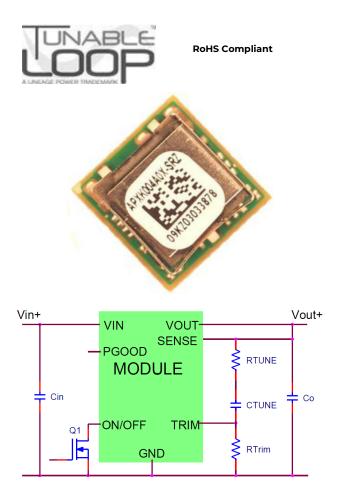


16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

$8V_{dc}-16V_{dc}$ input; $0.6V_{dc}$ to $8.0V_{dc}$ output; 4A Output Current



Features

- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and amended Directive (EU) 2015/863
- Compatible in a Pb-free or SnPb reflow environment
- Compliant to REACH Directive (EC) No 1907/2006
- Wide Input voltage range (8V_{dc}-16V_{dc})
- Output voltage programmable from 0.59V_{dc} to 8.0V_{dc} via external resistor
- Tunable Loop™ to optimize dynamic output voltage response
- Remote sense
- Power Good signal
- Fixed switching frequency
- Output overcurrent protection (non-latching)

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Description

The 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A power modules are non-isolated dc-dc converters that can deliver up to 4A of output current. These modules operate over a wide range of input voltage (V_{IN} = 8V_{dc}-16V_{dc}) and provide a precisely regulated output voltage from 0.59V_{dc} to 8.0V_{dc}, programmable via an external resistor. Features include remote On/Off, adjustable output voltage, over current and over temperature protection. A new feature, the Tunable Loop[™], allows the user to optimize the dynamic response of the converter to match the load with reduced amount of output capacitance leading to savings on cost and PWB area.

Applications

- Distributed power architectures
- Intermediate bus voltage applications
- Telecommunications equipment
- Servers and storage applications
- Networking equipment
- Industrial equipment
- Overtemperature protection
- Remote On/Off
- Ability to sink and source current
- Cost efficient open frame design
- Small size: 12.2 mm x 12.2 mm x 7.25 mm (0.48 in x 0.48 in x 0.29 in)
- Wide operating temperature range (-40°C to 85°C)
- ANSI/UL* 62368-1 and CAN/ CSA⁺ C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognized, DIN VDE[‡] 0868-1/A11:2017 (EN62368- 1:2014/A11:2017)
- ISO** 9001 and ISO 14001 certified manufacturing facilities



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage		V _{IN}	-0.3	18	V _{dc}
Up to 10 Seconds					
Sequencing voltage	All	V_{seq}	-0.3	15	V _{dc}
Operating Ambient Temperature		T _A	-40	85	°C
(see Thermal Considerations section)					
Storage Temperature		T _{stg}	-55	125	°C

Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage	All	V _{IN}	8.0	_	16.0	V _{dc}
Maximum Input Current	All	I _{IN,max}			6.5	A _{dc}
(V _{IN} =8V to 16V, I _O =I _O , max)						
Input No Load Current	V _{o, set} = 0.6V _{dc}	I _{IN,No load}		18		mA
(V _{IN} = 16.0 V _{dc} , I_0 = 0, module enabled)	V _{o, set} = 8.0V _{dc}	IIN, No load		96.1		mA
Input Stand-by Current	All			1.2		mA
(V_{IN} = 16.0 V_{dc} , module disabled)		IN,stand-by		1.2		ША
Inrush Transient	All	l²t			1	A²s
Input Reflected Ripple Current, peak-to-pea (5Hz to 20MHz, 1µH source impedance; V _{IN} , = 0 to 16V, I _o = I _{o, max} ; See Test Configuration)	All			50		mA _{p-p}
Input Ripple Rejection (120Hz)	All			-46		dB

CAUTION: This power module is not internally fused. An input line fuse must always be used.

This power module can be used in a wide variety of applications, ranging from simple standalone operation to being part of a complex power architecture. To preserve maximum flexibility, internal fusing is not included, however, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. The safety agencies require a fast acting fuse with a maximum rating of 6A (see Safety Considerations section). Based on the information provided in this data sheet on inrush energy and maximum dc input current, the same type of fuse with a lower rating can be used. Refer to the fuse manufacturer's data sheet for further information.

<u>Footnote</u>

- * UL is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
- $^{\dagger}~$ CSA is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association.
- ⁺ VDE is a trademark of Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker e.V.
- * ISO is a registered trademark of the International Organization of Standards



Electrical Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage Set-point (with 0.5% tolerance for	All		-1.5		+1.5	
externalresistor used to set output voltage)	All	Vo, set	-1.5		+1.5	% V _O , _{set}
Output Voltage (Over all operating input voltage,						
resistiveload, and temperature conditions until	All	V _O , set	-2.5	—	+2.5	% V _O , set
end of life)						
Adjustment Range (selected by an external						
resistor)(Some output voltages may not be	All	Vo	0.59		8.0	V _{dc}
possible depending on the input voltage – see	<i>,</i>	.0	0.00		0.0	· de
Feature Descriptions Section)					0.5	
Remote Sense Range	All				0.5	V _{dc}
Output Regulation (for $V_{O} \ge 2.5V_{dc}$)						
Line (V _{IN} =V _{IN} , min to V _{IN} , max)	All			_	+0.4	% V _O , _{set}
Load (Io=Io, min to Io, max)	All			_	10mV	% V ₀ , _{set}
Output Regulation (for $V_0 < 2.5V_{dc}$)						
Line (V _{IN} =V _{IN} , min to V _{IN} , max)	All			_	10	mV
Load (I ₀ =I ₀ , _{min} to I _{0, max})	All			—	5	mV
Temperature ($T_{ref} = T_{A, min}$ to $T_{A, max}$)	All			—	0.4	% Vo, set
Remote Sense Range	All				0.5	V
Output Ripple and Noise on nominal output						
(V _{IN} =V _{IN} , nom and I _O =I _{O, min} to I _O , max C _O = 0.1 μ F //						
10µF ceramic capacitors)						
Peak-to-Peak (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)	All		—	90	100	mV_{pk^-pk}
RMS (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)	All			36	38	mV _{rms}
External Capacitance ¹						
Without the Tunable Loop™			_			_
$ESR \ge 1 m\Omega$	All	C _{O, max}	0	_	22	μF
With the Tunable Loop™					(==	_
ESR ≥0.15 mΩ	All	C _O , max	0	_	470	μĘ
ESR \geq 10 m Ω	All	C _O , max	0		3000	μF
Output Current (in either sink or source mode)	All	lo	0		4	A _{dc}
Output Current Limit Inception (Hiccup Mode)	All			200		% I _{o, max}
(current limit does not operate in sink mode)	All	I _{O, lim}		200		70 Io, max
Output Short-Circuit Current	All	O, s/c		200		mA _{dc}
$(V_0 \le 250 \text{ mV})$ (Hiccup Mode)		10, s/c		200		11 Aac
Efficiency	V _{O,set} = 0.6V _{dc}	η		74.2		%
$V_{IN} = 12V_{dc}, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	$V_{O,set} = 1.2 V_{dc}$	η		83.7		%
$I_0=I_{0,\max}$, $V_0=V_{0,\text{set}}$	V _{O,set} =1.8V _{dc}	η		87.7		%
	V _{O,set} = 2.5V _{dc}	η		90.2		%
	V _{O,set} = 3.3V _{dc}	η		91.7		%
	V _{0,set} = 5.0V _{dc}	η		93.7		%
	V _{O,set} = 6.5V _{dc}	η		94.9		%
	V _{O,set} = 8.0V _{dc}	η		96.1		%
Switching Frequency		-				
Switching Flequency	All	f_{sw}		600		kHz

