DATASHEET



MLX080A0XY3-SRZ Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Module

7.0V_{DC} - 14V_{DC} input; 0.45V_{DC} to 2.0V_{DC} output; 80A Output Current

RoHS Compliant



Applications

- High performance ASIC with dual power rails
- Networking processor power (Broadcom, Cavium, Marvell, NXP)
- High current FPGA power (Xilinx, Intel)
- High performance ARM processor power
- Telecommunications and networking equipment
- Servers and storage applications
- Test and Measurement equipment
- Industrial equipment

Features

- Compliant to RoHS II EU Directive 2011/65/EC and amended Directive (EU) 2015/863
- Compliant to IPC-9592 (Sept. 2008), Category 2, Class 2
- Compliant to REACH Directive (EC) No 1907/2006
- Compatible with a Pb-free or SnPn reflow soldering • process
- Wide Input voltage range: 7.0V_{DC}-14V_{DC}
- Output voltage programable from 0.45V_{DC} to 2.0V via PMBus
- Delivers up to 80 A_{DC} output current
- Supports Voltage Rails requiring 3% tolerance
- Operation of up to 4 Satellite phases in parallel(160A) as a separate bus.
- PID control and multi-phase operation provides fast transient response, reduced output capacitance, and stability
- Tightly regulated output voltage

The OmniOn Power™ MLX080A0XY3 Digital DLynxIII[™] power module is a non-isolated dcdc converter that can deliver up to 80A of output current. It operates over a wide input voltage range from $7.0V_{DC}$ to $14V_{DC}$ and provides precisely regulated output voltage programmable from $0.45V_{DC}$ to $2.0V_{DC}$ via PMBus. The module employs an advanced PID based adjustable digital control loop which ensures loop stability, provides fast transient response and reduces amount of required output capacitance. Up to 160A of additional satellite based phase modules can be connected as a second stand-alone bus. Main features include: digital PMBusinterface, programmable enable logic and control, cycleby-cycle output current monitoring, input and output under-voltage and over-voltage protections, under-temperature and overtemperature protections and more. The module has an extensive set of PMBus commands for both control and monitoring of the system parameters. The MLX080A0XY3 power module is highly configurable, and yet easy to use.

- Low output ripple and noise
- Fixed switching frequency
- Small size: 12.9 mm x 23.93 mm x 11.05 mm • 0.507 in x 0.942 in x 0.435 in
- Digital interface compliant to PMBus Rev.1.3 protocol •
- Programmable enable logic with On/Off Control.
- Protections: OVP, UVP, OCP, OTP .
- Cycle-by-cycle output current monitoring and protection •
- Over temperature protection
- Wide operating temperature range -40°C to 85°C .
- Excellent Thermal Performance Module delivers full • output @12V_{IN}, 1V_{OUT}, 70°Cambient and 200 LFM (1m/s) airflow.
- Power Stages are Interleaved to reduce input and output ripple.
- UL* 62368-1, 3rd Ed. Recognized, and VDE (EN62368-1 3rd Ed.) Licensed.
- ISO** 9001 and ISO14001 certified manufacturing facilities.



Technical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only. Operational functionality of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in the excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods may adversely affect the device reliability.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage (continuous)	V _{IN}	-0.3	14.5	V
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _A	-40*	85	°C
Storage Temperature		-55	125	°C

* At -40°C and 7Vin, module may experience a few hiccup cycles before starting into full load

CAUTION: This power module is not internally fused. An input line fuse must always be used.

This power module can be used in a wide variety of applications, ranging from simple standalone operation to an integrated part of sophisticated power architecture. To preserve maximum flexibility, internal fusing is not included, however, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. The safety agencies require a fast-acting fuse with a maximum rating of 40 A, 100 Vdc (see Safety Considerations section). Based on the information provided in this Data Sheet on inrush energy and maximum dc input current, the same type of fuse with a lower rating can be used. Refer to the fuse manufacturer's Data Sheet for further information.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
VOUTx_SENx, IMON_SATx, TSEN, PWM_SATx, VRRDYx, VR_ENx, PROG, VRHOT, WARN#/GP		0	4	V
SM_DAT, SM_CLK, SM_ALERT#		0	5.5	V

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- [†] CSA is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association.
- [‡] VDE is a trademark of Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker e.V.
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- [#] The PMBus name and logo are registered trademarks of the System Management Interface Forum (SMIF).



Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply for all operating input voltages, resistive load and temperature conditions.

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage	All	VIN	7.0		14	V _{DC}
Maximum Input Current	All	L.		24.5		A _{DC}
(V _{IN} =7.0V to 14V, I ₀ =I _{0, max})	All	I _{IN,max}		24.5		ADC
Input No Load Current	$V_{O,set}$ = 0.45 V_{DC}	I _{IN,No} load		105		mA
$(V_{IN} = 12V_{DC}, I_0 = 0, module enabled)$	$V_{O,set}$ = 2.0 V_{DC}	I _{IN,No} load		166		mA
Input Stand-by Current	All	I _{IN.stand-by}		26		mA
$(V_{IN} = 12V_{DC}, module disabled)$	All	,		20		IIIA
Inrush Transient	All	l²t		1.2		A ² s
Input Reflected Ripple Current, peak-to-peak						
(5Hz to 20MHz, 1 μ H source impedance; V _{IN} =7.0 to	All			26.7		mA _{p-p}
14V, Io= Iomax; See Test Configurations)						
Input Ripple Rejection (120Hz)	All			-52.6		dB
Output Voltage Set-point accuracy over entire						
output range						
0 to 85°C, V _o = 0.45	All	V _{o, set}		-0.7/+1.4		$\%V_{o, set}$
0 to 85°C, V _o = 0.6	All	V _{o, set}		-0.5/+1.0		$\%V_{o, set}$
0 to 85°C, V _o = 0.7	All	V _{o, set}		-0.4/+0.7		$\%V_{o, set}$
0 to 85°C, V _o = 0.8	All	V _{o, set}		-0.4/+0.6		$\%V_{o, set}$
0 to 85°C, V _o = 0.9	All	V _{o, set}		-0.3/+0.6		$\%V_{o, set}$
0 to 85°C, V _o = 1.0	All	V _{o, set}		-0.3/+0.5		$\%V_{o, set}$
0 to 85°C, V _o = 1.2	All	V _{o, set}		-0.2/+0.4		$\%V_{o,set}$
0 to 85°C, V _o = 1.8	All	V _{o, set}		-0.3/+0.1		$\%V_{o,set}$
0 to 85°C, V _o = 2.0	All	V _{o, set}		-0.3/+0.0		%V _{o, set}

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage Set-point accuracy over entire						
output range						
-40 to 85°C, V _o = 0.45	All	Vo, set		-1.9/+1.4		%V _{o, set}
-40 to 85°C, V _o = 0.6	All	Vo, set		-1.4/+1.0		%V _{o, set}
-40 to 85°C, V _o = 0.7	All	V _{o, set}		-1.2/+0.8		$%V_{o, set}$
-40 to 85°C, V _o = 0.8	All	V _{o, set}		-1.1/+0.6		$\%V_{o, set}$
-40 to 85°C, V _o = 0.9	All	V _{o, set}		-0.8/+0.6		$\%V_{o, set}$
-40 to 85°C, V _o = 1.0	All	V _{o, set}		-0.7/+0.5		%V _{o, set}
-40 to 85°C, V _o = 1.2	All	Vo, set		-0.6/+0.4		%V _{o, set}
-40 to 85°C, V _o = 1.8	All	V _{o, set}		-0.5/+0.1		$\%V_{o, set}$
-40 to 85°C, V _o = 2.0	All	V _{o, set}		-0.6/+0.1		%V _{o, set}

Note:

The 5.5V and 3.3V Voltage rails on the module are only to be used to power Satellite units (SLX series) and pull-up resistors needed for the POL module. Use with Pull-up resistors as recommended in the datasheet. Do not use these voltage rails for any other purpose.



Electrical Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Voltage Regulation						
Line Regulation ($V_{IN}=V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$), $V_{OUT} < 0.9V$	All			0.15		%V _{o, set}
Line Regulation (V _{IN} =V _{IN, min} to V _{IN, max}), V _{OUT} ≥0.9V	All			0.06		%V _{o, set}
Load Regulation ($I_o=I_{o, min}$ to $I_{o, max}$), $V_{OUT} < 0.9V$	All			0.45		%V _{o, set}
Load Regulation (I₀=I₀, min to I₀, max), Vout ≥0.9V	All			0.2		%V _{o, set}
PMBus Adjustable Output Voltage Range	All	Vo	0.45		2.00	V _{DC}
PMBus Output Voltage Adjustment Step Size	All			3.904		mV
Remote Sense Range	All				0.5	V _{DC}
Input Ripple $(V_{IN}=V_{IN, nom} \text{ and } I_0=I_{0, min} \text{ to } I_{0, max} \text{ and } Ta=25^{\circ}C$ Cin = 8 x 1 µF 16 x 10 µF 16 x 22 µF 3 x 560 µF) Peak-to-Peak (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth) Output Ripple @580kHz $(V_{IN}=V_{IN, nom} \text{ and } I_0=I_{0, min} \text{ to } I_{0, max} \text{ and } Ta=25^{\circ}C$ Co = 4 x 0.1 µF 4 x 0.047 µF 15 x 22 µF 73 x 47 µF 6 x 470 µF)	All			106 @0.45V。 89@2V。 1.3 @0.45V。		mV _{pk-pk} mV _{pk-pk} mV _{pk-pk}
Peak-to-Peak (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth) RMS (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)	All			3.3 @2V₀ 0.8mV		mV _{pk-pk} mV _{rms}
Output Current (in source mode)	All	l		80 98		A _{DC}
Output Current Limit Inception (Hiccup Mode)	AII V _{O,set} = 0.45V _{DC}	I _{o, lim}		98 81.3		A _{DC,max}
Efficiency V _{IN} = 12V _{DC} , T _A =25°C I _O =I _{O, max} , V _O = V _{O,set}	Vo,set = 0.45Vpc Vo,set = 0.6Vpc Vo,set = 0.8Vpc Vo,set = 1.0Vpc Vo,set = 1.8Vpc Vo,set = 2.0Vpc	η		84.7% 87.7% 89.9% 93.5% 93.9%		% % % % %
Switching Frequency (Fixed)	All	f _{sw}		580		kHz

Feature Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply for all operating input voltages, resistive load and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units
On/Off Signal Interface (Negative Logic)#						
Logic High (Module OFF)						
Input High Current	All	Lін	1.97		5	uA
Input High Voltage	All	VIH	1.27		3.3	V
Logic Low (Module ON)						
Input Low Current	All	IIL I	0		5	uA
Input Low Voltage	All	VIL	Ŭ		1.42	V
Turn-On Delay and Rise Times						
$(V_{IN}=V_{IN, nom}, I_O=I_{O, max}, V_O$ to within ±1% of steady state)						
Case 1: Input power is applied for at least one second and						
then the On/Off input is enabled (delay from instant at	All	Tdelay		2.3		msec
which Von/Off is enabled until $V_o = 10\%$ of $V_{o, set}$						
Case 2: On/Off input is enabled and then input power is						
applied (delay from instant when $V_{IN} = V_{IN, min}$ until	All	Tdelay		1.0		msec
V _o = 10% of V _{o, set})						
Output voltage Rise time (time for V_{\circ} to rise from	All	Trise		11.9		msec
10% of V _{o,set} to 90% of V _{o, set})	, (1	11150		11.5		111500
Output voltage overshoot (T _A = 25°C						
$V_{IN} = V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$, $I_O = I_{O, min}$ to $I_{O, max}$)					3.4	% V _{O, set}
With or without maximum external capacitance						



Feature Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Over Temperature Protection (See Thermal Considerations section)	All	T _{ot}		125		°C
PMBus Over Temperature Warning Threshold * Input Undervoltage Lockout	All	T_{WARN}		110		°C
Turn-on Threshold	All			6.25		V _{DC}
Turn-off Threshold	All			5.75		V _{DC}
Hysteresis	All			0.5		V _{DC}
PMBus Input Under Voltage Lockout Thresholds (Do not change)	All			5.75	14	V_{DC}
Resolution of Input Under Voltage Threshold	All			250		mV
VRRDYx – PGOOD Equivalent Signal Interface Open Drain, V _{supply} ≤ 3.6V _{DC} , Recommended pull-up circuit: 10K resistor with 3.3Vsupply						
Output Low voltage (4mA Drive)	All				0.3	V
Output Leakage (Vpad = 0 to 3.6V)	All				±5	μA

* Over temperature Warning – Warning may not activate before alarm and unit may shutdown before warning.

