buck Regulator

$V_S = 6.0 \text{ V to } 40 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$ , all voltages with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified)

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Conditions
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
7.2.1	Oscillator frequency	$f_{osc}$	330	370	420	kHz	$V_{SYNC} = 0V$
7.2.2	Synchronization capture range	$f_{sync}$	200		530	kHz	
7.2.3	SYNC signal high level valid	$V_{SYNC,hi}$	2.9			V	<sup>1)</sup>
7.2.4	SYNC signal low level valid	$V_{SYNC,lo}$			0.8	V	<sup>1)</sup>
7.2.5	SYNC input internal pull-down	$R_{SYNC}$	0.60	1.0	1.4	MΩ	$V_{SYNC} = 5V$

1) Synchronization of PWM-on signal to falling edge.

## 8 Application Information

*Note: The following information is given as a hint for the implementation of the device only and shall not be regarded as a description or warranty of a certain functionality, condition or quality of the device.*

### 8.1 Frequency Compensation

The stability of the output voltage can be achieved with a simple RC connected between pin COMP and GND. The standard configuration using the switching frequency of the internal oscillator is a ceramic capacitor  $C_{COMP} = 22\text{nF}$  and  $R_{COMP} = 22\text{k}\Omega$ . By slight modifications to the compensation network the stability can be optimized for different application needs, such as varying switching frequency (using the synchronizing function), different types of buck capacitor (ceramic or tantalum) etc.

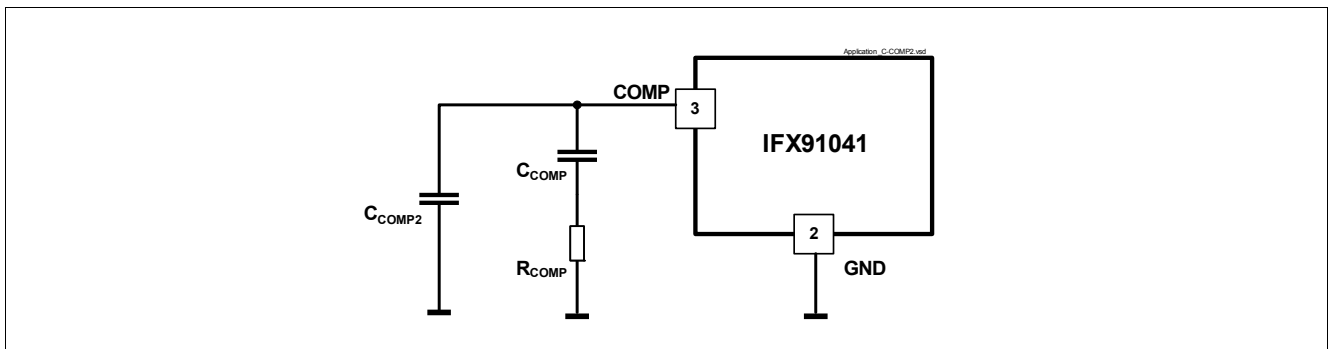
The compensation network is essential for control loop stability. Leaving pin COMP open might lead to instable operation.

### 8.2 Compensating a tantalum buck capacitor $C_{BU1}$

The TLE control loop is optimized for ceramic buck capacitors  $C_{BU}$ . In order to maintain stability also for tantalum capacitors with ESR up to  $300\text{m}\Omega$ , an additional compensation capacitance  $C_{COMP2}$  at pin COMP to GND is required. It's value calculates:

$$C_{COMP2} = C_{BU} * ESR(C_{BU}) / R_{COMP} ,$$

whereas  $C_{COMP2}$  needs to stay below  $5\text{nF}$ .