¹ External capacitors may require using the new Tunable Loop[™] feature to ensure that the module is stable as well as getting the best transient response. See the Tunable Loop[™] section for details.

General Specifications

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Calculated MTBF (I ₀ = 0.8I _{0, max} , T _A =40°C) Telecordia Issue 2 Method 1 Case 3		1 4,353,850		Hours
Weight		1.92 (0.0677)		g (oz.)



Feature Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
On/Off Signal Interface				- 5 P	TH TOTAL	
$(V_{IN}=V_{IN, min} \text{ to } V_{IN, max}; \text{ open collector or equivalent,}$						
Signal referenced to GND)						
Device is with suffix "4" – Positive Logic (See Ordering						
Information)						
Logic High (Module ON)						
Input High Current	All	I _{IH}		—	10	μA
Input High Voltage	All	VIH	3.5		$V_{\text{IN, max}}$	V
Logic Low (Module OFF)						
Input Low Current	All	I_{1L}	_		1	μA
Input Low Voltage	All	VIL	-0.3		0.8	V
Device is with no suffix – Negative Logic (See Ordering						
Information) (On/Off pin is open collector/drain logic input with external pull-up resistor; signal referred to GND)						
Logic High (Module OFF)						
Input High Current	All	I _{IH}			1	mA
Input High Voltage	All	VIH	3.5		$V_{\text{IN, max}}$	V_{dc}
Logic Low (Module ON)						
Input Low Current	All	I_{1L}	—	—	10	μA
Input Low Voltage	All	VIL	-0.2	—	0.3	V_{dc}
Turn-On Delay and Rise Times						
($V_{IN}=V_{IN, nom}$, $I_O=I_O, max$, V_O to within ±1% of steady state)						
Case 1: On/Off input is enabled and then input power is applied (delay from instant at which $V_{IN} = V_{IN, min}$ until $V_o = 10\%$ of $V_{o, set}$)	All	T_{delay}	_	2	_	msec
Case 2: Input power is applied for at least one second and then theOn/Off input is enabled (delay from instant at which $V_{on/Off}$ is enabled until $V_o = 10\%$ of $V_{o, set}$)	All	T_{delay}	_	2	_	msec
Output voltage Rise time (time for V $_{\circ}$ to rise from 10% of	All	T _{rise}	_	4	_	msec
Output voltage overshoot					3	% V _{O, set}
$(V_{IN}=V_{IN, min} \text{ to } V_{IN, max}, I_0 = I_0, min \text{ to } I_0, max)$ With or without maximum external capacitance						
Over temperature Protection	All	T_{ref}	—	140	—	°C
(See Thermal Consideration section)						
Input Undervoltage Lockout						
Turn-on Threshold	All				4.0	V_{dc}
Turn-off Threshold	All		3.6			V_{dc}
Hysterisis	All		0.4			V_{dc}
PGOOD (Power Good)						
Signal Interface Open Drain, V _{supply} ≤ 5V _{DC}						
Output Voltage Limit for PGOOD	All		90%		110%	V _{O, set}
Pulldown resistance of PGOOD pin	All			7	50	Ω

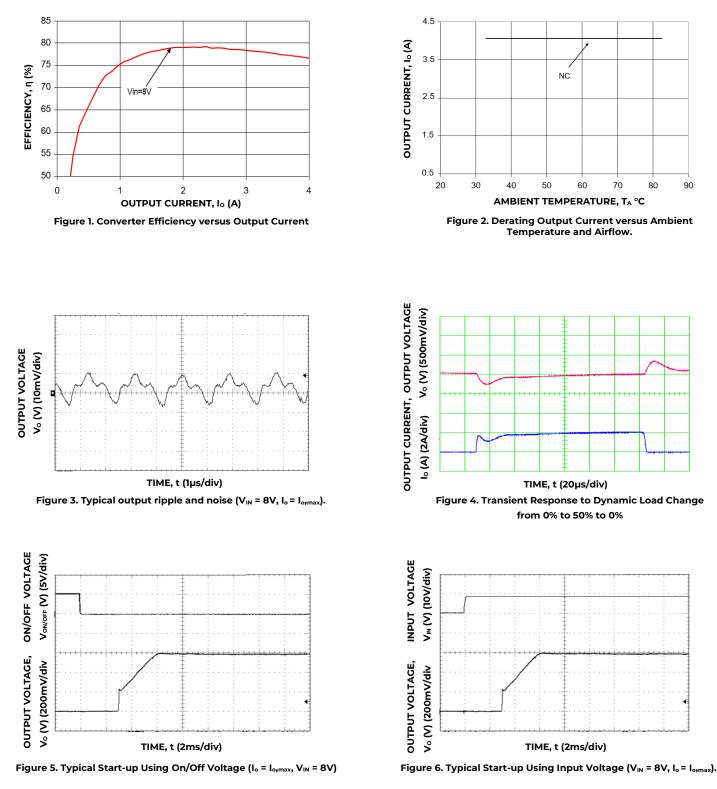


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Technical Specifications (continued)

Characteristic Curves

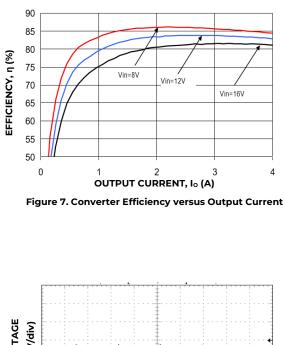
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A at 0.6V₀ and at 25°C.