General Specifications

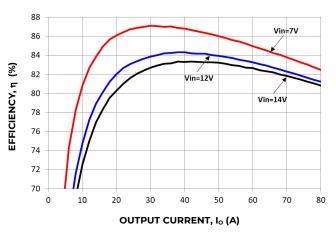
Parameter	Device	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Calculated MTBF (IO=0.8IO, max, TA=40°C)					
Telecordia Issue 4	All		46,138,175		Hours
Method 1 Case 3					
Weight			6.7 (0.236)		g (oz.)

Digital Interface Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
PMBus Signal Interface Characteristics						
Input High Voltage (SM_DAT, SM_ALERT#)		VIH	2.1		5	V
Input Low Voltage (SM_DAT, SM_ALERT#)		VIL			0.8	V
Input Leakage (SM_DAT, SM_CLK, VR_ENx)	Vpad = 0 – 3.6V	Гін	-1		1	μA
Output Low Voltage (Open-Drain Outputs – 4mA drive, SM_DAT, SM_ALERT#)	I _{out} =4mA	V _{OL}			0.3	V
Output Leakage (Open-drain outputs – 4mA drive, VRRDYx, SM_DAT, SM_ALERT#)	V _{OUT} = 0 - 3.6V	I _{он}	-5		5	μA
Pin capacitance		Co		0.7		pF
PMBus Operating frequency range		FPMB	10		1000	kHz
Measurement System Characteristics						
Output current measurement range		OUT(rng)	0	511.5		А
Output current measurement accuracy -40 to 85°C		I _{ACC}	-7		3.5	%
Output Current Resolution (settable vi a PMBus)			0.25		0.5	mA
Temperature measurement accuracy @12V _{IN} , 25° C to 85°C		T _{ACC}		8		°C
Temperature measurement resolution		T _{MEAS} (res)		1		°C
V _{IN} measurement range		V _{IN(rng)}	0		16.8	V
V _{IN} measurement accuracy		VIN, ACC		±2		%
V _{IN} measurement resolution		VIN, RES		31.25		mV
V _{out} measurement range		V _{OUT(rng)}	0		2.55	V
Vout measurement resolution		Vout(res)		4		mV
Vout measurement accuracy		Vout, acc		±2		%

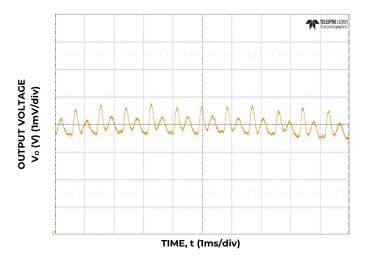


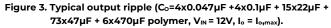
Characteristic Curves

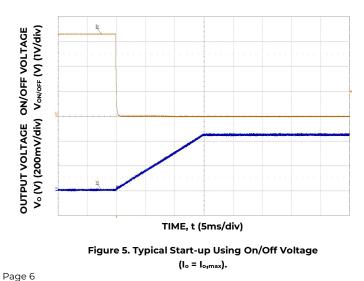


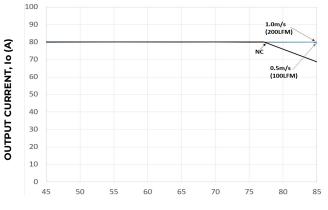
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 80A Master DLynxIII[™] module at 0.45Vo and 25°C.

Figure 1. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current.









AMBIENT TEMPERATURE, TA °C

Figure 2. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow.

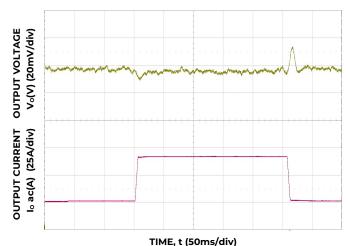
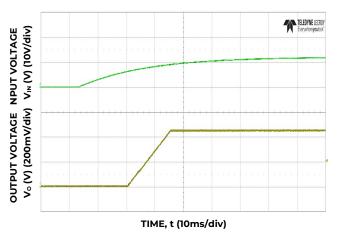
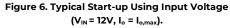


Figure 4. Trans. Resp. to 10A/µs Load Change from 25% to 75% at 12V_{IN}, Co=4x0.047µF +4x0.1µF + 15x22µF + 73x47µF + 6x470µF polymer



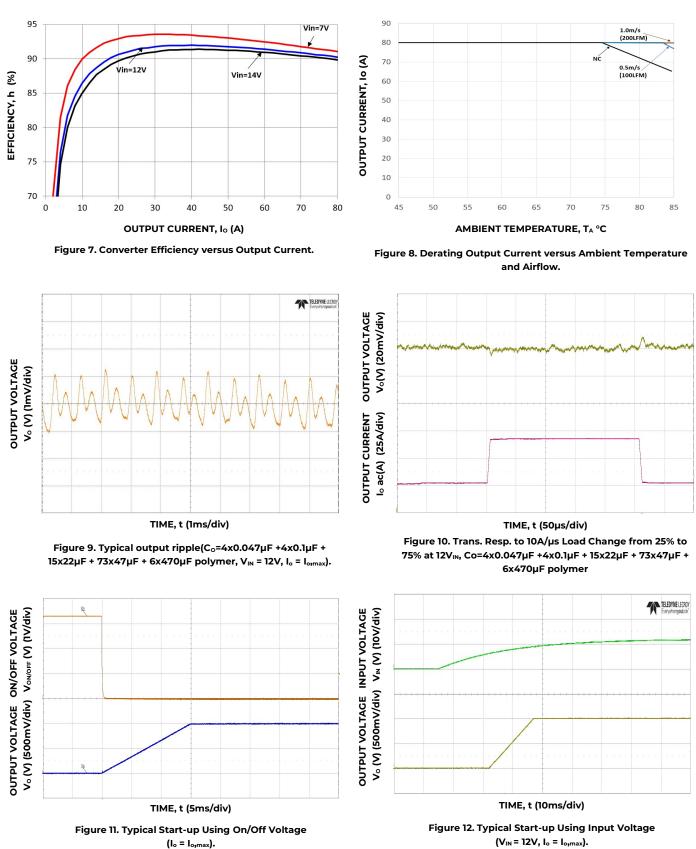


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MLX080_DS



Characteristic Curves



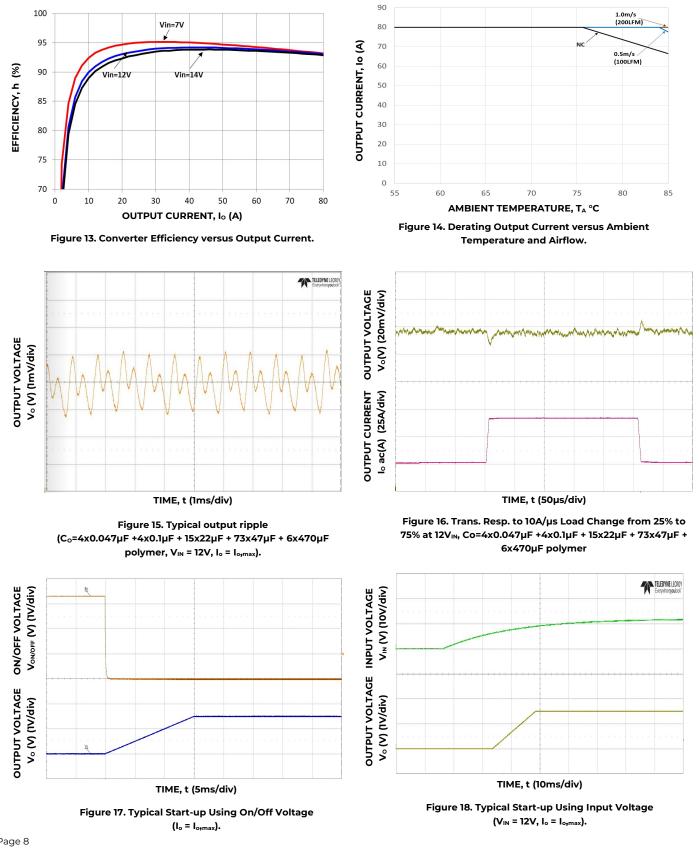
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 80A Master DLynxIII™ module at 1.0V₀ and 25°C.

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MLX080_DS



Characteristic Curves

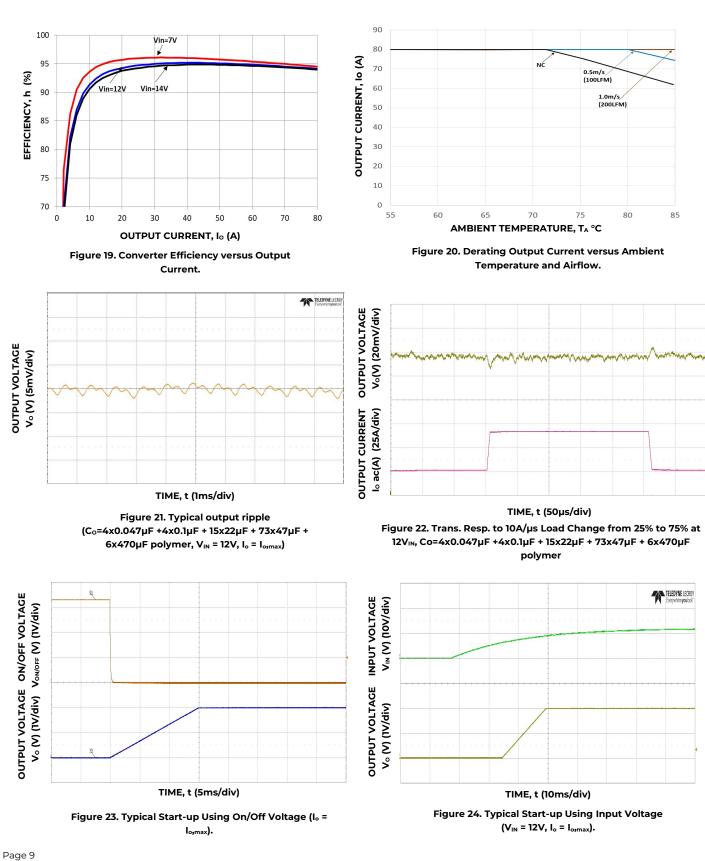


The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 80A Master DLynxIII[™] module at 1.5V₀ and 25°C

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Characteristic Curves



The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 80A Master DLynxIII[™] module at 2V₀ and 25°C.

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Design Considerations

Input Filtering

To minimize input voltage ripple, ceramic capacitors are recommended at the input of the module. Figure 25 shows the input ripple voltage for various output voltages at 100% of load current with different input capacitor combinations to achieve 1.5 % and lower input ripple. Since voltage used was $12V_{IN}$, all the curves stayed below the 180mV(1.5%)threshold.

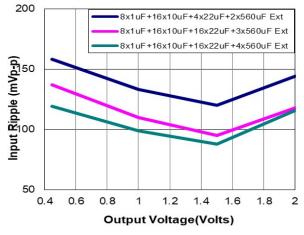


Figure 25. Input ripple voltage for various output voltages with three input capacitor combinations at full load. Input voltage is 12V.

These caps were placed at the bottom of the board and directly under each of the phases as shown in the layout of the evaluation board (Fig. 31). Each phase had a minimum of 2x1uF and 3x10uF closest to the pins.

Output Filtering

These modules are designed for low output ripple voltage and will meet stringent output ripple

Figure 26 provides output ripple information various output voltages and full load current for different levels of capacitance. Ceramic capacitance will reduce output ripple and improve the transient performance of the module.