**Figure 4 High-ESR buck capacitor compensation**

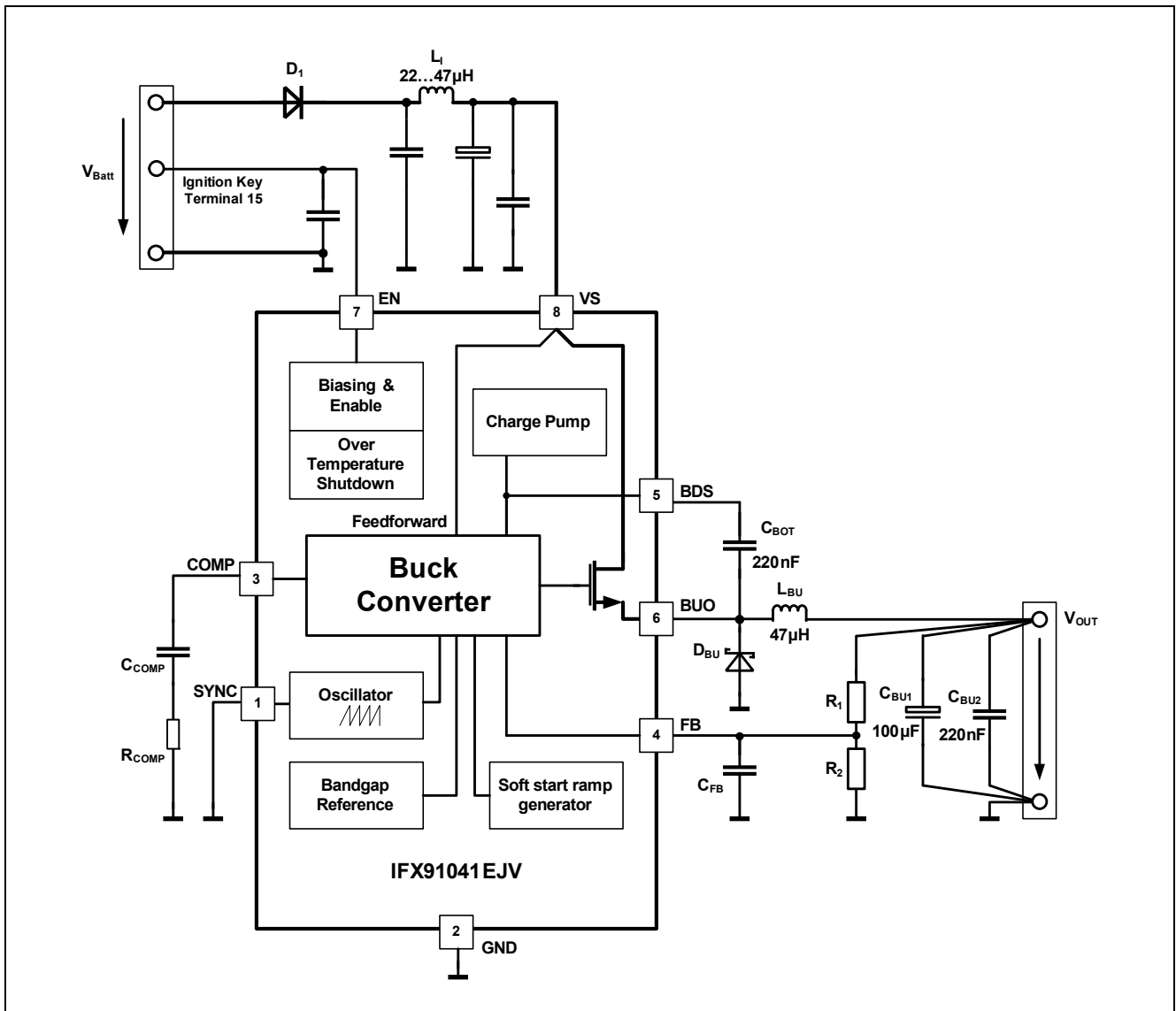
### 8.3 Catch Diode

In order to minimize losses and for fast recovery, a schottky catch diode is required. Disconnecting the catch diode during operation might lead to destruction of the IC.



## Data Sheet

## 8.5 Adjustable Output Voltage Device



**Figure 6 Application Diagram IFX91041EJV**

*Note: This is a very simplified example of an application circuit. The function must be verified in the real application*

The output voltage of the IFX91041EJV can be programmed by a voltage divider connected to the feedback pin FB. The divider cross current should be 300  $\mu$ A at minimum, therefore the maximum  $R_2$  calculates:

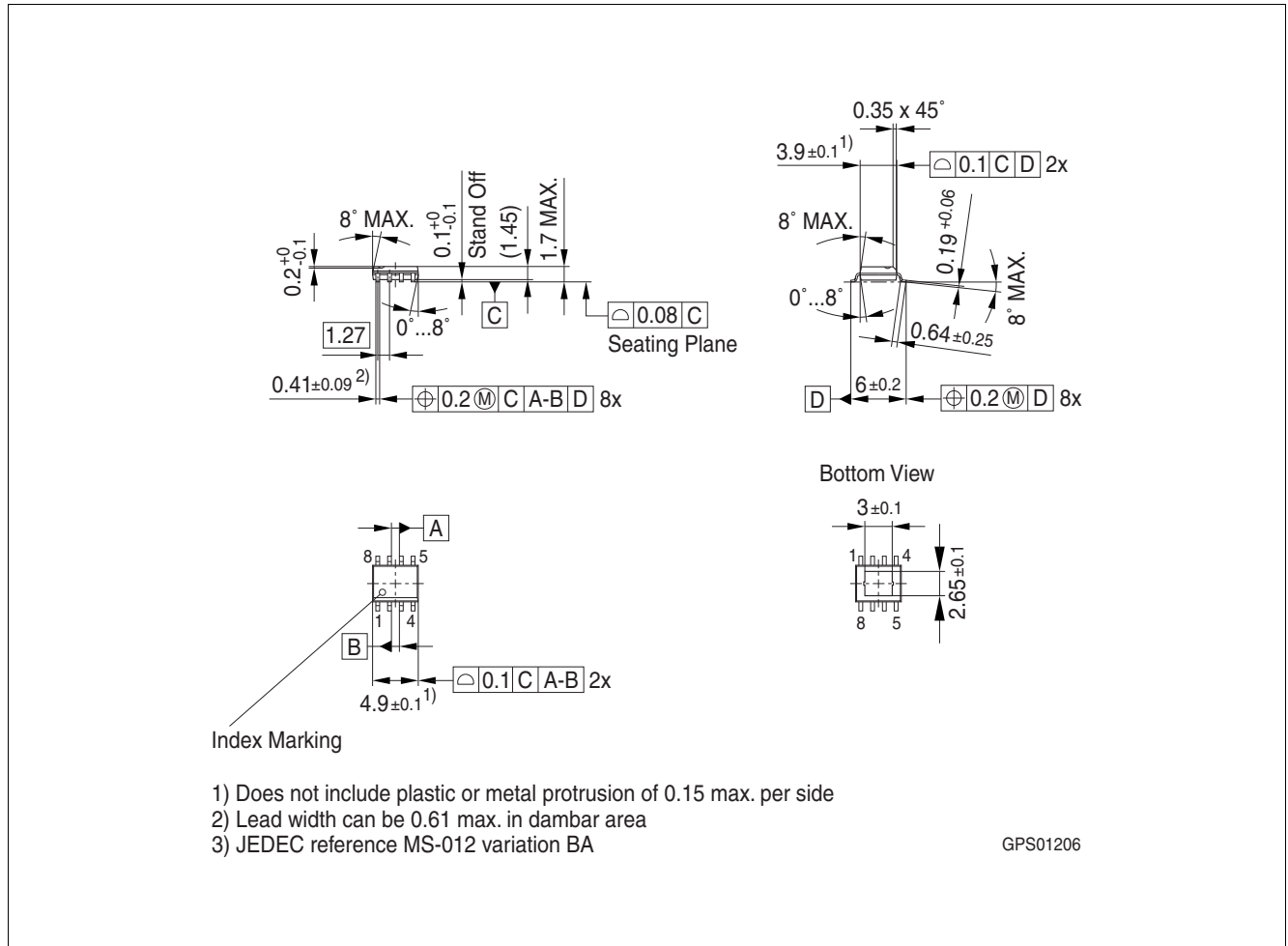
$$R_2 \leq V_{FB} / I_{R2} \rightarrow R_2 \leq 0.6V / 300 \mu A = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$$

For the desired output voltage level  $V_{CC}$ ,  $R_1$  calculates then (neglecting the small FB input current):

$$R_1 = R_2 \left( \frac{V_{CC}}{V_{FB}} - 1 \right).$$

Add a 0.5 nF capacitor close to FB pin.

## 9 Package Outlines



**Figure 7 Outline PG-DSO-8-27**

### Green Product (RoHS compliant)

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020).



## 10 Revision History

Rev.1.1	2011-07-08	Adjustment of Junction Temperature Range in (4.2.6) <b>“Functional Range” on Page 6</b> to the conditions used in the <b>“Electrical Characteristics” on Page 8 ff</b> (-40°C to 125°C)
Rev.1.02	2010-02-23	Editorial change
Rev.1.01	2009-10-19	Overview page: Inserted reference statement to TLE/TLF series.
Rev.1.0	2009-05-04	Final data sheet

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