Characteristic Curves

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A at 1.2V₀ and at 25°C.



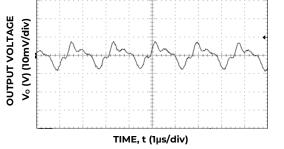


Figure 9. Typical output ripple and noise (V_{IN} = 12V, I_o = $I_{o,max}$).

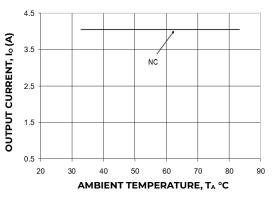
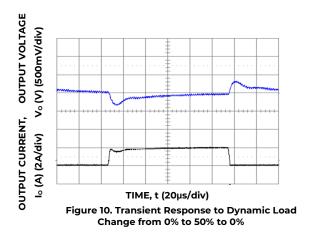


Figure 8. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow.



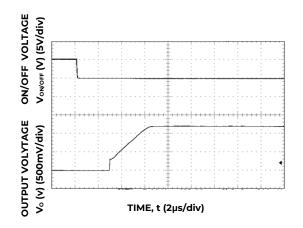
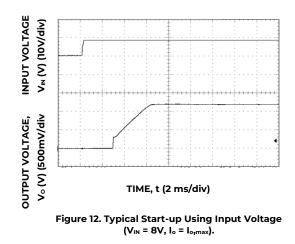


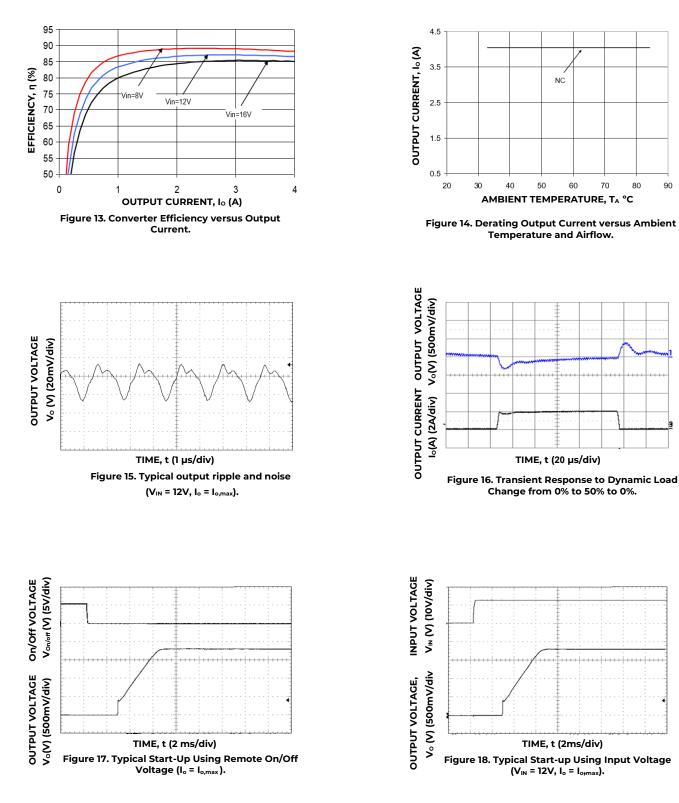
Figure 11. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (I₀ = I₀,max ,VIℕ = 8V).





Characteristic Curves

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A at 1.8V₀ and at 25°C.





NC

60

TIME, t (2ms/div)

70

80

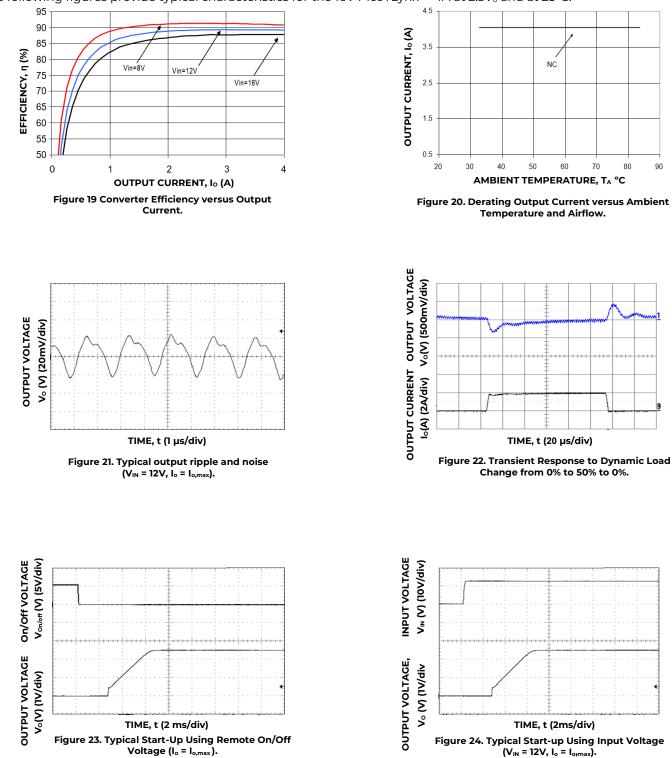
90

50

Technical Specifications (continued)

Characteristic Curves

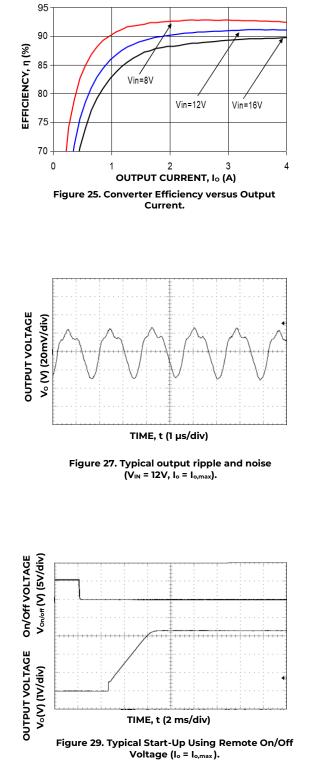
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A at 2.5V₀ and at 25°C.





Characteristic Curves

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A at 3.3V₀ and at 25°C.