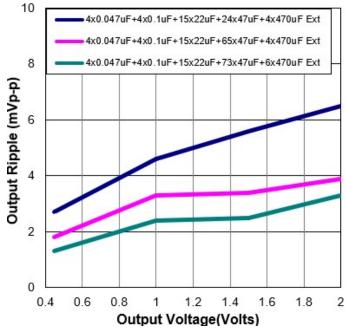


Figure 26. Peak to peak output ripple voltage for various output voltages with external capacitors at the output (80A load). Input voltage is 12V.

Transient Testing

Module performance for different transient conditions at rated output capacitance.

Kp=42, Ki=22,Kd=58,Kpole1=5,Kpole2=7 for above tests.

Voltage Rail (volts)	Step Load (%) of full Ioad	Load Slew Rate (A/µsec)	ΔV Variation (%)
0.45V	50	10	-2.48% to 3.04%
1.0V	50	10	-0.57% to 0.86%
1.5V	50	10	-0.91% to 0.3%
2V	50	10	-0.72% to 0.21%



Safety Considerations

For safety agency approval, the power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-use safety agency standards, i.e., UL* 62368-1, 3rd Ed. Recognized, and VDE (EN62368-1, 3nd Ed.) Licensed.

For the converter output to be considered meeting the requirements of safety extra-low voltage (SELV) or ESI, the input must meet SELV/ESI requirements. The power module has extra low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

The MLX080A0X model was tested using an external Littelfuse 456 series fast-acting fuse rated at 40A, 100Vdc in the ungrounded input. The maximum hot spot temperature, measured on IC200/C202 shall not exceed 120/115°C.

Remote On/Off

The MLX080 module can be turned ON and OFF either by using the ON/OFF pin (Analog interface) or through the PMBus interface (Digital). The module can be configured in a number of ways through the PMBus interface to react to the ON/OFF input:

- Module ON/OFF can controlled only through the analog interface (digital interface ON/OFF commands are ignored).
- Module ON/OFF can controlled only through the PMBus interface (analog interface is ignored).
- Module ON/OFF can be controlled by either the analog or digital interface.

The default state of the module (as shipped from the factory) is to be controlled by the PMBus interface and analog interface. Module control through the digital interface must be made through PMBus. These changes can be made and written to non-volatile memory on the module so that it is remembered for subsequent use.

The ON/OFF pin should not be left floating and must be pulled either high or low .

Digital On/Off

Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

Monotonic Start-up and Shutdown

The module has monotonic start-up and shutdown behavior on the output for any combination of rated input voltage, output current, and operating temperature range.

Startup into Pre-biased Output

The module will start into a pre biased output on output as long as the pre bias voltage is 15% less than the set output voltage.

Remote Sense

The power module has a differential Remote Sense feature to minimize the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage between the sense pins (VS+ and VS-) for the output. The voltage drop between the sense pins and the VOUT and GND pins of the module should not exceed 100mV.



Overcurrent Protection (OCP)

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry on the output and can endure current limiting continuously. The module's overcurrent response is to hiccup forever. OCP response can be changed with a PMBus command.

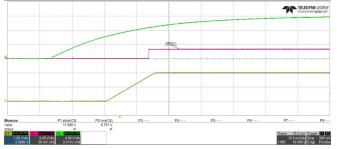
Overtemperature Protection

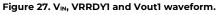
To provide protection in a fault condition, the unit has a thermal shutdown circuit. The unit will shut down if the overtemperature threshold of 125°C (typ) is exceeded at the thermal reference point Tref. Once the unit goes into thermal shutdown, it will wait to cool down to 97% of set limit before attempting to restart.

Power Good

Power good needs external pull up resistor. The pins are called VRRDY1 and VRRDY2 (loop1/loop2) and their thresholds are specified via PMbus.

An example of Power Good / VRRDY behavior is shown below. The top green waveform is the slowly rising input voltage and the bottom brown waveform is the output voltage. As soon as the output voltage crosses the VRRDY1 threshold, the pin is pulled high as seen in the scope capture.





Start-up procedure

ON/OFF

The MLX080A0XY3-SRZ is a programmable ON/OFF logic power module. The default state of the module is Negative Logic The module is ON when the ON/OFF pin is at "logic low" state, and OFF when it is at a "logic high" state. Positive ON/OFF logic can be implemented through PMBus control. The module could be turned ON and OFF from an external enable signal or by the OPERATION **0x01** command. Desired behavior is set by ON_OFF_CONFIG **0x02** command. Page 12 © 2025 OmniOn Power Inc. All rights reserved.

Input overvoltage and undervoltage protections

The input overvoltage and undervoltage protections prevent the MLX080A0XY3-SRZ from operating when the input is above or falls below preset thresholds.

Customers are strongly advised not to increase the preset input overvoltage limit or decrease input undervoltage limit as it may result in compromising product safety. This is a violation of the module's absolute maximum and minimum ratings which will void the product warranty.

The input overvoltage and undervoltage protections could be adjusted by the following commands:

VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE **0x56**, VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT **0x55** and VIN_UV_WARN_LIMIT **0x58**.

See commands description for more details.

Output overvoltage and undervoltage protections

The MLX080A0XY3-SRZ offers an internal output overvoltage protection circuit that can be used to protect sensitive load circuitry from being subjected to a voltage higher than its prescribed limits.

The MLX080A0XY3-SRZ overvoltage and undervoltage behavior can be configured through the following commands:

VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE <u>0x41</u>, VOUT_UV_FAULT_RESPON SE <u>0x45</u>, VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT <u>0x40</u>, VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT <u>0x42</u>, VOUT_UV_WARN_LIMIT <u>0x43</u>, and VOUT_UV_FAULT_LIMIT <u>0x44</u>.

See Application note for more details.

Output overcurrent protection

Output overcurrent protection prevent excessive forward current through the module and the load during abnormal operation. Overcurrent protection is cycle-by-cycle in nature. This is managed by IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT <u>0x46</u>.

Customers are strongly advised not to increase the preset output overcurrent limits or decrease output undercurrent limits as it may result in compromising product safety. This is a violation of the module's absolute maximum and minimum ratings which will void the product warranty.



The output overcurrent warning limits and fault response is managed by the following commands:

Overtemperature protection

IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT <u>0x4A</u>, IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE <u>0X47</u>.

The MLX080A0XY3-SRZ overtemperature protection ensures that the temperature inside the module is below all the components' temperature maximum limit.

The overtemperature protections are managed by the following commands: OT_FAULT_RESPONSE **0x50**, OT_WARN_LIMIT **0x51**. See commands description for more details.

Monitoring through SMBAlert or SALERT pin

The MLX080A0XY3-SRZ controller can report fault conditions by changing the state of the SMBALERT pin, which is asserted when any number of preconfigured fault conditions occur. The module can also be monitored continuously for any number of power conversion parameters. Some of most useful fault monitoring commands are: STATUS_BYTE **0x78**, STATUS_WORD **0x79**, STATUS_VOUT **0x7A**, STATUS_IOUT **0x7B**, STATUS_INPUT **0x7C**, STATUS_TEMPERATURE **0x7D**.

Control loop tuning

The heart of MLX080A0XY3-SRZ is a fully digital controller IC with state-of-the-art PID Control. By default, this control loop is stable for minimum recommended output capacitance and loads. However, it may be further tuned to achieve higher performance under more specific application requirements. Since the control scheme is digital from end to end, there is no dependence upon external compensation networks. This simplifies the design process by removing such considerations as temperature and process variation of passive components. Control parameters are set through the <u>0xD0</u> PMBus command

Non-volatile memory management

The MLX080A0XY3-SRZ has internal non-volatile memory where the module's configurations are stored.

During the initialization process, the MLX080A0XY3-SRZ checks for stored values contained in its internal non-volatile memory. The MLX080 offers up to 24 writes to configure basic module parameters such as output voltage setpoint, fault operation settings, etc. It also allows loading of pre-installed configuration file from up to 15 options to help set multiple MLX modules powering different rails on a common PMBus.

Layout considerations

The evaluation board layout and schematic files are available for interested users. These can be downloaded through the webpage or by contacting OmniOn through the web request or helpline.



Digital Compensator

The MLX080 module uses digital control to regulate the output voltage. As with all POL modules, external capacitors are usually added to the output of the module for two reasons: to reduce output ripple and noise and to reduce output voltage deviations from the steady-state value in the presence of dynamic load current changes.

The MLX080 comes with default compensation values programmed into the non-volatile memory of the module. These digital compensation values can be adjusted externally to optimize transient response and ensure stability for a wide range of external capacitance, and with different types of output capacitance.

Table 1

Output Capacitors	KPole1	KPole2	Кр	Ki	Kd
15x22uF + 24x47uF + 4x470uF	5	7	42	22	58
15x22uF + 65x47uF + 4x470uF	5	7	42	22	58
15x22uF + 73x47uF + 6x470uF	5	7	42	22	58

Power Module Wizard

Designers can access a free, web-based, easy to use tool that helps users simulate and tune the MLX080A0XY3-SRZ feedback loop parameters. Go to **omnionpower.com** and sign up for a free account to use the module selector tool. The tool also offers online Simplis/Simetrix models that can be used to assess transient performance, module stability, etc.

Digital Power Insight (DPI)

DPI is a software tool that helps users evaluate and simulate the PMBus performance of the MLX080A0XY3A modules without the need to write software. The software can be downloaded for free from our webpage. A USB to I²C adapter and associated cable set are required for proper functioning of the software suite. For first time users, we recommend using the DPI Evaluation Kit, which can be purchased from any of the leading distributors. Please ensure that the USB to I²C adapter being used/purchased is Version 2.2 or higher. Part Numbers are available in the last few pages of this datasheet



PMBus use guidelines

An I²C or PMBus interface is used to communicate with the module. These two-wire serial interfaces consist of clock and data signals, and operate as fast as 1 MHz with proper signal integrity. 400kHz is the typical operating frequency. The bus provides read and write access to the internal registers for configuration and monitoring of operating parameters. The bus is also used to program on-chip non-volatile memory (MTP) to store operating parameters. To ensure operation with multiple devices on the bus, an exclusive address for the module is programmed into MTP. To protect customer configuration and information, the I²C interface can be configured for either limited access or locked with a I6-bit software password. Limited access includes both write and read protection options. In addition, there is a telemetry-only mode which only allows reads from the telemetry registers. The module supports the Packet Error Checking (PEC) protocol and a number of PMBus commands to monitor voltages and currents.

PMBus data format

Linear-11

The L11 data format uses 5-bit two's complement exponent (N) and 11-bit two's complement mantissa (Y) to represent a real world decimal value (X). The formula to calculate the real world decimal value is: $X = Y \cdot 2^{N}$.

Linear-16

The L16u data format uses a fixed exponent (hard-coded to N = -xxh) and a 16-bit unsigned integer mantissa (Y) to represent real world decimal value (X). The formula to calculate the real world decimal value is: $X = Y \cdot 2^{-xx}$.

Linear-16 Signed

The L16s data format uses a fixed exponent (hard-coded to N = -xxh) and a 16-bit two's complement mantissa (Y) to represent real world decimal value (X). The formula to calculate the real world decimal value is: $X = Y \cdot 2^{-xx}$.

Bit Field

A description of the Bit Field format is provided in each command details.

Custom

A description of the Custom data format is provided in each command details. A combination of Bit Field and integer are common type of Custom data format.

ASCII (ASC)

A variable length string of text characters in the ASCII data format.

PMBus Addressing

The power module is addressed through the PMBus using a device address. The default module address is <u>0x40</u>. The module supports 15 possible offset addresses (0x40 to 0x55). If multiple modules are used on the same bus, user must power up each module individually, change the module address, and then move on to the next module to repeat the process. If this is not possible, a pre-defined resistor can be connected to the PROG pin to provide an offset to the default address yielding a different address for each module on the same bus as described later in this document.



PMBus Addressing

The module simultaneously supports I²C and PMBus through the use of exclusive addressing. By using a 7-bit address, the user can configure the device to any one of I27 different I²C/PMBus addresses. Once the address of is set, it can be locked to protect it from being overridden. Optionally, a resistor can be tied to the PROG pin to generate an offset as shown in Table below (note that a 0.01 μ F capacitor is required across the resistor). The base I2C address is **0x10** and Base PMBus address Is **0x40**. For default programmed devices, the I2C/PMBus address can be temporarily forced to **0x0A** for I²C and **0x0D** for PMBus by driving the PROG pin high (3.3 V).

The module supports 15 possible offset addresses (**0x40** to **0x55**) through resistor connection to the PROG pin. If multiple modules are used on the same bus without different PROG pin resistors, user must power up each module individually, change the module address and then move on to the next module and repeat the process. (See Quick Start Process in this datasheet). **0xD0** sub-commands are used to set and lock PMBus address and offset.

Example for 3 MLX modules on the same PMBus channel. Select a 0.845K ohm resistor on program pin of module 1, 1.3kohm resistor on module 2 and a 1.78kohm resistor on module 3.

This results in:

Module 1 : I2C address is 10h+0h=10h, PMBus address is 40h+0h=40h

Module 2 : I2C address is 10h+1h=11h, PMBus address is 40h+1h=41h

Module 3 : I2C address is 10h+2h=12h, PMBus address is 40h+2h=42h

PROG RESISTOR	I2C Address Offset
0.845kΩ	+0
1.3kΩ	+1
1.78kΩ	+2
2.32kΩ	+3
2.87kΩ	+4
3.48kΩ	+5
4.12kΩ	+6
4.75kΩ	+7
5.49kΩ	+8
6.19kΩ	+9
6.98kΩ	+10
7.87kΩ	+11
8.87kΩ	+12
10.00kΩ	+13
11.00kΩ	+14
12.10kΩ	+15



Summary of Supported PMBus Commands

This section provides a summary of the MLX080A0XY3 commands followed by their detailed description. The commands are outlined in the order of increasing command codes. Since there are 2 Loops, the commands are presented for each Loop for completeness.

Table 2 - LOOP 1 / OUTPUT 1 Commands

PMBUS CMD	CMD CODE	DATA BYTES	DATA FORMAT	DATA UNITS	TRANSFER TYPE	DEFAULT VALUE	MIN/MAX VALUES or RANGE
PAGE	0x00	1	bit field		R/W	00	01 / FF
OPERATION	<u>0x01</u>	1	bit field		R/W	80	00/40/80/94/98/A4/ A8
ON_OFF_CONFIG	0x02	1	bit field		R/W	1C	02/14/15/ <u>16/17/</u> 18/1C/1D
CLEAR_FAULTS	0x03	0			W		/IE/IF
WRITE_PROTECT	0x10	ĩ	Bit field		Ŵ	0x00	
RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	0x12	0			W		
STORE_USER_ALL	<u>0x15</u>	0			W	CAN USE ONLY 24 TIMES	
RESTORE_USER_ALL	0x16	0			W	24 111123	
CAPABILITY	0x19	1	bit field		R	0xB0	
SMBALERT_MASK	0x1B	2	Bit field		R/W	000100000100	
VOUT_MODE	<u>0x20</u>	1	mode + exp		R/W	0x18 (-8 Exponent)	-8, -9 , -12
VOUT_COMMAND	<u>0x21</u>	2	16-bit linear	V	R/W	0073 (0.449V)	0.45 –2.0
VOUT_TRIM	0x22	2	16-bit	V	R/W*	0.000V	-2 to 2
VOUT_MAX	0x24	2	linear 16-bit	V	R/W	021A (2.102V)	0.45 to 2.102
VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH	0x25	2	linear 16-bit	V	R/W*	0000	0 to 2.102
VOUT_MARGIN_LOW	0x26	2	linear 16-bit	V	R/W⁺	0000	0 to 2.102
			linear				
VOUT_TRANSITION_RATE	<u>0x27</u>	2	11-bit linear	V/ms	R/W	0xE808 (1mV/µs)	0 to 127.875mV/usec
VOUT_DROOP VOUT MIN	0x28 0x2B	2	11-bit linear 11-bit linear	V	R/W R/W	0000 0040 (0.25V)	0 to 9.98mΩ 0 to 2.102
FREQUENCY_SWITCH	0x2B	2	11-bit linear	kHz	R/W R/W	0040 (0.25V) 0244 (580kHz)	0 to 2.102
				КПД		0244 (S60KHZ) 0x0003	
POWER_MODE	<u>0x34</u>	2	bit field		R/W	(Max Power)	0, 3, 4, 5
VIN_ON	0x35	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	F019 (6.25)	6.25-14
VIN_OFF	0x36	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	F017 (5.75)	5.75-14
IOUT_CAL_GAIN	<u>0x38</u>	2	11-bit linear	mΩ	R/W	Vary	
IOUT_CAL_OFFSET	<u>0x39</u>	2	11-bit linear	A	R/W	Vary	
VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	<u>0x40</u>	2	16-bit linear	V	R/W	010D (1.051V)	0.45-2.102
VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPO NSE	<u>0x41</u>	1	bit field		R/W	80 (Shutdown)	Ignore (00), Sdown (80)
VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT	<u>0x42</u>	2	16-bit linear	V	R/W	0200 (2.000)	0.45-2.102
VOUT_UV_WARN_LIMIT	<u>0x43</u>	2	16-bit linear	V	R/W	0073 (0.449)	0.45-2.102
VOUT_UV_FAULT_LIMIT	<u>0x44</u>	2	16-bit linear	V	R	009A (0.602)	50mV to 400mV from Vout
VOUT_UV_FAULT_RESPO	<u>0x45</u>	1	bit field		R/W	80 (shutdown)	Ignore (00), Sdown (80)
IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	<u>0x46</u>	2	11-bit linear	А	R/W	082F (94)	0 to 510
IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPO NSE	0x47	1	Bit field		r/W	F8 (Hiccup forever)	Sdown(C0), hiccup 6 then Sdown (F0),(F8)
IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT	0x4A	2	11-bit linear	А	R/W	0823 (70)	0 to 510
OT_FAULT_LIMIT	0x4F	2	11-bit linear	°C	R/W	007D (125)	0 to 255
OT_FAULT_RESPONSE	<u>0x50</u>	1	bit field		R/W	C0 (Autorestart)	lgnore (00), Sdown (80), (C0)
OT_WARN_LIMIT	0x51	2	11-bit linear	°C	R/W	006E (110)	64 to 255
VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	0x55	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	E0E9 (14.563)	0 to 63.9375
VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPON	<u>0x56</u>	1	bit field		R/W	80 (Shutdown)	Ignore (00), Sdown (80)
VIN_UV_WARN_LIMIT	0x58	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	E068 (6.5)	0 to 63.9375
	0x5D	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	F828 (20)	0 to 127.5
POWER_GOOD_ON	0x5E	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	0065 (0.395)	0.395 to 2.102
POWER_GOOD_OFF	0x5F	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	0065 (0.395)	0.395 to 2.102

* Cannot be stored in NVM. Module will accept Write command but will not transfer to NVM when STORE_USER_ALL is used

+ Cannot be stored in NVM. Module will hold any written value till power cycle. Cannot use RESTORE_USER_ALL to revert to default value

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Table 2 - LOOP 1 / OUTPUT 1 Commands (continued)

PMBUS CMD	CMD CODE	DATA BYTES	DATA FORMAT	DATA UNITS	TRANSFER TYPE	DEFAULT VALUE	MIN/MAX VALUES or RANGE
TON_DELAY	<u>0x60</u>	2	11-bit linear	ms	R/W	F800 (0)	O to 63.5
TON_RISE	<u>0x61</u>	2	11-bit linear	ms	R/W	F03C (15)	0 to 31.75
TON_MAX_FAULT_LIMIT	0x62	2	11-bit linear	ms	R/W	F000 (0)	0 to 31.75
TON_MAX_FAULT_RESPONSE	0x63	1	11-bit linear	ms	R/W	00 (Ignore)	lgnore (00), Sdown(80)
TOFF_DELAY	0x64	2	11-bit linear	ms	R/W	Oms	0 to 63.5
TOFF_FALL	0x65	2	11-bit linear	ms	R/W	F03C (15)	0 to 31.75
POUT_OP_WARN_LIMIT	0x6A	2	16-bit linear	Watts	R/W	01FF (511)	
POUT_OP_WARN_LIMIT	0x6B	2	16-bit linear	Watts	R/W	01FF (511)	
STATUS_BYTE	0x0B	1	bit field	vvatts	R	Varies (03)	
STATUS_WORD	0x79	2	bit field		R	Varies (A003)	
STATUS_VOUT	0x7A	1	bit field		R	Varies (20)	
STATUS_IOUT	0x7B	1	bit field		R	Varies (00)	
STATUS_INPUT	<u>0x7C</u>	1	bit field		R	Varies (20)	
STATUS_TEMPERATURE	0x7D	1	bit field		R	Varies (00)	
STATUS_CML	<u>0x7E</u>	1	bit field		R	Varies (02)	
STATUS_MFR_SPECIFIC	0x80	1	bit field		R	Varies (02) Varies (00)	
READ_VIN	0x88	2	11-bit linear	V	R	Varies	
READ_VIN READ_IIN	<u>0x89</u>	2	11-bit linear	A	R	Varies, 63.9A max register	
 READ_VOUT	0x8B	2	11-bit linear	V	R	limit Varies	
READ_IOUT	0x8C	2	11-bit linear	A	R	Varies	
READ_TEMPERATURE_1	0x8D	2	11-bit linear	°C	R	Varies	
READ_DUTY_CYCLE	<u>0x94</u>	2	11-bit linear	%	R	Varies	
READ_POUT	0x96	2	11-bit linear	W	R	Varies	
READ PIN	0x97	2	11-bit linear	W	R	Varies	
PMBUS_REVISION	0x98	1	bit field		R	33	
MFR_ID	0x99	2	bit field		R	4952	
MFR_MODEL	0x9A	2	bit field		R	0050	
MFR_REVISION	0x9B	2	bit field		R	Varies (0012)	
MFR_DATE	0x9D	2	bit field		R	Varies	
IC_DEVICE_ID	0xAD	1	bit field		R	6C	
IC_DEVICE_REV	OxAE	1	bit field		R	01	
MFR_READ_VAUX	0xC4	32	bit field	V	R/W	Varies	
MFR_VIN_PEAK	0xC5	32	bit field	V	R/W	Varies	
MFR_VOUT_PEAK	0xC6	32	bit field	V	R/W	Varies	
MFR_IOUT_PEAK	0xC7	2	bit field	А	R/W	Varies	
MFR_TEMP_PEAK	0xC8	2	bit field	C	R/W	Varies	
 MFR_VIN_VALLEY	0xC9	2	bit field	V	R/W	Varies	
MFR_VOUT_VALLEY	0xCA	2	bit field	V	R/W	Varies	
MFR_IOUT_VALLEY	0xCB	2	bit field	A	R/W	Varies	
MFR_TEMP_VALLEY	0xCC	2	bit field	C	R/W	Varies	
 MFR_REG_ADDRESS	0xD0	7	bit field		R-2/W-5*	Varies	
MFR_I ² C_ADDRESS	0xD6	7	bit field		R/W	10 (10)	

*R-2/W-5 refers to the number of data bytes in the command, 5 data bytes for a Write and 2 data bytes for a Read Page 18