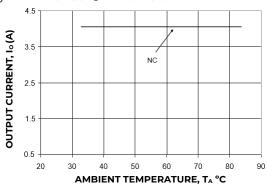
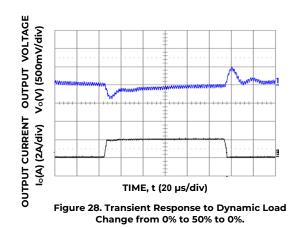
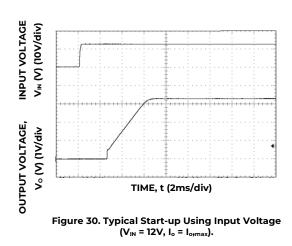


Figure 26. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow.

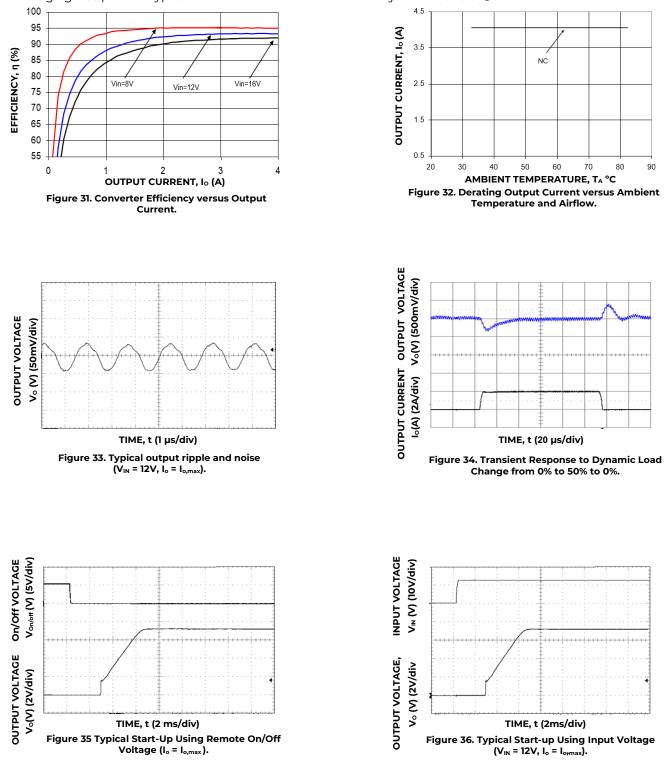






Characteristic Curves

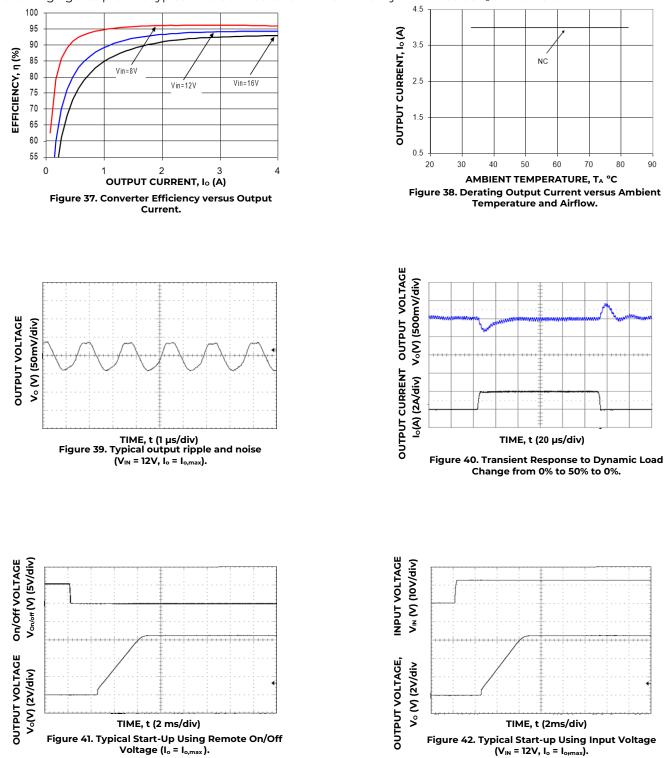
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A at 5.0V₀ and at 25°C.





Characteristic Curves

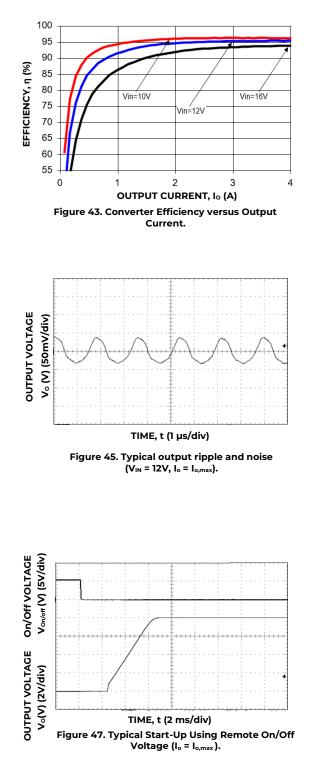
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A at 6.5V₀ and at 25°C.





Characteristic Curves

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A at 8.0V_o and at 25°C.



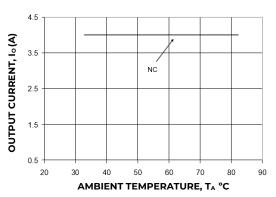
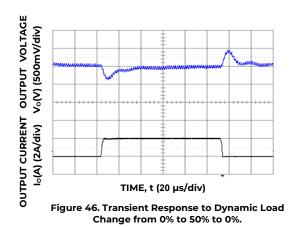
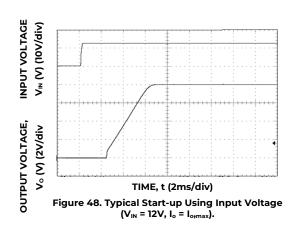


Figure 44. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow.







Test Configurations

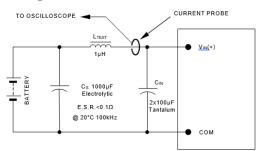


Figure 49. Input Reflected Ripple Current Test Setup.

NOTE: Measure input reflected ripple current with a simulated source inductance (L_{TEST}) of 1µH. Capacitor C_s offsets possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above.

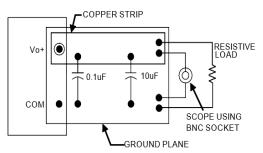


Figure 50. Output Ripple and Noise Test Setup.

NOTE: All voltage measurements to be taken at the module terminals, as shown above. If sockets are used then Kelvin connections are required at the module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

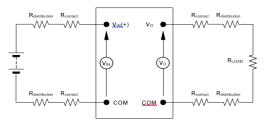


Figure 51. Output Voltage and Efficiency Test Setup.