Table 3 - LOOP 2 / OUTPUT 2 – USE ONLY WHEN SATELLITE IS USED

PMBUS CMD	CMD CODE	DATA BYTES	DATA FORMAT	DATA UNITS	TRANS FER TYPE	DEFAULT VALUE	MIN/MAX VALUES or RANGE
PAGE	0x01	1	bit field		R/W	01	01/FF
OPERATION	<u>0x01</u>	1	bit field		R/W	80	00/40/80/94/98/ A4/A8
ON_OFF_CONFIG	<u>0x02</u>	1	bit field		R/W	1C	02/14/15/16/17/18/1 C/1D/1E/1F
CLEAR_FAULTS	<u>0x03</u>	0			W		
WRITE_PROTECT	<u>0x10</u>	1	Bit field		W	0x00	
RESTORE_DEFAULT_AL	<u>0x12</u>	0			W		
STORE_USER_ALL	<u>0x15</u>	0			W		
RESTORE_USER_ALL	<u>0x16</u>	0			W		
	<u>0x19</u>		bit field		R	0xB4	
SMBALERT_MASK	0x1B	2	Bit field		R/W	000100000100 0x18 (-8	
VOUT_MODE	<u>0x20</u>	1	mode + exp		R/W	Exponent)	-8,-9,-12
	<u>0x21</u>	2	16-bit linear	V	R/W	0073 (0.449V)	0.45 - 2.0
	<u>0x22</u> 0x24	2	16-bit linear	V	R/W*	0.000V 021A (2.102V)	-2 to 2
VOUT_MAX VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH	0x24 0x25	2	16-bit linear 16-bit linear	V	R/W R/W⁺	021A (2.102V)	0.45 to 2.102 0 to 2.102
VOUT_MARGIN_LOW	0x25 0x26	2	16-bit linear	V	R/W*	0000	0 to 2.102
VOUT_MARGIN_LOW VOUT_TRANSITION_RA TE	0x20	2	11-bit linear	v V/ms	R/W	0xE808 (1mV/µs)	0 to 127.875mV/
VOUT_DROOP	0x28	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	0000	usec 0 to 9.98mΩ
	0x28	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	0040 (0.25V)	0 to 2.102
FREQUENCY_SWITCH	0x33	2	11-bit linear	• kHz	R/W	0244 (580kHz)	0 10 2.102
POWER_MODE	<u>0x34</u>	2	bit field	THE	R/W	0x0003 (Max Power)	0, 3, 4, 5
VIN_ON	0x35	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	F019 (6.25)	6.25-14
VIN_OFF	0x36	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	F017 (5.75)	5.75-14
IOUT_CAL_GAIN	0x38	2	11-bit linear	mΩ	R/W	Vary	
IOUT_CAL_OFFSET	0x39	2	11-bit linear	A	R/W	Vary	
VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	<u>0x40</u>	2	16-bit linear	V	R/W	010D (1.051V)	0.45-2.102
VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESP ONSE	<u>0x41</u>	1	bit field		R/W	80 (Shutdown)	lgnore (00), Sdown(80)
VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT	<u>0x42</u>	2	16-bit linear	V	R/W	0200 (2.000)	0.45-2.102
VOUT_UV_WARN_LIMIT	<u>0x43</u>	2	16-bit linear	V	R/W	0073 (0.449)	0.45-2.102
VOUT_UV_FAULT_LIMIT	<u>0x44</u>	2	16-bit linear	V	R	009A (0.602)	50mV to 400mV from Vout
VOUT_UV_FAULT_RESP ONSE	<u>0x45</u>	1	bit field		R/W	80 (shutdown)	lgnore (00), Sdown(80)
IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	<u>0x46</u>	2	11-bit linear	A	R/W	081A (52)	0 to 510
IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESP ONSE	0x47	1	Bit field		r/W	F8 (Hiccup forever)	Sdown(CO), hiccup 6 then Sdown (FO),(F8)
IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT	<u>0x4A</u>	2	11-bit linear	A °C	R/W	0812 (36)	0 to 510
OT_FAULT_LIMIT	<u>0x4F</u>	2	11-bit linear	°C	R/W	007D (125)	0 to 255
OT_FAULT_RESPONSE	<u>0x50</u>	1	bit field		R/W	C0 (Autorestart)	lgnore (00), Sdown(80), (C0)
OT_WARN_LIMIT	<u>0x51</u>	2	11-bit linear	°C	R/W	006E (110)	64 to 255
VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	<u>0x55</u>	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	E0E9 (14.563)	0 to 63.9375
VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPO	<u>0x56</u>	1	bit field		R/W	80 (Shutdown)	lgnore (00), Sdown(80)
VIN_UV_WARN_LIMIT	<u>0x58</u>	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	E068 (6.5)	0 to 63.9375
IIN_OC_WARN_LIMIT	0x5D	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	F852 (41)	0 to 127.5
POWER_GOOD_ON	<u>0x5E</u>	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	0065 (0.395)	0.395 to 2.102
POWER_GOOD_OFF	0x5F	2	11-bit linear	V	R/W	0065 (0.395)	0.395 to 2.102
TON_DELAY	<u>0x60</u>	2	11-bit linear	ms	R/W	F800 (0)	O to 63.5
TON_RISE TON_MAX_FAULT_LIMI	<u>0x61</u> 0x62	2	11-bit linear 11-bit linear	ms ms	R/W R/W	F03C (15) F000 (0)	0 to 31.75 0 to 31.75
TON_MAX_FAULT_RES	0x62	1	11-bit linear	ms	R/W	00 (Ignore)	Ignore (00),
PONSE		-				,	Sdown(80)
TOFF_DELAY	<u>0x64</u>	2	11-bit linear	ms	R/W	0ms	0 to 63.5
TOFF_FALL	<u>0x65</u>		11-bit linear	ms	R/W	F800 (0)	0 to 31.75

+ Cannot be stored in NVM. Module will hold any written value till power cycle. Cannot use RESTORE_USER_ALL to revert to default value

* Cannot be stored in NVM. Module will accept Write command but will not transfer to NVM when STORE_USER_ALL is used

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Table 3 - LOOP 2 / OUTPUT 2 – USE ONLY WHEN SATELLITE IS USED (continued)

	CMD	DATA	DATA	DATA	TRANSFER	
PMBUS CMD	CODE	BYTES	FORMAT	UNITS	TYPE	DEFAULT VALUE
POUT_OP_WARN_LIMIT	0x6A	2	16-bit linear	Watts	R/W	01FF (511)
PIN_OP_WARN_LIMIT	0x6B	2	16-bit linear	Watts	R/W	01FF (511)
STATUS_BYTE	<u>0x78</u>	1	bit field		R	Varies (03)
STATUS_WORD	<u>0x79</u>	2	bit field		R	Varies (A003)
STATUS_VOUT	0x7A	1	bit field		R	Varies (20)
STATUS_IOUT	0x7B	1	bit field		R	Varies (00)
STATUS_INPUT	0x7C	1	bit field		R	Varies (20)
STATUS_TEMPERATURE	<u>0x7D</u>	1	bit field		R	Varies (00)
STATUS_CML	<u>0x7E</u>	1	bit field		R	Varies (02)
STATUS_MFR_SPECIFIC	<u>0x80</u>	1	bit field		R	Varies (00)
READ_VIN	<u>0x88</u>	2	11-bit linear	V	R	Varies
READ_IIN	0x89	2	11-bit linear	А	R	Varies, 63.9A max
	0.000					register limit
READ_VOUT	<u>0x8B</u>	2	11-bit linear	V	R	Varies
READ_IOUT	<u>0x8C</u>	2	11-bit linear	А	R	Varies
READ_TEMPERATURE_1	<u>0x8D</u>	2	11-bit linear	°C	R	Varies
READ_DUTY_CYCLE	<u>0x94</u>	2	11-bit linear	%	R	Varies
READ_POUT	<u>0x96</u>	2	11-bit linear	W	R	Varies
READ_PIN	<u>0x97</u>	2	11-bit linear	W	R	Varies
PMBUS_REVISION	<u>0x98</u>	1	bit field		R	33
MFR_ID	0x99	2	bit field		R/W	4952
MFR_MODEL	0x9A	2	bit field		R/W	0050
MFR_REVISION	0x9B	2	bit field		R/W	Varies (0012)
MFR_DATE	0x9D	2	bit field		R/W	Varies
IC_DEVICE_ID	0xAD	1	bit field		R	6C
IC_DEVICE_REV	OxAE	1	bit field		R	01
MFR_READ_VAUX	0xC4	32	bit field	V	R/W	Varies
MFR_VIN_PEAK	0xC5	32	bit field	V	R/W	Varies
MFR_VOUT_PEAK	0xC6	32	bit field	V	R/W	Varies
MFR_IOUT_PEAK	0xC7	2	bit field	A	R/W	Varies
MFR_TEMP_PEAK	0xC8	2	bit field	C	R/W	Varies
MFR_VIN_VALLEY	0xC9	2	bit field	V	R/W	Varies
MFR_VOUT_VALLEY	0xCA	2	bit field	V	R/W	Varies
MFR_IOUT_VALLEY	0xCB	2	bit field	Å	R/W	Varies
MFR_TEMP_VALLEY	0xCC	2	bit field	C	R/W	Varies
MFR_REG_ACCESS	0xD0	7	bit field		R-2/W-5	Varies
MFR_I ² C_ADDRESS	0xD6	7	bit field		R/W	10 (10)
		,			1.4 **	
L	I					



Quick Start process—Single MLX080 on PMBus with external ENABLE

- 1. Keep VR_EN pulled High to keep Output OFF.
- 2. Power up module
- Configure required output voltage through PAGE
 <u>0x00</u> and VOUT_COMMAND <u>0x21</u>
- 3. Configure the following if needed
- VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE 0x41
- VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT **0x40**
- VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT 0x42

4. If Module has to be turned on using ON/OFF command use ON_OFF_CONFIG **<u>0x02</u>** to change setting

5. If Changes are final and Configuration has to be stored in NVM use, STORE_USER_ALL **<u>0x15.</u>**

• Pull VR_EN low to turn on module output.

Quick Start process—Single MLX080 on PMBus with no external ENABLE control and two level voltage setup

- 1. VR_EN is tied to GND as instructed in this document
- 2. Power up module.
- 3. Module will start-up to 0.45V
- Configure required output voltage through PAGE
 <u>0x00</u> and VOUT_COMMAND <u>0x21</u>
- 5. Configure the following if needed
- VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE <u>0x41</u>
- VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT **0x40**
- VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT 0x42

6. If Module has to be turned on using ON/OFF command use ON_OFF_CONFIG **<u>0x02</u>** to change setting

7. If Changes are final and Configuration has to be stored in NVM use, STORE_USER_ALL **<u>0x15.</u>**

red in NVM use, STORE_USER_ALL **0x15.**

Quick Start process—Single MLX080 on PMBus with no external ENABLE control and needing output voltage other than 0.45V at start-up

- VR_EN is pulled upto 3.3V. 3.3V Source from module can be used with 10K resistor pull-up. This will keep Output Off when module is powered ON
- 2. Power up module.
- Configure required output voltage through PAGE
 <u>0x00</u> and VOUT_COMMAND <u>0x21</u>
- 4. Configure the following if needed
- VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE <u>0x41</u>
- VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT **0x40**
- VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT <u>0x42.</u>

5. Configure OPERATION command to OFF (**Dx00**) instead of the always ON(**Dx80**) if ON/OFF control is desired through PMBus or else module will start up whenever Module receives input power in the future.

6. Configure ON_OFF_CONFIG **<u>0x02</u>** to change setting to **<u>0x18</u>** which will turn on or off module whenever commanded through the OPERATION COMMAND and ignore the ENABLE Pin.