NOTE: All voltage measurements to be taken at the module terminals, as shown above. If sockets are used then Kelvin connections are required at the module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

Efficiency
$$\eta = -\frac{V_{o.} I_{o}}{V_{iN}, I_{iN}} \times 100 \%$$

Design Considerations

Input Filtering

The 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A module should be connected to a low- impedance source. A highly inductive source can affect the stability of the module. An input capacitor must be placed directly adjacent to the input pin of the module, to minimize input ripple voltage and ensure module stability.

To minimize input voltage ripple, low-ESR ceramic capacitors are recommended at the input of the module. Figure 52 shows the input ripple voltage for various output voltages at 4A of load current with 1x10 μ F or 1x22 μ F ceramic capacitors and an input of 12V.

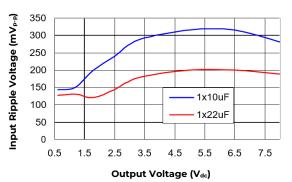


Figure 52. Input ripple voltage for various output voltages with 1x10 μ F or 1x22 μ F ceramic capacitors at the input (4A load). Input voltage is 12V.

Output Filtering

The 16V PicoTLynxTM 4A modules are designed for low output ripple voltage and will meet the maximum output ripple specification with 0.1 μ F ceramic and 10 μ F ceramic capacitors at the output of the module. However, additional output filtering may be required by the system designer for a number of reasons. First, there may be a need to further reduce the output ripple and noise of the module. Second, the dynamic response characteristics may need to be customized to a particular load step change.

To reduce the output ripple and improve the dynamic response to a step load change, additional capacitance at the output can be used. Low ESR polymer and ceramic capacitors are recommended to improve the dynamic response of the module. Figure 53 provides output ripple information for different external capacitance values at various V₀ and for a load current of 4A. For stable operation of the module, limit the capacitance to less than the maximum output capacitance as specified in the electrical specification table. Optimal performance of the module can be achieved by using the Tunable Loop[™] feature described later in this data sheet



Design Considerations (continued)

Output Filtering (continued)

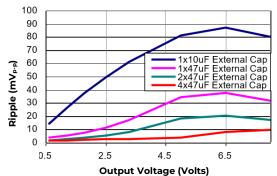


Figure 53. Output ripple voltage for various output voltages with 1x10 μ F, 1x47 μ F or 2x47 μ F or 4x47 μ F ceramic capacitors at the output (4A load). Input voltage is 12V.

Safety Considerations

For safety agency approval the power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-use safety agency standards, i.e., UL ANSI/UL 62368-1 and CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognized, DIN VDE 0868- 1/A11:2017 (EN62368-1:2014/A11:2017).

For the converter output to be considered meeting the Requirements of safety extra-low voltage (SELV) or ESI, the input must meet SELV/ESI requirements. The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

The input to these units is to be provided with a fast-acting fuse with a maximum rating of 6A in the positive input lead.

Feature Description

Remote On/Off

The 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A power modules feature an On/ Off pin for remote On/Off operation. Two On/Off logic options are available. In the Positive Logic On/Off option, (device code suffix "4" – see Ordering Information), the module turns ON during a logic High on the On/Off pin and turns OFF during a logic Low. With the Negative Logic On/Off option, (no device code suffix, see Ordering Information), the module turns OFF during logic High and ON during logic Low. The On/Off signal is always referenced to ground. For either On/Off logic option, leaving the On/Off pin disconnected will turn the module ON when input voltage is present.

For positive logic modules, the circuit configuration for using the On/Off pin is shown in Figure 54.

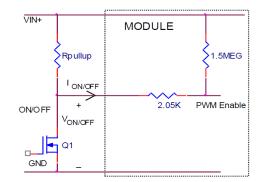


Figure 54. Circuit configuration for using positive On/Off logic

For negative logic On/Off modules, the circuit configuration is shown in Fig. 55.

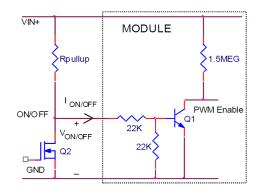


Figure 55. Circuit configuration for using negative On/Off logic Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current-limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting continuously. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit enters hiccup mode. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

Overtemperature Protection

To provide protection in a fault condition, the unit is equipped with a thermal shutdown circuit. The unit will shutdown if the overtemperature threshold of 140°C is exceeded at the thermal reference point T_{ref} . The thermal shutdown is not intended as a guarantee that the unit will survive temperatures beyond its rating. Once the unit goes into thermal shutdown it will then wait to cool before attempting to restart.



Feature Description (continued)

Input Under Voltage Lockout

At input voltages below the input undervoltage lockout limit, the module operation is disabled. The module will begin to operate at an input voltage above the undervoltage lockout turn-on threshold.

Output Voltage Programming

The output voltage of the 16V PicoTLynxTM 4A modules can be programmed to any voltage from $0.59V_{dc}$ to $8.0V_{dc}$ by connecting a resistor between Trim and GND pins of the module. Certain restrictions apply on the output voltage set point depending on the input voltage. These are shown in the Output Voltage vs.

Input Voltage Set Point Area plot in Fig. 56.

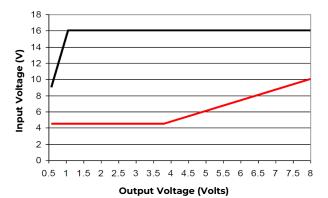


Figure 56. Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage Set Point Area plot showing limits where the output voltage can be set for different input voltages.

Without an external resistor between Trim and GND pins, the output of the module will be $0.59V_{dc}$. To calculate the value of the trim resistor, Rtrim for a desired output voltage, use the following equation:

$$R_{trim} = \frac{5.91}{(V_{o} - 0.591)} k\Omega$$

 R_{trim} is the external resistor in Ω V_o is the desired output voltage. Table 1 provides Rtrim values required for some common output voltages.

V o, set (V)	R _{trim} (ΚΩ)
0.6	656.7
1.0	14.45
1.2	9.704
1.5	6.502
1.8	4.888
2.5	3.096
3.3	2.182
5.0	1.340
6.5	1.000
8.0	0.798

Table 1

By using a $\pm 0.5\%$ tolerance trim resistor with a TC of ± 100 ppm, a set point tolerance of $\pm 1.5\%$ can be achieved as specified in the electrical specification.