7. If OPERATION COMMAND has been left at Always ON then module will turn on unless the OPERATION COMMAND was previously changed to OFF

8. If Changes are final and Configuration has to be stored in NVM use, STORE_USER_ALL **<u>0x15.</u>**

9. Issue ON Command through OPERATION COMMAND (if it was previously set to OFF) to turn on module OUTPUT.



Example for 3 modules on same PMBus Channel

Quick Start process—Multiple MLX modules on same PMBus, same fixed offset resistor— 0.845kΩ

Command Name and ex- planation in parenthesis	Address Offset	Applica- tion: Common, Loop1 or Loop2	Description, Range	De- fault Value	
I²C_device_addr	1				
(Sets the I2C device ad- dress. If set to 0, the I2C interface is effectively disa- bled. In test mode, the chip also accepts a default value of 0x14. Locked by register 12c_pmb_addr_lock)	D0 0020 [14:8]	соммон	Sets the I ² C device address. If set to 0, the I ² C interface is effectively disabled. In test mode, the chip also accepts a default value of 0x14. Locked by register I ² C_pmb_addr_lock. Re- served I ² C addresses(0x00 to 0x07), 0x08, 0x0c, 0x28, 0x37, 0x61, (0x78 to 0x7F).	10 (16)	
pmb_device_addr			Set this bit to lock I ² C and PMBus address reg-		
(Sets the PMBus device ad-	DO		isters		
dress. If set to 0, the PMBus	0020	COMMON	0>Unlock I ² C and PMBus address	40 (64)	
interface is effectively disa- bled)	[oio]		1>Lock I ² Cand PMBus address		
I ² C/PMBUS Adress lock	DO		Set this bit to lock I ² C and PMBus address regis- ters		
(Set this bit to lock I2C and PMBus address registers)	0094	COMMON 0>Unlock I ² C and PMBus address			
	[2:2]		1>Lock I ² C and PMBus address		

Above screenshot is from PMBus Applications Note for this family. It is available on Webpage

1. Power up module 1.

2. Configure address using advanced D0 command also explained in MLX/SLX PMBus application note. Set register 0x0020[14:18]=12h and register 0x0020[6:0] =42h, to assign module 1 with I2C address=12h and PMBus address =42h.

3. Configure required output voltage through PAGE **0x00** and VOUT_COMMAND **0x21**.

4. Configure the following if needed.

- VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE 0x41
- VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT <u>0x40</u>
- VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT 0x42

5. If Module default ON/OFF operation has to be changed, use ON_OFF_CONFIG **<u>0x02</u>** to change setting

6. If Changes are final and Configuration has to be stored in NVM use, STORE_USER_ALL **<u>0x15.</u>**

7. Power up module 2.

Module 2—set register 0x0020[14:18]=11h and register 0x0020[6:0]=41h, to assign module 2 with I2C address=11h and PMBus address =41h.

8. Configure required output voltage through PAGE 0x00 and VOUT_COMMAND **<u>0x21</u>**. Page 22

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9. Configure the following if needed

- VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE **0x41**.
- VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT <u>0x40.</u>
- VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT **0x42.**

10. If Module default ON/OFF operation has to be changed, use ON_OFF_CONFIG **0x02** to change setting.

11. If Changes are final and Configuration has to be stored in NVM, use STORE_USER_ALL **0x15.**

12. Power up module 3.

Keep default I2C address=10h and PMBus address =40h.

13. Configure required output voltage through PAGE 0x00 and VOUT_COMMAND **0x21**.

14. Configure the following if needed

- VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE **0x41**,
- VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT **<u>0x40</u>**,
- VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT 0x42

15. If Changes are final and Configuration has to be stored in NVM, use STORE_USER_ALL **<u>0x15</u>**



Layout considerations

The evaluation board layout and schematic files are available for interested users. These can be downloaded through the webpage or by contacting our Field Applications Engineer through the help section of the webpage. The electrical and the thermal characterization of the MLX080A0XY3-SRZ module has been done on evaluation boards with layout as shown in Fig28.

The entire MLX series has a central controller section and symmetrical power switching sections on each side of the controller depending on the power rating. Layout guidelines are provided based on the full rated MLXI60. For MLX080 modules only the controller and power sections (two) present on the modules should be considered. Even the pin numbering is based on the MLXI60 which is controller section + 4 power phases. For the power section that is not present in the MLX080 those pin numbers have been omitted instead of renumbering the pins. Hence there may be a jump in the pin numbering table towards the end of this document. Following are the recommendations for this converter.

- 1. For Thermal and Current Carrying reasons, it is recommended to have four 20 mil heavy plated filled vias on each of the power pins. Copper plating of vias should be 2 mils if possible.
- 2. 12 mil vias are recommended for all Signal Pins.
- 3. Additional thermal vias can be placed on ground plane around module and signal pins.

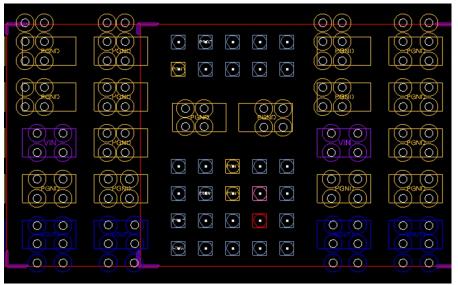


Figure 28. Example of Pad Layout with Vias

4. Input Voltage for each of the phases can be laid out on the same layer as shown below:

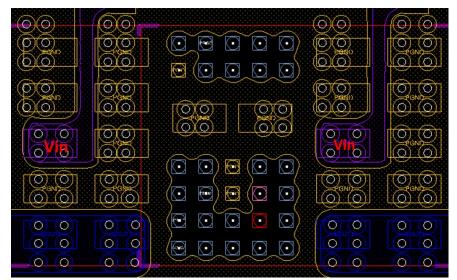
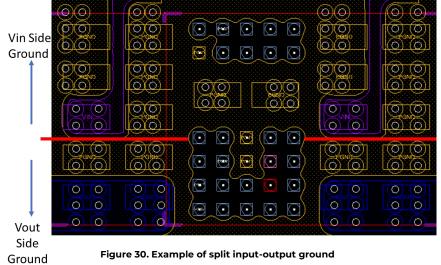


Figure 29. Example of Pad Layout with Vias



Layout considerations (continued)

5. It is possible to split the grounds at this location based on customer design layout practices; the POL module has a single ground



6. Place a minimum of 10uf and 1uf input capacitor on the bottom side of the customer board directly under Vin and keep additional input capacitance as close to Vi under each of the phases. Additional input capacitance can be placed on top surface of board. All phases need to have same amount of input capacitance.

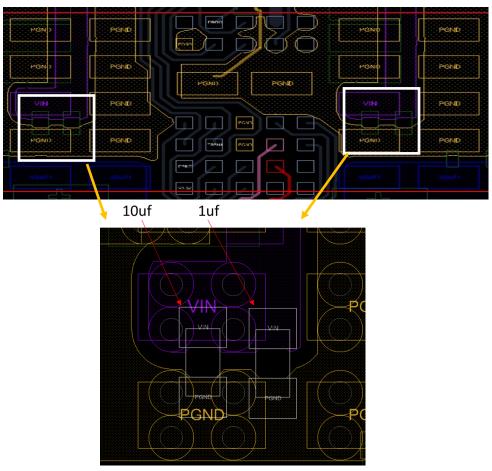


Figure 31. Example of Input capacitor placement and routing



Layout considerations (continued)

7. Input capacitance for each of the phases is recommended to be as close as possible to the Vin of the module.

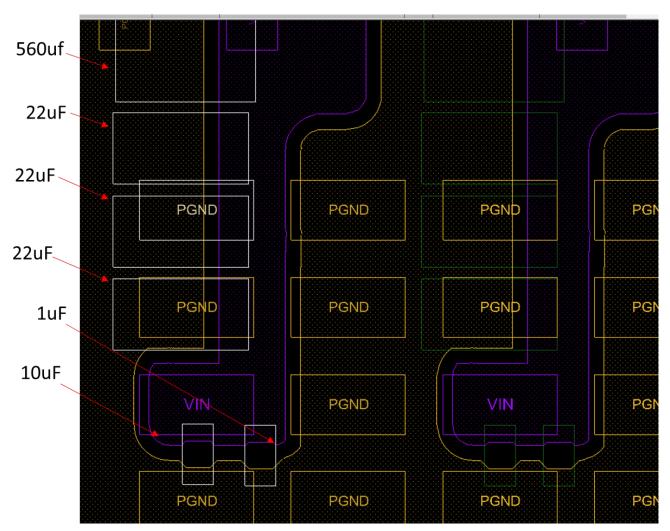
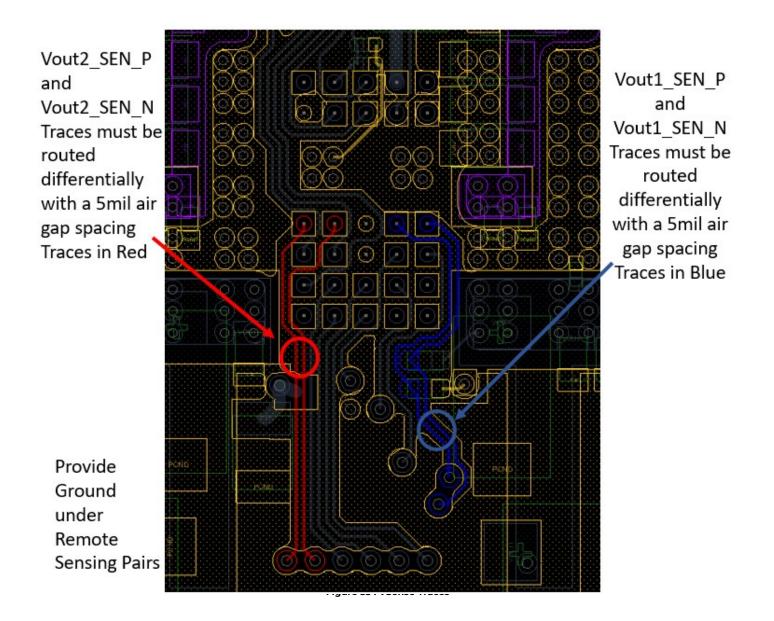


Figure 32. Input Capacitor Placing



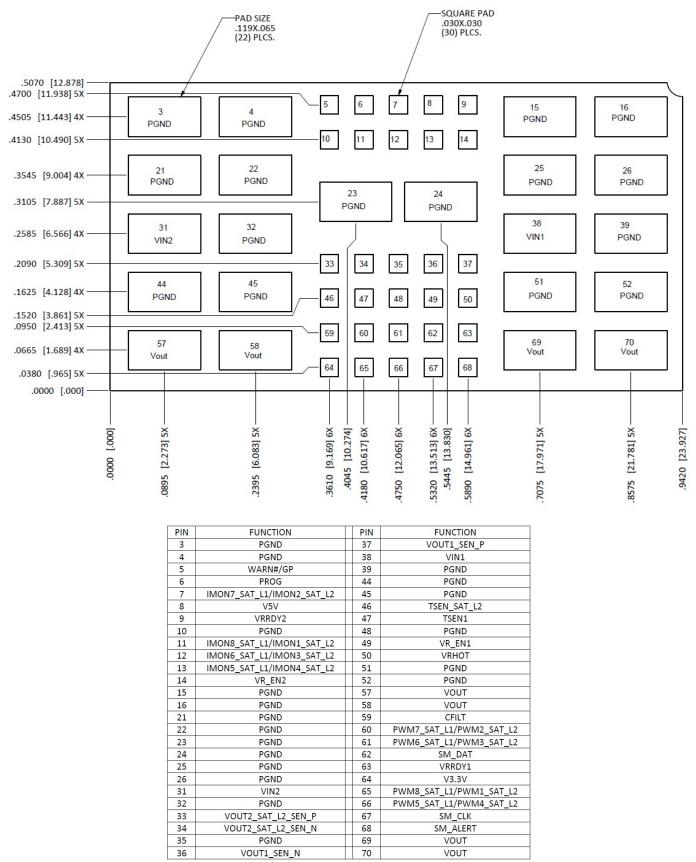
Layout considerations (continued)

8. Sense traces must be routed differentially with a 5mil air gap spacing. Also provide ground plane under remote sensing pairs.





Recommended Pad Layout and Pin Description





Pin Assignment Table

Pin	Label	Туре	Description
3	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
4	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
5	WARN#/GP	Digital-	Warning Output—Open-drain active low alert pin that is pre-configured to indicate an Output Over-current Warning. Can
5	WARN#/GP	Output	use V3.3V from module to pullup using a resistor.
		Analog	Configuration Pointer or Bus Address Offset. A resistor to ground on this pin points to the specific configuration file to be
6	PROG	—Input	loaded into the OTP during power up (along with a 0.01 μF cap in parallel with the resistor). Additionally this pin can be
		A	
7	IMON7_SAT_L1/ IMON2_SAT_L2	Analog —Input	Phase 7 Loop#1 / Phase 2 Loop#2 Current Sense Input. Phase 7 Loop#1 / Phase 2 Loop#2 sensed current input (+). Float
8	V5V	0	or connect to ground if not used Auxiliary 5V low power bus.
0	V3V	Digital-	Voltage Regulator Ready Output (Loop #2). Open-drain output that asserts high when the VR has completed soft-start
9	VRRDY2	Output	to Loop #2 boot voltage. Pull up to an external voltage through a resistor.
10	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
	IMON8_SAT_L1/	Analog	Phase 8 Loop#1 / Phase 1 Loop#2 Current Sense Input. Phase 8 Loop#1 / Phase 1 Loop#2 sensed current input (+). Float
11	IMONS_SAT_LI		or connect to ground if not used.
	IMON6_SAT_L1/	Analog	Phase 6 Loop#1 / Phase 3 Loop#2 Current Sense Input. Phase 6 Loop#1 / Phase 3 Loop#2 sensed current input (+). Float
12	IMON3_SAT_L2	—Input	or connect to ground if not used.
	IMON5 SAT L1/	Analog	Phase 5 Loop#1 / Phase 4 Loop#2 Current Sense Input. Phase 5 Loop#1 / Phase 4 Loop#2 sensed current input (+).Float
13	IMON4_SAT_L2	—Input	or connect to ground if not used.
14	VR_EN2	Digital - Input	Enable Input for Loop #2. Cannot be left floating. Must be pulled high or low.
15	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
16	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
21	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
22	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
23	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
24	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
25	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
26	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
31	VIN2	Input	Input voltage rail. Recommended total input capacitance 4 x 560uF (electrolytic), 16 x 22 μF, 16x 10μF, 8x 1 μF.
32	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
22	VOUT2_SAT_L2_S	Analog-	Voltage Sense Input Loop#2. This pin is connected directly to the output voltage of Loop #2 at the load and should be
33	EN_P	Input	routed differentially with VOUT2_SAT_L2_SEN_N.
34	VOUT2_SAT_L2_S	Analog-	Voltage Sense Return Input Loop#2. This pin is connected directly to Loop#2 ground at the load and should be routed
	EN_N	Input	differentially withVOUT2_SAT_L2_SEN_P.
35	PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.
36	VOUT1_SEN_N	Analog- Input	Voltage Sense Return Input Loop#1. This pin is connected directly to Loop#1 ground at the load and should be routed differentially with VOUT1_SEN_P.
27		Analog-	Voltage Sense Input Loop#1. This pin is connected directly to the VR output voltage of Loop #1 at the load and should be
37	VOUT1_SEN_P	Input	routed differentially with VOUT1_SEN_N.
38	VIN1	Input	Input voltage rail. Recommended total input capacitance 4 x 560uF (electrolytic), 16 x 22 μF, 16x 10μF, 8x 1 μF.

See Application Circuit and Layout Guidelines in this Datasheet for more information



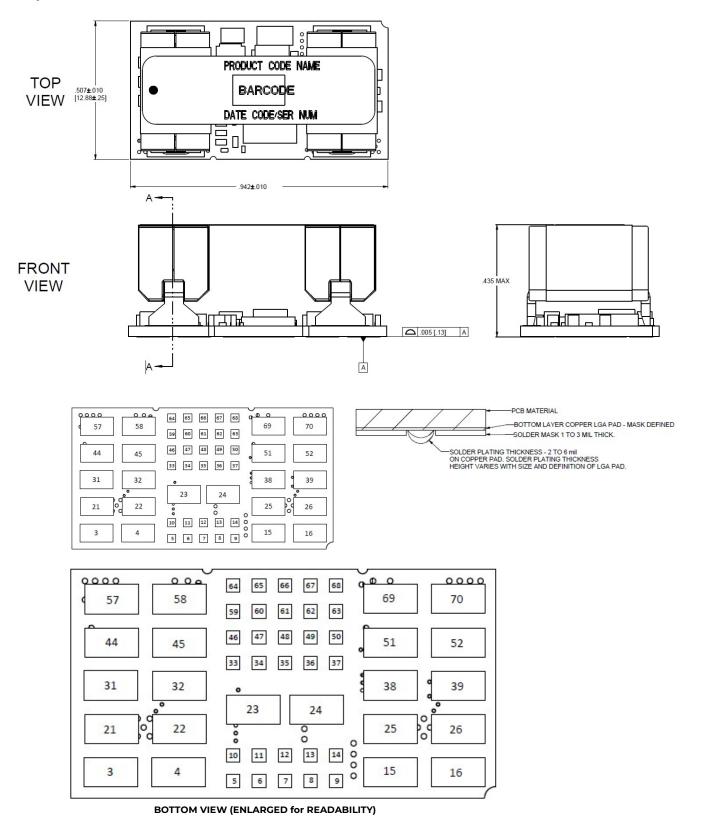
Pin Assignment Table (continue)

Label	Туре	Description										
PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.										
PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.										
PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.										
	Analog	Temperature Sense Input Loop #2. An NTC network or a temperature reporting output from a satellite can be										
TSEN_SAT_L2	•	connected to this pin to measure temperature for VRHOT. If Loop #2 is NOT used: Ground this pin. If Loop #2 is used:										
	mput											
TSEN1	Analog-	External Temperature sense input (NTC network) for Satellite Unit on Loop 1. Leave this pin floating.										
DCND												
PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.										
	Digital -	VR Enable Input (Loop #1). VR ENABLE is used to power-on the regulator provided Vin is present. When the controller is										
VR_EN1	Input	disabled, the controller de-asserts VRRDY1 and shuts down. Cannot be left floating. Must be pulled high or low. Can use										
		3.3V from module to pullup using a resistor.										
VRHOT		VRHOT# Output. Active low alert pin that is programmed to assert if the temperature exceeds threshold. Can use 3.3V										
		from module to pullup using a resistor.										
PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.										
PGND	PWR	Ground Reference for the module, Rail Return.										
VOUT	VOUT	VOUT	VOUT	VOUT	VOUT	VOUT	VOUT	VOUT	VOUT	VOUT	Output	Output voltage rail. Connect to output filter capacitors. Recommended total output capacitance 6 x 470µF
		(polymer),73x 47 μF, 15x 22 μF, 4x 0.1μF, 4x 0.047μF, 1 x 0.022μF, 1 x 2200pF, 1 x 1500pF.										
VOUT	Output	Output voltage rail. Connect to output filter capacitors. Recommended total output capacitance 6 x 470µF										
CEUT	Output	(polymer),73x 47 μF, 15x 22 μF, 4x 0.1μF, 4x 0.047μF, 1 x 0.022μF, 1 x 2200pF, 1 x 1500pF.										
CFILI	Ουίραι	1.8 V Decoupling.										
PWM7_SAT_L1/	Analog -	Loop 2 Phase 2 or Loop 1 Phase 7 Pulse Width Modulation Output. PWM signal pin which is connected to the input of										
PWM2_SAT_L2	Output	an external MOSFET gate driver. The power-up state is high-impedance until VR_EN2 goes active. Float if not used										
PWM6 SAT 11/	Analog -	Loop 2 Phase 3 or Loop 1 Phase 6 Pulse Width Modulation Output. PWM signal pin which is connected to the input of										
		an external MOSFET gate driver. The power-up state is high-impedance until VR_EN2 goes active. Float if not used										
	-											
	-	Serial Data Line I/O. I2C/SMBus/PMBus bi-directional serial data line. Ground if not used. Requires a pull-up resistor to										
		a V3.3V or 5V source. Can use V3.3V from module to pullup using a resistor.										
VRRDY1	•	Voltage Regulator Ready Output (Loop #1). Open-drain output that asserts high when the module has completed soft-										
	Ουίραι	start to Loop #1 setpoint voltage. Can use V3.3V from module to pullup using a resistor.										
V3.3V	Output	Auxiliary V3.3V low power bus.										
PWM8 SAT 11/	Analog-	Loop 2 Phase 1 or Loop 1 Phase 8 Pulse Width Modulation Output. PWM signal pin which is connected to the input of										
	Output	an external MOSFET gate driver. The power-up state is high-impedance until VR_EN2 goes active. Float if not used										
	•											
PWM5_SAT_L1/	Analog-	Loop 2 Phase 4 or Loop 1 Phase 5 Pulse Width Modulation Output. PWM signal pin which is connected to the input of										
PWM4_SAT_L2	Output	an external MOSFET gate driver. The power-up state is high-impedance until VR_EN2 goes active. Float if not used										
	Digital—	Serial clock. Connect to external host and/or to other modules. Can use V3.3V from module to pullup using a resistor.										
SM_CLK	Input	The interface is rated to 1 MHz.										
	Digital_											
SM_ALERT	-	SMBus/PMBus Alert Line. Active low alert pin to indicate that the regulator status has										
VOUT	Output	Output voltage rail. Connect to output filter capacitors. Recommended total output capacitance 6 x 470μF (polymer),73x 47 μF, 15x 22 μF, 4x 0.1μF, 4x 0.047μF, 1 x 0.022μF, 1 x 2200pF, 1 x 1500pF.										
		Output voltage rail. Connect to output filter capacitors. Recommended total output capacitance 6 x 470µF										
	PGND PGND PGND TSEN_SAT_L2 TSEN_SAT_L2 TSEN_SAT_L2 VR PGND VR_EN1 VRHOT PGND VRHOT PGND VRHOT PGND VRHOT PGND VOUT VOUT VOUT VOUT VOUT VOUT VRM7_SAT_L1/ PWM6_SAT_L1/ PWM3_SAT_L2 SM_DAT V3.3V PWM8_SAT_L1/ PWM4_SAT_L2 SM_CLK SM_ALERT	PGNDPWRPGNDPWRPGNDPWRPGNDPWRTSEN_SAT_L2Analog- InputTSEN1Analog- InputPGNDPWRVR_EN1Digital - OutputVRHOTDigital - 										

See Application Circuit and Layout Guidelines in this Datasheet for more information



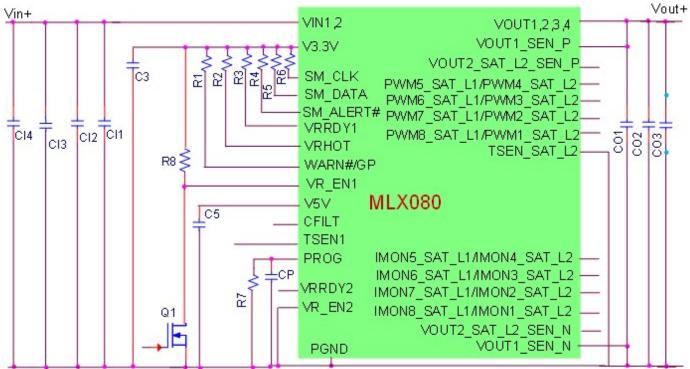
Physical dimensions





Application Circuit (Based on Evaluation Board)

V_{IN} = 12V V_{out} = 1V_{out}



GND

Cl1 - 4 banks (1 μ F + 1 μ F ceramic) – 8 caps total

Cl2 – 4 Banks (4 x 10µF ceramic) – 16 caps total

CI3 – 4 Banks (4 x 22µF ceramic) – 16 caps total

CI4 – 4 Banks (1 x 560µF electrolytic) – 4 caps total

CO1 – 4 x 0.047µF+ 4 x 0.1µF - ceramic

CO2 – 15 x 22µFceramic + 73 x 47µFceramic + 6x470µF polymer or electrolytic

```
CO3 - 1 \times 1500 pF(0402) + 1 \times 2200 pF(0402) + 1 \times 0.022 \mu F(0402) + 1 \times 0.1 \mu F(0402) - all ceramic
```

R8 based on Q1

R1, R2, R3 = 10K

R4,R5,R6 – based on PMBus controller / dongle being used

 $R7-845\Omega$ —See PMBus addressing section

C3 - 1x10µF + 1x 22µF, C5 – 1x10µF + 1x 22µF

CP – 0.01µF

TSEN1 is to be left floating

TSEN_SAT_L2 : - If Loop #2 is NOT used: Ground this pin.