Remote Sense

The 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A power modules have a Remote Sense feature to minimize the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage at the SENSE pin. The voltage between the SENSE pin and V_{ouT} pin must not exceed 0.5V. Note that the output voltage of the module cannot exceed the specified maximum value. This includes the voltage drop between the SENSE and V_{ouT} pins.

When the Remote Sense feature is not being used, connect the SENSE pin to the $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize OUT}}$ pin.

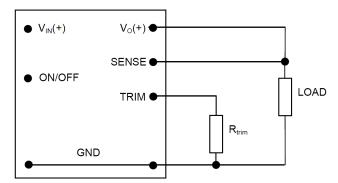


Figure 57. Circuit configuration to program output voltage using an external resistor

Voltage Margining

Output voltage margining can be implemented in the 16V PicoTLynx[™] modules by connecting a resistor, R_{margin-up}, from the Trim pin to the ground pin for margining-up the output voltage and by connecting a resistor, R_{margin-down}, from the Trim pin to output pin for margining-down. Figure 58 shows the circuit configuration for output voltage margining. The POL Programming Tool, available at



Feature Description (continued)

Voltage Margining (continued)

omnionpower.com under the Design Tools section, also calculates the values of R_{margin-up} and R_{margin-down} for a specific output voltage and % margin. Please consult your local OmniOn Critical Power technical representative for additional details.

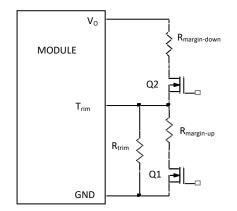


Figure 58. Circuit configuration for margining output voltage

Monotonic Start-up and Shutdown

The 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A modules have monotonic start -up and shutdown behavior for any combination of rated input voltage, output current and operating temperature range.

Startup into Pre-biased Output

The 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A modules can start into a prebiased output as long as the prebias voltage is 0.5V less than the set output voltage. Note that prebias operation is not supported when output voltage sequencing is used.

Power Good

The 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A modules provide a Power Good (PGOOD) signal that is implemented with an open-drain output to indicate that the output voltage is within the regulation limits of the power module. The PGOOD signal will be de-asserted to a low state if any condition such as overtemperature, overcurrent or loss of regulation occurs that would result in the output voltage going ±10% outside the setpoint value. The PGOOD terminal should be connected through a pullup resistor (suggested value 100KΩ) to a source of 5V_{DC} or lower.

Output Voltage Sequencing (continued)

By The 12V MegaTLynx[™] modules include a sequencing feature, EZ-SEQUENCE[™] that enables users to implement various types of output voltage sequencing in their applications. This is accomplished via an additional sequencing pin. When not using the sequencing feature, either tie the SEQ pin to V_{IN} or leave it unconnected.

When an analog voltage is applied to the SEQ pin, the output voltage tracks this voltage until the output reaches the set- point voltage. The final value of the SEQ voltage must be set higher than the set-point voltage of the module. The output voltage follows the voltage on the SEQ pin on a one-to-one basis. By connecting multiple modules together, multiple modules can track their output voltages to the voltage applied on the SEQ pin.

For proper voltage sequencing, first, input voltage is applied to the module. The On/Off pin of the module is left unconnected (or tied to GND for negative logic modules or tied to V_{IN} for positive logic modules) so that the module is ON by default.

After applying input voltage to the module, a minimum 10msec delay is required before applying voltage on the SEQ pin. This delay gives the module enough time to complete its internal power-up soft-start cycle. During the delay time, the SEQ pin should be held close to ground (nominally 50mV ± 20 mV). This is required to keep the internal op-amp out of saturation thus preventing output overshoot during the start of the sequencing ramp. By selecting resistor R1 (see fig. 33) according to the following equation. the voltage at the sequencing pin will be 50mV when the sequencing signal is at zero.

After the 10msec delay, an analog voltage is applied to the SEQ pin and the output voltage of the module will track this voltage on a one-to-one volt bases until the output reaches the set- point voltage. To initiate simultaneous shutdown of the modules, the SEQ pin voltage is lowered in a controlled manner. The output voltage of the modules tracks the voltages below their set-point voltages on a one-to-one basis. A valid input voltage must be maintained until the tracking and output voltages reach ground potential.



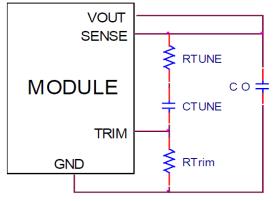
Feature Description (continued)

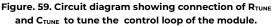
Tunable Loop™

The 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A modules have a new feature that optimizes transient response of the module called Tunable Loop[™].

External capacitors are usually added to the output of the module for two reasons: to reduce output ripple and noise (see Fig. 53) and to reduce output voltage deviations from the steady- state value in the presence of dynamic load current changes. Adding external capacitance however affects the voltage control loop of the module, typically causing the loop to slow down with sluggish response. Larger values of external capacitance could also cause the module to become unstable.

The Tunable Loop[™] allows the user to externally adjust the voltage control loop to match the filter network connected to the output of the module. The Tunable Loop[™] is implemented by connecting a series R-C between the SENSE and TRIM pins of the module, as shown in Fig. 59. This R-C allows the user to externally adjust the voltage loop feedback compensation of the module.





Recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} for different output capacitor combinations are given in Tables 2 and 3. Table 2 shows the recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} for different values of ceramic output capacitors up to 470µF that might be needed for an application to meet output ripple and noise requirements. Selecting R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} according to Table 2 will ensure stable operation of the module. In applications with tight output voltage limits in the presence of dynamic current loading, additional output capacitance will be required. Table 3 lists recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} in order to meet 2% output voltage deviation limits for some common output voltages in the presence of a 2A to 4A step change (50% of full load), with an input voltage of 16V.

Please contact your Lineage Power technical representative to obtain more details of this feature as well as for guidelines on how to select the right value of external R-C to tune the module for best transient performance and stable operation for other output capacitance values or input voltages other than 16V.

V₀=6.5

C。	1x47µF	2x47µF	4x47µF	10x47µF	20x47µF
R _{TUNE}	150	150	100	75	75
C _{TUNE}	2700pF	5600pF	10pF	12nF	18nF

Vo=1.8

C。	1x47µF	2x47µF	4x47µF	10x47µF	20x47µF
R _{TUNE}	100	75	75	75	75
C _{TUNE}	6800pF	12pF	18pF	18pF	18pF

Table 2. General recommended values of of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} for $V_{\text{in}}{=}12V$ and various external ceramic capacitor combinations.

	V。	8V	6.5V	5V	3.3V	2.5V	2.5V
	C.	1x47 µF	2x47 μF	2x47 μF	2x47 µF	3x47 μF	4x47 μF
R		150	150	100	100	75	75
C	TUNE	2700pF	5600pF	6900pF	8200pF	12nF	18nF
	DV	160mV	87mV	69mV	61mV	43mV	33mV

Vo	1.2V	0.6V
C。	1 x 330µF Polymer	1x47μF + 2 x330μF
RTUNE	75	75
C _{TUNE}	56nF	100nF
DV	21mV	11.4mV

Table 3. Recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} to obtain transient deviation of ≤2% of V_{out} for a 2A step load with V_{in}=16V.



Thermal Considerations

Power modules operate in a variety of thermal environments; however, sufficient cooling should always be provided to help ensure reliable operation.

Considerations include ambient temperature, airflow, module power dissipation, and the need for increased reliability. A reduction in the operating temperature of the module will result in an increase in reliability. The thermal data presented here is based on physical measurements taken in a wind tunnel. The test set-up is shown in Figure 60. The preferred airflow direction for the module is in Figure 61. The thermal reference point, T_{ref} used in the specifications is shown in Figure 60. For reliable operation this temperature should not exceed 120 °C. The output power of the module should not exceed the rated power of the module ($V_{o,set} \times I_{o,max}$).

Please refer to the Application Note "Thermal Characterization Process For Open-Frame Board-Mounted Power Modules" for a detailed discussion of thermal aspects including maximum device temperatures.

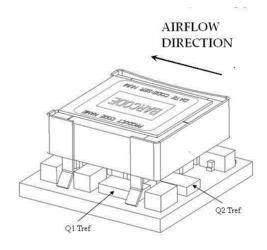


Figure 61. Preferred airflow direction and location of hot-spot of the module (T_{ref}).

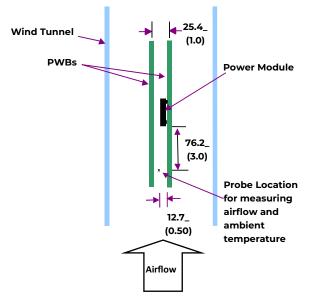


Figure 35. Thermal Test Set-up.



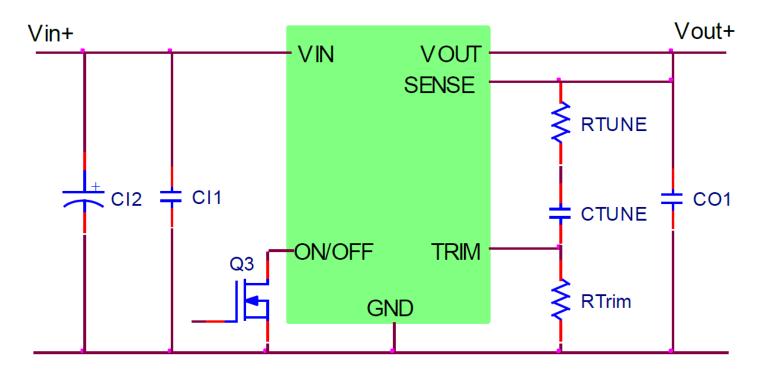
Example Application Circuit

Requirements:

1.8V

- V_{in}: 16V
- V_{out}:

I_{out}: 3A max., worst case load transient is from 2A to 3A



DV_{out}: 1.5% of V_{out} (27mV) for worst case load transient

V_{in}, _{ripple} 1.5% of V_{in} (180mV, p-p)

- CII: 10µF/25V ceramic capacitor (e.g. Murata GRM31CR61E106KA12)
- CI2: 100µF/25V bulk electrolytic
- CO1: 4x47µF/10V ceramic capacitor (e.g. Murata GRM32ER61A476KE20)
- C_{Tune:} 18nF/50V ceramic capacitor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size)
- R_{Tune:} 75 ohms SMT resistor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size)
- R_{Trim:} 4.87kΩ SMT resistor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size, recommended tolerance of 0.1%)

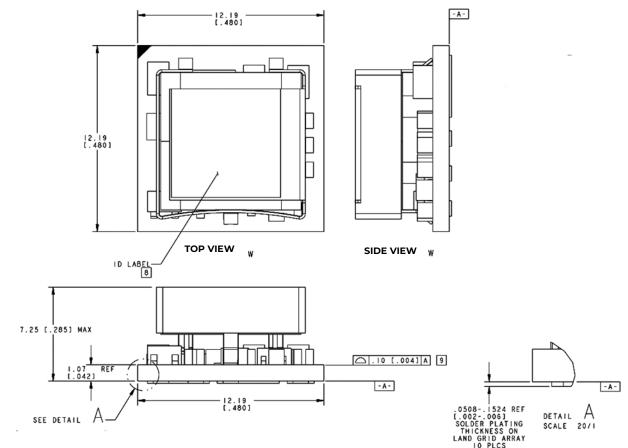


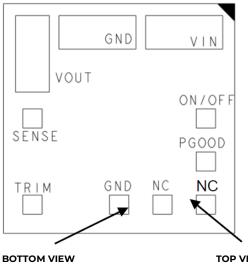
Mechanical Outline

Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.x mm ± 0.5 mm (x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.) [unless otherwise indicated]

x.xx mm ±0.25 mm (x.xxx in ± 0.010 in.)





TOP VIEW

PIN	FUNCTION
1	ON/OFF
2	V _{IN}
3	GND
4	V _{OUT}
5	SENSE
6	TRIM
7	GND
8	NC
9	NC
10	PGOOD

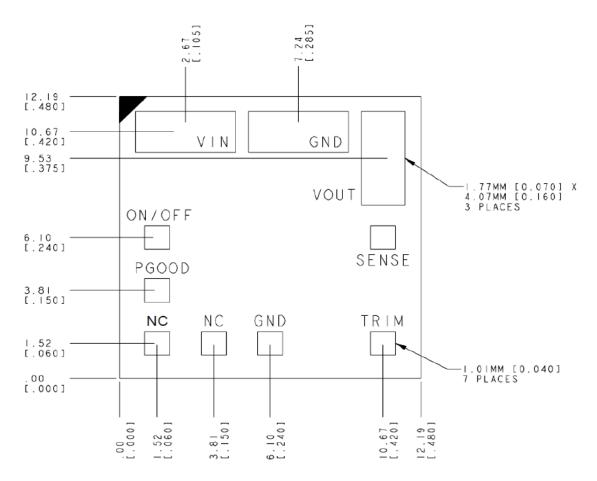


Recommended Pad Layout

Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.x mm ± 0.5 mm (x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.) [unless otherwise indicated]

x.xx mm ±0.25 mm (x.xxx in ± 0.010 in.)