If Loop #2 is used: Connect this pin to the TSEN"X"_SAT_L2 pin(s) of the satellite(s)

SM_ALERT to be connected to Ground if not being used/monitored

PWMx_SATx_ are to be used only if Satellite is being used

IMONx_SATx are to be used only if Satellite is being used

VOUT2_SAT_L2_SEN_x are to be used only if Satellite is being used

CFILT, VR_EN2 are to be used only if Satellite is being used

VR_EN1 and VR_EN2 cannot be left floating



Thermal Considerations

Power modules operate in a variety of thermal environments; however, sufficient cooling should always be provided to help ensure reliable operation. Considerations include ambient temperature, airflow, module power dissipation, and the need for increased reliability. A reduction in the operating temperature of the module will result in an increase in reliability. The thermal data presented here is based on physical measurements taken in a wind tunnel. The test set-up is shown in Figure 28. The preferred airflow direction for cooling the module and the thermal reference points, Tref used in the specifications are shown in Figure 29. For reliable operation the temperatures at these points should not exceed 120°C (IC200) and 115°C (C202). The output power of the module should not exceed the rated power of the module (Vo,set x lo,max). Please refer to the Application Note "Thermal Characterization Process for Open-Frame Board-Mounted Power Modules" for a detailed discussion of thermal aspects including maximum device temperatures. Increased airflow over the module enhances the heat transfer via convection. The thermal derating of figures 2, 8, 14 and 20 show the maximum output current that can be delivered by each module in the indicated orientation without exceeding the maximum Tref temperature versus local ambient temperature (TA) for several air flow conditions. The thermal derating curves were generated using a 12 layer evaluation board with 3oz copper in inner layers and 2 oz in outer layers.

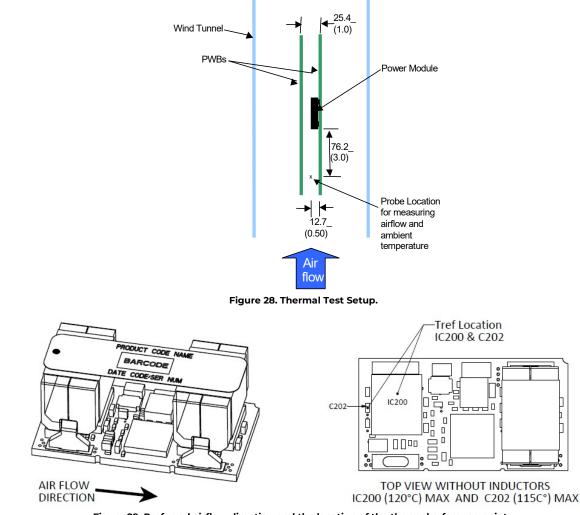
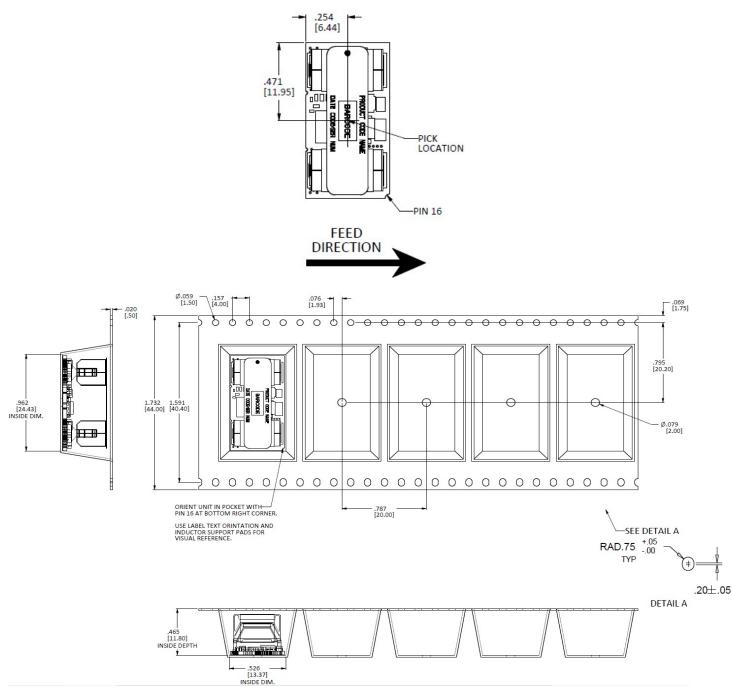


Figure 29. Preferred airflow direction and the location of the thermal reference points



Packaging Details

The MLX080 Open Frame modules are supplied in tape & reel as standard. Modules are shipped in quantities of 160 modules per reel. All Dimensions are in millimeters and (in inches).



Pick and Place Location

Reel Dimensions:

Outside Dimensions: 330.2mm (13") Inside Dimensions: 177.8 mm (7") Tape Width: 56.00mm (2.205")



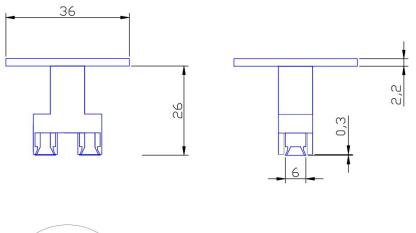
Surface Mount Information

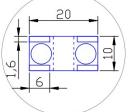
Pick and Place

The MLX080 Open Frame modules use an open frame construction and are designed for a fully automated assembly process. The modules are fitted with a label designed to provide a large surface area for pick and place operations. The label meets all the requirements for surface mount processing, as well as safety standards, and is able to withstand reflow temperatures of up to 300 °C. The label also carries product information such as product code, serial number and the location of manufacture.

Nozzle Recommendations

For 5 mil thick stencil, the opening is recommended to be 25 mil square for small rectangular pads and 41 mils x 95 mils for large rectangular pads. The module weight has been kept to a minimum by using open frame construction. Variables such as nozzle size, tip style, vacuum pressure and placement speed should be considered to optimize this process. Due to the gap between the MLX080 inductors, a dual nozzle is recommended. Suggested dimensions for a dual nozzle are shown in figure below. The minimum recommended inside nozzle diameter for reliable operation is 6mm . A rubber suction cup type nozzle is recommended. The maximum nozzle outer diameter, which will safely fit within the allowable component spacing, is 10 mm.





Bottom Side / First Side Assembly

This module is not recommended for assembly on the bottom side of a customer board. If such an assembly is attempted, components may fall off the module during the second reflow process.



Surface Mount Information (continued)

Lead Free Soldering

The modules are lead-free (Pb-free) and RoHS compliant and fully compatible in a Pb-free soldering process. Failure to observe the instructions below may result in the failure of or cause damage to the modules and can adversely affect long-term reliability.

Pb-free Reflow Profile

Power Systems will comply with J-STD-020 Rev. D (Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices) for both Pb-free solder profiles and MSL classification procedures. This standard provides a recommended forced-air-convection reflow profile based on the volume and thickness of the package (table 4-2). The suggested Pb-free solder paste is Sn/Ag/Cu (SAC). The recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder is shown in Fig. 30. Soldering outside of the recommended profile requires testing to verify results and performance.

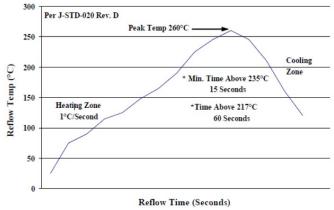


Figure 30. Recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder

MSL Rating

The MLX080A0XY3-SRZ Open Frame modules have a MSL rating of 2A.

Storage and Handling

The recommended storage environment and handling procedures for moisture-sensitive surface mount packages is detailed in J-STD-033 Rev. A (Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture/Reflow Sensitive Surface Mount Devices). Moisture barrier bags (MBB) with desiccant are required for MSL ratings of 2 or greater. These sealed packages should not be broken until time of use. Once the original package is broken, the floor life of the product at conditions of 30°C and 60% relative humidity varies according to the MSL rating (see J-STD-033A). The shelf life for dry packed SMT packages will be a minimum of 12 months from the bag seal date, when stored at the following conditions: < 40°C, < 90% relative humidity.

Post Solder Cleaning and Drying Considerations

Post solder cleaning is usually the final circuit-board assembly process prior to electrical board testing. The result of inadequate cleaning and drying can affect both the reliability of a power module and the testability of the finished circuit-board assembly. For guidance on appropriate soldering, cleaning and drying procedures, refer to Board Mounted Power Modules: Soldering and Cleaning Application Note (AN04-001).



Family Options

Approved Combinations:

Output Current	Output Configuration in Master + Satellite Combination	Master Series	Satellite Series
40	Single Output	MLX040	None
40 + 40*	Dual Output	MLX040	SLX040
40 + 2 x 40*	Dual Output	MLX040	2 X SLX040
40 + 3 x 40*	Dual Output	MLX040	3 X SLX040
40 + 160*	Dual Output	MLX040	SLX160
80	Single Output	MLX080	None
80 + 40*	Dual Output	MLX080	SLX040
80 + 2 x 40*	Dual Output	MLX080	2 x SLX040
80 + 3 x 40*	Dual Output	MLX080	3 x SLX040
80 + 160*	Dual Output	MLX080	SLX160
120	Single Output	MLX120	None
120 + 40*	Dual Output	MLX120	SLX040
120 + 2 x 40*	Dual Output	MLX120	2 x SLX040
120 + 3 x 40*	Dual Output	MLX120	3 x SLX040
120 + 160*	Dual Output	MLX120	SLX160
160	Single Output	MLX160	None
200*	Single Output	MLX160	SLX040
240*	Single Output	MLX160	2 x SLX040
280*	Single Output	MLX160	3 x SLX040
320	Single Output	MLX160	SLX160
160 + 40	Dual Output	MLX160	SLX040
160 + 2 x 40*	Dual Output	MLX160	2 x SLX040
160 + 3 x 40*	Dual Output	MLX160	3 x SLX040
160 + 160*	Dual Output	MLX160	SLX160

* Verified by design. Test data not available for these individual combinations



Ordering Information

Please contact our Sales Representative for pricing, availability, and optional features.

Table 4 Device Codes

Device Code	Туре	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage	Output Current	On/Off Logic	Ordering code
MLX080A0XY3-SRZ	Master	7 – 14V _{DC}	0.45 – 2 V _{DC}	80A	Programmable	1600392284A

Table 5. Coding Scheme

Module type	Family	Sequencing	Output	Output		Remote	Ontions	ROHS
Identifier	Family	Option	current	voltage	On/Off logic	Sense	Options	Compliance
М	L	Х	080A0	Х	Y	3	-SR	Z
M=master S=satellite	L = DLynx III	X=without sequencing	80A	X = programmabl e output	Y = programmab le enable logic	3 = Remote Sense	S = Surface Mount R = Tape & Reel	Z = ROHS Compliant

Table 6 Orderable Accessories

Manufacturer Part Number	Ordering Code	Description			
EVAL MLX080	1600398784A	Evaluation Board with MLX080 module			
I2C_USB_DONGLE_2.X	1600218857A	USB dongle needed to use Digital Power Insights software. Cables or evaluation board are not included.			
I2C_USB_DONGLE_2.X_ WITH_CABLES	150036482	USB dongle and cables (PC to dongle and dongle to eval board) to use Digital Power Insights software. Evaluation board is not included.			
I2C_USB_DONGLE_2.X_ WITH_CABLES_AND_P OL_EVAL_BOARD	CC109164430	Digital Power Insights (DPI) kit with USB dongle, needed cables, a digital POL evaluation board (PDT012 or PJT020) and quick guide.			

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Change History (excludes grammar & clarifications)

Revision	Date	Description of the change
1.9	9/26/2023	Updated Family Options Table
2.0	11/08/2023	Updated as per OmniOn template
2.1	01/19/2024	Updated Class to 2 on Page 1
2.2	02/20/2024	Update Pin Assignment Page 28, application circuit Page 31 and Nozzle Description Page 34
2.3	08/23/2024	Update description of TSEN1 and Tsen_Sat_L2 pins. Update trademark information.
2.4	10/09/2024	Update Manufacturer parts on Page 37.
2.5	01/29/2025	Pin 59 description updated on Page 29.
2.6	2/3/2025	Updated SMT pickup nozzle recommendations.



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