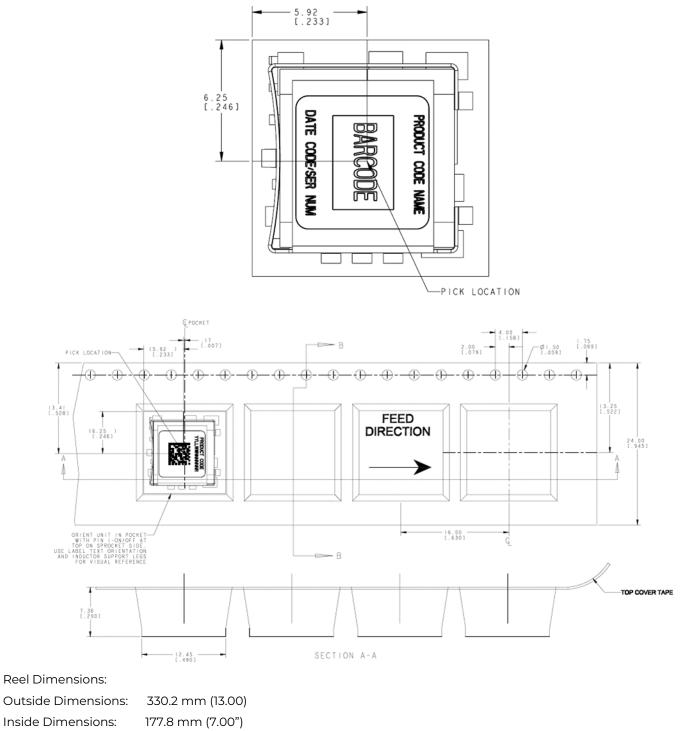


PIN	FUNCTION			
1	ON/OFF			
2	V _{IN}			
3	GND			
4	Vout			
5	SENSE			
6	TRIM			
7	GND			
8	NC			
9	NC			
10	PGOOD			



Packaging Details

The 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A modules are supplied in tape & reel as standard. Modules are shipped in quantities of 400 modules per reel. All Dimensions are in millimeters and (in inches).



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Surface Mount Information

Pick and Place

The 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A modules use an open frame construction and are designed for a fully automated assembly process. The modules are fitted with a label designed to provide a large surface area for pick and place operations. The label meets all the requirements for surface mount processing, as well as safety standards, and is able to withstand reflow temperatures of up to 300°C. The label also carries product information such as product code, serial number and the location of manufacture.

Nozzle Recommendations

The module weight has been kept to a minimum by using open frame construction. Variables such as nozzle size, tip style, vacuum pressure and placement speed should be considered to optimize this process. The minimum recommended inside nozzle diameter for reliable operation is 3mm. The maximum nozzle outer diameter, which will safely fit within the allowable component spacing, is 7 mm.

Bottom Side / First Side Assembly

This This module is not recommended for assembly on the bottom side of a customer board. If such an assembly is attempted, components may fall off the module during the second reflow process. If assembly on the bottom side is planned, please contact OmniOn Power for special manufacturing process instructions.

Lead Free Soldering

The 16V PicoTLynx[™] 4A modules are lead-free (Pb-free) and RoHS compliant and fully compatible in a Pb-free soldering process. Failure to observe the instructions below may result in the failure of or cause damage to the modules and can adversely affect long-term reliability.

Pb-free Reflow Profile

Power Systems will comply with J-STD-020 Rev. C (Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices) for both Pb-free solder profiles and MSL classification procedures. This standard provides a recommended forced-air-convection reflow profile based on the volume and thickness of the package (table 4-2). The suggested Pb-free solder paste is Sn/Ag/Cu (SAC). The recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder is shown in Fig. 62. Soldering outside of the

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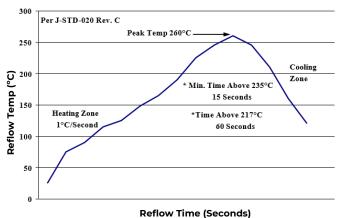
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MSL Rating

The 16V PicoTLynxTM 4A modules have a MSL rating of 2a.

Storage and Handling

The recommended storage environment and handling procedures for moisture-sensitive surface mount packages is detailed in J- STD-033 Rev. A (Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture/ Reflow Sensitive Surface Mount Devices). Moisture barrier bags (MBB) with desiccant are required for MSL ratings of 2 or greater. These sealed packages should not be broken until time of use. Once the original package is broken, the floor life of the product at conditions of £ 30°C and 60% relative humidity. varies according to the MSL rating (see J-STD-033A). The shelf life for dry packed SMT packages will be a minimum of 12 months from the bag seal date, when stored at the following conditions:



< 40 °C, < 90% relative humidity.

Post Solder Cleaning and Drying Considerations

Post solder cleaning is usually the final circuit-board assembly process prior to electrical board testing. The result of inadequate cleaning and drying can affect both the reliability of a power module and the testability of the finished circuit-board assembly. For guidance on appropriate soldering, cleaning and drying procedures, refer to Board Mounted Power Modules: Soldering and Cleaning Application Note (AN04-001).



Ordering Information

Please contact your OmniOn Sales Representative for pricing, availability and optional features.

Product codes	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current	On/Off Logic	Connector Type	Ordering code
APXK004A0X-SRZ	8.0 – 16V _{dc}	0.59 – 8.0V _{dc}	4A	Negative	No	CC109146651
APXK004A0X4-SRZ	8.0 – 16V _{dc}	0.59 – 8.0V _{dc}	4A	Positive	No	CC109146643

Table 4. Device Codes

TLynxfamily	Sequencing feature.	Input voltage range	Output current	Output voltage	On/Off logic	Options	ROHS Compliance
AP	Х	K	004A0	Х	4	-SR	Z
	X = w/o Seq.	K = 8.0 - 16V	4.0A	X = programmable output	4 = positiveNo entry =negative	S = SurfaceMount R = Tape&Reel	Z = ROHS

Table 5 . Coding Scheme

Contact Us

For more information, call us at +1-877-546-3243 (US) +1-972-244-9288 (Int'l)



Change History (excludes grammar & clarifications)

Revision	Date	Description of the change
1_3	03-24-2022	Updated ROHS
1_4	06-24-2022	Updated external cap typos
1.5	12-04-2023	Updated as per OmniOn template



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